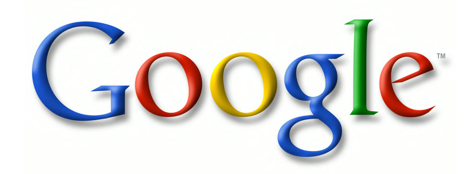
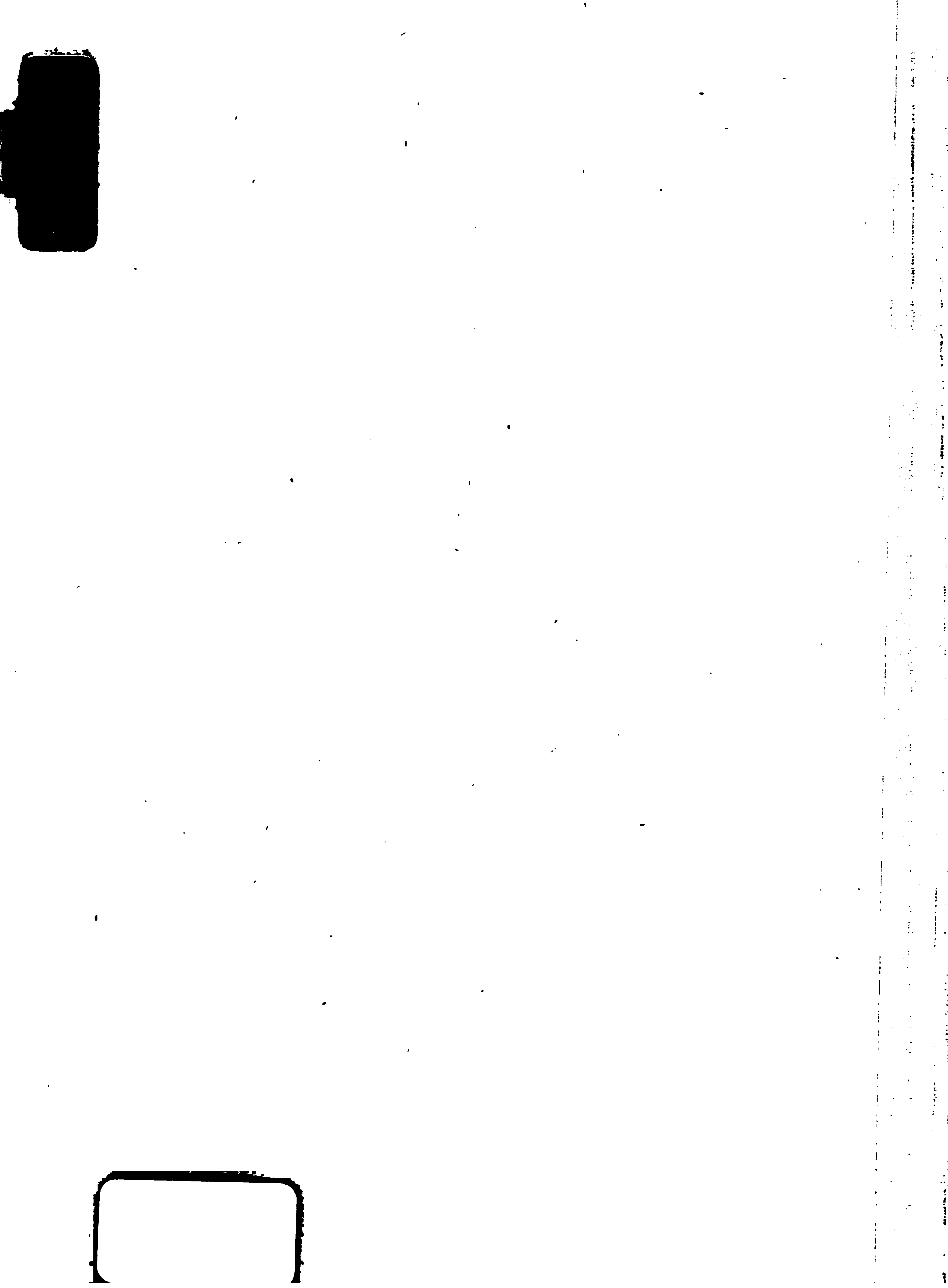
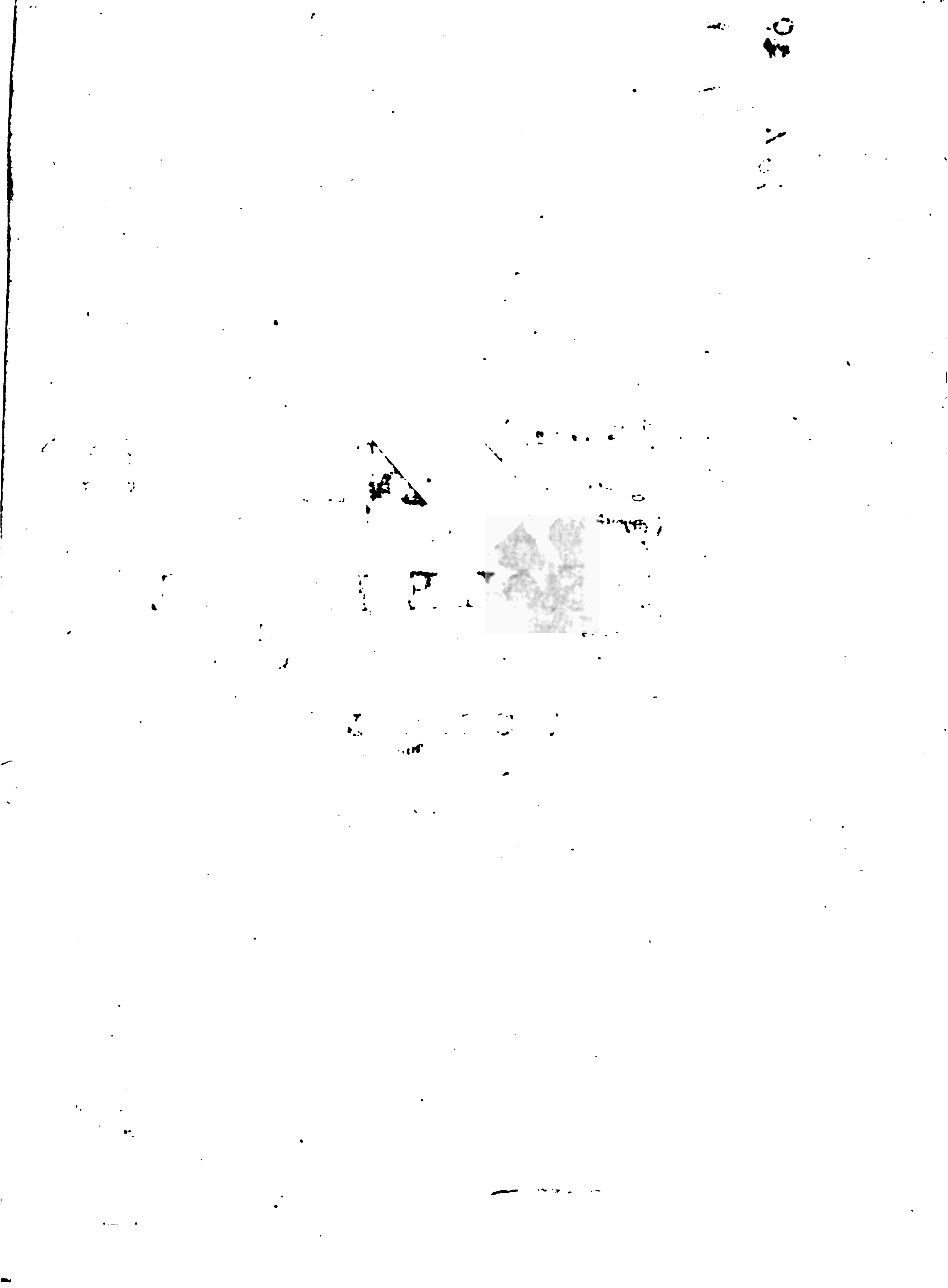

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DICCIONARIO

ESPAÑOL E INGLES.

TOMO I.



DICCIONARIO
ESPAÑOL E INGLES,

Conteniente la significacion y uso de las voces, con terminos propios á la Marina, á las Artes, Ciencias y Comercio, con la acentuacion de la Real Academia de Madrid.

NUEVA EDICION,

Revista y corregida [illegible] de la edicion de JOSEPH BARETTI, *Secretario de la Real Correspondencia de Pintura, Escultura y Arquitectura.*

TOMO I.



LONDRES,

A Costa de PIESTRE Y DELAMOLLIERE.

1786.



PROLOGO.

DE todos los Diccionarios en qualquier idioma que ſean, el mejor, ſin duda, es el ultimo que ha ſalido á luz; entretanto un editor ha de ſer juycioſo y dar toda ſu atencion á un objeto de tanta importancia, y es meneſter que incluya en ſu obra todo lo que falta en otros Diccionarios que precedieron.

En Inglaterra publicaron tres Diccionarios Ingleſes y Eſpañoles, el primero lo hizo el Capitan Stevens, quien deſpues de ſu larga demora en Eſpaña, puſo á luz eſta preſente obra, que no es ſin algun merito, y de que ſe hizieron muchas impreſſiones en el ſiglo proximo paſſado; deſpues de aver ſu autor uſado y cotejado con baſtante dexteridad y cuydado el Diccionario de Nebrixa y Aldrete, mediante que fue eſte, el mejor que tuvo curſo en Eſpaña.

Deſpues de Stevens, Pineda pretendio hace un Diccionario Ingles y Eſpañol perfecto, pero no hizo nada, ſino mutilar el Diccionario de Stevens, y muy poco añadio; en ſu Prefacio, critica ſin razon al Diccionario de la Real Academia de Madrid, impreſſo en ſeis tomos *in-folio*, con autoridad y á los gaſtos de S. M. el Rey Felipe V. y tiene la temeridad de diſputar con eſtos Academicos, de ſu propia Ortografia y de ſus reglas.

Finalmente Delpino, despues de Pineda, hizo tambien un Diccionario Ingles y Español; condenó á Pineda por no estar conforme á la Ortografia de la Real Academia, y el se conformo á ella: este mismo Diccionario fue revisto, emendado y mucho aumentado por Joseph Baretti, quien por su regla en la Ortografia de la parte Inglesa, siguio el Diccionario de Johnson, y por la parte Española, siguio el Diccionario de la Academia.

Esta nueva impression del mismo Diccionario que aora damos á luz, tambien se emendo de muchos errores que estavan en las precedentes ediciones, y si no hemos logrado el punto de perfecion desseado á lo menos hemos heçho nuestros esfuerzos para merecer los sufragios del publico.

A NEW
DICTIONARY,
SPANISH and ENGLISH.

A, The firſt letter of the alphabet in all languages, and the firſt of the five vowels.

A is ſometimes an article which marks the dative caſe either ſingular or plural; ex. *à Pedro*, to Peter; *à los hombres*, to the men.

A marks alſo the acuſative caſe; ex. *amo a Pedro*, I love Peter.

A, in Spaniſh, ſounds always like *a* in theſe Engliſh words, *tall*, *war*; *call*; ex. *cadaver*, a corpſe; *abanico*, a fan.

A, ſ. f. ex. *una buena*, *A*, a good A; *una A bien hecha*, an A well made.

It is uſed likewiſe before the articles *el*, *la*, and *los*; ex. *à el hombre*, to the man; *à los Ingleſes*, to the Engliſhmen.

A is a prepoſition, which ſignifies to, into, at, &c. ex. *ir à Roma*, to go to Rome, *ir al campo*, to go into the country; *à las tres*, at three o'clock, *à veinte leguas de aqui*, twenty leagues off; *à dos dedos de tierra*, within two inches of the ground, *à razón de ſeis por ciento*, at the rate of ſix per cent, *a la derecha*, on the right hand.

A is alſo a particle which has ſeveral ſignifications, ſometimes it ſignifies the faſhion, ex. *veſtida a la Franceſa*, dreſſed after the French faſhion.

Sometimes the quality; ex. *a prueba de bombas*, bomb-proof.

Sometimes it is put for the adverb *about*, ex. *nueve à diés mil hombres*, about nine or ten thouſand men.

A precedes many adverbs; ex. *poco a poco*, ſoftly; *a trueco*, by changing; *a brazo partido*, by ſtrength of arms; *à viſta de ojos*, evidently; *a pecho deſcubierto*, ſincerely.

It is alſo a particle of compoſition in many verbs, as from *deuda*, *lanza*, *palo*, are formed, *adeudar*, *alanzar*, *apalear*, &c.

Theſe are the principal ſenſes where in this letter is uſed, but there are ſome others beſides, which can hardly be brought under the foregoing ſignifications, or indeed under any particular rules; yet you will find them all in the ſeries of tihs dictionary.

AARO'N (*barba de Aaron*) ſ. f. the herb wake-robbin, or cuckowpintle.

A B

A'BA, ſ. f. a little ſpace of ground of about two yards.

ABAO'L, ſ. m. (*amapóla*) poppy, ſleep wort.

ABA'CA, ſ. f. a kind of flax that grows in America.

ABACERI'A, ſ. an oil-ſhop.

ABACE'RO, ſ. m. the maſter or miſtreſs of an oil-ſhop, or any one who hath obliged himſelf to ſupply the thown he lives in, with all the goods commonly ſold in an oil-ſhop, or chandler's ſhop.

ABACIA'L, adj. belonging to an abbot.

A'BACO, ſ. m. (a term of architecture) the uppermoſt member of a column.

ABA'D, ſ. m. an abbot. The head of ſome principal churches in Spain.

Abad bendito, an abbot with biſhop's privileges.

Abad mitrado, a mitred abbot.

Anciently they called *abad*, the curate of a pariſh church.

Prov. *El abad de lo que canta yanta*, every body muſt live by his own labour.

ABA'DA, ſ. f. the female of a rhinoceros.

ABADE'JO, ſ. m. that ſort of ſalt fiſh we call poor Jack, the bird called a wagtail, and the fly we call the Spaniſh fly, or *cantharis*, uſed for raiſing bliſters.

ABADE'NGO, ſ. m. the territory and other things belonging to an abbot.

ABADE'NGO, adj. belonging to an abbot.

ABA'DES, ſ. m. the fly called *cantharis*.

ABADE'SSA, ſ. f. an abbeſs of a monaſtery of religious women.

Abadéſſa, ſ. f. the laſt ſpark that remains in a bit of paper burn to aſhes.

ABADI'A, ſ. f. the dignity of an abbot.

Abadia, ſ. f. church, monaſtery, the place where friars live.

ABAHA'R, vid. *AVAHAR*.

ABAJA'R, vid. *ABAXAR*.

ABAJARRO'N, ſ. m. a ſort of locuſt that devours the leaves and buds of trees.

ABAJE'RA, ſ. f. the herb called balmgentle or bee wort.

ABALA'DO, adj. ſoft, ſpungy.

ABALANZADO'R, ſ. m. one who thruſts forwards or hazards.

ABALANZA'R, v. a. to hold or make the balance or ſcales even.

Abalanzarſe, v. r. to attack, to ruſh on ſuddenly.

ABALDONA'R, v. a. to taunt, to caſt reproaches upon one, to give ill language.
ABALGA'R, ſ. m. a ſort of purge, a purging potion.
ABALLA'R, v. a. to lead a flock haſtily to ſome place or other.
Aballar, v. a. to ruin, to undo, to demoliſh.
ABALO'RIO, ſ. m. bugles. *No vale un abalorio*, it is not worth a pin.
ABALO'TE, ſ. m. uproar, tumult.
ABANDALIZA'R, v. a. to divide people into bands.
ABNADERA'DO, ſ. m. an enſign's ſervant, that carries the colours to him.
ABANDERA'DOS, ſ. m. pl. the name the people of Salamanca give thoſe that carry the colours at the proceſſion on Good-Friday and Eaſter Day.
ABANDERA'R, v. a. to hang or adorn a place with colours and ſtreamers.
ABANDERIZA'R, v. a. to raiſe a rebellion in a nation, to divide in to many parties.
ABANDONAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. the action of abandoning.
ABANDONA'R, v. a. to abandon, to forſake, to deſert.
Abandonárſe, v. r. to abandon one's ſelf to deſpair, to want courage to ſupport adverſity.
ABANDO'NO, ſ. m. the ſame as *abandonamiénto*.
ABANICA'R, v. a. to fan, to cool with a fan.
Abanicárſe, v. r. to fan one's ſelf.
ABANI'CO, ſ. m. a fan.
Abanico, ſ. m. a curtain gathered in the form a fan.
Abanicos de culpas, a nick-name given to the alguaſils or Spaniſh bailiffs, becauſe they blow the fire, and exite men to commit crimes, that they may have an occaſion to arreſt them.
ABANI'LLO, ſ. m. a little fan.
ABANI'NO, ſ. m. a ſmall ſort of ruff or gorget, formerly worn by women in Spain.
A'BANO, ſ. m. any ſort of fan.
ABANTA'L, ſ. an apron.
ABANTA'R, v. a to row on, to paſſ forwards.

ABARATA'R, v. a. to ſell cheap, alſo to cheapen, to beat down the price of a thing.
ABA'RCA, ſ. f. a ſort of ſhoes worn by country people, made of raw ſkins.
ABARCA'DO, adj. ſhod with *abarcas*.
ABARCA'R, v. a. to claſp in the arms, to rake together much wealth, to aſſume command, to aſpire to honour. *Quien mucho abarca, poco apriéta*, all covet, all loſe.
ABARCO'N, ſ. m. any thing whereby another is retained, as an anchor or chord, or any thing that holds another; an iron circle that ſerves to faſten the pole of a coach.
ABARLOA'R, v. n. to ſail, to windward, to gain upon a wind, to tack from ſide to ſide.
ABARQUILLA'R, v. a. to bend any thing in the ſhape of a little boat.
ABARRACA'R, v. a. to put into barracks.
Abarracarſe, v. r. to cover from the inclemency of the weather by entering into barracks.
ABARRAD'O adj. (*puño abarrádo*) cloth ill dyed, with ſpots and bars.
ABARRAGAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. the life of a man and woman who live together in fornication.
ABARRAGANA'DA, ſ. f. a miſtreſs kept by one, a whore in keeping.
ABARRAGANA'DO, ſ. m. a man that keeps a wench.
ABARRAGANA'RSE, v. r. to live in fornication.
ABARRANCADE'RO, ſ. a. ſleep downfall, a dangerous hill or rock, a precipice, alſo a great difficulty.
ABARRANCA'DO, adj. ſticking in clefts, or craggy places, or in bogs between hills.
ABARRANCA'R, v. n. y a. to fall or throw down headlong, to tumble off precipices, to ſtick in bogs. *Metaph.* To run one's ſelf into dangers, or troubleſome buſineſs.
ABARRA'Z, ſ. an herb called ſtaveſacre, or louſebane.
ABARRI'SCO, adv. confuſedly, diſorderly, inconſiderately.

ABARROTA'R, v. a. to bind down, to preſs hard.
ABARRO'TES, ſ. pl. by Engliſh ſailors called dennage, being ſmall parcels of goods to fill up the cavities in ſtowing of a ſhip.
ABASTADAME'NTE, adv. abundantly, copiouſly.
ABASTA'DO, adj. well furniſhed, or provided. *Caſa abaſtada*, a houſe well ſtored.
ABASTAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. the ſame as *abaſtanza*. Obſ.
ABASTA'NZA, ſ. f. or *Abaſto*, ſufficiency, ſtore, plenty.
ABASTA'R, v. a. to ſtore, furniſh plentifully, or fully provide.
ABASTECEDO'R, ſ. m. provider.
ABASTECE'R, v. a. to furniſh, provide, ſupply or ſtore with proviſions, or other things.
ABASTECIMIE'NTO, ſ. m. the care and action of providing.
ABASTIONA'R, v. a. to fortify with baſtions.
ABA'STO, ſ. m. plenty, abundance.
ABATANADO'R, ſ. m. a fuller of cloth.
ABATANA'R, v. a. to full or mill cloth.
ABA'TE, ſ. m. an Italian word uſed to denote one dreſſed like a prieſt in a ſhort cloak; *abate*, interj. take care.
ABATEA'R, v. a to waſh.
ABATIDAME'NTE, adv. meanly, baſely, faintly, negligently feebly, humbly.
ABATI'DO, adj. mean, humble, diſcouraged, diſmayed, low in ſpirit, caſt down.
ABATIDO'R, ſ. m. a perſon that oppreſſes or caſts down others, or diſcourages them.
ABATIMIE'NTO, ſ. m. diſcouragement, diſheartening, debaſing, humbling, caſting down; in the ſeaman's phraſe, leewar way.
Abatimiénto, ſ. m. humiliation, alſo meanneſs of birth.
ABATI'R, v. a. to beat down, to diſcourage or caſt down, to debaſe, to humblee.
Abatirſe, v. r. to humble or ſubmit one's ſelf.
Abatir la bandéra, to ſtrike the colours.
Abatir la bandéra por guindamánia, to

ſtrike the colours ad hoiſt them again as ſoon as run down.

Abatioſe el geriſalte, the gerfaulcon ſtooped.

ABAXADE'RO, ſ. m. a place to deſcend or come down, as the ſide of a hill, or the like.

ABAXADO'R, ſ. m. he that takes down, humbles, leſſens, or abates any thing.

ABAXAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. an humbling, debaſing, leſſening, taking down, or abating.

ABAXA'R, v. a. to come down, to ſtoop, to bring down, to humble, to lower, to deſcend.

Abaxár la cabéza, to hang down the head, that is, to ſubmit or aſſent.

Abaxár los parpados, to wink.

Abaxar los brios, to cool a man's courage.

Abaxar la maréa, to ebb, as the water does.

Abaxar las réntas, to lower the revenue.

Abaxar el balcon, in falconry, to bring down a hawk's fat.

Abaxar el tono, to lover the voice, or ſet the tune lower.

ABA'XO, adv. below.

De Dios abaxo, under God.

ABD

ABDICACIO'N, ſ. f. abdication.

ABDICA'R, v. a. to abdicate, renounce, the power once aſſumed.

ABDO'MEN, ſ. m. the *peritonæum*, or inner rim of the belly covering the entrails.

ABE

ABECE', ſ. m. the alphabet, the A,B,C.

ABECEDA'RIO, ſ. m. the firſt book in which children learn to read, like our primer, ſo called from the A,B,C.

ABE'JA, ſ. f. a bee.

ABEJA'R, ſ. m. a hive, a bee-hive

ABEJARRO'N, ſ. m. a horſe-fly.

ABEJERI'A, ſ. f. a place where they keep many bees.

ABEJE'RO, ſ. m. one who takes care of the bee-hives. Alſo an obſcure mean perſon.

ABEJERU'CO, ſ. m. a bird that devours bees, called a witwall, or woodwall; alſo an unknown man.

ABEJI'LLA, a little bee.

ABEJO'N, ſ. m. a bee that has loſt its ſting, a drone.

Abejon, a ſort of play among children, at which one cries buz, and if the other is not watchful to pull away his head, he gives him a cuff on the ear. Thence *Jugár con úno al abejón*, is to make ſport of, or to make a jeſt of a man.

ABEJONA'ZO, ſ. m. a great bee, or a waſp.

ABEJO'RRO, ſ. m. a ſort of fly that lives and breeds in the woods.

ABEJU'ELA, ſ. f. a little bee.

ABEJURU'CO, vid. *ABEJERUCO.*

ABE'LLA, ſ. f. a bee.

ABELLA'R, ſ. m. a bee-hive.

ABEMO'LAR, v. a. to ſoften, to ſupple.

ABENU'LAS, ſ. f. the eye lashes, or the hair on the eye-lids. Obſ.

ABENU'Z, ſ. m. the ebony-tree. This name is Arabick: the common Spanish name *ébano.*

ABERENGENADO, adj. the colour of a fruit growing in Spain, called *berengéna*, which in the beginning is green, and afterwards changes to the colour of a violet.

ABERNARDA'RSE, v. r. to be highly incenſed, raiſed into a paſſion beyond meaſure, ſpoken jeeringly to any one.

ABERNU'NCIO, interj. far be it from me.

ABERTE'RO, adj. eaſy to be opened.

ABERTU'RA, ſ. f. an opening, a chink, breach, or cleft; a yawning; a leak in a ship. In architecture, the doors and windows of a houſe are called *abertúras.*

Hablar con abertúra, to ſpeag freely

ABE'SO, adj. bad, naught. Obſ.

ABESA'NA, ſ. f. a yoke of oxen.

ABETE'RNO, interj. from eternity.

ABE'TO, ſ. f. a fir-tree.

ABETUNAR, v. a. to dawb over with bitumen, or any glutinous matter.

ABE'YA, ſ. f. Obſ. a bee.

ABEYE'RA, ſ. f. Obſ. a bee-hive.

ABE'ZA, ſ. m. vid. *AVEZAMIE'NTO.*

ABEZADAME'NTE, adv. knowingly, cuſtomarily.

ABEZAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. accuſtoming, an inuring.

ABI.

ABIERTAME'NTE, adv. openly, plainly, manifeſtly, evidently.

ABIE'RTO, adj. open, clear, manifeſt, plain, conſpicuous. v. *abrir.*

Crédito abierto, a term among the merchants, ſignifying full credit without any limitation.

ABIGARRA'DO, ſ. a garment of ſeveral colours.

ABIGARRA'R, v. a. to paint in many colours.

ABIGEA'TO, ſ. m. the thieving or ſtealing of cattle; a word uſed in law.

ABIGE'O, ſ. m. a driver of cattle properly he who drives a whole flock or herd to will them.

ABIGOTA'DO, ſ. m. one with long whiskers.

ABINI'CIO, ad. from the beginning.

ABINTESTA'TO, adv. one that dies without making a will.

ABITA'QUE, ſ. m. the fourth part of the meaſure called *viga.*

A'BITO, ſ. m. habit, dreſs.

ABIZCOCHA'DO, adj. made in the form of a bisket, and as hard.

ABJURA'R, v. a. to abjure, forſake, renounce with an oath.

ABJURACI'ON, ſ. f. abjuration, the act of abjuring.

ABL.

ABLANDADO'R, ſ. m. one that ſoftens, ſmooths, or ſooths, pacifies, appeaſes, or aſſwages.

ABLANDADU'RA, ſ. f. a ſoftning, ſoothing, ſmoothing, pacifying, or appeaſing.

ABLA'NDAHIGOS, ſ. m. a ſoft fellow that i ſto be moulded every way.

ABLANDAR, v. a. to ſoften, to ſoothe, flatter, appeaſe, or pacify; from *blándo*, ſoft.

ABLATI'VO, ſ. m. the ablative caſe.

'*ABLENTA'DOR*, ſ. m. one that fans or winnows.

ABLENTA'R, v. a. to fan, or winnow corn, or the like.

A B N.

ABNEGACIO'N, ſ. f. abnegation, denial, or alienation.

A B O.

ABOBAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. aſtonishment, gazing as if one were beſide himſelf.

ABOBA'R, v. a. to become foolish or make one a fool, or to make a man gaze, as if he were beſide himſelf.

ABO'BAS, adv. foolishly, ignorantly.

ABOCAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. a congreſs, or meeting together.

ABOCA'R, v. a. a term uſed by ſportſmen, when a dog ſeizes a partridge.

'*Abocar las vérgas*, to make faſt the yards of a ship, particularly in time of battle, to ſeize them faſt that they may not fall.

Abocar la artilleria, to point a gun, to aim, to direct the cannon; ex. *abocó la artilleria a la brecha*, he pointed the artillery to the breach.

ABOCA'RSE, v. r. that is, for two to come mouth to mouth to confer.

ABOCARDA'DO, adj. (*cañon abocardado*) with a mouth like that of a trumpet.

ABOCHORN'AR, v. a. to overcome or ſtifle, to make faint with exceſſive heat.

Abochornar, to plague, to weary, to tire, to trouble.

Abochornar, to irritate, to provoke.

Abochornar, to ashame, to diſgrace.

ABOCINA'DO, adj. (in architecture) divided in two.

ABOFETEADO'R, ſ. m. one that cuffs, boxes, or buffets another.

ABOFETEA'R, v. a. to cuff, box, buffet, or ſtrike on the face.

ABOGACIA, ſ. f. the office or duty of a counſellor at law; alſo the practice or art of pleading.

ABOGACIO'N, ſ. f. pleading, arguing, or defending a cauſe, as lawyers do.

ABOGADA, ſ. f. patroneſs, protectreſs.

ABOGA'DO, ſ. m. a counſellor at law, or advocate; alſo an interceſſor or, mediator.

Abogádo ſin létras, an ignorant pettifogger.

ABOGADO'R, ſ. an advocate.

ABOGA'LLA, ſ. f. an oak apple.

ABOGAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. a plea at the bar.

ABOGA'R, v. a. to plead as a counſellor or lawyer does.

ABOLE'NGO, vid. *AVOLENGO*.

ABOLICIO'N, ſ. f. an aboliſhing, annulling, or making void.

ABOLI'R, v. a. to abolish, to annul, to cancel or vacate.

ABOLLADU'RA, ſ. f. a bruiſe.

ABOLLADO'R, ſ. m. one that bruiſes, batters, or makes dents in things.

ABOLLA'DOS, ſ. m. pl. raiſed work, or emboſſing in embroidery.

ABOLLA'R, v. a. to bruiſe, batter, or beat dents in things.

Abollar la cabeça de uno, to vex, to tire, to plague one.

ABOLLO'N, ſ. m. the shoot of a vine.

ABOLLONA'DO, adj. full of bunches, ſticking out, or knobs made with beating, as in veſſels of metal that are battered out.

ABOLLONA'R, v. a. to raiſe knobs, or riſings on any thing with bruiſing or beating.

ABOLSA'DO, adj. any thing folded in the manner of a purſe.

ABOMINA'BLE; adj. abominable, deteſtable, loathſome, execrable.

ABOMINABLEME'NTE, adv. abominably.

ABOMINACIO'N, ſ. f. abomination, deteſtation, loathing, abhorring.

ABOMINADO'R, ſ. m. an abominator, or one that abhors or deteſts any thing.

ABOMINA'R, v. a. to abominate, to abhor, to deteſt, to loath; from the Lat. *abominor*.

ABONA'DO. ſ. m. one that has a good account given of him, or that has ſecurity or bail given for him.

ABONADO'R, ſ. m. one that anſwers or ſpeaks a good word for another; alſo a ſurety, or bail.

ABONAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. ſpeaking a good word, or giving a good character of another, or giving ſecurity or bail for him. Obſ.

ABONA'NZA, ſ. f. the clearing or breaking up of the weather, and becoming fair. Obſ.

ABONNANZAR, v. a. to clear up, to grow fair weather.

ABONA'R, v. a. to ſpeak a good word for, or give a good character of another, to be bound for one, to bail a man.

Abonár mercadurias, to warrant goods, to anſwer for their goodneſs.

Abónarſe el tiempo, the weather mends.

ABONDAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. abundance, plenty.

ABONDA'R, v. a. to abound, to have plenty, to be well ſtored.

ABO'NDO, adj. (or *Abondóſo*) obſ. plentiful, abundant, copious.

ABO'NO, ſ. m. giving a man a good word, or character, being bound for him.

ABORDADU'RA, ſ. f. boarding of a ship, or bringing a ship cloſe to the shore.

ABORDA'R, v. n. to lay a ship aboard, or to board her as in fight; alſo to bring her cloſe to the shore.

ABO'RDO, ſ. m. (a ſea term.) aboard, that is, in the ship; alſo boarding of a ship.

ABORDONA'R, &c. ſee *BORDONEAR*.

ABORRASCA'DO, adj. grown bluſtering, ſtormy, foul weather.

ABORRASCA'R, v. n. to grow bluſtering, ſtormy, foul weather.

ABORRECEDE'RO, adj. hateful, odious, abominable, deſpicable, contemptible.

ABORRECEDO'R, ſ. m. one that hates, loaths, or abhors.

ABORRECE'R, v. a (*yo aboréſco*) to hate, abhor, loath, or diſlike.

Aborrecer, los huevos, to fall off from one's friendship; verbatim, to hate the eggs; becauſe birds leave their eggs when they find they have been handled.

ABORRECI'BLE, adj. hateful, loathſome.

ABORRECIBLEME'NTE, adv. hatefully.

ABORRECIMIE'NTO, f. m. hatred, loathing, diflike.
ABORRESCE'NCIA, f. f. abhorrence, hatred.
ABORRI'R, v. a. to vex, torment, or difguft, to be vexed at one's felf or another.
ABORTADU'RA, f. f. an untimely birth, bringing into the world before time.
ABORTA'R, v. a. to bring forth before the due time.
ABO'RTIVO, adj. abortive, born before the time.
ABO'RTO, f. m. a mifcarriage, bringing, forth before time.
ABORTO'N, f. m. an abortive child, or other creature, born before its time.
ABOTAGA'RSE, v. r. to fwell, form of a boot.
ABOTINA'DO, adj. any ting in
ABOTINA'DO, adj. having the form of a boot. It is faid of a particular kind of fhoes.
ABOTONA'DO, adj. buttoned, as a man's coat; in trees it is budded.
ABOTONADO'R, f. m. an inftrument of iron ufed to button cloaths with.
ABOTONADU'RA, f. f. buttoning, or the place on which the buttons are faftened.
ABOTONA'R, v. a. to button a garment; in trees, to bud.
ABOVE'DAR, v. a. to vault, or arch.

A B R.

A'BRA, f. f. an opening, a creek of the fea, or an inlet to the land.
ABRACI'JO, f. m. a fincere embrace.
ABRASADAME'NTE, adv. vigoroufly, fervently, ardently.
ABRASADO'R, adj. that burns or confumes with fire.
ABRASAMIE'NTO, f. m. a burning or confuming with fire.
ABRASA'R, v. a. to burn, to confume with fire.
ABRASA'RSE, v. r. to be inflamed.
ABRAZADE'RAS, f. f. cramping irons, to hold faft ftone or timber.
ABRAZADO'R, f. m. the perfon who embraces another; (in cant) the hangman.
ABRAZAMIE'NTO, f. m. an embracing.
ABRAZA'R, v. a. to embrace, to hug, to clafp in the arms, alfo to encompaff, to hem in.
Abrazar la opinion de otro, to follow another's opinien.
ABRAZA'RSE, v. r. to embrace mutually, or one with another.
ABRA'ZO, f. m. an embrace a hug, a clofe embrace; ex. *darfe el ultimo abrazo*, to take leave.
A'BREGO, f. m. the fouth-weft wind.
ABREVADE'RO, f. m. a watering place for cattle.
ABREVA'DO, adj. wet, moiftened.
ABREVADO'R, f. m. one who waters cattle.
ABREVA'R, v. a. to water cattle.
ABREVIACIO'N, f. f. an abbreviation, epftome, compendium.
ABREVIA'DO, adj. abridged, fhortened, made brief, cut off fhort.
ABREVIA'DO, adj. according to Quevedo, a jocofe expreffion, intimating that a perfon is illegitimate.
ABREVIADO'R, f. m. an abridger, one that makes fhort; alfo an officer that difpatches the pope's briefs.
ABREVIADU'RA, f. f. an bridgment, retrenchment, cutting off, or fhortning, or writting with abreviations.
ABREVIA'R, v. a to make fhort, to be brief, to abridge, to cut off fhort.
Abreviárfe, v. r. to be ftraitned, to be bound clofe.
ABREVIA'TU'RA, f. f. an abridgment, a fummary, a compendium; alfo an abreviation.
ABRIBONA'RSE, v. r. tobe a rogue, or to be abandoned to vice.
ABRIDE'RO, adj. a thing eafy to be opened.
ABRIDO'R, f. m. one that opens: alfo an iron ufed to ftarch bands on; alfo an engraver, or carver.
ABRIGA'ÑO, f. m. a fheltering place, particularly ufed by fhepherds as a cottage.
ABRIGA'R, v. a. to cover warm, to clothe warm, to fhelter clofrom the weather; alfo to fupport, to defend, or protect.
ABRI'GO, f. m. covering, or clothing warm, any covert againft the weather, but more particularly againft cold.
ABRIL, f. m. the month of April.
Viene hecho un Abril, or *eftá hecho un Abril*, he comes very handfome or beautiful.
ABRIMIE'NTO, f. an opening, a difcovery.
ABRI'R, v. a. to open, to difcover, to difclofe, to reveal, to cleave afunder, to expound.
Abrir lo fellàdo, to unfeal.
Abrir máno de una cófa, to defift from a thing.
Abrir portillo, to make a breach.
Abrir en córbre, to engrave on copper.
Abrir puérta, to give an opportunity to make away.
Abrir tiénda, to open fhop; taken in a bad fenfe for women when they firft expofe them felves to be lewd.
Abrir el ojo, to ftand upon ene's guard, to be watchful.
Abrir el tiémpo, is when the weather clears up, and clouds break away
Abrir camino, to facilitate, to make way
Abrir los oidos, to hearken, to be attentive.
Abrir trinchéra, to open the trenches.
Abrir el paffo, to facilitate.
Abrir el puerto, to take off an embargo upon fhips detained.
Abrir los ojos a uno (defengañarle) to undeceive to difabufe one.
Abrir un canal, to baffle, to joke, to offend one.
Abrir las ganas, to fharpen the ftomach.
Abrir la mano, to be generous or libera.
Abrir las manos, to let one's felf be bribed or corrupted.
Abrir las piernas, to confent in a bad fenfe.
Abrir la puerta a los delitos, to give occafion to crimes.
En un abrir y cerrár de ojos, in a twinkling of the eyes, quickly.
Abrirfe, v. r. to be opened, to be wide, or open.

Abrirse la paréd, is when the wall craks.
Abiérto, p. p. of the verb *abrir*.
Hombre abiérto, an open, free, sincere man.
Campo abierto, an open field.
Canta à libro abierto, he sings at the opening of the book.
Crédito abierto, a credit without limits (in trade;) *guerra abierta*, an openwar.
Lugar abierto, an open place.
Vér el cielo abierto, to find a favourable occasion to execute a project.
ABROCHADU'RA, s. f. clasping, hooking, or drawing cloaths together.
ABROCHA'R, v. a. to hasp, or clasp cloaths together, but used sometimes for any way of making them fast.
ABROGACI'ON, s. f. an abrogating, annulling, or making void (in law.)
ABROGA'R, v. a. (pres. *yo abrógo*, pret. *yo abrogué*) to abrogate, to annul, to abolish, to make void.
ABRO'JO, s. m. bramble, briar. Also such as soldiers call calthrops, chaussetrapes, or crowsfeet, being four-pointed irons, so made, that whatsoever way they fall, one point is always up; they are used to hinder the approach of cavalry, because they run into the horses, feet and lame them.
Abrójos, s. pl. the Spanish sailors gave that name to some places in the sea, full of shelves, or covered with shallow rocks.
ABROMA'RSE, v. r. to be eaten by worms.
ABROQUELA'RSE, v. r. to cover one's body with a buckler or target against an enemy; to ward off a blow; to be protected, defended, supported,
ABRO'TANO, s. m. the herb southernword.
ABRUMADO'R, adj. heavy, or de pressed by weight,
Abrumadór, adj. troublesome, teizing, importunate, haranguing.
ABRUMA'R, v. a. to oppress, to afflict, to molest, trouble, or teize.

ABS

ABSCESSO, s. m. an abscess, a arse swelling full of matter.
ABSCONDE'R, v. a. to hide or conceal, abscond.
ABSE'NCIA, or *AUSE'NCIA*, s. f. absence.
ABSENTARSE, v. r. to be absent, vid. *AUSENTA'RSE*.
ABSENTE, adj. absent.
ABSOLVEDE'RAS, s. f. pl. easiness in a confessor to give absolution. A jocose word.
Confessor de admirábles absolvedéras, a confessor that absolves easily.
ABSOLVEDO'R, s. m. obs. a confessor.
ABSOLVE'R; v. a. (pres. *absuélvo*, pret. *absolví*) to absolve, forgive, discharge sins, or offences.
ABSOLUCIO'N, s. f. absolution, remission, forgiveness, or pardon of sins or offences.
ABSOLUTAME'NTE, adv. absolutely; also precisely, wholly; and truly.
ABSOLU'TO, adj. absolute.
ABSORTA'R, v. a. to suspend, to astonish.
ABSORTO, p. p. wholly taken up, wrapped in imagination, amazed.
ABSOLVE'R, v. a. to sup up, or swallow, or suck up.
ABSTE'MIO, abstemious, one that is abstinent or sparing in his meat, drink, and other things. Latin *abstemius*.
ABSTENE'RSE, v. n. to abstain, to refrain from meat, drink, pleasure, or any other thing; ex. *para que te abstengas y reportes en el hablár demasiádo conmigo*, that you abstain and keep from speaking too much with me.
ABSTERSI'VO, adj. abstersive, that has the quality of cleansing.
ABSTINE'NCIA, s. f. abstinence, refraining, or forbearing of meat, drink, pleasures, or the like.
Dia de abstinencia, a day of abstinence, is that which only obliges to abstain from eating of flesh, but is not a fast, which allows but one meal a day.
ABSTINE'NTE, adj. abstinent, continent.
ABSTRACCIO'N, s. f. abstraction, or taking from.
ABSTRACTIVAME'NTE, adv. abstractedly.
ABSTRA'CTO, adj. extatick, abstract, or who is in an extasy, trance, or rapture.
ABSTRAHE'R, v. a. to separate one thing from another.
Abstraherse, v. r. to abstain from doing a thing.
ABSTRU'SO, abstruse, hidden, concealed, profund. Latin *abstrusus*.
ABSUELTO, p. p. of the verb *absolver*.
ABSURDAME'NTE, adv. absurdly, preposterously.
ABSURDIDA'D, s. f. absurdity, that which is against reason.
ABSU'RDO, s. m. absurdity, what is done or said against reason.
Absurdo, adj. absurd, preposterous.
ABSY'NTHIO, s. m. wormwood,

ABU

ABUA'RSE, v. r. to be in the dark.
ABUBA'DO, adj. one that has the French pox.
ABUBI'LLA, s. f. a bird called a hoope, that has a crest from the bill to the neck, and delights in dung and filth.
ABUCA'STA, vid. *AVUCASTA*.
ABUCASTRO, s. m. a tiresome, disagreeable fellow.
ABUCHORNA'R, vid. *ABOCHORÑAR*.
ABUE'LA, s. f. a grandmother; better spelt *aguela*: see it there.
ABUE'LO, s. m. a grandfather; better spelt *aguelo*: where see more of it.
Abuéltas désso, together with that. It is properly two words, *a buéltas*.
ABUE'NAS. adv. fairly, by fair means. Two words, like the last.
ABUHAMIE'NTO, s. m. a swelling, puffing up, bloating; also spleneticknefs, morosenefs, or foppish ill-nature.
ABUHA'RSE, v. r. to swell, puff up, bloat; also to be splenetick, morose, or in the mumps.
ABULLA, s. f. a bubble in the water.
ABULTA'R, v. a. to make a great bulk, to have a large body.
ABU'LTO, adv. by the lump. *Tomar a bulto*, to take a ting upon content; *Comprar a búlto*, to buy by the parcel without examining.

ABUNDA'NCIA, f. f. abundance, plenty, great ftore.

ABUNDA'NTE, p. a. abounding, plentiful, well ftored.

ABUNDANTEME'NTE, adv. abundantly, plentifully.

ABUNDA'R, v. n. to abound with, or in, to have in great plenty, alfo to be in great plenty to have great ftore.

ABUNDOSEME'NTE, adv. as *abundantemente*, barbarous.

ABUNDOSIDA'D, abundance, plenty, great ftore.

ABUNDO'SO, adj. abounding, plentiful, well ftored.

ABUñUELA'R, v. a. to make any thing in the form of a fritter, or pancake.

ABURA'R, v. n. to burn, to fcorch.

ABURELA'DO, adj. dark red.

ABURRI'R, v. a. to vex, diftract or make a man weary of his life.

Aburrir los huevos la gallina, is for the hen to take a diftafte to her eggs, not fit upon them any more

ABUSA'R, v. n. to abufe, mifufe, mifemploy.

ABUSIO'N, f. f. abufe, mifemploying, mifapplying; alfo fuperftition.

ABU'SO, f. m. (as *abufion*) the abufe of any thing.

ABUTA'RDA, a buftard, fo called from the Latin *avis tarda*, a flow bird. Vid. *AVUTA'RDA*.

ABUVI'LLA, vid. *ABUBILLA*.

A B Y

ABYSMALES, f. m. pl. great nails, fuch as faften the pole of a coach.

ABYSMA'R, v. r. to throw any thing into an abyfs or deep place.

ABY'SMO, f. m. an abyfs, or deep place; alfo hell.

A C A

ACA', adv. hither, here; ex. *vén acá mentecato*, come hither you foolish.

Por acá, hereabouts.

Acá y acullá, hither and thither.

Acá, a note of calling, as in English, hey.

Acá, denotes the time in which a thing hath happened.

Defde un mes acá, a month ago, or fince.

Acá como allá, it is the fame there as here.

Andar de acá para allá, ò de acá para acullá, to run backwards and forwards, or ramble here and there.

Prov. *De quando acá Perico (ò Marica) con guantes?* how long is it fince you have gone fo fine?

ACABA'BLE, adj. any thing that canbe finished.

ACABADAME'NTE, adv. completely, perfectly, abfolutely,

ACABALA'R, v. a. to make equal, even.

ACABALLADE'RO, f. m. the time and place where horfes cover the mares.

ACABALLA'DO, adj. refembling a horfe; alfo proxed.

ACABALLA'R, v. a. to leap the female, as a ftallion.

ACABALLERADO, adj. endued with a noble and generous difpofition, gentleman like.

ACABALLERA'R, v. a. to tink one's felf a knight, without being fo.

ACABA'DO, adj. completed, entirely finished; alfo wife man.

Es un hombre acabádo, an accomplished man.

ACABAMIENTO, f. m. the end of any thing; alfo death.

ACABAR, v. a. to make an end, to conclude, to finish, to perfect, to accomplish, to depart out of this life.

No puédo acabár con el, I cannot prevail wit him.

Acaba yá, do it then.

Seria nuncar acabár, a thing that never would be ended, finished, completed, perfected.

Quien mal anda en mal acába, a bad beginning, a bad ending.

Acabé abra de llegár, I am but juft come this moment.

ACABDILLADAME'NTE, adv. orderly.

ACABDILLADO'R, f. m. a general.

ACABDILLAMIE'NTO, f. m. a conducting, guiding, or leading on the foldiers.

ACABDILLA'R, v. a. to conduct, or guide foldiers.

ACABELLA'DO, adj. chefnut colour.

ACA'BO, f. m. the end, the conclufion. Properly two words, *a cabo*.

ACABRONA'DO, adj. wild, free, as free as a wild goat.

ACACHA'RSE, v. r. to lay fquat, to lay clofe that one may not be feen.

ACACI'A, f. f. a tree and drug fo called.

ACADE'MIA, f. f. an academy.

ACADE'MICO, f. m. a member of an academy.

Academico, adj. belonging to an academy.

ACAECE'R, v. imp. to happen, to chance, to fall out; from the Latin *accidere*.

ACAECE'RSE, v. r. to be prefent.

ACAECIMIE'NTO, f. m. an accident, event, incident.

ACAIRELA'R, v. a. to fringe.

ACALLA'R, v. n. to ftill, quiet, appeafe, filence, to hush as they do children; from *callar*, to be filent.

ACALMA'R, v. n. to calm, orftill.

ACALOñA'R, v. a. to calumniate.

ACALORA'R, v. a. to warm, heat, or make hot. Alfo to protect, or encourage.

Acalorarfe, v. r. to hurry one's felf.

ACAMPAMIE'NTO, f. m. the place where an army is encamped.

ACAMPA'R, v. n. to encamp, to lie in the field.

ACAMUZA'DO, adj. buff-coloured.

ACA'NA, f. a fort of fine wood brought from the Weft-Indies of a very deep red.

ACANALA'R, v a. to cut in gutters or channels. In columns and carved work called fluting.

ACANA'LES, adv. in gutters or channels, or a fluted column.

ACANDILA'R, v. a. to make any thing in the shape of a candle.

ACANELA'DO, adj. of a cinnamon colour, or dreffed with cinnamon.

ACANILLA'DO, f. m. interwoven canes, or reeds, like watling, or any thing done after that manner.

Pano acanillado, a coarfe fort of

cloth, with great threads like reeds.

ACAñAVEREADO'R, f. m. one that pricks or wounds others with sharp canes or reeds.

ACAñAVEREA'R, v. a to pierce, prick, or wound with sharp canes or reeds, which was formerly ufed to make criminals confefs, running sharp reeds between their nails and their flesh.

ACAñONEA'R, v. a. to fire a gun, alfo to batter any place with cannon.

ACANTALEA'R, v. a. to throw ftones, to fling ftones to; and alfo, to hail, to drop hail as big as ftones.

ACANTARA'R, v. a. to meafure out by pitchers; alfo to ftrike with a pitcher.

ACA'NTHO, f. m. a fort of thiftle called in English, bears-foot, or bearsbreech.

ACANTHOBO'LA, f. f. the name of a chirurgical inftrument ufed in taking out fomething that ftichs in the throat.

ACANTILA'R, v. a to ftrengthen, to prefs hard, to drive to neceffity.

ACANTONA'R, v. a. to canton troops.

ACAPA'R, v. a. to muffle up in a cloak; from *capa*, a cloak.

ACAPARRA'R, v. a. to ftrowd or shelter under another's cloak; to put under another's protection.

ACAPAROSA'DO, adj. of a colour between blue and green.

ACAPIZARSE, v. r. to pluck one another by the hair.

ACAPONA'DO, adj. that is like an eunuch or a capon; alfo effeminate.

ACAPT'AR, v. a. the fame as *comprar*, to buy. Obf.

ACARA'R, v. a. to confront, to bring face to face,

ACARDENALA'R, v. a. to make fcars, to beat or wound fo, that the fcars remain.

ACAREAR, v. a. to bring face to face.

ACARICIADO'R, f. m. a perfon that makes much of his gueft or entertains his friends kindly.

ACARICIA'R, v. a. to make much of, to treat tenderly and affectionately.

ACAREADI'ZO, adj. that may be, or is brought, or carried.

ACARREADO'R, f. m. one that brings, and carries.

ACARREADU'RA, f. f. bringing, or carrying.

ACARREA'R, v. a. to bring or carry.

ACARRE'O, } f. m. carriage.
ACARRETO,

ACARRILA'R, v. a. to put into the way, or into the track.

ACARRILLA'DO, adj. full cheeked, plump faced, or that has great cheeks.

ACARRILLAR, v. n. full cheeked, plump faced.

ACA'SO, adv. by chance, accidentally, cafually.

ACA'SO, f. m. chance, hazard, accident.

ACATADAMENTE, adv. reverently.

ACATADURA, f. f. the countenance, prefence, afpect, or face.

ACATAMIE'NTO, f. f. prefence, afpect; alfo reverence, refpect, honour.

ACATA'R, v. a. to refpect, honour, reverence; alfo to behold, to look upon, to view.

ACATARRARSE, v. r. to take cold.

ACAUDALADO'R, f. m. one that gathers wealth, or makes up a ftock.

ACCAUDALAR, v. a. to growrich, to gather vealt, to lay up a ftock.

ACAUDILLADO'R, f. m. one that leads, or conducts, as an officer does foldiers.

ACAUDILLADU'RA, f. f. *ACAUDILLAMIE'NTO*, f. m. leading, conducting, as officers do their foldiers,

ACAUDILLA'R, v. a. to lead, conduct, or command, as an officer over foldiers.

ACAUTELAR'SE, v. r. to be cautious, to be careful, or referved.

ACAYRELA'R, v. a. to adorn with fquare loops, or laces, or needlework.

A C C

ACCELERACIO'N, f. f. fwiftnefs, velocity.

ACCELERADAME'NTE, adv. fwiftly, haftily, rashly, with precipitation.

ACCELERAMIE'NTO, f. m. vid. *ACCELERACIO'N*.

ACCELERA'R, v. a. to haften make fpeed.

ACCENDER', vid. *ENCENDER*.

ACCENTO, f. m. accent, tone, pronounciation.

Accento mufico, the fweetnefs of the voice, or foftnefs of found in mufic.

Accénto, a note or mark upon words, that regulates their pronunciation, according to the Latins and others.

ACCENTUA'R, v. a. to lay a true accent upon words; alfo to pronounce right the accents; and in mufic, to fing melodioufly.

ACCESSI'BLE, adj. acceffible, eafy of accefs.

ACCESSION, f. f. acceffion, increafe, coming, or adding to; alfo the fit or paroxyfm of a fever, otherwife called *accidente*, the Spanish phyficians ufing both terms indifferently.

ACCE'SSO, f. m. an addition; alfo accefs, or an avenue, or way to a place.

ACCESSO'R, f. m. one that adds, or confents to, an acceffary.

ACCESSORIAMENTE, adv. acceffarily.

ACCESSO'RIO, adj. acceffary, or confenting, or affifting to.

ACCIDENTA'DO, adj. affected with an ill ftate of health.

ACCIDENTA'L, adj. accidental.

ACCIDENTALME'NTE, adv. accidentally, cafually.

ACCIDE'NTE, f. m. the fit of paroxyfm of a fever, or any other fit of a difeafe; alfo an accident.

ACCIO'N, f. f. a deed, an action; alfo the title or claim a woman has to any thing; it is alfo an action at law, or an accufation laid againft a man.

ACCIONA'R, v. a. to adapt the action proper to the words fpoken.

A C E.

ACEAR, f. m. a Moorish ceremony, part of their devotions.

ACEBADAMIE'NTO, f.

surfeit in horses; mules, &c. proceeding from eating too much barley.

ACEBADA'R, v. a. to surfeit a beast, by giving him too much barley.

ACE'BO, s. m. holly, agrifolium.

ACEBU'CHE, s. m. oleaster.

ACECHADO'R, s. m. one that is always watching, and prying, or observing, or peeping.

ACECHAMIE'NTO. s. m. a watching, observing, prying, or peeping.

ACECHA'NZA, vid. *ASSECHANZA*.

ACECHAR, verb. a. to watch, pry, or peep into others' actions. Prov. *Quien acecha por agujéro vé su duelo*: Who peeps through a hole, sees something proper to trouble him; that is, he who is over-curious, often hurts himself.

ACECHE, s. m. a kind of black earth.

ACE'CHO, s. m. the act of watching, or prying; an observation.

ACECHON, s. m. vid. *ACECHA'DOR*.

ACECINA'R, v. a. to salt and dry meat in the air or smoke.

Acecinárse, v. r. to grow lean and dry like smoaked meat.

ACEDA'R, v. a. to make acid, to sour; also to trouble, to disgust.

ACEDE'RA, s. f. the herb sorrel.

ACEDI'A, s. f. a sour taste; also metaphorically disgust; also a flat fish resembling a flounder.

ACE'DO, adj. sour, acid; also harsh of temper, crabbed, peevish.

ACEDU'RA, s. f. vid. *ACE'DIA*.

ACE'FALO, vid. *AZE'PHALO*.

ACE'ITE, s. f. vid. *AZE'ITE*.

ACEITE'RA, s. f. vid. *AZEITE'RA*.

ACEITU'NA, s. f. vid. *AZEITU'NA*.

ACE'LGA. s. f. white-beet.

Cara de acelga, a pale, greenish, melancholy face.

ACEMI'LA, s. f. vid. *AZEMI'LA*.

ACEMI'TE, vid. *AZEMI'TE*.

ACENDRADU'RA, s. f. the refining of gold or silver.

ACENDRA'R, v. a. to refine silver or gold, to cleanse, purify, or bring to perfection.

ACE'ñA, s. f. a water-mill. vid. *AZE'ñA*.

ACEPCIO'N, s. f. acceptation, or receiving any thing, reception, whether good or bad.

Acepcion de personas, the preference given to persons without their deserving it.

ACE'PHALO, adj. any thing that wants a head or beginning.

Libro acéphalo, a book that wants the beginning.

Versos acéphalos, a sort of heroicks, that begin with a short syllable; also fag ends of verses.

Herejes acéphalos, a sort of ancient hereticks, so called, because it is not known who was the first that started their heresy; they asserted there was but one nature in the person of Christ.

ACEPILLADO'R, s. m. one that planes, as joiners and carpenters do with a plane.

ACEPILLADU'RAS, s. f. pl. shavings of wood, such as are taken off with a plane when the wood is planed.

ACEPILLA'R, v. a. to smooth, or plane, as joiners do with a tool called a plane; also to brush cloaths.

ACEPTA'BLE, adj. acceptable, pleasing.

ACEPTACIO'N, s. f. vid. *ACEPTIO'N*.

ACEPTADO'R, s. m. a receiver.

ACEPTA'R, v. a. to accept.

Aceptar una letra, to accept a bill.

ACEPTA'NTE, s. the person that accepts.

ACE'PTO, adj. well received, well taken, grateful.

ACEQUI'NA, s. f. a canal to carry water.

A'CER, s. m. the maple-tree.

ACE'RA, s. f. the foot path in the streets.

ACERA'R, v. a. to steel, or steel arms or instruments.

ACERBAME'NTE, adv. harshly, bitterly, severely, austerely.

ACERBIDA'D, s. f. cruelty, asperity.

ACE'RBO, adj. harsh, bitter, austere, severe; from the Latin *acerbus*.

ACE'RCA, adv. near, or close by: also concerning.

ACERCAMIE'NTO, s. m. drawing near, or approaching.

ACERCAR, v. a. (pres. *yo acerco*, pret. *yo acerque*) to approach, to draw near, to be close at hand.

Acercárse, v. r. to come near at hand.

Acercate, draw near, come closer, approach.

ACERCE'N, adv. cut off cleverly close to the root or marks.

Cortar las oréjas a cercén, to cut off the ears close to the head.

ACERI'CO, s. m. a small pillow: also a pin-cushion.

ACE'RO, s. m. steel, a sort of metal also a sword; also courage, spirit.

Tomar el acero, to drink a sort of potion mixed with steel.

ACERO'SO, *sa*, adj. sharp.

ACERRAVE'LAS, or *ASERRAVE'LAS*, the cords by which the sail is made fast to the yard, called by English sailors the robbins.

ACERRIMAME'NTE, adv. sharply, bitterly.

ACERRIMO, adj. very sharp, bitter.

ACERTADAME'NTE, adv. rightly, dextrously, cleverly.

ACERTADO'R, s. f. skilful in shooting, expert in guessing any thing.

ACERTAJO, an enigma, a riddle.

ACERTAJO'N, s. m. an augmentative of *acertajo*.

ACERTAMIE'NTO, s. m. or rather *Acierto*, the hitting the work, or doing a thing right.

ACERTA'R, v. a. (pres. *acierto*, pret. *acerté*) to hit the nail on the head; to do or to take a thing right; to hit a mark; to give a true solution to a question.

Acertár, is used by taylors to express the putting and fitting together of the pieces they have cut out for a garment, to sew them together. This word is also used to signify what happened accidentally; as.

Acertó passar por aquí à tal tiémpo, he happened to pass this way at such a time.

Acertar errando, to happen right by going wrong.

ACERTI'JO, s. m. enigma, riddle.

ACERUE'LO, s. m. diminutive of *acero*; a little sword, the weapon of a dwarf.

ACE'RVO, ſ. m. a heap.
ACETA'BULO, ſ. m. a little meaſure by apothecaries.
ACETA'R, v. a. to accept, to admit, to receive.
ACE'TO, p. p. of *acetar*.
ACE'TRE, ſ. a braſs or copper bucket to carry water in, often uſed for that they carry the holy water in, in great churches; taken alſo for the ſprinkler of the holy water.
ACETRERI'A, ſ. f. the place or ſtreet where the braſiers live a braſier's shop :the place where alſo hawks are kept; inthis ſenſe more commonly called *cetreria*.
ACETRE'RO, ſ. m. a braſier; alſo a faulconer.
ACEVILA'DO, adj. mean, baſe, vile, and of no repute.
ACEVILA'RSE, v. r. to become mean, baſe, vile, and of no repute. Obſ.
ACEZA'R, v. n. obſ. to pant as dogs do when overheated.
ACEZA'R, v. n. to draw one's breath short and hard, as one does after running, or ſome fright.
ACE'ZO, ſ. m. drawing the breath short, and with difficulty.
ACEZO'SO, adj. one that draws his breath with difficulty, by reaſon of ſome obſtruction.

A C H

ACHACADI'ZO, adj. deceitful fraudulent.
ACHACA'R, v. a. to make a pretence, to frame an excuſe, to lay to another's charge.
Achacárſe, v. r. to claim to one's ſelf another man's merit or deeds.
ACHACOSAME'NTE, adv. ſickly, ill.
ACHACO'SO, adj. one that is full of excuſes, or pretences; alſo a diſeaſed perſon that is full of failings.
ACHANCLETAR, v. a. to put on the shoes with the heel down like ſlippers.
ACHAPARRADO, adj. belonging to shrubs.
ACHAPARRA'RSE, v. r. to be short of growth.
ACHA'QUE, ſ. m. a pretence, an excuſe; alſo a diſtemper, an ailing.
ACHAQUIA'R, v. a. to accuſeany one.
ACHAQUIE'NTO, adj. valetudinarian, who is always taking care of his health.
ACHAQUI'TO, ſ. m. diminutive of *achàque*.
ACHICADU'RA, ſ. leſſening, diminishing, drawing into a leſs compaſs.
ACHICA'R, v. a. to leſſen, to diminish, to bring into a leſs compaſs.
ACHICHARRA'R, v. a. to toaſt, or fry too much.
ACHICO'RIA, ſ. f. dandelion.
ACHINELA'DO, adj. that wears ſlippers.
ACHIO'TE, ſ. m. a great tree growing in America, whoſe ſeed is uſed in dying.
ACHOCADO'R, ſ. m. an unmerciful fellow that knocks down, or fells.
ACHOCA'R, v. a. (preſ. *achuéco*, pret. *achoqué*) to knock down, to fell; alſo to hoard up money.
ACHO'TE, ſ. a hard ſubſtance of a very deep red, formerly uſed to be put into chocolate to give it a good colour, and becauſe it is an excellent pectoral.
ACHUCHA'R, v. a. to preſs, or ſqueeze cloſe together; alſo to perſuade, to convict.
ACHUCHURRA'R, vid. *ACHUCHA'R*.
ACHUGA'R, v. a. to bind, or preſs hard, to ram down, to thruſt down in meaſuring, to wedge, or shore up.

A C I

A'CIA, adv. vid. *HA'CIA*.
ACIA'GO, adj. vid. *HACIA'GO*.
ACIA'L, ſ. m. a hair rope made faſt to a ſtrong ſtick, uſed by farriers in Spain to hold unruly horſes by the noſe, inſtead of our barnacle. Prov. *Mas puede acial que fuerza de oficial*: The barnacle can do more than the ſtrength of the farrier; that is, towards holding the horſe. It is equivalent to, Policy goes beyond ſtrength.
ACI'BAR, ſ. m. the purging drug made of the juice of the plant aloes.
ACIBARA'R, v. a. to make bitter with aloes; alſo to vex, to trouble, to diſguſt.
ACIBARRA'R, v. a. to dash againſt.
ACICALADO'R, ſ. m. polisher, burnisher.
ACICALADU'RA, ſ. f. polishing, burnishing, or ſetting out to the beſt advantage.
ACICALA'R, v. a. to polish, burnish, or ſet off to the beſt advantage; to sharpen the edge of a ſword.
ACICA'TES, ſ. m. pl. ſpurs which have a long broad point ſticking out inſtead of rowels; uſed in Spain by gentlemen when they ride at bulls or the like ſports.
ACICATA'ZO, ſ. m. a ſtroke with ſuch a ſpur as above.
ACI'CHE, ſ. m. a trowel, as bricklayers uſe.
ACIDA'TES, ſ. m. vid. *ACIRA'TES*.
ACI'DIA ſ. f. ſloth.
ACIDIO'SO, adj. ſlothful.
ACIDO, ſ. m. acid, when oppoſed to alkali.
A'cido, adj. acid. ſour.
ACIE'GAS, adv. blindfold.
ACIE'RTO, ſ. m. the right doing or performing of any buſineſs, a good hit, a right method.
ACIGUATA'DO, adj. that has the yellow jaundice.
ACIMBO'GA ſ. f. a citron-tree.
ACIMENTA'RSE, v. r. to ſettle in a neighbourhood.
ACI'NA, ſ. f. vid. *HACI'NA*.
ACINA'R, v. a. vid. *HACI'NAR*.
ACIO'N, ſ. f. a ſtirrup leather.
ACIPRE'S, ſ. f. the cypreſs-tree.
ACIPRE'STE, ſ. m. vid. *ARCIPRESTE*.
ACIRATES, ſ. m. pl. limits, or bounds.
ACITRO'N, ſ. m. a preſerved citron.
ACIVILA'R, v. a. to debaſe.

A C L

ACLAMACIO'N, ſ. f. acclamation.
ACLAMADO'R, ſ. m. the proclaimer.
ACLAMA'R, v. a. to receive with acclamations, to shouth by way of approbation.

ACLARACIO'N, f. f. a clearing, or making plain.

ACLARADO'R, f. m. a clearer, or explainer of matters, one that lays things open.

ACLARA'R, v. n. to clear, to cleanse, to explain, to lay things open.

ACLARECE'R, v. n. to explain, to clear up, to put a thing in a true light.

ACLAVILLA, f. an instrument dyers use for dipping the things they dye.

ACLOCA'RSE, v. r. to set as a hen does on her eggs; also, to be lazy.

ACO

ACOBA'R, v. a. to prop, support, uphold. Obs.

ACOBARDA'R, v. a. to make one afraid, or cowardly, or to be afraid, or cowardly.

Acobardárse, v. r. to be a coward.

ACOCEADO'R, adj. that kicks or spurns.

ACOCEAMIE'NTO, f. m. a kicking, a spurning.

ACOCEA'R, v. a. to kick, or spurn.

ACOCHIN'AR, v. a. to come to a secret agreement with a criminal.

ACOCOTA'R, v. a. to kill with a blow or cut given on the nape of the neck.

ACODADU'RA, f. f. a bending like that of an elbow; also the act of leaning on the elbow; also the pruning of vines, and their taking root.

ACODA'R, v. a. to make a bending like an elbow; also to lean on the elbow; it is also a term used by carpenters in measuring; and in trees it is to prune them, and their taking root in the ground.

ACODICIA'R, v. n. to covet.

ACO'DO, f. m. a knot in a tree; (a word used by gardeners.)

ACOGE'DOR, f. m. one that receives or entertains others.

ACOGE'R, v. a. (pres. *acójo*, pret. *acogí*) to entertain, to admit, to receive friendly.

Acogérse, v. r. to betake one's self to flight, to make an escape, to have recourse to.

ACOGE'TA, f. f. an escape.

ACOGI'DA, f. f. a place to betake one's self to, a place of refuge; also reception, or entertainment; as, *Me hizo buena acogida*, he received me friendly.

ACOGIMIENTO, f. m. reception, entertainment, an escape, protection.

ACOGOTA'R, v. a. to grow thick necked; also to strike on the neck, or kill with a blow on the neck as we do rabbits.

ACOHOMBRA'DO, adj. made like a cucumber, or dressed with cucumber.

ACOI'TA, f. f. punishment, affliction. Obs.

ACOITA'RSE, v. r. to be affected with trouble, to be perplexed, Obs.

ACOLCHAR, v. a. to quilt.

ACOLY'TO, f. m. an acolyte, one that serves the priest at the altar.

ACOLLADO'R, f. m. a rope made use of sailors to bind the mast.

ACOLLARA'R, v. a. to yoke beasts together.

ACOLLE'R, obs. vid. *ACO'GER*.

ACOLVA'DO, adj. filled, heaped up. Obs.

ACOLVA'R, v. a. to fill, to heap up. Obs.

ACOMANDA'R, v. a. to recommend, to speak well of. Vid. *ENCOMENDAR*.

ACOMBA'R, vid. *COMBA'R*.

ACOMETEDOR, f. m. one that assaults, attacks, or sets upon, or one that undertakes.

ACOMETE'R, v. a. to assault, to attack, to set upon, also to undertake.

Acometor con dadivas, to tempt a man with gifts.

ACOMETI'DA, f. f. an assault, an attack; also an undertaking.

ACOMETIMIE'NTO, f. an assault, an attack; also an undertaking.

ACOMODA'BLE, adj. convenient, fit.

ACOMODACIO'N, f. f. accommodation.

ACOMODAME'NTE, adv. conveniently, opportunely.

ACOMODADO'R, f. m. he who adapts something to another; also the man who has the care to assign women their places at the playhouse.

ACOMODADO'RA, f. f. a woman whose business is to look for nurses.

ACOMODAMIE'NTO, f. m. a fitting, making convenient, bringing to reason, a settlement or provision.

ACOMODA'R, v. a. to make fit, or convenient, to compound a difference, to place a servant, to provide for another.

Acomodárse, v. a. to provide for one's self, or to get an employment; also to conform, and settle one's self to the times or circumstances.

ACOMPAñADO'R, f. m. one that keeps company with, or follows another.

ACOMPAñAMIE'NTO, f. m. a retinue, attendance, or keeping in company.

ACOMPAñA'R, v. a. to accompany, or be of a retinue.

Mas vale solo que mal acompañado, it is better to be alone, than in bad company.

ACOMPLEXIONA'DO, adj. belonging to the complexion either good or bad.

ACOMULA'R, v. a. obs. vid. *ACUMULA'R*.

ACOMPLIMIE'NTO, f. m. complement, that which makes any thing complete.

ACONCHADI'LLO, f. m. any sort of ragoo.

ACONCHA'R, v. a. to cover with shells, or to lay and fit together, that things may lie as a fish does in the shell.

Aconchár dinéro, to hoard money.

ACONDICIONA'R, v. a. to put into good condition.

ACONGOJA'R, v. a. to vex, fatigue, perplex, trouble, oppress.

ACO'NITO, m. a poisonous herb, of which there are two sorts, the one called libbards-bane, the other wolfs-bane.

ACONSEJADAMENTE, adv. with advice, maturely, discreetly.

ACONSEJADO'R, f. m. a counsellor, an adviser.

ACONSEJA'R, v. a. to counsel, to advise.

ACONSOLAR, v. a. to comfort. Vid. *CONSOLA'R.*

ACONTAGIA'R, v. a. to infect. Vid. *INFICIONA'R.*

ACONTA'R, v. a. vid. *CONTAR.*

ACONTECE'R, v. imp. (pref. *acontesco*) to happen, to chance, to fall out.

No me acontecéra otra vez, it shall be so no more, I will not be served so again.

ACONTECIMIE'NTO, f. m. an accident, any thing that has happened.

ACONTENTA'RSE, v. r. vid. *CONTENTA'RSE.*

ACONTRASTA'R, vid. *CONTRASTAR.*

ACOPA'DO, adj. that is made round like a cup; as *arbol acopado*, a tree that has a round head like a cup.

ACOPA'R, v. a. to make a thing have a round head like a cup.

ACOPETADO, adj. curled.

ACOPIAMIE'NTO, f. m. an account or estimate taken at the disposing of any pastures or flocks of cattle.

ACOPIA'R, v. a. to value or set a price on pasture grounds.

ACOPLA'R, v. a. to join together as carpenters do boards.

Acoplárse, v. r. to be joined together.

ACOQUINA'R, v. a. or rather.

ACOQUINA'RSE, v. r. to be frightened, to fear.

ACORALA'DO, adj. adorned with coral, or of the colour of coral.

ACORAA'R, v. a. to cut the hoof to the quick.

ACORA'R, v. a. to kill, to stifle.

ACORDADAME'NTE, adv. with common consent.

ACORDAMIE'NTO, f. m. vid. *CONFORMI'DAD.*

ACORDA'NZA, vid. *CONSONANCIA.*

ACORDA'R, v. a. (pref. *acuerdo*, pret. *acordé*) to remember, to awake from sleep, to put in mind, to agree together, to determine; in musick, to tune.

ACO'RDE, adj. agreed, unanimous.

ACORNEA'R, v. a. to but as horned beasts do; also to abuse.

ACO'RO, f. m. galingall.

ACORRALA'R, v. a. to fold cattle; also to drive up where one cannot escape, to pen up to distress, to bring into streights.

Acorralárse, v. r. to be streightned, penned up.

ACORRE'R, v. a. to run to, to help, to relieve, to succour, or assist.

ACORRIMIE'NTO, f. m. aid, assistance, succour, relief, running to.

ACORRO, f. m. help, aid, assistance, succour, relief.

ACORRUCA'RSE, v. r. vid. *ACURRUCA'RSE.*

ACORTADI'ZO, f. m. shreds, fragments.

ACORTAMIE'NTO, f. m. shortning, abridging, retrenching.

ACORTA'R, v. a. to shorten, to abridge, to retrench; also to suspend, to detain.

Acortárse, v. r. to be stopped short with fear or shame, to be out, to falter.

ACORVA'R, v. a. to crook, bend, or bow.

ACORZA'R, v. a. vid. *ACORTA'R.*

ACOSADO'R, f. m. one that pursues, persecutes, or molests, or baits others.

ACOSAMIE'NTO, f. f. close pursuit, persecuting, molesting, or vexing, baiting.

ACOSA'R, v. a. to pursue close, to persecute, molest, fret and vex, to bait.

ACOSTAMIE'NTO, f. m. vid. *SUE'LDO.*

ACOSTA'R, v. a. to put to bed, to lay one down; also to incline, to be in decay or ready to fall; also to enlist soldiers, or to follow the opinion or party of one.

Acostárse, v. r. to approach, to come near, or to draw and bring near.

Acostárse el peso, to incline the balance on one side.

Acostárse al parécer de otro, to incline to another man's opinion.

ACOSTUMBRAMIE'NTO, f. m. accustoming, use.

ACOSTUMBRA'R, v. a. to accustom, to use.

Acostumbrarse, v. r. to be in fashion.

Hijo de viuda ó mal criádo ó mal acostumbrádo, a widow's son is generally spoil'd by the love of his mother.

ACOTACIO'N, f. f. the action of putting bounds or limits; also a mark, an annotation they put in the margin of a writing or book.

ACOTA'R, v. a. to bound, to limit; also to take notice, to mark, to make annotations.

Acotárse, v. r. to put one's self in safety.

ACOTOLA'R, v. a. to use ill.

ACOYTA'R, v. n. to procure. Obs.

ACOYUNDA'R, v. a. to yoke the oxen.

ACR

A'CRE, adj. sour, sharp; (it is used in a proper and figurative sense.)

ACRECENTADO'R, f. m. one that increases, enlarges, augments, or improves.

ACRECENTAMIE'NTO, f. m. increasing, enlarging, improvement.

ACRECENTA'R, v. a. (pref. *acreciento*, pret. *acrecenté*) to increase, inlarge, augment, or improve.

ACRECE'R, v. a. to increase, to add to.

ACRECIMIE'NTO, f. m. increase, or augmentation. Vid. *CRECIMIE'NTO.*

ACREDITA'R, v. a. to give credit, to put in esteem; also to be bound for.

Acreditar una opinion, to give credit to an opinion.

Acreditar en quenta, to credit in account.

Acreditárse, v. r. to get into credit, to get a name.

ACREEDO'R, f. m. a creditor.

ACREE'R, v. a. to lend money upon goods, as the pawnbrokers do.

ACREME'NTE, adv. sharply.

ACRIBADU'RA, f. f. the action of sifting.

ACRIBADU'RAS, f. f. pl. siftings.

ACRIBA'R, v. a. to sift; also to shoot through and through.

ACRIBILLA'R, v. a. to pierce full of holes; also to tire, to plague, to persecute, to molest.

ACRIMINACIO'N, f. f. the action of exaggerating a crime.

ACRIMINADO'R, f. m. a profecutor, an evidence.
ACRIMINA'R, v. a. to accufe, to lay crimes to one's charge, to profecute rigoroufly.
ACRIMONIA, f. f. sharpnefs, tartnefs; metaphorically, feverity, afperity; alfo ardour, vehemence, energy.
ACRISOLA'R, v. a. to refine in a crucible; metaphorically, to cleanfe, or purify, to try a man thoroughly.
ACRO'STICO, f. m. acroftick.
ACROTE'RAS, f. f. pl. (in architecture) little pedeftals without bafes, placed at the middle and the two extremes of pediments.

A C T

ACTAS, f. f. pl. publick acts, or records.
ACTITADERO, adj. in law, imminent, ready to be done.
ACTITA'R, v. a. in law, to act, to bring before judge.
ACTIVIDA'D, f. f. activity, diligence, expedition, vivacity.
ACTIVO, adj. efficacious, active, diligent, expeditious.
ACTO, f. m. act, action, deed.
ACTO'R, f. m. a performer, an actor; in the law plaintiff, or profecutor.
A'CTOS, f. m. pl. vid. *A'UTOS*.
Actos de caballeria, deeds of noblemen.
Actos de comedia, acts of a play.
Actos de los Apoftoles, the acts of the Apoftles.
Actos de poffeffion, (in law) a form of taking poffeffion of an eftate, employment, dignity, &c.
Actos de univerfidad, an act or folemn difpute in an univerfity.
Actos publicos, public acts of juftice, as thofe of the inquifition againft criminals.
Tener actos pofitivos, to deferve an employment.
ACTUA'L, adj. actual.
ACTUALME'NTE, adv. actually, truly, indeed.
ACTUA'R, v. a. to act, to perform, to operate.
El eftómago actua los manjares, y el entendimiento los conceptos, the ftomach digefts the aliments, and the underftanding prepares the ideas.
ACTUA'RIO, f. m. a fcrivener, a regifter.
ACTUO'SO, adj. diligent, careful.

A C U

ACUCHILLADI'ZO, adj. that has been, or is expofed to be flashed and cut; faid of a quarrelfome perfon, who is always flashing, a bully.
ACUCHILLADO'R, f. m. a prizefighter, a gladiator.
Mangas acuchilladas, flashed fleeves.
ACUCHILLADU'RA, f. f. or *ACUCHILLAMIE'NTO*, f. m. a cutting, flashing, or hewing.
ACUCHILL'AR, v. a. to cut, flash, or hew; to wound.
Acuchillárfe, v. r. to fight another both fword in hand.
ACUCI'A, f. f. sharpnefs of edge, or of wit.
ACUCIAR, v. a. to sharpen; alfo to haften.
ACUCIOSAME'NTE, adv. sharply, diligently.
ACUCIO'SO, adj. obf. sharp, diligent.
ACUCLI'LLAS, adv. fetting on one's legs, with the body hanging on the hams.
ACU'DA, f. a great wheel to draw water with out of wells, commonly ufed to water gardens.
ACUDIMIE'NTO, f. m. repairing to; alfo relief or affiftance.
ACUDI'R, v. n. to repair to, to come to a call; alfo to relieve or affift; alfo to apply to.
Acudir la tierra con frutos, to bring forth plenty of fruits.
ACUENTO, adv. on account, conveniently.
ACUERDA'R, v. n. to grow or make wifer.
ACUE'RDO, f. m. agreement, refolution, judgment, reafon, knowledge, capacity.
Hacer acuerdo, to remember.
Acuerdo de affeffor, the opinion of the counfellor to the jury.
Acuerdos del reyno, the refolution taken in the Spanish courts.
Eftar fuera de fu acuerdo, to lofe one's fenfes, as in a fainting fit.
El libro de acuerdo, the rolls.
Por ultimo acuerdo, by the laft determination.
Quedar ò eftar de acuerdo, to be unanimous, to agree together.
Tomar acuerdo, to confult, to ask advice.
Volver en fu acuerdo, to recover the fenfes after a fit.
ACUERNA'R, v. a. to but, to ftrike with the horns.
ACUE'STAS, adv. upon a mans back, on his shoulders.
Tener fefenta años acueftas, to be threefcore years old. Verbatim, to have threefcore years upon one's back.
Tomar un muchacho acueftas, to hoift up a boy as they do at fchool to be whipped.
Llevar a otro acueftas, verbatim, to carry another upon one's back; metaphorically, to maintain him.
ACUITA'RSE, v. a. to afflict or trouble one's felf, to pine away.
ACULLA', adv. there, in that place
Allá y acullá, here and there.
ACULLI'R, v. a. to receive or entertain a gueft.
ACUMBRA'R, v. a. to raife, extol, elevate.
ACUMEN', f. m. acutenefs, sharpnefs, fubtilty.
ACUMULACIO'N, f. f. an heaping together.
ACUMULADO'R, f. m. one that accumulates, or heaps together, one that lays faults to others, and magnifies them.
ACUMULA'R, v. a. to accumulate, to heap on, to lay to one's charge.
ACUNZADO'R, f. m. polisher, refiner, one that adorns and fets things in order.
ACUNZA'R, to polish, refine, adorn, or fet things in order. Obf.
ACUñADO'R, f. m. a coiner; alfo a cleaver that cleaves with wedges.
Acuñador de teftigos falfos, a coiner; that is a fuborner of falfe witneffes.
ACUñA'R, v. a. to coin money, to cleave with wedges.
Acuñar dinero, befides the literal fenfe

of coining, signifies metaphorically. to heap or gather wealth.
ACURRUCA'RSE, v. r. to clothe one's self well against cold weather.
ACURRULLA'R, v. a. (a sea term) used in the galleys to express the action of furling the sails.
ACURTIDO'R, f. m. vid. *CURTIDO'R*.
ACURTI'R, v. a. vid. *CURTI'R*.
ACUSACIO'N, f. f. an accusation.
ACUSADO'R, f. m. accuser, evidence.
ACUSAMIE'NTO, f. m. an accusation.
ACUSA'R, v. a. to accuse, to charge with offences.
Acusárse, v. r. to accuse one's self.
ACUSATI'VO, f. m. the accusative case.
ACUSATO'RIO, adj. accusatory.
ACUTA'NGULO, f. m. an acute angled triangle.

ADA

ADAFI'NA, f. f. a sort of ragoo used among Jews in Spain.
ADA'GIO, f. m. an adage, a proverb.
ADAGUA'R, v. a. to water cattle.
ADAHA'LA, f. f. vid. *ADEHA'LA*
ADA'LA, f. a gutter, a nautical word.
ADALI'D, f. m. a guide, a conductor. This word is generally used for those that conduct armies.
ADAMADI'LLO, adj. sparkish, beauish.
ADAMA'DO, adj. finical, fine, nice, dainty, lady-like.
ADAMADURA, f. f. effeminacy.
ADAMAMIE'NTO, f. m. vid. *ADAMADU'RA*.
ADAMA'R, v. a. to love eagerly.
Adamárse. v. r. to make, or become finical, nice, dainty, or lady-like.
ADAMASCA'DO, adj. diversified or variegated like a damasked stuff.
ADANI'SMO, f. m. a meeting of naked men and women; or the sect called Adamites.
ADAPONE'R, v. a. to present. Obf.
ADAPTA'DO, f. m. a person who is fit, or proper for any thing.
ADAPTA'R, v. a. to adapt, to fit, to make equal.
ADARAGADA'NTE, f. m. one who covers himself with a target.
ADA'RGA, f. f. a short light target, or buckler, made of buffaloo's hide, or buff, used by the Spaniards and Africans.
ADARGA'MA, f. f. the finest flour.
ADARGA'R, v. a. to arm or cover with a target, or buckler, to stand upon one's guard.
Adargárse, v. r. to be covered with a target or buckler.
ADA'RME, f m. a dram weight; also a small piece of money formerly so called in Spain.
ADARME'NTO, f. m. a herd of cows.
ADARVA'DO. adj. stupified, benumbed, or become motionless with a fright, like the statues they used formerly to set on the *adarves*, or walls, to make the number of the defendants seem the greater.
ADARVA'R, v. a. obf. to stupify; to strike with wonder.
ADA'RVE, f. m. the space or breadth on the top of the walls of a fortified place, where the battlements are for the defendants to stand on.
Prov. *Abáxanse los adárves, y levantanse los muladáres*, the high walls stoop, and the dunghills rise, used when persons of note humble them selves, or are cast down, and base fellows strive to look great, or rise high.
Adaután bebér adaután, to drink to a pitch, to drink hard; to drink as much as another.

ADE

ADEFI'NA, f. f. vid. *ADAFI'NA*.
ADEFE'SIOS, f. f. *hablar adefesios*, to speak nothing to the purpose; or though it be to the purpose, to talk to those that will not mind, or at least will not admit of what is said.
ADEFUE'RA, adv. outwardly, externally.
ADEHA'LA, f. f. any thing taken or given over and above the bargain agreed on.
ADELANTACI'ON, f. f. vid. *ADELANTAMIENTO*.
ADELANTADAME'NTE, adv. before time.
ADELANTA'DO, f. m. a president, one that is chief, or placed over others.
ADELANTAMIE'NTO, f. m. going before, advancing, rising to preferment; also the post and authority of the lord lieutenant of a province; and the province itself that is under such a governor.
ADELANTA'R, v. a. to go before, to advance, to rise to preferment, to excel, to outstrip others.
Adelantárse, v. r. to advance one's self, to go forwards.
ADELA'NTE, adv. before, beyond; also on, or go on, go forwards.
Mas adelánte, farther yet.
De oy en adelánte, from this time forward.
ADE'LFA, f. f. the plant oleander, or rose-bay-tree.
ADELGAZADO'R, f. m. one that make things small and slender.
ADELGAZAMIE'NTO, f. m. a lessening, decreasing, a diminution.
ADELGAZA'R, v. a. to make small or slender, to grow slender; also to subtilize, to use subtilities, to refine.
Adelgazár la pluma, to make a pen write small.
Adelgazár un punto, ò questión, to canvass a point, to manage it nicely to make the most of it.
ADELGAZA'RSE, v. r. to grow thin.
ADEMAN, f. f. trick, motion, gesture.
ADEMA'S, adv. moreover, over and above.
ADENSA'R, v. a. to condense, to make thick.
ADENTELLA'DAS, adv. by mouthfuls, by bites of the teeth.
ADENTALLADO'R, f. m. one that bites, snaps; or marks with his teeth.
ADENTALLADU'RA, f. f. a biting, snapping, or setting of the teeth in a thing.

ADENTALLA'R. v. a. to bite, to snap, to set the teeth in a thing.

ADE'NTRO, adv. within.

Volver lo de adentro afuéra, to turn the inside out.

ADEQUACIO'N, s. f. adequation.

ADEQUADAME'NTE, adv. adequately, completely.

ADEQUA'DO, adj. adequate.

ADEQUA'R, v. a. to make equal.

ADERE'CHAS, adv. on the right hand, on the right way.

A tuertas ò à derechas, right or wrong.

ADEREZAMIE'NTO, s. m. dressing, making straight, setting in order, adorning.

ADEREZA'R, v. a. to dress, to make straight, prepare, furnish, make ready, set in order, adorn.

Aderezár la casa, to furnish, or set the house in order.

Aderezár las calles, to hang and adorn the streets.

Aderezár el camino, to repair the highway.

Aderezár la comida, to dress meat.

Aderezárse, v. r. to dress one's self; also to paint as women do.

ADERE'ZO, s. m. dressing, order, ornament.

Aderezo de diamantes, a set of diamonds.

ADE'RRA, s. f. a mop made of rushes.

ADESHO'RA, adv. out of time, out of season; also on a sudden, unexpected, unlooked for.

ADESTRADO'R, s. m. one that guides, directs, or instructs.

ADESTRA'R, v. a. to guide, direct, or instruct.

Adestrarse, v. a. to exercise one's self.

ADEUDA'RSE, v. r. to run in debt.

ADEVINACIO'N, s. f. divination. Vid. *ADIVINACION*.

ADEVINA'NZA, s. f. foretelling; also guessing. Vid. *ADIVINANZA*.

ADH

ADHERE'NCIA, s. f. adherence, connexion.

Tener adherencias, to have friends to get a name.

ADHERE'NTE, s. an adherent.

ADHERE'R, v. n. to cleave, or to adhere to, to cling, or keep close to.

ADHESIO'N, s. f. adherence, adhesion.

ADI

ADIA'DO, adj. appointed on a certain day, or that has a day set him.

ADIAMANTA'DO, adj. hard like a diamond, adamantine.

ADICIO'N, s. f. an addition.

ADICIONADO'R, s. m. one who makes a new addition.

ADICIONA'R, v. a. to add.

ADINTELA'DO, (*termino de architectura*) an arch ending in a right line.

ADI'R, v. a. Obs. to distribute, to divide into compartments.

ADITAME'NTO, s. m. an addition, a supply; also a revenue.

ADITI'CIO, adj. added.

ADIVA, s. m. a beast in Asia, much resembling a dog, but with a fox's tail.

ADI'VAS, s. f. pl. the disease in horses and other beasts called the *vives*; also crooked pins put into dog's meat to kill them.

ADI'VE, s. m. v. adiva.

ADIVINACIO'N, s. f. divining, guessing at things to come.

ADIVINADO'R, s. m. a diviner, a fortune-teller, a soothsayer.

ADIVINA'NZA, s. f. divining, guessing at what is to happen.

ADIVINA'R, v. a. to divine, to guess at what is to happen.

ADIVI'NO, s. m. a soothsayer, a fortuneteller, a diviner.

Adivina quien te dió, guess who hit you; the play used by children, called hot cockles.

Prov. *Lo que con el ojo se ve, con el dedo se adivina*, what the eyes see, the finger divines; that is, in things plain and visible there needs no art or conjuration to make them out.

ADJETIVACIO'N, s. f. the art of joining nouns adjectives with substantives.

ADJETIVA'R, v. a. to agree together like adjectives with substantives. *Adjectiva bien*, he writes elegantly.

ADJECTI'VO, s. (*termino de gramatica*) an adjective.

ADJUDICACIO'N, s. f. adjudging, giving by sentence of the court.

ADJUDICA'R, v. a. to adjudge, to award, to give by sentence of the court.

Adjudicárse, v. r. to appropriate any thing to one's self.

ADM

ADMINICULA'R, v. a. to help or succour in trivial things.

ADMINI'CULO, s. m. supply, succour in small things, vehicle.

ADMINISTRACIO'N, s. f. administration, managing of affairs.

ADMINISTRADO'R, s. m. he that administers, a manager, a distributer.

Prov. *Administradóricillos, comér en plata y morir en grillos*, guardians and administrators generally live well, but are frequently deficient in their accounts, and often perish in gaol.

ADMINISTRA'R, v. a. to administer, to manage, to distribute.

ADMIRABLE, adj. admirable, wonderful, excellent.

ADMIRABLEME'NTE, v. admirably, wonderfully, excellently.

ADMIRACIO'N, s. f. admiration, wonder, astonishment, excellency.

ADMIRA'R, v. a. to admire, or be admired, to wonder, and to cause astonishment.

Admirárse, v. r. to be astonished, to be amazed.

ADMIRATI'VO, adj. wondering.

ADMISSION, s. f. admission, admittance, entrance.

ADMITI'R, v. a. to admit, receive, or allow of.

ADMONICIO'N, s. f. admonition, advice.

ADMONITOR, s. m. an adviser.

ADN

ADNA'TA, s. f. the tunicle covering the interior part of the eye.

ADO

ADO', adv. where, or whither.
ADOBADO, adj. put into a pickle, well seasoned.
ADOBADO'R, s. botcher, mender, patcher.
ADOBAR, v. a. to dress meat, to botch cloaths, to cobble shoes, to daub, to plaister, to set right, to pickle.
Adobár cuéros, to tan or dress hides, or skins.
ADO'BE, s. m. the clay which bricks are made of, that are not burnt, but only dried in the sun; thence used for other clay, or composition like it.
ADOBERI'A, s. f. the pickling place.
ADO'BIO, *ADO'BO*, s. m. mending, repairing, or daubing.
Adóbo, s. m. pickle.
ADOCENA'R, v. a. to make into dozens; also to despise.
ADOCI'R, v. a. obs. to bring.
ADOLECE'R, v. n. pres. *adolésco*, pret. *adoleci*, to fall sick, to be under any tedious distemper.
Adolecérse, v. r. to condole, to pity.
ADOLENTA'RSE, v. r. to grow sick, diseased, or in pain.
ADOLESCE'NCIA, s. f. adolescence, youth.
ADOLESCE'NTE, s. m. a youth, a young man.
ADO'LO, adv. a rustick word, where, whither.
ADOLORA'DO, adj. grieved, sorry, sorrowful.
ADO'NDE, adv. where, whither.
Adónde quiéra, wheresoever, or whithersoever.
ADOPCIO'N, s. f. adoption, taking another for one's son and heir.
ADOPTADO'R, s. m. he that adopts or takes another in the place of his own son.
ADOPTA'R, v. a. to adopt, to take another's child for one's own; metaphorically, to graft trees.
ADOPTI'VO, adj. adoptive; also counterfeit.
ADO'R, s. m. a time appointed for watering gardens.
ADORA'BLE, adj. one term, adorable.
ADORACIO'N, s. f. adoration.
ADORADO'R, s. m. adorer, worshipper.
ADORA'R, v. a. to adore, to worship, to reverence; also to be passionately in love.
Fuláno quiére ser adorádo, such a one is so proud, he would have a sort of adoration paid him.
ADORATORIO, s. m. a temple of idols.
ADORMECEDO'R, s. m. a thing that causes sleep.
ADORMECE'R, v. a to nap, to nod, as when one is neither fast asleep, nor quite awake, to grow sleepy, to slumber.
Adormecérse la pierna, o brazo, is when a leg or arm is numbed with being long in one posture.
Adormecérse, v. r. to be nodding or napping.
ADORMECIME'NTO, s. m. slumbering, nodding, growing sleepy.
ADORMIDE'RAS, s. f white poppies.
ADORMIMIE'NTO, s. m. vid. *ADORMECIMIENTO.*
ADORMI'R, v. a. vid. *ADORMECER.*
ADORMI'RSE, vid. *ADORMECERSE.*
ADORNA'R, v. a. to adorn, to trim up, to grace, to beautify.
ADORNADO'R, s. one that adorns, dresses, or sets out to the best advantage.
Adornárse, v. r. to be adorned, set out to the best advantage.
ADO'RNO, s. m. ornament.
ADO'S, adv. so many to so many, love.
A dos mános, adv. liberally, prodigally.
Dós á dós, adv. two against two, two to two.
ADOTAR, v. a. v. adoptar.

A D Q

ADQUIRIDO'R, s. m. one that acquires, purchases, procures, obtains, or gets.
ADQUIRI'R, v. a. to acquire, to purchase, obtain, procure, get.
ADQUISICIO'N, s. f. acquisition.

A D R

ADREDAÑAS, adv. vid. *ADREDE.*
ADREDE, adv. purposely, designedly, premeditately.
ADREDEME'NTE, adv. vid. *ADREDE.*
ADRIA'NES, s. m. corns, or hardness in the flesh growing in any part of the body; also magpies nests.
ADRIZAR la galera, to trim the galley.
ADRO'LLA, vid. *HADROLLA.*
ADRUBADO, adj. hump-backed, round shouldered. Vid. *ESTROPEADO.*

A D S

ADSTRICCIO'N, s. f. compression of pores.
ADSTRINGI'R, vid. *ASTRINGER.*

A D U

ADUA'NA, s. f. the custom-house; (in cant) a bawdy house.
ADUANE'RO, s. m. a custom-house officer, one that receives the duty upon goods.
ADUA'R, s. m. a village of tents or huts, which is removed up and down; a street of booths or tents, shepherds cottages, properly a village of Arabs, who remove about.
ADUCA'R, s. f. a coarse silk stuff.
ADU'CHO, adj. tried, proved, experienced.
ADUCI'R, v. a. to bring.
ADU'FE, s. m. a timbrel, or sort of tabor.
ADUFE'RO, s. m. one that plays on a timbrel, or tabor, or he that makes or sells them.
ADU'LA, s. f. a place that is destitute of water, for want of a servant to supply it.
ADULACIO'N, s. f. flattery.
ADULAD'OR, s. m. a flatterer, a sycophant.
ADULA'R, v. a. to flatter, to sooth, to play the sycophant.
Adulárse, v. r. to flatter oneself.

ADULEAR

ADULEA'R, v. a. to cry loud by intervals, to howl.
ADULE'RO, f. m. he who has the care of a number of beafts of burde non holidays, or when they are left to reft.
ADULE'RO, f. m. a vociferous fellow.
ADULTERACIO'N, f. f. adulteration.
ADULTERADO'R, f. m. the perfon who adulterates, vitiates, or corrupts; alfo the perfon who commits adultery.
ADULTERA'R, v. a. to adulterate. to vitiate, to corrupt, to commit adultery.
ADULTERINAME'NTE, adv. adulterately, corruptly.
ADULTERI'NO, adj. adulterate, counterfeit, vitiate, falfified; a child got in adultery.
ADULTE'RIO, f. m. adultery.
ADU'LTERO, f. m. f. an adulterer.
ADU'LTO, adj. one that is grown up, or come to the age of man.
ADULZAR, vid. *ENDULZAR*.
ADUNA'R, v. a. to meet together, to affemble.
Adunarfe, v. r. to be affembled.
ADU'NIA, adv. enough, fufficient, plenty. Obf.
ADUSTIO'N, f. f. burning.
ADU'STO, adj. burned up, dried up, by the heat of the fun.
ADUTA'QUE, f. f. the fineft meal.
A'DVENA, f. m. a foreigner, ftranger.
ADVENEDI'ZO, adj. one who fettles in a foreign country.
ADVENIDE'RO, adj. that which is to come.
ADVENIMIE'NTO, vid. *VENIDA*.
ADVENI'R, v. a. obf. to come.
ADVENTI'CIO, adj. adventitious, cafual, accidental.
ADVE'RBIO, f. m. an adverb.
ADVERSAME'NTE, adv. unhappily, unluckily.
ADVERSA'RIO, adj. unfortunate, unlucky.
Adverfario, f. m. an adverfary, an enemy.
Adverfarios, f. m. plur. a collection, of notes, extracts.

ADVERSATI'VO, adj. adverfative.
ADVERSIDA'D, f. f. adverfity, ill fortune.
ADVERSIO'N, vid. *ADVERTENCIA*.
ADVERSO, adj. unhappy, adverfe.
ADVERTE'NCIA, f. f. adverfity, attention, alfo advice, counfel.
ADVERTIDAME'NTE, adv. on purpofe.
ADVERTIMIE'NTO, vid. *ADVERTE'NCIA*.
ADVERTI'R, v. a. to take into confideration, to reflect upon; alfo to counfel, to advife. *Un hombre advertido*, a cautious careful man.
ADVIE'NTO, f. m. advent.
ADVOCACIO'N, f. f. the name given to a church.
ADVOCA'DO, vid. *ABOGADO*.
ADVOCAR, vid. *AVOCAR*, or *ABOGAR*.
ADYACE'NCIA, f. f. the fituation of a thing near another.
ADYACE'NTE, adj. adjacent, near, contiguous.

A E C

AECHADE'RO, f. m. the place where corn is winnowed.
AECHADO'R, f. m. one who winnows corn.
AECHADADU'RAS, f. f. pl. the fiftings.
AECHA'R, v. a. to winnow, to fan; alfo to perfectionate.

A E R

AE'REO, adj. aerial, ethereal; alfo vain, ufelefs. *Titulo aerio*, a vain title.
AEREOMANCI'A, f. f. the art of divining, by obferving the air.
AEREOMA'NTICO, f. m. the perfon who foretels or divines by the air.
AEREOPHILA'CIOS, f. m. pl. cavities in the earth, full of air.

A E S

A ESCARRAMONCHONES, adv. aftride.
A ESCONDI'DAS, adv. hiddenly, privately.

A ESCONDIDI'LLAS, adv. privately.
A ESCU'RAS, adv. in the dark alfo inconfiderately, or conjecturally. *Dexar a uno a efcuras*, to baffle one, to deceive him.
A ESQUADRA, adv. at right angles.

A E X

AEXCU'SO, adv. privately.

A F A

AFABILIDA'D, f. f. affability.
AFA'BLE, adj. affable, eafy to be fpoken with, and courteous in fpeech.
AFABLEMENTE, adv. affably courteoufly, obligingly.
AFACIMIENTO, f. m. obf. familiarity.
AFALAGA'R, v. a. to fawn, coax or wheedle.
AFAMADO'R, one that fpreads abroad reports, or endeavours to make others famous.
AFAMA'R, v. a. to make, or to become famous and renowned.
Afamárfe, v. r. to be famous.
AFA'N, f. m. labour, wearinefs, vexation, exceffive care, or anxiety.
AFANADAMENTE, adv. laborioufly vexatioufly.
AFANADO'R, f. m. one that takes much, pains, or rather that is always caring over-anxious, or folicitous.
AFANA'R, v. a. to toil, to labour, to be weary; to be over careful, onxious, or folicitous.
AFA'NO, f. m. obf. vid. *AFAN*.
AFASCALA'R, v. a to heap up the sheaves in the field.

A F E

AFE', adv. faith, in truth, verily by my faith.
AFEADO'R, f. m. he that deforms or makes any thing ugly; he that reprefents things in the worft manner.
AFEAMIE'NTO, f. m. defaming, deforming, making ugly, or reprefenting tings heinoufly.
AFEA'R, v. a. to deform, or make any thing ugly; alfo to cry down,

to repreſent any thing in the worſt manner.

Afeár un delito, to repreſent a crime as black as may be.

AFECCIO'N, ſ. f. affection, love, benevolence, good-will; alſo aggregation, union.

AFECTACIO'N, ſ. f. affectation, overmuch niceneſs in ſpeaking, writing, dreſſing, or the like; from the Lat. *affectatio*.

AFECTADAME'NTE, adv. affectedly.

AFECTADO'R, ſ. m. the perſon who affects.

AFECTA'R, v. a. to affect, or to uſe affectation.

AFECTI'LLO, ſ. m. diminut. of *afecto*.

AFECTI'VO, adj. belonging to affection.

AFE'CTO, ſ. m. ſubſt. an affection of the mind; alſo affection or kindneſs.

Afecto, adj. affected, inclined, well diſpoſed.

AFECTUOSAME'NTE, adv. amorouſly.

AFECTUO'SO, adj. amorous.

AFEITADAME'NTE, adv. handſomely.

AFEITA'DOR, ſ. m. a barber.

AFEITAR, v. a. to dreſs, to clean, to paint the face as women do; alſo to adorn, to beautify; alſo to shave.

AFE'ITE, ſ. m. paint, or dreſſing.

AFELPA'DO, adj. hairy.

AFEMINA'CION, ſ. f. effeminancy.

AFEMINA'DO, ſ. effeminate in carriage, habit, or otherwiſe; ſometimes ſignifying a man that has a womanish shape or face, of a weak conſtitution.

AFEMINA'R, v. a. to effeminate.

AFE'RES, ſ. m. affairs, buſineſs, generally taken for buſineſs of little conſequence or moment. Obſ.

AFERMOSEA'R, v. a. vid. *HERMOSEA'R*.

AFERRADO'R, ſ. m. the perſon who grapples.

AFERRA'R, v. a. to grapple, to anchor as ships do, to hook together, to lay faſt hold of, to cramp with iron.

Aferrárſe, v. r. to be grappled, or hooked together with irons.

Aferrárſe en ſu parecer, to be poſitive in one's own opinion.

AFERRAVE'LAS, ſ. f. pl. ſmall lines reev'd into the eyelet-holes of the ſails, under the head rope, to make faſt the ſail to the yard, called by our ſailors the robbins.

AFERVENTA'R, v. a. to make hot.

AFERVORA'RSE, v. r. vid. *ENFERVORISARSE*.

AFERVORIZA'R, v. a. to raiſe into a heat.

AFIANZA'R, v. a. to be ſecurity, to bail, to prop, to ſecure; to fix a criminal on the rack in order to torture him.

A F I

AFICE, ſ. m. an overſeer, a maſter in any trade to examine work or wares.

AFICIO'N, ſ. f. affection, inclination, love.

AFICIONADAME'NTE, adv. affectionately.

AFICIONA'R, v. a. to gain the affection or love of others.

Aficionárſe, v. r. to take an affection to any thing or perſon.

AFIE'RRO, vid. *AFERRAR*.

AFI'GIR, v. a. obſ. to fix, to faſten.

AFILADO'R, a sharpener of tools, one that whets.

AFILADU'RA, sharpening of tools, or whetting.

AFILA'R, v. a. to sharpen, to whet, from the word *filo*; an edge.

Afilár el ingénio, to sharpen the with.

Afilárſe, v. r. to be sharpened, to be whetted.

AFILIGRANA'DO, adj. very thin, nice, delicate, delicately done.

AFI'N, adv. to the end that; properly two words.

AFI'N, ſ. m. a kinſman, a relation by affinity.

AFINACIO'N, ſ. f. affinage, refining of metals.

AFINADAME'NTE, adv. finally, perfectly.

AFINADO'R, ſ. m. one that finishes, brings to perfection, or ends; a refiner.

AFINADU'RA, ſ. f. a perfecting, finishing, bringing to an end or concluſion; dying; alſo refining.

AFINA'R, v. a. to perfect, finish, or bring to an end, or concluſion; to die, to refine, to tune inſtruments nicely.

Afinár los metales, to refine metals.

AFINCADAME'NTE, adv. vehemently, earneſtly.

AFINCAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. the force of a blow.

AFINCA'R, v. a. to faſten, to be conſtant.

AFI'NCO, ſ. m. vid. *AHINCO*.

AFINIDA'D, ſ. f. affinity, the kindred that in contracted by marriage, without the tie of conſanguinity.

AFINOJA'RSE, v. r. obſ. to kneel down.

AFI'R, ſ. m. a liquor made of juniper berries.

AFIRMACIO'N, ſ. f. in affirmation in diſcourſe; alſo making faſt, or ſtrengthning.

AFIRMADAME'NTE, adv. affirmatively; alſo ſtrongly.

AFIRMADO'R, ſ. m. one that affirms with words; or one that makes faſt any thing.

AFIRMAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. the action of affirming.

AFIRMA'NTE, p. a. a deponent, one that affirms any thing, or avouches.

AFIRMA'NZA, ſ. f. ſtability.

AFIRMA'R, v. a. to affirm, to reſt upon, to avouch, to fix; in fencing, to make directly at one's adverſary with the point of one's ſword.

Afirmárſe, v. r. to be certain, to be aſſured.

AFFIRMATIVA, ſ. f. the affirmative, oppoſite to the negative.

AFIRMATIVAME'NTE, adv. affirmatively; alſo ſtrongly.

AFIRMATI'VO, adj. that ſtands upon the affirmative, that faſtens or makes ſure.

AFISTOLA'R, v. a. to grow into a *fiſtula*; alſo to play on a pipe, or to make any thing in the shape of a pipe.

AFIXAMIE'NTO, f. m. the action of fixing any thing.
AFIXA'R, v. a. to affix, made faft to.

A F L

AFLECHA'TES, f. m. the fmall ropes made faft acrofs the fhrouds, like ladders, for men to ride up; called by our failors the ratlings of the fhrouds.
AFLETADO'R, f. m. a freighter of a fhip.
AFLETAMIE'NTO, f. m. the hiring, or freighting of a fhip.
AFLETA'R, v. a. to hire, to freight a fhip.
AFLICCIO'N, f. f. affliction, forrow, trouble.
AFLICTO, adj. afflicted, grieved, troubled, forry, forrowful.
AFLIGIDAME'NTE, afflictedly.
AFLIGIDO'R, f. m. one that afflicts, troubles, or molefts others.
AFLIGIMIE'NTO, f. m. affliction.
AFLIGI'R, v. a. pref. *aflijo*, to afflict, trouble, grieve.
AFLOXADO'R, f. m. one that loofens, weakens, affuages, mitigates, flackens.
AFLOXADU'RA, f. f. a loofening, a relaxation.
AFLOXA'R, v. a. to let loofe, to flacken, to mitigate to grow eafy.
Afloxár el arco, to unbend the bow.
Afloxár el brio, to lofe courage.
Afloxár el dolór, is for a pain to abate.
Afloxár las agujétas, to untie the points, to untrufs a point.
AFLUE'NCIA, f. f. affluence, abundance.
AFLUE'NTE, adj. abundant, copious, fluent.
A'FO, f. m. a den, a cave.
AFOGA'R, v. a. vid. *AHOGAR*.
AFOLLA'DO, adj. blown up, as we do the fire; alfo made in puffs, as was formerly ufed in garments to have great puffs of filk.
Afolládo, f. m. a pair of breeches made in large plaits.
AFOLLA'R, v. a. to blow, to make puffs upon a thing to be worn, to make a garment very full.
AFONDA'R, v. a. to fink down.
AFORA'DO, adj. that has got a privilege or charter, or one made free of a corporation that has a charter, and therefore fubject to its laws.
AFORADO'R, f. m. the perfon who gauges.
AFORAMIE'NTO, vid. *AFUERO*.
AFORA'R, v. a. to make free of a corporation, to grant a privilege, or charter.
AFORISMA, f. m. a fwelling, a diftemper among beafts.
AFORI'SMO, f. m. an aphorifm, a fuccinct account, a short determinative fentence, a rule in phyfic.
AFO'RO, f. m. the meafurement, or the dimenfion of the casks.
AFORRADO'R, f. m. a liner.
AFORRADU'RA, f. f. a lining.
AFORRAR, v. a. to line; alfo to make a flave free.
AFO'RRO, f. m. a lining.
AFORTUNADAME'NTE, adv. fortunately, luckily, fuccefsfully.
AFORTUNA'DO, adj. fortunate, lucky, profperous, fuccefsful.
AFORTUNA'R, v. a. to make or become fortunate or lucky.
AFRATELLARSE, v. r. to become as familiar as a brother.

A F R

AFRECHA'DO, obf. adj. fifted from the bran, or mixed or ftrewed with bran.
AFRECHADU'RA, f. f. obf. bran; alfo the mixing or compound with bran.
AFRECHA'R, v. a. obf. to fift the bran out of the meal; alfo to mix any ting with bran.
AFRI'CHO, f. m. obf. bran.
AFRE'NTA, f. f. an affront, a dishonour, or difgrace.
AFRENTADO'R, f. m. one that affronts, or dishonours another.
AFRENTA'R, v. a. to affront, difgrace, or dishonour.
Afrentárfe, v. r. to be affronted, to be difgraced, dishonoured.
AFRENTOSAME'NTE, adv. dishonourably, shamefully, after a difgraceful manner.
AFRENTO'SO, adj. dishonourable, shameful, difgraceful.
AFRETA'R, v. a. to clean a ship.
A'FRICO, f. m. the fouth-weft wind.
AFRISONADO, adj. corpulent, not well shaped; faid of horfes.
AFRONTAMIE'NTO, f. m. the act of confronting or facing one another.
AFRONTA'R, v. a. to confront, as was ufed with witneffes and criminals; in old Spanish it fignified to require, and fometimes to affront.
Afrontárfe, v. r. to be brought face to face.
AFRUENTA'R, v. a. to advife, admonish, to give counfel.
AFUSIA'R, v. a to give fecurity for another.

A F U

AFUE'R, adv. after the manner.
AFUE'RA, adv. without; alfo a word of command, as make room.
AFUE'ROS, f. m. pl. a word ufed among merchants, fignifying the rate put upon the goods at the cuftomhoufe, or the general valuation of them, in order to pay the king's duties.
AFU'FA, f. f. flight, running away.
AFUFA'R, v. a. to fcamper, to make way, to fly; a fort of cant word.
AFUFE'LAS, *AFUFO'LAS*, adv. obf. giving the flip, by running away.
AFUFON, f. m. an efcape.
AFUMADA, f. f. a fignal given by fmoke.
AFUMA'R, v. a. to fmoke.
AFU'STE, f. m. the carriage for a gun by land, which are long, and with high wheels, fit to be drawn by horfes; the carriages of guns at fea in Spanish are called *cureñas*.
AFUYENTAR, v. a. to put to flight.
AFUZI'A, obf. confidence, hope.
AFUZIA'R, v. a. to put in hope, to affure; from *fuzia*.

A G A

AGA', f. m. commander of the Janizaries in Turky.

AGACHADIZA, s. f. a small bird of the patridge kind.
AGACHA'R, v. a. to lie squat or flat.
AGALANA'R, v. a. to deck, to make fine, to adorn.
AGA'LLA, s. f. a gall nut, such as ink is made of; a kernel in the flesh, the gill of a fish, the almonds of the ears.
Agállas de acipres, the cypress nut.
Tenér caidas las agállas, to have the almonds of the ears down.
AGALLO'NES, s. m. pl. great hollow silver beads, like galls, of which the country brides in Spain used to wear strings for ornament.
AGAMITA'R, v. a. to imitate the cry of small game, to imitate the bleating of a young hind, or fawn.
AGARBARSE, v. r. to hide one's self suddenly; said of a hare when hunted.
AGARE'NO, a Moor, an Arab, any of the race of Ishmael.
AGA'RICO, s. m. agarick, a sweet smelling mushroom, which shines in the night, and grows on high trees, especially the larix.
AGARRADO'R, s. m. f. one who gripes or grasps.
AGARRA'MA, s. f. a king of tribute.
AGARRAR', v. a. to grasp, to gripe, to lay fast hold of, as birds of prey do with their talons, called *garras*.
AGARRO, s. m. the action of grasping any thing.
AGARROCHA'R, v. a. to prick, or stick full of those small darts they use in Spain called *garrochas*; to prick and fret the bulls at the bull-feasts.
AGARROTA'R, v. a to bind, or tie with cords.
AGASAJADO'R, s. m. one who makes much of, or entertains his friends well.
AGASAJA'R, v. a. to make much of, to treat, or entertain lovingly.
AGASA'JO, s. m. kind and loving usage and entertainment; also a present, a gift.
AGASTA'R, v. a. vid. *GASTAR*.
AGATA, s. f. an agate.
AGATA'R, v. a. to creep on all four, like a cat.
AGA'TAS, adv. going on all four, like a cat.
AGAVA'NZA, s. f. a bush like a bramble.
AGAVILLA'R, v. a. to truss, or bundle up, to tie up like a faggot; from *gavilla*, a faggot.
AGAZAPA'R, v. a. *AGAZAPA'RSE*, v. n. to squat down, or squat one's self down like a hare.
AGEDRE'Z, s. m. the game of chess.
AGEGA'DO, adj. obs. got together.
AGENCI'A, s. f. diligence, application, care, agency.
AGENCIA'R, v. a. to procure any thing diligently.
AGENCIO'SO, adj. active, solicitous.
AGE'NO, adj. of another, belonging to another.
AGENOLLA'RSE, v. r. to kneel down.
AGE'NTE, s. m. an agent.
AGENU'Z, s. m. cockle, the weed that grows among corn.
AGERA'TO, s. m. a kind of acrimony; some call it maudlin and eupatory.
AGESTA'DO, adj. countenanced; as *bien agestádo*, one that has a good face or countenance.

A G I

AGI', s. m. Guinea pepper.
AGIGANTA'DO, adj. giant like.
A'GIL, adj. nimble, active; from te Latin *agilis*.
AGILIDA'D, s. f. agility, nimbleness, levity.
AGILITA'R. v. a. to facilitate, or make easy.
AGILME'NTE, adv. nimbly, quickly.
AGIRONA'R, v. a. to put three cornered pieces or gores into a garment.
AGITACIO'N, s. f. agitation.
AGITA'R, v. a. to agitate, to be about doing a thing; also to molest, to vex.
AGITA'NTE, p. a. from *agitár*.
AGITIDES, s. f. pl the veins under the tongue.

A G L

AGLAYA'RSE, v. r. to be stupified, astonished, or amazed, with any sudden accident or surprize.
AGLA'YO, s. m. obs. surprize, astonishment, stupefaction.

A G N

AGNACIO'N, s. f. a relation by the father's side.
AGNA'DO, s. m. a kinsman by the father's side.
AGNOCASTO, s. m. a sort of ozier, called chaste-tree.
A'GNUS DEI, s. m. a flat cake of wax, cast with a lamb on one side, and some other figure on the reverse; so called from the lamb on it, blessed by the pope, and kept as a relick.

A G O

AGOBIA'R, v. a. to bow, to bend as old men do.
AGOLA'R la véla, v. a. to hoise the sail as high as it will go.
AGONA'LES, s. m. pl. *juégos agonales*, sports or games celebrated formerly in Rome in honour of Janus.
AGONI'A, s. f. an agony, the great disorder a man is put into by any anguish, or passion, or the agony of death.
AGONI'STA, s. m. the person who is in agony.
AGONIZA'R, v. a to be in great anguish, to be giving up the ghost.
AGO'RA, adv. now, at this time.
AGORADO'R, s. m. a fortuneteller, soothsayer.
AGORA'R, v. a. to divine, to tell fortunes, to guess; also to be superstitious in observing signs of what will happen, or omens.
AGORERI'A, s. f. foretelling of things to come, fortune-telling,

or superstition in observing omens.

AGORE'RO, s. m. a soothsayer, a fortune-teller; one that is superstitious in observing signs of what will happen, or omens.

AGOSTADE'RO; s. m. a summer-house, a cool place to keep cattle in the heat of summer; also any place to lay up the harvest.

AGOSTADO'R, s. m. one who lives in a summer-house, or in a cool place; metaph. one that spends another man's substance.

AGOSTA'R, v. a. to gather in the harvest; also to reside in some cool place in the heat of summer; to dry, wither, or parch in the heat of the sun; metaph, to spend to consume.

AGOSTE'RO, s. m. one that serves the reapers at harvest time.

AGOSTI'ZO, s. m. born or brought forth in August; also parched, withered, or burnt up with the sun.

AGO'STO, s. m. the month of August: it is also frequently used to signify the harvest, because August is the great harvest month.

AGOTADO'R, s. m. one that empties or drains.

AGOTADU'RA, s. f. emptying to the last drop, or draining.

AGOTA'R, v. a. to empty to the last drop, to drain, to exhaust.

Agotár la paciéncia, to tire one's patience.

Agotár la haziénda, to run out an estate.

Agotár un pozo, to drain a well.

Agotár un jarro, to drink up the liquor to the last drop.

A G R

AGRACE'RA, s. f. a vessel that contains verjuice.

AGRACIA'DO, adj. well favoured, or well behaved.

AGRACIA'R, v. a. to make things graceful, well shaped, or well favoured.

AGRAZO'NES, s. m. pl. green goosberries.

AGRADA'BLE, adj. grateful, acceptable, pleasing, of a courteous behaviour.

AGRADABLEME'NTE, adv. gratefully, acceptably, pleasingly, after a taking manner.

AGRADA'R, v. a. to please.

AGRADECE'R, v. a. to give thanks.

AGRADECI'DO, adj. grateful, thankful; also thanked.

Prov. *Al agradecido mas de lo pedido*, to a grateful man more than is asked; that is, grant him more than he asks, because gratitude deserves it.

AGRADECIMIE'NTO, s. m. thankfulness, gratitude.

AGRA'DO, s. m. pleasing, obliging behaviour.

AGRAMADE'RA, s. f. an instrument to cut hem with.

AGRAMA'R, v. a. to beat hemp.

AGRAME'NTE, adv. sourly, sharply, severely.

AGRAMI'ZA, s. f. the reeds in hemp growing.

AGRAMO'NIA, vid. *AGRIMONIA*.

AGRANDA'R, v. a. to magnify, to aggrandize.

AGRAVAMIE'NTO, s. m. heaviness, gravity.

AGRAVANTEME'NTE, adv. in a loading manner.

AGRAVA'R, v. a. to aggravate; to make heavy: as age or a distemper bears a man down.

AGRAVATO'RIO, adj. a writ in law, obliging the person to appear; also as a warrant from a justice.

AGRAVIADO'R, s. m. the offender.

AGRAVIA'R, v. a. to wrong, to injure.

Agraviárse, v. r. to be affronted.

AGRA'VIO, s. m. a wrong, an injury.

Prov. *Un agravio consentido, otro venido*, the taking of one wrong brings on another.

AGRA'Z, s. m. green sour grapes, verjuice.

AGRAZE'JO, s. m. the holm-tree.

AGRE, adj. obs. v. *AGRIO*.

AGREGACION, s. f. heaping together, gathering into one place; also accusing, or laying to one charge.

AGREGA'DO, s. m. a heap.

AGREGADO'R, s. m. one that heap together; also an accuser, one that lays things to another's charge.

AGREGAMIE'NTO, s. m. heaping together, gathering into one place; also accusing or laying to another's charge.

AGREGAR, v. a. to gather into one place, to heap together; accuse, or lay to one's charge.

AGRE'LLES, s. f. the herb sorrel; a word little in use.

AGRESSO'R, s. m. the aggressor or offender.

AGRE'STE, adj. rustick, clownish, unpolished, country-like.

Agreste, adj. all things produced by nature herself without cultivation.

AGRE'TE, s. m. any thing a little sourish.

AGRIAME'NTE, adv. sourly, tartly, severely.

AGRICULTO'R, s. m. a husbandman.

AGRICULTU'RA, s. f. husbandry, tillage.

AGRIDU'LCE, adj. between sweet and sour.

AGRIFO'LIO, s. m. the holm or holly-tree.

AGRILLA'DO, adj. bound with fetters.

AGRI'LLO, adj. sourish, sharpish; metaph. pettish, or froward.

AGRIMO'NIA, s. f. the herb agrimony, or liver-wort.

A'GRIO, adj. sharp, sour, tart; metaph, peevish, ill-natured, also steep; as.

Subida agria, a steep ascent.

A'GRO, adj. sour.

AGRO'R, s. sourness, sharpness, tartness; metaphe, harshness of temper.

AGRUADO'R, s. m. obs. the person who offends.

AGRU'RA, s. f. sharpness, tartness, sourness; metaph. harshness of temper.

A G U

AGUA, s. f. water.

Agua de angeles, angels water, a sort of sweet water extracted from

ſeveral ſweet flowers of a moſt delicious ſcent, and therefore ſo called.

Agua de azahár, ſ. f. orange-flower-water.

Agua de cepas, wine.

Agua de cerrajas, the water of an herb called *cerrajas*; alſo they call *aguà de cerrajas*, every thing that is uſeleſs.

Agua de eſpiritu ſanto, the water uſed in baptiſm.

Agua de pié, running water, or ſpring water.

Agua fuerte, aqua fortis.

Agua lluvia, rain water.

Camelote de aguas, watered camlet.

Cinta de aguas, a watered ribbon.

Aguas vivas, the ſpring of a well or fountain.

Aguas vertientes, water running from mountains, and from the tops of the houſes.

Hacer aguas, (*meár*), to make water, to piſs.

Agua roſáda, ſ. f. roſe-water.

Agua de trébol, ſ. f. ſweet trefoil-water.

Agua benalta, ſ. f. holy-water.

Agua cirſina, ſ. f. a water betwixt the skin and the fleſh.

Agua ardiénte, ſ. f. brandy, or any ſtrong water.

Agua pié, ſ. f. a ſmall liquor made of the grapes ſqueezed a ſecond time, with water among them, after the wine has been preſſed out; ſo called, as it were the waſhings of feet.

Agua niéve, a ſleet, half rain, half ſnow.

Agua acerada, ſ. f. chalybeate, or ſteel water.

Agua miél, ſ. f. water and honey, a ſmall ſort of hydromel, or mead.

Agua canilla, ſ. f. a ſort of houſleek that grows on the tops of houſes.

Agua llovedìza, ſ. f. rain-water.

Agua chirle, ſ. f. water bewitched, any poor liquor good for nothing.

Agua mános, ſ. f. water to waſh the hands.

Agua de páſſo, ſ. f. a running water.

Agua viva, ſ. f. a ſpring water, or a flowering water.

Agua va, ſ. f. verbatim, it is water goes, the word uſed in Spain to give notice when any thing is thrown out of the virdow, for the people in the ſtreet to avoid is.

Aguas vivas, ſ. f. the ſpring tide, wich falls out with the full of the moon, when the water riſes higheſt with the flood, and falls loweſt with the ebb.

Aguas chieſtes, ſ. f. the neap-tide, which happens when the moon is in the middle of the ſecond and laſt quarter. It is the oppoſite to the ſpring, for in this the water never riſes ſo high, nor falls ſo low as in the ſpring-tide. The loweſt neap-tide is four days before the full or change of the moon.

Aguas muértas, ſ. f. ſtanding waters; alſo the low tides, or neap-tides; alſo the city *Aigues mortes* in Languedoc in France.

Aguas mayóres y menóres, ſ. f. a way of children expreſſing themſelves at ſchool, ſignifying to make water, and eaſe themſelves both.

AGUAS, ſ. f. it is alſo ſometimes taken for urine, and for the waters in watered ſilks or ſtuffs.

Hace aguà el navio, the ship is leaky.

Mas claro que el agua, clearer than water; this they ſay of any matter that is eaſy, without any difficulty.

La lengua del agua, the edge of the water.

Echárſe àl agua, verbatim, to leap into the water; metaphorically, to launch out, to venture upon any thing that is difficult or dangerous.

Hay más deſſo que de agua, there is more of that than of water; to expreſs the great plenty of it, that nothing is more common.

No dar un jarro de agua, not to give a pitcher of water; that is, to give nothing, to be niggardly in the higheſt degree.

Faltárle ha el agua, he will want water; to ſignify an idle lazy perſon that can get nothing, or one ſo unfortunate, that nothing ſucceeds with him.

Dále el agua à la bóca, the water is up to his mouth, he is in the utmoſt danger.

No vale ſus oréjas llénas de agua, he is not worht his ears full of water; that is, worth nothing, ſince nothing is ſo cheap as water, and no leſs quantity than what a man can hold in his ears.

Baylar el agua delánte, to dance with the water before one, that is, to be very nimble, or quick in performing one's duty, or pleaſing another; taken from the maids watering the rooms and courts in Spain in hot weather againſt their maſters come, doing it nimbly, as if they were dancing as they carry and ſcatter the water before them.

Llevár el agua à ſu molino, to carry the water in his own mill; that is, to turn all things to one's own advantage.

Tenér el agua, a la gargánta, to be up to the neck in water; to be in imminent danger.

Deſeádo como agua de Mayo, wished for like rain in May; this they ſay of any thing they earneſtly deſire or covet, becauſe in Spain rain in May fills the corn, and prevents that ſcarcity, which often follows a dry May, and is good for the vineyards.

AGUABRE'SA, ſ. f. a gutter.

AGUACA'TE, ſ. m. a green precious ſtone; alſo a ſort of fruit growing in New Spain, on a tree like a walnuttree.

AGUACE'RO, ſ. m. a violent shower, or ſtorm of rain.

AGUACEVE'RA, ſ. f. a dry ſoil, which is watered after it is ſown.

AGUA'CHA, ſ. f. corrupted water.

AGUACHINA'R, v. a. to fill any ſpot of ground full of water.

AGUACI'L, ſ. m. (*alguacil*) an officer of juſtice, a bailiff.

AGUACI'VERA, ſ. f. a portion of land ſown when dry, and watered afterwards.

AGUA'DA, ſ. f. watering, or taking fresh water into a ship.

AGUADA'ZA, ſ. f. a ſcythe.

AGUADE'RA, ſ. f. a frame ſet on an horſe or an aſs, to hold the earthen veſſels to carry water in.

AGUADE'RAS, ſ. f. in faulconry,

the flags which are four-feathered in each wing of the hawk, the next to the six principal feathers, called in Spanish *cuchillo*, and in English *sarcel* feathers.

AGUADE'RO, s. m. a watering-place, or a place to take water; also a water-carrier.

AGUA'DO, s. m. a man that does not drink wine.

Aguádo, adj. watered; also a waterdrinker.

Cabállo aguado, is a foundered horse.

AGUADO'R, s. m. a water-carrier, one that sells water.

AGUADUCHO, s. m. a conduit, or water-course; properly a gutter made by a sudden rain.

AGUA'GE, s. m. the rapidity of currents in the sea.

AGUAITADO'R, s. m. one that watches, or lies in wait for another.

AGUAITAMIE'NTO, s. m. an ambush, or snare, watching and lying in wait for another.

AGUAITA'R, v. a. to lie in wait, to lie in ambush, to wait to insnare another.

AGUAMANI'L, s. m. an ewer to carry water to wash the hands.

AGUAMANOS, s. m. water to wash the hands.

AGUAMIE'L, s. f. water and honey hydromel mead.

AGUANOSIDA'D, s. f. a watry humour in the body.

AGUANO'SO, adj. watery, damp.

AGUANTA'DO, suffered, tolerated, endured, borne with patience.

AGUANTA'R, v. a. to suffer, to tolerate, to endure, to bear patiently.

AGUA'NTE, s. m. strength, force.

AGUA'R, v. a. to water.

Aguár vino, to mix wine and water.

Aguár placéres, to disturb, allay, or spoil pleasures.

Aguárse, v. r. to benummed; (speaking of horses and other beasts.)

AGUARDA'DA, s. f. expectation.

AGUARDA'R, v. a. to expect, to attend, to stay, to wait for.

Aguardár, in music is to make rests, or pauses.

Aguardár por la déuda, to forbear a debt, and not to arrest the debtor.

No aguádor razónes, to proceed without hearing reason.

AGUARDENTE'RO, s. m. f. a brandy merchant.

AGUARDIE'NTE, s. f. brandy, spirit of wine.

AGUA'RRAS, s. f. spirit of turpentine prepared for varnishing.

AGUATO'CHA, s. f. the cock of a conduit, a tap, a syringe; also an engine to extinguish fire with.

AGUAXAQUE, s. m. gum ammoniac.

AGUA'ZA, s. f. a watery humour betwen the skin and the flesh.

AGUAZA'L, s. m. a marshy, fenny place.

AGUA'ZO, s. m. water-colour.

Aguázo, adv. in water-colours.

AGUCI'A, s. f. an earnest desire of obtaining or doing any thing. Obs.

AGUCIA'R, v. a. obs. to desire earnestly.

AGUCIOSAME'NTE, adv. eagerly, greedily, covetously. obs.

AGUDAME'NTE, adv. sharply, readily, wittily.

AGUDE'ZA, s. f. sharpness, readiness, quickness of wit, piercing of sight; also the sharpness of the edge of a tool.

AGUDI'LLO, adj. sharpish, or a little sharp fellow; diminutive of *agúdo*.

AGU'DO, adj. sharp, that has a cutting edge; also one that has a quick ready wit; also a person that cannot stay long in a place.

AGUE'LO, vid. *AVUELO*.

AGUE'RA, s. f. furrows in ploughed lands full of water.

AGUERA'R, v. a. to divine, to prophesy.

AGUE'RO, s. m. omen, a superstitious observation, or sign of what is to happen.

AGU'JA, s. f. a needle; also an obelisk; also the sharp part of the loin of any creature.

Agúja de bossár, a stitting needle.

Aguja de salmar, a great packing needle.

Agúja de mareár, the sea compass.

Agúja marina, a fish with a long sharp beak like a needle; also an herb with a kind of blade shooting out harp, called stork's-bill.

AGUJA'DA, s. f. a prick of a needle.

AGUJERA'R, } v. a. to bore, to pierce.
AGJEREA'R, } holes.

AGUJERI'LLO, s. m. a little hole.

AGUJE'RO, s. m. a hole; also a needlemaker.

AGUJE'TA, s. f. a point.

AGUJETE'RO, s. m. a point-maker.

AGUIJA'DA, s. f. a prick with a goad.

AGUIJADO'R, s. m. one that pricks on, or puts forward.

AGUIJAD'URA, s. f. putting on, or prinking forward.

AGUIJA'R, v. a. a to put on, to prick forward, to hasten, to spur on.

AGUIJEÑO, adj. gravelly, or full of prebble stones.

AGUI'JON, s. m. a goad, a prick, a sting.

Aguijon, s. m. a large needle.

Aguijonázo, s. m. a prick with a goad, or sting.

AGUIJONEA'R, v. a. to prick forward, to sting.

A'GUILA, s. f. an eagle.

Aguila pescadéra, an ospey.

Aguila negra, the hawk called a saker.

Aguila atahorma, a heron.

Aguila de flóres llanas, in cant, is a common plain thief.

AGUILEÑA'DO, adj. hook-nosed, or hawk-nosed.

AGUILEÑO, adj. of or belonging to an eagle, also hook or hawk-nosed.

AGUILU'CHO, s. m. an eagle's chicken, a young eagle; in cant, it is one that has a share in stolen goods, though he is not at the stealing of them.

AGUINA'LDO, s. m. a new-year's gift.

AGUISA'R, v. a. to put in order, to fit, to compose or prepare any thing.

Hacer aguisádo, to do right, to do one a kindness.

Aguisádos de acabállo, a sort of horse formerly used in Andaluzia, and Castile.

AGUSTI'NOS, s. m. pl. the religious order of the Augustin friars.

Agustinos descalzos, the bare-foot friars of St. Augustin.

AGUSTO, adv. to one's mind, to one's liking.

AGUZADE'RA, s. f. a whetstone.

AGUAZADE'ROS, s. m. pl. a place where wild boars sharpen their tusks.

AGUZADO'R, s. m. the person who provokes or aggravates another.

AGUZADU'RA, s. f. a whetting.

AGUZAMIE'NTO, s. m. whetting.

AGUZANIE'VE, s. m. the bird called a wagtail.

AGUZA'R, to whet, to sharpen, to gnash one's teeth.

Aguzár las navájas el puérco, is for a boar to sharpen his tusks.

A H A

AH! interj. an adverb of calling.

AHA'JAR, v. a. to rumple, to disorder, to sully.

Muger ahajáda, a woman that has to do with many men, that has been too much handled, that has lost her reputation.

AHA'O! interj. ho! a word of calling.

AHA'STA, adv. vid. *HASTA*.

A H E

AH! interj. alas! oh!

AHECHA'R, vid. *AECHAR*.

AHE'CHO, adv. indifferently.

AHE'DO, s. m. a steep rock.

AHELEA'R, v. o. to imbitter, to mix with gall.

AHELGA'DO, adj. that has bright teeth, and parted from one another.

AHEMBRA'DO, adj. a man with a soft effeminate look.

AHERROJAMIE'NTO, s. m. the action of fettering a person.

AHERROJA'R, v. a. to bolt, to shackle, to fetter; from *Hierro*, iron,

AHERRUMBRADU'RA, or *AHERRUMBRAMIE'NTO*, rust, or rusting.

AHERRUMBRA'R, v. n. to rust.

Aherrumbrárse, v. r. to be corrupted by rust.

AHERVORADAME'NTE, adv. warmly.

AHERVORA'RSE, v. r. to be burnt up with heat.

A H I

AHI', adv. there.

AHIDALAGME'NTE, adv. genteelly. Obs.

AHIDALGA'DO, adj. genteel, gentleman-like.

AHIDALGA'R, v. n. to grow genteel.

AHIGADA'DO, adj. liver-coloured, also a valiant man.

AHIJA'DA, s. f. a god-daughter.

AHIJA'DO, s. m. a god-son.

AHIJAMIE'NTO, s. m. an adoption, or taking another person's child for your own.

AHIJA'R, v. a. to beget spiritually, to taked for one's god-son.

AHILAMIE'NTO, starving, pinning away with hunger.

AHILARSE, v. r. to be starved, to be wore away with hunger; metaphorically, to be fainting.

AHI'LO, s. m. a swoon.

AHI'LLO, s. m. a gang, a company a society. Obs.

AHI'NA, adv. quickly.

AHINCADAME'NTE, adv. earnestly, pressingly.

AHINCA'NZA, s. f. diligence.

AHINCA'R, v. a. to be earnest, or pressing, to stick in.

AHI'NCO, s. m. earnestness, pressing, also thrusting in.

AHINOJA'R, v. a. to kneel.

Ahinojárse, v. r. to be upon one's knees.

AHI'RMAR, v. n. vid. *AFIRMAR*.

Ahirmárse, v. r. vid. *AFIRMARSE*.

AHITAR, v. a. to surfeit.

Ahitárse, v. r. to be surfeited.

Ahitárse con un piñon, to surfeit with eating a pine-apple kernel; that is, to have a very weak stomack and ill digestion, so that the least thing surfeits one.

AHITE'RA, s. f. a great rawness of stomach, an ill digestion.

AHI'TO, s. m. surfeit, indigestion.

Ahíto, adj. raw, indigested.

A H O

AHO'! interj. ho! come here!

AHOBACHONA'DO, adj. given up to sloth and idleness.

AHOCINA'RSE, v. a. to grow crooked as a river, to contract.

AHOGADE'RO, s. m. the smallest of the two ropes used in hanging criminals in Spain; metaph. a great press or crowd, also a woman's necklace; also a crowd of people.

AHOGADI'ZO, adj. apt to choak in swallowing.

Ahogamiénto, s. m. strangury; also affliction, anxiety.

AHOGA'R, v. a. to choak, to drown; to stew very close.

No me ahogues, verbatim, do not choak me; metaphorically, do not press so hard upon me, be not hasty.

Ahogárse, v. r. to be choaked.

Se ahógó con su mismo aliénto, he choaked himself with his own breath.

Prov. *Nadár, nadár, y á la orilla ahogár*, to eat an whole ox and faint at the tail, *toto devorato bove in cauda deficere*. This proverb is said when any body falls short of a thing after having used all endeavours.

Ahogárse, en aprétura, to be thronged to death.

Ahogárse de calór, to be stifled with heat.

Dar mate ahogádo, to require things to be done with precipitation, with a breating time; taken from a term at chess, signifying to give checkmate.

Carnéro ahogádo, mutton stewed very close.

Prov. *Ahogárse en poca agua*, to be drowned in little water; that is, to be overcome with little labour or trouble, to be fit for little business.

AHO'GO,

AHO'GO, f. m. affliction, pain, trouble.
AHOJA'R, v. a. (*el ganado*) to feed cattle with leaves.
AHOMBRA'DA, f. f. a mafculine woman.
AHO'MBRO, f. m. vid. *HOMBRO.*
AHONDAMIE'NTO, f. m. deepening; alfo fearching or diving to the bottom.
AHONDA'R, v. a. to deepen; alfo to fearch or dive to the bottom.
AHO'RA, adv. now, this hour.
Ahóra ahóra, juft now, this inftant.
Ahóra bien, well then.
AHORCADI'ZO, adj. that may be hanged.
AHORCADO'R, f. m. a hangman.
AHORCAJA'DAS, adv. forked wife, aftride, ftraddling.
AHORCAJA'RSE, v. r. to fet aftride, as on horfeback.
AHORCA'R, v. a. to hang.
Ahorcárfe, v. r. to hang one's felf.
Que me ahorquen, I'll be hanged.
Que fe ahórque, go, and be hanged.
En cafa del ahorcádo no fe ha de mentar la foga, you should not mention a halter to any whofe relations or friends have fuffered by it.
AHORMAR, v. a. to ftretch upon a laft.
Ahórmar, to inftruct or educate youth well.
AHORNAGAMIE'NTO, f. m. a blafting by heat.
AHORNAGA'RSE, v. r. to be blafted by heat.
AHORNA'R, v. a. to put into the oven.
Ahornárfe la tierra, is for the land to be fcorched, or burnt up.
AHORQUILLA'R, v. a. to place a little fork to fupport the branches of trees.
AHORRADU'RA, f. f. faving, fparing; alfo fetting free.
AHORRAMIE'NTO, f. m. idem.
AHORRA'R, v. a. to fave, to fpare, to make a flave free.
No ahorrárfe con fu padre, not to abate one's own father.
Ahorrárfe, v. r. to redeem one's felf from flavery.
AHORRATI'VO, adj. too fparing.
AHO'RRO, f. m. faving of expences, parfimony.
AHOTA'DO, obf. bold, furly, daring.
AHOTA'R, v. a. obf. to make bold, furly, or daring.
AHOYA'DO, adj. made into holes, ditched.
AHOYADOR, f. m. a ditcher, a digger.
AHOYADU'RA, f. f. ditching, digging of holes.
AHOYA'R, v. a. to ditch, to dig holes.

A H U

AHUCHADO'R, f. m. the perfon who hoards up money in a box.
AHUCHA'R, v. a. to put into a box; to hoard money.
AHUCIA'R, v. a. obf. to give hope.
AHUECAMIE'NTO, f. m. a hollowing, or boring an hole.
AHUECA'R, v. a. to make hollow.
Ahuecárfe, v. r. to be hollowed; metaph. fpoken of a man when he is foolish or illiterate, as calling him an empty fellow.
AHUELO, f. m. f. vid. *AVUELO.*
AHUETA'R, v. a to fplice, as failors do ropes.
AHULLA'R, v. a to howl.
AHUMA'DA, f. f. fmoking; fmoke made in the day, as fire at night to alarm the country.
AHUMA'R, v. n. to fmoke.
AHÚMO, f. m. vid. *HÚMO.*
AHURTA CORDEL, vid. *HURTAR.*
AHURTA'DAS, AHÚRTADI'LLAS, adv. by ftealth.
AHUSA'R, to shape like a fpindle; from *húfo*, a fpindle.
AHUYENTADO'R, f. m. one that puts to flight, one that frights away.
AHUYENTA'R, v. a. to put to flight, to fright away.
AHUZIA'DO, adj. obf. trufted.
AHUZIAMIE'NTO, obf. trufting, confidence.

A I D

AIDO'RO, f. m. obf. help.

A I N

AI'NA, adv. quickly, fuddenly; alfo fooner, rather.
AI'NAS, adv. quitte near, almoft

A I R

AIRA'RSE, v. r. to be angry.
A'IRE, f. m. the wind, or air.
Aire corrupto, a corrupt air.
Bëber los aires, to defire any thing earneftly, or greedily.
Hender un cabello en el aire, fo very acute; that he can fplit a hair; fpoken of a man who is exceeding witty or fatirical in his expreffions.
Cantar ó tañer con aire, to fing well, or to play well upon an inftrument.
Creerfe del aire, to believe eafily every thing.
Dar aire a una cofa, to embellish, to beautify.
Dar de buen aire, to give a ftrong blow.
Dar a uno el aire, to fufpect, to conjecture; to give an inkling of.
Darle un aire a otro, ó tener el aire de otro, to look like one.
Echarfe el aire, to be calm, (fpeaking of wind.)
En el aire, quickly, fuddenly.
Eftar con un pie en el aire, to be unfettled, alfo to be on a voyage.
Efto es un poco de aire, that is, a trifling.
Hablar al aire, to beat the air, to fpeak foreign to the purpofe.
Hacerfe aire, to fan one's felf.
Matarlas en el aire, to be a fagacious man.
Mudarfe a qualquier aire, to be inconftant.
Mudarfe el aire, to be changed, (fpeaking of the weather and fortune.)
Quedarfe en el aire, to lofe an employment.
Tener buen aire, to look well.
Tener la cabeza llena de aire, to be an empty noodle.
Tomar el aire, to take a walk.
Tomar el aire a una res, to wind or fcent game.
Tomar los aires naturales, to breathe one's own country air.
Aireárfe, v. r. to take the air.
AIRECI'LLO, diminut. of *aire*.
AIRO'N, f. m. heron, a bird fo called.

AIRO'NES, f. m. heron's feathers, or others like them; helmet-feathers.

AIROSAME'NTE, adv. elegantly, genteely.

AIROSIDA'D, f. f. gracefulnefs, gentility.

AIRO'SO, adj. lying open to the wind; alfo elegant, nice, fine, genteel.

A I S

AISLA'DO, adj. encompaffed with water like an ifland.

Quedar uno aifl'ado, to be fo furrounded by misfortunes to, as not to be able to extricate one's felf.

AISLA'R, v. a. to encompafs with water like an ifland.

Aiflárfe una perfona, to be fo furprifed or aftonished, as not to know what one does.

A J A

AJA'DA, f. f. a fauce made with garlick and falt.

AJAMIE'NTO, f. m. the action of reproaching, injuring or degrading a man's reputation.

AJA'R, v. a. to handle any thing fo as to fpoil its beauty or make it fade.

Ajár, to injure, reproach, or degrade any one's reputation.

A J E

AJENADO'R, f. m. the perfon who delivers poffeffion to another, or parts with an eftate outright.

AJENA'R, v. a. to alienate, to pafs away an eftate to deliver up poffeffion to another.

AJE'NO, adj. belonging to another man, of another country, foreign, none of our kin or relation, alien, ftrange, inconvenient, unmeet, misbecoming, contrary, different, of another fort, abfurd, befide the purpofe, difagreable, averfe, unwholefome, hurtful, unkindly.

AJE'TE, f. m. young garlick; alfo a fauce made with garlick.

A J I

AJICO'LA, f. f. a fort of glue, made by boiling pieces of leather with garlick.

AJILIMO'GE, f. m. a fort of fauce.

AJILLO, diminut. of *ajo*, f. m. garlick.

A J O

AJO, f. m. garlick; alfo paint ufed by women.

Un májame un ajo, a numbskull, a dunce.

Villano harto de ajos, a ftubborn ftinking clown.

Dalle fu ajo, to feafon meat, to drefs meat, to daub any thing, or to paint a woman's face.

Prov. *Tieffo como un ajo*, as ftiff as garlick; that is, healthy, ftrong, robuft.

Prov. *Sufpirár por los ajos y cebollas de Egypto*, to figh after the garlick and onions of Egypt; to defire to return to the paft wicked life; to wish for filth and loathfomenefs.

Prov. *Hacér morder el ajo*, to make bite the garlick; to hold a man's nofe to the grind-ftone.

Prov. *Ajo crudo y vino puro, paffan el puerto fegúro*, raw garlick and pure wine pafs the port fafe; in Spain they call the paffes of mountains dryports; thefe mountains are generally very cold, and wine and garlick comfort the ftomach, and keep out the cold; fo it fignifies they are a good defence for travellers who are to pafs them.

AJOBA'R, v. a. to load, to carry upon the back.

AJO'BO, f. m. the action of loading.

AJO'LIO, f. m. a fauce made with oil and garlick.

AJO'NGE, f. m. the juice of a thiftle, with which they make birdlime.

AJONJE'RA, f. f. the wild plant birdlime is made with.

AJONJO'LI, f. m. a very fmall bright feed fo called.

AJORA'R, v. a. to force or drive by violence.

AJO'RCA, vid. *AXO'RCA*.

AJODA'R, v. n. to cry out till one is hoarfe.

AJORNALA'R, v. a. to hire by the day.

AJO'RRO, adv. towing one boat after another.

A J U

AJUA'GAS, f. f. an ulcerous fwelling among horfes.

AJUANETA'DO, adj. full of corns.

Cara ajuanetada, a lean face.

AJUA'R, f. m. vid. *AXUAR*.

AJUFA'YNA, f. f. a deep bafon.

AJUCIA'R, v. n. to grow ripe in judgment.

AJUNTAMIE'NTO, f. m. putting together, joining.

AJUNTA'R, v. a. to put together, to join.

AJUSTADAME'NTE, adv. rightly, juftly, truly.

AJUSTADO'R, f. m. an under waiftcoat.

Ajuftadme effas medidas, this is faid when a man fpeaks foreign to the purpofe, and another should anfwer, combine this matter if you can.

AJUSTAMIE'NTO, f. m. equality.

AJUSTA'R, v. a. to adjuft, to make fit; alfo to reconcile differences, to make accounts even.

Ajuftárfe, v. r. to agree in any bargain, or contract.

Ajuftárfe al tiempo, à con el tiempo, to conform to the times.

Hombre ajuftádo, dictamen ajuftádo, a man of integrity and fincerity.

AJU'STE, f. m. a contract, a bargain.

AJUSTICIA'R, v. a. to execute criminals.

A L A

AL, in old Spanish, fignifies another thing.

Non fagades al, do no other.

Al, from *ALGO*, fomething.

Al, is alfo the article of the dative cafe, corruptly from *a el*; as, *al hombre*, to the man; *al momento*, this moment; fometi-

mes it ſtands for the prepoſition *in*, as *al fin*, in fine.

A'LA, ſ. f. a wing; alſo the bonnet of a ſail.

Ala de texádo, the eves of a houſe.

Alas de pez, the fins of a fish.

Ala de batálla, the wing of a battle.

Ala de gente de acabállo, a ſquadron of horſe.

Ala yérva, the herb *enula campana*.

Alas de ſombréro, the brims of a hat.

Ala de móſca, in cant, is a cheating trick at cards.

Alas de murciélago, bat's wings, taph. any thing that has a falſe appearance, becauſe a bat's wings have no feathers.

Batir las alas, to clap the wings; to make haſte, as birds do in their flight.

Caérſe las alas, to hang the wings, to diſmay, to loſe courage.

Dár alas, to grow bold, proud.

Quebrárſe las alas; to be caſt down.

Ilevar alas en los carcañales, to run as if one had wings at their heels.

Cubrir con las alas, to protect.

Alá! interj. Ex. *Alá! que tengo un doblon*, O Lord! I have got a dobloon in my pocket.

ALABADO'R, ſ. m. one that praiſes.

ALABAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. the action of praiſing.

ALABANCE'RO, ſ. m. a flatterer, a ſycophant.

ALABANCIO'SO, ſ. m. a boaſter.

ALABANDI'NA, ſ. f. a red ſtone mixed with blue.

ALABA'NZA, ſ. f. praiſe, commendation applauſe.

ALABA'R, v. a. to praiſe, to commend.

Es para alabár a Dios, when any thing is very beautiful or good, they ſay it is a ſubject to praiſe God.

Alabárſe, v. r. to boaſt, to vaunt.

ALABA'RDA, ſ. f. halberd.

ALABARDA'ZO, ſ. m. a ſtroke with a halberd.

ALABARDE'RO, ſ. m. a halberdier, a yeoman of the guard.

ALABARDI'LLA, ſ. f. a little halberd.

ALABASTRI'NO, adj. of the colour of alabbaſter.

Alabaſtrínas, ſ. f. pl. thin pieces of alabbaſter.

ALABA'STRO, ſ. m. alabbaſter.

ALABEA'R, v. n. to bend any wood ſo as to make it crooked.

ALABE'GA, ſ. f. the herb called baſil royal.

ALABE'O, ſ. m. the vicious bent of a plank.

ALABE'SA, ſ. f. the handle of an halbert.

ALABE'Z, ſ. m. the ſides of a target or shield.

ALACA'YO, ſ. m. vid. *LACAYO*.

ALACAYUE'LO, ſ. m. diminut. of *alacayo*.

ALACE'NA, vid. *ALHACENA*.

ALACER, ſ. m. a circle.

ALA'CHA, ſ. f. a little fish like a herring, taken for it.

ALACRA'N, ſ. m. a ſcorpion; alſo the rings which the reins of a bridle are faſtened to.

Alacran márino, ſ. m. a ſea ſcorpion.

ALCRANA'DO, adj. bitten by ſcorpions.

ALADA'R, ſ. m. the hair on the temples.

ALA'DO, adj. winged.

ALADRA'DA, ſ. f. a furrow in ploughed land.

ALA'DRO, ſ. m. a plough.

A LA FE, in faith, in truth.

A LA HE, idem.

ALAFI'A, ſ. f. the pardon of a fault.

ALA'GA, ſ. f. a ſort of grain called in Latin *alica*.

ALAGA'R, v. a. to make much of, to ſooth.

ALAGARE'RA, ſ. f. a talkative, pratling woman.

ALAGARTA'DO, adj. coloured like a lizard.

Acdias, telas, cintas alagartadas, ſtockings, ſtuffs, ribbons of ſeveral colours.

ALA'GO, vid. *HALAGO*.

ALAGRE'ZA, ſ. f. obſ. joy, hilarity, alacrity.

ALAU'NA, ſ. f. vid. *LAGUNA*

ALAHI'LCA, ſ. f. hangings to adorn the walls.

ALAI'CA, ſ. f. an ant that has go wings.

ALAJU', ſ. m. a ſort of ſweet-meat, or compoſition made of flour, honey, pine-apple kernels, and ſpice.

ALA'JA, ſ. f. vid. *ALHA'JA*, and its derivatives.

AL ALBA, adv. at break of day.

ALAMA, ſ. f. vid. *LAMA*.

A LA MA'NO, at hand.

A las manós, as *venir a las mános*, to come to handy ſtrokes.

ALAMA'R, ſ. m. ſilver or ſilken twiſt for cloaths.

ALAMA'RES, ſ. m. great ſilk, or gold and ſilver loops.

ALAMARA'DO, adj. a garment trimmed with loops.

ALAMBA'R, ſ. m. vid. *AMBA'R*.

ALAMBICA'R, v. a. to diſtil.

ALAMBI'QUE, ſ. m. a limbeck.

Araér por alambique, to bring through a limbeck; that is, the fartheſt way about.

Alambicárſe el celébro, to crack one's brain.

ALAMBO'R, ſ. m. the cavity of any thing.

ALA'MBRE, ſ. m. copper.

ALAME'DA, ſ. f. a grove; alſo a walk planted with trees.

ALAMI'N, ſ. m. a man of reputation, one that may ſafely be truſted.

ALAMI'NA, ſ. f. a tax laid upon potters.

ALAMIRE', ſ. f. a key or cliff in muſick.

ALA'MO, ſ. m. a poplar-tree.

Alámo blanco, the white poplar.

Alámo negro, the black poplar, or alder.

ALAMO'N, ſ. m. a bird of a violet colour, with red feet and beak.

ALAMU'D, ſ. m. the bolt of a ſpringlock, or other bolt or bar to faſten windows or doors with.

ALANCEADO'R, ſ. m. the perſon who brandiſhes a ſpear.

ALANCEAR, v. a to wound with a lance.

LANCE'L, ſ. m. vid. *ARANCEL*.

ALANDA'L. ſ. m. a maſs of coloquintida, out of which the pills are made.

ALANI'A, f. f. a cupboard made in the wall.

ALA'NO, f. m. a maftiff dog, particularly a bull-dog.

ALANTOI'DES, f. f. the name of one of three tunicks, wherein the fœtus is enclofed.

A LA PAR, even, equal.

A LA POSTRE, at the end.

ALANZA'DA, f. f. fo much ground as one yoke of oxen will ear in a day, or a meafure of land as far as a man can throw a dart.

ALANZA'R, v. a. obf. to fling, to throw, to caft.

ALAQUE'QUES, f. m. pl. glafs beads.

ALA'R, vid. *HALAR*.

ALA'RA, f. f. an egg without a shell, only covered with a pellicle.

ALA'RBE, f. m. an ignorant, crofs, ruftical man.

ALARA'CAS, f. f. pl. shouts, cries.

ALARAQUIE'NTO, adj. noify.

ALA'RDE, f. m. a mufter, a review of forces.

Hazér alárde, is properly to mufter; metaph. to boaft.

A la redónda, adv. round about.

ALA'RES, f. m. pl. fnare, gin, or fpringe.



ALARGAMIE'NTO, f. m. prolonging, getting far off, lengthening, ftretching.

ALAGA'R, v. a. to prolong, to lengthen, to ftretch out.

Alargár la vela, to loofe the fail, to fpread it to the wind.

Alargár la riénda, to give a horfe his head; metaph. to give one more liberty.

Alargár el tiémpo, to drive off, or protract time.

Alargár el paffo, mend your pace, go fafter.

Alargár la bólfa, to have money at will.

Alargárfe, v. r. to get far off; to talk long upon a fubject.

ALARGAS, f. f. a delay.

ALARGE'Z, f. f. rofe of Jerufalem, our Lady's rofe.

ALARGUE'Z, f. f. the feed, or thin rind of a kind of weed ufed to give hair a fair colour; or a fort of wood called rofe-wood, becaufe it fmells like rofes.

ALARI'DO, f. m. a crying out.

Alaridos, cries, shouts, shrieks.

ALARIFA'ZGO, f. m. furveyorship.

ALARI'FE, f. m. a furveyor, overfeer, or mafter builder.

ALARI'XES, f. f. a kind of grapes of a purplish colour.

ALA'RMA, to arms! to arms! a militari cry.

ALARSE, v. r. to run away from juftice or punishment.

ALASTA'R, v. a. to pay a fine or penalty.

ALASTRADO'R, f. m. one that carries ballaft to ships.

ALASTRA'R, v. a. to ballaft.

Alaftrárfe, v. r. to lay one's felf flat on the ground, as birds do when they are purfued.

A LAS VE'ZES, adv. by turns.

ALATON, f. m. vid. *LATON*.

ALATONA'R, v. a. to place with thin brafs;

ALATONE'RO, vid. *ALMEZ*.

ALATRON, f. m. falt-petre.

ALA'VAS, f. f. pl. the teeth of a wheel in clock-work.

ALAVE'O, f. m. the white that is in fome wood between the body and the bark.

A LA VISTA, to the fight.

ALAXEA'DO, adj. paved with flagftones.

ALAXU, vid. *ALAJU*.

ALAZA'N, f. m. a forrel horfe.

Alazán claro, a bright forrel.

Alazan dorádo, betwixt roan and forrel.

Alazán toftádo, a dark forrel.

Prov. *Alazan toftádo, ántes muerto que canfádo*, a dark forrel horfe will die before he'll jade; fo good an opinion the Spaniards have of that colour.

ALAZO, f. m. a blow with the wing.

ALAZO'R, f. m. wild faffron.

A L B

A'LBA, f. f. the dawn or break of day; alfo an albe, fuch as priefts wear at the altar.

El reir del alba, the firft dawning of the day.

Al alba, adv. at break of day.

ALBACA'RA, f. f. a pulley wherein a cord or rope runneth to draw any thing by; fome call it a windlace.

ALBACE'A, f. m. an executor, adminiftrator, or affign left by will.

ALBACEA'ZGO, f. m. the office, or charge of an executor.

ALBACO'RA, f. f. the early or firft figs.

ALBA'DA, f. f. the fong fung, or the mufick played under the window of a miftrefs very early in the morning, by her lover.

ALBAHA'CA, f. f. a very fragrant herb called majericon, or fweet garden bafil.

ALBAHAQUERO, f. m. a flower-pot, any fuch pots as are ufed in gardens; from *alhahāca*, becaufe that herb is kept in them.

ALBAHAQUI'LLA, f. f. fmall bafil.

Albahaquilla falvage, wild bafil.

ALBAI'DA, obf. whitenefs; alfo formerly a fmall piece of money worht half a *maravedi*.

Albalda, vid. *ALBAYDA*.

ALBAI'RE, f. m. an egg. Obf.

ALBALA, f. m. a note, a receipt, a pafs, an acquittánce; alfo a licence.

ALBANA'DO, adj. a fleep.

ALBANE'GA, f. f. a kind of network coif that women wear to keep their hair up.

ALBANEGUE'RO, } f. m. a cant
ALBANE'S, } word.
for a gamefter at dice.

ALBAÑAR, f. m. a kennel, gutter, fink, or common-shore.

ALBAÑIL, f. m. a plaifterer, or brick-layer.

ALBAÑILERI'A, f. f. plaifterers, or brick layers work, or bufinefs.

ALBAQUI'A, f. f the refidue, the remainder to ballance the account.

ALBA'R, adj. that which is foon ripe; alfo very white.

ALBARA'DA, f. f. a dry ftone wall without mortar; afo a caufeway.

ALBARAN, f. m. a writing, a sheet of paper.

Albarán, f. m. a note, acquittance, receipt, or pafs.

ALBARAZA'DA, f. f. a fort of grapes of jafper colour.
ALBARAZADO, adj. affected with morphew.
ALBARA'ZO, f. m. a kind of morphew ftaining the skin.
ALBA'RCA, f. f. a kind of shoe tied about the foot.
ALBA'RDA, f. f. a pannel, a packfaddle.
Beftia de albárda, a beaft to carry burdens.
Fuláno es una albárda, fuch a one is a packfaddle; to avoid faying he is an afs.
ALBARDA'DOR, f. m. one that puts the packfaddles upon the beaft, or that makes them.
ALBARDA'N, f. m. an impudent merry fellow.
ALBADANI'A, f. f. an impudent, bold jeft.
ALBARDA'R, v. a. to put on a packfaddle or pannel.
ALBARDERI'A, f. f. the ftreet the packfaddlers live in.
ALBARDE'RO, f. m. a pannel, or packfaddle maker.
ALBARDI'LLA, f. f. a little pannel or packfaddle.
ALBARDI'N, f. m. fmall rushes, or mat-weed.
ALBARDO'N, f. m. a beaft of burthen, that carries a packfaddle; a great packfaddle.
ALBARDONCI'LLO, diminut. of *albardon*.
ALBARE'JO, f. m. diminut. of *albár*.
ALBARICO'QUE, f. m. an apricot.
ALBARI'GO, adj. a kind of corn to make bread very white.
ALBARI'LLO, f. m. diminut. of *albaricóque*.
ALBARI'NO, adj. a dun, fwarthy colour.
ALBARJO'N, vid. *ALVARJO'N*.
ALBARRA'DA, f. f. a dry wall of ftones without mortar; alfo a caufeway.
ALBARRA'N, f. m. a batchelor, or fingle man, a ftranger, or one that has no certain place of abode.
ALBARRA'NA, f. f. a watch-tower ftanding by itfelf in the fields; alfo a wild onion.
ALBARRANE'O, f. m. a foreigner or ftranger.
ALBARRANI'A, f. f. fingle life, batchelor ship.
ALBARRA'Z, f. m. the herb ftavefacre, or loufe-bane.
ALBARTA'DA, f. f. a heap, a pile, a ftack, a reek, any great mafs,
ALBATA'RA, the clitoris.
ALBATO'CHA, f. f. a fmall fort of covered veffel or bark.
ALBATO'ZA, f. f. a fmall boat covered over.
ALBAYALDA'DO, adj. daubed with cerufe.
ALBAYA'LDE, f. m. white cerufe.
ALBA'YRE, f. m. in cant fignifies an egg.
ALBAZA'NO, adj. of a chefnut colour.
ALBA'ZO, f. m. an affault made at break of day.
ALBEDRIADO'R, f. m. an arbitrator.
ALBEDRIA'R, v. a. to arbitrate, or determine between two parties.
ALBEDRIO, f. m. arbitrement, will, pleafure, advice, opinion.
ALBE'DRO, f. m. a crab-tree.
ALBE'ITAR, *ALBE'ITE*, f. m. the perfon who cures diftempers in beafts, a farrier.
ALBEITERI'A, f. f. the art of curing ficknefs in beafts.
ALBELIO'N, f. m. vid. *ALBAñAR*.
ALBE'NDA, f. f. hangings made of white linen.
ALBENDE'RA, f. f. the woman who weaves fuch hangings.
ALBENDO'LA, f. f. a net of the fmalleft fize, to catch shrimps or prawns.
ALBENGA'LA, f. f. a fine web woven in filk, ufed by the Moors to adorn themfelves.
ALBE'RCA, f. f. a pool or pond, a fish-pond.
ALBERCHI'GA, f. f. the fruit of the apple-quince.
ALBERCO'QUE, f. m. an apricot.
ALBERCHI'GO, f. m. an apple quince.
ALBERENGE'NA, f. f. vid. *BERENGENA*.
ALBERGA'DA, f. f. a trench ufed in fortification.
ALBERGADO'R, f. m. one that lodges, harbours, or entertains others.
ALBERGA'R, v. a. to lodge, harbour, or entertain.
Albergárfe, v. r. to be entertained, to be lodged.
ALBERGUE, f. m. a shelter, any fafe place againft bad weather alfo a public houfe; and among the knights of Malta, the feveral quarters where the nights of different nations live.
ALBERGUERI'A, f. f. a public houfe.
ALBERGUE'RO, f. m. an innkeeper.
ALBIHA'R, f. m. the herb called daffodil, or Narciffus.
ALBIHA'RES, f. m. pl. the flower called Narciffus, or daffodil.
ALBI'LLA, f. f. a fort of white grape.
ALBI'LLO, f. m. wine made from a fort of white grape called *albilla*.
ALBI'N, f. m. a blood-ftone.
ALBI'NA, f. f. the beating of the water upon the shore.
Albina, f. f. a place overflowed with water, as a marsh or fen.
ALBI'NO, adj. born with very white hair, and a white skin.
ALBITA'NA, f. f. a piece of timber in a ship fo called.
A'LBO, adj. white.
ALBOAI'RE, f. m. chequer works made with varnished tiles of different colours.
ALBOGO'N, f. m. a flute.
ALBO'GUE, f. m. a pipe or flute, according to fome; yet in *Don Quixote* we find this word explained to be brafs plates like candlefticks; which being hollow and beaten one againft another, make a fort of ruftic mufick.
ALBOGUE'RO, f. m. a piper or one that makes pipes, or one that plays, or makes *albógues*.
ALBOHE'RA, f. m. vid. *ALBUFERA*.
ALBOHO'L, f. m. the white flower of the herb jarion.
ALBO'NDIGAS, f. f. balls made of forced meat.
ALBONDIGUI'LLAS, f. f. little balls of forced meat.

ALBO'R, f. m. whitenefs.
ALBORADA, f. f. mufic played to one at the break of day; alfo the break of day itfelf.
ALBORBO'LAS, f. f. pl. a noife made for fome trifling matter.
ALBORBOLE'AR, v. a. to make a noife of rejoicing. Obf.
ALBORE'A, f. f. the dawn of the day.
ALBOREA'R, v. n. to dawn.
ALBORECE'R, vid. *ALBOREAR*.
ALBORGA, f. f. shoes made of broom.
ALBORNI'A, f. f. a great earthen pan, fuch as they ufe to put milk in.
ALBORNO'Z, f. m. a fort of upper garment clofe before, with only a place for the head to come out, and a hood to it, made of a fort of ftuff that turns oft water, fo that none goes through.
ALBORONI'A, f. f. a kind of fallet made of herbs, milk, wine, oil, cheefe, garlick.
ALBORO'QUE, f. m. a gratuity given to one that makes up a bargain between two, in the nature of brokerage; or to a workman above his hire.
ALBOROTADAME'NTE, adv. diforderly, tumultuoufly, feditioufly.
ALBOROTADO'R, f. m. a mutinous feditious fellow.
ALBOROTAMIE'NTO, f. m. fedition, tumult, diforder, commotion.
ALBOROTA'R, v. a. to raife a tumult, or fedition, to put in diforder.
ALBORO'TO, f. m. mutiny, tumult, or fedition, diforder, confufion.
ALBOROZADO'R, f. m. the perfon who excites mirth in others.
ALBOROZA'R, v. a. to rejoice, to be full of joy; alfo to raife a tumult.
ALBORO'ZO, f. m. joy, a violent commotion of the heart, caufed by any thing that is joyful.
ALBRI'CIAS, f. f. pl. a reward or gratuity given to one that brings good news.
ALBUDE'CA, f. f. a fort of fpongy, watry, and unfavory melon.
ALBUFE'RA, f. f. a pool of ftagnating water.
ALBU'R, f. m. a gudgeon.
ALBU'RA, f. f. whitenefs.
ALBURE'JO, f. m. a little mullet, a fish fo called.
ALBURE'S, f. m. a term ufed in a certain game at cards.

A L C

ALCABA'LA, f. f. a duty impofed upon things fold.
ALCABALE'RO, f. m. a collector or gatherer of that duty.
ALCABO'R, f. m. the foot of a chimney.
ALCABU'CO, f. m. a foreft or thick wood.
ALCABU'Z, vid. *ARCABU'Z*.
ALCACE'L, f. m. green barley cut for horfes.
ALCACERI'A, f. f. obf. v. *Alcaiceria*.
ALCACHO'FA, f. f. an artichoke.
ALCACHOFA'DO, adj. belonging to an artichoke.
ALCACHOFA'L, f. m. the place where artichokes grow.
ALCACI'L, vid. *ARCACIL*.
ALCAFAR, f. m. the trappings of a horfe.
ALCAHA'Z, f. m. a cage or coop for birds, made of cane.
ALCAHAZA'DA, f. f. a quantity of birds inclofed in a cage, called *alcahaz*.
ALCAHAZAR, v. a. to shut birds up in a cage called *alcahaz*.
ALCAHOTAR, v. a. vid. *ALCAHUETAR*.
ALCAHOTERI'A, f. f. vid. *ALCAHUETERIA*.
ALCAHUE'TA, f. f. a bawd.
ALCAHUE'TE, f. m. a pimp, or pandar.
ALCAHUETEA'R, v. a. to procure, to pimp, or bawd.
ALCAHUETE'JO, f. m. a little pimp.
ALCAHUETERI'A, f. f. bawding, or a bawdy-houfe.
ALCAHUETI'LLO, f. f. a little pimp.
ALCA'IDE, f. m. the governor of a fort, town, or caftle; alfo a goaler.
ALCAIDE'SA, f. f. the wife of a gaoler.
ALCAIDI'A, f. f. the government of a fort or town; alfo the keeping of a gaol.
ALCALDA'DA, f. f. a blunder, a bull, a prepofterous faying.
ALCA'LDE, f. m. a magiftrate, of which there are thefe feveral forts.
Alcalde de aldea, a mayor, bailiff, or headborough of a country town.
Alcálde mayor de juſticia, a lord chief-juftice.
Alcálde de corte, a juftice belonging to the king's houshold.
Alcálde de alcádes, a high commiffioner over the juftices.
Alcálde de las alzádas, a judge of appeals, a chief judge to whom appeals lie from inferior courts.
Alcálde de los hidálgos, a judge to try the cafe of gentility; that is, whether a man be really a gentleman, and confequently free from paying taxes, from arrefts, &c.
ALCALDI'A, f. f. the jurifdiction, office, power, and territory, of diftrict of the *alcalde*.
ALCALLE'R, f. m. a potter; alfo a potter's work-houfe.
ALCA'M, f. m. a kind of wild gourd called *coloquintida*.
ALCAMI'Z, f. m. a review of foldiers, or the lift of their names.
ALCAMONI'AS, f. f. fweet fpice.
ALCAMPHO'R, f. m. camphire, the gum of a tree in the Eaft-Indies.
ALCAMPHORA'DO, adj. belonging to camphire.
ALCA'NA, f. f. an exchange, a place full of shops.
ALCA'NCE, f. m. the action of reaching a thing, or of coming up with a perfon.
Alcance de cuenta, the ballance of an account.
Alcance de un cañon, the reach of a gun.
Alcánce, f. m. a wound which horfes

receive by rubbing their feet one againſt another in running.

Deſpachar alcance, to ſend an expreſs in order to reach the poſt.

Seguir el alcance, to purſue the enemies after an action.

ALCANCI'A, ſ. f. a little round earthen pot to keep money in, ſuch as children play with.

Alancia de fuego, a pot full of wild fire to throw among enemies, in the nature of our hand-grenadoes.

ALCANCIA'R, v. a. to throw ſuch pots of wild fire; it is alſo a ſport uſed in Spain where they have thin pots made, and riding., throw them at one another where they break on the armour.

ALCANCIA'ZO, ſ. m. a blow with ſuch a pot.

ALCANCI'LLA, ſ. f. a reddiſh ſort of dye.

ALCA'NDARA, ſ. f. a perch for a hawk.

ALCANDI'A, ſ. f. a kind of ſmall grain, called millet or hirſe.

ALCANDIA'L, ſ. m. the ground where ſuch ſeed is ſown.

ALCANDI'GA, vid. *ALCANDI'A*.

ALCANDO'RA, ſ. f. a beacon, to alarm the country; metaph. a ſhirt.

ALCA'NNA, ſ. f. an Egyptian plant uſed in dying.

ALCA'NTARA, ſ. f. a bridge.

ALCANTARI'LLA, ſ. f. a little bridge.

ALCANZADI'ZO, adj. that which may be reached.

ALCANZAD'OR, ſ. m. one that reaches, obtains, compaſſes, or overtakes.

ALCANZAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. the action of obtaining.

ALCANZA'R, v. a. to reach, to obtain, to compaſs, to overtake

Alcançár el techo, to reach to the cieling.

Alcançár lo que ſe deſſéa, to obtain or compaſs one's wiſh.

Alcançár al que húye, to overtake one that runs away.

Alcançár a uno de cuenta, to prove an account is ſhort; alſo to confute a man.

Alcançárſe la beſtia, is when a horſe over reaches.

No me alcánça la pretina, the girdle will not come about me.

No ſe os alcánça, you do not comprehend it.

No le alcánça un huelgo a otro, he is quite out of breath.

No le alcança la ſal al àgua, he is ſo poor he has not ſalt enough to ſeaſon his water.

ALCAPA'RRAS, ſ. f. capers; a fruit.

ALCAPARRA'DO, adj. like capers, or dreſſed with capers.

ALCAPARRA'L, ſ. m. a piece of ground where capers grow.

ALCAPA'RRILLA, ſ. f. a little caper.

ALCAPARRO'N, ſ. m. a larger ſort of caper; alſo the hilt of a ſort of ſword anciently uſed.

ALCAPARRONNA'L, ſ. m. a place where capers grow.

ALCAPARRO, ſ. m. the caper-tree.

ALCAPARRO'SA, ſ. f. a kind of mineral ſalt flound in copper-mines.

ALCAPARRO'SO, adj. full of capers, or that taſtes of capers.

ALCARAVA'N, ſ. m. the fowl called a bittern.

Piernas de alcaravan, long ſpindle ſhanks.

ALCARAVE'A, ſ. f. carraway ſeed.

ALCARCE'ñA, ſ. f. dwarf elder.

ALCARCHO'FA, an artichoke.

ALCARCHOFA'DO, adj. of an artichoke colour.

ALCARCI'L. ſ. m. a wild artichoke.

ALCARRA'ZA, ſ. f. a ſort of pitcher, commonly with four handles.

ALCARRI'A, ſ. f. a country full of villages and country houſes, or cottages; alſo the country houſes or cottages themſelves.

ALCARTA'Z, ſ. m. a paper turned ſharp at one end, and open at the other; ſuch as confectioners uſe to wrap up ſweetmeats, or the like.

ALCATA'RA, ſ. f. vid. *ALQUITA'RA*.

ALCATI'FA, ſ. f. a carpet, a blanket for a bed; a bed in a garden.

ALCATIFE, ſ. m. in cant. ſignifies ſilk.

ALCATIFERO, ſ. m. in cant, is a ſilk ſtealer.

ALCATRAZ, ſ. m. a ſea fowl, like a ſea guſl.

ALCA'VIA, ſ. f. a Mooriſh carpet.

ALCAUCI', or *ALCAUCI'L*, ſ. m. a kind of thiſtle.

ALCAUDO'N, ſ. m. a ſort of bird.

ALCAYA'TA, ſ. f. a pin or nail to hang cloaths, hats, or the like on.

ALCAZABA, ſ. f. a ſtrong caſtle.

ALCA'ZAR, ſ. m. a fortreſs, caſtle, or the king's palace.

ALCAZU'Z, ſ. m. vid. *ALCUZCU'Z*.

A'LCE, ſ. m. an elk.

ALCEDO'N, ſ. m. vid. *HALCYON*.

ALCHERMES, ſ. m. a little worm of a red colour, which is generated in peaſe.

ALCHIMIA, ſ. f. alchymy; alſo metal that is gilt and refined, pronounced *alquimia*.

ALCHIMI'LLA, ſ. f. the herb. ſtarrwort.

ALCHIMISTA, ſ. m. an alchymiſt.

ACIBIA'DO, ſ. m. a plant ſo called.

ALCIO'N, ſ. m. the bird called a king's fiſher.

ALCIO'NIO, or *ALCYO'NIO*, ſ. m. a hard, yet ſpongy ſort of matter growing in the ſea.

A'LCO, ſ. m. a little ſort of beaſt in the Weſt-Indies, like a dog.

ALCO'BA, ſ. f. an alcove, a ſeparate part of the room where the bed ſtands; alſo the beam of a ballance.

ALCOBI'LLA, } ſ. f. diminutives
ALCOBITTA. } of *alcoba*.

ALCOCA'RRA, ſ. f. a mouth, a wry face, a grimace.

ALCO'FA, ſ. f. a basket.

ALCOFO'L, vid. *ALCOHOL*.

ALCOHE'LA, ſ. f. the herb endive.

ALCOHO'L, ſ. m. antimony, a mineral of a metallic nature.

ALCOHOLA'DO, p. p. coloured with antimony, black.

Toro alcoholádo, a bull with black eyes, as if blacked with antimony.
ALCOHOLA'R, v. a. to colour with antimony.
ALCOHOLE'RO; f. m. one that fells antimony.
ALCO'LLA, f. f. a little pot to preferve liquors in.
ALCOMENI'AS, f. f. all forts of fpice ufed in dreffing meat.
ALCO'N, vid. *HALCON*.
ALCONCI'LLA, f. f. a fort of red, ufed by women for their faces.
ALCO'R, f. m. a hill.
ALCORA'N, f. m. the Coran, the book of the law of Mahomet.
ALCORAN'ISTA, f. m. one who profeffes the doctrine of the Alcoran.
ALCORCI', f. m. a fort of jewel ufed by women.
ALCORNOCA'L, f. m. a grove or wood of cork-trees.
ALCORNO'QUE, f. m. the cork-tree.
ALCORNOQUE'ÑO, adj. belonging to a cork-tree.
ALCO'RQUE, f. m. a shoe or flipper with a cork fole.
ALCO'RZA, f. f. a lozenge.
ALCORZA'R, v. a. to cover any thing over with fugar mixed with honey, or the white of an egg, as cakes are done.
ALCOTA'N, f. m. a hawk called hobby.
ALCOTO'N, f. m. cotton.
ALCOTONI'A, f. f. cloth made with cotton.
ALCO'VA, vid. *ALCOBA*.
ALCREBITE, f. m. brimftone.
ALCUCE'RO, f. m. the perfon who makes and fells *alcuzas*.
ALCU'ÑA, } f. f. family, race.
ALCURNIA, }
ALÇU'ZA, f. f. a tin oil bottle.
ALCUZA'DA, f. f. the quantity of oil that may be contained in the *alcuza*.
ALCUZA'ZO, f. m. a blow with an oil pot.
ALCUZCU'Z, f. m. a pafte made with flour and honey, and reduced into round pellets no bigger than feeds, good to eat.
ALCUZCU'ZA, f. m. vid. *ALCUZCUZ*.
ALCUZCE'UZA, f. f. a fort of pottage thickened with meal.
ALCUZI'LLA, f. f. a little oil pot.
ALCUZO'N, f. m. a great oil pot.

A L D

A'LDA, f. f. a skirt, a woman's coats.
Ponár aldas en cinta. to tuck up one's coats under their girdle; that is, to be in readinefs.
ALDA'BA, f. f. a handle, ring, or hafp to lift a thing, or to hold by; alfo the knocker of a door.
ALDABA'DA, f. f. a ftroke with a knocker or ring at a door.
ALDABA'ZO, f. m. augm. of *Aldába*.
ALDABEA'R, v. a. to knock at a door, to clatter with a knocker.
ALDABI'LLA, f. f. a little knocker of a door, a little ring, handle or hafp.
ALDABO'N, f. m. a great knocher at a door, a great ring to hold by.
ALDA'VA, f. f. v. *ALDABA*.
ALDE'A, f. f. a village.
ALDEA'NA, f. f. a country lafs, or woman.
ALDEANIE'GO, ruftick, not wellbred.
ALDEAÑE'GO, adj. mean, countrylike, ill bred.
ALDEA'NO, f. m. a countryman.
ALDEGUE'LA, f. f. a little village.
ALDEA'R, v. a. v. *HALDEAR*.
ALDEO'RIO, f. m. a village or little place where the inhabitants are poor.
ALDERREDO'R, adv. round about.
ALDI'CA, } a fort of brushwood
ALDIZA, } or heath they make brooms of.
ALDUCA'R, f. m. the filk of the fecond fort.
ALDU'DO, adj. vid. *HALDUDO*.

A L E

ALEACIO'N, f. f. allaying, or mixing of metals.
ALEA'DA, f. f. a ftroke with a wing.
ALEA'R, v. a. to mix metals; alfo to beat with the wings; metaph. to begin to show courage.
Alear metales, to put alloy to metals.
ALEBRA'RSE, v. r. to be frighted; or in fear.
ALEBRASTA'RSE, v. r. vid. *ALEBRARSE*.
ALEBRONA'RSE, v. r. vid. *ALEBRARSE*.
ALE'CHE, f. m. a herring.
ALECHUGA'R, v. a. to plait or fold any thing in the form of a lettice.
ALECTO'RIA, f. f. a ftone found in the liver of a cock.
ALE'DA, f. f. bee-glue found at the entrance of the hive.
ALEDAÑO, f. m. boundary, limit.
ALEFRI'S, f. m. (a fea term) a concavity made in building ships, to place the fide planks.
ALEGACIO'N, f. f. allegation.
ALEGADO'R, f. m. one that alledges.
ALEGAMIE'NTO, f. m. alledging.
ALEGA'R, v. a. to alledge, to plead, to quote law or authors for what one fays.
ALEGA'TO, f. m. allegation.
ALEGORI'A, f. f. allegory.
ALEGORICAME'NTE, adv. allegorically.
ALEGO'RICO, adj. allegorical.
ALEGORIZA'R, v. a. to fpeak allegories.
ALEGRAMIE'NTO, f. m. the act of rejoicing or making merry.
ALEGRA'R, v. a. to rejoice, to make merry.
Alegrárfe, v. r. to be joyful or merry.
ALE'GRE, adj. joyful, merry, of a pleafant difpofition.
ALEGREME'NTE, adv. joyfully; merrily.
ALEGRE'ZA, f. f. mirth, joy.
ALEGRI'A, f. f. mirth, joy; alfo the feed called *ajonjoli*.
ALEGRO'N, f. m. a great fudden joy upon any groundlefs news.

ALEGU'STRE, f. m. a flower fo called.
ALEJAMIE'NTO, f. m. diftance.
ALEJA'R, v. a. to putat a diftance, to remove.
Alejár, v. a. to be afar or far, off.
ALEJU', f. m. a fort of fweetmeat.
ALELI', or *ALHELI'*, f. m. a violet, a clove gilliflower.
ALLELUYA, f. f. hallelujah, fung in churches.
ALEMA'NA, f. f. a fort of dance.
ALEMANA'DO, adj. of, or like a German.
ALEMANI'SCO, adj. a fort of German cloth.
ALE'NDRO, f. m. the rofe baytree.
ALENTADAME'NTE, adv. courageoufly, man-like.
ALENTA'R, v. n. to breathe, to encourage, to grow bold.
ALEPHANGI'NAS, adj. fem. pl. an epithet given to a kind of medical pills.
ALE'RA, f. f. the right of feeding herd near another village.
ALE'RCE, f. m. the cedar-tree.
ALE'RO, f. m. the eves of a houfe.
ALE'RTA, adv. in a readinefs, upon one's guard, watchful.
ALERTA'R, v. a. to be quick, to be ready.
Alertárfe, v. r. to be watchful or vigilant.
ALE'RTO, adj. vigilant, watchful, diligent, careful.
ALE'SNA, f. f. an awl.
Agúdo como úna alefna, as sharp as an awl, a man of a sharp wit; alfo an active, ftirring perfon.
ALESNA'R, v. a. to polish, burnish, or make bright.
ALE'TA, f. f. a little wing, or fin of a fish.
ALE'TO, f. m. a fparrow-hawk, ofprey, or falcon.
ALETRI'A, f. f. vermicelly, a fort of Italian pafte made with flour and eggs.
ALEVADA'R, v. a. to leaven bread.
ALE'VE, f. m. and f. traitor, traitrefs.
Aleve, adj. traitorous.

ALE'VO, f. m. a godfon.
ALEVOSAME'NTE, adv. treacheroufly, deceitfully.
ALEVOSI'A, f. f. treachery, falshood.
ALEVO'SO, adj. treacherous.
ALEXI'XA, f. f. a fort of faufage of fwines flesh.
ALEXU', f. m. a fort of fweetmeat.

A L F

ALFAA'R, f. m. vide *ALFAHA'R*.
ALFABE'GA, f. f. vid. *ALBAHACA*.
ALFADI'A, f. f. prefent, gift.
ALFAGE'ME, f. m. a barber.
ALFAHA'R, f. m. a potter's shop, or the place where he makes his pots.
ALFAHARERI'A, f. f. the place where all the potters live and work at their trade.
ALFAHARE'RO, f. m. a potter.
ALFAJO'R, vid. *ALEXU*.
ALFA'LFA, f. f. three-leaved, or clover grafs.
ALFALFA'R, f. m. a field of clover, grafs.
ALFA'LFES, f. m. vid. *ALFALFA*.
ALFAMA'R, f. m. more properly *alhamar*, a coverlid, or red blanket.
ALFA'NA, f. f. a ftrong bold fpirited horfe.
ALFANE'QUE, f. m. the hawk called a lanner.
ALFANGA'ZO, f. m. a ftroke of a cymetar.
ALFA'NGE, f. m. a cymetar.
ALFANGO'N, f. m. augment. of *alfange*.
ALFANGONA'ZO, f. m. augment. of *alfangon*, and a blow or cut with the *alfange*.
ALFAQUE'QUE, f. m. one that is employed in the redemption of captives.
ALFAQUI', f. m. a high prieft of the Moors.
ALFARA'CES, adj. the light horfe.
ALFARA'ME, f. m. a long gaufe hood to cover the face.

ALFA'RDA, f. f. a tribute the Moors and Jews paid to Chriftian princes, for liberty to live in their dominions.
Alfárda, f. f. a tribute paid for water, to water the lands.
ALFARDE'RO, f. m. a collector of the water tribute.
ALFARDO'N, f. m. the axle tree of a waggon, coach, or cart.
ALFA'RGE, f. m. an oil-mill; properly the under-ftone of the oil-mill.
ALFARGI'A, f. f. a very thin board.
ALFA'RMA, f. f. the herb rue, great faint John's wort.
ALFARO'BAS, f. f. pl. the herb and feed called carobes.
ALFAXE'ME, vid. *ALFAJEME*.
ALFAXOR, vid *ALEXU*.
ALFA'YA, f. f. houshold-ftuff, implements, furniture, all things moveable within the houfe.
ALFA'YA'TA, f. f. obf. a woman taylor.
ALFAYATE, f. m. obf. a taylor.
ALFEI'ZA, f. m. an opening made in a wall for a window to be fixed in.
ALFELI'CHE, f. m. the epilepfy, or falling-ficknefs of children.
ALFEñA, f. f. vid. *ALHEñA*.
ALFEñA'DO, adj. vid. *ALHEñADO*.
ALFEñICA'DO, adj. foft, kind, fweet.
ALFEñIQUE, f. m. a pafte made of fugar to open obftructions in the breaft, commonly made up in long flender rolls, to put into children's mouths for them to fuck.
Hecho de alfeñique, a man that is very flender, or that is very dainty and nice.
ALFERA'ZGO, f. m. an enfign's employment.
ALFERECI'A, f. f. convulfions.
ALFERE'Z, f. m. an enfign. At chefs it is a bishop.
ALFEREZA'DO, f. m. vid. *ALFERAZGO*.
ALFICO'SO, *ALFICO'Z*, } f. m. a kind of cucumber.
ALFI'D, f. m. obf. vid. *AGUE'RO*.

ALFIDE'L, f. m. obf. vid. *ALFILER.*
ALFI'L, f. m. an elephant, a term ufed in the game at chefs.
ALFILE'R, f. m. a pin, fuch as are ufed about cloaths.
Alfiléres de las feñoras, pin-money.
ALFI'N, adv. at the end, or in fine.
ALFITE'TE, f. m. a compofition of feafoning things.
ALFOCI'GO, vid. *ALHOCIGO.*
ALFOLI', f. m. a granary for corn.
ALFO'LLA, f. f. a cloth tiffued with gold and filk, a brocade.
ALFO'MBRA, f. f. a carpet.
ALFOMBRA'R, v. a. to cover with carpets.
ALFOMBRI'LLA, f. f. diminut. of *alfombra*; alfo St. Antony's fire.
ALFO'NDEGA, á *ALFO'NDIGA*, vid. *ALHONDIGA.*
ALFONSA'RIO, f. m. a charnelhoufe where the skulls and bones of the dead are laid up.
ALFONSI', vid. *ALPHONSI'.*
ALFONSIGO, f. m. a piftach-nut.
ALFONSI'NA, f. f. a fevere aft they go through, who take their degrees in divinity at *Alcalá.*
ALFO'RJA. f. f. a wallet; a crooked-back fellow.
Caçadór de alfórja, a poacher, that takes all game he can come at.
ALFORJA'DO, adj. made in the shape of a wallet.
ALFORJE'RO, f. m. a maker of wallets.
ALFORJI'LLAS, f. f. pl. a little wallet.
ALFO'RNAS, f. f. pl. the herb fénnugreek.
ALFO'RRIA, or *ALFO'RVA*, vid. *ALFORNAS.*
ALFO'RXA, vid. *ALFORJA.*
ALFO'RZA, f. f. a tuck in a garment.
ALFO'STIGO, f. m. vid. *ALFONSIGO.*
ALFOZ, f. m. obf. the limits, or bounds.

A L G

ALGA', f. f. fea-weed.
ALGACI'AS, f. f. pl. a horfe man's equipage.
ALGALA'BA, f. f. wild grapes.
ALGAI'DA, f. f. obf. a thicket or wood, a place full of bushes.
ALGA'LIA, f. f. civet, the civet cat; alfo a probe.
ALGALIE'RO, f. m. the perfon who fells civit or perfume; alfo perfumed with civet.
ALGA'ñA, f. f. darnel.
ALGA'R, f. m. a cave.
ALGA'RA, f. f. a budy of horfe that goes out to pillage, or the incurfion they make.
ALGARABI'A, f. f. the Arabick tongue; alfo any unintelligible words or writings, gibberish.
ALGARA'DA, f. f. a tumult, a hurlyburly; alfo the paffing of an army feveral times before fires in the night, to make the enemy believe they are more tan they are.
ALGAREA'R, v. a. to cry out, to make a great noife.
ALGARE'RO, adj. feditious, noify.
ALGA'RES, f. m. caves, dens, holes, or pits.
ALGARI'NO, adj. concealed, hid in a cave.
ALGARRA'DA, f. f. a warlike engine ufed by the ancients to shoot ftones, darts, &c.
ALGARRO'BA, f. f. the fruit called a carobe.
ALGARRO'BO, f. m. the carobetree.
ALGA'VA, or *ALGAYDA*, vid. *ALGAIDA.*
ALGAZA'RA, f. f. properly the cry or shout of the Moors, when in battle. Thence ufed for any confufed noife.
ALGEBE'NA, f. f. an earthen bafon.
A'LGEBRA, f. f. algebra.
ALGEBRI'STA, f. m. one that underftands algebra; alfo a bonefetter.
ALGECERI'A, f. f. the place where chalk is made or fold.
ALGECE'RO, f. m. the perfon who brings or fells chalk.
ALGREDE'Z, vid. *AXEDREZ.*
ALGEMIFA'O, f. m. a pedlar that goes from fair to fair, and from market to market.
ALGE'R, f. m. plaifter, fuch as is ufed on walls; alfo whiting.
ALGERI'FE, f. m. a. fisherman's net.
ALGERIFE'RO, f. m. a fisherman.
ALGE'Z, f. m. plaifter ufed in ftuccoworks.
ALGEZA'R, f. m. the mine plaifter is found in, or taken from.
ALGEZO'N, f. m. a great piece of plaifter.
ALGI'BE, f. m. a ciftern, a great veffel to keep water in; alfo a place where flaves were kept.
ALGIONIFRA'DO, adj. affectedly, adorned.
A'LGO, f. m. fòmething; it was formerly taken for wealth.
Fuláno es algo, fuch a one is a man of note, or of worth.
Hombre de algo, a man of fubftance.
Mas vále algo que náda, fomething is better than nothing.
ALGOD'ON, f. m. cotton.
Algodónes, f. m. pl. the cotton ufed in the ink glafs.
Tener a uno entre algodones, criar entre algodones, to bring up one with effeminacy.
ALGODONADO'R, f. m. a cottoner.
ALGODONADU'RA, f. f. cotton, the nap of cloth.
ALGODONA'L, f. m. the ground where cotton grows.
ALGODONA'R, v. a. to ftuff with cotton.
ALOGODONE'RO, f. m. the perfon who deals in cotton.
ALGO'RFA, f. f. a corn-loft, or a corn-houfe.
ALGORI'SMO, f. m. the fcience of numbers, arithmetick.
ALGORITHMO, f. m. arithmetick.
ALGO'SO, adj. abundant of fea weeds.
ALGRINA'L, f. m. a fort of cap ufed anciently by women.
ALGUACI'L, f. m. the proper name of an officer to apprehend malefactors.
Alguacil de corte, is equivalent to our ferjeants at arms, and king's meffengers.
Alguacil de móscas, a great fpider that catches flies in her web.

Cada uno tiene su alguacil, every one has his fault finder.

ALGUACILA'ZGO, f. m. the office of an *alguacil*.

ALGUAQUI'A, *ALGUAQUI'DA*, f. f. a match to light a fire with.

ALGUAQUIDE'RO, f. m. a feller of matches.

ALGUARI'N, f. m. a pantry.

ALGUA'ZA, f. f. an hinge.

ALGUIE'N, pron. rel. fomebody.

ALGUI'NIO, f. m. a large basket to gather fruit.

ALGUIRNA'LDA, f. f. vid. *GUIRNALDA*.

ALGU'N, pron. fome, (only ufed before fubftantives, never after;) as *algun hombre*, *algun foldado*, &c. fome man, fome foldier.

ALGU'NO, pron. fomebody, or fome one.

A L H

ALHA', f. m. God.

ALHACE'NA, vid. *ALHAZE-N'A*.

ALHADI'DA, f. f. burnt brafs; alfo a rule belonging to the aftrolabe.

ALHAGA'R, vid. *HALAGAR*.

ALHAG'O, vid. *HALAGO*.

ALHAI'TE, f. m. a jewel.

ALHA'JA, f. f. toy, all manner of furniture, houshold goods, or any other.

Prov. *Alhája que tiene boca, nadie la toca*, nobody will meddle with a piece of furniture that has a mouth; that is, none care for fuch things as are a conftant charge.

Prov. *Quién trabája, tiene alhája*, he that works has furniture; we muft take pains if we expect to get any thing.

ALHAJA'R, v. a to furnish.

ALHAJE'ME, f. m. obf. a barber.

ALHALI', vid. *ALHELI*.

ALHAMAR, f. m. a red blanket.

ALHAME'L, obf. a porter that carries burthens, or a packhorfe.

ALHA'NGE, vid. *ALANGE*.

ALHANI'A, f. f. an alcove, or place for a bed to ftand.

ALHAQUE'QUE, f. m. a herald at arms.

ALHAQUI', vid. *ALFAQUI*.

ALHARA'CA; f. f. an out-cry.

ALHARAQUIE'NTO, f. m. a noify, bawling man or woman.

ALHARGA'MA, f. f. wild rue.

ALHAVARA, f. f. a tribute collected from the afs-mills.

ALHAVEGA, f. f. majericon, or fweet garden bafil.

ALAXE'ME, vid. *ALHAJEME*.

ALHAZE'NA, f. f. a cupboard.

ALHE'GA, *ALHE'LGA*, f. f. the ftaple of a lock or bolt; alfo the fpace betwixt teeth that do not ftand clofe.

ALHELI'; f. m. vid. *ALELI*.

ALHE'ña, f. f. a plant called privet, or prim-print; alfo a fort of ointment to die the hair black.

Molido como una albeña, tired or weary.

Prov. *No efté la tiénda fin alhéna*, this proverb is to ridicule thofe who fill their houfes with things of little or no ufe, and neglect the more ufeful.

ALHEñA'R, v. a. to dye the hair black.

Aleñarfe, v. n. to be blafted.

ALHE'RCE, f. m. a fort of cedar.

ALHOCI'GO, f. m. the fiftick nut or tree; the piftacho.

ALHO'JA f. f. a lark.

ALHO'LBA, f. f. fenigreek.

ALHOLI', f. m. a place to keep corn in, a barn, a granary, a bin.

ALHO'LLA, or *ALFO'LLA*, f. f. a weaving or texture of filk and gold.

ALHO'MBRA, f. f. a carpet; alfo the red fpots in the face, proceeding from heat.

ALHOMBRAR, v. a. vid. *ALFOMBRAR*.

ALHO'NDIGA, f. f. a fhop, a ware houfe, a granary.

ALHONDIGUE'RO, f. m. a fhopkeeper, a warehoufe or granarykeeper.

ALHONDO'N, adv. at the bottom.

ALHORI', vid. *ALHOLI*.

ALHO'RRE, f. m. a fort of trouble fome running tetter.

ALHO'RZA, vid. *ALFORZA*.

ALHOSTIGA, f. f. the fiftick nut, or piftacho.

ALHO'STIGO, f. m. the piftachotree, or fiftick-tree.

ALHO'Z, f. m. vid. *ALFOZ*.

ALHO'ZIGO. vid. *ALHOCIGO*.

ALHURRE'CA, f. f. the falt foam that comes out of the roots of canes; alfo the foam of the fea.

ALHUZE'MA, f. f. lavender.

A L I

ALIACA'N, f. m. the jaundice.

ALIACANA'DO, adj. jaundiced.

ALIACRA'N, f. m. vid. *ALIACAN*.

ALIA'GA, f. f. broom.

ALIA'NZA, f. f. alliance, confederacy.

ALIA'R, v. a to ally, to confederate.

ALIA'RA, f. f. jack of the hedge, or fauce alone, having a tafte like garlick.

ALI'CA, f. f. a little wing.

ALICAI'DO, adj. wing-fallen.

ALICA'NTE, f. m. a fort of fnake.

ALICATA'DO, f. m. chequer work of different colours.

ALICATES, f. m. pl. pliérs, a tool like pincers, ufed by feveral trades for fmall work; alfo nippers to pull out hair with.

ALICERES, f. m. pl. the Dutch tiles, fuch as we ufe to adorn the fides of chimnies with.

ALICIONA'R; v. a. to teach one one's leffon, to inftruct.

ALICO'TA, f. f. an aliquot part, as two to fix, and three to nine, being the third part, and fo of other numbers.

ALIDA'DA, f. f. a crofs-ftaff.

ALIENACIO'N, f. f. alienation.

ALIENAR, v. a to eftrange, to alienate.

ALIE'NDE, adv. vid. *ALLIENDE*.

ALIE'NTO, f. m. breath, fpirit, courage.

ALIE'R, f. m. a foldier placed at the fides of a ship to guard it.

ALIFAFE, f. m. any thing that is lined with skins.
ALIFAFES, f. m. pl. a diftemper that breaks out in blifters on the joints of beafts.
ALIFA'R, v. a. to polish.
ALIFA'RA, f. f. over meafure, over weight; alfo a luncheon.
ALIGACIO'N, f. f. allaying, or mixture of metals.
ALIGAMIE'NTO, f. m. the act of binding, or tying together.
ALIGA'R, v. a. to bind, to tie; metaph, to lay under an obligation for a favour received.
ALIGERA'R, v. a. to lighten, to be nimble, or quick.
ALI'GERO, adj. having wings, aligerous, winged, bearded.
ALIJA'R; v. a. to lighten a ship, taking out goods, either in a ftorm, or that she may draw lefs water, to pafs over shoals.
ALI'JO, f. m. the lightening a ship of her burden.
ALI'LLA, f. f. a little wing.
ALIMADO'R, f. m. filer.
ALIMA'ña, *ALIMA'ñIA*, f. f. a brute beaft, more particularly tame cattle.
ALIMA'R, v. a. to file; metaph. to polish, to refine.
ALIMA'RA, f. f. a fign made by the beacons on the coaft.
ALIMENTADO'R, f. m. one that nourishes, feeds, or maintains.
ALIMENTA'R, v. a. to nourish, to feed, or maintain.
ALIME'NTO, f. m. nourishment, food, maintenance.
Alimēntos, f. m. pl. provifion made for children in a contract or deed.
ALIMPIADE'RO, f. m. any thing that ferves to make things clean.
ALIMPIADO'R; f. m. a cleanfer.
ALIMPIADU'RA, f. f. a cleanfing.
ALIMPIADU'RAS, f. f. pl. the dregs, fcurf, parings, or any thing taken off to cleanfe another thing.
ALIMPIA'R, v. a. to cleanfe; from *limpio*, clean.
ALINDA'R, v. n. to limit, fet bounds, or confine alfo to make fine or curious.
ALI'NDE, f. m. the bounds or limits of any place; alfo a magnifying glafs, and the quickfilver behind a looking-glafs.
ALIñADO'R, f. m. one that fets things in order, that dreffes or fits.
ALIñA'R, v. a. to drefs, to adorn, to fet in order, to make fit.
ALI'ñO, f. m. neatnefs, dreffing.
ALIñO'SO, adj. belonging to finery, drefs, or ornament.
ALIO'X, f. m. obf. marble.
ALIPTE, f. m. the fervant who anoints, cleans, and perfumes people in the bagnio.
ALIQUIDA'R, v. a. to perform, or tranfact any thing diligently or expeditioufly.
ALIRO'N, f. m. a large wing.
ALISADU'RA, f. f. fmoothing, plaining and fliding.
ALISA'R, v. a. to fmooth, to make plain, and to flide.
ALIS'MA, f. f. a fort of plantain.
ALISO, f. m. a fort of willow.
ALISONGEADO'R, f. m. a fycophant, a flatterer.
ALI'SSA, f. f. vid. *ALI'SO*.
ALISTA'R, v. a. to enroll, to lift; from *lifta*, a roll or lift; alfo to be ready, to be prepared.
Aliftárfe, v. r. to be enrolled, to be enlifted.
ALITERACIO'N, f. f. a figure in rhetorick fignifying an allufion to any thing, by playing upon the word.
ALIVIADO'R, f. m. one that eafes another.
ALIVIANA'R, v. a. to make light, or flight, or giddy-headed.
ALIVIA'R, v. a. to eafe.
ALIVIO, f. m. eafe.
Alivio de luto, fecond mourning.
ALIXA'RES, f. m. pl. public walks or places, for the people to divert themfelves without the town.
ALIZA'CE, *ALIZA'QUE*, f. m. a foundation.
ALIZA'R, f. m. a row of Dutch tiles in a wall; alfo the tile itfelf.
Aliçár, f. m. a dial poft fixed againft a wall, wherein were feveral dials wrought with checquer work.

A L J

ALJA'BA, f. f. a quiver.
ALJABIBE, f. m. a perfon who fells cloaths ready made.
ALJAFE'RIA, f. f. the palace of the kings at Zaragoza.
ALJA'MA, f. f. an affembly, a congregation; alfo a particular place where Jews and Moors live among the Chriftians.
ALJAMI'A, f. f. a ftrange barbarous language invented by the Moors, to make themfelves underftood by the Spaniards.
ALJAMIA'DO, adj. belonging to the language.
ALJA'RFA, ò *ALJARFE*, f. f. a fort of net ufed by the Moors in fishing.
ALJARA'Z, f. m. a fmall bell.
ALJEMIFA'O, f. m. a pedlar.
ALJOFAI'NA, f. f. a bafon.
ALJOFA'R, f. m. feed pearl.
ALJOFARA'R, v. a. to embroider, or adorn with feed-pearl.
ALJOFI'FA, f. f. a coarfe cloth.
ALJOFIFAR, v. a. to dry or rub with a coarfe cloth.
ALJOFIZA'R, f. m. a place laid with fine tile, or the tile itfelf.
ALJONGE, f. m. the juice of a thiftle bird-lime is made of.
ALJO'NGE'RA, f. f. a fow-thiftle.
ALJONGE'RO, adj. the appellative of that plant or thiftle, out of which that bird-lime is made, called *aljonge*.
ALJUBA, f. f. a Moorish garment like a short veft, after the eaftern fashion.
ALJUFA'NA, *ALJUFA'INA*, f. f. a deep bafon without brims.
ALKALI', f. m. a fort of plant called falt-wort or kali.
ALKANQUE'GI, *ALKAQUE'NGI*, *ALKAKE'NGI*, f. m. alkekengi, a medecinal fruit or berry, produced by a plant of the fame name, called winter-cherry.

A L L

ALLA', adv. thither; as *voy allá*, I go thither.
Allá, there, as *alla eftá*, he is there.

ALLA'DO, adv. by the side, two words.
ALLANADO'R, s. m. one that plains, levels, or makes easy.
ALLANADU'RA, s. f. plaining, levelling, making easy.
ALLANA'R, v. a. to make plain, to level, to make easy; to quell difficulties, to quell rebels.
Allanárse, v. r. to be mitigated, or appeased, to be submissive to any law.
ALLEGADI'ZO, adj. that is, or that may be brought together.
ALLEGADO'R, s. m. one that gathers, or heaps.
Allegadór de ceniza, y derramádor de harina, one that gathers ashes and scatters flour; that is, one that saves at the spiggot, and lets it run out at the bung.
ALLEGADOS, s. m. pl. hangers on; also friends.
ALLEGADU'RA, s. f. } a gathering, or heaping.
ALLEGAMIE'NTO, s. m. }
ALLEGA'NZA, s. f. kindred.
ALLEGA'R, v. a. to gather, to heap, to draw near, to take a party.

Prov. *Allégate a los buenos, y serás uno dellos*, join with good men, and you will be one of them; that is, keep good company, and you'll learn their good customs, and be a good man, or at last you will not fail to be thought one; the contrary to evil communication corrupts good manners.

ALLENA'R, v. a. to fill.
ALLENDE, adv. beyond, furthermore, or over and above, on the other side.
Allénde y aquénde, on this side, and the other.
ALLI' adv. there, in that place.
ALLI'CO, s. f. a certain herb that comes up with the flax.
ALLOMA'R, v. a. obs. to curse.
ALLO'ZA, s. f. a green almond.
ALLOZA'R, s. m. a grove of almond-trees.
ALLO'ZO, s. m. the almond-tree.
ALLUVION, s. f. a great sudden inundation that carries all before it.

A L M

ALMA, s. f. the soul.
Alma de cañon, the bore, or chamber of a cannon.
Alma de cántaro, a silly fellow.
Mi alma, my dear soul.
Alma en pena, a melancholy, dull soul.
En mi alma, upon my soul (an asseveration.)
Cuerpo sin alma, a heavy, lumpish person.
En alma de la ley, the reason, or ground of the law.
Irse el alma tras una cósa, to covet a thing passionately, as if one's soul yearned after it.
Pesame en el alma, I am sorry at my heart.
Tocár en el alma, to touch to the quick.
Mil almas, a thousand souls, or men.
No háy un alma, there is not one soul, there is no body.
No tener alma, to have no soul, that is, no conscience.
Dar alma a una cosa, to make a thing lively.
Dár el alma a Dios, to give one's soul to God; that is, to die.
Dár el alma al diablo, to give one's soul to the devil, to stick to wickedness, or to curse one's self.
Dar el alma un amigo, to give one's soul to a friend, to expose or hazard one's life for him.
Amigo del alma, a dear friend.
En alma me dá que es assi, my soul, that is, my mind gives me it is so.

Prov. *Por vuestra alma váyan essos paternostros*, let those paternosters, or prayers be for your own soul; this they say to one that mutters or curses.

Prov. *Su alma en su palma*, you have your liberty to do as you will; as you brew you may bake; as the spaniards say, *Allá se lo háya*.

Prov. *Un alma sola, ni canta, ni llora*, one soul alone, neither sings, nor weeps; that is, one person alone makes no harmony, wants society, and help.

Prov. *Es como el alma de Garibay, que no quiso Dios ni el diablo*, he is like the soul of Garibay, which neither God nor the devil would have.

ALMACAE'RO, s. m. a fisherman who goes to fish in a boat called *almancébes*, a skiff or smack.
ALMACE'N, s. m. vid. *ALMAZE'N*.
ALMACERI'A, s. f. a dry wall of stones or bricks without mortar; also any wall or fence about a ground.
ALMA'CIGA, s. f. gum-mastich.
ALMA'CIGAS, s. f. the beds in gardens where seeds are planted.
Almacigas, great pots, or boxes, or little beds, in which gardeners raise plants from the seed to transplant.
ALMACIGA'R, v. a. to stick, or mix with gum-mastich.
ALMA'CIGO, s. m. seeds fit for transplanting.
ALMADA'NA, s. f. a mattock, or spade, or a hoe.
ALMAD'EN, s. m. a mine, or vein of metal.
ALMADE'NA, s. f. a great iron sledge, to break stones, or work in a forge, or the like.
ALMADI'A, s. f. a low built vessel used in the Indies; also a float of several pieces of wood joined together.
ALMADRA'BA, s. f. the fishing of tunny.
ALMADRA'QUE, s. m. a coarse quilt, flock, or straw beds for servants to lie down in their cloaths, when they must be ready at call.
ALMADRA'VAS, s. f. pl. places on the south coast of Spain, into which the fishermen drive the tunny fish; at these places abundance of the archest rogues in Spain are bred, and learn all sorts of wickedness of one another, so that they are fit for any sort of villany.
ALMADRAVE'RO, s. m. is not only a fisherman of those places,

but any vile fellow that has the education of them.

ALMADRE'ñAS, f. f. wooden shoes.

ALMAGAZE'N, f. m. vid. *ALMAZE'N.*

ALMAGE'STO, f. m. the title of one of Protemey's books, which treats of aftrology in general.

ALMA'GRA, f. f. vid. *ALMAGRE.*

ALMAGRADO'R, f. m. one that marks, or colours red.

ALMAGRA'R, v. a. to mark, or colour with red.

ALMAGRE, f. m. red oaker, or red lead.

ALMAIA'L, f. m. an herb, the ashes, whereof are ufed with fand, for making of glafs, and called glafs-wort, or faltwort, of which *fal alkali* is made.

ALMAIZA'L, ALMAYZA'L, f. m. a fort of veil, or head attire ufed by the Moorish women, made of thin filk, ftriped of feveral colours, and shagged at the ends, which hangs down on the back; alfo a hair cloth, fuch as they rub horfes with.

ALMAIZALA'DO, *ALMAYZALA'DO*, adj. covered with, or made like fuch a veil.

ALMAIZA'R, f. m. vid. *ADMAIZA'L.*

ALMALA'FA, the fame fort of veil as the *almaizál*, only that is of filk, and this of linen; it is alfo a Moorish fort of upper garment, or veft.

ALMANACH, f. m. an almanack, a calendar.

ALMANA'QUE, idem.

ALMANDARAHE, obf. f. m. a harbour or road for ships.

ALMANTA, vid. *ALMACIGA.*

ALMARA'DA, f. f. a dagger or poniard with three edges.

ALMARAX, f. m, obf. a bridge.

ALMA'RCHA, f. f. a village fituated in a bottom.

ALMARJA'LES, f. m. pl. low lands, which receive all the rain which runs down from the hills.

ALMARIE'TE, f. m. obf. a little cupboard.

ALMA'RIO, f. m. obf. a cupboard.

ALMARJA'L, f. m. the place where the herb grows that glafs is made of.

ALMA'RJO, f. m. the herb that glafs is made of.

ALMA'RO, f. m. an herb like marjoram; the herb maftich.

ALMARRA'XA, f. f. a glafs bottle full of fmall holes to fprinkle water with.

ALMARRE'GA, f. f. a kind of blanket, a cloth to cover horfes.

ALMARTAGA, a head-ftall for a horfe, or a rein to hold, or lead him by when then rider alights; alfo the fcum of lead, or litharge; and a fort of medicinal herb.

ALMARTAXA, f. f. the fcum, foam, or froth of filver.

ALMARTEGA, *ALMARTI'GA*, vid. *AMARTAGA.*

ALMARZE'N; f. m. vid. *ALMAZE'N.*

ALMASTECH, f. m. vid. *ALMASTIGA.*

ALMA'STIGA, f. f. gum-maftich.

ALMA'TICA, f. f. vid. *DALMATICA.*

ALMATRE'RO, f. m. the perfon who fishes for shads.

ALMAXI'A, a Moorish garment.

ALMAYZA'L, vid. *ALMAIZA'L.*

ALMAYZO'R, vid. *ALMAIZO'R.*

ALMAZA'RA, f. f. an oil mill.

ALMAZE'N, f. m. a ftorehoufe, a warehoufe, a magazine.

Almazén de aguadúcho, the conduit head which ferves the aqueduct with water.

ALMAZENA'R, v. a. to lay up in a warehoufe.

ALMAZI'GA, vid. *ALMA'CIGA.*

ALME'A, f. f. red ftorax; alfo daffodil flowers.

ALMEA'R, f. m. an hay-rick.

Almear de héno, a hay-loft.

ALME'JA, f. f. the shell-fish called a mufcle.

ALMEJE'RO, f. m. one that gathers or fells mufcles.

ALME'LLE, f. f. vid. *ALMENDRA.*

ALMEN'A, f. f. a battlement or turret of a wall.

ALMENA'DO, adj. made with battlements, or turrets.

ALMENA'RA, f. f. a beacon.

Almenára de azofár, a brafs candlefticks with feveral fockets, or a brafs lamp to hold feveral fconces, fuch as we call a branch.

ALMENA'RA, f. f. a piece of iron in which the poor among the Spaniards fix the *téa*, or heart of a pine tree, which, fplit, in pieces, burns like a torch, and is ufed as fuch.

ALME'NDOLA, f. f. vid. *ALME'NDRA.*

ALMENDOLO'N, *ALMENDO'N*, f. m. vid. *ALMIDON.*

ALME'NDRA, f. f. an almond.

ALME'NDRA, *de los andes*, vide *COCOS.*

ALMENDRAS de chachapoyas, a delicious and wholefome fruit in the Indies.

ALMENDRA'DA, f. f. milk of fweet almonds, with the fubftance of melon and pompion feeds preffed into it, and then boiled till it grows to a confiftence.

ALMENDRA'L, f. m. an orchard of almond-trees.

ALMENDRE'RA, f. f. the almond-tree.

ALMENDRI'CA, f. f. a little almond.

ALMENDRO, f. m. an almond-tree.

Prov. *Al almendro y al villáno, el palo en la mano*, to deal with the almond-tree, and with a clown, you muft have a ftick in your hand; that is, they both require thrashing.

ALMENDROLO'N, f. m. a great almond.

ALMENDRO'NES, f. m. pl. candied almonds.

ALMENDRU'CO, f. m. a green almond.

ALMENI'LLA, f. f. a little battlement of a wall.

ALME'NOS, adv. at leaft.

ALMENORE'TE, adv. at the very leaft.

ALMERO'N, vid. *ALMIRO'N.*

AL ME'S, adv. monthly.

ALME'TE, f. m. a helmet.

ALMETOLI', f. m. obf. a tin oil pot.

ALMEXI'A, f. f. a fort of filk

used anciently by ladies.
ALME'Z, s. m. the lote, or nettle-tree.
ALME'ZA, vid. *ALME'JA*.
ALMEZI'NA, s. f. the lote-tree, and its fruit.
ALMEZO; s. m. the fruit of the lotetree.
ALMIA'R, s. m. a hay-rick; also a stone, or heap of earth rising, and ending in a point for a boundary or landmark.
ALMI'BAR, s. m. sugar melted and boiled to make sweet-meats with.
ALMIBARA'R, v. a. to sweeten.
ALMIDO'N, s. m. starch.
ALMIDONADO'RA, s. m. a starcher.
ALMIDONA'R, v. a. to starch.
ALMIFO'R, s. m. an horse so called in cant.
ALMIFO'RA, s. f. in cant signifies a mule.
ALMIFORE'RO, s. m. in cant, a horse or mule stealer.
ALMI'LLA, s. f. a waistcoat; also the bridge of a fiddle, and a long slip of flesh they cut out of swine from head to tail, counted excellent meat; also a little soul.
ALMI'NA, s. f. obs. a tower or turret.
ALMIRA'NTA, s. f. the admiral ship of a fleet.
ALMIRA'NTAZGO, s. m. the office of an admiral.
Almirantazgo, the court of admiralty, or the office of an admiral.
ALMIRA'NTE, s. m. an admiral.
Almiránte de Castilla, the admiral of Castile.
ALMIRE'Z, s. m. a mortar of metal.
ALMIRO'N, s. m. white endive.
ALMISCLE'RO, adj. belonging to musk.
ALMISOR, s. m. f. a horse or mare, called so in cant.
ALMISORE'RO } s. m. a horse
ALMISOTE'RO, } or mare stealer.
ALMI'SQUE, vid. *ALMIZCLE*.
ALMISQUE'RA, s. f. a box, or place to keep music.
ALMIXAR, s. m. the place where figs are dried to keep.
ALMIZCLA'DO, adj. perfumed with musk.
ALMISCLE, s. m. musk.
ALMISCLERO, s. m. a sort of mouse that breeds in the water, whose skin smells of musk.
ALMO, adj. kind, nourishing.
ALMOCADE'N, s. m. a captain of foot.
ALMOCAFRE, s. m. a dibble to set herbs with.
ALMOCA'TI, s. m. the marrow of the bone, and the substance of the brains.
ALMOCE'LA, s. f. a hood of a particular form, so called.
ALMOCRE'BE, } s. m. a carrier,
ALMOCRE'VE, } a mule-driver.
ALMODON, s. m. flour, fine meal, or corn.
ALMODRO'TE, s. m. a sort of sauce made of garlick, cheese, and other ingredients, to dress the fruit called in Spain *berenjenas*.
ALMOFA'R, s. m. some covering for the head, whether cap, hood, or veil.
ALMOFARI'Z, s. m. vid. *ALMIRE'Z*.
ALMOFE'X, vid. *ALMOFRE'S*.
ALMOFI'A, s. f. a bason.
ALMOFRE'Z, s. m. or *ALMOFRE'X*, a bag made like a pillow, properly a case to carry a travelling bed in.
ALMOGA'MA, s. f. the narrow parts of a ship towards head and stern, distant about half way from the widest in the hold, and sharpening away, that the water may run the faster to the rudder.
ALMOGAVA'RES, } s. m. pl. old
ALMOGA'RAVES, } experienced soldiers, that were formerly kept in garrison; also a party of horse sent out to reconnoitre the enemy.
ALMOGO'TE, s. m. a battalion of soldiers in battle array.
ALMOHA'DA, s. f. a pillow, or a cushion; also the stones at the corner of a building which jet out beyond the rest of the wall.
Consultár con el almoháda, to consult one's pillow, to sleep upon a business.
ALMOHADI'LLA, s. f. a little pillow or cushion; a cushion women in Spain used to work on; also swellings on the mules sides under the saddle.
ALMOHA'TRE, s. m. mercury sublimate.
ALMOHA'ZA, s. f. a curry-comb.
ALMOHAZA'R, v. a. to curry horses.
ALMOHI'NO, adj. fretful.
ALMOJA'MA, s. f. the flesh of the tunny fish dried.
ALMOJA'RRA, s. f. a sort of earthen pitcher with a great belly, and four or more handles.
ALMOJATE'R, s. m. sal ammoniac.
ALMOJAVA'NA, s. f. a sort of cheesecake.
ALMO'NA, s. f. the place where soap is made.
ALMO'NDIGA, vid. *ALBO'NDIGA*.
ALMO'NEDA, s. f. a publick sale, an auction.
Prov. *En el almonéda, ten la barba queda*, at a sale keep your beard on your chin still; that is, let not your beard wag too fast in bidding, lest you overbid and repent.
ALMONEDEA'R, v. a. to have to do in sales.
ALMORADUX, s. m. the herb sweet marjoram.
ALMORA'FES, s. m. pl. armour for the thighs.
ALMORRANA'DO, adj. one that has the piles.
ALMORRA'NAS, s. f. pl. the piles or hemorrhoids.
Almorránas con sangre, the bloody piles, or hemorrhoids.
Almorránas sin sangre, the dry piles.
Almorránas con resquebrajadúra, the fistula in ano.
ALMORRANIE'NTO, adj. one that has the piles.
ALMORTAS, s. f. pl. a kind of pease which are square.
ALMO'RREFA, s. f. a particular manner of making floors with blue bricks.
ALMORZA'DA, s. f. what may be contained in both hands.
ALMORZA'R, v. a. to breakfast.
ALMOSNA, s. f. vide *LIMO'SNA*.

ALMOSTA, f. f. as much as a man can grafp with both hands.

ALMOTACE'N, f. m. a clerk of the market; alfo an officer to fee the ftreets are kept clean.

ALMOTACENA'ZGO, f. m. the office of the clerk of the market: or of the officer that is to fee the ftreets kept clean.

ALMOTACENI'A, f. f. idem.

ALMOTALE'FE, f. m. an officer where there are filk works, to view them, and put feals to the filks before they are fold.

ALMOXARIFA'ZGO, f. m. cuftom or duty upon commodities, and the office of a cuftomer.

ALMOXARI'FE, f. m. a receiver of cuftoms for commodities imported or exported; formerly the treafures were fo called, as may be feen in ancient hiftories.

ALMOZA'DA, f. f. vid. ALMOSTA.

ALMU'CIO, f. m. a certain ornament of furrs, worn by canons of churches.

ALMU'D, f. m. a meafure of half a bushel.

ALMUDA'DA, f. f. as much land as half a bushel of wheat will fow.

ALMUDE'JO, f. m. vide ALMUD.

ALMUDE'NA, f. f. a publick ftorehoufe for corn, a grange.

ALMUDE'RO, f. m. the officer who infpects the dry meafures.

ALMUDI', f. m. the cuftom-houfe where all the corn is fold; fo called, from the meafure *almúd*.

ALMUE'DANO, f. m. obf. a cryer.

ALMUE'RZA, f. f. as much corn, oats, or other fuch thing as may be contained in both hands when opened and joined.

ALMUER'ZO, f. m. a breakfaft.

ALMUEZA, f. f. vide ALMUERZA.

ALMU'RA, } f. f. vide ALMUDE'NA.
ALMU'NIA, }

ALMU'RCA, f. f. the lees or dregs of oil.

ALMUTAZA'F, f. m. an officer that has the care of infpecting meafures.

A L N

ALNA, f. f. an ell.

ALNADI'LLO, f. m. f. diminut. of *alnádo*.

ALNA'DO, f. m. a fon-in-law; that is, a man's wife's fon by another husband, or the husband's by another wife.

ALNA'FE, f. m. a clofe furnace to put fire in, and a pot over.

ALNO, f. m. an elder-tree.

A L O

A'LO, f. m. the herb called comfrey, or camfrey.

ALOBADA'DO, adj. that has been bit by wolves.

ALOBA'DO, adj. vide LOBADO.

ALOBUNA'DO, adj. wolf-like, efpecially in the colour.

ALOCA'DO, adj. freakish, maddish.

ALODIA'LES, adj. f. m. pl. an epithet to *bienes*; alodial, not feudal.

A'LOE, f. m. vide ACIBAR.

ALOGADO'R, f. m. obf. one that lets out houfes or la nds to hire.

ALOGAMIE'NTO, f. m. the letting of a houfe, or fetting to hire.

ALOGA'R, v. a. obf. to let out to hire, or to hire.

ALOGUE'R, } f. m. the rent
ALOGUE'RO. } for lodging or houferroom, houfe rent, or any rent.

ALOJADO'R, f. m. one that lodges, a harbinger, a quartermafter.

ALOJAMIE'NTO, f. m. lodgings, quarters.

ALOJA'R, v. a. to lodge, to quarter.

Alojárfe, v. r. to be lodged, or to be quartered.

A LO MAS, adv. at moft.

A LO ME'NOS, adv. at leaft.

ALO'N, f. m. wing.

ALO'NDRA, f. f. a lark.

ALONGAMIE'NTO, f. m. prolonging, protracting, or ftretching out.

ALONGA'R, v. to prolong, to protract, to ftretch out.

ALONJOLI', vid. AJONGOLI'.

ALOPECI'A, f. f. fcurf, fcab.

ALOPIADO, adj. drowzy, fleepy, or mixed with opium, whence the word.

ALO'QUE, f. m. a pale wine between white and red.

ALO'SA, f. m. the fish called a shad.

ALOTO'NES, f. m. pl. the fruit of the lote-tree.

ALO'XA, f. f. metheglin, or mead.

ALOXERI'A, f. f. the houfe where metheglin or mead is fold.

ALOXE'RO, f. m. the perfon who fells or makes metheglin or mead.

ALO'ZNA, f. f. obf. wormwood.

Alozna marina, wormfeed.

A L P

ALPARCERI'A, f. f. partnership.

ALPARCE'RO, f. m. a partner.

ALPARGA'TA, f. f. vide ALPARGATE.

ALPARGATA'DO, adj. one shod with buskins, made of packthread or rushes.

ALPARGATA'R, v. a. to make shoes of packthread, or rushes.

ALPARGATA'ZO, f. m. a ftroke with an *alpargate*.

ALPARGA'TE, f. m. a fort of shoe or buskin made of packthread, and fometimes of rushes.

ALPARGATE'RO, f. m. one that makes or fells *alpargates*.

ALPARTA'Z, f. m. a coat of mail.

ALPECHI'N, f. m. the dregs or lees of oil.

ALPESTRE, adj. alpine, rough, ftony.

ALPE'Z, f. m. (the fame as *alopecia*) fcurf, fcab.

ALPHA; f. f. the firft letter in the Greek alphabet.

ALPHABE'TICO, adj. alphabetical, in order of the alphabet.

ALPHABE'TO, f. m. the alphabet.

ALPHO'N, f. m. vide ALBARA'ZO.

ALPICO'Z, f. m. cucumber.

AL PIE', adv. at the foot.

Al pie de la létra, exactly, to a tittle.

ALPI'NO, adj. of, or belonging to the Alps.

ALPI'STE, f. m. an herb called

foxtail; also Canary seed, such as birds eat.

ALPISTE'LA, } *ALPISTERA*, } s. f. a cake made with flour, eggs, and sugar.

ALPI'VRE, s. f. an herb called bishop's-wort.

AL PRESE'NTE, adv. at present.

AL PRINCI'PIO, adv. at first, in the beginning.

A L Q.

ALQUAQUE'NGI, s. m. a cockle.

ALQUEMI'STA, s. m. vide *ALQUIMISTA*.

ALQUERI'A, s. f. a farmer's house.

ALQUE'RME, s. m. the grains of the scarlet oak, also the composition made of them with sugar, powder of roses, coral, pearl, and other cordial ingredients.

ALQUE'RQUE, s. m. the game of draughts.

ALQUETI'FA, } *ALQUETI'ZA*, } s. f. vide *ALCATIFA*.

ALQUE'Z, s. m. a large measure containing about eighty gallons.

ALQUI'BLA, s. f. the southern climate, coast, part, or quarter of the world.

ALQUICE'L, s. m. a Moorish mantle or covering.

ALQUILADI'ZO, adj. that may be hired.

ALQUILADO'R, s. m. one that hires, or lets out to hire.

ALQUILAMIE'NTO, s. m. letting out to hire.

ALQUILA'R, v. a. to hire, or let out to hire.

ALQUILE, } *ALQUILE'R*, } s. m. hire.

ALQUILO'N, adj. any thing proper or capable to be hired.

ALQUI'MIA, s. f. alchemy, or the art of chemistry.

Prov. *Alquimia probáda, tenér rénta y no gastár náda*, it is a tried alchemy to have an estate, and to spend nothing.

ALQUIMI'LLA, s. f. the herb ladiesmantle.

ALQUIMI'STA, s. m. a chemist.

Prov. *Alquimista certéro, del hierro pensó hacer oro, y del oro hiérro*, a never-failing chemist, he thought to turn iron into gold, and turned the gold into iron; a sling all chimists.

ALQUINA'L, s. m. a sort of Moorish handkerchief.

ALQUITA'RA, s. f. a limbeck.

ALQUITIRA, s. f. gum tragacanth.

ALQUITRA'N, s. m. naptha, a liquid substance flowing out of the earth, in some places like melted pitch; in some places they use it for ships, instead of pitch and tar.

ALQUITRANA'R, v. a. to daub with *alquitran*.

Es un alquitrán, he is a passionate, hasty man.

ALQUITRAVE, s. m. vid. *ARCHITRA'VE*.

ALQUIVA'L, s. m. vide *ALQUICE'L*.

A L R

AL REDEDO'R; adv. round about.

AL REI'R DEL ALVA, at the dawn of day.

AL REVE'S, adv. the wrong day.

AL ROMPER EL ALVA, vid. *AL REI'R DEL ALVA*.

A L S

ALSI'NE, s. f. the herb chickweed.

A L T

A'LTA, s. f. in cant, is a tower, or a window.

Alta, s. f. an old Spanish dance.

ALTABA'QUE, s. m. a great basket, a hamper, or pannier.

ALTAMA'R, s. m. the main ocean.

ALTAME'NTE, adv. wonderfully, prodigiously.

ALTAMERO'N, s. m. in cant, is a thief that gets in at the tops of houses to rob.

ALTAMI'A, s. f. an earthen porringer.

ALTAMI'SA, vid. *ARTEMI'SA*.

ALTA'NA, s. f. in cant, a church.

ALTANA'DO, adj. in cant, married.

ALTANERI'A, s. f. the sport of hawking; also pride, vanity, insolence, impudence.

ALTANE'RO, s. m. and adj. a hawk, or any bird that soars high thence, any conceited, or high; flying person.

ALTA'NTO, adv. vide *TANTO*.

ALTA'QUE, s. m. a wicker basket.

ALTA'R, s. m. an altar.

ALTARE'RO, s. m. the person who takes care to adorn the altar.

ALTARI'CO, s. m. diminutive of *altar*.

ALTERA'BLE, adj. alterable changeable, mutable.

ALTERACIO'N, s. f. alteration, change; also passion, or anger.

ALTERADO'R, s. m. one that often alters, or changes.

ALTERA'R, v. a. to alter, to change, to provoke, to anger.

Alterár la gente, to stir up the people, to commit any disorder.

Alterárse, v. r. to be changed, to be provoked.

ALTERCACIO'N, s. f. contention, wrangle, dispute.

ALTERCADO'R, s. m. a wrangling fellow.

ALTERCA'R, v. a. to wrangle, to dispute, to contend, to debate.

ALTERNACIO'N, s. f. acting alternatively, or by turns.

ALTERNADAME'NTE, adv, alternatively, by turns.

ALTERNADO'R, s. m. one that does things by turns.

ALTERNA'R, v. a. to act alternately, or by turns.

ALTERNATI'VA, s. f. a change, an alternative, choice, option.

ALTERNATIVAME'NTE, adv. alternatively, successively.

ALTERNATI'VO, adj. alternate, reciprocal.

ALTE'RNO, adj. done by turns.

ALTE'ZA, s. f. highness, loftiness.

ALTIBA'XO, s. m. a downright stroke.

ALTIBA'XOS, s. m. pl. uneven places, up and down hill; the uneven carriage of a man.

ALTI'LOQUO, adj. eloquent.
ALTISONA'NTE, adj. ſonorous, ſounding, noiſy.
ALTI'SONO, adj. higheſt, ſupreme.
ALTITU'D, ſ. f. loftineſs, altitude, highneſs.
ALTIVAME'NTE, adv. loftily, proudly.
ALTIVECE'R, v. n. to grow proud.
ALTIVEDA'D, } ſ. f. pride, haughtineſs.
ALTIVEZ, }
ALTI'VO, adj. proud, or lofty.
ALTO, adj. high, lofty, tall, profound.
Hacér alto, to halt in a march.
Paſſóſele por alto, he took notice of it.
Alto de al, be gone.
Caſa de tres altos, a houſe three ſtories high.
Brocádo de tres altos, the richeſt brocade.
Alta mar, the deep ſea, far out at ſea.
El alto de veloz, a flight, ſcampering; it is a cant word, but whence derived I do not find.
ALTOBO'RDO, ſ. m. a ſhip of the largeſt ſize, a firſt rate.
ALTO'R, ſ. m. vide *ALTURA*.
ALTOZANI'LLO, ſ. m. diminutive of.
ALTOZA'NO, ſ. m. a little hill or mountain.
ALTRAMU'Z, ſ. m. a lupin, or kidneybean.
ALTRAVES, adv. a croſs.
Dar al traves, to run aground, to be ſhip-wrecked.
ALTU'RA, ſ. f. height, altitude; and tallneſs; alſo the latitude of a place.

A L U

ALUBI'AS, ſ. f. pl. a kind of peaſe.
ALUCIA'R, v. a. obſ. to make ſhine, to give a luſtre.
ALUCIDA'D, ſ. f. obſ. luſtre.
ALUCON, ſ. m. an owl.
ALU'DA, ſ. f. an ant that has wings.
ALUDI'R, v. n. to allude.
ALU'DO, adj. winged, that has wings.
ALUENGA'R, v. a. obſ. to lengthen, to extend.
ALUFRA'R, v. a. to ſee quick, diſtinctly, and from afar.
ALUGA'R, v. a. to let out, to give for hire.
ALUMBRADO'R, ſ. m. one that lights.
ALUMBRA'R, v. a. to light, to give light, explain.
Alumbrár una perſona, is either to light a man, or to inform his judgment.
Dios te alúmbre con bien, God give you a happy hour, God ſend you a ſafe delivery; a prayer for women with child.
ALU'MBRE, } ſ. m. alum.
ALUMBRE'A, }
ALUMBRE'RA, ſ. m. an alum mine.
ALUMINO'SO, adj. mixed with alum.
ALU'MIXA, ſ. f. lavender.
ALUMNO, ſ. m. a foſter-child, one that is bred up under thoſe that are not his parents, or he that breeds up ſuch a child.
ALUNA'DO, ſ. m. a lunatick.
Alunádo, adj. any thing hurt, or damaged by the influence of the moon.
Alunádo, adj. is applied to a horſe who ſuffers a contraction of his nerves all over his body, or in any part, ſo that he cannot move.
ALUNAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. the madneſs that comes at full moon.
ALUNA'RSE, v. r. and n. to become mad, to run mad.
ALUQUE'TE, ſ. m. ſometimes taken for a match to light fire with, but generally for a zeſt, that is, a round, thin bit of orange peel, which ſome ſqueeze into drink, and rub the edges of the glaſs or cup with.
ALUSIO'N, ſ. f. an alluſion.
ALUSIVAME'NTE, adv. with alluſion to, alluſively.
ALUSI'VO, adj. alluſive, alluding.
ALUSTRA'R, v. a. to give a luſtre to a thing, to make it bright and ſhining.
ALUTACIO'N, ſ. f. ſo the miners call the firſt gold found in the mines, about four feet deep.
ALUZEMA, vid. *ALHUZE'MA*.
ALUZIA'R, v. a. to make ſmooth, plain, bright, or gloſſy.
ALUZINA'R, v. n. to gueſs at uncertainties, as one ſees betwixt light and darkneſs.

A L V.

ALVA, ſ. f. vid. *ALBA*.
ALVA'R, adj. white.
ALVEDRI'O, ſ. m. vid *ALBEDRI'O*, and its derivatives.
A'LVEO, ſ. m. the channel or bed of a river.
ALVE'RJA, } ſ. f. vide *ARVE'JA*.
ALVERJA'NA, }
ALVIDRIA'R, v. a. to glaze.
ALVO, adj. very white.

A L Z

ALZA, ſ. f. a piece of leather placed between the laſt and upper leather to make the ſhoes a little wider.
ALZADA, ſ. f. the concluſion of a controverſy at law, a court of appeal, an appeal.
ALZADE'RA, ſ. f. a ſtone a man holds in his hand to leap with; alſo a pole which rope-dancers uſe.
ALZA'DO, ſ. m. a curious deſcription of any place or edifice.
ALZADU'RA, ſ. f. the action of raiſing, or lifting up.
ALZAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. a revolt, a rebellion.
ALZAPI'E, ſ. m. a gin or ſnare uſed by ſportſmen.
ALZAPRI'MA, ſ. f. a crane to draw up weights; alſo a trick, a trap.
Dar alzaprima, to entrap, to enſnare a man.
ALZAPRIMA', v. a. to crane up.
ALZA'R, v. a. to lift, to raiſe, to take up, alſo to lay up, or keep.
Alzár rey, to proclaim a king by a ſolemn and legal publication.

Alzár, to raise up the host at mass.
Alzár, v. n. to stand, to raise up.
Alzár, to take away; also to lift up a burden.
Alzár un destierro, to recal a banished person.
Alzár los naypes, to cut the cards at play.
Alzár (en la imprenta) to put in order the printed leaves, (in printing.)
Alze dios su ira, (vulgar phrase) when they are in a great passion.
Alzár barbecho, to till, to plough an uncultivated ground.
Alzár cabéza, to recover, to restore from sickness or poverty, to lift up one's head.
Alzár de eras, to keep up the corn after harvest.
Alzár de obra, to interrupt a work.
Alzár el gallo, to speak with pride and arrogance.
Alzár el grito, to raise the voice.
Alzar el real, to decamp.
Alzár frigura, to cast a figure, (in astrology.)
Alzar hervor, to begin boiling.
Alzár la mano, to threaten, to menace by action.
Alzár la mano de uno, to abandon a person or affair, to forsake it.
Alzár la mesa, to take away the table.
Alzár la tienda, to shut up one's shop; also to shift the tent.
Alzár velas, to sail.
Alzárse, v. r. to rebel.
Alzarse en el juego, to give over play, when one is a gainer.
Alzarse a mayores, to pretend superiority, among equal persons.

AMA

A'MA, s. f. a mistress, a governess, a nurse, a housekeeper.
AMABILIDA'D, s. f. a sweet, or amiable disposition.
AMA'BLE, adj. lovely, amiable.
AMABLEME'NTE, adv. lovingly, amiably.
AMA'CA, s. f. a hammock, a hanging bed.
AMACE'NA, s. f. a sort of large plum.
AMACHAMARTI'LLO, adv. firmly, solidly, resolutely.
AMADIZITOS, s. m. pl. little favourite lap-dogs; also the nicest sorts of fops or beaus.
AMADO'R, s. m. a lover.
AMADRIGA'RSE, v. r. to take shelter as rabbits do by running into their burroughs; metaph. to fly for refuge or protection to a church, or a great man's house.
AMADRINA'R, v. a. to make horses or mules tame and gentle. which is done at the time of breaking, by tying one that is not broke with one that is, which last serves as a kind of *madrina* or example to the other.
AMAESTRADU'RA, s. f. a contrivance, by which shopkeepers, as mercers, linen-drapers, &c. hinder their buyers from having a good sight of their goods.
AMAESTRAMIE'NTO, s. m. instructing, teaching, discipline.
AMAESTREA'R, v. a. vide *AMAESTRA'R*.
AMAGADOR, s. m. one that offers to strike.
AMAGAR, v. a. to make an offer, or lift up the hand, as if one was going to strike.
Amagárse, v. r. to cringe to contract or draw one's self in to a smalk compass.
AMA'GO, s. m. the action by which one offers or threatens to strike.
AMAINA'R, v. a. to strike sail, to take in the sails; metaph. to cool, to relent.
AMAITINAR, v. a. to observe narrowly, to fix one's eye on any thing.
AMAJADA'R, v. a. to remain, or to be lodged in the sheepfold.
AMA'LGAMA, } s. f. a chemical composition, which silversmiths make use of for gilding.
AMALGAMACION }
AMAMA'R, vide *MAMAR*.
AMAMANTAMIE'NTO, s. m. giving suck, suckling.
AMAMANTA'R, v. a. to suckle, to give suck.
AMANA'R, v. a. to put a thing in readiness, so as it may be at hand.
AMANCEBAMIE'NTO, s. m. concubinage.
AMANCEBA'DO, s. m. one that keeps a mistress.
AMANCEBAR'SE, v. r. to live in a state of fornication.
AMANCILLA'R, v. a. to stain, defile, pollute.
AMANCILLA'DOR, s. m. one that stains, or defiles.
AMANDERE'CHA, adv. on the right hand.
AMANECE'R, v. n. to grow day.
Amanecér, to be, or to arrive in a place at the dawn or break of day.
Al Amanecér, adv. of time, at the dawn or break of day.
AMAÑARSE, v. r. to be handy or dexterous at any thing.
AMA'ñOS, s. m. preparation, readiness.
A MA'NO ISQUIERDA, } vide *MANO*.
A MA'NO DERECHA, }
AMANOJA'R, v. a. to tie or make up in bunches or parcels.
AMANSADO'R, s. m. a man that tames, pacifies, or quells.
AMANSAMIE'NTO, s. m. taming, pacifying, quelling.
AMANSA'R, v. a. to tame, pacify, or quell.
AMANTE, s. m. a lover.
AMANTENIE'NTE, adv. forcibly, vigorously, irresistibly.
AMANTES, s. m. a sea term, a great rope used to unburden ships with.
AMANTILLA'R, v. a. to top the lifts, so the seamen call it; that is, to make the arms of the yards hang higher or lower, as they think fit.
AMANTI'LLOS, s. m. pl. the lifts, so the seamen call certain ropes which belong to the yard arms, and serve to top them; that is, to make them hang higher, or lower, or as they please.

AMANUE'NSE, f. m. an amanuenfis, one that writes for another.

'AMANZILLADO'R, f. m. one that moves compaffion, or that fpots or defiles.

'AMANZILLA'R, v. a. to move compaffion; alfo to fpot, or defile.

'AMAPO'LA, f. f. a poppy.

AMAPOLA'RSE, v. n. to blush.

AMA'R, v. a. to love.

AMARACI'NO, f. m. a fort of unguent.

'AMA'RACO, f. m. fweet marjoram, feverfew.

'AMARA'NTO, f. m. the amarant, or flower-gentle, whereof there are feveral forts.

'AMARGALE'JAS, f. f. pl. a fort of plums that have a harsh tafte.

AMARGAME NTE, adv. bitterly.

AMARGA'R, v. n. to tafte bitter, to be unpleafant.

AMARGA'ZA, the herb pellitory of the wall.

AMA'RGO, adj. bitter; any thing that is difpleafing.

'Algúfto eftragádo lo dulce le es amárgo, the fweeteft thing is unpleafant to a fick palate.

'AMARGO'N, f. m. wild endive.

AMAGO'R, f. m. bitternefs.

AMARGO'SO, adj. bitter.

AMARGUI'LLO, adj. bitterish, a little bitter.

AMARGU'RA, f. f. bitternefs; metaph, forrow.

AMARICA'DO, adj. effeminate, woman-like.

'AMARILLEA'R, v. n. to turn yellow, pale, or wan.

AMARILLE'JO, adj. yellowish.

AMARILLE'Z, f. f. yellownefs, palenefs, wannefs.

AMARI'LLO, adj. yellow; alfo pale and wan.

AMA RO, f. m. the herb St John's wort; by poetical writers ufed for bitter.

'AMA'RRA, f. f. a cable, cord, or rope to make any thing faft.

AMARRADE'RO, f. m. the place for anchoring; alfo the place for mooring ships.

'AMARRA'R, v. a. to make faft, to anchor; this word is ufed by feamen, as ours do the word *to lash*; that is, to tie or make faft.

Amarrár el navio, to moor a ship.

AMARRAZO'N, f. m. a cable rope.

AMARRI'DO, adj. afflicted, grieved, perplexed, fad, melancholy.

AMARTAGA, f. f. the litharge of metals.

AMARTELA'DO, adj. fallen in love, fmitten with beauty.

AMARTELAMIE'NTO, f. m. falling in love.

AMARTELA'RSE, v. r. to fall in love.

AMARTILLA'R, v. a. to hammer; alfo to cock a gun.

AMA'S, adv. befides, over and above.

A MAS CORRE'R, adv. with all poffible quicknefs and celerity.

A MAS TARDA'R, adv. at lateft, at moft.

AMASSADE'RA, f. f. tub, trough to knead dough in; a woman that kneads or makes bread.

AMASSADO'R, f. f. one that kneads bread, or any fuch thing.

AMASSADU'RA, f. f. kneading of bread.

AMASSA'R, v. a. to knead, to make bread.

AMASSIJO, f. m. a veffel to knead, or make bread in; alfo any quantity of dough.

AMATA'R, v. a. vide *MATA'R*.

AMATHYSTE, f. m. a precious ftone, called an amethyft.

AMATO'RIO, adj. belonging to love.

AMAZO'NA, f. m. a mafculine woman.

A M B

AMBA'GES, f. m. pl. a long tedious ftory to no purpofe, a fetch about, impertinencies, intricate paffages, turnings and windings.

AMBAR, *AMBARGRIS*, f. m. ambergris.

Ambár, f. m. is alfo the yellow amber, of which we have beads, and other curiofities.

AMBARES, f. m. pl. the fruit of a large tree in India.

AMBARI'NO, adj. belonging to amber.

AMBA'S, adj. fem both.

AMBI'A, f. f. a liquor in Peru, which flows from a fpring.

AMBICIO'N, f. f. ambition.

AMBICIONA'R, v. a. to feek for preferment, to fue or court another for a place.

AMBICIOSAME'NTE; adv. ambitioufly.

AMBICIO'SO, adj. ambitious, proud, vain glorious.

Ambiciofo, adj. defirous of honour and promotion.

AMBIDEXTRO, adj. one that ufes both hands equally.

AMBIE'NTE, f. m. the ambient air, that furrounds all the bodies.

AMBIGUAME'NTE, adv. ambiguoufly, doubtfully.

AMBIGUIDA'D, f. f. ambiguity, doubt.

AMBI'GUO, adj. ; ambiguous, doubtful.

A'MBITO, f. m. the ambit, the compafs or circuit of any thing.

A'MBLA, f. f. the amble of a horfe.

AMBLADO'R, f. m. an ambler.

AMBLA'R, v. n. to amble, to pace.

AMBOS, pron. adj. both.

Ambos a dos, both together.

AMBRO'LLA, f. f. a deceitful practice.

AMBROLLADO'R, f. m. an intangler, an infnarer.

AMBROLLAR, v. a. to trouble, perplex, or moleft.

AMBRO'SIA, f. f. the meat the poets feigned the gods did eat.

Ambrófia, f. f. the herb oak of Jerufalem.

AMBROSIA'NO, adj. belonging to *ambrofia*.

AMBRU'NESA, f. f. a fort of cherry.

AMBULA'R, v. n. to walk.

AMBULA'RIOS, f. m. pl. ragged clothes.

AMBULATI'VO, adj. vide *AMBULAR*.

A M E

AMEBE'O, f. m. anfwering alter-

nately, verses when one answereth another by course, as in some of Virgil's Eclogues.

'*AMELONA'R*, v. a. to soften or mollify; also to shape like a melon.

'*AMECE'R*, v. n. to mix.

AMECHA'R, vid. *MECHA'R*.

AMEDRENTADO'R, s. m. one that frights or puts others into fear.

'*AMEDRENTA'R*, v. a. to put into fear, to make one afraid; from the Latin *metus*.

AMEJORA'R, v. a. to better, to make better.

Amejorár, v. n. to grow better.

AMELECINAR, v. a. to cure, to give a medicine or a clyster.

'*AMELGA'R*, v. a. to make holes in the ground, as is done when an estate is taken possession of, to know the limits.

AME'LLA, s. f. vid. *ALME'NDRA*.

AMELLO'N, s. m. vid. *ALMIDO'N*.

'*AME'LO*; s. m. the herb starwort, share-wort, or codwort.

'*AME'N*, s m. amen, so be it

Amén, adv. besides, over and above, except, excepted.

'*En un santi amén*, in an instant, in a moment.

'*AMENA'ZA*, s. f. a threat.

AMENAZA'R, v. a. to threaten.

Prov. *Los amenazádos pan comen*, threatned folks eat bread

'*AMENGUADO*, p. p. vid. *MENGUADO*.

'*AMENGUADO'R*, s. m. one who lessens.

AMENGUAMIE'NTO, s. m. a diminution, or lessening.

AMENGUA'R, vid. *MENGUAR*.

AMENIDA'D, s. f. pleasantness, clearness of weather.

AME'NO, adj. pleasant, delightful.

AMENTA'R, v. a. to fling, or throw with a sling; also to tie with ropes.

AME'NTO, s. m. vid. *AMIE'NTO*.

AMENU'DO, adv. often.

AME'OS, s. m. the herb ammy.

AMERA'R, v. a. to mix water with wine.

AMESNADO'RES, s. m. pl. obs. the king's guards.

AMESNA'R, v. a. obs. to be upon guard, or to do monthly duty.

AMESURA'R, v. a. to measure.

AMETALA'R, v. a. to mix, or cover with metal; also to feign or counterfeit.

AME'XA, s. f. obs. a plum, or prune.

A M I

A'MIA, s. a kind of fish that keep company in shoals.

AMIA'NTO, s. m. a kind of stone like alum.

AMICI'CIA, s. f. obs. friendship.

AMIDO, adv. unwillingly.

AMIDO'N, s. m. vid. *ALMIDO'N*.

AMIE'NTO, s. m. a leathern strap wound about a dart, which serves to fling it with the greater force.

AMIESGA'DO, } s. m. a fruit like
AMIEZGA'DO, } a strawberry.

AMI'GA, s. f. a female friend, when meant of a friend to a man; also taken in an ill sense.

AMIGA'BLE, adj. friendly.

AMIGABLEME'NTE, adv. in a friendly manner.

AMIGA'JAS, vid. *MIGAJAS*.

AMIGAR, v. a. to make or become friends.

Amigárse, v. r. to lie together.

AMI'GO, s. m. a friend, when meant of a woman's friend, taken in an ill sense.

Amigo, adj. friendly, kind.

AMIGO'TE, s. f. a half friend.

AMIGU'ILLA, s. f. a little she friend or mistress; diminutive of *amiga*.

AMILANA'R, v. a. to frighten, to scare.

Amilanárse, v. r. to be daunted, or frighted, as birds are when they see the kite.

AMISTA'D, s. f. friendship.

Prov. *Amistád de yérno sol de invierno*, a son in-law's friendship is like the winter sun; that is, but just warm, and not lasting.

Amistád, s. f. whoredom, fornication, harlotry.

AMISTA'NZA, s f. friendship.

AMISTA'R, v. a. to join in a league of friendship.

Amistárse, v. r. to be in conjunction with a harlot.

AMISTOSAME'NTE, adv. friendly. Obs.

AMISTOSO, adj. friendly, kindly. Obs.

AMI'TO, s. m. an amice; that is, a square linen cloth the priest ties about his neck hanging down behind, under the alb when he vests to say mass.

A M M

AMMI, s. m. bishop's weed; a kind of herb.

AMMONIA'CO, s. m. gum ammoniac.

A M N

AMNESTI'A, s. f. amnesty, free pardon, forgetfulness of past offences.

A M O

A'MO, s. m. preceptor, schoolmaster.

A'mo, s. m. master, owner.

AMODI'TA, s. f. a kind of serpent.

AMODORRA'DO, adj. sick of a lethargy, seized with a drowziness.

AMODORRA'RSE, v. n. to fall sick of a lethargy, to be seized with a heaviness.

AMODORRECE'RSE, v. r. idem.

AMODORRI'DO, vid. *AMODORRA'DO*.

AMOHA'RSE, v. r. to grow mouldy; or be covered with moss.

AMOHATRA'R, v. a. to take up, or let out at extortion, to pawn.

AMOHINA'R, v. a. to put out of humour, to anger, to fret.

AMOJAMA'DO, adj. lean, thin, barren; wrinkled with age.

AMOJONADO'R, ſ. m. one who ſets bounds or limits.

AMOJONA'R, v. a. to limit or ſet bounds.

AMOLADO'R, ſ. m. a grinder.

AMOLADU'RA, ſ. f. the droſs that comes off iron in grinding.

AMOLA'R, v. a. to grind, to whet, to sharpen.

AMOLDADOR, ſ. m. one that caſts in a mould.

AMOLDA'R, v. a. to caſt in a mould, to fit as if things were caſt in the ſame mould.

Amoldár, to direct or correct any one's manners or life, to inſtitute one's life according to the rule of reaſon.

AMOLLA'R, v. a. obſ. to ſoften, or ſlacken.

AMOLLENTADU'RA; ſ. f. obſ. ſoftening, ſlackening.

AMOLLENTA'R, v. a. obſ. vid. *AMOLLAR.*

AMO'MO, ſ. m. a plant of a very hot, aſtringent, and drying nature.

AMONDONGA'DO; adj. groſs, all of a heap, all belly.

Roſtro amondongádo, a plumpy face.

AMONEDA'R, v. a. to ſtrike as ſmiths do, to hammer, to forge, to coin, or ſtamp money.

AMONESTACIO'N, ſ. f. warning, admonition; banns bid in churches before matrimony, then uſed in the plural *amoneſtaciones*.

ADMONESTADO'R ſ. m. a warner, an admoniſher.

AMONESTAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. for *amoneſtación*, but little uſed.

AMONESTA'R, v. a. to warn, to admoniſh.

AMO'NIO, ſ. m. an herb called ammony.

AMONTA'R, v. a. to amount, alſo to gèt up into the mountains.

Amontárſe, v. r. to ſeparate one's ſelf from the ſociety of men.

AMONTO'N, adv. by the heap.

AMONTONADAME'NTE, adv. by heaps.

AMONTONADO'R; ſ. m. a heaper.

AMONTONAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. a heaping.

AMONTONA'R, v. a. to heap.

AMONTO'NES, adv. by heaps, in great quantities, plenteouſly, plentifully, abundantly.

AMO'R, ſ. m. love.

Amór, a ſort of ſmall tree.

Amóres, commonly taken in the worſt ſenſe for a lewd paſſion; as alſo for common courtſhip, or making love.

Amor de Dios, charity.

Amor Platonico, Platonic love a ſincere, reaſonable, and honeſt love.

Amor proprio, ſelf-love ſelfishneſs.

En buen amor y compañia, with unanimous conſent.

Por amor de Dios, for God's ſake.

Por amor de mi, por amor de fulano, for my ſake, or thy ſake.

Amor de bortelàno, ſ. m. the plant called burdock.

AMORADU'X, ſ. m. marjoram, a fragrant plant ſo called.

AMORATA'DO, adj. of a dark or brown colour; blackiſh.

AMORDAZADO'R, ſ. m. ſlanderer, an ill tongue.

AMORDAZAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. ſlander, ſlandering, obloquy, detraction, backbiting.

AMORDAZA'R, v. a. to ſlander, to vilify, to detract, to backbite.

AMOREA'R, v. a to show to the fire, to warm gently.

AMO'RES SECOS, ſ. m. burdocks.

AMORGA'DO, adj. about to die, half dead.

AMORGO'NAR, v. a to lay branches in ſuch a manner, as the branch from one vine is brought under the earth to the place deſigned for another vine to grow.

AMORICO'NES, ſ. m. pl. clowniſh coarſe love, a among peaſants.

AMORI'OS, ſ. m. a clowniſh, or jocoſe word for love.

AMORISCA'DO, alter the Mooriſh faſhion.

AMORMA'DO cabállo, vid. *CABA'LLO.*

AMORMI'OS, ſ. f. daffodil.

AMOROSAME'NTE, adv. lovingly, kindly.

AMORO'SO, adj. loving, kind.

AMO'RRA, ſ. f. a ſport among children, when one holds up fingers, and the other blindfolded is to gueſs how many were held up.

AMORRA'R, v. n. to be ſilent.

AMORTAJA'R, v. a. to put into a ſhroud for burial.

AMORTECE'R, v. a to ſwoon; or faint away; to be as it were dead.

Amortecérſe, v. r. to be in a ſwoon.

AMORTECIMIE'NTO, ſ. m. ſwooning, or fainting away.

AMORTIGUAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. mortifying, or deadening.

AMORTIGUA'R, v. a. to mortify, to deaden. In painting, to darken colours.

AMORTIZACIO'N, the falling of an eſtate to mortmain.

AMORTIZA'R, v. a. to put an eſtate into ſuch hands as it cannot be ſold or diſpoſed of again, which the Engliſh law calls mortmain.

AMOSCADO'R, ſ. m. a fan to drive the flies away.

AMOSQUEA'RSE, v. r. to be freed from flies by driving them away.

AMOSTAZA'R, v. a. to mix, or ſeaſon with muſtard; metaphorically, to vex, fret, or put into a paſſion.

Amoſtazárſe, v. r. to be mixed or ſeaſoned with muſtard.

AMOSTRA'R, v. a. to ſhow.

AMOTINADO'R, ſ. m. one that raiſes mutinies.

AMOTINA'R, v. a. to raiſe a mutiny, to ſtir up to ſedition.

AMOVE'R, v. a. to take away, to remove.

AMOVI'BLE, adj. moveable, or that can be moved.

AMOXAMA'DO, adj. ſhrivelled, ſhrunk up.

A M P

A'MPA, ſ. f. vid. *HA'MPA.*

AMPA'RA, ſ. f. ſequeſtration.

AMPARADO'R, ſ. m. a protector, a defender.

AMPARAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. the act of protecting.

AMPARA'NZA, f. f. obf. vid. *AMPAR'O.*
AMPARA'R, v. a to proteƈt, defend, or fupport.
Amparárfe, v. r. to be proteƈted, to defend one's felf.
AMPA'RO, f. m. proteƈtion, defence, fupport.
AMPHIBIEDA'D, f. f. amphibioufnefs, the quality of being able to live in two different elements.
AMPHI'BIO, adj. amphibious, that lives either on the land, or in the water.
AMPHIBOLOGI'A, f. f. a doubtful fentence that carries a doubtful meaning.
AMPHIBOLOGICAME'NTE, adv. amphibologically, doubtfully, equivocally.
AMPHIBOLO'GICO, adj. ambiguous doubtful.
AMPHISBE'NA, f. f. a ferpent which feems to have a head at both ends, and goes both ways.
AMPHI'SCIOS, f. m. pl. the *amphifcii*, fo called from their cafting two fhadows, the inhabitants of the torrid zone.
AMPHITEA'TRO, f. m. amphitheatre, a round theatre for the people to fit about and fee fports.
AMPHORA, f. f. a Roman meafure, but fometimes ufed by the Spaniards, efpacially poets, for any great pitcher.
AMPLE'XO, f. m. an embrace.
AMPLIAME'NTE, adv. fully, largely.
AMPLIA'R, v. a. to enlarge, to make wide.
AMPLIFICACIO'N, f. f. an enlargement.
AMPLIFICA'R, v. a. to enlarge, make wide, or ample.
A'MPLIO, adj. ample, extended, unlimited.
AMPLITU'D, f. f. largenefs, amplitude.
AMPLO, adj. ample, large, wide.
A'MPO, f. m. whitenefs of fnow.
Ampo de niéve, a flake of fnow.
AMPO'LLA, f. f. a blifter in the flesh, a bubble in the water, a glafs viol, or bottle with a round belly.
AMPOLLA'RSE, v. r. to rife in blifters.
AMPOLLI'OSO, adj. full of blifters.
AMPO'N, adj. vainly pompous, hollow and vain, though abounding with ornaments; foolishly gay.
AMPRI'CIA, f. f. a brief that lawyers ufe to plead by.
AMPUTA'R, v. a. to cut off.

A M U

AMUCHACHADO, adj. boyish, boylike.
AMUCHIGUA'RSE, v. r. to be increafed, augmented.
AMUFA'R, v. a. to attack any thing in a roaring bellowing manner.
AMUGERA'DO, adj. imitating a woman in words or aƈtions.
AMUGERIE'GAS, adv. in the manner that women ride on horfeback.
AMUGRONA'R, v. a. vid. *AMORGONA'R.*
AMULA'R, v. a. to numble as old women do their meat.
AMULATA'DO, adj. like a mulatto; that is, tawny, like one that is born of a black and a white.
AMULE'TO, f. m. an amulet.
AMU'RA, f. f. the main-tack, which is a great rope in a ship feized into the clew of the fail, to carry forward the clew of the fail, and to make it ftand clofe by a wind; it is alfo taken for that part of the ship which is the midway from the broadeft part to the head.
AMURADAS, f. f. pl. the high fides within the ships.
AMU'RAR, v. a. to carry the extremities of the fails towards the prow.
AMU'RAS, f. f. pl. the ropes which ie the fails.
AMU'RCA, f. f. the lees, or dregs of oil.
AMU'RCO, f. m. the blow given by ftriking with the horns.
AMUSCO, adj. a sh coloured.
AMUSGA'R, v. a. to make an unlucky motion, as vicious beafts, efpecially mules, do with their nofe and ears, when they are bent upon mifchief; alfo to ftretch out the fnout to bite; from the Italian *mufo*, a fnout.

A N A

A'NA, f. f. a meafure about three quarters of an English yard; it is alfo fometimes taken for a fathom.
ANABATISTAS, f. m. pl. anabaptifts, the feƈtaries fo called.
ANACA'LA, f. f. the baker's maid who fetches the bread from private houfes to the bake-houfe, and carries it home again baked.
ANACA'LES, f. m. pl. the boards which the bread is fet on before it goes into the oven, and after it is drawn.
ANACA'LO, f. m. a man that carries bread from the bakehoufe.
ANACARDI'NA, f. f. the confection made with the fruit called *anacárdo.*
ANACA'RDO, f. m. a fort of fruit
ANACENO'SIS, f. f. a figure ufed in rhetorick, fignifying a repetition of any thing.
ANACEPHALEO'SIS, f. f. a recapitulation.
ANACHORE'TA, f. m. an anchorite or hermit, who leads a folitary life.
ANACHORETI'CO, f. m. diminut. of *anachoréta.*
ANACHRONI'SMO, f. m. a bad calculation in chronology.
A'NADE, f. m. a duck or drake.
ANADEA'R, v. a. to waddle like a duck.
ANADI'NA, or *ANADI'NO*, f. m. a duckling, a fmall duck.
ANADIPLO'SIS, f. f. a figure in rhetorick when the laft word of a verfe is repeated at the beginning of the next.
A NA'DO, adv. as *paffár un rio a nádo*, to fwim over a river.
ANADO'N, f. m. a little duck.
ANAFALLA, f. f. a fort of cottoncloth.

ANAFA'YA, f. f. vide *ANAFALLA*.

ANAGALI'DE, f. f. the herb calve'fsnout.

ANAGLY'PHOS, f. m. pl. veffels or plates chafed, imboffed or wrought with the hammer, not engraved.

ANAGO'GE, or *ANAGOGI'A*, f. f. the fubtle or lofty interpretation of fcripture, or other myfterious book.

ANAGOGICAME'NTE, adv. myfterioufly, myftically.

ANAGO'GICO, adj. fublime, fubtile, lofty.

ANAGRA'MMA, f. m. an anagram.

ANAGY'RIS, f. m. bean-trefoil, an herb fair to look at, but of an ill fcent.

ANALEMMA, f. m. arm in dialling; a way to find out the courfe of the fun, and the increafe of the shadow.

ANALI'PTICO, adj. belonging to a reftorative medicine ufed in a confumption.

ANALES, f. m. pl. annals, hiftories digefted in the exact order of time.

ANALI'STA, f. m. vid. *ANNALISTA*.

ANALOGI'A, f. f. analogy, proportion, like reafon.

ANALOGICAME'NTE, adv. proportionably, in like reafon.

ANALOGI'CO, adj. proportionable, analogick.

ANA'LOGO, f. m. any thing in proportion to another.

ANA'LYSIS, f. f. a refolution, or unfolding a difcourfe.

ANALY'TICA, f. f. the art of refolving, or unfolding a difcourfe.

ANAN'AS, *ANANA'SSO*, f. m. pine-apple.

ANAPE'LO, f. m. wolfs-bane, a poifonous herb.

ANAP'ESTICO, adj. belonging to a foot or meafure in verfe, having the two firft fyllables short, and the laft long.

ANAPES'TO, f. m. a foot or meafure in a verfe, having the two firft fyllables short, the next long.

ANAPHO'RA, f. f. a figure, when in the beginning of every verfe or member of a fentence, the fame word is repeated.

ANAPHORI'CO, adj. belonging to *anaphora*.

ANAQUE'L, f. m. a fort of cupboard or hollow in a wall, to fet glaffes or other things; alfo a shelf.

ANAR'CA, *ANA'RCHA*, f. m. the author of confufion.

ANARCHI'A, f. f. anarchy, or confufion; pronounce *anarkia*.

ANARCHICO, adj. belonging to anarchy or confufion.

ANASCO'TE, f. m. a fort of ftuff, which our merchants call hounfcott.

ANASTOMO'SIS, f. f. the orifices of the veins and arteries where they meet, alfo the burfting of thofe orifices, and the blood which comes by breaking a vein.

ANASTOMO'TICO, adj. belonging to *anaftomófis*.

ANASTRO'PHE, f. f. an inverfion, or fetting that word foremoft which should follow.

ANA'TA, f. f. a year's revenue of a benefice, paid to the pope by the perfon promoted to it.

ANATHE'MA, f. m. an anathema, a curfe, or excommunication.

ANATHEMATIZAMIE'NTO, f. m. an anathematization, or curfing.

ANATHEMATIZA'R, v. a. to anathematize, or curfe.

ANATI'STA, f. m. an officer that receives a year's revenue of benefices for the pope.

ANATOCI'SMO, f. m. ufury upon ufury.

ANATOMI'A, f. f. anatomy; alfo a very lean man.

Hacer anatomia, to examine with the greateft care.

ANATOMICAME'NTE, adv. anatomically.

ANATO'MICO, adj. belonging to anatomy.

ANATOMI'STA, f. m. an anatomift, he that makes an anatomy.

ANATOMIZA'R, v. a. to anatomize.

ANC

A'NCA, f. f. the hip or buttock of a horfe.

Cabalgár en las ancas, to ride on the rump, or to ride behind another.

Cabállo que no fufre ancas, a horfe that will not carry-double.

Ración que no fufre ancas, an allowance that will not admit of a fupernumerary gueft.

Anca de navio, the quarter of a ship.

ANCARO'TES, f. f. the gum of a tree in Perfia.

ANCHA, f. f. in cant, a town or city.

ANCHAME'NTE, adv. widely, largely, loofely.

ANCHARI'A, f. f. vide *ANCHU'RA*.

ANCHE'ZA, f. f. vide *ANCHU'RA*.

ANCHICO'RTO, adj. short and wide.

ANCHO, adj. broad.

ANCHO'R, f. m. vide *ANCHU'RA*.

A'NCHORA, f. f. (áncora) the anchor of a ship.

ANCHO'VA, f. f. an anchovy.

ANCHOVE'TA, f. f. a little anchovy.

ANCHU'RA, f. f. breath.

Vivir ò andár a fus anchúras, to live in a licentious manner.

ANCHU'ROSO, adj. very wide or broad; metaph. fpoken of a perfon who leads an extravagant life, as if he was wide from the intent and defign of living.

ANCHUSA, f. f. a kind of buglefs, alchanet or orchanet.

ANCIAÑAME'NTE, adv. anciently.

ANCIANI'A, f. f. ancientnefs.

ANCIANID'AD, f. f. old age.

ANCIA'NO, adj. ancient, old.

ANCI'LA, f. f. a bond-woman, a fervant maid.

ANCLA, f. f. an anchor.

ANCLA'DO, p. p. anchored.

ANCLA'GE, f. m. anchorage.

ANCLA'R, v. a. to caft anchor.

ANCLAS, f. f. pl. in cant fignifies the hands.

ANCON

ANCO'N, f. m. an harbour for ships.
A'NCORA, f. f. an anchor.
ANCORA'GE, f. m. the tribute that ships pay for anchoring.
ANCORA'R, v. a. to anchor.
ANCO'RCA, f. f. a pale colour.
ANCU'ZA, f. f. a fort of buglofs.

AND

ANDABA'TAS, f. m. gladiators, who blindfolded themfelves before they engaged.
ANDABO'BA, f. f. a trick, a fraud ufed in fome games at cards.
ANDACA', come hither.
ANDA'DA, f. f. wandering.
ANDADE'RA, f. f. a woman among the nuns to go of errands.
ANDADE'RO, f. m. the man who goes of errands.
ANDA'DO, adj. gone, walked over; alfo a fon-in-law, the fon of a man's wife, or a woman's husband in former wedloc.
Andádo, f. m. the common path, or highway.
ANDA'DOR, f. m. a walker; alfo a beadle or fuch officer that goes about to warn people.
ANDADO'RES, f. m. pl. leadingftrings, to teach children to walk.
ANDADU'RA, f. f. going, walking; gait, or way of going.
Cabállo de andadura, a pacing horfe.
ANDA'MIO, f. m. a fcaffold. Vide Quix.
Andámio, f. m. a fort of shoes, the foles of which are made with cork.
ANDA'NA, f. f. *navio de andána*, a ship well flowed, and fit for failing.
Andána, f. f. any thing put in good order, as a fine row of houfes or windows, or tire of guns.
ANDA'NCIA, f. f. going; alfo behaviour, or conduct of a perfon; alfo good luck, or bad luck, chance, fortune.
Andáncia, f. f. a walking place.
ANDANTE, adj. ufed in romances, as *caballéro andanté*, a knight-errant.

ANDA'NZA, f. f. a ramble, a jaunt, a tour, a flight, an excurfion; the manner of proceedind, behaviour, conduct; fortune, event, luck, run.
Mal andánza, ill luck.
ANDA'R, f. m. the action of walking.
Andár, v. a. to go, to walk.
Andár en zancos, to walk upon ftilts.
Andár en cárnes, to go naked.
Andár en cuéros, idem.
Andár en cuérpo, to go without a cloak.
Andár del cuérpo, to go to ftool.
Andár a la máno, to be ready at hand.
Andár a gátas, to creep on all fours.
Andár a orza, to fail with a fide wind.
Andár a fefgo, to go fideling.
Andárfe a las anchúras, to lead à loofe life.
A mas andar, to go full fpeed.
ANDARA'YA, f. f. a fort of game like draughts.
ANDARIE'GA, f. f. a gadding goffip.
Prov. *La muela buena, como la viúda, gorda y ondariéga*, a good mule should be like a widow, fat, and a great walker.
ANDARIE'GO, f. m. a man that always is gadding.
ANDARI'LLA, f. f. a little fedan, or chair to be carried in.
ADARI'N, f. m. a running footman.
ANDARIVE'L, f. m. the name of a rope fo called on board a ship
A'NDAS, f. f. pl. a bier to carry the dead, or to carry images in proceffion.
Ande, let it go, or let him go.
A'nden mis blancás tocas, let my white head-cloaths come on again; that is, off with the mourning.
Ande la loca, let us be merry.
ANDE'N, f. m. a walk, or a gallery, or any place to walk in.
ANDE'RO, f. m. the poles which chairmen carry their chairs with.
ANDILL'A, f. f. a faddle, with a frame ftanding up about it, for women to ride on; alfo a little bier, or fuch like carriage.
ANDI'RA, f. f. vid *ANGELI'N*.
A'NDITO, f. m. a paffage, or walk.

ANDO'LAS, *y girigayes*; foolerie and nonfenfe.
ANDOLI'NA, f. f. fwallow. Obf.
ANDORINA, f. f. a fwallow.
ANDO'RRA, f. f. an ordinary goffiping woman.
ANDORRE'RO, adj. wandering, rambling.
ANDRAJE'RO, f. m. a ragman.
ANDRA'JO, f. m. a rag, a clout.
ANDRAJOSAME'NTE, adv. nakedly, raggedly.
ANDRAJO'SO, adj. ragged, tattered.
ANDRINA, f. f. obf. (*endrina*) a kind of plum fo called.
ANDRO'MEDA, f. f. one of the twenty-two conftellations.
ANDROMI'NA, f. f. a falfe pretence.
ANDRONA, f. f. vid. *ENDRI'NA*.
ANDRO'GENO, f. m. an hermaphrodite.
ANDRO'SACES, f. f. the white herb.
ANDU'ARES, f. m. pl. vid. *ADUA'RES*.
ANDULA'RIOS, f. m. pl. ragged cloaths.
ANDULE'NCIA, f. f. a walking, rambling.
ANDURRIA'LES, f. m. pl. unfrequented ways and paffages.

ANE

ANEA'GE, f. m. the act of meafuring by ells, or a duty upon every ell of cloth; in arithmetick, the rule for reducing the ells of one country to the meafure of another.
ANE'AR, v. a. to meafure by ells.
ANEBLA'R, v. a. to cover, or overwhelm with darknefs.
ANECIA'RSE, v. r. to make one's felf foolish, or ignorant.
ANEGADI'ZO, adj. that is fubject to be drowned, flooded, or overflowed.
ANEGADU'RA, f. f. } a drowning, flooding or over flowing.
ANEGAMIE'NTO, f. m. } a drowning, flooding or over flowing.
ANEGA'R, v. a. to drown, flood, or overflow.

Anegárse, v. r. to be drowned, to be overflown.
ANE'JO, adj. vid. *ANE'XO*.
ANELA'R, v. a, vid. *ANHELA'R*.
ANE'MONE, f. f. the wind flower.
ANE'MOSCO'PIO, f. m. a machine invented to shew the changes of the wind.
ANEXA'R, v. a. to annex.
ANE'XO, adj. annexed.

A N F

ANFIO'N, f. m. laudanum, given to make perfons fleep.
ANFITEA'TRO, f. m. an amphitheatre, a place with feats round to fee fports.
ANFRA'CTO, f. m. broken, rugged paffage.

A N G

ANGARI'LLAS, f. f. pl., a hand-barrow, alfo the frames which men have on their breafts to carry great pitchers, or jars of waters on; alfo any hurdle to draw goods on.
ANGA'RO f. m. a fignal.
A'NGEL, f. m. an angel.
ANGE'LICA, f. f. the plant angelica.
ANGELICA'L, adj. angelical.
ANGELICALME'NTE, adv. angelike.
ANGELI'CO, f. m. a little angel.
Angélico, adj. angelical.
ANGELI'N, f. m. a tree fo called.
A'NGELO, f. m. an angel.
ANGELO'TE, f. m. augment. of *angélo*.
ANGE'NA, f. f. fquinancy, fquincy, or quincy.
ANGE'O, f. m. canvafs.
ANGI'NA, f. f. an inflammation of the throat, quinfy.
ANGOSTA'R, v. a. to make narrow, or ftreight.
Angoftarfe, v. r. to be made narrow, or ftreight.
ANGO'STO, adj narrow or ftreight.
ANGOSTURA, f. f. narownefs; ftreightnefs.
ANGRA, f. f. bay, harbour.
ANGUI'LA, f. f. an eel.
ANGUILA'ZO, f. m. a lash with a whip, becaufe it winds about like an eel.
ANGULA'R, adj. augular, that has many corners, or that belongs to the corner.
ANGULARME'NTE, adv. angularly.
ANGULE'MA, f. f. canvafs.
Hacér anguelmas, to be very ceremonious; the fpaniards, when they fee a perfon too ceremonious, fay *no hága angulemas*, don't be impertinent.
A'NGULO, f. m. angle, or geometrical term.
Angulo recto, a right angle.
Angulo angudo, an acute angle.
Angúlo obtúfo, an obtufe angle.
Angúlo refáltado; an angle failant, which thrufts out its point from the works in fortification.
ANGURRI'A, f. f. a water-melon.
Angurria, f. f. ftrangury, difficulty in making water.
ANGUSTIA, f. f. anguish, pain, trouble.
ANGUSTIADAME'NTE, adv. anxioufly, painfully.
ANGUSTIA'R, v. a. to trouble, vex, or afflict.
ANGUSTIO'SO, adj. afflicted, troubled, painful.

A N H

ANHELA'R, v. n. to breathe with difficulty; alfo to be eager after any thing, to covet a thing earneftly.
ANHE'LITO, f. m. the breath.
ANHE'LO, f. m. defire, ambition.
ANHO'RCA, f. f. the herb briony.

A N I

ANIDAMIE'NTO, f. m. nefting, lodging.
ANIDA'R, v. n. to neft, to lodge, to fettle.
ANIE'BLARSE, v. r. to hurt with the fog.
ANIHILA'R, v. a. v. *ANIQUILAR*.
ANIL, f. m. vid. *AñIL*.
ANI'LLO, f. m. a ring.
ANIMA, f. f. the foul.
ANIMA'BLE, adj. capable of receiving a foul.
ANIMACION, f. f. the infufion of the foul into the body.
ANIMADO'R, f. m. who gives the foul, or fpirit.
ANIMADVERSION, f. f. animadverfion, or taking notice, or obferving.
ANIMAL, f. m. an animal, any living creature; commonly taken for a beaft, or for a brutish man.
Animál, adj. belonging to fenfation.
ANIMALA'ZO, f. m. a great beaft.
ANIMALEJO, f. m. a little animal.
Animales ceñidos, infects.
ANIMA'LIA, f. f. an animal.
ANIMALI'TO, a little animal.
ANIMALO'N, *ANIMALOTE*, f. m. augm. of *animal*.
ANIMA'NTE, f. m. one who lives, or gives life.
ANIMA'R, v. a. to encourage, or give life.
Animarfe, v. r. to pluck up courage.
ANI'ME, f. f. the gum called gum anime.
ANIME'RO, f. m. the perfon who begs or collects the alms to relieve fouls from purgatory.
A'NIMO, f. m. the mind; alfo courage.
ANIMOSAME'NTE, adv. courageoufly, boldly.
ANIMOSIDAD, f. f. courage, boldnefs.
ANIMOSO, adj. ftout, valiant, bold, daring, courageous.
ANIñADAME'NTE, adv. childishly.
ANIñADO, adj. childish.
ANIñARSE, v. a. to grow childish.
ANIQUILACIO'N, f. f. annihilation, entire diffolution of any thing.

ANIQUILA'R, v. a. to annihilate, to reduce to nothing.

Aniquilárse, v. r. to be annihilated, to be entirely diſſolved, or reduced to nothing.

ANI'S, ſ. m. aniſeed.

ANISI'LLO, ſ. m. diminut. of *anis.*

ANIVERSA'RIO, ſ. m. anniverſary.

A N N

ANNA'L, adj. vid. *ANNUA'L.*

ANNA'LES, ſ. m. pl. annals, hiſtories of any thing.

ANNALI'STA, ſ. m. one who compoſes annals.

ANNA'TA, ſ. f. the annual product or revenue of an eccleſiaſtical benefice.

ANNEXA'R, v. a. to join, to knit together.

ANNEXIDA'D, ſ. f. a conjunction, a knitting together.

ANNEXIO'N, ſ. f. an union, or conjunction.

ANNE'XO, adj. joined, or knit together.

Annéxo, ſ. m. a ſmall living that is annexed to a great one.

ANNIA'GA, ſ. f. a yearly payment.

ANNIVERSA'RIO, ſ. m. anniverſary.

ANNO, ſ. m. vid. *AñO.*

ANNO'JO, ſ. m. vid. *AñOJO.*

ANNOMINACIO'N, ſ. f. an alluſion to the name of any thing.

ANNOTACIO'N, ſ. f. annotation.

ANNOTADO'R, ſ. m. one who makes annotations.

ANNOTA'R, v. a. to remark, obſerve.

ANNUA'L, adj. belonging to a year.

ANNUNAME'NTE, adv. annually, yearly, every year.

A'NNUO, adj. vid. *ANNUA'L.*

A N O

ANO, ſ. m. (*vóz de la cirugia*) the anus.

ANO'CHE, adv. laſt night.

ANOCHECE'R, v. n. to grow night; alſo to be at night in a place.

Anochecio y no amaneció, he was here at night, and gone in the morning; ſaid of a tradeſman that breaks, or other perſon that runs away privately.

Alanochécer, at the dusk of the evening, or the night-fall.

Anochecérſe, v. r. to become dark; alſo to hide one's ſelf.

ANODI'NO, adj. anodyne, that which has the power of mitigating pain.

ANOMALI'A, ſ. f. irregularity, deviation from rule; anomaly, anomaliſm.

ANOMALI'SMO, ſ. m. the ſame as *ANOMALI'A.*

ANO'MALO, adj. irregular.

ANO'NA, ſ. f. a ſort of fruit ſo called.

ANONADACIO'N, ſ. f. the contempt of one's ſelf.

ANONADA'R, v. r. to diminish, to decreaſe, leſſen.

Anonadárſe, v. r. to be diminished, leſſened, decreaſed.

ANO'NYMO, adj. anonymous, without a name. *Greek.*

ANO'RCA, ſ. f. the herb ſweet briony.

ANO'RIA, ſ. f. a wheel at a well with buckets to draw up water.

ANOTOMI'A, ſ. f. vid. *ANATOMI'A.*

A N Q

ANQUI'LLA, ſ. f. a little hip, or buttock; diminut. of *anca.*

A N S

AN'SAR, ſ. m. a gooſe.

Prov. *Es cómo el anſar de Cantimpola, que ſalio al lóbo al camino*, he is like Cantimpola's gooſe that went out to meet the wolf; ſaid of ſuch as voluntarily run into danger.

ANSARERI'A, ſ. f. or *ANSARIA*, a place where geeſe are kept.

ANSARI'LLO, ſ. m. a goſlin.

ANSAR'INO, adj. belonging to a gooſe.

ANSARO'N, ſ. m. a little gooſe.

ANSI', adv. ſo obſ.

A'NSIA, ſ. f. anguish, pain, grief, anxiety, ardent deſire, torment, agony.

Las anſias de la muerte, the pangs of death.

Cantar en el anſia, to confeſs a crime in tortures and agonies.

ANSIA'DO, adj. covetous, greedy, niggard, avaricious.

ANSIA'R, v. a. to long, to deſire eagerly, avariciouſly.

ANSI'NA, adv. obſ. vid. *ASSI.*

ANSIOSAME'NTE, adv. anxiouſly, painfully, grievouſly, alſo covetouſly, avariciouſly.

ANSIO'SO, adj. full of anguish, anxiety, pain, or grief.

A N T

A'NTA, ſ. f. among architects, is the ſame as a pilaſter, or a half column againſt a wall.

ANTAGONI'STA, ſ. m. an antagoniſt, a contrary; in anatomy, is that muſcle which counteracts ſome other.

ANTA'NA, ſ. f. a word of no meaning, and only uſed in the phraſe *llamarſe antána*; to gainſay what one has ſaid, to knock under.

ANTAñO, ſ. m. the laſt year.

Prov. *En los nídos de antáño no hai paxáros ogaño*, in laſt year's neſt there are no birds this year; uſed to denote that a perſon is uſed coolly, or with indifference, when he was before careſſed.

ANTAñONA, adj. an old woman.

ANTAPHRODI'TICO, adj. good againſt the venereal diſeaſe.

ANTA'RTICO, adj. antartick, and oppoſite to the artick.

ANTA'RES, ſ. f. a ſtar ſo called in the conſtellation of ſcorpion.

A'NTE, ſ. m. buff.

Ante, prep. before, in the preſence of; as, *ante eſcrivano*, before a notary.

Ante ó antes, adv. rather, before that.
Ante, f. m. the firft dish ferved for dinner or fupper.
ANTEA'DO, adj. of a buff colour.
ANTE AYE'R, adv. the day before yefterday.
ANTE CA'MARA, f. f. antichamber.
ANTECA'NTO, f. m. a ftanza, or a number of verfes fpoken or fung by way of invitation to another poet, to fing or fpeak verfes.
ANTECEDE'NTE, adj. antecedent going before.
Antecedénte, f. m. the antecedent prepofition.
ANTECEDENTEME'NTE, adv. before antecedent to.
ANTECEDE'R, v. a. to precede, to go before.
ANTECE'SSOR, f. m. an anteceffor.
ANTECHI'NOS, f. m. pl. plate chafed.
ANTECOGE'R el ganado, v. a. to drive cattle before one.
ANTECHORO, f. m. the hall or room through which one goes to choir.
ANTE'COS, f. m. pl. the inhabitants of the earth that live in the fame meridian of the globe.
ANTEDA'TA, f. f. antidate.
ANTEDATA'R, v. a. to antidate.
ANTEFERIR, v. a. to placc before.
ANTEIGLESI'A, f. f. the church porch.
ANTELACI'ON, f. f. the act of preferring one before another.
ANTEMA'NO, f. m. a prefent made before hand; or before obtaining the favour that is expected.
Antemano, adv. previoufly, with a yearly notice.
ANTEMERIDIA'NO, adj. before noon.
ANTEMU'LAS, f. m. the groom of the mules.
ANTEMURA'L, f. m. a fort or mountain that defends a place.
ANTEMU'RO, f. m. a fauffebraye, a fmall mount of earth erected round the foot of the rampart.
ANTE'NA, f. f. vide. *ENTE'NA*.
Anténa de caracól, the upright poft in the middle of a winding ftaircafe.
ANTENA'DO, f. m. a fon, or daughter-in-law; that is, the fon of a man's wife, or of a woman's husband by another.
ANTENO'CHE, adv. the night before laft.
Ante omnia, before all things; it is plain Latin, but become a Spanish phrafe in common ufe.
ANTEO'JOS, f. m. pl. fpectacles.
ANTEPASSA'DO, m. gone before; anceftor, predeceffor.
ANTEPE'CHO, f. m. any thing to lean one's breaft againft, to look over; parapet, rail of a balcony, or the like; alfo the poitrel, or armour, for the breaft of a horfe.
ANTEPENSA'R, v. r. to premedidate, to think on before.
ANTEPENU'LTIMO, adj. the laft but two.
ANTEPONE'R, v. a. to prefer, or fet before.
Anteponérfe, v. r. to be preferred, to be fet before.
ANTEPORTA'L, f. m. the fpace before the porch of a houfe.
ANTEPUERTA, f. f. a piece of tapeftry, or any other hanging before a door.
ANTEPUE'STO, p. p. irreg. of the verb *anteponer*.
ANTERIO'R, adj. precedent, going before.
ANTERIORIDA'D, f. f. precedency, preference.
ANTERIORME'NTE, adv. previoufly, before hand.
ANTES, prep. and adv. before, rather.
Antes que, before that.
Prov. *Antes que cafes mira lo que házes*, look before you leap; that is, confider and examine well the confequences of things before you engage.
ANTESALA, f. f. antichamber, a room before the room of ftate.
ANTESALE'TA, f. f. a little antichamber.
ANTESIGNA'NO, f. m. an enfign.
ANTESTADU'RA, f. f. trenches made with expdition in great neceffity.
ANTETO'DO, adv. firft of all, in chief.
ANTEVEDIMIE'NTO, f. m. providence, forefight.
ANVEVE'R, v, a. to forefee.
ANTEVISO, adj. advifed, admonished.
ANTEVI'SPERA, f. f. the day before the vigil.
ANTEVI'STO, p. p. of *antevér*; forefeen.
ANTHI'A, f. f. a kind of fish.
ANTHROPOLOGI'A, f. f. the method among men to convoy an idea of the attributes of God.
ANTHROPO'PHAGO, f. m. a maneater, a cannibal.
ANTIPO'PHORA, f. m. a figure in rhetorick fo called.
Antypóphora, f. f. a figure in retorick, wen the orator asks, and anfwers himfelf.
ANTIBA'CCHIO, f. m. a foot of a Latin verfe fo called, confifting of two fyllables long, and one short.
ANTIBO, f. m. the force or impulfe of the water.
ANTICIPACIO'N, f. f. anticipation, prevention.
ANTICIPADAME'NTE, adv. beforetime.
ANTICIPADO'R, f. m. one that prevents or anticipates.
ANTICIPA'R, v. a. to anticipate, or prevent.
Anticipárfe, v. r. to be prevented, to be furprifed.
ANTICO'LAS, f. m. pl. vide *ANTECOS*.
ANTICUE'SCOS, f. m. pl. large breeches formerly worn.
ANTIDILUVIA'NO, adj. antediluvian.
ANTIDOTA'RIO, f. m. the place where apothecaries put the cordials in their shoop.
ANTI'DOTO, f. m. antidote, prefervative againft poifon.

ANTIFA'Z, f. m. any thing that is worn before the face, to keep off the duft and fun.
ANTIFO'NA, f. f. an anthem.
ANTIGUA'LLAS, f. f. pl. antiquities, pieces of antiquity.
ANTIGUAME'NTE, adv. anciently.
ANTIGUAMIE'NTO, f. m. antiquating, or abolishing.
ANTIGUA'R, v. n. to antiquate, to abolish.
ANTIGUA'RIO, f. m. antiquary.
ANTIGUEDA'D, f. f. antiquity.
ANTI'GUO, adj. ancient.
ANTIGUO'NES, f. m. pl. pieces of antiquity.
ANTIGU'OR, f. f. obf. antiquity.
ANTI'GUOS, f. m. pl. or ancient authors.
ANTILO'GIA, f. f. a contradiction.
ANTIMETA'BOLE, f. f. a figure, when words are repeated in the fame fentence, in a diverfe cafe or perfon.
ANTIMONIA'L, adj. belonging to antimony.
ANTIMO'NIO. f. m. antimony.
ANTI'NOO, f. m. one of the twenty-two celeftial conftellations.
ANTIPA'PA, f. m. antipope.
ANTIPA'RA, f. f. a fcreen.
Antipára, any covering to hang before things to preferve them; alfo a fort of buskins worn by harveft men, that the corn may not prick their legs; a leather apron.
ANTIPERI'STASIS, f. f. a figure in rhetorick, which granting what the adverfary fays, denies his inference.
ANTIPATHI'A, f. f. antipathy, a natural averfion to any thing.
ANTIPA'THICO, adj. antipathetick, having a natural contrariety to any thing.
ANTI'PHONA, f. f. anthem.
ANTIPHONA'RIO, f. m. the book which hath the anthems.
ANTIPHONE'RO, f. m. who begins the anthem.
ANTIPHRASIS, f. f. antiphrafis, the ufe of words in a fenfe oppofite to their proper meaning.
ANTIPO'CA, f. f. a confeffion in writing by which a man acknowledges himfelf liable to pay any fine, or demand.
ANTIPOC'AR, v. a. to acknowledge one's felf liable to pay any fine, or demand by a confeffion in writing.
ANTIPODA'L, adj. antipodal, belonging or relating to the antipodes.
ANTIPODAS, f. m. pl. the antipodes, or people that live in that part of the world which is directly under our feet.
ANTIQUA'DO, adj. out of fashion.
ANTIQUA'RIO, f. m. an antiquary, a man ftudious of antiquity.
ANTI'SCIOS, f. m. the people who have their fhadows projected oppofite ways.
ANTISCORBU'TICO, adj. good againft the fcurvy.
ANTISPO'DIO, f. m. a kind of medicinal ashes made of certain herbs.
ANTI'STROPHE, f. f. a figure, when in one fenfe a word is repeated, either in the fame or divers cafes.
ANTI'THESIS, f. f. a figure in rhetorick, when contraries are oppofed to contraries.
ANTITY'PO, f. m. antitype; that which is refembled, or shadowed out by the type; alfo a copy drawn from an original.
ANTIVENE'REO, adj. good againft the venereal difeafe.
ANTOJADIZAME'NTE, adv. inconftantly.
ANTOJADI'ZO, adj. that longes for every thing.
ANTOJA'RSE, v. r. to long, to defire earneftly.
Antojárfele a uno alguna cofa, to judge il of one thing.
Se la antojan berros, he does not underftand what he fays; (a vulgar expreffion.)
ANTO'JO. f. m. a longing, as a woman with child does; a fancy.
Antójo de larga vifta, a profpective glafs.
Antójos, f. m. pl. fpectacles; from *ante ojos*, before the eyes.
Antojuélo, diminut. of *antójo*.
ANTONOMA'SIA, f. f. a figure in rhetorick, when another name is ufed inftead of that which is proper to a man or thing.
ANTO'R, f. m. one who fells ftolen goods.
ANTO'RCHA, f. f. torck, flambeau.
ANTORCHA'DO, adj. made like a torch; alfo wreathed or twifted.
ANTORI'A, f. f. the action of felling goods before they are ftole.
A'NTRO, f. m. a den, a cave.
ANTRUE'JO, f. m. shrovetide; obfolete.
ANTUVIA'DA, f. f. a blow, (in cant.)
ANTUVIA'R, v. a. to prevent, to furprife; metaph. to ftrike firft.
ANTU'VIO, vid. *ANTUBIO'N*.
ANTUVIO'N, or *ANTUBIO'N*, f. m. preventing another, or being too quick for him; as *jugár de antuvión*, upon a falling out to give the firft ftroke, or wound another by furprize.
ANTYE'R, adv. the day before yefterday.

ANU

ANUBLA'R, v. a. to blaft, or to be dark with clouds.
Anublárfe el cielo, is for the sky to grow cloudy; from *núbe*, a cloud.
Anublárfe el trigo, is for the corn to be blafted.
ANU'BLO, f. m. blight, mildew.
ANUDADO'R, f. m. one that knots.
ANUDADU'RA, f. f. knotting.
ANUDA'R, v. a. to knot.
Anudárfe la garganta, not to be able to fpeak for trouble or concern.
Anudár en los eftúdios, to make no progrefs in one's ftudies.
ANULACIO'N, f. f. abolition.
ANULA'R, v. a. to annul, to make void.

ANULO'SO, adj. full of rings.
ANUMERA'R, v. a. to add to the number.
ANUNCIACIO'N, s. f. a declaration, or notification.
ANUNCIADO'R, s. m. f. one who declares, or notifies; a messenger.
ANUNCIAMENTO, s. m. vid. *ANUNCIACIO'N*.
ANUNCIA'R, v. a. to declare, to notify, to make known; often taken in an ill sense.
AN'UNCIO, s. m. presage, or warning of some ill.
ANXE'O vide *ANJE'O*.
ANZE'L, s. m. obs. a resolution, a decree, or decision of wise men.
ANZOLA'R, v. a. to catch in a fish-hooks.
ANZOLE'JO, s. m. a small fish-hook.
ANZOLE'RO, s. m. the man who makes fish-hooks.
ANZUELA'R, v. a. vide *ANZOLA'R*.
ANZUE'LO, s. m. a fish-hook.
Tragár el anzuelo, to swallow the fish-hook; or, as we say, to swallow the bait, when a man greedily lays hold of what is laid to do him harm.
Roér el anzuelo, to gnaw off the hook, that is to escape the bait.
Picár en el anzuelo, to leap at the bait, to suffer one's self to be ensnared.

AñA

AñA, s. f. a sort of fox.
AñADA, s. f. the space of one year.
AñADIENCIA, } s. f. an addition,
AñADIDU'RA, } that which is given over in buying, or a small matter to make up weight.
AñADIMIE'NTO, s. m. addition.
AñADI'R, v. a. to add, to put to.
Añadir, to amplify, or exaggerate a thing.
Anadir, to make an addition of what we are treating of.
AñAFI'L, s. m. a hautboy, a sort of straight trumpet used by the Moors, and made of metal.
AñAFILE'RO, s. m. one that plays on a trumpet, or makes them.
AñAGA'ZA, s. f. bird call.
Añagáza, enticement, allurement.
Hacer añagázas, to flatter one, in order to deceive him.
AñA'L, adj. belonging to a year.
Añál, s. m. a yearly offering.
AñASCAR, v. a. to trouble, or entangle affairs.
AñASMES, s. m. pl. obs. bracelets.
AñAZEAS, s. f. pl. days of pleasure.

AñE

AñEJARSE, v. r. to grow old, or stale.
AñE'JO, adj. what is more than one, two, or more years old; speaking of wine, &c.

AñI

AñI'CO, s. m. the smallest bit of any thing.
Hacér añicos, to cut in little bits, to pull to pieces.
Hacerse añicos, to be in the greatest fury.
AñIL, s. m. indigo, or indico.
AñILA'DO, adj. dyed with *añil*, or indigo.
AñINE'S, s. m. the coarse part of flax, tow-oakum to calk ships with.
AñINOS, s. m. the fine fleece of a lamb one year old.
AñIR, s. m. obs. vide *AñIL*.

AñO

AñO, s. m. a year.
Mal año, God forbid.
Sacar el vientre de mal año, to be very well entertained.
AñOJO, s. m. a yearling calf.
AñO'SO, adj. ancient, old.
AñOVE'Z, adv. every other year, when the land yields a good crop one year, and a bad one the next.

AñU

AñUBLA'DO, adj. blindfold.
AñUBLA'R, v. a. vide *ANUBLA'R*.
Añublárse, v. r. vid. *ANUBLA'RSE*.
AñUBLO, s. m. blasting of corn, mildew.
Añudá los labios, be silent, hold your tongue.
AñUDADU'RA, vide *ANUDADU'RA*.
AñUDA'R, vide *ANUDAR*.
AñUSGA'R, v. a. to vex or trouble another.
Anusgárse, v. n. to stick in the throat.

AOA.

AOA'O, an adverb of calling at a distance.

AOC

AOCAMIE'NTO, s. m. the action of making any thing hollow.
AOCA'R, v. a. to make hollow.
AOCHA'VO, s. m. vide *OCHAVO*.
AO'CHO, adj. num. vide *OCHO*.

AOJ.

AOJADO'R, s. m. one that bewitches with his eyes.
AOJADU'RA, s. f. bewitching, or fascinating, doing mischief with the looks.
AOJAMIE'NTO, s. m. idem.
AOJA'R, v. a. to bewitch, or do mischief with only looking, to look upon any one with an evil eye.
AO'JO, s. m. vide. *OJO*.

AOR

AO'RA, adv. now.
Aóra poco, a little while since.
AORMA'R, v. a. vide *AHORMA'R*.
AO'RTA, s. f. the great artery.
AORZA, s. f. vide *ORZA*.
Aórza, adv. (a sea word) on the left hand.

AOS

'AOSAD'AS, adv. boldly, audaciously.

AOV

AOVA'R, v. n. to lay eggs, as birds and insects do.

APA

APABILA'RSE, v. r. to consume one's self by degrees, as a candle does.

APACA'R, v. a. to pacify, to make easy, to mitigate.

APACENTADO'R, s. m. one that feeds, or that grazes, a herd-groom, or herdsman.

APACENTAMIE'NTO, s. m. feeding, grazing, putting into pasture; also pasture itself.

'APACENTA'R, v. a. to feed, to to graze, to put into pasture; used also in a spiritual sense.

APACIBILIDA'D, s. f. lenity, ease, quiet, peace.

APACI'BLE, adj. meek, pleasing to all persons, calm.

Un dia apacible, un sitio apacible, a fine day, a pleasant place.

APACIBLEME'NTE, adv. peaceably, quietly, calmly.

APACIGUADO'R, s. m. a peace-maker, one who endeavours to reconcile differences.

'APACIGUAMIE'NTO, s. m. the action of pacifying or appeasing.

'APACIGUA'R, v. a. to pacify, to appease, to calm.

'APADRINADO'R, s. m. one who supports, or is second to another; a protector, a defender.

'APADRINA'R, v. a. to second, to back, to support.

APAGA'BLE, adj. extinguishable, that may be quenched.

APAGADO'R, s. m. one that quenches or extinguishes, or appeases; also an extinguisher, a hollow cone put upon a candle, to quench it.

APAGAMIE'NTO, s. m. a dejection of mind.

APAGA'R, v. a. to quench, to extinguish, to appease, or pacify.

Apagár la sed, to quench one's thirst.

Apagárse, v. r. to be extinguished, or to be quenched.

Aun que malicia obscuréźca la verdád no la puéde apagár, deceit may perplex, but can never overthrow the truth.

APAGULLA'R, v. a. to strike any body unawares, and suddenly.

APAINELA'DO, adj. in (architecture) the appellative of an arch which imitates half an ellipsis formed upon its greater axis.

APAISA'DO, adj. (*pintura apaisada*) a picture or landscape disposed in length.

APAJA'DO, adj. covered with straw, strewed over with straw.

APALABRA'R, v. a to give one's word, to engage; also to speak to.

APALAMBRA'RSE, v. r. to be very thirsty.

APALANCA'R, v. a. to raise, to move, to lift any weight with a lever; also to supplant, to force away by stratagem.

APALEADO'R, s. m. one that beats with a cudgel; also one that ventilates corn.

Apaleadór de sardinas, in cant, a galleyslave.

APALEAMIE'NTO, s. m. a cudgeling.

APALEA'R, v. a. to cudgel; or beat; also to ventilate grain.

Trás corduno apalcádo, first cuckolded, then beaten.

APALMA'DA, adj. the hand held up so, as the palm is seen, as in a coat of arms.

APALPA'R, v. a. vide *PALPA'R*.

APANA'GE, s. m. lands, or a capital, of money set apart for the maintenance of younger children.

APANCO'RA, s. f. a sort of shell growing by the sea side amongst rocks.

APANDILLA'R, v. n. to be divided in different parties against each other; also (in cant) to cheat at cards.

APANIAGUA'R, v. a. to maintain, keep, or feed. Obs.

APAñADO'R, s. m. he that takes or grasps.

APAñAMIE'NTO, s. m. taking, or grasping.

APAñA'R, v. a. to take, or grasp, to keep carefully; also to seize, to take by force, to lay hold on.

Apañar, to act with consideration and prudence.

APA'ñO, s. m. a taking up, or grasping; but more properly, handiness, dexterity.

APAñUSCA'DO, adj. intangled.

APAñUSCADO'R, s. m. f. the person who grasps or takes hold.

APAPAGA'YADO, adj. parrot-like.

Nariz apapagayada, an aquiline, or hooked nose.

APAPAGAYA'RSE, v. r. to swell, or bridle, as a parrot does.

APA'R, adv. vid. *PA'R*.

APARADO'R, s. m. a side-board table, a dresser in a kitchen, the place where workmen keep their tools or instruments.

APARA'R, v. a. to prepare, provide, and make ready; also to hold up the hands or other things to catch what is tossed.

Apararse, v. r. to be prepared, to be provided; also it is taken, for the female to be ready to receive the male.

APARATA DO, adj. prepared; *bien ó mal aparatado*, able-bodied, or in bad health.

APARA'TO, s. m. pomp, splendour, sumptuosity, expensiveness; also preparation, readiness.

APARATOSO, adj. sumptuous, costly, expensive, splendid.

APARCE'RIA, s. f. partnership in trade, or the like.

APARCE'RO, s. m. a partner.

APARCIA'R, v. a. to partake, to share.

APAREADO'R, s. m. one that pairs or couples.

APAREADU'RA, s. f. or *APAREAMIE'NTO*, s. m. pairing, or coupling.

APAREA'R, v. a. to pair, to couple.

Apareárse, v. r. to go, or walk two by two.

APARECEDO'R, ſ. m. one that appears or comes in ſight; or one that ſeems or has a reſemblance. Obſ.

APARECE'R, v. a. to appear, to come into ſight, to be found.

APARECIMIE'NTO, ſ. m. an appearance, a reſemblance, coming in ſight.

A paréd en médio, the next houſe, which is only parted by a wall.

APAREJAD'OR, ſ. m. one that prepares, provides, dreſſes or makes ready.

APAREJAMIE'NTO, a proviſion, preparation; prevention.

APAREJA'R, v. a. to make ready, to prepare, provide, or dreſs; alſo amongſt muleteers, to ſaddle, to pannel.

APARE'JAS, adv. alike, by pairs.

APARE'JO, ſ. m. preparation, proviſion, neceſſaries; alſo the ſaddle, or pannel, bridle, &c. for a horſe.

Aparéjo reál, a ſea term; our ſailors call it the garnet; which is a tackle, wherewith they hoiſe in all casks and goods, if they be not too heavy, as great ordnance, or the like.

APA'REJOS, ſ. m. pl. the tools or inſtruments of a workman; alſo the rigging, or tackling of a ſhip.

APARELLA'R, v, a. obſ. vide *APAREJA'R*.

APARE'NCIA, ſ. f. vide *APARIENCIA*.

Aparenciás, ſ. f. pl. the ſcenes in a play-houſe, or other shows repreſenting things, but without life, or motion.

APARENTA'R, v. n. vide *EMPARENTA'R*.

APARE'NTE, adj. apparent, ſeeming, not real; alſo falſe, deceitful, or able, convenient, proper; alſo appearing true; *anciently*, elegant, handſome, beautiful, fair.

APARENTEMENTE, adv. apparently, with ſemblance of truth.

APARESCEDO'R, ſ. m. vide *APARECEDO'R*.

APARESCE'R, v. a. vide *APARECE'R*.

APARESCIMIE'NTO, ſ. m. vide *APARECIMIE'NTO*.

APARICION, ſ. f. apparition, appearance, viſibility.

APARIE'NCIA, ſ. f. appearance, likelihood.

Apariencias, ſ. f. pl. the decorations or ſcenes of a ſtage.

APARI'R, v. a. to appear, to come in ſight.

APAROCHIA'R, v. a to furnish one's shop well vith goods.

APARTADAME'NTE, adv. ſeparately, diſtinctly.

APARTADI'JO, or *APARTADI'ZO*; ſ. m. a place apart, a diviſion, or ſeparation, a bye place to lay things out of the way.

APARTADIZO, adj. peevish, croſs, moroſe; man-hater.

APARTADO'R, ſ. m. one that parts, or ſeparates, or puts away, but more peculiarly uſed among thoſe that deal in wool, who ſeparate four five ſorts of it.

APARTA'DOS, ſ. m. pl. the little boxes the printers letters lie in, for compoſing; or any other ſuch boxes divided from one another.

APARTAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. a ſeparation, diviſion; alſo a divorce or legal ſeparation of husband and wife.

APARTAR, v. a. to part, to ſet apart, to ſeparate.

Apartárſe, v. r. to part, to be divorced, to ſeparate, to ſet aſide.

Apartár la génte, to make room in a croud.

Apartárſe de la querella, to let fall a ſuit.

Apartárſe de lo concertádo, to go from one's bargain.

Apartár, to diſſuade, to dehort, to divert one by reaſon from any thing.

Apartar la mano de uno, ó de una coſa, to forſake one, or to ſet aſide any buſineſs.

Apartar la viſta, ò los ojos, to forget, to neglect.

Apartarſe del dictamen de otro, to be of a contrary opinion.

Apartarſe de ſi miſmo, to lead a looſe diſorderly life.

APA'RTE, adv. apart, aſide.

Llamár uno apárte, to take any body aſide; that is, when you impart ſome ſecret.

APARVA'R, v. a. to make a heap, to accumulate.

APASCENTAR, v. a. vid. *APACENTAR*.

APASSIONADAMENTE, adv. lovely, paſſionately with great love.

APASSIONA'R, v. a. to deſire eagerly; alſo to vex, to plague, to give trouble.

Apaſſionárſe, v. r. to be put into a paſſion, to be vexed, to be paſſionately in love; alſo to be partial.

Hombre apaſſionádo no quiére ſér conſoládo, a paſſionate man is deaf to all advice.

APASTA'R, v. a. vid. *APACENTA'R*.

APASTO, ſ. m. food, nouriſhment.

APATUSCA'R, v. a. to do things in a hurry, to make more haſte than good ſpeed.

APATU'SCO, ſ. m. an ornament of ſeveral bawbles; alſo any thing made in a hurry.

APAZOTE, ſ. m. a ſort of herb ſo called.

A P E

APE', ſ. m. an Indian word for a great commander among them.

APE'A, ſ. f. a fetter, fetlock, shackle.

APEADE'RO, ſ. m. a horſeblock, to mount or diſmount a horſe.

APEADO'RES, ſ. m. pl. perſons appointed to adjuſt the bounds of lands.

Apeamiento de una heredad, the extremity, bounds, or limits of a field meaſured.

APEAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. alighting, diſmounting; alſo conceiving, or comprehending.

APEA'R, v. a. to alight, or diſmount; alſo to conceive, or comprehend; to ſtop a cart by putting a ſtone under the wheels.

Apearſe

Apeárſe, v. r. to alight from a horſe, or carriage; to fall from preferment.

Apeár el rio, to be able to paſs a river on foot, or to ford it.

Apeár heredádes, to fix, or ſettle the bounds of lands.

APE'CHOS, adv. as, *tomár á péchos*, to take a thing upon one, to take charge of it, to take it un der a man's own care.

APECHUGA'R, v. n. to claſp, or graſp cloſe to embrace; alſo to undertake with ſpirit and courage.

APEDAZA'R, v. a. to break any thing in to pieces.

APEDA'ZOS, adv. by piecemeal.

APEDERNALA'DO, adj. as hard as a flint-ſtone.

APEDREADE'RO, ſ. m. the place where boys throw ſtones at one another.

APEDREADO'R, ſ. m. one that is always throwing ſtones.

APEDREAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. the throwing of ſtones.

APEDREA'R, v. a. to ſtone, or fling ſtones; alſo to hail, or ſpoil with hail.

Las viñas ſe apedreáron, the vineyards were ſpoiled with a ſtorm of hail.

Roſtro apedreado, ù empedrado, a face marked with the ſmall-pox.

APEGAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. ſticking, cleaving, or faſtening to; alſo inclination, propenſion, of mind.

APEGA'R, v. a. to ſtick, to cleave, to cling.

Apegárſe, v. r. to be cloſe to another.

APE'GO, ſ. m. vid. *APEGAMIENTO.*

APELACIO'N, ſ. f. an appeal.

APELAMBRA'R, v. a. to take the hair off skins, as tanners do with lime.

APELA'NTE, ſ. m. he that appeals.

APELA'R, v. m. to appeal.

APELATI'VO, ſ. m. appellative, a name given.

APELDA'R, v. n. obſ. to fly, to make an eſcape.

APE'LDE, ſ. m. an eſcape, in a hurry.

APELIGRA'DO, adj. expoſed to danger.

APELIO'TES, ſ. m. a wind ſo called; the ſame as *ſubſolúno.*

APPELLAR, v. a. to ſoften a skin with oil or fat, as tanners do.

APELLIDA'R, v. a to call upon, to call for aſſiſtance; to cry for ſuch a party or faction.

APELLI'DO, ſ. m. ſurname.

Prov. *El más ruyn del apellido, da máyor vóz pór ſer óydo*, the moſt culpable makes the greateſt noiſe to be heard; that is, the worſt people are mo noiſy and loud.

APELLUCA'R, v. a. to force, or compreſs many things into one by ſqueezing them.

APELLUZCA'R, v. a. to mould into a maſs.

APELMAZA'R, v. a. to ſquat, ſqueeze, or flat together; to mould with the hands or feet; alſo to grow or make lazy.

APE'LO, adv. fit to a hair, exact, juſt, even.

Apélo ayúſo down the hair, or with the hair.

Apélo arriba, up the hair, or againſt the hair.

A redro pelo, againſt the grain.

APE'NAS, adv. ſcarcely, hardly, barely.

APENDI'CE, ſ. m. appendix, ſupplement, addition.

APEñUSCA'R, vid. *APELMAZA'R.*

APE'O, ſ. m. the ſettling the bounds of lands; alſo the act in juſtice by which the bounds are fixed.

APEONA'R, v. n. to run on the ground; a term properly of ſportſmen.

APERADO'R, ſ. m. one that commands and directs labourers; alſo a cart-maker.

APERA'R, v. a. to make any ſort of carts or waggons.

APERCEBIMIE'NTO, ſ. m. preparation, proviſion, warning; alſo an order.

APERCEBI'R, v. a. to prepare, provide, warn; alſo (in law) to adviſe one to appear before the judge.

Hombre apercebido, médio combatido, the man who is upon his guard is the leaſt hurt; that is, the more cautiouſly any one acts, the leſs danger he expoſes himſelf to.

APERCOLLA'R, v. a. to take a man by the collar.

Apercollár, v. a. to take any thing clandeſtinely.

APERDIGA'DO, adj broiled, ſinged; alſo a word to reproach thoſe that have been in the inquiſition, as if they had narrowly eſcaped being burnt.

APERDIGA'R, v. a. to broil, to ſinge.

APERITIVO, adj. aperitive, opening.

APERNA'R, v. a. to hold. or catch any one by the leg.

APE'RO, ſ. m. a ſheepcote, a fold.

Apéro, ſ. m. all the furniture, or harneſs, for beaſts that work in the country; alſo the tools belonging to any trade.

En caſa del h[illegible]ro péor apéro, a bad knife in a cutler's houſe; or, no body goes worſe shod than the shoemaker's wife.

APERRE'ADO, adj. dogged, sharp, biting; alſo ill uſed, as we ſay, uſed like a dog.

APERREADO'R, adj. troubleſome, importunate.

APERREA'R, v. a. y n. to grow dogged, sharp, and biting; alſo to tire, to vex oneſelf.

APERROCHA'DO, } *APERROCHIA'DO*, } adj. that has good cuſtom in ſelling.

APERROCHA'R, v. a. to have good cuſtom in ſelling; to become a pariſhioner.

APERSONA'DO; adj. as, *bien aperſonádo*, that has a good preſence.

APERSONA'RSE, v. r. to be of a graceful comely mien, or preſence.

APESADUMBRA'R, v. a. to cauſe trouble or vexation.

APESA'R, adv. in ſpight of; to one's ſorrow.

APESARADAME'NTE, adv. grievouſly, vexatiouſly, anxiouſly.

APESARA'R, v. a. to grieve, to trouble.

APESGAMIE'NTO, f. m. fqueezing, weighing, or preffing flat.

APESGA'R, v. a. to fqueeze, weigh, or prefs flat.

Apefgárfe, v. r. to be weighty, heavy.

APESTA'DO, adj. infected with the plague.

APESTA'R, v. a. to infect with the plague, thence to poifon with a ftench.

APETECEDO'R, f. m. f. one who defires, or has an appetite for any thing.

APETECE'R, v. a. to have an appetite, or defire for a thing, to covet, or long for.

APETECI'BLE, adj. that which excites the appetite, which is to be coveted, or defired.

APETI'BLE, adj. vid. *APETECIBLE*.

APETENCI'A, f. f. the defire or coveting any thing.

APETITI'VO, adj. belonging to the defiring or coveting any thing.

APETI'TO, f. m. appetite, defire, covetoufnefs.

APETITO'SO, adj. to be coveted, or defired, a thing exciting the apetite; alfo one that has a fancy for every thing he fees.

A P H

APHA'CA, f. f. vetches or tares.

APHE'LIO, f. m. that part of the orbit of a planet in which it is at the point remoteft from the fun.

APHE'RESIS, f. f. a figure in rhetorick, when a letter or a fyllable is taken from the beginning of a word.

APHORI'SMO, f. m. aphorifm, general rule.

A P I

APIADA'DO, adj. that has taken compaffion or pity, become tender hearted.

APIADAR, v. a. to take pity, to have compaffion, or to move pity, or compaffion.

Apiadárfe, v. r. to be compaffionate.

APIA'STRO, f. m. the herb called crows-foot.

APICARA'DO, adj. roguish, knavish.

A'PICE, f. m. a jot, a tittle, the leaft thing that may be.

A'pice, f. m. the height, top, fummit, perfection; alfo a very fmall object.

Eftar en las apices, to have a perfect knowledge of any art or fcience.

APICOS PARDOS, adv. vid. *PICO*.

APIE JUNTILLAS, adv. *PIE'*.

APIE'RNA SUE'LTA, adv. vid. *PIE'RNA*.

APILA'R, v. a. to heap, thruft, or mould together.

Apilárfe la génte, to run into a throng.

APILA'SCO, adv. caft into large ingots.

APIÑADU'RA, f. f. / *APIÑAMIENTO*, f. m. } a clinging or fticking clofe together.

APIÑA'R, v. a. to cling, ftick, or run clofe together, to clofe as hard as a pine-apple.

A'PIO, f. m. fmallage, or water parfley.

A'pio, f. m. celery, an herb much ufed in winter fallads, a fpecies of parfley.

APIOLA'R, v. a. to tie, or hold down by the foot, to hang.

API'QUE, adv. upon the point, juft ready, upon the brink; as *apique de perderfe*, upon the brink of perdition; *el navio fe fue a pique*, the ship went to the bottom, or was funk.

APISONA'R, v. a. to ram down, to fqueefe or comprefs.

APITO'N, f. m. the bud of a flower before it bloffoms.

APITONA'DO, adj budded; alfo paffionate, hafty, or furious.

APITONAMIE'NTO, f. m. budding; alfo paffion, haftinefs, or fury.

APITONA'R, v. n. to peep out, to begin showing itfelf, it is faid of the horns of cattle.

Apitonárfe, v. r. to be fo enraged as not to know what one does.

A P L

APLACA'BLE, adj. that may be appeafed, affuaged, mitigated.

APLACADO'R, f. m. a peacemaker.

APLACAMIE'NTO, f. m. the peace that is made.

APLACA'R, v. a. to appeafe, or pacify.

Aplaca el tiempo, the ftorm is over.

APLACENTA'R, v. a. to pleafe, to delight.

APLACE'R, v. n. to pleafe.

A placér, adv. at pleafure.

APLACI'BLE, adj. pleafing, delightful.

APLACIE'NTE, adj. affable, agreable, pleafing.

APLANAMIE'NTO, f. m. the planing or fmoothing any thing.

APLANA'R, v. a. to fmooth, or plane.

Aplanárfe, v. r. to fall down; alfo to be aftonished and ftupified.

APLANCHA'R, v. a. to make even, fmooth, or plain.

APLASTA'R, v. a. to fquat, fqueeze, or flat together, to mould with the hands or feet.

APLAUDI'R, v. a. to rejoice, or clap hands, to give praife; alfo to applaud.

APLA'USO, f. m. applaufe, approbation.

APLAYA'R, v. n. to overflow.

APLAZAMIE'NTO, f. m. an appointment, a fet time.

APLAZA'R, v. a. to appoint a day, to warn to a day.

APLICA'BLE, adj. applicable, fit, apt, proper.

APLICACIO'N, f. f. application.

APLICADE'RO, adj. that may be applied.

APLICADO'R, f. m. one that applies.

APLICA'R, v. a. to apply.

Aplicárse, v. r. to be diligent, to be careful, induſtrious.

Aplicar a uno, a una coſa, to ſet one upon a thing.

Aplicar el oido, to tend attention.

APLOMA'DO, adj. heavy as lead, leaded, like lead, dull, lumpish; alſo upright, or perpendicular.

APLOMA'R, v. a. to cover, or ſolder with lead; alſo to ſet upright, or perpendicular with a plummet.

Aplomárſe, v. r. to be at a ſtand, to know not what to ſay or do.

A P O

APO'CA, ſ. f. an acquittance or diſcharge.

APOCADAME'NTE, adv. meanly, abjectly, of little value.

APOCA'DO, adj. made little, or of ſmall value, leſſened, of little worth; alſo mean-ſpirited.

APOCADO'R, ſ. m. the perſon who leſſens or diminishes.

APOCAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. leſſening; alſo meanneſs of ſpirit.

APOCA'R, v. a. to leſſen, to make ſmall account of, or undervalue; to become mean-ſpirited.

Apocárſe, v. r. to be leſſened; alſo to deſpiſe one's ſelf, to undervalue one's ſelf.

APOCE'MA, ſ. f. a decoction.

APO'CHA, ſ. f. a receipt given on payment.

APO'COPE, ſ. f. a figure in poetry, which takes a ſyllable from the end of a word.

APOCRYPHO, adj. apocryphal, fabulous, uncertain.

APODADE'RO, ſ. m. joke, banter, pun.

APODA'DO, adj. reflected on, jeſted at.

APODADO'R, ſ. m. one that is full of jeſts, and biting words; a banterer, a jeſter.

APODAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. a reflection, or jeſt.

APODA'R, v. a. to reflect on, to jeſt upon another, to uſe witty sharp expreſſions.

APODENCADO, adj belonging to a ſetting dog.

APODERA'R, v. a. or *APODERA'RSE*, v. r. to take or give power, or poſſeſſion, to enable, to poſſeſs.

APO'DO, ſ. m. a witty jeſt, or reflection upon another.

APODO'SIS, ſ. f. a figure in rhetorick, called reddition.

APOGE'O, ſ. m. apogee, or apogeum, a point in the heavens, where the ſun or planet is at the greateſt diſtance poſſible from the earth.

APOLILLA'DO, adj. moth-eaten.

APOLILLADU'RA, ſ. f. eating, or the hole made by a moth.

APOLILLA'RSE, v. r. to be moth-eaten.

APOLLA'R, v. a. to ſet the hen upon her eggs.

APOLOGETI'CO, adj. belonging to an apology.

APOLOGI'A, ſ. f. an apology.

APOLOGI'STA, ſ. m. the perſon who writes apologies.

APOLOGIZA'R, v. a. to defend any one's cauſe by ſpeaking or writing.

APO'LOGO, ſ. m. a fable, a tale, in which we make birds, beaſts, and things inanimate to ſpeak.

APOLTRONA'RSE, v. r. to grow lazy, and idle.

APOMAZA'R, v. a. to rub the canvaſs with the pumice-ſtone, as painters do.

APOPHASIS, ſ. f. a figure by which the orator ſeems to wave what he would plainly inſinuate.

APO'PHISIS, ſ. f. the prominent parts of ſome bones.

APOPHTHE'GMA, ſ. m. an apophthegm, a short and remarkable ſaying.

APOPLETI'CO, adj. belonging to an apoplexy.

APOPLEXI'A, ſ. f. apoplexy.

APOQUECE'R, v. a. vid. *APOCA'R*.

APORCA'DO, adj. dug in ridges, or little hillocks, or made in trenches.

APORCADU'RA, ſ. f. raiſing ridges, or hillocks, or making little trenches.

APORCA'R, v. a. to make little ridges, to throw up earth about plants to keep the roots warm, or make little furrows to drain away the water.

APORFI'A, adv. contentiouſly, vying, ſtriving to outdo one another.

APORI'SMA, ſ. f. an inflammation after being let blood.

APORRA'R, v. a. vid. *APORREA'R*.

APORREADU'RA, ſ. f. } *APORREAMIE'NTO*, ſ. m. } a beating.

APORREA'R, v. a. to beat.

Aporreárſe, v. r. to beat one's ſelf; alſo to faint with weарineſs.

Aporrearſe en la jaula, aporrear la jaula, to tire in vain.

APORRI'LLO, adv. abundantly, copiouſly, plentifully.

APORTADE'RAS, ſ. f. pl. panniers or packs carried by horſes or mules.

APORTAMIENTO, ſ. m. arriving.

APORTA'R, v. n. to arrive, to come into a port.

APORTELLA'DO, ſ. m. the name of an honourable ancient dignity in Spain.

APORTILLA'R, v. a. to break open, or to batter down, to make a breach.

APOSE'MA, ſ. m. a phyſical potion, a decoction.

APOSENTA'DO, adj. lodged, quartered, billetted.

APOSENTADO'R, ſ. m. a harbinger.

Apoſentadór de exercito, a quarter-maſter.

APOSENTAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. a lodging, or quartering.

APOSENTA'R, v. a. to lodge, to quarter.

Apoſentár árboles, to plant trees in rows.

APOSENTI'LLO, ſ. m. a little chamber.

APOSE'NTO, f. m. a chamber, lodging, or quarters.
Aposénto de nao, a dock where ships are built; alfo a cabbin in a ship.
APOSIOPE'SIS, f. f. a figure in rhetorick, when one through anger or earneftnefs leaves out a part of a fentence.
APOSPE'LO, adv. oppofitely, violently.
APOSSESSIONAMIE'NTO, f. m. putting into poffeffion.
APOSSESSIONA'R v. a. to put into poffeffion.
Apoffeffionárfe, v. r. to take poffeffion.
APOSTADA'ME'NTE, adv. purpofely, defignedly.
APOSTA'L, f. m. a fit place to catch fish.
APOSTAMIE'NTOS, f. m. pl. obf. furniture, or ornaments.
APOSTA'R, v. a. to lay a wager; alfo to poft a fentinel, or body of men.
APOSTASI'A, f. f. apoftacy, departure from what a man has proffeffed.
APO'STATA, f. m. f. an apoftate, one that renounces his religion.
APOSTATA'R, v. a. to apoftatize, to renounce one's religion.
APOSTE'MA, f. f. an apoftume, apofteme, or impoftume, a fwelling; an abfcefs.
APOSTEMACIO'N, f. f. the gathering of a purulent tumour, an apoftemation.
APOSTEMA'R, v. a. to apoftemate, to fwell and corrupt into matter.
Apoftemárfe, v. r. to be apoftemated.
APOSTIA, f. f. calumny, falshood.
APOSTILLA'R, v. a. to illuftrate with marginal notes.
APO'STOL, f. m. an apoftle.
APOSTOLA'DO, } f. m. apoftleship.
APOSTOLA'ZGO, }
APOSTOLICA'L, adj. vid. *APOSTO'LICO*.
APOSTOLICAME'NTE, adv. apoftolically.
APOSTO'LICO, adj. apoftolical, or belonging to the apoftles.
APO'STOLO, f. m. vid. *APO'STOL*.
APO'STROPHE, f. m. a figure when we turn our difcourfe from thofe we fpeak to, to the abfent; alfo a dash with the pen, being a note of cutting off a letter, as when we write *believ'd*, for *believed*.
APOSTU'RA, f. f. handfomenefs, comelinefs.
APOTHE'CA, f. f. an apothecary's shop.
APOTHECA'RIO, f. m. an apothecary.
APOYA'R, v. a. to maintain, to fupport, to prop.
Apoyárfe, v. r. to be fupported, maintained.
APO'YO, f. m. fupport, prop; alfo help, protection, favour.

A P R

APRACA'R, v. a. to appeafe, affuage, mitigate.
APRECI'ABLE, adj. praife worthy, commendable, laudable.
APRECIADAME'NTE, adv. commendably, praife worthily.
APRECIADO'R, f. m. an appraifer, one that fets a rate or value on goods.
APRECIADU'RA, f. f. prizing, valuing, fetting a rate.
APRECIA'R, v. a. to prize, to value, to fet a rate; to efteem.
APRECIATI'VO, adj. commendable, laudable.
APRECIO, f. m. price, value, efteem.
APREGONA'R, v. a. to cry.
APREHENDE'R, v. a. to apprehend, to conceive; alfo to fufpect, or be apprehenfive, to lay hold of.
APREHENDEDO'R, f. m. one that apprehends, conceives, or is apprehenfive.
APREHENSIO'N, f. f. apprehenfion, fear, fufpicion of fomething.
APREHENSI'VO, adj. apprehenfive, fearful, fufpicious.
APREMIADAME'NTE, adv. violently, by compulfion, or force.
APREMIADO'R, f. m. one that forces or compels.
APREMIADU'RA, f. f. force, compulfion.
APREMIAMIE'NTO, f. m. vid. *APREMIO*.
APREMIA'R, v. a. to force, to compel.
APRE'MIO, f. m. force, compulfion, violence.
APRENDE'R, v. a. to learn.
APRENDIGO'N, f. m. a beginner, a novice, an apprentice, an un experienced attempter, a learner.
APRENDI'Z, f. m. an apprentice.
APRENDIZA'SGO, f. m. apprenticeship.
APRENSADO'R, f. m. a preffer.
APRENSA'R, v. a. to prefs; alfo to diftrefs, to moleft.
APRESA'R, v. a. to prefs one againft his will; alfo to take him prifoner.
APRESENTA'R, v. a. vid. *PRESENTA'R*.
APRESTADO'R, f. m. one that prepares or makes ready.
APRESTADU'RA, f. f. preparing, or making ready.
APRESTA'R, v. a. to prepare, to make ready.
APRESTO, f. m. a preparation.
APRESURACIO'N, f. f. readinefs, difpatch, diligence, celerity.
APRESURADAME'NTE, adv. haftily.
APRESURADO'R, f. m. one that haftens.
APRESURAMIE'NTO, f. m. hafting.
APRESURA'R, or *APRESSURA'R*, v. a. to haften, to make hafte.
Aprefurárfe, v. r. to be expeditious, quick, or fpeedy.
APRETADAME'NTE, adv. clofely, preffingly, forcibly.
APRETADE'RAS, f. f. pl. ropes that we ufe to bind any thing.

APRETADO'N, f. m. the cant word for a doublet.

APRETADO'R, f. m. a woman's girdle; alfo a filver and gold wire women wore on the head.

Apretadór, f. m. a rammer, fuch as paviors ufe to ram in the ftones with.

APRETADU'RA, f. f. } a
APRETAMIE'NTO, f. m. } fqueezing, preffing ftreightning; alfo affliction, forrow, grief.

APRETA'NTE, f. m. in cant, a sharper at play, who lets his cully win a while, and then fqueezes him.

APRETA'R, v. a. to fqueeze, prefs, ftreighten, or clofe; alfo to purfue and moleft.

Apretar con uno, to hold, to feize one.

Apretár la mano, to confirm a promife.

Apretár las foletas, to run, to fly.

Apretár las cinchas, to girt a horfe tight.

APRETO'N, f. m. a fudden preffing exigency; alfo a short fwift race; alfo affliction.

APRETU'RA, f. f. ftreightnefs; a throng, a preffing circumftance.

APRIE'SSA, adv. haftily, quickly.

APRIE'TO, f. m. danger, preffing circumftance, difficulty.

APRI'MAS, adv. chiefly, firft of all.

APRISA, adv. in a hurry, quickly.

APRISA'R, v. n. to catch fire, to take fire.

APRISCA'R, v. a. to put into a sheepfold.

APRI'SCO, f. m. a sheepfold.

APRISONA'R, v. a. to imprifon, to fetter.

APRI'SO, f.m. ob. vid. *APR'ISCO.*

APRO, f. m. a boar. Ufed only by poets.

APROA'R, v. a. to fteer a ship.

APROBACIO'N, f. f. approbation, confent, liking.

APROBADO'R, f. m. the perfon who approves.

APROBA'R, v. a. to approve, to allow, to confent, to like.

APRO'CHES, f. m. pl. the approaches at a fiege.

APRONTAMIE'NTO, f. m. preparation, the act of making ready what will foon be wanting.

APRONTA'R, v. a. to make ready, to put in order.

APRO'NTO, vid. *APRONTAMIENTO.*

APROPINQUA'R, v. a. to approach, to draw near.

APROPO'SITO, vid. *PROPOSITO.*

APROPRIACIO'N, f. f. appropriation, applying, adapting.

APROPIA'R, v. a. to appropriate, apply, adapt, fit.

Apropriarfe; v. r. to adapt any thing to one's felf.

APROVACIO'N, vid. *APROBACIO'N.*

APROVA'R, v. a. vid. *APROBA'R.*

APROVECE'R, v. n. vid. *APROVECHA'R.*

APROVECHADAME'NTE, adv. profitably, ufefully.

APROVECHAMIE'NTO, f. m. profit, gain, advantage.

APROVECHA'R, v. n to fave, to improve, to put to good ufe, to profit.

Aprovechárfe, v. r. to be put to good ufe, to be profitable.

APROVECHO'SO, adj. profitable, ufeful beneficial.

APROVECIMIE'NTO, f. m. vid. *APROVECHA'MIENTO.*

APROVEE'R, v. a. vid. *PROVEE'R.*

APROXIMACIO'N, f. f. approaching, or drawing near.

APROXIMA'R, v. a. to approach, to draw near.

APRUE'VA, adv. upon trial.

A P S

APSIDES, f. m. apfides, the higher apfis is called aphelion, or apogee, the lower periphelion, or perigee.

A P T

APTAME'NTE, adv. fitly, properly, aptly.

APTITU'D, f. f. aptnefs, readinefs, capacity.

APTO, adj. apt, ready, capable.

APTU'NO, f. m. autumn. Obf.

A P U

APUE'STA, f. f. a wager.

APUESTAME'NTE, adv. elegantly, delicately, nobly, gracefully.

APUESTO, adj. feafonable, opportune, in right time.

Apuefto, f. m. gracefulnefs, neatnefs.

APUñADA'R, v. a. to ftrike with the fift.

APUñA'R, v. a. to grafp in the fift..

APUñADU'RA, f. f. a grafp.

APUñEADU'RA, f. f. a beating, or buffeting.

APUñEAR, v. a. to beat or buffet.

APUñETEA'R, v. a. to beat with the fift.

APUNTACIO'N, f. f. annotation, note.

APUNTADO'R, f. m. an obferver, one that points out, or directs, or one that takes notice of faults.

APUNTALA'R, v. a. to prop, or shore up, to underfet, to fupport.

APUNTAMIE'NTO, f. m. an advice, remembrance; alfo pointing, and agreement.

APUNTA'R, v. a. to appoint, to point out, to mark, alfo to sharpen, to edge.

Apuntárfe, v. r. to grow four.

APUNTILLA'R, v. a. to kick, to fpur.

APU'NTO, adv. ready.

APUñUSCA'R, v. a. to gripe roughly in the fift, to rumple, to fqueeze.

APURADAME'NTE, adv. cleanly, abfolutely, or of neceffity.

APURADE'RO, adv. cleanly, abfolutely, or of neceffity.

APURADE'RO, f. m. a clear or manifeft proof of any thing.

APURADO'R, f. m. one who drives another to extremity; alfo one

that searches out the truth of any thing.

APURAMIE'NTO, s. m. draining; also purifying, and driving to extremity.

APURA'R, v. a. to drain, to purify, to drive to extremity; also to examine, to drain, and to provoke.

Apurár la paciencia, to try a man's patience.

Apurár un hombre, to press a man hard.

APU'RO, s. m. vid. *APURAMIENTO*.

A Q U

AQUADRILLA'R, v. a. to conduct a squadron of soldiers.

AQUANTIA'DO, adj. belonging to quantity, equalling in quantity.

AQUA'RIO, s. m. the eleventh sign in the zodiac.

AQUARTELAMIE'NTO, s. m. the place where soldiers are quartered.

AQUARTELA'R, v. a. to quarter soldiers, to appoint them quarters.

AQUA'TICO, adj. watery, or that belongs to the water.

AQUA'TIL, adj. that lives in the water.

AQUATI'SMO, s. m. an ocean, or congregation of waters. Obs.

AQUATO'CHO, s. m. vid. *AGUATO'CHO*.

AQUE'DA, adv. as, *tañér á quéda*, to ring the bell which sets the watch at night.

AQUEDADO'R, s. m. one that stops, or stays; that stills or quiets.

AQUEDA'R, v. a. to stay or stop, to still or quiet.

AQUEDU'CTO, s. m. an aqueduct.

AQUEJADAME'NTE, adv. anxiously, vexatiously, hastily.

AQUEJAMIE'NTO, s. m. hastiness, anxiety.

AQUEJA'R, v. a. to hasten, to press.

AQUEJOSAME'NTE, adv. anxiously.

AQUE'L, pron. that man.

AQUELLA, pron. that woman.

AQUE'LLO, pron. that thing.

AQUE'NDE, adv. obs. on this side.

AQUEO, adj watery, or belonging to water.

AQUE'SSO, adv. that.

AQUE'STA, pron. that woman.

AQUE'STE, pron. this man.

AQUE'STO, pron. this thing.

AQUI, adv. here; also now.

AQUIESCE'NCIA, s. f. agreement, condescension.

AQUIETAMIE'NTO, s. m. quieting, stilling; pacifying.

AQUIETA'R, v. a. to quiet, still, or pacify.

A'QUILA, vid. *AGUILA*.

AQUILATA'R, v. a. to refine or purify gold.

AQUILE'ñO, vid. *AGUILE'ñO*.

Aquileño, s. m. a man apt or fit to be a thief.

AQUILI'FER, ó *AQUILI'FERO*, s. an ancient ensign, a cornet.

AQUILI'NO, the same as *aquileño*.

AQUI'LLA, s. f. the keel of a ship.

AQUILLOTRA'DO, adj. a clownish word; desperately in love.

AQUILO'N, s. m. the north.

AQUILONA'R, adj. belonging to the north.

AQUISTAR, v. a. to acquire, to get, to obtain.

AQUITI'BI, s. m. a burlesque name given to each of the porters, who, dressed like sextons, carry the representations of the instruments of our Saviour's passion in the procession of Passionweek.

AQUO'SO, adj. full of water.

A R A

A'RA, s. f. an altar, or an altar-stone laid on the altar where mass is said; also, a constellation so called.

ARA'DA, s. f. a ploughed field.

ARADO, s. m. a plough.

Arádo comúro, a crooked plough.

ARADO'R, s. m. plougher, ploughman.

ARA'DRO, s. m. vid. *ARA'DO*.

ARADU'RA, s. f. ploughing.

ARAGA'N, adj. vid. *HARAGA'N*.

ARA'IZ, s. f. vid. *RA'IZ*.

ARAJE'DA, s. f. the plough-staff to cleanse the coulther with.

ARA'LDO, s. m. vid. *HERA'LDO*.

ARA'M, s. m. brass drawn or worked out to a length, as brass wire. Obs.

ARAMBE'L, s. m. a tattered cloth, a rag; sometimes taken for the hanging of a room.

ARAMBRA'DO, adj. of a copper colour, or covered with copper.

ARAMBRA'R, v. a. to paint or dye of a copper colour, or to cover with copper.

ARA'MBRE, s. m. copper.

Hilo de arámbre, brass or copper wire.

ARAMI'A, s. f. a ploughed field.

ARA'NA, deceit, craft.

ARANCE'L, s. m. a regulation of rates of provisions; also setting the duties paid on goods in the custom-house; also, a method, a rule.

ARANDA'NO, s. m. the fruit of the service-tree.

ARANDE'LA, s. f. a thing in the shape of a funnel, fastened to the thick end of a lance to defend the man's hand; it is also a sort of band worn by women.

ARA'NDES, s. f. pl. strawberries.

ARANEA, s. f. the tunicle of the eye, that contains the crystalline humour.

ARANIE'GO, adj. a hawk that has been taken in a net.

ARANZA'DA, s. f. an acre, or about the same quantity of ground, or land.

ARA'ñA, s. f. a spider. It is also a branch to hang in the middle of a room with many candles; and in some places a crab; also an industrious diligent man.

Prov. *Al aráña hurtó la ruéca el diáblo, porque saque la téla del rábo*, the devil stole the spider's distaff, that she might draw her

thread through her tail; this they say to any that do things preposterously.

ARAñADO'R, s. m. one that scratches.

ARAñADURA, s. f. a scratching or clawing.

ARAñA'R, v. a. to scratch, to claw; also to be a miser, a scrape-penny.

ARAñE'TA, s. f. a little spider.

ARAñENTO, adj. full of spiders.

ARAñIEGO, s. m. a kind of kite so called.

ARAñITA, s. f. a little spider.

ARAñO, s. m. a scratch.

ARAñUE'LA, s. f. diminut. of *araña*.

ARAñUE'LO. s. m. a snare, a net to catch birds in.

ARANZE'L, a scroll, a roll of paper, a muster-roll, a list; also a proclamation settling the rates of provisions.

ARA'R, v. a. to plough.

Arár el már, metaph. to plough the seas, to sail; it is also called ploughing, because the ship leaves a track behind her, as the plough does a furrow.

ARASA'R, v. a. vid. *ARRASA'R*.

ARASTRA'R, v. a. vid. *ARRASTRAR*.

ARASU'Z, adv. now, now for it.

ARATI'VO, adj. arable, fit for tillage.

ARATO'RIO, adj. contributing to tillage.

ARA'TOS, adv. now and then, by fits, at several times.

ARAVA'L, s. m. vid. *ARRABAL*.

A R B

ARBE'JA, s. f. the tare or vetch.

ARBITA'NA, s. f. vid. *ALBITA'NA*.

ARBITRADO'R, s. m. an arbitrator.

ARBITRA'L, adj. voluntarily left to one's own choice; arbitrary.

ARBITRAME'NTO, s. m. judgment, decision, determination.

ARBITRA'NTE, s. m. an arbitrator, an umpire.

ARBITRA'R, v. a. to arbitrate, to decide.

ARBITRARIAME'NTE, adv. decisively, determinately, peremptorily.

ARBITRARIO, adj. that is, or may be put to arbitration; also arbitrary.

ARBITRE'RO, adj. obstinate, stiff in opinion, froward, pertinacious.

ARBITRIA'NO, s. m. an arbitrator an umpire Obs.

ARBI'TRIO, s. m. a man's will, opinion, or decision; also a project.

ARBITRI'STA, s. m. a projector.

ARBITRO, s. m. an arbitrator, umpire.

A'RBOL, s. m. a tree, a mast of a ship.

Arbol del parayso, vid. *ALHEñA*.

Arbol triste, a tree growing in several parts of *India*.

Arbol mayor, the main-mast of a ship.

Arbol de proa ó de trinquete, the fore-mast.

Arbol de mezána, the mizzen-mast, the mast in the stern of a ship.

Arbol de la camisa, the body of a shirt, also a tool used by watch-makers.

Prov. *Quien a buen arbol se arrima, buena sombra la cobija*, he that leans against a good tree, has a good shade over him; that is, he that relies on good worthy people reaps a benefit.

ARBOLA'DO, s. m. in cant, a tall man.

Arboládo, adj. set upright as a tree, raised or lifted up.

ARBOLA'R, v. a. to mast a ship, to set upright.

Arbolár vandéra, to set up, or to hoist, or hold up the colours, to display them.

ARBO'LARIO, s. m. vid. *HERBOLARIO*.

ARBOLA'ZO, s. m. a great tree.

ARBOLCI'LLO, s. m. a little tree, a shrub.

ARBOLECE'R, v. n. to grow up to a tree.

ARBOLECI'CO, s. m. vide *ARBOLECILLO*.

ARBOLE'DA, s. f. a grove of trees.

ARBOLEDE'RO, s. m. one that looks to an orchard, or a wood.

ARBOLE'TE, s. m. a lime-twig.

ARBOLI'LLO, diminut. of *árbol*.

ARBOLI'STA, s. m. a gardener, a dresser or planter of trees.

ARBOLLON, s. m. a drain to draw off water.

ARBORA'DO, adj. full of trees, or shaded with trees.

ARBORA'R, v. n. to grow up to trees; also as *arbolár*.

ARBORBO'LA, s. f. a tumult, an up roar.

ARBOSANTE, s. m. a short ladder, also a prop to support any building.

ARBU'STO, s. m. a little tree, a shrub.

A R C

A'RCA, s. f. a chest, a bin to keep bread and corn, a great cistern to keep water.

Arca del pan, a bin for bread; metaph. the belly.

Arca de Noé, Noah's ark; metaph. any place or chest that contains all sorts of things.

Prov. *En arca de avariénto, el diáblo yáze dentro*, the devil lies in a covetous man's chest.

Prov. *En arca abiertá el júsío péca*, the just man sins by an open chest; opportunity makes the thief.

Sangrár à uno de la vena del arca, to trick any one out of his money.

Prov. *Ni ojo en lá cárta, ni mano en el arca*, neither look into writing paper, nor put your hand into another man's purse; that is, be not impertinently curious to observe what does not belong to you.

ARCABUCEA'DO, adj. shot.

ARCABUCEA'R, v. a. to shoot.

ARCABUCERI'A, s. f. the infan-

try who made uſe of an engine to shoot darts or ſtores out of. Obſ.

ARCABUCE'RO, ſ. m. an engineer; a maker of military engines. Obſ.

ARCABU'CO, ſ. m. a great thick wood of trees.

ARCABU'Z, ſ. m. a musket.

ARCABUZA'ZO, ſ. m. a musket-shot.

ARCABUZERI'A, ſ. f. musketeers a body of them.

ARCABUZE'RO, ſ.m. a musketeer.

ARCACHO'FA, ſ. f. vide *ALCACHO'FA*.

ARCA'DA, ſ f. ſtraining or reaching to vomit.

Eſtár uno dando arcádas, to be in the pangs of death.

ARCADE'RO, ſ. m. a cheſt-maker, a joiner.

ARCADO'R, ſ. m. vide *ARQUEADOR*.

ARCADU'CES, ſ. m pl. buckets fixed to the wheel of a water-mill to draw up water in.

ARCADU'Z, ſ. m. a pipe, or conduit for water, an aqueduct, a pot, whereof they tie a great many to a rope ſet round a wheel to draw up water.

Arcadúz, a mark or token of the affections of the mind; alſo a buſy-body flatterer or pimp.

ARCADUZA'R, v. a. to lay pipes, or other conveniencies to carry water; metaph. to contrive and lay the method to carry on any buſineſs.

ARCANIDAD, ſ. f. a ſecret.

ARCA'NO, adj. ſecret, concealed, hidden, undiſcon vered.

ARCA'Z, ſ. m. a man's cheſt, or breaſt, all that part of him which is shut in by the ribs; alſo a great trunk or cheſt.

Arcáz, ſ. m. a great cheſt.

ARCE, ſ. f. the bladder-nut.

Arce, ſ. m. a tower.

ARCE'A, ſ. f. a wood-cock, or a ſnipe.

ARCEBI'SBE, ſ. m. obſ. an archbishop.

ARCEDIANA'ZGO, ſ. m. an archdeaconship.

ARCEDIA'NO, ſ. m. an archdeacon.

ARCE'N, ſ. m. vide *ARZE'N*.

ARCE'RO, ſ. m. vide *ARCHERO*.

A'RCHA, ſ. f. the blade of the weapon uſed by archers anciently.

ARCHA'NGEL, ſ. m. an archangel; pronounce *arcángel*.

ARCHE'RO, ſ. m. an archer; alſo one of the King of Spain's guard, a yeoman of the guard.

ARCHERUE'LO, ſ. m. a little archer, or ſmall yeoman of the guard.

ARCHE'TYPO, ſ. m. original, model, pattern. Pronounce *arkétypo*.

ARCHIBA'NCO, ſ. m. a table, or a ſeat with a drawer under it.

ARCHI'BO, ſ. m. vide *ARCHI'VO*.

ARCHIBRIBO'N, ſ. m. a maſter beggar, the chief of the mumpers.

ARCHIDIA'BLO, ſ. m. a grand or arch-devil.

ARCHIDUCA'DO, ſ. m. an achdukedom.

ARCHIDU'QUE, ſ. m. an archduke.

ARCHIDUQUE'SA, ſ. m. an archdutcheſs.

ARCHIGA'TO, ſ. m. the chief among the cats; a word uſed jocoſely.

ARCHILAU'D, ſ. m. a large lute.

ARCHIMANDRI'TA, ſ. m. a ſuperior of religious men.

ARCHIPIE'LAGO, ſ. m. the Archipelago, a part of the Mediterranean Sea which is full of iſlands.

ARCHIPOBRE, ſ. m. the chief of the beggars or mumpers.

ARCHIPOE'TA, ſ. m. the prince of poets.

ARCHPRE'STE, ſ. m. an archprieſt, or chief-prieſt.

ARCHISYNAGOGO, ſ. m. the chief of the ſynagogue.

ARCHITE'CTO, or *ARCHITE'TO*, ſ. m. an architect.

ARCHITECTU'RA, ſ. f. architecture.

ARCHITRA'VE, ſ. m. architrave, the maſter or principal beam in any ſtructure; in ſtone-work it is that part which lies immediately upon the columns, and ſupports the ſtructure.

ARCHITRICLI'NO, ſ. m. he that orders and takes care of a feaſt.

ARCHITYRA'NO, ſ. m. an archtyrant.

ARCHIVA'R, v. a. to have any thing recorded; to keep it in the archives.

ARCHIVE'RO, ſ. m. the maſter of the records.

ARCHIVI'STA, ſ. m. a keeper of the records.

ARCHI'VO, ſ. m. an archive, a place where records are kept.

Archívo, the perſon who keeps a ſecret.

ARCI'LLA, ſ. f. clay.

ARCILLO'SO, adj. belonging to clay.

ARCIPRETA'ZGO, ſ. m. the dignity or juriſdiction of the chief-prieſt.

ARCIPRE'STE, vide *ARCHIPRE'STE*.

A'RCO, ſ. m. a bow; alſo an arch.

Arco entéro, an arch that is a complete ſemicircle, whoſe chord is the whole diameter.

Arco diminuído, an arch that is leſs than a ſemicircle, and therefore its chord is leſs than a ſemidiameter.

Arco compuéſto, an arch compoſed of two ſmall arches, which meeting at the top cut one another there, and form an angle.

ARCO'LA, ſ. f. a ſort of coarſe canvas.

ARCO'N, ſ. m. augm. of *arca*, a great cheſt.

ARCTICO, adj. belonging to the north pole.

ARCTU'RO, a ſtar in the heavens ſo called.

A R D

A'RDA, ſ. f. a ſquirrel.

ARDALEA'R, v. n. to grow thin, (ſpeaking of grapes.)

ARDENTI'A, ſ. f. the light cauſed by the waves in a tempeſt; a ſeaterm.
ARDE'OLA, ſ. f. a little heron.
ARDE'R, v. n. to burn, to flame. to blaze.
ARDI'D, ſ. m. a ſtratagem and cunning contrivance.
ARDIDAME'NTE, adv. bravely, couragiouſly.
ARDIDE'ZA, ſ. f. magnanimity, bravery; alſo cunning, craft.
ARDI'DO, adj. burnt; ſet on fire; alſo hot in temper, haſty.
ARDIDO'SO, adj. ſagacious, acute, quick ſighted; alſo ſtout valiant, couragious.
ARDI'ENTE, adj. burning hot, alſo paſſionate and bright.
ARDIENTEME'NTE, adv. hotly fiercely.
Ardientemínte, adv. bravely, couragiouſly.
ARDI'LLA, ſ. f. dim. of *arda*.
ARDIME'NTO, ſ. m. heat, burning; alſo a fiery temper, boldneſs, courage, an earneſt deſire.
ARDI'TE, ſ. m. a piece of copper money formerly in ſpain, worth three maravedies.
No vale un ardite, no ſe me dá un ardite, no ſe eſtima en un ardite, not worth a doit. I don't value it a pin, it is not worth a pin.
ARDO'R, ſ. m. heat, burning, a flame, or blaze; alſo eagerneſs, boldneſs.
ARDUAME'NTE, adv. difficultly.
ARDUIDA'D, ſ. f. difficulty, hard labour, great pains.
A'RDUO, adj. difficult.

ARE

A'REA, ſ. f. the area, or ſuperficial contents of any thing; alſo in geometry, the ſurface between any line.
ARECE'R, v. a. vide *SECAR*.
ARE'ITO, ſ. m. a kind of dance.
ARE'NA, ſ. f. ſand.
Dár cálza de aréna, to take a heavy revenge on a man.
Eſcribir en la aréna to write on ſand; to make ſlight of what one hears.
Sembrár en la arená, to ſow on the ſand; to labour in vain.
Contar las arénas, to count the ſands; to undertake impoſſibilities.
Ay mas de tal cóſa que de aréna, there is more of ſuch a thing than of ſand; that is, there is great plenty.
Prov. *Comer aréna antes que hacér viléza*, to eat ſand, rather than do a baſe action; that is, to ſuffer all extremities.
ARENA'L, ſ. m. a ſandy place, a ſandpit, or the ſands on the ſhore.
ARENALI'LLO, ſ. m. diminut. of *arenál*.
ARENCA'DO, adj. like a herring, or taſting of herring; as dry as a herring.
ARENCO'N, ſ. m. augment. of *arénque*.
ARE'NGA, ſ. f. a long ſpeech, or a tale.
ARENGA'DO, adj. belonging to a ſpeech fooliſhly or idly uttered.
ARENGA'R, v. n. to make an oration.
ARENI'LLA, ſ. f. ſmall ſand.
Arenillas, ſ. f. pl. a ſort of dice that have no ſpots, but upon one ſide.
ARENI'SCO, *ARENOSO*, adj. ſandy.
ARE'NQUE, ſ. m. a herring.
Arénque ahumádo, a red herring.
ARENQUI, ſ. the name of a liquor diſtilled from dates.
ARENQUE'RO, ſ. m. one that ſells herrings.
ARE'STA, ſ. f. the coarſeſt ſort of flax.
ARESTI'N, ſ. m. a diſeaſe in a horſe's paſterns, called the ſcratches; in children a ſcald head.

ARF

ARFA'R, v. n. to plunge, or roll as a ship does.
Arfár el navio, the ship plunges ſometimes a-head, and ſometimes a-ſtern.
ARFI'L, ſ. m. the biſhop at cheſs.

ARG

ARGADI'JO, *ARGADI'LLO*, *ARGADI'XO*, ſ. m. a reel, to reel thread or yarn on; or any ſuch frame made of ſmall ſticks; alſo a buſy body.
ARGA'DO, ſ. m. a ſhuffle, a trick.
Prov. *Argádo ſobre argádo, y no miél ſobre ojuélas*, reel upon reel, and no honey upon fritters, that is, toil upon toil, or misfortune upon misfortune, and nothing to ſweeten them.
ARGALI'A, ſ. f. obſ. a ſyringe.
ARGAMANDE'L, ſ. m. a tattered rag.
ARGAMANDI'JO, ſ. m. a reel, or any ſuch frame made of ſmall ſticks.
ARGAMA'SSA, ſ. f. a ſtiff clay, plaſter, ſtrong lime and ſand, cement, and mortar.
ARGAMASSA'R, v. a. to cover with cement, or mortar.
ARGANAS, ſ. f. pl. a ſort of panniers made of hemp, like a cloſe net, to carry corn on beaſts backs from the field, or any ſuch uſe; alſo a crane to draw up ſtones.
ARGANDIJO, ſ. a pair of yarn windles.
ARGANE'O, ſ. m. a little iron or braſs ring that boats are generally fixed to.
A'RGANO, ſ. m. an engine of many arches, uſed formerly at the ſieges of towns.
ARGAVIE'SO, ſ. m. a ſtormy ſhower.
ARGA'YO, ſ. m. a great coat or cloak, which covers the reſt of the cloaths.
ARGE'L, ſ. m. a horſe with his off foot white, and no other white about him, which in Spain is looked upon as an ill mark.

Argél, adj. un fortunate, unhappy, alſo ſlaviſh.
ARGE'MA, ſ. f. a film that grows over a horſe's eye, either by the falling of humours, or cauſed by a blow.
ARGE'MONE, ſ. f. an herb ſo called.
ARGE'N, ſ. m. a cant word for plate, or money.
Argén vivo, quickſilver.
ARGE'NT, ſ. m. obſ. plate, ſilver.
ARGENTADO'R, ſ. m. one that ſilvers over; or plates, or adorns with ſilver.
ARGENTA'R, v. a. to ſilver over, to plate, or adorn with ſilver.
ARGENTERI'A, ſ. f. any veſſels of plate, or any garments adorned with plate.
ARGENTIFODI'NA, ſ. f. a ſilvermine.
ARGE'NTO VI'VO, ſ. m. vide *ARGE'N VI'VO*.
ARGI'LLA, ſ. f. clay.
ARGO'LLA, ſ. f. a great iron ring to hold by, or for ſuch uſe.
Juégo de argólla, a game at which they drive a ball through a ring.
ARGOLLI'CA, } ſ. f. a ſmall
ARGOLLITA, } iron ring.
ARGOLLO'N, ſ. f. a very great maſſive iron ring.
ARGO'MA, ſ. f. a linden tree.
ARGONAVE, ſ. m. one of the ſixteen conſtellations.
ARGU'CIA, ſ. f. ſubtilty, briskneſs, ſmartneſs.
ARGU'E, ſ. m. an inſtrument to draw up weights; a crane.
ARGUELLA'R, v. a to leſſen or diminiſh.
ARGUE'LLO, ſ. m. filth, uncleanneſs.
ARGUE'NA, ſ. f. a budget, bag, or wallet.
ARGUEñAS, ſ. f. pl. vide *ANGARILLAS*.
ARGUI'R, v. a. to argue, to diſpute; alſo to convince, and to accuſe, and reprove.
ARGU'LLO, *ARGULLO'SO*, *ARGULLOSAME'NTE*, vide *ORGULLO*, *ORGULLOSO*, *ORGULLOSAME'NTE*.
ARGUMENTACIO'N, ſ. f. argumentation, diſputation.
ARGUMENTADO'R, ſ. m. one that argues or diſputes.
ARGUMENTA'R, v. a. to argue, diſpute, or reaſon.
ARGUMENTI'LLO, ſ. m. diminut. of *argumento*.
ARGUME'NTO, ſ. m. an argument, a reaſon; alſo the brief contents of a book.
ARGUMENTO'SO, adj. diligent, ingenious.
ARGUTO, adj. ſharp, ready, quickwitted.
ARGUYE'NTE, ſ. m. he that argues, or diſputes.

A R I

A'RIA, ſ. f. vide *ARIETA*.
ARIBA'R, v. a. to wind up thread or yarn upon a reel.
ARI'BO, ſ. m. a reel for thread or yarn.
ARICA'R, v. a. vide *ARREJACA'R*.
ARI'DEZ, ſ. f. dryneſs.
A'RIDO, adj. dry, withered.
ARIE'NZO, ſ. m. a little young ram.
A'RIES, ſ. m. the firſt ſign in the zodiack, called the ram.
ARIE'STA, ſ. f. vide *ARISTA*.
ARIE'TA, ſ. f. an operaſong.
ARIETE, ſ. m. a battering ram.
ARI'JA, ſ. f. vide *HARI'JA*.
ARI'LLOS, ſ. m. ear-rings.
ARIO'SO, adj. viſcous, ſlimy.
ARISA'RCO, ſ. m. obſ. a great coat of coarſe cloth.
ARISA'RO, ſ. m. an herb ſo called.
ARI'SCO, adj. auſtere, rigid, intractable, ill-natured.
ARISTA, ſ. f. the beard of the ear of corn, called the awn.
ARISTOCRACI'A, ſ. f. ariſtocracy, commonwealth governed by the nobility.
ARISTOCRA'CIO, } adj. belon-
ARISTOCRATICO, } ging to ariſtocracy.
ARISTOLOCHI'A, } ſ. f. the herb
ARISTOLOGI'A, } called hartwort.
ARITHME'TICA, ſ. f. arithmetick, the art of numbering.
ARITHME'TICO, ſ. m. an arithmetician.
Arithmético, adj. belonging to arithmetick.

A R L

ARLEQUI'N, ſ. m. a harlequin.
Arlinga de véla, our ſeamen call it a bolt-rope, and is the rope into which the ſail is ſewed or made faſt.
A'RLO, ſ. m. a ſhrub ſo called. Women in Spain uſed it formerly to dye their hair yellow.

A R M.

ARMA, ſ. f. weapon, alarm.
ARMACIO'N, ſ. f. obſ. a military tune in uſe among the ancients.
ARMA'DA, ſ. f. a fleet of men of war.
Dar armáda, ó armadilla, in cant, is to furniſh one with money to play with another.
ARMADI'A, ſ. f. a raft to ſend things down a river; a trap, a ſnare.
ARMADI'JO, ſ. m. a ſnare, a gin to catch birds, or any ſmall creatures.
ARMADI'LLA, ſ. f. a little fleet of fighting ſhips, a ſmall ſquadron.
ARMADI'LLO, ſ. m. an animal in the Weſt-Indies, covered all over with ſcales like armour.
ARMADO'R, ſ. m. one that fits out armed ſhips againſt ennemies; alſo an under-waiſtcoat.
ARMADU'RA, ſ. f. armour, furniture; alſo a bedſtead, or any ting formed in that nature.
ARMAME'NTO, } ſ. m. arma-
ARMAMIE'NTO, } ment, warlike preparation.
ARMANDI'JAS, vide *ARMADIJO*.
ARMA'R, v. a. to arm.

Armár à los pájaros, to ſet ſnares for birds.
Armár navio, to equip, or fit out ſhips.
Armár una balleſta, to bend a croſs-bow.
Armár una cáſa, to ſet up the wooden frame of a houſe.
Armár al que juéga, to furniſh a gameſter with money.
Armár en el juégo, to sharp, to cheat at play.
Armar un lázo, to lay a ſnare.
Armár bréga, or *pendencia*, to begin a quarrel.
Armár una cáma, to ſet up a bedſtead.
Armár zancádilla, to trip up one's heels, or to lay a ſtumbling-block in a man's way.
Armár una celáda, to lay an ambush.
ARMA'RIO, ſ. m. cupboard, preſs, cheſt of drawers.
ARMAS, ſ. f. pl. arms, weapons, armour; alſo the coat of arms of a family.
ARMATO'STE, ſ. m. a rack to bend a croſs-bow, commonly uſed for any piece of lumber; alſo a ſnare.
ARMAZO'N, ſ. f. arming, or equipping; alſo any frame-work, as the timber-work of a houſe, or the like.
Armazón de camá, a bedſtead.
ARMELI'NA, ſ. f. an ermin.
ARME'LLA, ſ. f. an iron ſtaple for a lock or bolt, or any ſuch uſe; alſo a ring, and a knocker of a door.
ARMELLETA, ſ. f. diminut. of *armella*.
ARMENDO'N, ſ. m. ſtarch.
ARMERI'A, ſ. f. an armoury.
ARME'RO, ſ. m. an armourer, one that makes or ſells arms.
ARMIFE'RO, adj. armed, belonging to, or bearing arms.
ARMIGERO, adj. warlike, belonging to war.
ARMI'LA, ſ. f. a bracelet.
ARMILA'R, adj. a reſembling a bracelet, armillary, compoſed of rings or circles.
ARMI'LLA, ſ. f. the shell-fish, called a cockle.
ARMI'N, ſ. m. vid. *ARMIñO*.
ARMIñA'DO, adj. belonging to ermine.
ARMIñO, ſ. m. ermine.
Blanco como un armiño, white as an ermine.
ARMIPOTE'NTE, adj. powerful in arms.
ARMISTI'CIO, ſ. m. armiſtice, truce, ſuſpenſion of arms.
ARMO'LES, ſ. m. pl. an herb called orach or golden flower.
ARMONI'A, ſ. f. vid. *HARMONIA*.
ARMONI'ACO, vid. *AMMONI'ACO*.
ARMO'NICO, adj. vid. *HARMO'NICO*.
ARMONIO'SO, vid. *HARMONIO'SO*.
ARMUE'LLES, ſ. m. pl. an herb called orach, or golden herb.

A R N

A'RNA, ſ. f. a bee-hive made of cork; alſo the belly.
ARNEQUI'N, ſ. m. layman, a figure of a man made with joints to put in any poſture, uſed by painters and carvers; thence taken for a tumbler, or a fellow that puts himſelf into all ſorts of poſtures.
ARNE'RO, ſ. m. a ſieve.
ARNE'S, ſ. m. armour.
Echar mano a los arneſes, to draw the ſword.

A R O

A'RO, ſ. m. a hoop, either of wood or iron, for casks, or any other uſe.
ARO'CA, ſ. f. a web of fine texture.
ARO'MAS, ſ. f. pl. ſweet, or aromatick drugs.
AROMA'TICO, adj. belonging to ſweet ſpices or drugs, aromatick.
AROMATIZA'R, v. a. to perfume or ſcent with ſweet ſpices.
ARO'MO, ſ. m. a ſpice-tree.
ARO'ZA, ſ. m. the chief among the blackſmiths.

A R P

A'RPA, vid. *HARPA*.
ARPE'LLA, ſ. f. a bird of prey.
ARPE'OS, ſ. m. pl. our ſeamen call them grapnels, which are in the nature of anchors for gallies, or boats to ride by.
ARPI'A, ſ. f. vid. *HA'RPIA*.
ARPILLA'R, v. a. vid. *HARPILLA'R*.
ARPILLE'RA, ſ. f. a coarſe piece of canvas, or ſuch cloth to wrap goods.
ARPON, ſ. m. vid. *HARPO'N*.

A R Q

ARQUEA'DOR, ſ. m. a gauger, an officer whoſe buſineſs it is to gauge ships, or take their dimenſions, to know what burthen they will carry.
ARQUE'AGE, ſ. f. the gauging of a ship to know its dimenſions.
ARQUEAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. gauging, or taking the dimenſions of ships.
ARQUEA'R, v. a. to bow, or to arch; alſo to gauge, to take the dimenſions of ships.
ARQUE'O, ſ. m. vid. *ARQUEA'GE*.
ARQUERI'A, ſ. f. arched work.
ARQUE'RO, ſ. m. a bow-maker, or a cheſt-maker; alſo he that keeps the key of a public cheſt.
ARQUE'TA, ſ. f. a ſmall cheſt.
ARQUETO'N, ſ. m. a great cheſt, a bin for provender.
ARQUETO'NCILLO, a little cheſt.
ARQUIBA'NCO, ſ. m. a chief or principal form or bench.
ARQUI'LLA, ſ. f. a little cheſt.
ARQUILLO, ſ. m. a little bow.
ARQUIME'ZA, ſ. f. a cheſt of draws; alſo a buroe.
ARQUI'TA, ſ. f. diminut. of *arca*.

ARR

A'RRA, f. f. an earneft given as a fecurity to fulfil the contract.

ARRAA'X, f. m. the ftones of the olives, after they have been broken in the mill to take out the oil.

ARRABA'L, f. m. a fuburb.

ARRABIADAME'NTE, adv. furiously, paffionately.

ARRACA'DAS, f. f. pl. pendants for women to wear at the ears.

ARRACEA'R, v. a. to leffen, to diminish.

ARRACI'FE, f. m. a caufe-way, thence taken for a ridge of rocks in the fea.

ARRACIMA'R, v. a. to heap up many things together, fufpending them like grapes.

ARRAE'Z, f. m. a mafter of a veffel.

ARRAIGA'DAS, f. f. pl. the main beams belonging to any ship or veffel.

ARRAIGA'R, v. n. to produce roots.

Arraigárfe, v. r. to fix or eftablish one's felf any where.

Prov. *De hombre arraigádo no te verás vengádo*, you shall never be revenged of a rich man; that is, might will overcome right.

ARRAI'GO, f. m. a fecurity, or bail for another.

ARRAMBLA'R, v. a. to gravel over.

ARRA'NCA, f. f. a pulling or tearing violently, rooting up.

ARRANCA SIEGA, f. m. a plucking or tearing up any thing by the roots, which ought to be mowed.

ARRANCA'DA, f. f. precipitation, running haftily.

ARRANCADERO, f. m. the but end of a musket or gun.

ARRANCADO'R, f. m. one that pulls or tears away violently, that roots up.

ARRANCADU'RA, f. f. pulling or tearing away violently rooting up.

ARRANCAMIE'NTO, f. m. the fame as *arráncadúra*.

ARRANCA'R, v. a. to pull, or tear away violently, to root up, to fnatch away.

Arrancár el caballo, to ftart for a race, to fly out on a fudden.

Arrancárfe el álma, to die with much ftruggling, to be in great forrow or pain, as if one's foul were torn away.

Arrancár del pecho, to hauk up phlegm.

Arrancáte nabo, fay the children in a play they have, when one fits on the ground, and the others ftrive to lift him. They fay, *arrancáte nábo*; that is, come up, turnip; and he anfwers, *no puédo de harto*, I am fo full I cannot. They reply, *arrancáte cépa*, come up, root; and he again, *no puédo de féca*, I am fo dry I cannot.

ARRA'NQUE, f. m. pulling out, rooting up.

Caballo de grande arranque, a horfe flying out on a fudden.

Carbon de arranque, charcoal made by burning the roots of trees.

ARRAPA'R, v. a. to fnatch away, to take by force.

ARRAPIE'ZO. f. m. the loweft hanging part of any garment; any tatter, rag.

Llévar à uno de los arrapiézos, to tug a man away by his cloaths; that is, to arreft, to force him away.

ARRA'PO, f. m. vid. *HARRA'PO.*

ARRAQUIBE, f. m. fort of narrow bordering worn for ornament about the bottom of a petticoat.

A'RRAS, f. f. pl. the money a husband gives his wife when they are maried; alfo earneft-money given to bind any bargain.

ARRASADU'RA, f. f. fmoothing, levelling, reaping, mowing, or shearing; alfo, ftriking a meafure that is over full.

ARRASA'R, v. a. to fmooth, to level, to raife; alfo to mow, reap; or shear, to fill to the brim, to ftrike a full meafure.

Arrafár, to level down, to lay wafte.

ARRASTRADU'RA, f. f. drawing, dragging, trailing along the ground.

ARRASTRAMIE'NTO, f. m. idem.

ARRASTRA'R, v. a. to draw drag, trail along the ground, to draw, to execution.

Arráftra la hónra, honour puts a man upon many things he would not do.

Llevár la fóga arraftrándo, to drag, a halter after one; that is, to be in danger.

Andár arraftrádo, to be in very mean condition, or full of troubles, to be harraffed with too much bufinefs.

Ser arraftrádo, to be drawn as malefactors to execution.

Arraftrar, to trump, to win with a trump card.

Arraftrar a uno, to tire one, to moleft him.

Arraftrar lutos, to be in a deep mourning.

Hacer una cafa arraftrando, to do a thing by force, unwillingly.

ARRA'STRE, f. m. trumping at cards.

ARRATONA'R, v. a. vid. *RATONA'R.*

ARRAVA'L, f. m. vid. *ARRABA'L.*

ARRA'X, f. m. vid. *ARRAA'X.*

ARRAXA'QUE, f. f. an iron prong, or fork with three crooked points; alfo a fort of fwallows called martlets, with very little feet, and their claws bent like thofe forks.

ARRAYA'N, f. m. a myrtle-tree.

ARRAYANA'L, f. m. a myrtle-grove.

ARRAZI'FE, vid. *ARRACIFE.*

A'RRE, the word cariers ufe to their horfes, mules, or affes to make them go.

ARREA'R, v. a. to drefs, to adorn.

ARREBAñADO'R, f. m. one that rakes, or fcrapes.

ARREBAñADU'RA, f. f. a raking, or fcra ing.

ARREBAñA'R, v. a to rake, to fcrape, to hoard; to fave.

ARREBATADAMEN'TE, adv. precipitately, haſtily, inconſiderately, madly.

ARREBATADO'R, adj. one that ſnatches, or catches haſtily.

ARREBATADO'RA, ſ. f. a buzzard.

ARREBATAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. ſnatching, or caching; alſo haſtineſs, paſſion.

ARREBATA'R, v. a. to ſnatch, to pull away violently, to catch ſuddenly, to attract by violence.

Arrebatárſe, v. r. to be rapt in ſpirit.

Arrebáta cápas, a cloak-ſtealer; alſo a foppiſh perſon.

Arrebatádo en eſpíritu, rapt in ſpirit, in an extaſy.

ARREBAT'IñA, ſ. f. a catching, or ſnatching, a fray.

ARRE'BENTA BUEY, ſ. m. a great fly that vexes and hurts the cattle.

ARREBENTA'R, v. n. vid. *REBENTA'R.*

ARREBOCA'DO, adj. muffled, covered with a vail, or cloack.

Carne arrebocáda, meat dreſſed with eggs and other ingredients which diſguiſe it.

ARREBO'L, ſ. m. the redneſs of clouds; alſo the red colour uſed by women to paint their face.

Arrebolída mugér, a woman paintedred.

ARREBOLAR, v. a to colour, paint, or counterfeit.

Arrebolárſe, v. r. to be coloured, or painted.

Arrebolárſe, to paint red.

ARREBOLE'RA, ſ. f. a little box of paint.

ARREBO'LES, ſ. m. pl. the red curdling clouds in fair weather, coloured by the riſing or ſetting ſun, morning and evening; thence metaphorically the red paint in women's faces.

ARREBOLLA'RSE, v. r. to throw one's ſelf headlong from a precipice.

ARREBOLVE'R, v. a. vid. *REBOLVE'R.*

ARREBOZA'DA, ſ. f. a company of bees.

ARREBOZA'RSE, v. r. to muffle one's-ſelf up, to cover one's face with a vail or cloak.

ARREBUJA'R, v. a. to muffle, wrap, or cover up.

ARREBU'JADURA, ſ. f. } *ARREBUJAMIE'NTO*, ſ. m. } a wrapping up, covering, or muffling.

ARRECA'FE, ſ. m. a kind of thiſtle very thorny.

ARRECHADU'RA, ſ. f. a ſtiffneſs, erection.

ARRECHA'R, v. a. to ſtand, to be ſtiff, or erect.

ARRE'CHO, ſ. m. ſtanding, or ſet up an end.

ARRECIA'R, v. n. to increaſe in health, or grow ſtrong after ſickneſs; alſo to augment.

ARRECI'FE, ſ. m. a cauſeway; alſo a ridge of rocks in the ſea, or a ſandy place.

ARRECI'RSE, v. r. to be numbed, or grow ſtiff with cold.

ARRECOGE'R, v. a. vid. *RECOGE'R.*

ARREDOMA'DO, adj. made in the faſhion of a glaſs viol; in cant it ſignifies aſſembled, or agreed; alſo that has had a viol of ink thrown in is face.

ARREDOMA'R, v. a. a cant word, ſignifying to aſſemble, or to agree; alſo to caſt a viol full of ink againſt one's face, ſo that the glaſs breaks and cuts the face, and the ink runs about ands gets into the gaſhes, which is troubleſome to be cured, ſo as not to leave a ſcar; a villainous ſort of revenge, practiſed by ruffians.

Arredomárſe, v. r. to be offended.

ARREDONDA'R, v. a. to make round.

ARREDRADU'RA, ſ. f. putting back, forcing or removing back.

ARREDRA'R, v. a. to put, force, or drive back.

Arredrárſe, v. r. to give ground, to retire, to fall back.

ARRE'DRO, adv. behind.

Arrédro váyas enemígo málo, go behind me, ſatan.

Arrédro pelo, againſt the hair, or the grain.

ARREGAZA'DO, adj. tucked up as women do their petticoats, when they go in the dirt.

Naríz arregazáda, a noſe that turn up as if it were tucked up.

ARREGAZA'R, v. a to tuck up as women do their coats to keep them from the dirt.

ARREGLADAME'NTE, adv. orderly, with good order, and rule.

ARREGLAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. a regulation.

ARREGLA'R, v. a. to give orders, rules, or directions, to do any thing.

Arreglárſe, v. r. to conformable to eſtabliſhed rules.

ARREGOSTA'RSE, v. r. to taſte and pleaſe one's ſelf with the reliſh; to deſire ſuch things as one has taſted.

Arregoſtóſe la viéja a los blédos, ni dexo verdes ni ſecos, the gluttonous old woman, when ſhe had taſted her beetroot, ſpared none in her garden; that is, the covetous perſon cannot be ſatiſfied, the more he has, the more he deſires.

ARREHE'NES, ſ. m. vid. *REHENES.*

ARREJACA'R, v. a. to roll the ground, and ſo to break the clods, and cover the ſeed.

ARREJA'DA, ſ. f. the plough-ſtaff, or the iron in a plough-ſtaff, with which the coulter is ſcraped.

ARRE'LDE, ſ. m. a four pound weight.

Arrélde, ſ. m. a little bird ſo called.

ARRELLANA'DO, adj. ſitting, ſpread in a lazy poſture.

ARRELLANA'RSE, v. r. to ſquat, or ſit down at one's full eaſe, or in a lazy poſture.

ARREMANGADU'RA, ſ. f. } *ARREMANGAMIE'NTO*, ſ. m. } truſſing or tucking up of ſleeves.

ARREMANGA'R, v. a. to tuck or truſs up the ſleeves.

ARREMA'NGO, ſ. m. truſſing or tucking up of ſleeves.

ARREMEDA'R, v. a. to mock.

ARREME'TE, ſ. m. precipitation, running haſtily, the act of an attack.

ARREMETE'R, v. a. to assault, to set upon, to attack, to run at.

Arremetérse, v. r. to meddle in, to interfere, to interpose importunely or officiously.

ARREMETI'DA, f. f. an assault, an attack, a setting upon, or running at.

ARREMOLINA'R, v. a. to turn round like a whirlpool.

ARREMPUJA'R, v. a to push with violence.

ARREMUE'CO, f. m. motions, gesture.

ARRENDA'BLE, adj. what is hired, or fit to be hired.

ARRENDACIO'N, f. f. a hiring, or letting out to hire.

ARRENDADE'RO, f. m. an iron hook or ring to tie horses and mules to in a stable.

ARRENDADO'R, f. m. one that hires, or lets out to hire; a farmer also a mimick, one that mimicks another.

ARRENDADORCILLO, f. m. a litle farmer.

Prov. *Arrendadorcillos, comer en plata, morir en grillos*, little farmers eat in plate, and die in irons. The farmers of the revenue get much by their farms, but live high, and die in a goal; applied to an extravagant person.

ARRENDA'JO, f. m. a bird that imitates any voice it hears.

Arrendájo, also the person who imitates any voice he hears, or any action he sees.

ARRENDAMIE'NTO, f. m. farming, hiring, or letting to hire.

ARRENDA'R, v. a. to bridle, curb, or rein, to hire, or let out to hire, or to farm; also to mimick or act another.

ARRENTA'DO, adj. rich, wealthy.

ARRE'O, adv. one after another, successively.

Arréo, f. m. ornament or dress for a woman; furniture for a horse.

ARREPASSA'R, v. n. to pass and repass.

ARREPASTA'R, v. a. to feed, graze, or put into pasture.

ARREPENTI'DAS, f. f. pl. women that have been lewd, and are retired to live in a religious life.

ARREPENTIMIE'NTO, f. m. repentance, penitence, sorrow for what is past.

ARREPENTIRSE, v. r. to repent, to be sorry for what is done.

ARREPI'SO, adj. penitent.

ARREQUI'VE, f. m. a sort of woman's dress.

ARRESTA'R, v. a. to stop, detain, or arrest.

Arretárse, v. r. to be bold, or enterprizing.

ARRE'STO, f. m. rashness, boldness.

ARREVOLVE'R, v. a. obs. to revolve, to roll any thing round; to cover by involution, to enwrap; to assemble in a circle.

ARREXA'QUE, f. f. a fork with three prongs, or any tool that has three teeth; also the bird called a martlet.

ARREYE'TO, f. m. a sort of dance.

ARREZA'FES, f. m. pl. places full of briars and brambles.

ARREZIA'R, v. n. to grow stronger.

ARREZI'FE, f. m. vid. *ARRECIFE*.

ARREZI'L, f. m. an inundation, a flood that carries all before it.

ARRIA'GA, f. f. a very strong place.

ARRIA'L, f. m. the hilt of a sword.

ARRI'AR, v. a. to weer, to fall back, as a ship does when they veer out cable.

Arriár las velas, is to strike sail; that is, to let the sail run down.

ARRIA'TE, f. m. a bed in a garden; a hedge; a cause-way; a path.

ARRIA'Z, f. m. obs. an iron button fixed in the middle of the hilt, that the sword may be held fast.

ARRIBA, adv. above.

Arriba, adv. a sea term, bear up; bring the ship more before the wind.

De arriba abáxo, from the head to the foot, from the top to the bottom.

ARRIBA'DA, f. f. arrival; putting into an harbour.

ARRIBA'R, v. a. to arrive; to succeed; to be forced back into the harbour.

ARRI'BO, f. m. an arrival.

ARRICE'TE, f. m. a place in the sea full of rocks and sands.

ARRICISES, f. m. pl. an horse's girth; also the straps of stirrups.

ARRIE'DRO, adv. backwards.

ARRIE'NDO, f. m. vid. *ARRENDAMIENTO*.

ARRIE'RO, f. m. a carrier.

ARRIESGADAME'NTE, adv. dangerously, with hazard.

ARRIESGADO, adj. hazardous, bold, daring.

Hombre arriesgádo, a venture some daring man.

ARRIESGAMIE'NTO, f. m. hazarding or venturing.

ARRIESGA'R, v. a. to hazard, to venture.

ARRIESTO, f. m. vid. *ARRESTO*.

ARRIMADE'RO, f. m. the thing that a man leans against, a leaning-place.

ARRIMADILLO, f. m. any thing placed against the walls to prevent the white-wash coming off on them that lean against them, a sort of fine mats they nail and cover the walls with.

ARRIMADI'ZO, adj. parasitical, one that flatters.

ARRIMADO'R, f. m. one that leans against any thing.

ARRIMADU'RA, f. f. the act of leaning against.

ARRIMAR, v. a to lean, or set up one thing against another.

Arrimár las espuélas, to clap spurs to a horse.

Arrimár a uno, to leave a man dead, or in a desperate condition, as it were leaning against a wall.

Arrimár un delito, to add one crime more; to accuse a man of one crime more; to accuse falsly of a crime.

Arrimár el clávo, to cheat; a metaphor taken from knavish farriers,

who, on feeing a ftranger upon a good horfe, prick him that he may go lame, and then fend fome body after him, with another horfe to fell.

Arrimár, to ftow; that is; to place goods in order in the hold of a ship.

Arrimár un teftigo falfo, to fuborn a falfe witnefs.

Arrimárfe a la paréd, to lean againft the wall.

Arrimárfe a ruynes, to keep ill company.

Arrimárfe al parecér de otro, to adhere to another man's opinion.

Prov. *Arrimate a buenos, y ferás uno dellos*, keep company with good men, and you will be one of them.

ARRI'MO, f. m. any thing to lean againft or rely on, leaning-place, fupport, prop, ftay.

ARRIMO'N, f. m. (a jocofe word) the act of leaning.

ARRINCA'R, v. a. vid. *ARRANCA'R*.

ARRINCONADO'R, f. m. one that thrufts into corners.

ARRINCONAMIE'NTO, f. m. thrufting into a corner, living obfcure or in mifery.

ARRINCONA'R, v. a. to mew up, to keep clofe, as it were in a corner, to deject or caft down.

Arrinconárfe, v. r. to keep one's felf up clofe, to live in private.

ARRISCADAME'NTE, adv. boldly, valiantly, couragioufly,

ARRISCADO'R, f. m. a perfon who gathers olives.

ARRISCA'R, v. a. to hazard, to endanger, to venture.

ARRISQUE, f. m. danger, hazard.

ARRITRA'NCA, f. f. the crupper of beafts of burthen.

ARRI'VA, adv. vid. *ARRI'BA*.

ARRIVA'R, v. n. vid. *ARRIBA'R*.

ARRIXA'QUE, f. m. vid. *ARREXA'QUE*.

ARRIZA'FA, f. f. a royal garden.

ARRIZAR, v. a. to lash, bafte, or cudgel; a word ufed aboard the galleys.

ARRO'BA, f. f. twenty-five pounds, or a quarter of an hundred weight; in liquid meafure eight *açumbres*, about twelve quarts English.

Arrobá, f. f. an inftrument ufed in agriculture to lay the ground even and fmooth.

ARROBA'DO, adj. one in a rapture, in an extafy.

ARROBADO'R, f. m. one that meafures by the *arróba*.

ARROBA'L, adj. belonging to *arróba*.

ARROBAMIE'NTO, f. m. rapture, extafy.

ARROBA'R, v. a. to fell by the *arróba*.

Arrobár, v. a. to weigh or fell by *arrobas*. In agriculture, to lay the ground even by means of the inftrument called *arroba*.

Arrobárfe, v. r. to be in rapture; to be deprived of one's fenfes.

ARROBE'RO, f. m. f. the perfon who fells by *arróbas*, or quarters of an hundred weight.

ARROBINA'R, v. a. to gather or fcrape together.

ARROBI'TA, f. f. diminutive of *arróba*.

ARRO'BO, f. m. rapture, extafy.

ARROCA'DO, adj. raifed high; alfo belonging to a diftaff.

Mangas arrocádas, high fleeves tucked up.

ARROCA'R, v. a. to raife, tuck, or roll up.

ARROCINA'RSE, v. r. to be ftupid, to be ignorant.

Caballo arrocinado, a forry horfe.

ARRODEA'R, v. a. vid. *RODEAR*.

ARRODILLADU'RA, f. f. the act of kneeling.

ARRODILLAMIE'NTO, f. m. idem.

ARRODILLAR, v. n. to kneel.

Arrodillárfe, v. r. to kneel down, to bend one's knees.

ARROGA'NCIA, f. f. arrogance, pride, haughtinefs.

ARROGA'NTE, adj. arrogant, proud, haughty; alfo valiant, couragious.

ARROGANTEME'NTE, adv. proudly, haughtily, arrogantly.

ARROGAR, v. r. to arrogate, take more upon one than belongs to him.

ARROJADAME'NTE, adv. boldly, audacioufly.

ARROJADI'ZO, adj. miffible, thrown with the hand; alfo bold, ftout, brave.

ARROJA'DO, adj. caft thrown, caft away; alfo al bold, rash, or defperate man.

ARROJA'DOS, f. m. pl. in cant, fignifies breeches.

ARROJAMIE'NTO, f. m. boldnefs, audacity, impudence.

ARROJA'R, v. a. to caft, to throw, to fling away.

Arrojárfe, v. r. to caft, one's felf violently, as from a high place; to do, or fay any thing rashly, or without confideration.

ARRO'JO, f. m. bold nefs, audacity, impudence.

ARROLLADOR, f. m. a roller.

ARROLLA'R, v. r. to roll.

Arrollár; to be carried in a circle by the force of the air or water.

ARROMADIZA'DO, adj. that has taken cold, that has a defluxion, or a rheum falling.

ARROMADIZA'RSE, v. r. to take cold, to have a defluxion, or a rheum falling.

ARROMADIZO, adj. vid. *ROMADI'ZO*.

ARROMBA'DA, f. f. the bend or wale of galley.

ARROMPER, v. a. to plough an untilled field.

ARROMPIDO'S, f. m. pl. lands newly ploughed up, that were not fown before.

ARRONDA'R, v. a. to make round.

ARRONJA'R, v. a. vid. *ARROJAR*.

ARRONZA'R, v. n. to weigh anchor.

ARROPA'R, v. a. to cloath warm, to put on cloaths to keep out the cold.

Arrópate que fúdas, put on more cloaths, for you fweat; the advice good, when given ferioufly, but this is commonly fpoke ironically, as when one pretends to be very weary with doing little or nothing.

ARRO'PE, f. m. muft, new wine boiled thick.

Arrópefe con ello, let him have it to himfelf.

ARROPE'AS, f. f. pl. a fort of handcuffs, with a bar going up from them to the collar, to hinder one from lifting his hand.

ARRO'PIA, f. f. vid. *MELCO'CHA*.

ARROSCA'R, v. a. to make up like a roll of bread; to wrap up.

ARROSTRA'R, v. a. to face, or bring face to face; alfo to have a liking to a thing.

ARROTULA'R, v. a. to enroll, or to make up to a roll.

ARRO'VA, f. f. vid. *ARRO'BA*.

ARROVE'RO, f. m. vid. *ARROBE'RO*.

ARROVINA'R, v. a. obf. to fnatch, or catch haftily.

ARROXAR, v. a. vid. *ARROJA'R*; alfo to make red.

Arroxár, v. a. to heat an oven.

ARROYA'DA, f. f. a torrent, a fierce running ftream.

ARROYA'R, v. a. to cut furrows or trenches for water to run.

Arroyárfe, v. r. to divide itfelf into fmall channels.

ARRO'YO, f. m. brook, little ftream of water.

ARROYUE'LO, f. m. a little brook; diminutive of *arroyo*.

ARRO'Z, f. m. rice.

ARROZA'R, v. a. to freeze, or congeal drinking.

ARRUA'R, v. n. to grunt as a wild boar does when hunted.

ARRUFALDADO, adj. tucked up as women do their cloaths.

ARRUFA'RSE, v. r. to be angry, to be in a paffion.

ARRUFIANA'DO, adj. become a bully, pimp, or ruffian, or after the manner of one.

ARRUFFIANA'R, v. a. to become a bully, pimp, or ruffian.

ARRU'GA, f. f. a wrinkle; a fold; a plait.

ARRUGADU'RO, f. f. a wrinkling, or rumpling.

ARRUGA'R, v. a. to wrinkle.

Arrugárfe, v. r. to be wrinkled; alfo to die.

ARRU'GIA, f. f. a gold-mine in which they dig very deep for the metal.

ARRUINAME'NTO, f. m. ruin, deftruction, ruination.

ARRUINA'R, v. a. to ruin, deftroy, undo.

Arruinárfe, v. r. to be ruined, or undone.

Arruinár la cafa, to ruin one's houfe.

ARRULLADO, adj. lulled afleep.

ARRULLADO'R, f. m. who lulls to fleep.

ARRULLA'R, v. a. to cool.

Arrullár un niño, v. a. to lull a child to fleep.

Arrullárfe, v. r. to fall afleep.

ARRU'LLO, f. m. the cooing of pigeons or doves; the finging or lulling a child to fleep.

ARRUMA'CO, f. m. a coy difdainful look when difpleafed, twitching up the nofe; alfo caterwawling.

ARRUMAJE, f. m. the ftowing of goods on board a fhip.

ARRUMA'R, v. a. to ftow goods in a fhip, to lay one clofe to another.

ARRUMAZO'N, f. m. the gathering of clouds in the horizon

ARRUMBA'DA, f. f. the place aboard the galley where the men go to eafe themfelves.

ARRUMBA'R, v. a. to caft headlong.

Arrumbárfe, v. r. to take a direction, or line, according to the voyage.

ARRUMBLA'R, v. a. to run down impetuoufly.

Arrumblár, v. a. to carry off the fuperfices of the ground. It is faid of torrents.

Arrumblar con todo, to carry every thing, to leave wothing behind.

ARRUMUE'CO, f. m. vid. *ARRUMACO*.

A R S

ARSENA'L, f. m. dock, arfenal, a place to build fhips and lay up all their ftores.

ARSENICA'L, adj. arfenical, containing arfenick.

ARSE'NICO, f. m. arfenick; poifon in general.

A R T

ARTADEGUA, f. f. loufebane; an herb.

ARTALE'TE, f. m. a little pye made with birds flesh minced.

ARTAMU'Z, f. m. vid. *ALTRAMU'Z*.

ARTA'R, v. a. to force, to compel any one.

A'RTE, f. f. art; alfo workmanship and fagacity.

Arte mayór, a fort of Spanish poetry.

Prov. *Quien tiene arte, vá por toda parte*, he that a trade may get his living any where.

Prov. *Con arte, y con engáño fe vive el medio año; con engáño y con arte fe vive la otra parte*, man lives one half year by art and deceit, and the reft he lives by deceit and art; that is, by cunning and cheating all his lifetime.

ARTE'JO, f. m. a joint of a finger or a toe.

ARTEMI'SA, *ARTEMI'SIA*, *ARTEMI'SSA*, f. f. the herb mugwort.

ARTEMO'N, f. m. the main-fail of a galley, the mizzen-fail.

ARTERAME'NTE, adv. artificially.

ARTERI'A, f. f. fagacity, craft, cunning.

Artéria, f. f. an artery.

ARTERI'AL, adj. belonging to the artery.

ARTERIOTOMI'A, f. f. arteriotomy, letting blood from the artery.

ARTE'RO, adj. cunning, deceitful, crafty.

Prov. *La muger artéra el marido por la delantéra*, a fubtle wife always obferves her husband's commands.

ARTE'SA, f. f. a tray or a trough; a boat like a tray hewed out of a tree.

Artefa, f. a tray full.

ARTESA'NO, f. m. a handicraft man.

ARTES'ILLA, f. f. a little tray.
ARTESO'N, f. m. a vaulted roof of an houfe.
ARTESONA'DO, adj. a cieling that is made like a tray, with the hollow part turned upwards.
ARTESONCI'LLO, f. m. diminutive of *artesón*.
ARTESO'NES, f. m. pl. great trays, or troughs to knead bread in, or the like.
ARTESUE'LA, f. f. diminutive of *artesilla*.
ARTE'TICA, adj. fem the appellative of the gout that falls upon the joints and articulations.
ARTEXO, f. m. a fmall joint, as of a finger, or toe.
ARTI'CA, f. f. a piece of ground newly cultivated.
ARTICHO'CA, f. f. vide *ARCHACO'FA*.
ARTICO, adj. arctick, northern.
ARTICULACIO'N, f. f. articulation; alfo the fpringing or shooting of twigs from joint to joint.
ARTICULA'R, v. a. to articulate in fpeaking; alfo to article, capitulate, or condition.
ARTI'CULO, f. m. an article; alfo a joint.
ARTIFA'RA, / *ARTI'FE*, } f. f. in cant, bread.
ARTIFE'RO, f. m. in cant, a baker.
ARTI'FICE, f. m. an artificer, a handicraft man; alfo a forger or contriver.
ARTIFICIA'L, adj. artificial; fictitious.
ARTIFICIALME'NTE, adv. vid. *ARTIFICIOSAME'NTE*.
ARTIFI'CIO, f. m. artifice; alfo art; alfo a trick, ftratagem.
ARTIFICIOSAME'NTE, adv. artificially, deceitfully, cunningly, craftily.
ARTIFICIO'SO, adj. full of artifice, or deceit; alfo according to art.
ARTI'GA, f. f. land newly broken in order to cultivation.
ARTILLA'R, v. a. to furnish with artillery.
Artillárfe, v. r. in cant, to be ready armed.

ARTILLERI'A, f. f. artillery, ordnance.
Ponér tota la artillería, to apply all the artillery; that is, to leave no ftone unmoved.
Generál de la artillería, general of the artillery.
ARTILLE'RO, f. m. a gunner.
ARTIMAÑA, f. f. art, cunninh, fagacity, induftry; alfo a fnare.
ARTIMAÑO'SO, adj. artful, cunning, deceitful.
ARTIMO'N, f. m. the mizzenmaft of a ship, which is the maft next the ftern.
ARTI'STA, f. m. an artift.
ARTIZADO, adj. done according to the rules of art.
ARTOTRO'GO, f. m. a greedy gluttonous fellow.
ARTRODI'A, f. f. in furgery, a kind of joint or articulation of the bones.

A R U

ARU'DA, f. f. vid. *RU'DA*.
A'RULA, f. f. diminutive of *ara*.
ARUÑA'R, v. a. to fcratch with the nails.
ARUÑO, f. m. the fcratch made vith the nails.
ARUÑO'N, f. m. the perfon who fcratches with the nails; in cant, a pick-pocket.
ARU'SPICE, f. m. a foothfayer, a diviner, by looking into the bowels of beafts.
ARUSPICINA, f. f. the art, or act of divining by bowels of beafts.

A R V

A'RVA, f. f. obf. a barbarous word for a field.
ARVADI'LLO, f. m. a fpinning-wheel.
ARVEJA'L, f. m. a place fowed with vetches.
ARVEJA'LVA, f. f. a great wild fort of vetch.
ARVEJAS, f. f. pl peas, but rather a fort of pulfe like large vetches.
ARVEJO'N, f. m. a great vetch.
ARVEO'LA, f. f. a bird fo called.
A'RVOL, f. m. vid. *ARBOL*.
ARVOLA'R, vid. *ARBOLA'R*.
ARVOLE'DA, f. f. vid. *ARBOLE'DA*.
ARVOLEDE'RO, adj. vid. *ARBOLEDE'RO*.
ARVOLI'LLO, f. m. vid. *ARBOLI'LLO*.

A R X

ARXO'NA, f. f. vid. *ARJO'NA*.

A R Y

ARYTE'NA, f. f. the throat, the top of the wind-pipe, by which we fetch breath and form the voice.

A R Z

A'RZA, f. f. a great rope made faft to the maft with a pulley which ferves to heave goods into the ships.
ARZE, f. f. vid. *AZRE*.
ARZENA'L, f. m. vid. *ARCENA'L*.
A'RZEN, f. m. the shore or fea-fide, a bank to keep out water, a dyke.
ARZI'LLA, f. f. clay.
ARZILLO'SO, adj. full of clay.
ARZOBISPA'DO, f. m. archbishoprick; the ftate or jurisdiction of an archbishop; his dignity.
ARZOBISPA'L, adj. belonging to an archbishop.
ARZOBI'SPO, f. m. an archbishop.
ARZO'LLA, f. f. a green almond.
ARZO'N, f. m. either fore the, or the hind part of the faddle; as.
Arzón delantéro, the pommel of the faddle.
Arzón traféro, the hinder part of the faddle.

Asirse al arzón, to take hold on the fore or hind part of the saddle.

A S

AS, f. m. an ace at cards or dice.

Son tres dos y as, there are three, two, and one; said to a person who enlarges or makes more of a thing than it really is.

A S A

'ASA, f. f. the ear, or handle to hold any thing bi; occasion, opportunity; in cant, the ear of a man.

Amigo del asa, a great friend.

Ser mui del asa, to be great friend.

ASABIE'NDAS, adv. knowingly, purposely, designedly.

'ASABOREA'R, v. a. to season, or relish.

'ASACA'R, v. a. obs. to plunder, to debauch.

A saco; as méter a saco, to plunder.

ASADERI'A, f. f. vide *ASSADERI'A*.

ASAETEA'R, v. a. to shoot with arrows.

ASALARIA'R, v. a. to keep, at wages, to pay wages; from *salário*, wages.

ASALTA'R, v. a. to set upon, to assault.

ASA'LTO, f. m. an attack, an assault.

ASA'ETOS, adv. by leaps.

ASAO'NA, f. f. an assembly, or congregation of people.

ASAR, v. a. to roast.

ASARABA'CARA, f. f. the herb asarabacca.

A'SARO, f. m. idem.

ASASINA'R, v. a. to assassinate, to murder.

ASA'SINO, f. m. an assassin, or murderer.

ASA'Z, adv. enough.

A S B

ASBESTI'NO, adj. belonging to a kind of stone, of which they made cloth, that was cleansed by burning in the fire.

ASBE'STO, f. m. a sort of native fossile stone endued with the property of remaining uncosumed in the fire. The ancients had the art of making it into cloth.

A S C

ASCALO'NIA, f. f. a sharlot.

ASCENDE'NCIA, f. f. genealogy, anceſtry.

ASCENDE'NTE, f. m. the part of the ecliptick at any particular time above the horizon, which is supposed by astrologers to have great influence.

ASCENDE'R, v. a to ascend, to go up.

ASCENDIE'NTE, f. m. forefather, progenitor.

ASCENSIO'N, f. f. the visible ascension of our Lord into heaven.

ASCE'NSO, f. m. an ascent, or raising up.

ASCE'TICO, adj. belonging to the practice and instruction of the Christian religion.

ASCIOS, f. m. pl. the inhabitants of the torrid zone.

ASCI'TE, f. f. a particular species of dropsy.

ASCITICA'L, } *ASCI'TICO*, } adj. belonging to that species of dropsy called ascite.

A'SCO, f. m. a loathing.

ASCONDE'R, v. a. vide *ESCONDE'R*.

ASCONDIDA'MENTE, adv. vide *ESCONDIDAMENTE*.

ASCORO'SO, adj. vide *ASQUERO'SO*.

ASCOSIDA'D, f. f. filth, uncleanness.

A'SCUA, f. f. a burning fire.

ASCURA'S, adv. for *aescuras*, in the dark.

ASCU'SO, adv. secretly privately.

ASCYRO, f. m. S. John's wort.

A S E

ASEADAME'NTE, adv. neatly, sprucely, nicely, cleanly, prettily, pleasingly.

ASEA'R, v. a. to adorn or compose any thing neatly.

Aseárse, v. r. to adorn one's self neatly, cleanly.

ASECAS, adv. barely, drily: as, *comér pan a secas*, to eat dry bread.

ASECHA'NZA, f. f. vide *ASSECHA'NZA*.

ASEDIA'R, v. a to besiege.

ASEDIO, f. m. a siege.

ASELGA, f. f. the herb called white beet.

Asélga brava, the herb pondweed.

ASEMEJA'NZA, adv. to the likeness.

ASENDEREA'DO, adj. beaten or trodden to a path, or like a path.

ASENDRA'DO, adj. idem.

ASE'NSIO, f. m. wormwood.

ASENTA'R, v. a. vide *ASSENTA'R*.

ASENTI'R, v. a. vide *ASSENTIR*.

ASE'O, f. m. vide *ASSE'O*.

ASERICO, f. m. vide *AZERI'CO*.

ASERRAVE'LAS, adv. vide *AFERRAVE'LAS*.

ASERRA'R, v. a. to saw.

ASESA'R, v. n. to grow sober or wise.

ASESSO'R, f. m. an assessor, a lawyer joined in commission with a judge.

ASESTAR, v. a. to take aim, to level a piece.

A S F

ASFALTO, f. m. vide *ASPALTO*.

A S I

ASI'AL, f. m. a barnacle to hold an unruly horse by the nose with.

ASIDE'RO, f. m. the ear or handle of any thing to take hold by.

ASIDIA'R, v. a. obs. to besiege.

ASIDI'LLA, f. f. diminutive of *asilla*.

ASI'DIO, f. m. obs. a siege.

ASIE'NTO, f. m. a seat; the situation of ·lace; settledness; sedateness; settling at the bottom of any thin,; a contract.

ASIGNA'R, v. a. to assign, to appoint.

ASILLA, f. f. a little handle to

hold any thing [illegible] small occasion.

ASIMIE'NTO , [illegible] action of catching. to grow

ASININO, adj. belonging to an ass.

A'SIO , s. m. a kind of owl with fea thers on her head like ears; horn-owl.

ASI'R , v. a. to lay hold of, to stick to, to gripe, to grasp.

ASISTI'R, v. a. to assist, to aid, to attend, to wait on.

A S M

A'SMA, s. f. an asthma.

ASMADU'RA, s. f. ASMAMIE'NTO, s. m. } discretion, judgment.

ASMA'R, v. a. to judge any thing by conjecture; to dare to be bold; to be thoughtful.

ASMATI'CO, adj. one that is troubled with an asthma.

A S N

ASNA, s. f. a she ass.

ASNA'L , adj. belonging to an ass; also rough, savage, ferocious.

Medias asnales, coarse stockings.

ASNALME'NTE, adv. ignorantly, foolishly, ass like.

ASNA'R, adj. vide ASNA'L.

ASNAS, s. f. pl. little beans.

ASNA'ZO, s. m. a great ass.

ASNERI'A, s. f. a drove of asses.

ASNERI'ZO, s. m. an ass-driver, or keeper.

ASNE'RO , s. m. a keeper of asses.

ASNI'CO, ASNI'LLO, } s. m. a little ass.

ASNI'NO, adj. belonging to an ass.

ASNO, s. m. an ass.

Asno campés, asno campesino, a wild ass.

Asno sordésco, an ass of the Sardinian breed, which are very serviceable.

A S O

ASOBACA'R, v. a. to truss up under the arm.

ASOBARCA'R, v. a. to lift up a weight.

ASOLA'R, v. a. to overthrow, destroy, or lay level with the ground; from *suelo*, to sun; from *sol*.

ASO'LAS, adv. along.

ASOLDADA'R, v. a. to grow like a soldier, or turn soldier.

ASOLEAMIE'NTO, s. m. a sunning.

ASOLEA'R, v. a. to sun.

ASOMA'R, v. n. ASSOMA'R.

ASOMBRA'R, v. n. vide ASSOMBRA'R.

ASONA'DA, s. f. an alarm, a sudden noise.

A S P

A'SPA, s. f. a reel for thread, or yarn.

Aspas de molino, the sweeps of a windmill.

Aspas de ciervo, a stag's horns.

Caballero de aspa, a knight of the cross; that is, one that has been in the inquisition, because such are brought out in public, with a red and yellow cross hanging before and behind them to be exposed to shame.

ASPA'LATO, s. m. the rose of Jerusalem, or our Lady's rose; also rosewood.

ASPALTO, s. m. a dark, but transparent colour used in painting.

ASPA'R, v. a. to reel thread, or yarn; also to plague, to molest, to shame.

ASPAVIE'NTOS, adv. the counterfeit hectoring behaviour of a cowardly bully.

ASPE'CTO, s. m. the aspect, look, air, appearance.

Al primér aspecto, at the first sight.

ASPELUZA'R, v. a. vide ESPELUZA'R.

ASPERAME'NTE, adv. harshly, severely, bitterly, roughly, austerely.

ASPERANCIA, s. f. hope, trust, expectation. Obs.

ASPERE'SA, s. f. vide ASPERE'ZA.

ASPEREA'R, v. a. to make, or become harsh, sharp, bitter, rough, or austere.

ASPERE'ZA, s. f. harshness, roughness, austereness, severity.

ASPE'RGES, s. m. aspersion, scandal; also, a sprinkling.

ASPE'RGULA, s. f. an herb called goose-grass.

ASPERIDA'D, s. f. sharpness, roughness, harshness, austerity.

ASPERIE'GA, s. f. a sort of apple of a pleasant taste, though somewhat sourish.

A'SPERO, adj. harsh, rough, austere, severe; also rugged; or craggy, as bad ways or mountains.

ASPERO'N, s. m. a whetstone: also the beak of a ship or galley.

ASPERSI'ON, s. f. sprinkling; aspersion; detracting from another's character.

ASPERSORI'O, s. m. the instrument with which the water is sprinkled.

ASPERU'RA, s. f. vide ASPEREZA.

ASPHALTO, s. m. a solid bituminous substance found swimming on the surface of lakes.

A'SPID, s. m. the venomous creature called an asp.

ASPILA'TE, s. f. a sparkling gem so called.

ASPIRACI'ON, s. f. aspiration, breathing.

ASPIRAME'NTO, s. m. blowing, breathing, aspiration.

ASPIRA'R, v. a. to aspire, to have high thoughts, or aim at great things; also to aspirate, to pronounce with full breath.

ASPIRA'NTE, s. m. one that aspires.

A S Q

ASQUEA'R, v. a. to loath, or make nauseous, to nauseate.

ASQUEROSAME'NTE, adv. nauseously, hatefully.

ASQUEROSIDA'D, s. f. a loathing, nauseating; also a disgust.

ASQUEROSI'TO, adj. one that is nicely squeamish.

ASQUERO'SO, adj. loathsome; also loathing squeamish.

A S R

ASRE, ſ. m. the mapple-tree.

A S S

ASSA, ſ. f. the gum called laſer, or maſter-wort.
ASSACA'R, v. a. to accuſe falſely, or calumniate. Obſ.
ASSADERIA, ſ. f. a roaſting kitchen.
ASSADE'RO, ſ. m. meat that may be roaſted; it is ſometimes, but ſeldom, uſed for a ſpit, or for a turn-ſpit.
ASSADERI'LLO, diminutive of *aſſadéro*.
ASSA'DO, ſ. m. roaſted meat.
ASSADO'R, ſ. m. a ſpit.
ASSADORA'DA, ſ. f. a blow given with a ſpit.
ASSADORA'ZO, ſ. m. a wound made by a ſpit.
ASSADORCI'LLO, ſ. m. a little ſpit.
ASSADU'RA, ſ. f. roaſting; alſo the name of a duty upon beaſts.
ASSADURI'LLA, ſ. f. a little pluck, ſuch as a lamb's or kid's.
ASSAETEADO'R, ſ. m. one that ſhoots with arrows.
ASSAETEA'R, v. a. to ſhoot with arrows.
ASSAFETIDA, ſ. f. the ſtinking gum called by ſome devil's dung.
ASSALARIA'R, v. a. to allow a ſalary or wages.
ASSALTADO'R, ſ. m. the perſon who attacks another, or aſſaults.
ASSALTA'R, v. a to aſſault, attack, or ſet upon.
ASSA'LTO, ſ. m. an aſſault, an attack.
ASSAMBLE'A, ſ. f. an aſſembly.
ASSEMPA JA, ſ. f. a ſort of fruit growing in India.
ASSAÑA'RSE, v. r. to be provoked, to be made angry.
ASSA'R, v. a. to roaſt.
Aſſárſe, v. r. to be roaſted; to be ſunburnt; to be worked into a paſſion.
ASSARABA'CA, ſ. f. the herb called aſarabacca.
ASSASSINA'R, v. a. to kill any one by lying in wait or ambush for him.
ASSASSINA'TO, ſ. m. the action of killing any body treacherouſly.
ASSASSINO, ſ. m. an aſſaſſin, a murderer.
ASSAYA'R, v. n. to endeavour to attempt to do any thing, to make a trial.
ASSA'Z, adv. enough.
ASSEADI'CO, adj. neatiſh; diminutive of *aſſeádo*.
ASSEA'R, v. a. to make neat or curious.
ASSECHADO'R, ſ. m. one that watches, obſerves or ſpies.
ASSECHANZA, ſ. f. ſnare, wile, contrivance to entrap another; ſpying, watching, or obſerving.
ASSECHA'R, v. a. to watch, to obſerve, ſpy, to peep.
ASSE'CLA, ſ. m. a page, a lacquey.
ASSEDA'DO, adj. ſmooth, like ſilk.
ASSEDIA'R, v. a. to beſiege.
ASSE'DIO, ſ. m. a ſiege.
ASSEGLARA'DO, adj. a prieſt or churchman layman like.
ASSEGUNDA'R, v. a. to ſecond.
ASSEGURACIO'N, ſ. f. ſecurity.
ASSEGURADAME'NTE, adv. ſecurely, aſſueredly, without doubt.
ASSEGURADO'R, ſ. m. aſſurer, ſecurer, inſurer.
ASSEGURAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. ſecurity, inſurance.
ASSEGURA'NZA, ſ. f. aſſurance, ſecurity, inſuring.
ASSEGURA'R, v. a. to aſſure, ſecure, or inſure.
ASSEMEJA'NZA, ſ. f. likeneſs.
ASSEMEJA'R, v. a. to liken to another.
Aſſemejárſe, v. r. to be like.
ASSENDEREA'R, v. a. to beat or tread a path; alſo to purſue, chaſe or follow; to perplex, vex, or tire.
ASSENGLADU'RA, ſ. f. the leagues that a veſſel goes in four and [illegible] hours.
ASSE[illegible] m. wormwood.
ASSE[illegible] m. aſſent or conſent.
ASSENTA'DA, ſ. f. all at once, altogether.
ASSENTADE'RAS, ſ. f. pl. the buttocks.
ASSENTADO'R, ſ. m. a major-general, that marks the ground for a camp, or one who quarters the troops.
ASSENTAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. ſettling; alſo a contract.
ASSENTA'R, v. a. to place, to ſettle, to ſeat, to ſit; alſo to aſſure, to confirm; alſo to agree or to annote, to write down.
Aſſentárſe en cuclillas, to ſit on one's hams.
Aſſentár el reál, to encamp.
Aſſentár piedras, to lay ſtones as a maſon does.
Aſſentár en libro, to book down.
Aſſentár la máno ó el guánte, to chaſtiſe, or puniſh.
Aſſentár, in fencing, to lay down the foils.
Aſſentár a la guéra, to liſt for a ſoldier.
Aſſentár caſá, to ſettle to houſe-keeping.
Aſſentár el licor, to ſettle.
Aſſentár el pié, to live a ſettled, ſober life.
Aſſentár a mercedes como gravilán, to take ſervice under ſome great perſon without any certain vages, but only to be at the courteſy of the maſter, and be maintained on what is given.
ASSENTI'R, v. n. to eſſent, or be of the ſame opinion.
ASSENTI'STA, ſ. m one that keeps a regiſter; alſo an undertaker, a receiver of the king's revenue.
ASSE'O, ſ. m. neatneſs.
ASSERA'R, v. a. to ſettle, to grow ſober. Obſ.
ASSERRADE'RO, ſ. m. a ſaw-pit.
ASSERRADO'R, ſ. m. a ſawyer.
ASSERRADU'RAS, ſ. f. pl. ſaw-duſt.
ASSERRA'R, v. a. to ſaw.

ASSE'RTO, adj. aſſerted, affirmed.
ASSERVA'R, v. a. to keep, to preſerve.
ASSESA'R, v. n. to grow ſteady, ſober, or wiſe.
ASSESI'NO, ſ. m. vide *ASSASSINO*.
ASSESSO'R, ſ. m. aſſeſſor, lawyer commiſſioned to ſit on the bench with a judge.
ASSESSO'RIA, ſ. f. the ſetting on the bench with the judge, or the aſſeſſor's allowance.
ASSESTADE'RO, ſ. m. the place where perſons retire from the heat of the day.
ASSESTADO'R, ſ. m. one that aims, levels, props or ſupports.
ASSETADU'RA, ſ. f. aiming, leveling, propping.
ASSESTA'R, v. a. to aim, to level, to prop, to ſupport.
Aſſeſtárſe, v. a. to go right againſt; to be aimed at.
ASSEVERACIO'N, ſ. f. aſſeveration, affirmation.
ASSEVERA'R, v. a. to affirm, to alledge earneſtly.
ASSI', adv. ſo.
Aſsi me eſtoy, I am in the ſame condition, or I am indifferent.
Aſsi meſmo, adv. even ſo; alſo, more over.
Aſsi qué, adv. ſo that.
ASSIDE'RO, ſ. m. any handle to take hold of; alſo an occaſion or opportunity.
ASSI'DUO, adj. diligent, aſſiduous.
ASSIENTO, ſ. m. ſeat, chair, ſituation; alſo the ſettling of any liquor; alſo a contract, or bargain.
Aſſiénto de muéla, the gums, or that part of them where the hind gums ſtick.
Aſſiéntos de púños, the edge of the ſleeves to which the wriſtbands are ſewed.
Aſſiéntos de los pies, the ſoles of the feet.
Aſſiéntos, they call pearls that are flat on one ſide; alſo the receipts of the king's revenue, or contracts for receiving it.
Aſſiénto de edifício, the ſituation of a houſe.
Eſtár de aſſiénto, to be ſettled.
Hacér aſſiénto, to ſettle about the bottom of a veſſel, as liquors that are not fine.
ASSIGNACIO'N, ſ. f. appointment, aſſignment.
ASSIGNA'R, v. a to appoint, to aſſign.
ASSIGNATURA, ſ. f. that treatiſe on any ſcience to be r[illegible] every year by a profeſſor [illegible] univerſity.
ASSI'LLA, ſ. f. a little handle to hold by.
ASSIME'SMO, adv. alſo, likewiſe.
ASSIMILACIO'N, ſ. f. reſemblance, exact copy.
ASSIMILA'R, v. n. to grow, or to become like, or to compare to.
ASSIMILATI'VO, adj. exactly copied, bearing a near reſſemblance.
ASSIMI'SMO, adv. vide *ASSIMESMO*.
ASSI'N, adv. obſ. for *aſsi*.
ASSI'R, v. a. vide *ASI'R*.
ASSI'SIA, ſ. f. an evidence; affirmation, or depoſition of witneſſes taken in writing. Obſ.
ASSISTENCI'A, ſ. f. being in preſence, or at hand.
Aſſiſténcia, ſ. f. a help, or defence, ſafeguard, aſſiſtance.
ASSISTE'NTA, ſ. f. a ſervant who waits on the maids of honour; alſo a maid ſervant.
ASSISTE'NTE, ſ. f. aſſiſtant, helper; alſo one that is in preſence.
Aſſiſténte, a governor.
ASSISTI'R, v. n. to aſſiſt, to aid; alſo to be preſent.
Aſſiſtír á algúno, to aſſiſt, or help any one.
Aſſiſtir la razon à algúno; for reaſon and juſtice to aſſiſt any one; that is, when reaſon and juſtice is on his ſide.
ASSOCIACIO'N, ſ. f. aſſociation, a ſociety; alſo the act of giving an aſſeſſor to a judge.
ASSOCIA'RSE, v. r. to go in company, to take a partner in trade, to adopt as a friend.
ASSOLACIO'N, ſ. f. weaſting, ruining or deſtroying; alſo ſunning.
ASSOLADO'R, ſ. m. one that waſtes, deſtroys, and levels with the ground.
ASSOLADU'RA, ſ. f. waſting, deſtroying, levelling with the ground.
ASSOLAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. idem.
ASSOLANARSE, v. r. to be ſcorched with the eaſtern wind.
ASSOLA'R, v. a. to waſte, deſtroy, lay level with the ground; from *ſuélo*, to ſun, from *ſol*.
Aſſolárſe, v. r. to refine, to purify as waters do when the mud ſubſides or ſinks down.
ASSOLCA'R, v. a. to make furrows; to plough, to cut through as a ship does in the ſea.
ASSOLDAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. pay, wages, hire.
ASSOLDA'R, v. a. to keep in pay, to give wages.
ASSOLEA'R, v. a. to ſun.
Aſſoleárſe, v. r. to be hurt by the heat of the ſun, to be ſun-burnt.
ASSOLTA'R, v. a. obſ. vide *SOLTA'R*.
ASSOLVA'DO, adj. as, *rio aſſolvado*, a river that is choaked up with ſand or mud.
ASSOMADA, ſ. f. a ſhort appearance.
ASSOMA'DO, adj. looking out, appearing at a window; alſo drunkiſh.
ASSOMA'R, v. a. to begin to ſhow itſelf, to peep.
Aſſomárſe, v. r. to look out at window, or the like.
ASSOMBRADI'ZO, adj. that is eaſily frighted.
Caballo aſſombradízo, a ſtarting horſe.
ASSOMBRADO'R, ſ. m. one that frights others.
ASSOMBRAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. fear or terror.
ASSOMBRA'R, v. a. to fright, or ſcare; alſo to ſhadow; alſo to aſtoniſh, to move admiration.
ASSO'MBRO, ſ. m. fright, terror; alſo a prodigy.
ASSOMA'DA, ſ. f. } the looking
ASSO'MO, ſ. m. } out, or ap-

pearing of a man or other thing, as at a window, or ſuch like place. Peeping out; as, *aſſóma el dia*, the day peeps.

Prov. *Mas vale una traſpueſta que dos aſſomádos*, once ſcampering is worth twice looking out, or peeping; that is, one pair of heels is worth two pair of hands.

Aſſomáda de guérra, an appearance of war, and a warlike exploit.

Ni por aſſómo penſé en tal coſa, it never came into my mind, I never thought of it.

ASSONA'DA, ſ. f. a ſound, a noiſe, a rumour, a report, a commotion.

Aſſonáda de guérra, a rumour of war, warlike preparations.

ASSONADO'R, ſ. m. one that ſets tunes; alſo one that raiſes men. Obſ.

ASSONAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. vide *ASSONADA*.

ASSONA'NCIA, ſ. f. the ſound or melody of an inſtrument or the voice; alſo the conſonance of Spaniſh verſes.

ASSONANTADO, adj. ſpeaking of verſes thoſe are *aſſonantados* that do not anſwer with an exact rhyme, but only with an aſſonance.

ASSONA'NTE, ſ. m. an aſſonant, a word that rhymes almoſt with another, as *cielo* to *bueno*.

ASSONA'R, v. a. to tune, to ſound, to raiſe, to cauſe commotions.

Aſſonár, v. a. to enliſt ſoldiers.

ASSOPLA'R, v. a. vide *SOPLA'R*.

ASSORDADU'RA, ſ. f. / *ASSORDAMIE'NTO*, ſ. m. } making deaf.

ASSORDA'R, v. a. to deafen, or make deaf.

ASSOSSEGADAMETE, adv. quietly.

ASSOSSEGADAME'NTO, ſ. m. peace, pacification.

ASSOSSEGA'R, v. a. to pacify, to quiet, to appeaſe.

ASSOTANA'DO, adj. belonging to the lower part of an houſe.

ASSUE'TO, ſ. m. a vacation-day.

Aſſuéto, adj. accuſtomed.

ASSULCA'R, v. a. to make furrows, to plough up.

ASSUMCIO'N, ſ. f. vide *ASSUNCIO'N*.

ASSUMI'R, v. a. to aſſume.

ASSU'MPTO, ſ. m. vide *ASSU'NTO*.

ASSUNCIO'N, ſ. f. aſſumption, taking up; the feaſt of the Aſſumption of the bleſſed Virgin.

ASSUNTO, p. p. of *aſſumir*, taken up, or added.

Aſſunto, ſ. m. what is added, and the ſubject of a diſcourſe.

ASSURA'R, v. a. to burn as victuals do in the pot.

ASSURCA'R, v. a. to furrow.

ASSUSTAR, v. a. to frighten, to cauſe a fright or a fear.

AST

ASTA, ſ. f. the ſtaff of a lance, ſpear, or pike; any long ſtaff.

ASTA'R, v. a. in cant, to inlarge.

ASTAS, ſ. f. a ſtag's horn.

ASTERI'SCO, ſ. m. an aſteriſk.

ASTI'L, ſ. m. ſtaff of a javelin, the handle of a ſpade, pick-ax, or any ſuch utenſil; the ſtalk of any herb.

Aſtil de colúna, the body or ſhaft of a pillar or column.

ASTILLA, ſ. f. a ſlip, a ſplinter.

Aſtilla, in cant, a ſmall cheat, a petty larceny.

Aſtilla muérta, ſea-term, as much of the ship's ſides as is above water.

ASTILLA'DO, adj. made chips or ſplinters.

ASTILLADU'RA, ſ. f. making of chips; alſo, the chips themſelves.

ASTILLA'R, v. a. to make chips; alſo to ſplinter a broken bone, and to ſet upon a ſtaff.

Aſtillázos de tabéncos, in cant, money ſpent or loſt at the tavern.

ASTILLE'JO, ſ. m. the conſtellation called Orion.

ASTILLE'RA, ſ. f. the place where they laid up their ſpears or lances.

ASTILLE'RO, ſ. m. a dock to build ſhips in; a rack to place arms on, or any rack over a chimney.

ASTINENCI'A, ſ. f. abſtinence.

ASTINE'NTE, adj. abſtinent, temperate.

ASTRAGA'L, ſ. m. the aſtragal, being a rounding, joining immediately to the ſquare or dye of a pillar, or column; alſo the ankle-bone of the foot.

ASTRA'GALO, ſ. m. aſtragal.

ASTRA'L, adj. belonging to the ſtars.

ASTREÑIR, v. a. to compel, to force.

ASTRI'CTO, p. p. of *aſtreñir*.

ASTRI'FERO, adj. carrying or ſupporting a ſtar or many ſtars.

ASTRINGE'NTE, adj. binding.

ASTRINGI'R, v. a. to bind together.

ASTRO, ſ. m. any of the luminous bodies in heaven, ſuch as ſun, moon, ſtar, planet.

ASTROLA'BIO, ſ. m. an aſtrolabe, a mathematical inſtrument to obſerve the motion of the ſtars.

ASTROLOGA'L, adj. aſtrological.

ASTROLOGI'A, ſ. f. aſtrology.

ASTROLO'GICO, adj. aſtrological.

ASTROLOGO, ſ. m. an aſtrologer.

ASTRONOMI'A, ſ. f. aſtronomy.

ASTRONO'MICO, adj. aſtronomical.

ASTRO'NOMO, ſ. m. an aſtronomer.

ASTROSAME'NTE, adv. loathſomely, ſhabbily, poorly; alſo unfortunately.

ASTROSO, adj. loathſome, poor, ſhabby, ragged, dirty; alſo unlucky, or born under an ill planet.

ASTUCIA, ſ. f. ſubtilty, craft, cunning.

ASTURIO'N, ſ. m. a little horſe, a ſmall nag, or pad.

ASTUTAME'NTE, adv. craftily, ſubtilly, cunningly.

ASTUTO, adj. ſubtle. cunning, crafty.

A S U

ASU'SO, adv. above.

A S Y

ASYLO, ſ. m. a ſanctuary, or place of refuge.
ASYMETRI'A, ſ. f. aſymetry, contrariety to ſymetry, diſproportion.
ASYMPTO'TOS, ſ. f. pl. right lines, which approach nearer and nearer to ſome curve, but never meet it.
ASY'NDETON, ſ. f. a figure in grammar, when a conjunction copulative is ommitted.

A T A

ATA, ſ. f. a tree ſo called.
Ata, prep. until. Obſ.
ATABACA'DO, adj. ſnuff coloured.
ATABAL, ſ. m. a kettle-drum.
ATABALE'JO, ſ. m. a ſmall kettledrum.
ATABALE'RO, ſ. m. a kettle drummer.
ATABALI'LLO, ſ. m. a little kettledrum.
ATABARDILLA'DO, adj. belonging to the ſpotted fever.
ATABE, ſ. m. a breathing hole, a vent.
ATABLAR, v. a. to ſmooth the earth with boards.
ATA'CA, ſ. f. a ladle. Obſ.
ATACA'DO, adj. in cant, ſtabbed.
ATACADO'R, ſ. m. a lace, ſuch as women uſe to their ſtays. In martial affairs, a rammer of a gun. In cant, a dagger.
ATACADU'RA, ſ. f. lacing.
ATACAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. vide *ATACADU'RA*.
ATACA'R, v. a to lace on ſtays, boddice, or the like; alſo in martial affairs to attack; alſo to teaze, to aſk with importunity; in cant, to ſtab.
Atacár calças, to lace or tie up one's breeches.
Atacár un arcabúz, to ram down the charge in a muſket.
Calças altacadas, anciently, breeches and ſtockings in one pieces that they uſed to lace to the waiſtcoat.
Hombre de calças atacadas, a man very ceremonious.
Atacárſe, v. r. to catch at; to tie one's ſelf to; to be puzzled; to puzzle; to be bewildered.
ATADE'RAS, ſ. f. pl. garters.
ATADE'RO, ſ. m. a rope or cord.
ATADI'JO, ſ. m. a little bundle.
ATADI'LLO, ſ. m. a ſmall bundle or parcel tied up.
Atadillo de almiſcle, a muſk cod.
ATADO'R, ſ. m. one that binds, or ties; or the ſtring or cord that ties.
ATADU'RA, ſ. f. tying; alſo a band, or ſtring.
ATAFAGA'R, v. a. to put one in a paſſion, to make angry.
Atafagárſe, v. r. to be in a paſſion, to be angry.
ATAFE'A, ſ. f. a ſurfeit.
ATAFA'RRA, ſ. f. vide *ATAHARRE*.
ATAHARRADU'RA, ſ. f. cruppering; and thence truſſing, or binding up.
ATAHARRA'R, v. a. to crupper a beaſt; thence to truſs up, to bind up.
ATAHA'RRE, ſ. m. a crupper, but generally for a beaſt of burthen.
ATAHO'NA, ſ. f. an aſs or a horſe-mill.
ATAHONA'R, v. a. to grind in a mill.
ATAHONE'RO, ſ. m. a miller.
ATAHO'RMA, } ſ. f. the great
ATAHO'RNA, } eagle called an oſprey.
ATAJADI'ZO, ſ. m. a ſmall cloſet contrived out of a room.
ATAJADO'R, ſ. m. he that cuts through any place or path in order to ſhorten his way.
Atajadór, ſ. m. the officer that goes every where exploring where the enemy is when the armies are within reach.
Atajadór, ſ. m. one that cuts off, ſtops, or prevents, that runs down, or puts others out of countenance.
Atájamiento de ſangre, ſtopping of blood.
ATAJA'R, v. a. to cut off, to ſtop away, to prevent, to take the ſhort cut, to be brief, to put out of countenance.
Atajár ganádo, to drive away cattle, to ſteal it.
Atajár camino, to ſtop a way, to take the ſhorteſt way.
Atajár el enemigo, to cut off an ennemy's retreat, or proviſions.
Atajár pléyto, to withdraw one's plea.
Atajár razónes, to make few words.
Atajárſe un hombre, to be out of countenance, to be run down, to have nothing to ſay for himſelf.
ATAJASOLA'ZES, ſ. m. a diſturber of mirth, a meſſenger of ill news.
ATAIFO'R, ſ. m. a deep diſh for ſoop, or pottage; alſo a round table.
ATA'JO, ſ. m. a ſhort cut in the road; alſo a ſtop in the way, or a wear in a river, or a ſtile in a hedge.
Atájo de gánado, a number of cattle.
Prov. *No áy atájo ſin trabájo*, there is no ſhort cut without ſome trouble; that is no convenience without an inconvenience.
ATAJUE'LO, ſ. m. diminut. of *atájo*.
ATA'L, adv. ſo that.
ATALADRA'R, v. a. to bore, to pierce with a wimble.
ATALA'R, v. a. vide *TALA'R*.
ATALAYA, ſ. f. a watch-tower, or a centinel, or perſon that ſtands to diſcover, or watch. In cant, a thief.
ATALAYADO'R, ſ. m. centinel, watch, ſpy in war.
ATALAYAMI'ENTO, ſ. m. watching, or looking out to diſcover.
ATALAYA'R, v. a. to ſtand centinel, or be upon the watch upon a high place or aboard a ship.

Atalayár, to observe studiously the actions of one's self, or another.

ATALEA'R, v. a. vide *ATALAYA'R*.

ATALO'N, s. m. vide *TALO'N*.

ATALVI'NA, s. f. a sort of hasty pudding made of almonds, milk, and flower.

ATAMBO'R, s. m. a drum, or the drummer.

ATAMBORCI'LLO, s. m. a little drum.

ATAMBOREA'R, v. a. to beat a drum.

ATAMIE'NTO, s. m. slothfulness, or a remissness, of mind or spirits; cowardice.

Atamiénto, a tying, or binding; unhandiness.

ATA'N, a comparative particle, obs. the same as *tan*, so much.

ATANA'SIA, s. f. the herb tansy.

ATANCA'R, v. a. to press or squeeze.

Atancár, to be fast, that one cannot get out, to stick.

ATAñEDE'RO, adj. pertaining, or belonging to.

ATAñE'R, v. imp. to belong, to appertain.

Atañer, v. a. to detain, to keep back.

Atáñeme acá essa búrra, stop that ass for me.

ATA'NES, adv. until.

ATANO'R, s. m. a conduit, or pipe to convey water, a water-cock.

ATANQUI'A, s. f. a plaister used to pull off hair, sometimes a pair of nippers to pull out hairs.

Atanquia, a gross sort of silk.

ATANTO, adv. so far as.

Atánto, adj. so great. Vide *TANTO*.

ATAPADO'R, s. m. a stopper, or cover.

ATAPADU'RA, s. f. stopping, or covering.

ATAPA'R, v. a. to stop, to cover; metaph. to conceal.

ATAPIA'R, v. a. vide *TAPIA'R*.

ATAPIERNA, s. f. a garter.

ATA'QUE, s. m. attack, assault.

ATAQUI'ZA, s. f. a planting of new vines.

ATAQUIZADO'R, s. m. the man who plants the new vines.

ATAQUIZA'R, v. a. to plant new vines, where the old ones are either withered or dead.

ATA'R, v. a. to tie, to bind; also to hinder.

Locó de atár, a madman, an enraged furious person.

Atárse, v. r. to be beside one's self.

Ni áta ni desáta, he neither ties, nor unties; that is, he says nothing to the purpose, or that thing is not tot the purpose. As some say, it is neither here nor there.

Prov. *Quien bien áta, bien desáta*, he that ties well, unties wel; equivalent to fast bind, fast find.

ATARACE'A, s. f. a well prepared mixture of two colours. Vide *TARACE'A*.

ATARACEA'R, v. a. to adorn with many colours.

ATARANTADO, adj. stung by the *tarantula*, applied to any one that moves frequently his head and body.

ATARASCA'R, v. a. to wound in the face with a sword.

ATARAZA'NA, s. f. dock, arsenal, place to build ships; also a storehouse, a magazine.

Atarazána, a wine cellar; and (in cant) the place where thieves conceal the things they have stolen.

ATARAZANA'L, s. m. vide *ATARAZANA*.

ATARAZA'R, v. a. to pull in pieces, to tear.

ATA'RSE, s. f. the tamarisk-tree.

ATARE'A, s. f. a task of work to be done.

ATAREA'R, v. a. to set a task.

Atareárse, v. r. to set one's self a task.

ATARRAGA'R, v. a. to fit shoes on the horse.

ATARRA'YA, s. f. a fishing or fowling net.

ATTARRE'A, s. f. } vide *ATAHA'RRE*.
ATTARRIO'N, s. m. }

ATARUGAMIE'NTO, s. m. a wedge; a large skewer.

ATARUGA'R, v. a. to wedge any thing.

ATARXE'A, s. f. a case of bricks made to screen the water-pipes from being spoilt.

ATASAJA'DO, adj. broke or cut in pieces.

ATASCADE'RO, s. m. a marshy place; an obstruction in doing any thing.

Atascadéro, a place where carriages or cattle stick in the mire.

ATASCA'R, v. a. to calk a vessel; that is, to stop up all the crannies with oakum.

Atáscárse, v. r. to stick in the mire, to be fast that one cannot get out, to run one's self into straights or difficulties.

ATAVA'L, s. m. vide *ATABAL*.

ATAVALE'RO, s. m. vide *ATABALE'RO*.

ATAU'D, s. m. a coffin.

ATAVIADAME'NTE, adv. finely.

ATAVIA'R, v. a. to dress, to adorn, to set off.

ATAVILLA'R, v. a. to fold together.

ATAVI'O, s. m. apparel, ornament, dress.

ATAURI'QUE, s. m. in building, a Moorish ornament over a door.

ATAUXI'A, s. f. damasking on metal; inlaying one metal with another; also the fine gilding we see on swordblades, or the like.

ATAXI'A, s. f. vide *ATARXE'A*.

ATAYFO'R, s. m. vide *ATAIFO'R*.

ATAYMADO, s. m. vide *TAYMADO*.

A T E

ATE, adv. vide *ANTE*. Obs.

ATEDIA'RSE, v. r. to be weary, to be tired.

ATEME'R, v. a. vide *TEME'R*.

ATEMORIZA'R, v. a. to put into a fear, to make one afraid, to scare, to daunt.

ATEMPERA'R, *ATEMPLAR*, v. a. to moderate, to appease.

ATENACEA'R, v. a. to nip, or pull piece-meal with pincers.

ATENAZA'DAS, adv. by nips of pincers.

ATENAZA'R, v. a. to nip or pull in pieces with pincers; from *tenázas*, pincers.

ATENCIO'N, f. f. attention, application; alſo reſpect, politeneſs.

ATENDA'R, v. n. to pitch tents, to encamp.

ATENDE'R, v. a. to attend, to give ear; alſo to wait on.

ATENEDO'R, f. m. a party-man.

ATENE'R, v. a. obſ. to keep peace with others.

Atenérſe, v. r. to ſtick to a thing, to ſtand to it.

ATENTADAME'NTE, adv. carefully, attentively, deliberately; alſo politely.

ATENTA'DO, adj. that proceeds with caution.

Atentado, f. m, a ſentence or decree of a judge contrary to law.

ATENTAME'NTE, adv. attentively, carefully, reſpectfully, politely.

ATENTA'R, v. a. to attempt, but more properly to feel, or grope, as in the dark.

Atentárſe, v. r. to do things with deliberation, to be ſolid, or ſtayed.

ATE'NTO, adj. heedful, attentive, careful; alſo polite, courteous.

Aténto, adv. about that, for which cauſe.

ATENUACIO'N, f. f. a waſting or conſuming away; alſo tenuity; growing thin.

ATENUA'R, v. r. to attenuate, to ſpend, to waſte, to conſume.

Atenuárſe, v. r. to be waſted, to be wore away.

ATERCIANA'DO, adj. belonging to the *terciana*, or tertian day ague.

ATERECE'RSE, to ſtarve or grow ſtiff with cold.

ATERECI'DO, adv. ſtarved, or grown ſtiff vith. cold.

ATERECIMIE'NTO, ſtarving or growing ſtiff with cold.

ATERICIA'RSE, v. r. to be ill of the jaundice.

ATERI'DO, adj. ſtarved, or ſtiff with cold; alſo ſlothful, lazy.

ATERI'RSE, vide *ATERECE'RSE*.

ATERITA'DO, adj. ſtupid.

ATERITA'RSE, v. r. to be ſtupid.

ATERRAMIE'NTO, f. m. a deſtruction, a levelling to the ground.

ATERRA'R, v. a. to throw down, to pull down, to terrify, to fright; to humble.

Aterrárſe, v. r. to come near the land, (a ſea-term.)

ATERRE'RO, adv. *tirár á terréro*, to ſhoot at a ſettled mark, to a ſure mark, to ſhoot point blank.

ATERRONA'DO, adj. cloddy, full of clods.

ATERRORIZA'R, v. a. to ſtrike terror or fear in any one, to amaze, to ſurprize.

ATESA'R, v. a. to make hard.

ATESORA'R, v. a. vide *ATHESORA'R*.

ATESTACIO'N, f. f. atteſting, witneſſing.

ATESTA'DO, adj. crammed, ſtuffed full.

Villáno ateſtádo de ájos, a clown ſtuffed with garlick; that is, a ſurly, unmannerly down.

ATESTADO'R, f. m. one that witneſſes, or one that ſtuffs or crams.

ATESTAMIE'NTO, f. m. the act of ſtuffing or ramming any thing down.

ATESTA'R, v. a. to ſtuff, to cram full, to ram down; alſo to teſtify, or bear witneſs.

ATESTIGUACI'ON, f. f. a depoſition or charge.

ATESTIGUADO'R, f. m. one that teſtifies, affirms, or witneſſes.

ATESTIGUAMIE'NTO, f. m. teſtifying, witneſſing.

ATESTIGUA'R, v. a. to teſtify, to witneſs.

ATETA'R, v. a. to give ſuck.

ATEZAMIE'NTO, f. m. the action of blacking the face, or daubing it.

ATEZA'R, v. a. to black or daub the face, or beſmear it with ſoot, charcoal, *&c.*

Atezárſe, v. r. to acquire blackneſs, by reaſon of the heat of the climate.

A T H

ATHANA'SIA, f. f. the herb tanſy.

ATHEI'SMO, f. m. atheiſm.

ATHEI'STA, f. m. or *ATHE'O*, an atheiſt.

ATHE'O, f. m. an atheiſt.

ATHER'A, f. f. a kind of pudding made very thin.

ATHESORAR, v. a. to treaſure up.

ATHLE'TA, f. m. wreſtler, champion.

ATHLETICAME'NTE, adv. in an athletick manner, with great ſtrength, with moſt manly vigour.

ATHLE'TICO, adj. athletick, belonging to wreſtling.

A T I

ATIBIA'R, v. n. vide *ENTIBIA'R*.

ATIBORRA'R, to fill any thing with lees or droſs.

ATICO, adj. belonging to the Attick order in architecture.

ATICU'RGA, adj. the appellative of the baſe of an Attick pillar.

ATIEMPO, adv. in time, in ſeaſon.

ATIE'NTAS, adv. careleſly, without deliberation, without thought, groping in the dark.

ATIE'NTO, adv. the ſame as *atientas*.

ATIESSA'R, v. a. to ſtiffen.

ATIE'STO, f. m. the act of filling up wine-veſſels with wine after it has ſomewhat diminished by ſettling or evaporation.

ATILDADU'RA, f. f. elegance, finery in dreſs; alſo the filing, polishing, or refining of any thing.

ATILDA'R, v. a. to put any writing in perfect order, according to the ſtricteſt rules of orthography.

Atildárse, v. r. to be elegant, or fine in dress.

ATINADAME'NTE, adv. judiciously, discreetly.

ATINA'DO, adj. guessed, or hit upon by guess; also, judicious, discreet.

Atinádo, s. m. a prudent, deliberate, cautious, wise man.

ATINA'R, v. a. to guess right, to find, to hit upon things by guess.

ATI'NCAR, s. m. borace, a sort of gum used in soldering of gold.

ATI'NO, s. m. goods guess, judgment, discretion, foresight.

ATIPLA'DA, adj f. treble, that reaches high in music.

ATIPLA'R, v. a. to sharpen the sound.

Atipldrse, v. r. to pass suddenly from a grave to an acute note or sound in singing or playing.

A tira mas tira, adv. pell-mell, confusedly, tumultuously.

ATIRICIA'R, v. a. to grow yellow countenanced, to fall into the jaundice.

ATISBADO'R, s. m. the person who discovers, perceives.

ATISBADU'RA, s. f. a discovering, perception, knowledge.

ATISBA'R, v. a. to perceive, to discover, to understand, to comprehend.

ATIZADO'R, s. m. one that stirs up or kindles fire; also one that provokes, or sets people to quarrel; also a poker.

A izár una pendencia, to heighten a quarrel.

ATIZONA'R, v. a. to repair old walls with brick or stone.

A T L

ATLANTES, s. m. pl. timbers, or stones in a building which sustain the beams and joists.

ATLANTIDES, s. f. pl. the stars called Pleiades, or seven stars.

ATLE'TA, s. m. vide *ATHLE'TA*.

A T M

ATMOSPHE'RA, s. f. the atmosphere.

ATMOSPHE'RICO, adj. atmospherick, belonging to the atmosphere.

A T O

ATO, s. m. vide *HA'TO*.

ATOA'R, v. a to tow a great ship with a small vessel.

ATOBA'R, v. a. to fasten any one's mind; that is, to astonish, or surprize.

Atobarse, v. r. to remain astonished and confused.

ATOCATE'JA, adv. directly, immediately.

ATO'CHA, s. f. the outside of the plant called *espárto*, after the *espárto* is taken out, when it remains bruised and beaten so soft, that it serves to put into beds instead of straw.

ATOCHA'DO, adj. foolish, softpated, dull, stupid.

ATOCHA'L, ó *ATOCHA'R*, s. m. a broom-field, or close.

ATOCHAMIE'NTO, s. m. growing dull, or foolish.

ATOCHA'R, v. a. to stuff with broom.

ATOCINA'R, v. a. to make bacon.

Atocinár, v. a. metaph. to kill.

Atocinárse, v. r. to be in a passion.

ATO'LE, s. m. a drink so called.

ATOLLADA'L, s. m. a bog, a quagmire, a slough, or dirty place, where cattle or carts stick.

ATOLLADE'RO, s. m. a bog.

Atolladéro, s. m. an obstacle.

ATOLLADU'RA, s. f. sticking in the mire.

ATOLLA'R, v. n. to stick in the mire or otherwise, so that one cannot stir without help.

Atollárse, v. r. to labour under difficulties, to meet with obstructions, to be hindered.

ATOLONDRA'R, v. a. to knock any one on the head with any thing.

Atolondrárse, v. r. to be stupified, to be put beside one's self.

ATOLONDRONA'R, v. a. to stupify, to put a man beside himself.

ATOMO, s. m. an atom.

ATONA'DO, adj. obs. astonished, amazed, beside himself.

ATONA'RSE, v. r. obs. to be astonished, or amazed, or beside himself.

ATONI'TO, adj. astonished, amazed.

ATONTADAME'NTE, adv. rashly, inconsiderately, foolishly.

ATONTA'DO, adj. foolish, or silly.

ATONTAMIE'NTO, s. m. foolishness, rashness.

ATONTA'R, v. n. to grow foolish.

ATONTAS, adv. foolishly.

A TOPA TOLO'NDRO, adv. inconsiderately, foolishly.

ATORADAME'NTE, adv. entirely.

ATORA'R, v. a. to press, squeeze, or ram one thing into another.

ATORDI'R, v. a. obs. vide *ATURDI'R*.

ATORGA'R, v. a. to grant, to permit.

ATORMECE'R, v. n. vide *ADORMECE'R*.

ATORMECIMIE'NTO, s. m. vide *ADORMECIMIENTO*.

ATORDI'R, v. a. obs. vide *ATURDI'R*.

ATORMENTADO'R, s. m. tormentor, executioner; also a vero troublesome or offensive person.

ATORMENTAMIE'NTO, s. m. a tormenting, a vexing, troubling, perplexing.

ATORMENTA'R, v. a. to torment, to rack, to put to great pain; to vex, to fret.

ATORNA'R, v. a. to enclose, to compass about.

ATOROLLA'R, v. a. vide *ATURULLA'R*.

ATOROZONA'R, v. a. to give the gripes, or twisting of the guts.

ATORTOLA'R, v. a. to strike terror or fear, to make as timorous as a dove.

ATORTUJA'R, v. a. to squat, or squeeze a thing flat as a tortoise.

ATORZONA'RSE, v. r. to be troubled or vexed with the gripes, as horses.

ATOSSIGADO'R, f. m. one who gives poifon; alfo one that teazes with importunity.
ATOSSIGAMIE'NTO, f. m. the act of giving poifon.
ATOSSIGA'R, v. a. to intoxicate, to poifon; alfo to vex with importunity.

A T R

ATRABANCA'R, v. a. to hurry a work on; to make more hafte than good fpeed.
ATRABILA'RIO, adj. atrabilarian, melancholy.
ATRABI'LIS, f. f. black choler, melancholy.
ATRACA'R, v. a. to throw the grappling irons aboard a ship.
Atracárfe, v. r. to join ships together by grappling irons.
ATRACCIO'N, f. f. attraction.
ATRACTIVO, adj. attractive, or drawing to.
ATRACTY'L, f. m. wild baftard faffron.
ATRAE'R, v. a. to attract, to draw, to allure.
ATRAFAGA'R, v. a. vide *ATAFAGA'R*.
Atrafagárfe, v. r. to harrafs one's felf with too much bufinefs.
ATRAGANTA'RSE, v. r. to be choaked by the victuals in the throat.
ATRA'GOS, adv. by gulps.
ATRAHE'R, v. a. to attract, to draw fomething.
Atrahér, v. a. to attract, to allure, to invite, to intice.
ATRAIDORA'DO, adj. traitorlike, treacherous.
Atraidorádo, adj. treacherous, traitorous, treafonous, treafonable, having the nature or guilt of treafon.
ATRAIDORAME'NTE, adv. treacheroufly, deceitfully.
Atraidoraménte, adv. treacheroufly, treafonably.
ATRAILLA'R, v. a. to draw, drag, or lead a ship or leash.
ATRAIMIE'NTO, f. m. attracting, drawing, or alluring.
ATRAMPARAI'Z, adv. quite pulled, or torn up by the roots.
ATRAMU'ZES, f. m. plur. vide. *ALTRAMU'ZES*.
ATRANCAR, v. a. to bar, to make faft with a bar; alfo to take large fteps, to ftep over a ditch, or the like.
ATRAPA'R, v. a. to overtake.
ATRAS, adv. behind.
De tiempos atrás, of former times.
Atrás máno, behind-hand.
ATRASADO, adj. behind-hand with the world, indebted; alfo behind, or short in the way.
ATRASAMIE'NTO, f. m. vide *ATRASO*.
ATRASA'R, v. a. to put behind, to keep back.
Atrafárfe, v. r. to ftay behind, to run in debt.
ATRASMA'NO, adv. afide, out of the way, out of the reach.
ATRASO, f. m. the lofs of wealth, or of any other thing.
ATRAVANCA'R, v. a. obf. vide *ATRAVESSA'R*.
ATRAVESAñO, f. m. a beam or a piece of timber that ftands or is placed acrofs.
ATRAVESA'R, or *ATRAVESSAR*, v. a. to crofs; to lay acrofs.
Atraveffár á uno con la efpáda, to run a man through.
Atraveffár el corazon, to grieve to the heart, to move to compaffion.
Atraveffár la calle, to crofs the ftreet.
Atraveffár en la juégo, to bar, to caft.
Atravefárfe, v. r. to interpofe; to interrupt; to break off; to be contrary; to mediate.
ATRAVESI'A, f. f. vide *TRAVESIA*.
ATRAZADERA, f. f. a bawd.
ATRAZA'R, v. a. to act cunningly, craftily, or vilely.
ATRE'CHOS, adv. by intervals, from fpace to fpace.
ATREGUA'DO, adj. that is mad by fits, that has lucid intervals.
ATREGUAMIE'NTO, f. m. the act of making a truce. Obf.
ATREGUA'R, v. a. to grant a truce.
ATREVE'NCIA, f. f. obf. vide *ATREVIMIE'NTO*.
ATREVE'RSE, v. r. to dare, to be bold; to be faucy.
ATREVIDA'D, f. f. vide *ATREVIMIE'NTO*.
ATREVIDAME'NTE, adv. boldly, daringly; faucily.
ATREVIDI'LLO, f. m. a little bold hot-headed fellow.
ATREVIDO, adj. bold, daring; inconfiderate, faucy.
ATREVIMIE'NTO, f. m. boldnefs, impudence.
ATRIA'CA, f. f. treacle.
ATRIA'NGULA, f. f. a plummet hanging to a triangular board, ufed by workmen to try their work.
ATRIAQUE'RO, f. m. one that fells treacle; a quack, a mountebank.
ATRIBUCI'ON, f. f. attribution, affignation.
ATRIBUI'R, v. a. to attribute, to lay to one.
Atribuírfe, v. r. to arrogate to one's felf.
ATRIBULACIO'N, f. f. tribulation, trouble.
ATRIBULADAME'NTE, adv. in a forrowful manner.
ATRIBULA'R, v. a. to trouble, to grieve.
Atribulárfe, v. r. to grieve, to mourn.
ATRIBUTA'R, v. a. to impofe a tribute.
ATRIBU'TO, f. m. an attribute.
ATRICIO'N, f. f. attrition.
ATRI'L, f. m. ftand, a desk to fet a book on.
ATRILE'JO, f. m. a little ftand, or desk for a book.
ATRILE'RA, f. f. the cover of a ftand or desk.
ATRINCADU'RA, f. f. vide *TRINCADU'RA*.
ATRINCA'R, v. a. vide *TRINCA'R*.
Atrincárfe, v. r. to break itfelf into bits.
ATRINCHERAMIE'NTO, f. m. the act of making trenches.
ATRINCHERA'R, v. r. to intrench.
A'TRIO, f. m. a court-yard.
ATRITO, adj. belonging to attrition.
ATRO, adj. black.

ATROCHA'DO, adj. giddy-headed, rattle-brained; alſo, ſtopped, or croſſed.

ATROCHA'R, v. a. to ſtop a paſſage; alſo to ſtrike out the way or road.

ATRO'CHE Y MO'CHE, vulgar adverb: at random, raſhly, hand over head.

ATROCIDA'D, ſ. f. cruelty, inhumanity, fierceneſs.

A TROMPA TAÑIDA, adv. at the ſound of a trumpet.

A trompa y taléga, adv. without reflexion, order, or diſpoſition agreed before hand.

ATROMPETADO, adj. ſhaped or made like a trumpet.

ATROMPO'N, adv. without any rule or order.

ATRONA'DOR, ſ. m. thunderer, the perſon who thunders or makes a noiſe; alſo a fool, or ſilly fellow.

ATRONAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. ſtunning with noiſe; alſo raſhneſs, or folly.

ATRONA'R, v. n. to thunder; to make a great noiſe; to become a fool.

Atronárſe, v. r. to be ſtunned with noiſe; to be thunder-ſtruck, to be killed by the noiſe of thunder, as it happens to ſilk-worms.

ATRONEA'R, v. a. to make loopholes to ſhoot out at.

ATROPA'R, v. a. to gather into a troop, or body, to cloſe up.

Atropárſe, v. r. to be gathered into a troop, to be cloſed up.

ATROPELLADAME'NTE, adv. confuſedly, diſorderly.

ATROPELLADO'R, ſ. m. the perſon who treads under foot.

ATROPELLAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. the act of treading under foot.

ATROPELLA'R, v. a. to tread under foot, to bear down, to run over.

Atropellarſe, v. r. to be trod under foot, to be run over.

ATROPHIA, ſ. f. a kind of conſumption.

ATROPHICO, adj. that is in a conſumption.

ATRO'Z, adj. atrocious, heinous, cruel, or fierce.

ATROZA'R, v. a. to bind, or tie the yarm-arm to the maſt.

ATROZME'NTE, adv. heinouſly, cruelly, fiercely.

ATRUE'NDO, ſ. m. pride, boaſting, oſtentation.

ATRUE'QUE, adv. vide *TRUEQUE*.

A T U

ATUE'NDO, ſ. m. vide *ATRUENDO*.

ATRUERTO, adv. wrongfully, unjuſtly.

ATUFADAME'NTE, adv. peeviſhly, paſſionately.

ATUFA'R, v. a. to put into a fret, or paſſion, in a fume.

Atufárſe, v. r. to take pet.

ATUJA'DO, adj. obſ. fit, handſome, decent.

ATU'MBO, ſ. m. vide *TU'MBO*.

ATU'N, ſ. m. a fiſh called a tunny.

ATUNA'RA, ſ. f. the place where tunnyfiſh are caught.

ATUNE'RA, ſ. f. the hook to catch tunny-fiſh with.

ATUNE'RO, ſ. m. one that catches, or ſells tunny-fiſh; a ſcoundrel, a blackguard.

ATURADO'R, ſ. m. the perſon that ſuffers labour.

ATURA'R, v. a. to ſuffer with conſtancy, to bear up againſt afflictions.

ATURDIDAME'NTE, adv. fooliſhly, madly.

ATURDIMIE'NTO, ſ. m. aſtoniſhment, ſurprize.

ATURDI'R, v. a. to ſtun, aſtoniſh.

Aturdirſe, v. r. to be aſtoniſhed.

ATURRULLA'R, v. a. to confound with fear or ſurprize.

ATUSADO'R, ſ. m. a perſon who ſhears, or clips.

ATUSA'R, v. a. to ſhear, to clip cloſe; alſo to browſe as cattle do.

ATUTHI'A, ſ. f. tutty. It is the ſoot of braſs, which ſticks to the furnace, in the fuſion of metal.

ATUTIPLE'N, adv. abundantly; vulgar expreſſion.

A U C

A'UCA, ſ. f. a gooſe.

AUCTO'R, ſ. m. the perſon who ſells any thing.

A U D

AUDA'CIA, ſ. f. magnanimity, courage, ſpirit; alſo impudence.

AUDA'Z, adj. bold, audacious; alſo impudent.

AUDIE'NCIA, ſ. f. audience. liberty of ſpeaking granted; alſo the court of judicature, or the place where it is kept

AUDIENCIE'RO, ſ. m. an officer belonging to a court of juſtice.

AUDI'TO, ſ. m. hearing.

AUDITO'R, ſ. m. a king's officer, or judge civil and criminal.

AUDITORA'TO, ſ. m. the dignity of ſuch a judge.

AUDITO'RIA, ſ. f. the auditor's office, the place where he ſits in order to examine and judge.

AUDITO'RIO, ſ. f. auditory, audience.

A U G

A'UGE, ſ. m. that point wherein the ſun or any other planet is fartheſt from the center of the earth.

Fuláno eſtá en ſu auge, ſuch a one is at the higheſt pitch, or ſummit of glory.

AUGU'RES, ſ. m. pl. the augurs among the Romans.

AUGU'STO, adj. auguſt, venerable.

A U L

A'ULA, ſ. f. a hall; a court; a palace; a public ſchool at the univerſities.

AULA'GA, ſ. f. a ſort of prickly broom.

AULAGA'R, ſ. m. a place where brooms grows.

A'ULICO, adj. belonging to the court.

AULLADO'R, ſ. m. one that howls.

AULLA'R, v. a. to howl as dogs or wolves do.
AULLI'DO, f. m. a howl like that of a dog, or wolf.
AU'LLO, f. m. vide *AULLIDO*.

A U M

AUMENTACIO'N, f. f. augmentation, increafe.
AUMENTADO'R, f. m. one that increafes, augments, adds to.
AUMENTA'R, v. a. to increafe, augment, add to.
AUMENTATI'VO, adj. augmentative, increafing, adding.
AUME'NTO, f. m. increafe, addition, augmentation.

A U N

AU'N, adv. yet, *adhuc*.
Aún, adv. alfo, *etiam*.
AU'NA, adv. at once, together.
AUNA'DOS, f. m. pl. confederàtes, perfons united or allied.
AUNAMIE'NTO, f. m. confederating, uniting, binding together.
AUNA'R, v. a. to confederate, unite.
Aunárfe, v. r. to be united, to be allied, or confederated.
AU'NNO, adv. obf. not yet.
AU'NQUE, adv. although.

A U R

AU'RA, f. f. air, gale, breeze.
A'UREO, adj. golden.
AURE'OLA, f. f. a circle painted round the head of our Saviour and the faints by painters.
AURICULA'R, adj. belonging to the ear.
AURI'FERO, adj. who bears gold, gilt with gold.
AURI'GA, f. f. a coachman.
AURO'RA, f. f. the break of day, the aurora, the morning.
Color de aurora, a colour between white and light red.
Prov. *Auróra rubia, ò viento ò pluvia*, a red morning is a fign of wind or rain.
AURAGA'DO, adj. ill-ploughed and left full of lumps of earth.

A U S

AUSE'NCIA, f. f. abfence.
Prov. *Aufencia enemiga de amor quan lėjos de ojos, tan lejos de coraçón*, abfence an enemy to love, as far as from the eyes, fo far from the heart; out of fight, out of mind.
AUSENTA'RSE, v. r. to abfent one's felf, to depart, to go away.
AUSE'NTE, adj. abfent, not prefent.
AUSPICIO, f. m. omen, fign, token of the event of things, fhewed by flights of birds; good or bad fuccefs, conduct, management, government, command, advice, authority, one's fancy, will or pleafure; alfo good omen and protection.
AUSTERAME'NTE, adv. feverely, harshly, aufterely.
AUSTERIDA'D, f. f. aufterity, feverity, rigour, harshnefs, mortified life.
AUSTE'RO, adj. auftere, harsh, fevere, rigorous, ill-natured.
AUSTRA'L, adj. belonging to the fouth.
AU'STRO, f. m. the fouth wind.

A U T

AUTAN, adv.
Bebér a aután, to drink ftiffly, or to a certain pitch.
AUTHE'NTICA, f. f. the conftitutions, fyftem of laws and cuftoms.
AUTHENTICAME'NTE, adv. authentically, by public authority.
AUTHENTICA'R, v. a. to make a writing authentick, to give it fufficient authority.
AUTHENTICIDA'D, f. f. authenticity, genuineaefs, the quality of being authentick, legal authority.
AUTHE'NTICO, adj. authentic.
AUTI'LLO, f. m. a fmall fort of owl, a howler.
Autillo, f. m. diminutive of *auto*.
AUTO, f. m. a public act, a decree of a court or a fchool, or other public act; a reprefentation of fome devout play.
Autos, all the papers relating to a fuit in law.
Auto de fe, or *de inquificion*, the public act of the inquifition, when they bring out all their prifoners, and read their offences in public, at which time fentence is paffed upon them.
AUTOCRACI'A, f. f. autocracy, independent power.
AUTOGRA'PHICO, f. f. autographical, of one's own writing.
AUTOGRAPHO, f. m. a particular perfon's own writing.
AUTOMA'TICO, adj. having the power of moving itfelf.
AUTO'MATO, f. m. automaton, a machine that has the power of motion within itfelf.
AUTO'R, f. m. author, inventor.
AUTORIDA'D, f. f. authority, power, credit; oftentation; teftimony, credibility.
AUTORIZADAME'NTE, adv. with authority, peremptorily.
AUTORIZADO'R, f. m. a perfon invefted with authority; one that certifies and gives authority.
AUTORIZA'R, v. a. to authorize, to make any thing legal; to prove, to juftify, to give credit.
AUTUMNA'L, adj. belonging to autumn.

A U X

AUXILIA'R, v. a. to help, fuccour, relieve, protect, affift.
Auxiliár, adj. auxiliary, giving help or affiftance.
Verbo auxiliár, auxiliary verb.
AUXI'LIO, f. m. help, aid, relief, affiftance, fuccour.

A V A

AVA, adv. take heed.
AVADA'DO, adj. fordable.
AVADA'RSE, v. r. to become fordable.

AVAHA'R, v. a. to warm one's hand by the breath.
AVALA'NTARSE, v. r. vide. *ABALANZARSE.*
AVALGA'R, f. m. a purging medicine fo called.
AVALIA'DOR, f. m. a prizer, a valuer.
AVALIA'R, v. a. to value, to prize, to rate.
AVALLA'R, v. a. to inclofe, intrench about, to fortify, to raife a fence.
AVALORA'R, v. a. to augment, increafe, or raife the value, efteem, or credit of a thing.
AVALO'RIOS, f. m. pl. glafs bugles.
AVALO'TE, f. m. tumult, noife, fedition.
AVAMPIE'S, f. m. pl. fplatterdashes, vulgarly fo called.
AVANCE, f. m. attack, affault.
AVANGUA'RDIA, f. f. the van of an army.
AVANICA'R, v. a. to fan.
AVANI'CO, f. m. a fan.
AVANI'NO, f. m. a little gorget women wear about their necks.
AVA'NT, adv. farther, beyond.
AVANTA'L, f. m. an apron.
AVANZA'R, v. a. to go forward, to advance; to attack; to overballance in an account currant.
AVA'NZO, f. m. the ballance in accounts; alfo the benefit of a merchant.
AVA'OS, have a care, ftand off. A clownish word.
AVARAME'NTE, adv. covetoufly.
AVARATA'R, v. a. vide. *ABARATA'R.*
AVARI'ÇIA, f. f. avarice, covetoufnefs.
AVARICIO'SO, *AVARIE'NTO*, } adj. covetous.

Pro. *El avariénto do tiene el theforo tiene el entendimiénto*, wherever a covetous man's treafure is, there is his heart alfo.

AVARO, adj. vide. *AVARIE'NTO.*
AVARRA'R, v. a. vide. *ABARRA'R.*
AVARRA'Z, f. m. vide. *ALBARRA'Z.*
AVARRI'SCO, adv. vide. *ABARRISCO.*
AVASALLA'R, v. a. to bring under fubjection, to fubdue; to conquer, to reduce under a new dominion.

A V E

AVE, f. f. a bird.
Ave de cuchár, all birds that have broad beaks, as geefe, ducks, &c.
A VECES, adv. fometimes.
AVECHU'CHO, f. m. a ufelefs bird; alfo an ugly man.
AVECI'CA, *AVECI'LLA*, } a little bird.
AVECINA'R, v. a to move to, to arrive.
Avecinárfe, v. r. to approach.
AVECINDAMIE'NTO, f. m. manfion, dwelling-place, abode.
AVECINDA'RSE, v. r. to fettle, or take up one's abode in any place.
AVEGA'DAS, vide. *VEGA'DA.*
AVE'JA, f. f. a bee.
AVEJARU'CO, *AVEJERU'CO*, } f. m. the bird called a witwall.
AVEJENTA'RSE, v. r. to grow old, to appear old.
AVEJE'RA, f. f. the herb balmgentle.
AVEJO'N, f. m. vide. *ABEJO'N.*
AVELENA'R, v. a. vide. *AVENENAR.*
AVELLACA'DO, adj. knavish.
AVELLACA'R, v. n. to grow knavish.
AVELLA'NA, f. f. a hazel-nut.
AVELLANA'DA, f. f. a fort of fauce made with pounded hazelnuts.
AVELLANA'DO, adj. like a hazel-nut; alfo tough, as found as a nut.
AVELLANA'L, f. m. a hazelgrove.
AVELLANA'RSE, v. r. to grow old and tough.
AVELLANE'DA, f. f. vide. *AVELLANA'L.*
AVELLANE'RA, f. f. a woman who fells hazel-nuts.
AVELLA'NO, f. m. a grove of hazels.
AVE'NA, f. f. oats.
Avéna vana, or *montesina*, wild oats.
AVENA'DO, adj. mixed with oats; alfo mad, or hair-brained.
AVENA'L, f. m. the field where oats are fowed.
AVENENA'R, v. a to poifon.
AVENEDI'ZO, f. m. a ftranger, one that comes from another place.
AVENE'NCIA, f. f. agreement; alfo a cane to take out wine at the bung of a cask.

Prov. *Mas vale mala avenencia, que buena fentencia*, a bad agreement is better than a good judgment; that is, it is better to agree at any rate than to go to law.

AVENI'DA, f. f. flood, inundation; alfo, an avenue.
AVENIMIEN'TO, f. m. vide. *AVENE'NCIA.*
AVENI'R, v. a. to come together, to agree; alfo, to happen.
AVEÑOLAS, f. f. pl. the eyelids. Obf.
AVENTADE'RO, f m. a fan to make wind with, or drive flies away.
AVENTADO'R, f. m. one that fans, or a fan.
AVENTADU'RA, f. f. fanning, or winnowing.
AVENTA'JA, f. f. advantage; that which the husband or wife may give to the laft living of both.
AVENTAJADAME'NTE, adv. advantageoufly.
AVENTAJA'R, v. a. to exceed, to excel; to furpafs, to gain an advantage.
AVENTAMIE'NTO, f. m. fanning.
AVENTANA'DO, adj. that has many windows.
AVENTANA'RSE, v. r. to ftand expofed, to view with open windows.

AVENTA'R, v. a. to fan, to run headlong.
Aventárse, v. r. to take a fright, and run headlong.
Aventár trigo, to winnow corn.
AVENTU'RA, f. f. an adventure, used much in romances.
Aventura, adv. by chance, accidentally.
AVENTU'RADO, adj. fortunate; adventured.
AVENTURA'R, v. a. to venture, to hazard.
Prov. *Quien no se aventúra no há ventúra*, he that does not venture has no luck; nothing venture nothing have.
Prov. *Quien no se aventúra no passa a már*, he that does not venture never crosses the sea.
AVENTURE'RO, f. m. an adventurer, one that ventures or hazards; also a chance comer.
AVE'R, v. a. vid. *HAVER*.
AVERA'MIA, f. f. a sort of wild duck.
AVERA'R, v. a. to aver, to affirm, to verify.
AVERDUGADO, f. m. a round sort of fardingale women once wore.
AVERGONZA'DO, f. m. one that has been exposed to public view for some crime: as in the pillory, or as they use, carried about the streets on an ass, and a cryer declaring his offence.
AVERGONZA'R, v. a. to put to the blush, to make ashamed.
Avergonzárse, v. r. to be ashamed.
AVERI'A, f. f. average, the waste or decay of wares or merchandizes.
AVERIGUA'BLE, adj. belonging to an examination, or making out of the truth.
AVERIGUACIO'N, f. f. making out of the truth, or examining the truth.
AVERIGUADAME'NTE, adv. according to truth.
AVERIGUADO'R, f. m. one that examines, or sifts out the truth.
AVERIGUAMIE'NTO, f. m. averiguation.
AVERIGUA'R, v. a. to examine, to sift out the truth.
No podérse averiguár con lino, not to be able to reduce a man to reason.
Averiguárse, v. r. to agree with.
AVERI'O, f. m. a flock of birds.
AVE'RNO, f. m. hell. Poetical.
AVERSA'R, v. a. to be averse, to oppose, to contradict.
AVERSIO'N, f. f. aversion, repugnancy, opposition; hatred.
AVE'RSO, adj. averse, opposite, contradictory, perverse.
AVERTAMI'A, f. f. a bird so called.
AVERTU'RA, f. f. vide. *ABERTU'RA*.
AVESTRUZ, f. m. an ostrich.
AVE'TO, f. m. vide. *ABE'TO*.
Avéto, f. m. an oil used by painters and physicians for plaisters and varnish.
AVEZADU'RA, f. f. custom, use.
AVEZA'R, v. a. to use, inure, or accustom.

A V I

AVIADO'R, f. m. a small piercer or wimble that makes way for another.
AVIAMIE'NTO, f. m. readiness, dispatching, setting forward.
AVIA'R, v. a. to make ready, to dispatch, to set forward, to put into the way.
AVICIA'DO, adj. grown vicious.
AVICIA'RSE, v. r. to become vicious.
AVIDAME'NTE, adv. covetously, greedily.
A'VIDO, adj. covetous, greedy.
AVIELDA'R, v. a. to fan or winnow.
AVIE'NTO, f. m. a sort of fork, used to put straw into a cart.
AVIESSA'MENTE, adv. out of the way, froward, crossly.
AVIE'SSO, adj. cross, out of the way, froward, untoward.
AVILANTE'Z, } f. f. baseness,
AVILANTE'ZA, } vileness; also insolence, impudence.
AVILLANA'RSE, v. r. to become low, mean, abject, to degenerate from the actions of our ancestors.
AVILTACIO'N, f. f. scorn, contempt, derision; also meanness.
AVILTADAME'NTE, adv. contemptibly, despicably, meanly.
AVILTAMIE'NTO, f. m. vide. *AVILTACIO'N*.
AVILTA'R, v. a. to despise, to scorn, contemn; to make mean, to undervalue.
AVINGARA'DO, adj. ill-natured.
AVINAGRA'R, v. a. to grow sharp as vinegar, or to mox with vinegar.
Avinagrárse, v. r. to be sharp or angry.
AVINA'R, v. a. to mix or dress with wine.
AVINENTE'ZA, f. f. conformity, agreement.
AVINIE'NTE, adj. obf. convenient, seasonable.
AVI'O, f. m. prevention, readiness, dispatch.
AVIO'N, f. m. a little bird, called a martlet.
AVISADAME'NTE, adv. discreetly, prudently, advisedly.
AVISA'DO, adj. prudent, discreet.
Avisádo, f. m. in cant, is a judge.
AVISA'R, v. a. to give notice, to advertise; in cant, to observe.
AVISAMIE'NTO, f. m. vide. *AVISO*.
AVISIONA'RSE, v. r. to play tricks in order to make people believe one thing for another, or to conceal something from them.
AVI'SO, f. m. warning, notice given, intelligence, advice.
Aviso o navio de aviso, a king's packetboat.
Estár sobre aviso, to be upon one's guard.
AVISO'N, adv. take care.
AVI'SPA, f. f. a wasp.
AVISPA'R, v. a. to prick, lash, whip, or spur; in cant, to fright, and to examine with attention.
Avispárse, v. r. to grow peevish, to grow uneasy.

AVISPO'N, f. m. in cant, the man who enquires, or looks out sharp that he may fteal vome thing.
AVI'STA, adv. at fight.
AVISTA'R, v. a. to fee at a diftance before.
Avifiárfe, v. r. to fpeak mouth to mouth.
AVITA'R, v. a. to faften a cable, a featerm.
AVITUALLA'R, v. a. to victual, to ftore with provifions.
AVIVA'R, v. a. to revive, to quicken, to chear.
AVIZO'R, f. m. a fpy, an obferver of other men's actions.
AVIZORA'R, v. a. to liften or pry into other people's fecrets.

A V O

AVOCACIO'N, f. f. } a calling
AVOCAMIENTO, f. m } away, or from.
AVOCAR, v. a to call away, to divert.
AVOGA'CIA, f. f. the office of a counfellor or advocate.
AVOGACIO'N, f. f. pleading as a counfellor.
AVOGAMIE'NTO, f. m. vide *AVOGACIO'N*.
AVOGA'R, v. a. to plead as a counfellor.
AVOLE'NGO, f. m. a defcendant of a grandfather; alfo the eftate of the grandfather.
AVOLE'ZA, f. f. flight. Obf.
A'VOLO, f. m. vide. *AVUE'LO*.
AVOLO'RIO, f. m. vide. *AVOLE'NGO*.
AVORTA'R, v. a. vide *ABORTA'R*.
AVORTO'N, vide *ABORTO'N*.

A V U

AVUEGA'STA, f. f. a kind of duck.
AVUE'LO, grandfather; alfo, an old man.
AVUE'LOS, f. m. pl. anceftors.
AVUTA'RDA, f. f. a flow, heavy bird with fmall legs.

A X

AX, f. m. ficknefs, infirmity, ill ftate of health.
Ax, an interjection of complaint when a perfon is in pain.

A X A

AXA'DA, f. f. vide *AZA'DA*.
AXADO'N, f. m. vide *AZADO'N*.
AXADRE'A, f. f. the herb winter favoury.
AXAMA'R, v. a. to call.
AXANA'R, v. a. to fmooth, or make plain. Obf.
AXAQUE'CA, f. f. a violent pain that feizeth one fide of the head.
AXAQUECA'RSE, v. r. to be feized with a violent pain on one fide of the head.
AXAQUECO'SO, adj. that is troubled with a pain in the head.
AXAQUIE'NTO, adj. troubled with fmall ailings.
AXA'R, v. a. obf. to find.
AXA'RABE, f. m. a fyrup; a phyfical potion.
AXARA'CA, f. f. a fnare, a gin.
AXARA'FE, f. f. a high terras, a balcony on the top of a houfe, the balcony round the top of a tower.
AXARA'VE, f. m. vide *XARA'VE*.

A X E

AXE, f. m. an imaginary line drawn from one pole to another, round which the earth moves.
AXEDRE'A, f. f. the herb winter favoury.
AXEDRE'Z, f. f. the game of chefs.
AXEGA'R, v. a. to arrive, to come near to another.
AXE'NGE, f. m. filver; an old word.
AXE'NJO, f. m. wormwood.
AXE'NTE, f. m. obf. filver.
AXENU'Z, f. f. fennel-flower.
AXERQUI'A, f. f. fuburb.
AXES, f. m. crab-lice.

A X I

AXI', the fruit of capficum when red.
AXIMEZ, f. m. a Moorish fashioned window.
AXIME'NES, f. m. a warm funny place.
AXIO'MA, f. m. axiom, propofition fo plain that needs no proof.

A X O

AXOFA'INA, f. f. vide *AXUFAINA*.
AXO' NI'ÑO, or *AXO' TAI'TA*, words of no fignification, but ufed by mothers and nurfes to quiet infants.
AXO'RCAS, f. f. bracelets.
Axórcas de pies, ornaments worn about the ancles refembling bracelets; ironically, fetters or irons on the feet.
AXOVA'R, f. m. vide *AXUA'R*.

A X U

AXUA'GAS, f. f. pl. the fpavin in a horfe's leg.
AXUA'R, f. m. all manner of houfhold ftuff or furniture; more particularly that which the bride carries with her when she is married.
AXUFA'INA, f. f. obf. a bafon.
AXU'NDIA, f. f. vide *ENXU'NDIA*.

A Y.

AY, an exclamation of complaint.
Ay de mi! alas for me!

A Y A.

AYA, f. f. vide *HAYA*.
AYA'NQUE, f. m. one of the chief ropes in a ship, fo called.
AYA'NTAR, f. m. a dinner.
Ayántar de gorrión, a fparrow's dinner; that is, a very fmall one.
Ayantár, v. a. to dine.
Ayántar como perro, to dine like a dog;

dog; that is, to dine without drink.

A Y E.

AYEGA'R, v. a. to arrive, to draw near.
AYE'NO, adj. vide *AJE'NO*.
AYE'R, adv. yesterday.
AYERMA'DO, adj. deserted, forsaken.

A Y M.

AYME! alas! woe to me!

A Y O.

AYO, s. m. tutor, gouvernor of youth.
AYODO'RO, s. m. obs. help, assistance, succour, relief.

A Y U.

AYU'DA, s. f. help, assistance, succour; also a clyster; also a subsidy granted to a prince.
Ayúda de cósta, a gift over and above wages, a voluntary supply to bear one's charges.
Ayúda de camára, a groom of the bedchamber to a prince.
Pérro de ayúda, a great dog that can defend or assist his master, or look to his house or cattle.
Dios y ayúda, God, and good friends.
AYUDADO'R, s. m. a helper, one that relieves or assiste.
AYUDA'NTE, s. m. an assistant; also the adjutant of a regiment.
AYUDA'R, v. a. to help, relieve, succour, or assist.
Ayudárse, v. r. to help or assist one's self.
AYUDO'RIO, s. m. obs. vide *AYUDA*.
AYUNADO'R, s. m. one that fasts much.
AYUNA'R, v. n. to fast.
AYU'NAS, adv. *estár en ayúnas*, to be fasting.
Estár en ayúnas de una cosa, to know nothing of the matter.
AYUNA'NTE, s. m. the person who fasts.

AYU'NO, s. m. a fast.
AYU'NQUE, s. m. a smith's anvil.
AYUNTADAME'NTE, adv. jointly.
AYUNTADO'R, s. m. one that joints, or puts together.
AYUNTAMIE'NTO, s. m. joining, putting together; carnal copulation; meeting; city council; court of justice.
AYUNTA'R, v. a. to join, to put together, to couple.
AYU'SO, adv. below, or beneath.
De Dios en ayúso, under God.
AYZA'R, v. a. vide *AYSSA'R*.

A Z.

AZ, s. f. vide *HAZ*.

A Z A.

AZA, s. f. vide *HA'ZA*.
AZABACHA'DO, adj. belonging to jet; black.
AZABA'CHE, s. m. jet.
Azabáche, any thing that is very black.
AZABA'RA, s. f. aloes, a plant so called.
AZABI'BE, s. f. a dried cherry.
AZABO'N, s. m. soap.
AZABRA, s. f. a small sort of bark.
AZACA'N, s. a water-carrier.
Azacán, work without profit.
Andar como un azacán, ó hecho un azacán, spoken of a mann who works incessantly, giving himself no time for rest.
AZACAYA, s. f. a bucket to draw water out of a well.
AZA'CHE, s. m. obs. silk.
AZA'DA, s. f. a spade.
Azáda de dos diéntes, a spade with two prongs or forks.
AZADI'TA, s. a small spade.
AZADO'N, s. m. a spade.
AZADONA'DA, s. f. / *AZADONA'ZO*, s. m. } a stroke of a spade; as much as a spade cuts at once.
AZADONE'RO, s. m. a person who digs with a spade.

AZAFA'TA, s. f. a lady of the queen's wardrobe.
AZAFATE, s. m. a work-basket made with ozier or reeds; also a hamper.
AZAFRA'N, s. m. saffron.
Azafrán romin, bastard saffron.
AZAFRANA'L, s. m. a field where saffron grows.
AZAFRANA'R, v. a. to dye with saffron.
AZAGA'YA, s. f. a javelin.
AZAGUA'N, s. m. vide *ZAGUA'N*.
AZAHA'R, s. m. orange or lemon-flower.
Azahár brávo, a sort of lupine.
AZAINADAME'NTE, adv. treacherously, deceitfully.
AZAINA'DO, adj. cunning, malicious.
AZALE'JA, s. f. a towel.
AZANO'RIA, s. f. vide *ZANAHO'RIA*.
AZANORIA'TE, s. m. pickled carrots.
AZAñA, s. f. vide *HAZAñA*.
AZAñERIA, s. f. vide *HAZAñERI'A*.
AZAñO'SO, adj. vide *HAZAñO'SO*.
AZA'R, s. m. ill luck, misfortune, obstacle, an ace of dice.
Tener azár con alguna cosa, to have an aversion or dislike to any thing.
AZARANDA'R, v. a. to clean wheat or other grain with a cribble.
AZARA'R, v. a. to make unfortunate, one who had hopes of being happy.
AZA'RBE, s. m. a pipe, a duct, a canal through which water runs.
AZA'RCON, s. m. ashes of a blue colour coming from burnt lead.
AZARNE'FE, s. m. a sort of poison.
AZARO'LLA, s. f. vide *AZERO'LA*.
AZAROSAME'NTE, adv. unhappily, unfortunately, unluckily.
AZARO'SO, adj. unhappy, unfortunate, unlucky.
AZARO'TE, s. m. the gum called sarcocolla.

AZAVA'CHE, f. m. vide *AZABACHE*.

A Z C

AZCON, f. m. } *AZCON'A*, f. f. } a fmall dart; frequently ufed for a fword.
AZCONI'LLA, f. f. diminutive of *azcón*, or *azcóna*.

A Z E

AZEBIBE, } *AZEBIU*, } f. m. a plum.
AZE'BO, f. m. the holm, or holly-tree.
AZEBUCHA'L, f. m. a grove of wild olive-trees.
AZEBU'CHE, f. m. a wild olive-tree.
AZECALAR, v. a. vide *ACICALAR*.
AZECHA'R, v. a. vide *ASSECHA'R*.
AZE'CHE, adj. a fort of black earth or mineral.
AZE'DA, f. f. vide *AZEDE'RA*.
AZEDA'R, v. a to four, to make sharp.
AZEDE'RA, f. f. the herb forrel.
AZEDERI'LLA, f. f. little forrel.
AZEDI'A, f. f. fournefs, sharpnefs; alfo peevishnefs and floth.
Azedia de eftómago, a crudity in the ftomach.
Azedia, f. f. a fish like a foal, but very fmall.
AZED'O, adj. four, sharp, eager.
AZEDU'RA, f. f. fournefs, eagernefs.
AZEITA'DA, f. f. an effufion or fpilling of oil.
AZEITA'R, v. a. to pour oil into any thing.
AZE'ITE, f. m. oil.
AZEITE'RA, f. f. an oil-bottle, crewet.
AZEITE'RO, f. m. the man who fells oil.
AZEITO'SO, adj. oily.
AZEITU'NA, f. f. an olive.
AZEITUNA'DO, adj. belonging to olive colour.
AZEITUNE'RO, f. m. who gathers the olives.
AZEITUNI', adv. obf. vide *AZEITUNADO*.
AZEITU'NO, f. m. the olive-tree.
Prov. *Olivo y azéituno todo es uno*, call it olive or olive-tree, it is all one.
AZELGA, f. f. the herb called white beet.
Cara de azélga, a greenish, dirty complexion
AZEMI'LA, f. f. a baggage, or fumpter-mule.
AZEMILA'R, adj. belonging to the fumpter-mule.
AZEMILERI'A, f. f. the place where mules are kept.
AZEMILE'RO, f. m. a muleteer, a fumpter.
AZEMILO'N, f. m. a great booby, a fellow only fit to carry.
AZEMI'TA, f. f. bread made with bran.
AZEMI'TE, f. m. bran.
AZE'ñA, f. m. a water-mill.
AZEñE'RO, f. m. the miller of a water-mill.
AZEQUI'A, f. f. an channel for water.
AZEQUIA'DO, adj. full of conduit-pipes or channels.
AZE'RA, f. f. vide *HAZE'RA*.
AZE'RADO, adj. fteeled.
Agua azérada, chalybeate-water, that has had a red hot iron or fteel fteeped in it.
AZERA'R, v. a to fteel, to cover, adorn, or ftrengthen with fteel.
AZERI'CO, f. m. a fmall pillow laid upon the great one in the bed, to reft the head on.
Azerico de olór, a fweet bag.
Azerico de alfiléres, a pin-cushion.
AZE'RO, f. m. fteel.
AZERO'LA, f. f. a fort of fruit fo called.
AZERO'LO, f. m. the tree which bears the *azérola*.
AZERO'S, f. m. pl. the point or edge of a weapon.
Hómbre de buénos azerós, a man of mettle.
AZERRA'DO, f. m. in cant, an officer of juftice.
AZERRA'R, v. a. in cant, to feize, to lay hold of.
AZEVA'R, f. m. the herb feahoufe-leek.
AZE'VO, f. m. vide *AZE'BO*.
AZE'YTE, f. m. oil.

A Z I

A'ZIA, adv. towards.
AZIA'GO, adj. unlucky.
AZI'AL, f. m. an inftrument put to the mouth of horfes and mules to keep them fteady when shoeing.
AZI'BAR, f. m. aloes.
AZIBARA'R, v. a to make any thing bitter; to difguft, to mar pleafure.
AZICALA'R, v. a. to polish, furbish, sharpen.
AZICA'TES, f. m. pl. fpurs which have a long sharp iron fpike inftead of rowels.
AZI'GE, adj. a fort of black earth.
AZI'MO, adj. unleavened.
AZIO'N, f. a ftirrup-leather.
AZITA'RA, f. f. vide *ACITA'RA*.
AZIVA'R, f. m. vide *AZIBA'R*.

A Z O

AZO, adj. obf. this and that.
AZOFAI'FA, f. f. the fruit called a jujub.
AZOFAI'FO, f. m. the jujub-tree.
AZOFA'R, f. m. vide *LATO'N*.
AZOFEI'FA, } *AZOFEIFO*, } vide *AZOSA'IFA*, and *AZOFA'IFO*.
AZOGA'DA, adj. fem. an appellative given to lime when lightly wetted by the mafons as being in a kind of motion.
AZOGA'DO, adj. infected with the fumes of quickfilver; reftlefs, that cannot be ftill in a place; alfo timorous.
AZOGA'JO, f. m. a little market-place.
AZOGA'R, v. a. to mix, rub, or temper with quickfilver, or to infect with quickfilver.
Azogárfe, v. r. to be mixed with quickfilver.
AZO'GUE, f. m. quickfilver, or mercury.
Azógue, f. m. a market-place.
AZOGUE'RO, f. m. the perfon who buys or fells quickfilver.
AZOLA'R, v. a. to plane, as wood is planed.

AZOLVA'R, v. a. to obstruct or stop the passage of a conduit-pipe.
AZOMAMIE'NTO, s. m. the act of irritating and exciting a dog against another.
AZOMA'R, v. a. to provoke, to instigate.
AZO'R, s. m. a hawk; in cant, a thief.
AZORA'DO, adj. that sails ill, because ill stowed.
AZORA'R, v. a. to strike fear or terror into any one.
AZORE'RO, s. m. a thief's companion.
AZORRAME'NTO, s. m. the stuffing of the head; heaviness.
AZORRA'RSE, v. r. to be heavy and dull in the head; to be in liquor.
AZOTACA'LLES, s. m. one who is always walking about the streets.
AZOTADO'R, s. m. the person who whips.
AZOTA'INA, s. f. a good or sound flogging.
AZOTA'R, v. a. to whip, to strike with lashes.
AZOTA'ZO, s. m. the blow of a whip.
AZO'TE, s. m. lash, whip.
AZOTE'A, s. f. a gallery in a house where they walk to sun themselves.
AZOTI'NA, s. f. a whipping.
AZOTO'N, s. m. a great whip.

A Z R

AZRE, s. m. the maple-tree.

A Z U

AZU'CAR, s. m. sugar.
Azucar piedra, or *azucar candi*, sugar-candy.
AZUCARA'R, v. a. to sweeten any thing with sugar.
Azucarár, to give a person fine sweet words.
AZUCARE'RO, s. m. a vessel to hold sugar.
AZUCE'NA, s. f. a lily.
AZU'D, s. f. the place where water begins to run into the channels.
AZU'DA, s. f. a large weel used to draw water out of a river.
AZUE'LA, s. f. a little axe, or hatchet.
Azuéla de dos manos, a cooper's axe.
AZUFA'IFA, s. f. jujubs.
AZUFA'IFO, s. m. the jujub-tree.
AZUFRA'R, v. a. to smoke with brimstone.
AZU'FRE, s. m. brimstone.
AZUL, adj. blue.
Azúl celeste, sky colour.
Azúl claro, light blue.
Azúl obscuro, dark blue.
Azúl subido, a dark blue.
Azúl turqui, dark blue.
Azúl verde, *azul de costras*, ski blue.
AZULA'QUE, s. m. a sort of mortar or cement, with which they join earthen-pipes or conduits together.
AZULAR, } v. a. to coulour blue.
AZULEA'R, } v. a. to coulour blue.
Azúlar, v. n. to have a bluish cast or look bluish.
AZULE'JO, s. m. a tile glazed, such as we use to adorn the sides of chimneys.
AZU'MBAR, s. m. red storax; spikenard; daffodil flowers.
AZUMBRA'R, v. a. to measure out liquor by the measure called an *azumbre*.
AZU'MBRE, s. m. a measure for liquors, abont half a gallon.
AZU'T, s. m. a wall to keep ditches in their bounds.
AZUTE'A, s. f. a terrass.
AZUTE'RO, s. m. the keeper of the terrass.
AZUZADOR, s. m. one who instigates or provokes.
AZUZA'R, v. a. to instigate or provoke.

A Z Y

AZYMO, adj. unleavened.

B,

B, The second letter of the alphabet, and the first consonant.

B MOL, s. m. a B flat in music.

B QUADRADO, s. m. a B sharp in music.

B A A

BAARA'Z, s. m. a sort of root which has a glittering in the dark.

B A B

BA'BA, s. f. drivel, slaver.

BABADE'RO, *BABADO'R*, s. m. a bib, as children or fools wear to keep their cloaths clean.

BABAHO'L, s. m. a sort of small red poppy.

BABA'NCA, s. m. a fool.

BABARA, s. f. a sort of country dance; a kind of a coach.

BABATE'L, s. m. a slavering bib, or any thing that hangs about the neck in a disorderly slovenly manner; metaph. a fool.

BABA'ZA, s. f. an augmentive of *bába*; also a kind of snail.

BABAZO'RRO, s. m. a name given in jest to those that are born in the province of Alba; a fool that sets up for a man of wit and penetration.

BABEA'R, v. n. to drivel, to slaver.

BABE'O, s. m. the act of spitting, salivation.

BABE'RA, s. f. that part of the helmet that covered the chin; also a fool.

BABE'RO, s. m. obs. vide *BABADE'RO*.

BABERO'L, s. m. the head-piece in an armour.

BABE'S, s. m. pl. the beams in a ship, which are those great timbers that keep the sides of the ship asunder and support the deck.

BA'BIA, s. f. folly, stupidity.

Estár en bábia, to be in a careless posture.

BABIE'CA, s. m. the name of a famous horse. It is now used to signify a lazy foolish fellow.

BABI'L, s. m. *BABILA'DA*, s. f. a woman's privities. A cant word.

BABILO'NIA, s. f. any place where there is a great concourse of people; a confusion; a multiplicity of tongues; a vicious place.

BABO'RD, s. m. the left-hand side of the ship, by our seamen called the larboard side.

BABO'SA, s. f. silk; the same as *bábaza*.

Hierba babósa; the herb of which aloes is made.

BABOSEA'R, v. a. to slaver any thing.

BABO'SO, adj. drivelly, slavery

BABU'JA, s. f. a bubble in the water; a stud; a nail with a great head.

B A C

BA'CA, s. f. vide. *VA'CA*.

Baca, s. f. a breach in a water-course, or ditch; a man or a woman that are slothful, poor spirited, and good for little.

Báca, s. f. a word generally used in the plural number to signify all sorts of berries.

Bacás de laurél, bay-berries.

BACALLA'O, s. m. the fish we call poor-jack, cod-fish, salt-fish.

BACE'RA, s. f. an obstruction or disorder in the melt occasioned by hard drinking; a swelling in the belly.

BACE'TA, s. f. a game at cards called basset.

BACHANA'L, adj. any thing belonging to the god Bacchus; a great fatbellied man; a hard drinker and merry companion; pronounce *bacanal*.

BACHA'RA, s. f. an herb and flower called ladies gloves.

BACHILLE'R, s. m. a bachelor of arts, in divinity, canon and civil law, or physic.

Bachillér de tibi quoque, a bachelor that had is degree after all the ceremonies performed to another, when the doctor, who gives it, says to every one of the rest. *Tibi quoque*.

Bachillér, adj. talkative, prating.

BACHILLEREA'R, v. n. to prate, to babble very much.

BACHILLERI'A, s. f. prating, babbling, talkativeness.

BACI'A, s. f. bason, generally a barber's bason.

BACIA'R, v. a. vide. *VACIA'R*.

BA'CIGA, s. f. a certain game at cards.

BACILA'R, v. n. to stagger, to waver, to be unsteady.

BACI'LLA, s. f. the four cards that remain after the repartition of eleven given to each of the four players at the game called *reversino*.

BACI'N, s. m. a close-stool-pan.

BACI'NA, s. f. vide. *BA'CIA*.

BACINA'DA, s. f. what is thrown out of a close-stool-pan or other filth.

BACINE'JO, *BACINI'CA*, *BACINICO*, *BACINILLA*, and *BACINI'LLO*, a little bason or closestool-pan. All diminutives of *bacin*.

BACINE'RO, s. m. the person that goes about with a box in the church to receive charity.

BACINE'TA, s. f. diminutive of *bacia*.

BACINE'TE, s. m. a kind of headpiece or helmet; also a cuirassier, very seldom used in this last sense.

BA'CULO, s. m. a staff; also support, comfort.

Báculo pastoral, a bishop's crosier.

B A D

BA'DA, s. f. a rhinoceros, more properly *abáda*.

BADAJA'DA, s. f. the stroke of a clapper of a bell; a foolish expression.

BADAJEA'R, v. n. to ring bells; to let the clack of the tongue run.

BADAJI'LLO, s. m. a little clapper of a bell.

BADA'JO, s. m. the clapper of a bell; a dull fellow, a booby.

BADAJUE'LO, s. m. a little clapper of a bell; a little prating fellow.

BADA'L, s. m. a thing they clap up to horses and other beasts mouths like a basket or bag, to hinder it from eating as it goes along.

Echár a uno badál a la boca, to take up a man so sharply, that he has nothing to say for himself.

BADA'NA, s. f. leather dressed very soft and pliable.

Zurrár a uno la badána, to thrash a man's jacket, to beat him, to abuse him.

BADANA'DO, adj. lined or covered with *badána*.

BADANI'LLA, s. f. diminutive of *badána*.

BADA'ZAS, s. f. pl. the ropes by which the bonnets are laced to the sails.

BADE'A, s. f. a water-melon; a worthless fellow.

BADELI'CO, s. m. in cant, signifies a shovel.

BADE'N, s. m. a torrent.

BADI'L, s. m. a shovel; the wooden thing they beat mortar with.

BADILA'ZO, s. m. a stroke with a shovel.

BADI'NA, s. f. a sort of pool made by the rains.

BA'DO, s. m. vide *VA'DO*.

BADULA'QUE, s. m. meat hashed with thick sauce; a worthless man.

B A F

BAFANEA'R, v. a. to boast, to swell any thing beyond the truth.

BAFANERI'A, s. f. a boasting.

BAFANE'RO, s. m. a boaster, a vainglorious fellow.

BA'FO, s. m. vide. *BA'HO*.

B A G

BA'GA, s. f. a cord which ties the packs upon horses.

BAGA'GE, s. m. baggage; also a beast to carry baggage.

BAGAGERO, s. m. a baggage carrier; also the beast which carries the baggage.

BAGA'SA, s. f. a lewd woman.

BAGATE'LA, s. f. a trifling thing.

BAGUE'TA, s. f. a drum-stick.

BA'GUIDO, s. m. a swimming in the head.

B A H

BAHARA'DA, s. f. vide. *VAHARA'DA*.

BAHARI', s. m. a goshawk. In cant, an underling, a novice at cheating.

BAHI'A, s. f. a haven, or bay.

BA'HO, s. m. the steam of any hot thing.

BAHORRI'NA, s. f. a low, mean, trivial thing.

BAHU'NO, adj. vulgar, low, vile, bad, contemptible, worthless.

Bahúna gente, the multitude, the mob.

BAHURRE'RO, s. m. a bird-catcher; a man who speaks very ignorantly.

B A I

BAI'A, s. f. vide. *BAHI'A*.

BAIBE'N, s. m. vide *VAIVE'N*.

BAI'DO, s. m. vide *VA'GUIDO*.

BA'ILA, s. f. a sea-trout.

BAILADE'RA, s. f. a dancing woman.

BAILADO'R, s. m. a dancer.

BAILA'R, v. n. to dance; in cant, to steal.

BAILARI'N, s. m. f. a dancer.

BA'ILE, s. m. a ball or entertainment of dancing; also a judge.

BAILI'A, s. f. the authority or jurisdiction of any judge.

BAILIA'GE, s. m. a benefice among the knights of Malta.

BAILI'O, s. m. the name given to the knight of Malta that obtains a benefice.

BAILI'TO, s. m. in cant, a little thief.

BAILO'N, s. m. an old thief.

BA'INA, s. f. vide. *VA'INA*.

BAINI'CA, s. f. vide. *VAINI'CA*.

BAINI'LLA, s. f. vainilla, a drug used in chocolate.

BAI'O, adj. vide. *BA'YO*.

BAIVE'L, s. m. a stone-cutter's square to see if his work is even.

B A L

BA'LA, s. f. a bullet.

Bála de viénto, a foot-ball full of wind.

Bála de mercadería, a bale of merchants goods.

Bálas enramádas, chain-shot, such as is used at sea.

BALA'DA, s. f. in cant, an agreement.

BALADI', adj. slight, that is not strong or lasting.

BALA'DRO, s. m. bellowing.

BALADRO'N, s. m. a noisy fellow, a bully.

BALADRONA'DA, s. f. the words, actions, or behaviour of a bully.

BALADRONEA'R, v. n. to prate, to make a noise, to boast.

BALADRONERI'A, s. f. prating, making a noise, boasting.

BALAGA'R, s. m. an hay-rick.

BA'LAGO, s. m. the whole reed of corn that is not broke; sometimes taken for a sheave of corn.

BALAGUE'RO, s. m. an heap of straw.

BALANCE, s. m. balancing; also danger.

Balance, ò balanço de cuenta, the balance of an account.

BALANCEAR, v. a. to balance; also the hesitate, to fluctuate; also to settle an account.

BALANCI'A, s. f. obs. a water-melon.

BALANCI'N, s. m. a long pole whit a weight at each end, such as ropedancers use to poise themselves.

BALA'NDRA, s. f. a vessel called a bilander, small, but safe in bad weather.

BALANDRA'N, s. m. a cassock.

BALA'NZA, s. f. a balance, a pair of scales; in cant, gallows, gibbet.

BALANZA'R, v. a. vide *BALANCEAR*.
BALANZA'RIO, f. m. one who weighs or balances, or makes equal any thing.
BALA'NZO, f. m. vide *BALANCE*.
BALA'R, v. n. to bleat like sheep.
BALAUSTIA } f. f. the dried
BALAUSTRIA. } bloffoms of pomegranates.
BALAUSTRA'DA, f. f. the balifters of a ftair-cafe.
BALAU'STRE, f. m. a ballufter, a rail.
BALAUSTRIA'DO, adj. decorated with a baluftrate.
BALAUSTRI'LLO, f. m. diminutive of *balauftre*.
BALA'X, f. m. a precious ftone like a ruby.
BALA'ZO, f. m. a bullet-shot.
BALBUCIE'NTE, adj. ftuttering or ftammering.
BALCO'N, f. m. balcony.
BALCONA'JE, f. m. } a row of
BALCONERIA, f. f. } balconies.
BA'LDA, f. f. a thing of little or no value, good for nothing; alfo idlenefs, lazinefs.
Andár a la bálda, to go idling about.
Vivír a la bálda, to live idly.
BALDADO'N, f. m. a withered, or maimed limb, or a man that has fuch a one.
BALDACHI'NO, } f. m. a canopy
BALDAQUI' } to carry over holy things.
BALDA'R, v. a. to maim, deface, or deprive of a limb.
BA'LDE, f. m. obf. a bucket.
Bálde, adv. as, *de bálde*, for nothing, free-coft.
Querér a uno mal de bálde, to bear a man an ill without caufe.
BALDE'O, f. m. in cant, a fword.
BALDI'O, adj. idle; alfo void, wafte; put to no ufe.
Baldío, f. m. a common, an open ground equally ufed by cattle of feveral perfons.
BALDO, f. m. the fame as *fallo*; a word that in playing at cards means none; for inftance, one fays play club; the other anfwers *baldo*, I have no clubs.
BALDON', f. m. reproach, abufive language, affront.
BALDONA'DA, f. f. a common ftrumpet.
BALDONADO'R, f. m. one that reproaches, or gives abufive language.
BALDONA'R, v. a. to reproach, to give abufive language.
BALDO'SA, f. f. a fquare tile.
BALDRA'QUE, f. m. a thing of no value.
BA'LDRES, f. m. a sheep-skin, or any flight leather tanned.
BALERI'A, f. f. a great heap of bullets.
BALERI'NA, f. f. the herb valerian.
BALHURRI'A, f. f. in cant, the mob.
BALI'A, f. f. vide *VALI'A*.
BALI'CA, f. f. a fort of boat.
BALI'DO, f. m. the bleating of a sheep.
BALI'JA, f. f. a cloak-bag, a mail, or portmanteau.
BALI'SA, f. f. land-mark, lighthoufe on the shore for ships to fteer by; alfo a beacon.
BALI'STA, f. f. vide *BALLE'STA*.
BALITA'R, v. n. vide *BALA'R*.
BALLE'NA, f. f. a whale; alfo the women's ftays.
BALLENA'TO, f. m. the young of a whale-fish.
BALLENE'R, f. m. a ship fo called.
BALLES'TA, f. f. a crofs-bow.
Balleftás, f. f. pl. in cant, a wallet.
BALLESTAZO, f. m. a shot of a fteelbow.
BALLESTEADO'R, f. m. vide *BALLESTERO*.
BALLESTEA'R, v. a. to shoot with a crofs-bow.
BALLESTE'RA, f. f. the part of the galley on which the foldiers ftand to fight.
BALLESTERI'A, f. f. the art of ufing the bow.
BALLESTE'RO, f. m. a crofs-bow man, or one that makes crofs-bows.
BALLESTI'LLA, f. f. the crofs-ftaff ufed for taking the fun's altitude; alfo a fleam to bleed horfes with; and a little crofs-bow.
BALLESTO'N, f. m. in cant, a trick, a cheat.
BALLI'CO, f. m. a fort of weed growing amongft corn, darnel, or tares.
BALLU'CCA, f. f. a weed growing among corn, fo called.
BALNADU', f. m. obf. a gate.
BALO'N, f. m. a great pack of goods.
Juego de balón, the foot-ball game.
BALO'NA, f. f. a band.
BALO'NES, f. m. pl. breeches.
BALO'TA, f. f. ballot, a little ball, ufed in fome places to give in votes with.
BALOTI'LLA, f. f. diminutive of *balóta*.
BA'LSA, f. f. a pool, or puddle of water; alfo a float on the water, a flat boat.
BALSAMA'R, v. a. to embalm.
BALSA'MICO, adj. balfamic, belonging to balfam.
BALSAMI'NA, f. f. the herb baum.
BALSAMO, f. m. balfam.
BALSA'R, v. a. to fill with water, to make a puddle.
BASILLA, f. f. a puddle of water.
BALSOPE'TO, f. m. a kind of large purfe fo called.
BALTE'A, f. f. a belt.
BALTRUE'TO, f. m. a roguish rambling fellow.
BALUA'RTE, f. m. a bulwark, a baftion.
BALVASO'RES, f. m. pl. the great ruling men in a nation.
BALU'MBA, f. f. } the great bulk
BALU'ME, f. m. } made by many
BALUMEN, f. m. } things diforderly heaped together and covered, ufed to fignify the great bulk one makes that wears many cloaths.
BALU'Z, f. m. a fmall bar of gold.
BALZA, f. f. a banner in former times peculiar to the Knights Templars.

B A M

BA'MBA, f. m. a foolish fellow.

Traér en bámba, to banter.

BAMBALEA'R, v. n. to ftagger, to totter, to shake, to quiver.

BAMBAL'INA, f. f. canvas, as ufed to make the fcenes in theatres, on which are reprefented the skies, &c.

BAMBANEA'R, v. n. vide *BAMBALEA'R.*

BAMBAROTEA'R, v. n. to cry out, to make a noife.

BAMBAROTE'RO, f. m. the perfon who bawls, or cries out, makes a noife.

BAMBARRI'A, f. f. a fool, or idiot.

Bambarria, or *Bambarrión*, an accidental, yet fucceffive operation of any thing.

BAMBOCHE, f. m. a landfcape.

BAMBOLEA'R, v. n. vide *BAMBALEA'R.*

BAMBOLE'O, f. m. a tottering, shaking, or ftaggering.

BAMBO'LLA, f. f. pride, oftentation, boafting.

BAMBONEA'R, f. f. to play the fool.

B A N

BANA'NA, f. f. an American fruit fo called.

BA'NAR, f. m. a lord, or mafter. Obf.

BANA'STA, f. f. basket, pannier.

BANASTE'RO, f. m. in cant, a gaoler.

BANA'STO, f. m. a porter that carries a basket; alfo a great basket. In cant, a gaol.

BA'NCA, f. f. a bench.

BANCA'L, f. m. a carpet or cloth to cover a bench.

Bancál, f. m. heaps or banks of fand.

BANCARIA, adj. belonging to the bank.

BANCAROTA, f. f. a bankrupt.

BA'NCO, f. m. bench, ftool; a bank of fand in the fea; a bank of money. In cant, a prifon.

Banco de faciftól a bench with a desk before it to read or write on.

Bancos de fréno, the cheeks of the bridle, and the rings that holds the bit.

Razón de pie de bánco, a foolish reafon.

Báncos de gálera, the feats the men fit on to row in a galley or in a boat.

BA'NDA, f. f. a fide; a band of men; alfo a fcarf.

BANDA'DA, f. f. a multitude, a number of people a gang.

BANDEA'R, v. a. to bandy, to follow a faction; alfo to go from fide to fide; alfo to fuccour, protect, help, affift, relieve.

Bandéarfe, v. r. to help one's felf to relieve one's felf, by diligence and induftry.

BANDE'JA, f. f. a voider, a filver dish.

BANDE'O, f. m. fiding, following a faction.

BANDE'RA, f. f. enfign, flag, banner, the colours.

Bandéras tendidas, colours flying.

BANDERA'DO, adj. vide *ABANDERA'DO.*

BANDERE'TA, f. f. a pendant, a little flag, a ftreamer.

BANDERI'A, f. f. rebellion.

BANDERI'LLA, f. f. a little enfign, flag, or banner.

BANDERIZA'DO adj. factious, quarrelfome, litiglous.

BANDERI'ZO, *BANDE'RO*, f. m. a factious man.

BANDERO'LA, f. f. a little flag, ftreamer, or banner; any loofe rag that hangs.

BANDI'DO, f. m. a highwayman, an outlaw.

BANDI'NES, f. m. pl. the lockers aboard a ship.

BANDI'R, v. a. to bánish.

BA'NDO, f. m. faction; proclamation to fummon a criminal to appear or to declare a man a traitor.

BANDOCIDA'D, f. f. obf. rebellion, rifing in a rebellious tumult.

BANDO'LA, f. f. a lute with four ftrings.

BANDOLE'RA, f. f. bandolier.

BANDOLE'RO, f. m. a feditious perfon; one that has been proclaimed; a highwayman, a robber, an outlaw.

BANDU'JO, f. m. a pudding, a faufage.

BANDU'LLO, f. m. the whole of the guts or inteftines of a man or beaft.

BANDU'RRIA, f. f. an inftrument like a little fiddle.

BANDU'XO, f. m. vide *BANDU'JO.*

BANGUA'RDIA, f. f. vide *VANGUA'RDIA.*

BANI'DO, adj. banished.

BANO'VA, f. f. a thin quilt to cover the bed.

BANQUE'RA, f. f. a fmall beehive.

BANQUE'RO, f. m. a moneybanker.

Banquéro, in a cant, a goal-keeper.

BANQUE'TA, f. f. the banquet, or foot-bank, which is a ftep raifed with earth under every parapet or breaftwork for men to ftand to fire over.

BANQUE'TE, f. m. banque, feaft, entertainement.

BANQUETEA'R, v. a to feaft, to banquet.

BANQUI'LLO, f. m. a little ftool.

B A Ñ

BA'ÑA, f. f. a pond for beafts to water at.

BAÑADE'RA, f. f. a fcoop.

BAÑADO'R, f. m. one that bathes or dips.

BAÑADU'RA, f. f. bathing, or dipping.

BA'ÑAR, v. a to bathe, to dip.

Bañárfe en agua rofada, to bathe in rofe-water; that is, to be very well pleafed.

Bañár con céra, to cover over with wax.

Bañár vasljas de bárro, to glaze earthenware.

BAÑI'L, f. m. vide *BAÑA.*

BA'ÑO, f. m. a place fo called by

the Moors, where their slaves where kept.
Báño, s. m. a bath.

B A O

BA'O, s. m. vide *BA'HO.*
Báo de navio, the cradle or frame of timber brought along the outside of a ship, to launch her more safely.

B A P

BAPTI'SMO, s. m. baptism.
BAPTISTE'RIO, s. m. the font or place of baptism.
BAPTIZA'R, v. a. to baptize.
BAPTI'SO, s. m. vide *BAPTISMO.*

B A Q

BAQUE, s. f. a fall, a loss.
Prov. *Chico baque, y grand caida*, a little fall that makes a great noise; a great cry and little wool.
Dar el báque, to give a fall.
BAQUE'RO, s. m. vide *VAQUE'RO.*
BAQUE'TA, s. m. a rammer of a gun.
Baquéta, s. f. neats-leather.
Baquetas, the drum-sticks.
Mandar a baqueta, to command imperiously.
BAQUETEA'R, v. a. (*passár la baquéta*) to run the gantlet.

B A R

BA'RA, s. f. vide *VA'RA.*
BARACA'N, s. m. a sort of coarse camblet.
BARAGA'N, s. m. a sort of fine carpet.
BARAHA', s. f. the Jewish prayers, or devotions.
BARAHU'NDA, s. f. tumult, confusion, disorder.
BARAHUSTADO'R, s. m. in cant, a poniard.
BARAHUSTA'R, *BARAHUSTEAR*, v. a. to rush in among weapons and make way; to cross weapons to keep out an enemy.
BARAHU'STES, s. m. pl. bannisters for galleries or stairs; formerly, a sort of great darts that were cast out of an engine.
BARA'JA, s. f. a confusion, a fray, a quarrel; also a pack of cards.
Echarse en la baraja, to desist from what one was about, to throw up the cards.
BARAJADO'R, s. m. the dealer at cards, he that shuffles.
BARAJADU'RA, s. f. a blow given in a quarrel.
BARAJA'R, v. a. to confound, intangle, or mix together.
Barajár, v. a. to shuffle cards; also to quarrel, to embroil.
Paciéncia y barajar, to bear patiently our misfortunes wheresoever we go.
BARAJE'L, s. m. a provost of an army.
BARA'L, s. m. vide *VARA'L.*
BARALLAR, v. n. to be quarrelsome.
BARA'NDA, s. f. a rail to lean against.
BARANDI'LLA, s. f diminutive of *baranda.*
BARA'R, v. n. to lay a ship aground; also to launch a ship.
BARA'TA, s. f. a deceitful barter.
BARATA'R, v. a. to sell cheap; to cheapen; to cheat; to barter; to truck.
BARATERI'A, s. f. fraud, deceit, or a suborning, bribing of a judge.
BA'RATHRO, s. m. abyss, bottomless pit.
BARATI'JAS, s. f. pl. pedlars ware, things of a small value.
BARATI'LLO, s. m. a place in the market, where mean goods are sold for a small matter.
BARATI'STA, s. m. a broker; also a cheat.
BARA'TO, adj. cheap.
Baráto, s. m. money given to standers by at play by the winner, which is so usual in Spain, wherever there is play, that there are many who live only by frequenting gaming-houses, and receiving the bounty of winners.
Moter en baráto, to carry things by noise; to make a disturbance; to compass one's ends.
BARATO'N, s. m. a cheap thing, or one that sells cheap, and the barterer.
BARAU'NDA, s. f. vide *BARAHU'NDA.*
BA'RBA, s. f. the beard, the chin; also the small strings of the root.
Barba cabrúna, an herb called goat's beard, or man's beard that looks like a goat's.
Bárba de ballena, whale-bone.
Hómbre de bárba, a man of reputation.
Decírselo en sus bárbas, to say a thing to a man's face.
Arremetér a las bárbas, to fly at a man's face.
Pelárse las bárbas, to tear one's beard for anger.
Llevár a uno de las bárba, to lead a man by the beard.
Escotár tanto por bárba, to pay so much a head, to club.
Echár la buena bárba, to flatter a man out of his money.
BARBACA'NA, s. f. barbacan, a fortification placed before the walls of a town, or an opening in the wall, through which a gun is levelled.
BARBACANE'RA, s. f. a whore that plies about the walls of towns.
BARBACO'A, s. a. scaffold or any such like place, raised above the ground.
BARBA'DA, s. f. water-chains of a bridle, or the rings that hold the bit to them.
Barbáda, s. f. a kind of fish with a smooth skin, without scales.
BARBADI'LLO, adj. bearded, belonging to a beard.
BARBADIñO, s. m. a Capuchin friar.
BARBA'DO, adj. bearded, that has a beard.
BARBADU'RA, s. f. the beard.
BARBA'JAS, s. f. pl. the fibres that are about the roots.
BARBA'LLA, s. f. an herb so called; eaten in sallad.
BARBA'NCA, s. f. a confusion or noise of a multitude.

BARBA'R, v. n. to begin to have a beard, to put on a beard.
BARBARAME'NTE, adv. barbarously.
BARBARERI'A, f. f. vide *BARBARI'DAD*.
BARBARE'SCO, adj. vide *BARBARO*.
BARBA'RIA, f. f. barbarity.
BARBARIDA'D, *BARBARIE*, *BARBARIEDA'D*, } f.f. barbarity.
BARBARI'SMO, f. m. a barbarifm in fpeaking or writing; all barbarous nations.
BA'RBARO, adj. barbarous; f. m. a barbarian.
BARBA'SCO, f. m. the herb mullein.
BARBA'ZA, f. f. a great beard.
BARBEA'R, v. n. to reach any thing with the beard, or that is as high as the beard.
BARBECHACIO'N, f. f. obf. vide *BARBECHO*.
BARBECHA'R, v. a. to plough, or break up the ground.
BARBECHE'RA, f. f. a ploughing.
BARBE'CHO, f. m. a ploughed ground.
BARBECI'LLA, f. m. a little beard.
BARBERI'A, f. f. a barber's shop.
BARBERI'LLO, f. m. diminutive of *barbéro*.
BARBE'RO, f. m. a barber.
BARBERO'L, f. m. vide *BABERO'L*.
BARBERO'TE, f. m. he that trims the galley-flaves.
BARBE'TA, f. f. the tackle aboard a ship to hoift in the boat.
BARBEZI'LLA, f. f. a little beard.
BARBICA'CHO, f. m. a ftay, fillet, or ribbon that comes under the chin.
BARBICA'NO, adj. grey bearded.
BARBIHE'CHO, adj. newly or freshly shaved.
BARBIESPE'SSO, adj. thick-bearded.
BARBILI'NDO, adj. fmooth faced, clofe shaved.

BARBI'LLA, f. f. the chin, a little beard.
BARBILLE'RA, f. f. locks clipped off wool, shear-wool, ftoks fuch as clothworkers make in shearing, ufed in ftuffing of bed ticks, &c.
BARBILU'CIO, adj. belonging to a fmooth or pretty beard.
BARBINE'GRO, adj. black-bearded.
BARBIPONIE'NTE, adj. that begins to have a beard.
BARBIRU'BIO, adj. red-bearded.
BARBITEÑI'DO, adj. with a painted beard.
BARBIZAE'ÑO, adj. hairy, rough-bearded.
BA'RBO, f. m. the fish called a barble.
Bárbo de la mar, a mullet.
BARBO'N, f. m. a great childish fellow, a booby.
BARBONA'ZO, f. m. augm. of *barbón*.
BARBOQUE'JO, f. m. a muffler.
BARBO'TE, f. m. the part of the helmet that covers the chin.
BARBUDI'LLO, f. m. a little bearded fellow; alfo a water-dog.
BARBU'DO, adj. that has a great beard.
Barbúdo, f. m. in cant, a goat.
BARBU'LLA, f. f. an undiftinguishable noife or confufion.
BARBULLAMIE'NTO, f. m. vide *BARBU'LLA*.
BARBULLA'R, v. a. to fpeak in a hurry, confufedly.
BARBULLERIA, f. f. noife, confufion, hurry.
BARBUTI'JAS, f. f. pl. then bubbles in the water when it rains.
BA'RCA, f. f. a bark, a great boat.
BARCA'DA, f. f. a boat full.
BARCA'GE, f. m. paffage-money, a duty paid for things carried crofs a river.
BARCA'ZA, f. m. augm of *bàrca*.
BARCE'L, f. m. obf. a prifon.
BARCE'LLA, f. f. a meafure of liquids fo called.
BARCELONE'S FALDUDO, in cant it means a shield, a buckler, a target.

BARCI'NA, f. f. a net.
BARCI'NO, adj. belonging to a reddish colour.
BA'RCO, f. m. a boat.
Bárco luéngo, a fwift fort of veffel ufed in the Streights.
Bárco otorgádo, a fort of boat.
Bárco lleno y bárco vacio a boat fometimes empty, and fometimes full, fpoken in refpect to the inftability or viciffitude of things.
BARCO'N, f. m. augm. of *bárco*.
BARDA, f. f. a thick hedge, a wall that divides or enclofes.
Bárda de caballo, f. f. armour for a horfe.
Bárda de murálla, the covering on the top of a wall, whether of board, ftone or any other.
BARDA'GO, f. m. among failors, a rope or tackle fo called.
BARDA'L, f. m. enclofure.
BARDA'NA, f. f. dock, a plant; the great burr, the clot-burr; alfo a coarfe fort of cloth.
BARDA'NZA, f. f. a hankering love unlawful luft.
BARDA'R, v. a. to lay boards, timber or ftones on a wall to keep the rain from foaking into it.
Bardár las viñas, to prune the vines.
BARDO'MA, f. f. dirt, clay.
BARETEADO, adj. ftreaky, ftriped.
BARI'LLA, f. f. vide *VARI'LLA*.
BARITO'NO, f. m. a voice between tenor and a bafe.
BARJULETA, f. f. a travelling-bag.
Barjuléta, f. f. a purfe, a pouch.
BARJULETAZA, f. f. a large purfe.
BARLAVENTEA'R, v. n. vide *BARLOVENTEAR*.
BARLOA'R, v. n. to grapple a ship.
Barloar, or *barloventeár*, v. a. is to ply to the windward; alfo to ply up ano down, or to cruife about.
Barloventeár, to wander up and down.
BARLOVE'NTO, f. m. the windward.

BARNI'Z, f. f. varnish.
BARNIZADO'R, f. m. a varnisher.
BARNIZA'R, v. a. to varnish.
BA'RO, adj. rare, thin, loofe.
BARO'METRO, f. m. a barometer.
BARO'N, f. m. a baron; alfo a man.
BARONE'SA, f. f. a baronnefs, the lady of a baron.
BARONI'A, f. f. a barony.
BARONI'L, adj. manly.
BARQUEA'R, v. a. to guide a bark.
BARQUE'RO, } f. m waterman,
BARQUE'ROL, } boat man.
BARQUE'TA, } f. f. a fmall boat
BARQUILLA, }
Ducádo de la barquílla, a ducat that had a boat ftamped on it.
BARQUILLE'RO, f. m. a boat-builder, or one who fells boats.
BARQUI'LLOS, f. m. pl. large wafers, rolled up, and fweet to eat.
BA'RRA, f. f. an iron or wooden bar; the bar at the entrance of an harbour; a grofs-fpun thread in cloth; a bar of filver or gold; a barrier.
Tirár la bárra, to pitch the bar, an exercife formerly in ufe.
Bárras de cabeftránte, the capftan-bars; being fmall pieces of timber put into the barrel of the capftan through fquare holes, by which men turn the capftan to heave the anchor.
Eftirár la bárra, to pitch the bar beyond another, to outdo him.
Eftar en barras, to be upon the point of completing one's bufines.
De barra á barra, from end to end
BARRA'CA, f. f. barrack, hut, fuch as foldiers have to lie in, or fishermen on the fea-fide.
BARRACHE'L, f. m. a provoft in an army; alfo an officer to apprehend robbers.
BARRA'CO, f. m. a tame boar; alfo a fmall fort of cannon.
BARRAGA'N, f. m. a great lufty fellow; alfo a bachelor.
Barragán, a coarfe kind of camblet.
BARRAGA'NA, f. f. a great romping wench; a fingle woman; alfo a ftrumpet.
BARRAGANA'DA, f. f. is fometimes taken for a ftout action, fometimes for whoredom.
BARRAGANE'TE, f. m. a piece of wood on the outfide of a ship, to faften fome of the tackling to.
BARRAGANI'A, f. m. whoredom.
BARRA'JO, f. m. ftrife, contention.
BARRA'L, f. m. a large bottle.
BARRA'N, f. m. a clown, a ruftical fellow.
BARRA'NCA, f. f. } a flough in a
BARRA'NCO, f. m. } road, a deep-place where the ground is broken up; a place where cattle are ftuck; alfo a rub in a way.
BARRANCO'SO, adj. rugged, uneven, full of floughs and ridges.
BARRANQUEA'R, v. n. to whip a top, fuch as boys play with.
BARRANQUE'RO, adj. hopping about like an unfteady top.
A traque barraque, adv. at any time, for any reafon or motive.
BARRAQUI'LLA, f. f. a little barrack; alfo a cabbin in a ship.
BARRAQUI'LLO, f. m. a little boat; alfo a fmall piece of cannon.
BARRA'R, v. a. to bar, to make faft.
BA'RRAS, f. f. pl. any fort of bars, and barry in heraldry.
Juégo de bárras, a game with bowls to be drove through an iron ring.
BARREA'R, v. a. to bar, to barricade.
BARREDE'RA, f. f. a dragnet.
Barredéra, a fail that hangs fo low it fweeps the hatches.
BARREDE'RO, f. m. a broom, or any thing to fweep with; an oven's broom.
BARREDO'R, f. m. a fweeper.
BARREDU'RAS, f. f. pl. fweepings, the dirt that is fweept together.
BARRE'N, f. m. the rifing part of a great faddle, which holds in the rider.
BARRE'NA, f. f. the nail-piercer, or augre; alfo that part of the faddle to which the ftirrups hang.
BARRENA'R, v. a. to pierce, or bore.
Barrenádo de cáfcos, that has had his skull bored, or has no brains.
BARRENDA'R, v. a. vide *BARRE'R*.
BARRENDE'RO, f. m. a fweeper.
BARRENI'LLA, f. f. a fmall piercer or augre.
BARRENI'LLO, f. m. a furgeon's inftrument to trepan a broken skull.
BARRE'ÑA, f. f. } an earthen pan.
BARRE'ÑO, f. m. }
BARREÑO'N, f. m. a great earthen pan.
BARRE'NO, f. m. a piercer or augre, or the hole made with one.
BARRE'R, v. r. to fweep.
Barrér todo lo que hay, or *dexár la cáfa barrída*, to fweep away all.
BARRE'RA, f. f. a barrier; alfo a claypit.
BARRE'TA, f. f. a little bar.
BARRETEA'R, v. a. to bar, to barricade, to fortify by means of a barrier. Among shoemakers, to make shoes ftronger by an additional fole.
BARRIA'DA, f. f. vide *BA'RRIO*.
BARRIAL, f. m. a clayish fpot of ground, a clay-pit.
BARRI'CA, f. f. cask, hogshead.
BARRICA'DA, f. f. ftoppage, obftruction, barricade.
BARRIE'NTO, adj. full of clay.
BARRI'GA, f. f. the belly, the pauach.
Trahér barriga, to be with child.
BARRIGU'DO, adj. that has a great belly.
BARRIGUE'LA, }
BARRIGUI'LLA, } f. f. a little belly.
BARRIGUI'TA, }
BARRI'L, f. m. any fort of cask or barrel; an earthen veffel with a great belly and narrow neck, in which harveft-men carry drink into the fields.

BARRILE'JO, s. m. a little cask or barrel.
BARRILE'RO, s. m. a cooper.
BARRILE'TE, s. m. a particular ligature made round a mast. A seaman's word.
BARRILI'LLO, s. m. a little cask or barrel.
BARRI'LLA, s. f. a little bar; also the herb glasswort.
BA'RRIO, s. m. a ward or quarter in a town; a farm-house.
BARRIO'NDO, adj. sharp, or sour.
BARRISCA'R, v. a. to sell by the lump.
BARRE'TO, s. m. all the noise the elephant makes.
BARRIZA'L; s. m. vide *BARRIA'L*.
BA'RRO, s. m. clay, mortar; earthen pots; pimples on the face.
BARRO'N, s. m. a great earthen pan.
Barros de róstro, pimples, carbuncles in the face.
BARRO'SO, adj. clayish; pimply.
BARRO'TE, s. m. a great bar.
BARRO'TES, s. m. pl. see *ABARRO'TES*.
BARRU'CA, s. f. deceit, cunning, fraud.
Barrúca, s. f. obs. cunning, duplicity.
BARRUE'CO, s. m. the pearl that is not round, but ill-shaped.
BARRUNTA'R, v. a. to guess at a thing by some sign, token, or symptome; to imagine, to presume upon some ground.
BARRUNTE, s. m. obs. spy.
BARRU'NTO, s. m. guess, presumption, imagination.
BARZO'N, s. m. a ring to fix the plough-share in.

B A S

BA'SA, s. f. base, pedestal on which a pillar, statue, or any other thing stands; also the foundation or basis of any thing.
Básá, s. f. a trick made when playing at cards.
No dexár, hacér bása, to talk all, without suffering the rest to put in a word, alluding to not let him win a trick at cards.
BA'SCAS, s. f. pl. a loathing in the stomach, striving to vomit, inward struggling, a qualm upon the stomach, a reaching.
BASCOSIDA'D, s. f. filth, nastiness.
BASCO'SO, adj. that is troubled with qualms or reachings.
BASE, s. f. the base of a pillar of any thing.
BASE'MIA, s. a qualm, or provocation to vomit.
BASI'JA, any sort of pot or vessel.
BASI'CA, s. f. in cant, the gallows.
BASI'LICA, s. f. a church; any royal house.
BASILICO, s. m. basil, an herb so called.
BASI'LICON, s. m. an ointment used by surgeons.
BASILI'SCO, s. m. a basilisk, a fabulous beast, said to kill by looking.
BASI'LLO, vide *VASI'LLO*.
BA'SIS, s. f. the base any thing rests on.
BASQUE'AR, v. n. to reach for vomiting.
BASQUENCE, s. m. the language of Biscay.
BASQUI'ÑA, s. f. a large upper petticoat to wear over the rest.
BASTA, s. f. a stich in a quilt or matress.
Básta, adv. enough, avast.
BASTA'GE, / *BASTA'JE*, s. m. a porter to carry burthens.
BASTA'GO, s. m. vide *VASTA'GO*.
BASTAME'NTE, adv. grossly, coarsely.
BASTA'NTE, adj. sufficient.
BASTANTEME'NTE, adv. sufficiently.
BASTA'R, v. n. to suffice.
BASTA'RDA, s. f. a sail so called.
BASTARDE'AR, v. n. to degenerate.
BASTARDE'LO, s. m. book of memorandum, posting-book, journal that is to be transcribed into the ledger-book, a common-place-book.
BASTARDI'A, s. f. bastardy.
BASTA'RDO, s. m. a bastard; also wine made of raisins, or any thing that is irregular.
Bastárdo, in fortification, a platform.
Bastardo, adj. bastard, illegitimate, spurious.
BASTE, s. m. a pack-saddle finely worked.
BASTEA'R, v. a. to pack a saddle with wool.
BASTECEDO'R, s. m. a purveyor.
BASTECE'R, v. a. to victual, to furnish with provisions.
BASTECIMIE'NTO, s. m. necessary provision in plenty.
BASTEDA'D, s. f. vastness, amplitude.
BASTERO, s. m. the maker of packsaddles.
BASTI'DA, s. f. a wooden tower raised against a town besieged.
BASTIDO'R, s. m. a straining-frame for a picture, or the like; or such a frame as embroiderers, or starchers, or other such trades use.
BASTI'LLA, s. f. fold or plait in cloth.
BASTIME'NTO, s. m. victuals, provisions.
BASTIO'N, s. m. a bastion.
BA'STO, adj. coarse, gross, unpolished.
Básto, s. m. a sort of pannel.
BASTO'N, s. m. a cane, a stick.
Bastón de generál, a general's staff.
Echar el bastòn, to interpose between friends that are ready to quarrel.
BASTONA'DA; s. f. a stroke with a club or staff.
BASTONA'ZO, s. m. a great cudgel, or a stroke with it.
BASTONCI'LLO, s. m. a little staff. In architecture, it is a small round in a pillar between two great ones.
BASTONE'RO, s. m. an officer that carries a staff.
BA'STOS, s. m. pl. is also the club at cards, so called, because the Spanish cards have those we call

clubs, made in the shape of real clubs, called in Spanish *baſtónes*, and thence *baſtós*.

BASU'RA, ſ. f. ordure, excrement.

BASURE'RO, ſ. m. the perſon who carries away the dirt, a ſcavenger.

BAT

BA'TA, ſ. f. a night-gown.

BATACA'ZO, ſ. m. the ſtroke a man gives on the ground when he falls or is ſtruck down.

BATADO'R, ſ. m. a washing beetle.

BATAFALU'A, *BATAFALU'GA*, } ſ. f. anniſeed.

BATAGUE'LA, ſ. f. a little kneading trough.

BATAHO'LA, ſ. f. confuſion, noiſe, tumult, rumour.

BATA'LLA, ſ. f. a battle, an army.

Batálla campál, a pitched battle.

BATALLADO'R, ſ. m the perſon who fights, a gladiator.

VATALLA'R, v. n. to fight, to contend.

BATALLERAME NTE, adv. frequently.

BATALLE'RO, adj. common, uſual, frequent.

BATA'LLO, ſ. m. any thing full of fleſh or plump.

BATALLO'LAS, ſ. f. the ſpace in a galley between the oars; alſo forked irons on the ſides of the galley.

BATALLO'N, ſ. m. a battalion.

BATALLO'SO, adj. warlike, belonging to war.

BATA'N, ſ. m. a fulling-mill for cloth.

BATANADO'R, ſ. m. a fuller of cloth.

BATANA'R, v. a. to full, to mill cloth, or the like; alſo to beat one.

BATANEA'R, v. a. vide *VATANA'R*.

BATANE'RO, vide *VATANADO'R*.

BATA'TA, ſ. f. a potatoe-root.

BATE'A, ſ. f. a painted hamper.

Batéa, ſ. f. a kneading-trough, a binn for bread.

BATEA'R, v. a. to baptize; a corrupt word.

BATEGUE'LA, ſ. f. diminutive of *batéa*.

BATE'L, ſ. m. a ship-boat, a pinnace, or yawl.

BATE'LES, ſ. m. pl. in cant, is a gang of thieves or ruffians.

BATELI'LLO, ſ. m. a little boat.

BATE'O, ſ. m. a chriſtening.

BATERI'A, ſ. f. a battery, battering of a place; contention, or ſtrife.

BATICU'LO, ſ. m. a ſort of white veil hanging on the shoulders, and full of plaits below.

BATI'DA, ſ. f. a noiſe that huntſmen make to rouze up a deer, or wild boar.

BATIDE'RA, ſ. f. a chiſſel, a hatchet, a large ax, alſo an inſtrument to beat lime with.

BATIDE'RO, ſ. m. a place where there is much hammering or beating.

Batidéro de agua, a great fall of water.

BATI'DO, adj. beaten, or hammered.

BATIDO'R, ſ. m. one that beats, or hammers.

Batidór, ſ. m. a ſpy in an army, a ſcout, or whatch centinel.

Batidór de óro, ó plata, a gold-beater.

BATIDU'RA, ſ. f. a beating, or hammering.

BATIE'NTE, ſ. m. the jam of a door.

BATIFU'LLA, ſ. m. vide *Batidór de óro*.

BATIHO'JA, ſ. m. a gold-beater.

BATIMIE'NTO, ſ. m. beating.

BATI'R, v. a. to beat, to hammer, to batter.

Batir hója, to beat metal in to thin plates, or ſilver, or leaf-gold.

Batir los diéntes, to chatter the teeth.

Batir huévos, to beat eggs.

Batir el cóbre, to hammer copper; metaph, to ply to buſineſs very aſſiduouſly.

Batir el eſtandárte, for *abatir*, to ſtrike the colours.

Batir múros, to batter walls.

Batir en ruína, to batter quite down.

Batir monéda, to coin money.

Batir las álas, to clap the wings, to fly ſwiftly.

Batir las ólas, to beat the waves, to row.

BATOLO'GIA, ſ. f. a ſort of tautology, or fooliſh repetition of the ſame words.

BATUCA'R, v. a. to mix confuſedly, without diſtinction.

BATUE'CAS, ſ. m. pl. a ſort of wild mountaineers.

BATUE'CO, ſ. m. a clownish, brutal fellow.

BATUQUE'RIO, ſ. m. violent shake given to liquids that they may mix.

BAU

BAUCADO'R, ſ. m. an artful cheat a cunning rogue.

BAU'L, ſ. m. a trunk; ironically the belly.

BAUPRE'S, ſ. m. the boltſprit of a ship.

BAUSA'N, ſ. m. } a figure made *BAUSA'NA*, ſ. f. } like a man ſtuffed with ſtraw, uſed formerly to ſet on walls where the garriſon was weak, to make it appear ſtronger; a fool, heavy, ſtupid perſon, or one that ſtands gazing at any thing as if he were out of his ſenſes.

BAUTISMO, ſ. m. vide *BAPTISMO*.

BAUTISTE'RIO, ſ. m. vide *BAPTISTE'RIO*.

BAX

BA'XA, ſ. f. an old dance.

Báxa, ſ. f. an abatement.

Báxa, ſ. m. a Turſkish bashaw.

BAXA'DA, ſ. f. a deſcent.

BAXA'DO, adj. brought down, humbled, debaſed.

BAXADU'RA, ſ. f. deſcending.

BAXAMANE'RO, ſ. m. in cant, a thief.

BAXAMA'R, ſ. f. low-water.

BAXAME'NTE, adv. lowly, humbly, baſely.

BAXAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. bringing down, deſcending.

BAXA'MO, adv. underhand, in a private clandeſtine manner.

BAXA'R, v. n. to bring, or come down, to dismount, to humble.
Baxár de precio, to lower the price.
Baxár de púnto, to be humbled, to fall to a lower condition.
Baxár los brós, to bring down a man's stomach.
BA'XAS, s. f. pl. sands in the sea.
BAXE'L, s. m. any sort of ship, or other vessel, but more particularly the smaller sort, and under three decks.
BAXELI'TO, s. m. diminutive of *baxél*.
BAXE'RO, adj. that which is below, the under-lip.
BAXE'TE, s. m. a singer that has a voice tending from the tenour to the base.
BAXE'ZA, s. f. lowness, meanness, vileness, baseness; a mean base action.
Baxéza de animo, lowness of spirit, a dejected mind.
BAXI'LLA, s. f. all the plate or other furniture for the table.
BAXI'LLO, s. m. low, a little fellow.
BAXI'O, } s. m. a shoal, or sand in
BAXO, } the sea; also lowering in price and value.
Báxo, adj. low, deep; in music, the base; in a house, the lower floor.
Hombre báxo, a mean man.
Hablár báxo, to talk low.
Mar báxa, a shallow sea.
Pensamientos báxos, a mean spirit.
Precio báxo, a low price.
BAXO'N, s. m. the base in music, and the instrument called bassoon.
BAXONCI'LLO, s. m. diminutive of *baxón*.
BAXUE'LO, s. m. a little low fellow.
BAXU'RA, s. f. obs. barbarity.

B A Y

BA'YA, s. f. laughing at, ridiculing, bantering, mocking.
Dar báya, s. f. to banter, to holloo after.
Baya, s. f. a berry.
BAYAL, s. m. a frame used in shifting mill-stones when renewing their edges by hammering.
BAYE'TA, s. f. a kind of woollen stuff.
BA'YO, adj. bay, of a bay colour.
BAYONETA, s. f. a bayonet, a short dagger fixed at the end of a musket.
Calar la bayoneta, to fix the bayonet to the musket.
BAYONETA'ZO, s. m. a wound made with a musket.
BAYO'SA, s. f. in cant, a sword.
BAYU'CA, s. f. in cant, a tavern.

B A Z

BA'ZA, s. f. a trick at cards.
BA'ZO, s. m. a spleen, the milt.
Bázo, adj. brown coloured.
BAZO'FIA, s. f. the worst part of eatables.
BAZUCA'R, v. a. to mix together.

B D E

BDELI'O, s. m. bdellium, or a black tree in Arabia, or its gum.

B E

BE, the cry of a sheep.

B E A

BEATA, s. f. a sort of religious woman, employing herself in prayer, and works of charity; also any female hypocrite, called ironically by that name.
BEATERIA, s. f. a religious action; hypocrisy.
BEATERIO, s. m. a house where the religious women live.
BEATIFICACION, s. f. beatification.
BEATIFICA'R, v. a. to place among the saints.
BEATI'FICO, adj. blessed.
BEATI'LLA, s. f. a sort of linnen wove very thin to make white veils for women, something like a fine canvas.
BEATITU'D, s. f. beatitude, blessedness. One of the titles given to the pope.
BEA'TO, adj. blessed, or a religious man, that lives as the *beatas* above.

B E B

BEBEDE'RO, s. m. a trough for beasts to drink in.
BEBEDI'ZO, s. m. love-potion, such as foolish women give to men to make them love them.
BE'BEDO, adj. drunk.
BEBEDO'R, s. m. f. a drinker, a toper.
Prov. *Debaxo de una mála cápa, hay buén bebedór*, under a bad cloak may be a great drinker; that is, under a mean habit may be a rich man, teaching us to despise no man on the account of his dress.
BEBER, v. a. to drink.
Bebér al cábo, to drink all up.
Bebér hásta mas no poder, to drink as long as a man can hold.
Bebér hásta caér, to drink till one cannot stand.
Bebér los viéntos, to drink up the wind; that is, to desire any thing immoderately, which makes a man anxious, and breathe quick.
Bebér la ciencia, to drink up a science, to become master of it with as much ease as a man can drink.
Deseár bebér la sángre de ótro, to desire to drink another man's blood, the utmost malice.
Bebér por calabaza, to drink out of a calabash; that is, to do any thing without consideration; because he that drinks out of a calabash, sees not wha the drinks, as he does, who has an open cup.
Beber de códos, to drink at one's elbows that is, at leisure.
Bebér de aután, to drink as much as one's neighbour.
Bebér de brúces, to drink lying all along on the ground.
Bebér por ónzas, to drink by ounces, to be precise.
Bebérse el séso, to turn one's brain.
Bebér sobre tárja, to live high upon trust, without design to pay.
Bebér a dos mános, to drink holding the cup with both hands.

Bebér a tutti quanti; to drink to all the company.
Dársela a bebér, to give it a man to drink; that is, to do a man a diskindness, in revenge for another.
BEBI'DA, f. f. drink; alfo a potion.
BEBI'DO, f. m. a drunken man.
BEBIE'NDA, f. f. vide *BEBI'DA*.
BEBLA'DA f. f. drunkennefs.
BEBLA'DO, adj. drunken.
BEBORROTEA'R, v. n. to be always drinking or fipping.
BEBORROTO'N, f. m. one that is always drinking or fipping.
BEBRA'GE, f. m. a draught; commonly a phifical draught.

B E C

BE'CA, f. f. the dignity of entering on a fellowship, or any college preferment.
Béca, f. f. a welt of cloth hanging about the neck, and almoft down to the feet, after the manner of the doctors of divinity's fcarfs in England; formerly wore in Spain by dignified clergymen only, now left off by them, and worn by all ftudents in colleges, who are diftinguished and known by the feveral shapes and colours of them.
BECA'DA, f. f. a woodcock.
BECAFI'GO, f. m. a bird like a nightingale, feeding on figs and grapes; a fig-pecker.
BECARDO'N, f. m. a fnipe.
BECERRI'LLO, f. m. a young calf.
BECE'RRO, f. m. a young calf.
BECE'TO, f. m. the hanging part of the lip; alfo lip-jewels, worn by fome Indians.
BE'CO, f. m. an alley.
BECOQUI'N, f. m. a little bonnet or cap that ties under the chin.
BECO'TE, f. m. a ring fome Indians wear in their lip.

B E D

BEDE'JA. f. f. vide *VEDEJA*.
BEDEJU'DO, adj. vide *VEDEJUDO*.
BEDE'L, f. m. an officer in the univerfities in Spain, being the fame as the beadle among us.
BEDE'N, f. m. a ribband, a headband, fillet, or hair-lace to tie up the hair with; a wreath or cornish at the top of a pillar.
BEDE'RRE, f. m. in cant, a hangman.
BEDIJA. f. f. vide *VEDEJA*.
BEDIJUDO, adj. vide *VEDEJUDO*.

B E F

BE'FA, f. f. a fcoff, an abufive jeft.
BEFA'R, v. a. to fcoff, to jeer, to deride.
BE'FO. adj. fplay-footed.
BEFRE, f. m. the creature called *caftor*, or beaver.

B E G

BE'GE, *BE'JE*, f. m. the beak of a ship.
BEGI'N, f. m. a fine fort of mush rooms.
Hacerfe un begin, to be in a great paffion, to be enraged.

B E H

BEHEMOTH, f. m. generally interpreted a great beaft; but by fome is made to comprehend all four-footed beafts.
BEHETRI'AS, are lordships, or liberties free from the fubjection of any lord, but what they chufe at pleafure, and can difcard at will.
BEHO'RDO, f. m. the herb called cats-tail.

B E J

BEJUCO, f. m. a willow twig.

B E L

BEL, adj. m. (contracted from *bello*) handfome, beautiful, fine, pretty.
BELDA'D, f. f. beauty; alfo a beautiful woman.
BELEñO, f. m. the herb henbane.
BELE'ZA, f. f. a plant fo called.
BELFO, adj. one who has a hanging under-lip.
BELHE'ZES, f. f. pl. in cant, goods, moveables.
BELIA'L, adj. wicked, incorrigibile.
BELICO, adj. warlike, as a thing belonging to war.
BELICOSAME'NTE, adv. warlike.
BELICO'SO, adj. warlike, as a warlike man.
BELI'DA, f. f. the herb called crowfoot.
BELI'GERO, adj. belligerous, warlike.
BELITRE, f. m. a beggar, a fcoundrel, an inconfiderable fellow, a vagabond.
BELITRE'RO, f. m. one that abets and fupports all manner of rogues.
BELLACA'DA, f. f. a bad and mean action.
BELLACAME'NTE, adv. bafely, knavishly.
BELLACO, f. m. a knave a villain; an arch-wag.
BELLACO'N, f. m. augm. of *bellaco*.
BELLAME'NTE, adv. fairly, beautifully, finely.
BELLAQUERI'A, f. f. difgrace; villainy, roguery.
BELLAQUILLO, f. m. a little knave.
BELLEGUI'N, f. m. a bailiff's follower.
BELLEZA, f. f. beauty; alfo a beautiful perfon or thing.
Decir bellezas, to fpeak with particular graces.
BELLI'DO, adj. graceful, handfome, pretty.
BELLIRI'FE, f. m. in cant, an officer, or juftice.
BELLO, adj. fair, beautiful. Of old it was ufed to fignify rich.
BELLO'N f. m. brafs, or copper money.
BELLORI'TA, f. f. the primrofe.
BELLO'SA f. f. in cant, a rough feaman's coat, or any coarfe woollen.
BELLO'TA, f. f. an acorn.
Cordónes de bellóta, ftrings with taffels to them.
Eftár un hombre de la bellóta, to be fat and lufty a fwine.
BELLO'TE, f. m. a roundheaded nail.

BELLOTE'RO f. m. one that gathers or fells acorns; alfo the place where acorns are found.
Ha ido al bellotero, he has been fed with acorns as hogs; fpeaking of a very fat and lufty man.
Bellotero, f. m. an acorn-tree.
BEL RA'TO, a great while.

BEN

BENALA'QUE, f. m. a farm-houfe upon a vineyard.
BENDECI'R, v. a. to blefs.
BENDICIO'N, f. f. a bleffing.
BENDI'TO, adj. bleffed.
BENDITAME'NTE, adv. bleffedly.
BENEFACTO'R f. m. a benefactor.
BENEFICE'NTIA, f. f. beneficence, doing of good turns.
BENEFICI'ADO, f. m. a prieft that has a benefice, or lands, or other things inproved.
BENEFICIADO'R, f. m. a perfon who does good turns; alfo one that has the care of any thing, an adminiftrator.
BENEFICIAL, adj. beneficial, belonging to a benefit, or bene fice.
BENEFICIA'R, v. a. to improve.
Beneficiár, v. a. to do good turns, to be kind, and beneficent.
Beneficiár oro, ò plata, to refine gold or filver.
Beneficiár la tierra, to manure, or improve land.
BENEFI'CIO, f. m. a benefice, a benefit, alfo inproving, and an ecclefiaftical benefice.
BENEFICIO'SO, adj. beneficent, kind; alfo profitable, beneficial.
BENE'FICO, adj. one that does good turns, or beftows benefits.
BENEMERE'NCIA, f. f. good turns done to the commonwealth, fervice to one's country.
BENEME'RITO, adj. worthy, well deferving.
BENEPLACITO, f. m. permiffion, approbation.
BENE'RA, f. f. vide *VENERA*.
BENEVOLE'NCIA, f. f. good-will.
BENE'VOLO, adj. well-affected.
BENGA'LA f. f. avery flight fort of filk web.
BENIGNAME'NTE, adv. kindly, lovingly.
BENIGNIDA'D, f. f. goodnefs, kindnefs, bounty; alfo falubrity, whole-fome quality.
BENI'GNO, adj. courteous, loving, kind, bountiful, alfo wholefome, fweet, mild.
BENI'NO, f. m. a bunch, or fwelling.
BENJUI' f. m. benzoin, a rofin or gum fo called.

BEO

BEODE'Z, f. f. drunkennefs.
BEO'DO, adj. drunk.

BEQ

BEQUE, f. m. the beak of a ship, or galley; alfo an houfe of office.

BER

BERBENA, f. f. vide *VERBE'NA*.
BE'RBE'RIS, f. m. the white thorntree.
BERCE'RO, f. m. f. the perfon who fells cabbage, falad, &c.
BERDOLAGA, f. f. vide *VERDOLAGA*.
BERE'DA, f. f. vide *VEREDA*.
BERENGE'NA, f. f. a kind of fruit like a cucumber, shaped like a pear, eaten in Spain, boiled with beef or mutton, or otherwife dreffed on fishdays.
BERENGENADO, adj. belonging to *berengénas*.
BERENGENA'L, f. m. a field where *berengénas* grow.
BERENGENAZO, f. m. blow given with a *berengéna*.
BERGAMO'TA, f. f. a bergamot pear.
BERGA'NTE, f. m. a rogue, a rafcal.
BERGANTI'N, f. m. bergantine, a kind of veffel.
BERGANTO'N, f. m. a great rogue.
BERI'L, f. m. a greenish precious ftone.
BERILES, f. m. pl. fine glaffes to preferve the fight, or to fet before relicks or pictures in miniature.
BERLA'N, f. a fort of game at cards.
BE'RMA, f. f. the lower part of a wall in fortification.
BERMEGI'A, f. f. a fly trick.
BERMEJE'AR, v. n. to be reddish; alfo to blush.
BERMEJI'ZO, adj ruddy, reddish; fubftantively ufed, a little red-haired boy.
BERME'JO, adj. red; red-haired.
BERMEJUE'LA, f. f. a reddish fish, called a rochet.
BERMEJU'RA, f. f. rednefs.
BERMELLON, f. m. vermil, vermilion, fine red.
BERNARDINA, f. f. proud and boafting fpeech.
BERNEGA'L, f. m. a fort of varnished earthen veffel to drink out of; a filver or golden cup.
BE'RNIA, f. f. a coarfe fort of cloth.
BERNIZ, f. f. vide *BARNIZ*.
BERRAZAS, f. f. pl. over-grown water-creffes.
BERRA'CO, f. m. a bear-pig; a nut with a green husk; a short piece of canon with a wide bore.
BERRA'ZA, f. f. an acquatick plant fo called.
BERRE'A, f. f. a place where water creffes grow.
BERREA'R, v. n. to cry like a calf, to bellow; to quarrel and to fight.
BERREGUETA'R, v. n. to deceive by tricks at cards.
BERRI'DO, f. m. the bellowing of calves.
BERRI'N, f. m. the perfon who puts himfelf in a paffion.
BERRIONDE'Z, f. f. rut, pride in fows.
BERRIO'NDO, adj. in brimming, in luft.
BE'RRO, f. m. the herb called water-creffes.

BERROCA'L, s. m. a place full of rocky hillocks

BERROQUEÑA, s. f. a sort of speckled coarse marble.

BERRUE'CO, s. m. an uneven hillock; also a wart; mishapen pearl.

BERRU'GA, s. f. a wart; the top of a hill or rock.

BERRUGO'SO, adj. full of warts; full of hillocks.

BERRUGUE'TA, s. f. in cant, a cheat at cards.

BERRUGUIE'NTO, adj. vide *BERRUGOSO.*

BERY'LO, s. m. a precious stone called a beryl, green coloured.

BE'RZA, s. f. cabbage.

Bérza perruna, wild mercury.

Bérza créspa, curled cabbage.

Bérza colorada, red cabbage.

Bérzas floridas, colliflowers.

BERZE'RA, s. f. herb-woman.

BERZUE'LA, s. f. young cabbage,

B E S

BE'SA MANOS, s. m. a kissing of the hands, a ceremony performed by an inferior to a superior.

BESA'NT, s. m. a coin so called, formerly in use.

BESA'R, v. a. to kiss.

Besár la ropá el suélo, to drag, to touch the ground.

Besár el azóte, to kiss the rod.

No hay sino llegár y besár, it is touch and take.

BESICOS DE MONJA, a sort of sweetmeats.

BESI'TO, s. m. diminutive of *beso.*

BE'SO, s. m. a kiss.

Dar bésos al járro, to toss the pot.

BESTEZUE'LA, s. f. a little beast.

BE'STIA, s. f. a beast; a brutish man, a dunce, an ill-bred fellow.

Bestia de albarda, a beast; of burthen.

Condenár á béstias, to condemn to be torn in piece by wild beasts.

BESTIA'L, adj. beastly, belonging to beasts.

Pecádo bestial, the sin committed with a beasts.

BESTIALI'DAD, s. f. beastliness.

BESTIALME'NTE, adv. brutishly.

BESTIA'R, s. m. cattle.

BESTIA'ZA, s. f. augmentative of *bestia.*

BESTIO'N, s. m. a great beast a great booby fellow. In architecture, or painting, a sort of a half pillar or tall pedestal, with some figure on it, some of which seem to bear up the structure. In fortification, bastion.

BESTO'LA, s. f. an iron used to clean the coulter of the plough.

BESUCADO'R, s. m. he that gives many kisses or busses, and in a coarse manner.

BESUCA'R, v. a. to kiss often, or after a rude manner.

BESU'GO, s. m. a fish called a seabream.

Ojo de besugo, white eyes.

Eládo como un besúgo, frozen like a bream.

BESUGUE'TE, s. m. a little fish like a sea-bream.

B E T

BETA, s. f. a vein in a metallick mine, and also a vein in stone or marble.

BE'TAS, s. f. pl. ropes used among sailors.

BETA'DO, adj. distinguished by vains of various colours, said of marble and stone.

BETARRAGA, *BETARRATA*, } s. f. a beet-root.

BETELE', s. m. a plant so called, which the Asiatick men and women chew.

BETO'N, s. m. the coarse wax at the mouth of the bee-hive.

BETO'NICA, s. f. the herb betony.

BETUMA'R, v. a. vide *BETUMINA'R.*

BETU'MEN, s. f. bitumen, a liquid thick substance.

BETUMINA'R, v. a. to daub with *betumen.*

BETU'N, s. m. vide *BETUMEN.*

BETUNA'R, v. a. to daub, to careen ships, to use washes to the face.

B E U

BEU'DO, s. m. vide *BORRACHO.*

BEU'NA, s. f. a sort of reddish grape.

B E V

BEVA'NDA, s. f. vide *BEBA'NDA.*

BEVEDE'RO, s. m. vide *BEBEDE'RO.*

BEVEDO'R, s. m. vide *BEBEDO'R.*

BE'VER, v. a. vide *BEBER.*

BEVIDA, s. f. vide *BEBIDA.*

B E X

BEXI'GA, s. f. a bladder.

BEXIGAZO, s. m. a blow with a bladder.

BEXIGOS, s. m. pl. the disease among horses called the scratches.

BEXIGUI'LLA, s. f. a little bladder.

BEXI'N, s. m. the mushroom called puff-balls, or puffy mushroom; metaph. a boy that swells with anger, and after making faces bursts out in tears.

BEXU'CO, s. m. a withe.

B E Z

BEZAA'R, s. m. the bezoarstone.

BEZA'R, s. m. vide *BEZAA'R.*

BE'ZO, s. m. use custom, also a kiss, and a lip, and the swelling a bout a wound when it festers.

BEZOA'R, s. m. vide *BEZAAR.*

BEZU'DO, adj. having thick lips like a negro.

B I A

BIAZAS, s. f. pl. knapsack.

B I B

BI'BARO, s. m. the castor, or beaver.
BIBLIA, s. f. the Holy Bible.
BIBLIOTHE'CA, s. f. library a large collection of books.
BIBLIOTHECARIO, s. m. a librarian, or library-keeper.

B I C

BICE'RRA, s. f. a kind of wild goat.
BICHO, ó *BICHA*, s. m. f. a sort of figures half men or women, and half fish, or any other beast.
Bichos, s. m. ó *Bichas*, s. f. any venomous beasts, or any insects in general.
Cara de bicho, a great ugly face.
Un mal bicho, a malicious and mischievous fellow.
BICO, s. m. a small ornament of gold formerly worn upon men's caps or bonnets.
BICO'CA, s. f. a centinel's box; a small bad fortified place; a little village.
BICO'RNE, adj. belonging to any thing which has two horns; used by poets.
BICORPO'REO, adj. belonging to two bodies.

B I E

BIE'LDA, s. f. a van, or fan, to winnov corn with.
BIELDA'R, v. a. to fan to winnow.
BIE'LDO, s. m. a fan, or a thing to cast up corn against the wind to win- now it.
BIEN, s. m. good; also prosperity, advancement.
Bien, adv. good, well; also much, very.
Bien que; *si bien*, although.
BIENANDANTE, adj. succesful, fortunate; a word usedin romances.
BIENAVENTURADAMENTE adv. blessedly, fortunately, luckily.
BIENAVENTURA'DO, adj. happy, fortunate, lucky.
BIENAVENTURA'NZA, s. f. bliss, happiness, good fortune.
BIENDEZI'R, v. a. vide *BENDEZI'R*.
BIE'NES, s. m. pl. goods.
Biénes ráizes, an estate real.
Biénes muébles, moveables.
BIENGRANA'DA, s. f. the plant oak of Jerusalem.
BIENHADA'DO, adj. fortunate, lucky; roguish, mischievous.
BIENHABLADO, adj. well-spoken, that speaks well.
BIENHECHOR, s. m. benefactor.
BIE'NNIO, s. m. the space of two years.
BIE'NQUE, adv. although.
BIENQUERENCIA, *BIENQUERIE'NCIA*, s. f. good will, affection.

B I F

BIFO'RME, adj. of two shapes or forms; used by poets.
BIFRO'NTE, adj. that has two faces; used by poets.

B I G

BIGAMI'A, s. f. bigamy, or being married to two women, or having two husbands.
BI'GAMO, s. m. one that has been twice married, or that has two wives at once.
BIGA'RDO, s. m. an abusive name given to religious men.
BIGARRA'DO, adj. of various colours
BIGO'RDA, s. f. the herb bindweed.
BIGO'RNIA, s. f. a bickhorn, an anvil that has a round point sticking out, to hammer things round on; also a smith's vice to hold fast any thing in.
Los de la bigórnia, in cant, a parcel of bullies.
BIGO'TA, s. f. a pully to draw up weights.
BIGOTA'ZO, s. m. augmentative of *bigóte*.
BIGO'TE, s. m. whisker, mustacho.
BIGOTE'RA, s. f. a little sheath or bag that Germans and Goths used to curl their whiskers with.
Tener buenas bigoteras, to be pretty, said in speaking of women.

B I L

BILO'RTA, s. f. an iron ring fixed in the axle-tree of a cart or coach.
BILLE'TE, s. m. a biliet, a note; also a bill of exchange.
BILLETI'CO, s. m. a billet-doux, a love letter.

B I M

BIMBRAR, v. a. to shake, to brandish.
BIMBRE'RA, s. f. a place where oziers grow, or an ozier-tree.
BIME'STRE, adj. two months old.

B I N

BINA'R, v. a. to plough twice over.
BINA'RIO, adj. consisting of two things, that belongs to two things.
BINAZO'N, s. f. in husbandry, the second ploughing given to a field.
BINO'CULO, s. m. a telescope with two beres.
BINZA, s. f. the pelicle of an egg or of an onion.

B I O

BIO'MBO, s. m. a skreen.

B I R

BIRA'R, v. a. to tack about in a ship.
BIRIBI'S, s. m. a kind of play or lottery.
BIRLA'DO, s. m. in cant, a bubble.
BIRLADO'R, s. m. in cant, a bubbler.
BIRLA'R, v. a. to play at ninepins; in cant, to cheat, to impose upon.
BIRLE'SCA, s. f. in cant, an assembly of whores and rogues.
BIRLE'SCO, s. m. in cant, a ruffian, a thief.
BIRLOCHA, s. f. a kite as children play with, or fly in the air.
BIRLO'CHE, s. m. vide *BIRLESCO*.

BIRLO'NGA, f. f. a game fo called.
BIRLOS, f. m. pl. nine-pins to play with.
BIRO'LA, f. f. a little ring fixed to the end of a ftick or walking-cane.
BIROTA'ZO, f. m. vide *VIROTA'ZO*.
BIRO'TE, f. m. vide *VIRO'TE*.
BIRRE'TA, f. f. a cardinal's cap.
BIRRETE, f. m. a cap.
BIRRETI'NA, f. f. a grenadier's cap.
BIRRO, f. m. a fort of short cloak formerly worn, which reached down only to the waift.

B I S

BISA'GRA, f. f. a hinge.
BISAVUE'LO, f. m. a great grand-father.
BISA'LTO, f. m. green peafe.
BISA'RMA, f. f. a kind of weapon with two pikes.
BISCOCE'R, v. a. to cook over again, to drefs a thing twice over.
BISCOCHA'DO, adj. baked hard like bifcuit.
BISCOCHE'RO, f. m. a bifcuit-maker or feller.
BISCO'CHO, f. m. bifcuit.
BISE'L, f. m. the edge of a plate of glafs.
BISIE'STO, f. m. the additional day to the leap-year.
Mudár bifiéfto, to take another courfe.
BISLUMBRE, f. f. twilight; alfo any twinkling light or glittering, as of a glafs in the fun, or the like.
BISO'JO, adj. fquint-eyed; looking two ways at once.
BISOñERIA, f. f. a thing inconfiderately and rashly done.
BISO'ñO, adj. a new raifed foldier.
Bifóño, adj. beginning to learn any art or fcience.
BISO'NTE, f. m. a fierce fort of beaft with a long mane, and shaped like a ftag, but has only one horn.
BISPE, f. m. obf. vide *OBISPO*.
BI'SPERA, f. f. vide *VISPE'RA*.

BISSEXTI'L, or *AñO BISSEXTIL*, f m. the leap-year.
BISSIE'STO, f. m. vide *BISIE'STO*.
BISSY'LLABO, adj. of two fyllables.
BISTO'RTA, f. f. the herb biftort or fnake- weed.
BISTRAHE'R, *BISTRAYER*, v. a. to pay money before it is due; alfo to give earneft.
BISTRE'TA, f. f. payment before the money comes due.

B I T

BITA'CORA, f. f. the bittacle; a frame of timber in the fteerage, where the compafs is placed on board a ship.
BITAS, f. f. pl. the place the anchor is faftened to in a ship.
BITU'MEN, f. m. vide *BETU'N*.

B I Z

BIZARRAME'NTE, adv. gallantly, fairly, finely, very well.
BIZARREA'R, v. n. to play the gallant, to be fine and gay.
BIZARRI'A, f. f. bravery, gallantry rich apparel.
BIZARRO, adj. brave, gallant, fine in apparel.
Hablár bifárro, to talk gallantly or fantaftically and extravagantly.
Rópa bizárra, a rich coftly garment.
BIZA'ZAS, f. f. pl. leathern wallets, budgets, or bags.
BISCO, adj. fquint-eyed.
BISCOCHA'DA, f. f. broth or foup made with wine or milk, fugar, &c. with bifcuit in it.
BIZCO'CHO, f. m. bifcuit, a kind of hard dry bread, made to be carried to fea.
Bizcocho de azúcar, a compofition of fine flour, fugar, &c.
BIZCOCHUE'LO, f. m. a fine fmall fort of bifcuit.
BIZCOTE'LA, f. f. a kind of bifcuit covered with fugar, made by the nuns.
BI'ZMA, f. f. a cere-cloth, to keep together a broken bone that is fet, or to ftrengthen a weak part.
BIZMA'R, v. a. to wrap up in a cerecloth.
BIZNA'GA, f. f. a fort of wild fennel, ufed to make picktooths.
BIZNIE'TA, f. f. a great-grand-daughter.
BIZNIE'TO, f. m. a great-grand-fon.
BIZUE'JO, adj. fquint-eyed.

B L A

BLA'GO, f. m. a ftaff, or ftick.
BLA'NCA, f. f. a piece of money about the third part of a farthing.
No téngo blánca. I have not one crofs.
No vale úna blánca, it is not worth a doit.
Pagár blánca a blánca, to pay by drivelets.
Cofa de tres a la blánca, a thing of a very inconfiderable value.
BLA'NCO, adj. white; fubftantively ufed, a mark to shoot at.
Dexár en blánco, to leave a blank in a writing; to baulk, to difappoint.
Salir en blánco, to fail in an undertaking.
Quedár en blánco, to be left in the lurch.
Dar en el blánco, to it the mark, to hit the nail on the head.
No fé fi fuláno es blánco, ni negro, I know not whether fuch a one is black or white; that is, I know nothing of him.
Hazér lo blánco négro, y lo négro blánco, to make white black, and blak white; to impofe a falshood, to oppofe the known truth.
No me dixo blánco has el ójo, he did not fay white is your eye; that is, he took fo little notice of me, that he did not look me in the face.
Armado de punta en blánco, armed at all points, cap-a-pee.

Deẓir á úno de púnta en blánco que no es así, to tell a man point blank it is not so, is next to giving him the lye.
Hijo de la gallína blánca, the son of the white hen; that is, a fortunate man who suceeeds in all things.
El blánco del áve, the wings and breast, or the brawn of a fowl.
BLA'NCOR, f. m. } whitenefs.
BLANCU'RA, f. f. } whitenefs.
Prov. *La blancúra mil táchas dissimúla*, whitenefs covers a thousand faults; that is, a delicate vhite skin in a woman.
BLA'NDA, f. f. in cant, a bed.
BLA'NDALES, f. m. pl. a certain part of a ship's tackle, so called.
BLANDAME'NTE, adv. softly, gently.
BLANDEA'R, v. a. to brandish, to shake; also to fasten, and to waver in one's resolution.
BLANDE'O, f. m. a stony hard ground, or soft and smooth ground, used in both senses.
BLANDE'ZA, } f. f. flattery.
BLANDI'CIA, } f. f. flattery.
BLANDI'CO, adj. foolish.
BLANDI'R, v. a. as *blandíar*.
BLA'NDO, adj. soft, tender, gentle, effeminate. In cant, coward.
Blándo de coráẓon, tender-hearted.
Traér blánda la máno, to carry a gentle hand, to reprove a man lovingly.
BLANDO'N, f. m. a great flambeau; and also a great candlestick to set such a light on.
BLANDU'JO, adj. diminutive of *blándo*.
BLANDU'RA, f. f. softnefs, gentlenefs, tendernefs; also negligence and lazinefs.
BLANDURI'LLA, f. f. paste, or such compositions women use for their hands or faces; also ointment, or poultices to ripen any swelling.
BLANDU'XO, adj. softish.
BLANQUEA'DOR, f. m. a whitener, a whitster.
BLANQUEA'DURA, f. f. whitening.
BLANQUEAMIE'NTO, vide *BLANQUEADURA*.
BLANQUEA'R, v. a. y n. to whiten, or to look white.
BLANQUECEDO'R, f. m. one that whitens.
BLANQUECE'R, v. a. to whiten silver or new coin.
Blanquecér, v. n. to grow white.
BLANQUECI'NO, adj. whitish.
BLANQUE'O, vide *BLANQUEADURA*.
BLANQUERI'A, f. f. a meadow where linen is whitened.
BLAQUE'RO, f. m. vide *CURTIDO'R*.
BLANQUIBO'L, f. m. obf. cerufe.
BLANQUI'LLO, } adj. whitish.
BLANQUI'SCO, } adj. whitish.
BLANQUIZA'L, f. m. a white field.
BLA'O, adj. blue; in heraldry, azùre.
BLASMA'R, v. a. to reproach, injure, degrade, or retract from any one's reputation.
BLA'SMO, f. m. injury, reproach, disgrace, detraction.
BLA'SON, f. m. blazon, a coat of arms: also boasting.
BLASONADO'R, adj. boasting, proud.
BLASONA'R v. a. to blazon; also to boast.
BLASPHEMADO'R, f. m. a blasphemer.
BLASPHEMAME'NTE, adv. impiously, blasphemously.
BLASPHEMA'R, v. a. to blaspheme.
BLASPHE'MIA, f. f. blasphemy.
BLASPHE'MO, adj. blasphemous.
BLATA, f. f. vide *POLILLA*.
BLAUCHE'TE, f. m. obf. a cat.

B L E

BLE'DO, f. m. an herb called blite.
No dárfele un blédo, I don't value it of a pin.

B L O

BLO'NDO, adj. reddish, with a cast of white, a sort of sandy-coloured.
BLOQUEA'R, v. a. to blockade a town or city.
BLOQUE'O, f. m. a blockade.

B O A

BOALA'GE, f. m. a tribute paid for oxen.
BOALA'R, f. m. an enclosed piece of ground.
BOA'RDA, f. f. a garret-window, such as looks out upon the tiles at the top of the roof.
BOARRI'TE, f.m. a storm or tempest.
BOA'TO, f. m. the sound of a roaring noisy voice; fine appearance, show.

B O B

BOBA'DA, f. f. a foolish expression or action.
BOBALI'AS, f. m. a silly fool, a mere dolt.
BOBALICO'N, f. m. a blockhead, a stupid fellow.
BOBALISO'N, f. m. a fool, a booby.
BOBAME'NTE, adv. foolishly, ignorantly, stupidly.
BOBARRI'A, } f. m. a booby, a fool, a blokhead.
BOBRRRO'N, } f. m. a booby, a fool, a blokhead.
BOBA'S, f. f. pl. an herd called sharewort.
A bóbas, foolishly.
BOBATICAME'NTE, adv. foolishly, ignorantly, stupi dly, im pudently.
BOBA'TICO, adj. foolish, silly.
BOBAZO, f. m. a great fool.
BOBE'AR, v. n. to play the fool.
BO'BEDA, f. f. a vault.
BOBEDA'D, f. f. folly, foolishnefs, ignorance, stupidity.
BOBIBELLA'CO, f. m. a cunning, artful, subtle knave.
BOBICU'LTO, adj. done by a foolish person, who thinks he

has done it it a complete manner.

BOBI'LLOS, f. m. pl. a fort of threadlace, much worn in Spain formerly by the women.

BOBILI'S BO'BILIS, adv. in vain, without pains, without deserving. *Quix.* tom. 2. *Para que yo lo communique con ótro de bobilis bobilis*, to the end that I may communicate it to another without pain, without labour, without deserving it.

BOBI'LLO, f. m. a little fool; alfo a little bellied mug with a handle.

BOBI'NA, f. m. vide *BOBO.*

BOBI'TO, f. m. diminutive of *bobo.*

BO'BO, f. m. f. a fool; a ftiff hollow fort of ruff formerly worn.

Carillos de bóbo, great blown cheeks.

Paréce el bóbo de cória, he is more knave than fool.

BOBO'N, f. m. augmentative of *bobo.*

BOBONCI'LLO, f. m. diminutive of *bobo.*

BOBO'TE, f. augmentative of *bobo.*

BOBU'NO, adj. foolish, fimple, ftupid.

B O C.

BO'CA, f. f. the mouth; alfo an opening, a great hole.

Bóca de calle, the end of, or entrance into a ftreet.

Bóca de coftál, the mouth of a fack; a wide or infatiable mouth.

Bóca de efcótilla, a fcuttle in the hatches or deck of a ship.

Bóca de efpuérta róta, a fparrow-mouth.

Bóca de fuégo, any fort of fire-arms.

Bóca de nóche, night-fall.

Bóca de rió, the mouth of a river.

Efcúro cómo bóca de lóbo, as dark as a dungeon.

Olér mal la bóca, to have a ftinking breath; to have an ill tongue.

Boca arriba, with the mouth upwards.

Bóca abáxo, with the mouth down.

Regalár a úno aque quieres bóca, to treat a man with all his mouth can crave.

Quitárfelo de la bóca pára dárlo à ótro, to fpare it out of one's mouth to give to another.

Atapár bócas, to ftop mouths, to give or do fomething that one may not fpeak ill.

Eftar bóca còn bóca, to be crowded together, mouth to mouth.

Dár cuénta de un negócio a bóca, to give an account of a bufinefs face to face.

Suftentár múchas bócas, to feed many mouths.

No tomar á úno en la bóca, not to mention a man.

Pegár la bóca à la paréd, to cling one's mouth to the wall; not to have courage to difcover one's wants.

No os fálga de la bóca, do not fpeak a word of it.

No dixo efta bóca es mia, he did not fay, this mouth is mine; that is, he did not fpeak one word.

No tenér bóca pára dezir que no, not to know how to give a refufal.

No tenér bóca el cabállo, to be hard-mouthed.

Decir tódo lo que fe le viéne à la bóca, to fay any thing that comes uppermoft.

Guardár la bóca el enférmo, to be regular and eat or drink nothing but what the phyfician orders.

Boca de horno, of an oven.

BOCACI', f. m. buckram.

BOCA'DA, f. f. a mouthful.

BOCADEA'R, v. a. to bite.

BOCADI'LLO, f. m. a fmall bit, or mouthful; alfo a fort of fine linen.

BOCA'DO, f. m. a morfel, a bit, a mouthful, a bite; the wadding of a gun, the bit of a bridle.

Bocado fin huéffo, a bit that has no bone, a convenience without an inconvenience.

Tomár un bocádo, to eat a bit, to break one's faft.

Alcanzád un bocádo, give me a bit to eat.

Dar un bocádo, to give poifon, to poifon.

No hay un bocádo, there is not a morfel.

Comerfelo en un bocádo, to eat it at a mouthful.

Querérfele comér à bocádos, to be in fuch a paffion, as if one would eat a man.

Levantárfe con el bocádo en la bóca, to rife from table with one's mouth full; that is, not to allow one's felf time to eat.

Sacár el bocádo redóndo, to bite out a mouthful.

BOCA'L, f. m. a pot, or mug with which they take wine out of great jars.

Bocál de pózo, the mouth of a well.

BOCAMA'NGA, f. f. the extremity of a fleeve.

BOCANA'DA, f. f. a mouthful of liquor.

Bocanada de gente, a crowd of people.

Bocanada de viento, a blaft or puff of wind; a gale.

BOCARA'N, f. m. buckram.

BOCA'R, v. a. to rough hew, or cut out any work.

BOCA'ZA, f. f. a large mouth.

BOCE'L, f. m. the brims or lips of a cup or other veffel; the edge of any ornament in carved work.

BOCELA'R, v. a. to make the brim or edge of any veffel.

BOCELLA'R, f. m. obf. a kettle.

BOCE'RO, f. m. obf. advocate.

BOCEZA'R, v. a. to gape, to yawn.

BOCE'ZO, f. m. gaping or yawning.

BO'CHA, f. f. the play at bowls or balls.

BO'CHE, f. m. the hole children cut in the ground to play at chuck; in cant, the hangman.

BOCHE'RO, f. m. in cant, the excutioner's man.

BOCHI'N, f. m. the hangman.

BOCHORNA'DO, adj. withered, or dried up with heat; fainting with heat.

BOCHO'RNO, f. m. fultry, clofe, hot weather; alfo fhame, blufh.

BOCI'NA, f. f. a hunter's cornet; alfo the northern conftellation cal-

led *ursa minor*, or the leſſer bear; alſo a ſpeaking trumpet they uſe at ſea, and a ſort of ſea-ſnail.

BOCINE'RO, ſ. m. one that winds a cornet, or he that makes or ſells them.

BOCO'LICA, ſ. f. eatables, any thing that is to be eat.

BOCON, ſ. m. a great mouth, alſo a mouthful of victuals.

BOCU'DO, adj. that has a great mouth.

B O D

BO'DA, ſ. f. a wedding.

Andárſe de bóda en bóda, to go from wedding to wedding; that is, to live an idle life.

BODA'R, v. n. to marry.

BODE'GA, ſ. f. a cellar for wine.

In a ship the hold, which is all the empty ſpace below the firſt or lower deck, where proviſions and ſtores, or goods are ſtowed.

BODE'GO, *BODEGON*, ſ. m. a place where the meaner ſort of people go to eat.

BODEGONEA'R, v. n. to ramble from one cook shop to another.

BODEGONE'RO, ſ. m. a man that keeps a *bodegón* or eating-houſe.

BODEGUE'RO, ſ. m. a cellar-man, he that has charge of the cellar.

BODEGUI'LLA, ſ. f. diminutive of *bodéga*.

BODIA'N, ſ. m. a ſea-fish like a tench.

BODI'GO, ſ. m. a ſmall cake or roll of bread, which in Spain they offer in the church.

BODI'JO, ſ. m. a ridiculous wedding.

BODOCA'DO, *BODOCA'ZO*, ſ. m. the ſtroke of a pellet, shot out of a croſs-bow.

BODO'LLO, ſ. m. a pruning-knife uſed by gardeners to cut branches of trees.

BODO'QUE, ſ. m. a pellet of clay, a clay bullet.

BODOQUE'RA, ſ. f. the mould in which the pellets of clay are made.

BODO'RRIO, ſ. m. a poor, mean, ridiculous, and ill-ſorted marriage.

B O E

BOEMIA'NO, ſ. m. a fortune-teller.

BOE'MIO, ſ. m. a short cloak.

BOEZUE'LO, ſ. m. thing filled up with ſtraw, bearing ſome reſemblance to an ox, and uſed by ſportſmen in chacing partridges.

B O F

BOFA'DA, ſ. f. a dish of victuals made of the entrails minced ſmall.

BO'FE, ſ. m. the lungs or lights.

Echár los bófes, to vomit one's heart up; to be ſo anxious as not to have time to breathe.

BOFE'ñA, ſ. f. the ſame as *bofes*. v.

BOFE'TA, ſ. m. a ſort of fine linen.

BOFETA'DA, ſ. f. a cuff on the ear.

BOFETEA'R, v. a. to buffet.

BOFETON, ſ. m. a cuff on the ear.

BO'FO, ſ. m. a bruiſe in the fleſh; alſo a fine manchet of bread.

Bofónes de jubón, the buckram and canvas, or inward part of a doublet.

BOFORDA'R, v. n. vide *BOHORDA'R*.

BOFO'RDO, ſ. m. vide *BOHO'RDO*

B O G

BO'GA, ſ. f. rowing with oars.

BOGA'DA, ſ. f. a buck, or bucking; that is, ſoaking; of linen in lye, alſo rowing with oars.

BOGADO'R, ſ. m. a rower, one that tugs at the oar.

BOGA'R, v. n. to row, to tug at the oar.

A bogarancháda, adv. with all might and main.

BOGAVA'NTE, ſ. m. the fore-man in rowing.

BOGE'TA ſ. f. a kind of fish like a herring.

BO'GO, ſ. m. a ſort of fish very white.

B O H

BOHEñA, ſ. f. vide *BOFEñA*.

BOHORDA'R, v. a. to caſt long ſtiff rushes, called *bohordos*, at one another, or inſtead of them ſmall rods.

BOHO'RDO, ſ. m. any ſort of rush, but particularly the great rush that has a long round head, like velvet; alſo ſmall rods, which the gentry, riding abroad to divert themſelves, dart up into the air.

Bohórdo, the plunging of a horſe, or his riſing with all four upright from the ground.

B O I

BOI'L, ſ. m. a ſtable to shut in oxen at night.

BOITRI'NO, ſ. m. a kind of fishingnet.

B O J

BOJA, ſ. f. compaſſing, or going about; alſo a little ſore.

BOJA'R, v. a. to compaſs, or go about; to be ſo much about.

B O L

BOL, ſ. m. bole, a kind of medicinal earth ſo called.

BO'LA, ſ. f. any round bowl, but generally taken for ſuch a bowl as is uſed at nine-pins, on bowling-greens, or te like.

Bóla de viénto, a wind-ball in the nature of our foot-ball.

Embocár la bóla, to ſtrike the ball, or bowl into the mouth of the ring.

Tener la bóla en el embóque, to lie in paſs.

BOLA'DA, ſ. f. vide *BOLAZO*.

BOLADO, ſ. m. a cake made with ſugar, &c.

BOLANTI'N, ſ. m. a fine thin packthread.

BOLAZO, ſ. m. a ſtrok of a bowl.

BOLCHACA, ſ. f. *BOLCHACO*, ſ. m. a pocket.

BOLE'A, ſ. f. a piece of wood

fastened to the frame of a coach, to the extremities of which the long straps of the horses are fastened.

BOLEA'DO, adj. that has a crown as round as a ball, said of a hat.

BOLEADO'R, s. m. a thief that plies at fairs.

BOLEA'R, v. n. to bowl.

BOLE'O, s. m. a flight or stroke given to a ball before it comes to the ground, or the flight of the ball.

Llevárse una cósa de boléo, to do a thing or run away with it at a beat.

BOLE'RO, s. m. a child that flies from his house and parents.

BOLE'TA, s. f. a little billet, or ticket; a billet for quarters.

BOLETA'R, v. a. to sell any thing wrapped in small pieces of paper.

BOLETI'N, s. m. a soldier's billet for quarters formerly; the order given to a treasurer for paying money.

BOLI'CHE, s. m. the small fish drawn in a net; also the whole draught, as it is often bought. In cant, a gaminghouse.

BOLICHE'RO, s. m. in cant, a cardmaker.

BOLI'CIA, s. f. a company of riotous tumultuous men.

BOLI'LLA, s. f. a little bowl or ball.

BOLI'LLO, s. m. a little nine-pin, or a bobbin to make lace.

BOLI'NA, s. f. the bow-line, a seaterm.

BOLINA'R, v. a to sail upon a bowline.

BOLINE'TE, s. m. a capstan of a ship.

BOLI'SA, s. f. ashes.

BOLLA, s. m. a little light roll of bread; also an impression.

BOLLADU'RA, s. f. vide *ABOLLADU'RA*.

BOLLA'R, v. a. vide *ABOLLA'R*.

BOLLECE'R, *BOLLESCER* } v. a. obs. to raise or cause a tumult.

BOLLE'TA, s. f. vide *BOLETI'N*.

BOLLICIA'R, v. a. vide *BULLICIA'R*.

BOLLI'R, v. n. vide *BULLIR*.

BOLLI'TO, s. m. diminutive of *bóllo*.

BO'LLO DE PAN, s. m. a roll of bread.

Bóllo de gólpe, a bump, or swelling by a blow.

Bólla maimón, a cake or roll full of sweetmeats.

BOLLO'N, s. m. a large sort of nails used to adorn coaches or chairs, called studs or knobs.

Bollón de cinta, a stud or boss on a girdle.

BOLLONA'DO, adj. studded, or bossed.

BOLLUE'LO, s. m. diminutive of *bóllo*.

BO'LOS, s. m. one of the nine-pins; also a cushion to make laces.

Juego de bolos, the play called nine-pins.

BOLONI'O, s. m. an ignorant man.

BO'LOS, s. m. pl. nine-pins to play.

Estár en los bólos, to be within pins; metaph. to have the convenience of managing one's business at pleasure.

BO'LSA, s. f. a purse, a pouch; also an exchange for merchants to meet.

Bólsa de camino, a pouch or bags for a traveller to carry his necessaries.

Bólsa de arzón, a hawking-bag, or a bag to carry behind one on horseback.

Bólsa en vestído; a pucker or fold in a garment.

Bórsa rota, a torn purse; metaph. a man that cannot keep his money.

Bólsa de hiérro, an iron purse; a man that will not part with his money.

Bólsa de Dios, God's purse; that is, alms for the poor.

Dar ótro núdo a la bólsa, to give the purse another knot, to be proof against all temptations of laying out money.

Fiár a sacár de la bólsa, to trust till the money is taken out of the purse, to sell for ready money.

Llevar bien herráda la bólla, to have the purse well lined.

BOLSA'R, v. a. to make purses, to pucker, or gather up, as garments ill made do.

BOLSEA'R, v. n. to pucker, or gather up, to wrinkle; also to fold or plait.

BOLSE'RO, s. m. a purse-maker.

BOLSI'CA, s. f. a little purse.

BOLSICO, s. m. a little purse or pouch.

Prov. *Quién tiéne quátro y gásta cinco no ha menestér bolsíco*, he that hath four and spends five, has no need of a purse.

BOLSI'LLA, s. f. } *BOLSI'LLA*, s. m. } a coat-pocket. *BOLSI'TA*, s. f. }

BOLSO'N, s. m. a great purse or pouch.

BOLSONE'S, s. m. the foundation of an arch.

BOLTA'RIO, adj. an unsteady person, that is not long in a mind.

BOLTEADO'R, s. m. tumbler, a vaulter.

BOLTEADU'RA, s. f. tumbling, vaulting.

BOLTEA'R, v. a. to tumble, to vault; rather *volteár*, from *volvo*.

BOLTEZUE'LA, vide *BUELTEZUE'LA*.

BOLTO'N, s. m. a jewel like a heart, to hang about the neck.

Boltón de cinta, a stud, or boss on a girdle.

BOLVE'R, v. a. vide *VOLVER*.

B O M

BOMBA, s. f. a pump; also a bomb.

Dar a la bómba, to pump; metaph. to vomit.

Bomba marina, a column of water that appears in the sea in stormy weather, dangerous for ships.

BOMBA'RDA, s. f. a mortar-piece.

BOMBARDEA'R, v. a. to bombard.

BOMBARDE'RO, s. m. a gunner, a bombardier.

BOMBASI', s. f. a coarse sort of cloth of different colours, made of cotton and wool.

BOMBEA'R, v. a. to throw bomb-shells.

B O N

BON, adj. obs. vide *BUENO*.

BONANCIBLE, adj. fair, calm; (speaking of weather.)

BONA'NZA, s. f. a calm, fair

weather at sea ; metaph. prosperity.
BONANZA'R, v. n. to clear up, to grow fair or calm.
BONA'ZO, adj. very good natured.
BONDA'D, s. f. goodness.
BONDA'R, v n. vide *BASTA'R*.
BONDE'JO, s. the cheese-press.
BONE'TA, s. f. bonnet, an additional sail added upon occasion to the other sails, to gather all the wind that may be gathered.
BONETA'DA, s. f. a pulling off the bonnet, salutation.
BONE'TE, s. m. a cap, a bonnet.
Un bravo bonete, a great fool, an ignorant fellow.
BONETERI'A, s. f. the place where caps are sold or made.
BONETE'RO, s. m. a cap-maker.
BONETI'LLO, s. m. a little cap, a skull-cap.
BONICAME'NTE, adv. prettily, neatly, softly.
BONI'CIA, s. f. vide *BONDA'D*.
BONI'CO, adj. pretty, neat.
BONIFICA'R, v. a. to do good, to approve any thing.
BONI'LLO, adj. diminutive of *buéno*.
BONI'NA, s. f. the herb camomile.
BONI'TALO, s. m. vide *BONITO*.
BONITAME'NTE, adv. vide *BONICAMENTE*.
BONI'TO, s. m. a kind of sea-fish so called.
Bonito, adj. pretty.
BONVARO'N, s. m. the herb groundsell.

B O ñ

BOñI'GA, s. f. a cow dung.

B O O

BOO'TES, s. m. a constellation so called.

B O Q

BO'QUE, s. m. a he goat.
BOQUEA'DA, s. f. a gaping, or yawning.
La ultima boqueáda, the last gasp.
BOQUEA'R, v. n. to gape, to yawn, to open the mouth, to gasp for breath; also to die, to expire.
No osar boqueár, not to dare to speak a word.
Boqueár, or *Dar la postrer boqueáda*, to breathe one's last.
BOQUE'RA, s. f. the opening made on the side of a canal for the purpose of part of the water another way.
BOQUERO'N, s. m. a great hole in a wall. a great opening, or yawning.
BOQUE'TE, s. m. diminutive of *boquerón*.
Tomar boquete to escape, to fly.
BOQUIABIE'RTO, adj. open-mouthed.
BOQUIA'NCHO, adj. with a large mouth.
BOQUIFRUNCI'DO, adj. shrivel-mouthed, that has the mouth drawn up like a purse.
BOQUIHUNDI'DO, adj. that has the mouth sunk in.
BOQUI'LLA, s. f. a little mouth.
BOQUIMUE'LLE, adj. tender-mouthed, (speaking of horses); also credulous.
BOQUIN, s. m. the coarsest sort of bays.
BOQUI'NA, s. f. goat-skin.
BOQUINE'GRO, s. m. a sort of a snail.
BOQUINVELI', s. m. an unexperienced person easy to be deceived.
BOQUIRO'TO, adj. wide-mouthed; metaph. foul-mouthed.
BOQUIRO'XO, *BOQUIRU'BIO*, s. m. a young beau. In cant, a cully; also a credulous unexperienced person.
BOQUISE'CO, adj. dry-mouthed: metaph. a man that cannot speak one word of comfort.
Me dexaron salir boquiseco, they let me come away without wetting my lips.
BOQUISUMI'DO, adj. that has the mouth sunk in, like old people who have lost their teeth.
BOQUI'TA, s. f. a little mouth.
BOQUITUE'RTO, adj. vry-mouthed.
BOQUIVER'DE, s. m. one who talks inconsiderately, idly.

B O R

BORBO'LLA, s. f. a little bubble upon the water.
BORBOLLEA'R, v. n. to bubble, to boil up.
BORBOLLITA, s. f. a little bubble.
BORBOLLO'N, s. m. the violent gushing of vater out of a pipe, or other hole; also the bubbling of boiling water or of a spring that gushes out of the ground.
BORBOTA'R, v. n. to gush violently out of a pipe; to boil very fast.
BORBOTO'N, s. m. vide *BORBOLLO'N*.
BORBOTEA'R, v. n. to mutter, or grumble.
BORBU'JA, s. f vide *BORBO'LLA*.
BORCEGUI', s. m. a buskin.
BORCEGUINERI'A, s. f. the place where buskins are sold.
BORCE'LLA, s. f. the edge or rim of a box or chest.
BO'RDA, s. f. the main-sail of a galley.
BORDADO'R, s. m. f. an embroiderer.
BORDADU'RA, s. f. embroidery, also edging.
BORDA'R, v. a. to embroider; also to edge.
BO'RDE, s. m. the edge, the brim, the side of a ship; also a bastard son.
Bórde tajádo, shagged or jagged edge.
BORDEA'R, v. n. to tack forwards and backwards at sea; also to cruize.
BORDIO'NA, s. f. a whore a common prostitute.
BO'RDO, s. m. as, *ir a bórdo*, to go aboard a ship.
Hazér ótro bórdo, te tack the shiph, to bring her head about.
BORDO'N, s. m. a staff to walk with, a pilgrim's staff; also the great or base string of an instrument.
BORDONADO'RES, s. m. pl.

fome gentlemen who where ufed to caft wooden rods at a mark to exercife their ftrength and try whether they coul ftrike it.

BORDONCI'CO, f. m. diminutive of *bordón*.

BORDONCI'CO, *BORDONCIL-LO*, f. m. a little walking-ftaff.

BORDONE'AR, v. a. to ftrike with a walking ftaff.

BORDONERI'A, f. f. the cuftom of going abou tlike a pilgrim.

BORDONE'RO, f. m. a counterfeit pilgrim that goes about in that habit to live idly; an idle ftrowling fellow or beggar.

BOREA'L, adj. belonging to the north.

BO'REAS, f. m. the north wind.

BORE'O, adj. vide *BORE'AL*.

BORGOñA'RSE v. r. to boaft or brag.

BORGOñOTA, f. f. a kind of helmet.

BO'RLA, f. f. a tuft, or taffel of filk, or other matter. Doctors wear a *bórla*, that is, a filk taffel on their caps to denote their degree.

BORLADO'R, f. m. a taffel-maker.

BORLI'LLA, f. f. a little tuft or taffel,

BORLO'N, f. m. a great tuft or taffel.

BORLO'NES, f. m. pl. a fort of ftuff.

BO'RNE, f. m. the end of the lance ufed in tilting; alfo a fort of oak, and the bending of any wood.

BORNEADI'ZO, adj. eafy to be turned or twifted.

BORNEA'R, v. a. to warp, to bend by heating at the fire or otherwife.

BORNE'O, f. m. the action of twifting or bending by heating at the fire.

BORNE'RO, adj. belonging to the ftone that mills the corn.

BORNI, f. m. a fort of hawk.

BORNI'DO, adj. in cant, hanged.

BORO'NA, f. f. a fort of bread made with Indian corn or miller.

BORONI'A, f. f. a kind of dish eaten on meagre days.

BORRA, f. f. short vool, the nap of frize, or the like; any little tuft of wool; alfo the drofs; or lees of wool.

BORRA'CHA, f. f. a leather bottle which when empty falls together like a purfe; alfo a drunken woman.

BORRACHA'DA, f. f. drunkennefs, a drunken-action; alfo a club of drunkards;alfoa mad action.

BORRACHEA'R, v. a. to play the drunkard.

BORRACHERA, f. f. drunkennefs, a drunken bout, a drunken-action.

BORRACHERI'A, f. f. the diforder or confufion caufed by drunkennefs.

BORRACHE'Z, f. f. drukennefs.

BORRA'CHO, adj. drunk; fubftantively ufed, a drunkard.

BORRACHO'N, *BORRACHONA'ZO*, f.m. a great drunkard.

BORRACHUE'LO, f. m. f. a little drunkard.

BORRA'DA, f. f. a blotting out.

BORRADE'RO, f. m. that which may be blotted out.

BORRADO'R, f. m. a blotting paper, a day-book, or note-book, where things are only fet down for the prefent to be writ out fair; alfo a rough draught.

BORRADORCI'LLO, f. m. a little blotting paper, or a fmall note-book for memorandums.

BORRADU'RA, f. f. a blotting.

BORRA'JA, f. f. the herb borrage.

BORRAPELA'IRE, f. m. ufed as an interjection, (an arbitrary word) filly, worthlefs, rafcally fellow.

BORRA'R, v. a. to blot, to blur, to ftrike out, to blemish.

BO'RRAS, f. f. pl. dregs or lees of any liquor,

BORRA'SCA, f. f. a tempeft, a ftorm; metaph. a broil, a fray.

BORRASCO'SO, adj. tempeftuous; metaph. quarrelfome.

BORRASQUI'LLA, f. f. a little ftorm or tempeft, a fmall fcuffle, a little turbulent fellow.

BO'RRAX, f. m. borax, ufed for folder by goldfmiths.

BORRA'XA, f. f. an herb called borage.

BORRA'Z, f. m. vide *BORRAX*.

BORRE'GA, f. f. an ewe lamb.

BORREGA'DA, f. f. a flock of lambs.

BORRE'GO, f. m. a lamb; a goodnatured, quiet, fat child.

BORREGO'N, f. m. the shepherd who tackes care of a flock.

BORREGUE'RO, f. m. a shepherd that has the cuftody of the lambs, or fells lambs to butchers.

BORREGUI'LLO, f. m. diminutive of *borrégo*.

BORRE'N, f. m. *BORRE'NA*, f. f. the high part of a faddle before and behind.

BORRI'CA, f. f. a she afs.

BORRICA'DA, f. f. a drove of affes; alfo foolishnefs.

BORRICA'ZO, f. m. a great afs.

BORRI'CO, f. m. an afs.

BORRICON, f. m. a great afs, a great coxcomb.

BORRICO'TE, f. m. vide *BORRICO'N*.

BORRIQUE'ñO, adj. belonging to an afs.

BORRIQUE'TE, f. m. the top-gallant-fail.

BORRIQUI'LLO, *BORRIQUI'TO*, f. m. a little afs.

BORRI'VA, f. f. the wool of the lamb.

BO'RRO, f. m. a lamb of a year old; alfo a ftupid ignorant fellow.

BORRO'N, f. m. a blot.

Borrón, a difgrace, a dishonour.

BORRONCI'LLO, f. m. diminutive of *borrón*.

BORRONI'STA, f. m. one who frequently blots in writing.

BORROSO, adj. of, or belonging to lees or dregs.

BORRUFA'LLA, f. f. a trifle.

BORRUMBA'DA, f. f. a rash, inconfiderate action.

BORU'JO, *BORRUJO'N*, f. m. vide *ORU'JO*.

BORZEGUI', f. m. a buskin.

BORZEGUINERI'A, f. f. a buskinmaker's, shop.

BORZEGUINE'RO, f. m. a buskinmaker.

BOS

BOSADILLA, f. f. a vomit.
BOSA'R, v. a. to be brimful, to run over.
BOSCAGE, f. m. a thick place, a woody place; alfo a landfcape in painting.
Bofcage, f. m. a picture embellished with woods.
BOSCA'R, v. a. vide *BUSCA'R*.
BOSLA'R, v. a. obf. vide *BORDAR*.
BO'SPHORO, f. m. a ftreight, a paffage from fea to fea.
BO'SQUE, f. m. wood, foreft.
BOSQUECI'LLO, *BOSQUECI'TO*, f. m. diminutives of *bofque*.
BOSQUEJA'R, v, a. to make a rough draught; to lay the firft colours on a picture; to sketch.
BOSQUE'JO, f. m. a rough draught, a picture that has only the firft colour, a sketch.
BOSQUE'RO, f. m. a wood-man.
BOSSA'DA, *BOSSADI'NA*, *BOSSADURA*, f. f. vomiting.
BOSSA'L, f. m. an ornament of filver for a horfe's head, with bells.
BOSSA'R, v. a. to run over, to vomit.
BOSTEZA'R, v. n. to gape, to yawn.
BOSTE'ZO, f. gaping, yawning.

BOT

BO'TA, f. f. a boot; a leather bottle; a butt.
BOTA'CIO, f. m; that part of a column that is cut wreathed like a rope.
BOTADO'R, f. m. a punch, an iron to drive nails that cannot be drawn with pincers.
BOTAFO'GO, f. m. a long ftick with a match-rope fixed to the end to fire off cannon.
BO'TALO, *BOTALO'N*, f. m. a pole fo called, ufed in ships.
BOTA'MEN, f. m. a great number of barrels for a ship.
BOTAME'NTE, adv. bluntly, dully.
BOTA'NA, f. f. a round plug of wood to ftop a leather bottle; plaifter upon a fore.
BOTA'NICA, f. f. botany, the knowledge of plants.
BOTA'NICO, adj. belonging to botany, skilled in herbs.
BOTANOMA'NCIA, f. f. fuperftitious divination or prophecy by herbs.
BOTA'R, v. a. to vow, to make a vow; to fwear to.
Boto á Dios, I vow to God.
Botár, v. a to throw, to caft out.
Botar el agua un navio, to launch a ship.
BOTARA'TE, f. m. an ignorant fenfelefs man.
BOTARE'L, f. m. prop, ftay, fupport; what workmen call a shore.
BOTA'RGA, f. f. the drefs of Harlequin and Harlequin himfelf; alfo a ridiculous figure they put before the bulls at the bull-feafts; alfo a fort of faufage.
BOTARGUEA'R, v. a. to butt with the horns, as bulls do; alfo to illtreat one, to abufe him as bulls do the *botarga*.
BOTASE'LA, f. f. the found to horfe for foldiers.
BO'TE, f. m. any common boat; properly the long-boat of a ship.
Bóte, a gallipot, fuch as apothecaries ufe; alfo the end, or extremity.
Bóte, a thruft, a blow.
Bóte de pelóta, the rebound of a ball.
Ir de bóte, to go the ready way.
Eftár lleno de bóte en bóte, to be as full as it can hold.
BOTECARI'O, f. m. a tribute raifed for the fupport of the wars.
BOTECI'LLO, f. m. a little gallipot.
BOTE'LLA, f. f. a bottle.
BOTEQUI'N, f. m. a little boat.
BOTE'RO, f. m. a leather-bottle-maker.
BOTIBOLE'O, f. m. the taking a ball at half its rebound, and fending it back to the adverfary.
BOTICA, f. f. an apothecary's shop; fometimes taken for another shop.
BOTICA'RIO, f. m. an apothecary. In cant, a pedlar.
BOTI'JA, f. f. an earthen veffel with a great belly; a great unweildy fellow.
BOTIJE'RO, f. m. an earthen-wareman.
BOTIJO'N, f. m. a great veffel with a large belly; a punch belly.
BOTIJUE'LA, f. f. a fmall-bellied veffel.
BOTI'LLA, f. f. a little boot; a little leather bottle.
BOTILLE'R, f. m. a butler.
BOTILLERI'A, f. f. a buttery formerly, but now a publick houfe where they fell frozen drinks.
BOTILLE'RO, f. m. a butler formerly, but now one that fells frozen drinks.
BOTI'LLO, f. m. a little leather-bottle.
BOTI'N, f. m. a leather-bottle.
Botín, f. m. a buskin; alfo te booty taken in war.
BOTINE'RO, f. m. a buskin-maker.
BOTINES, f. m. pl. gambadoes, fpatterdashes.
BOTINI'LLO, f. m. a little short buskin.
BOTIQUI'N, f. m. a box that apothecaries make ufe of to put their medicines in.
BOTIVOLE'O, f. m. a blow to a ball while in the air.
BO'TO, adj. blunt, dull; alfo ftupid, heavy.
BOTO'N, f. m. a button; a bud of a tree; a pimple.
Botón de fuego, a cautery.
Botón de búba, a pocky fore.
Contárle los botónes à úno, to give many pushes with a fword.
BOTONADU'RA, f. f. the fet of buttons on a fuit of clothes.
BOTONA'R, v. a. to bud as trees do; alfo to cauterize.
BOTONA'ZO, f. m. a thruft or push with a foil.
BOTONCI'LLO, f. m. a little button; a fmall bud of a tree.
BOTONE'RO, f. m. a button-maker.

BOTO'R, f. m. obf. an impofthûme.
BOTRYITE, f. m. foot.

B O V

BOVA'GE, *BOVATI'CO*, f.m. a tax on oxen.
BOVEA'R, v. a. to play the fool.
BO'VEDA, f. f. a vault.
Hablár de bóveda, to talk big.
Bóveda de jardín, f. a bower, a walk in a garden that has the trees or greens bowed over it like an arch.
BOVEDA'R, v. a. to vault, to arch over.
BOVEDI'LLA, f. f. a little vault.
BOVI'NO, adj. belonging to oxen.

B O X

BOX, f. m. the box-tree; a compafs taken about.
Box de çapátero, a fmall tool made of box, shoemakers ufe to fmooth their feams with.
BOXA'R, *BOXEA'R*, v. a. to compafs about or furround.
Boxár tántas léguas, to contain fo many leagues.
BOXEDA'L, f. m. a grove of box-trees.
BOXE'O, f. m. the menfuration of any kingdom.
Tenér tántas léguas de boxéo, to be fo many leagues in compafs.
BOXIGA'NGA, f. f. vide *MOXIGA'NGA*.

B O Y.

BOY, f. m. obf. an ox.
BOYA, f. f. a buoy a piece of wood or barrel made faft to the fluke of an anchor by the buoy-rope, and floating over it, ferving to show where the anchor is.
Bóya, f. m. in fome places they give this name to the hangman.
Buéna boya, is one that is no flave, but rows voluntarily in the galley for pay.
BOYA'DA, f. f. a herd of oxen
BOYA'NTE, adj. a ship that is light laden and fails fwift; alfo happy.
BOYA'R, v. n. to buoy up, to raife up at the fides.
BOYE'RA, f. f. a ftable for oxen.
BOYERI'ZO, *BOYERO*, f. m. a neat-herd.
BOYEZUE'LO, f. m. a little ox; alfo a ftalking ox to kill partridges.
BO'YJA, f. f. the cork of a fishingnet.
BOYU'DA, f. f. in cant, a pack of cards.
BOYU'NO, adj. belonging to oxen.

B O Z.

BO'ZA, f. f. a ftopper, a featerm; a piece of rope having a whale-knot at one end and a lanner fpliced to it, and the other end made faft to fome part, ufed to ftop the cables that they may go out by little and little.
BOZA'L, f. m. a muffler, a muzzle, a bag to hang at a beaft's mouth that it may not ftop to eat.
Boçál, adj. ignorant, that cannot fpeak the language of the country, or can fpeak only his own tongue, unskilful.
Mancebito boçál, a mere novice.
BOZA'R, v. a. to read any thing attentively, to look diligently over any thing.
BOZEADO'R, f. m. a bawling fellow.
BO'ZO, f. m. the down that grows on men's faces before the beard; alfo a halter for a beaft.
Boço, the chin.

B R A

BRABA'DA, *BRABA'TA*, f. f. bravado.
BRABA'NTE, f. m. a kind of linen.
BRABEA'R, v. a. vide *BRAVEA'R*.
BRA'BIO, f. m. the prize given to wreftlers.
BRACE'ADA, f. f. the motion of the arms.
BRACEA'R, v. n. to exercife the arms, to refift, to raife the fails of a ship.
BRACE'RO, f. m. one that has a ftrong arm at cafting a dart; a gentlemanusher that leads a lady by the arm; a day-labourer for any labour that requires ftrength of arms.
BRACE'TE, f. m. a fmall arm.
BRACHIO'N, f. m. vide *BRAHO'N*.
BRACHYLOGI'A, f. f. a short, concife, laconic expreffion. Pronounce *brakilogia*.
BRACI'CO, *BRACI'LLO*, *BRACI'TO*, f. m. a little arm.
BRACI'L, f. m. the upper part of the arm.
BRA'CIO, f. m. in cant, the arm.
Brácio gódo y ládro, in cant, the right and left arm.
BRA'CO, adj. a fmall fort of fetting dog; alfo a dog that has a short turnup nofe.
BRAFO'N, vide *BRAHO'N*.
BRAFONE'RO, f. f. a roller or fillet to tie about the arm.
BRAGA, f. f. a linen-rag tied under children that they may not dirty themfelves.
BRAGADO, adj. of feveral colours, fpeaking of beafts.
Buey bragádo, an ox that has legs of a different colour from his body.
BRAGADAS, f. f. the upper and inner part of the thigh in men and animals.
BRAGADU'RA, f. f. the twift of a man or other creature, that part from whence he begins to be forked.
BRA'GAS, f. f. pl. breeches, properly a fort of short breeches ufed by women, friars, and working people.
BRAGA'SAS, f. f. pl. augm. of *brágas*; alfo a coward, an idle fellow.
BRAGUE'RA, f. f. *BRAGUE'RO*, f. m. a trufs for a broken belly: the cod-piece.

BRAGUE'TA, f. f. the cod-piece.
BRAGUETO'N, f. m. a great cod-piece.
BRAGUILLAS, f. f. pl. a child in breeches, an ugly short man.
BRAHO'N, f. m. feveral folds of cloth, or other ftuff worn on the shoulders, belonging to a fort of coat which had not fleeves to put the arms into, but hanging fleeves, and thefe folds at the shoulders.
BRAHONE'RAS, f. f. pl. the holes through which they put their arms with the *brahónes*, or the *brahónes* themfelves defcribed above.
BRA'MA, f. f. the bellowing of a ftag at rutting time; any roaring.
BRAMADE'RO, f. m. the place where deer and other creatures call their mate at rutting-time.
BRAMADO'R, f. m. a roarer.
BRAMA'NTE, f. m. packthread.
BRAMA'R, v. a. to roar like a lion or other wild beaft; alfo to fall in a great paffion, to be enraged, furious; in cant, to cry out.
Bramár, in cant, to bellow and make a noife.
BRA'MIDO, *BRA'MO*, } f. m. bellow, roar.
Bráma, in cant, an information, a difcovery.
BRAMO'N, f. m. in cant, a difcoverer, an evidence.
BRAMOSAME'NTE, adv. furioufly, defperately, outrageoufly.
BRAMO'SO, adj. rutting, crying as fome animals do in rutting-time.
BRAMU'RA, f. f. vide *BRAMI'DO*.
BRA'NCA, f. f. a claw, paw, or foot of a wild beaft; alfo a chain ufed in galleys and prifons to fetter flaves, or prifoners.
Bránca ursina, the herb bears-foot.
BRANCA'DA, f. f. a drag-net.
BRANCHAS, f. f. pl. the gills of a fish.
BRA'NCO, adj. white; a ruftick word.
BRANDA'L, f. m. the ropes of which the shrouds are made in ships.
BRANDALA'GAS, f. m. a tall and lean man.
BRANDENBURG, f. m. a great coat.
BRANDI'S, f. m. a great coat very clofe upon the breaft.
BRA'NDO, f. m. a fort of dance.
Brándo, adj. vide *BLA'NDO*.
BRANDU'RA, f. f. vide *BLANDU'RA*.
BRAñA, f. f. a little mean village; a marshy fenny place.
BRA'NQUE, f. m. the ftem of a ship, the utmoft part of the head.
BRA'NZA, f. f. the chain with which the flaves in the galleys are chained.
BRAQUILLO, f. m. diminutive of *braco*.
BRA'SA, f. f. a burning coal; an eager and vehement defire.
BRASERI'CO, f. m. diminutive of *brafero*.
BRASE'RO, f. m. a fire-pan, fuch as they ufe to make fire in; the place where they burn malefactors.
BRASI'L, f. m. brafil-wood.
BRAVA'DA, f. f. vide *BRAVA'TA*.
BRAVAME'NTE, adv. bravely.
BRAVATA, f. f. a rodomontade, vain boafting.
BRAVATE'RO, f. m. an ignorant babbler.
BRAVA'TO, f. m. boafter, a bully, a braggadocio, a puffing fellow.
BRAVEA'R, v. n. to brave, to boaft, to talk big.
BRAVE'RA, f. f. a vent-hole, or fmall window to a cellar.
BRAVERI'A, f. f. vide *BRAVA'TA*.
BRAVE'ZA, f. f. fiercenefs, wildnefs, bravery; alfo courage, bravery, magnanimity; alfo magnificence.
BRAVIO, adj. ferocious, favage, wild.
BRA'VO, adj. fierce, wild, headftrong, perverfe, high-fpirited; alfo fine, brave; fubftantively ufed, a hector, a bully, ruffian; ironically, foolish.
BRAVONE'L, f. m. a bully, a ruffian.
BRAVOSAME'NTE, adv. bravely, nobly.
BRAVOSIDA'D, f. f. bravery, magnanimity.
BRAVO'SO, f. m. a huffing fellow; in cant, a bully.
BRAVO'TE, f. m. in cant, a boafter.
BRAVU'RA, f. f. vide *BRAVE'ZA*.
BRA'ZA, f. f. a fathom.
BRAZA'DA, f. f. a fathom, as far as a man can reach, or as he can clafp in his arms.
BRAZA'DO, adj. fathomed; alfo braced as the yards in a ships
BRAZAGE, f. m. vide *BRACEAGE*.
BRAZA'L, f. m. an ancient defenfive weapon for the arm; a bracelet; a rivulet.
BRAZALE'TE, f. m. vide *BRAZA'L*.
BRA'ZO, f. m. the arm, the limb which reaches from the hand to the shoulder.
Brázo, ftrength, power.
Brázo de antena, the yard-arm of a ship.
Brázo de cruz, the arm of a crofs.
Brázo de már, an arm of the fea.
Brázo ecclefiáftico, the clergy.
Brázo fegiár, the laity.
Brázo militár, the foldiery.
Brázos del reyno, the arms of the kingdom; that is, the three ftates of the kingdom, the clergy, nobility, and laity who affemble in the *cortes*.
Invocár auxilio del brázo fegiár, to appeal to the judges and laity for redrefs.
Luchár a brázo partido, to contend upon equal terms.
Recibir á uno à brázos abiértos, to receive a man with open arms; that is, lovingly.
Acabár un negocio a fuérza de brazos, to compafs a bufinefs by dint of labour.
Llevár en brázos, to carry in one's arms.
Brázos de cangréjo, the claws of a crab.
BRAZO'L, f. m. the armour for the arm; alfo a fort of short fleeve women formerly wore.
BRAZOLE'TE, f. m. the armour for the arm.

BRAZUE'LO, f. m. a shin of beef.

BRE

BRE'A, f. f. tar; alfo a fort of tarred canvas.
BREADU'RA, f. f. daubing with tar.
BREA'R, v. a. to tar; alfo to abufe, to plague, to moleft.
BREBA, f. f. vide *BREVA*.
BREBA'GE, } f. m. a drench for
BREBA'JO, } a beaft; any fcurvy mixture or drench; among failors, wine, beer, or cyder.
BRE'CA, f. f. a little white fish, a bleak, or blay.
BRE'CHA, f. f. a breach, the ruin of any part of works beaten down with cannon, or blown up by a mine. In cant, a dye to play with.
BRECHA'DO, adj. in cant, cheated at dice.
BRECHADO'R, f. m. in cant, a third man at play.
BRECHA'R, v. n. to cheat with falfe dice.
BRECHE'RO, f. m. one that cheats with falfe dice.
BRE'DO, f. m. vide *BLE'DO*.
BRE'GA, f. f. fray, ftrife, contention, wrangling.
BREGADU'RA, f. f. a wrinkle.
BREGA'R, v. a. to quarrel, to contend.
Bregár el arco, to shoot with a bow.
BREGUE'RO, f. m. a wrangler, a quarrelfome fellow.
BRE'NCA, f. f. the herb maidenhair.
BRE'ÑA, f. f. a place full of shrubs; thorns, or bushes; or a crag of a mountain.
Breñas, f. f. a thorny place, full of brambles.
BREÑA'L, f. m. craggy, bushy, or thorny place.
BREÑO'SO, adj. thorny, cragged; full of briars and brambles.
BREQUE, f. m. vide *BRECA*.
BRESCADI'LLO, f. m. pearl.
BRESCA'DO, adj. embroidered with pearl.
BRETADO'R, f. m. a whiftle to allure birds.
BRE'TE, f. m. obf. ftocks, fetters to lock up the feet; alfo a bolt, and a fort of rack.
Bréte del trigo, the beard of corn.
BRETO'N, f. m. a young fprout of any thing.
BRE'VA, f. f. an early fig.
BREVA'GE, f. m. vide *BREBA'GE*.
BREVA'L, f. m. a fig-tree, or the place where figs grow.
BRE'VE, adj. short.
Bréve, f. m. the Pope's brief.
BREVECI'TO, adj. short, brief.
BREVEDA'D, f. f. brevity.
BREVEME'NTE, adv. briefly, shortly.
BREVE'TE, f. m. a little bills note, or breviate.
BREVIA'R, v. n. in cant, to coax or wheedle any one to get the better opportunity of cheating him.
BREVIA'RIO, f. m. an abridgment; alfo the book containing the daily fervice of the Roman church.
BREVIO'N, f. m. in cant, the perfon who coaxes or wheedles another in order to cheat him.
BREZA'R, v. a. to rock a child in a cradle.
BRE'ZNA, f. f. a chip; alfo a lath.
BRE'ZO, f. m. brush-wood; alfo furze, heath, or gorfe.

BRI

BRIA'GA, f. f. a rope made with rushes.
BRIAGU'EZ, f. f. vide *EMBRIAGUE'S*.
BRIA'L, f. m. a fort of garment worn, by queens and great ladies.
BRI'BA, f. f. mumping, begging.
BRIBA'R, v. a. to beg, to go a mumping.
BRI'BIA, f. f. the canting tale of a beggar to move compaffion.
BRIBIA'TICO, adj. belonging to the art or knack of begging.
BRIBIO'N, } f. m. a ftroller, a
BRIBO'N, } fellow who will not work, but goes about begging.
BRIBONA'DA, f. f. a wandering or ftrolling about.
BRIBONA'ZO, f. f. augmentative of *bribón*.
Bribónazo, adj. cunning, fly, fubtle.
BRIBONCI'LLO, f. f. diminutive of *bribón*.
BRIBONEA'R, v. a. vide *BRIBA'R*.
BRIBONERI'A, f. f. beggary.
BRICHO, f. m. welt, lace, or border about a garment, worked with lace.
BRI'DA, f. f. a bridle.
Andár a la brida, to ride long in the ftirrups, contrary to *cabalgár a la ginéta*, to ride short.
BRIDECU', f. m. a fword-belt.
BRIDO'N, f. m. one that rides long in the ftirrups.
BRIE'NTO, adj. forcible, violent Obf.
BRIGA, f. f. the old word for a town.
BRIGADA, f. f. a brigade of foldiers.
BRIGADIE'R, f. m. the officer of a brigade, or brigadier.
BRI'GOLA, f. f. an ancient military engine.
BRILLADO'R, adj. shining, fparkling, glittering.
BRILLADU'RA, f. f. fplendor, brightnefs.
BRILLA'NTE, adj. shining, glittering, fparkling, brilliant.
BRILLANTE'Z, f. m. fplendor, brightnefs.
BRILLA'R, v. n. to shine.
BRILLE'SCO, adj. vide *BRILLA'NTE*.
BRILLO, f. m. brightnefs, fplendor.
BRIMBILLA'DA, f. f. vide *MERMELA'DA*.
BRIMBO'N, f. m. vide *BRIBON*.
BRIN, f. m. a fibre of faffron.
BRINCADO'R, f. m. f. one that is always leaping and skipping.
BRINCA'R, v. n. to leap, to skip; to dandle a child.
BRINCHO, f. m. a term ufed in playing at a game of cards called *quinola*.
BRI'NCO, f. m. a leap, a skip; alfo a little fort of jewel ladies ufed to wear; alfo a play-thing for a child, any pretty bauble.

BRINDA'R, v. n. to drink to; alſo to offer, to preſent; alſo to engage.
BRINDE'L, ſ. m. the band or ſtrap that holds on the clog.
BRI'NDIS, ſ. m. a health in drinking.
BRINDO'N, ſ. m. a ſort of fruit as red as blood within. Dyers make uſe of it, and vinegar is made of the bark.
BRINO, ſ. m. vide *BRIN.*
BRINQUI'LLO, *BRINQUI'TO*, ſ. m. a little leap or skip; alſo a little toy.
BRI'O, ſ. m. bravery, valour, mettle, livelineſs.
Hómbre de brío, a man of mettle.
BRIO'L, ſ. m. vide *BRIO'LES.*
BRIO'LES, ſ. m. pl. the bunt lines; ſmall lines made faſt to the bottom of the ſail in a ship, in the middle part of the bolt-rope, uſed to riſe or draw up the ſail to the yard.
BRIO'NIA, ſ. f. the herb briony.
BRIOSAMENTE, adv. in a ſpirited, lively, or ſprightly manner.
BRIO'SO adj. brave, mettleſome, lively.
Cabállo brióſo, a mettleſome horſe.
BRISA, ſ. f. the trade-wind which carries ships to the Weſt-Indies.
Brísa, a breeze, a wind that blows from the ſea.
BRISCA, ſ. f. *BRISCO'R*, ſ. m. a gentle breeze of air. Obſ.
BRISCADO, adj. belonging to the twiſting of ſilver and gold.
BRITA'NICA, ſ. f. an herb called ſpoonwort, or ſcurvy-graſs.
BRIVA, ſ. f. vide *BRIBA.*
BRI'VIA, ſ. f. obſ. the Bible.
BRIVO'N, ſ. m. vide *BRIBO'N.*
BRIZA'R, v. a. obſ. to rock a cradle.
BRIZNA, *BRIZNILLA*, ſ. f. a chip, a ſplinter; the roughneſs of boards that are not planed.
BRI'ZO, ſ. m. obſ. a cradle.

B R O

BRO'CA, ſ. f. a button of any ſort; alſo a ſort of bobbin uſed by embroiderers to roll their ſilk on, and a shoemaker's tack-nail.
BROCA'DO, ſ. m. cloth of gold or ſilver.
BROCADU'RA, ſ. f. the bite of a bear.
BROCA'L, ſ. m. a cover for a well, or the brink or mouth of a well.
Brocál de fláſco, the mouth of a bottle.
BROCAMANTO'N, ſ. m. a claſp ſet upon garments, a little hook or loop.
BROCARDICO, ſ. m. a ſentence, axiom, or aphoriſm quite common and vulgar.
BROCATE'L, ſ. m. a ſort of lindſey-woolſey reſembling to brocade, made of ſilk.
BROCA'TO, ſ. m. vide *BROCA'DO.*
BRO'CHA, ſ. f. a claſp; alſo a loop on a coat.
Brócha, ſ. f. a little brush made of hogs briſtles.
BROCHA'R, v. a to claſp or shut with a claſp.
BRO'CHE, ſ. m. a claſp.
BROCHE'RO, ſ. m. a claſp-maker.
BROCHO'N, ſ. m. a great claſp; alſo a painter's great brush or pencil.
BRO'DIO, ſ. m. pottage, ſuch as they give to beggars whith the broken bread and ſcraps of the table; any odd ſlop or confuſed mixture.
BRODI'STA; ſ. m. a poor ſcholar who at noon repairs to the monaſteries to dine upon pottage.
BROLLA'R, v. n. to embroil; to boil.
BRO'MA, ſ. f. a worm that eats holes in ships; a heavy lumpish thing of no value, the coarſe mortar thrown in to fill up in building; froth of ſoap-ſuds or the like.
Es una broma; he is a ſtupid foolish fellow.
BROMA'DO, adj. heavy, weighty, ponderous.
Náve bromada, a ship that is eaten by the worms.
BRO'MO, ſ. m. wild oats.
BRO'NCE, ſ. m. a mixed metal of pewter and copper, called braſs; a piece of ordnance.
BRONCEA'R, v. a. to adorn with bronce.
BRONCHA, ſ. f. a ſort of ſilver claſp ill-shaped, worn by country people for ornament.
BRO'NCHA, ſ. f. *BRONCHE*, ſ. m. a poniard, a ſmall dagger.
BRONCI'NERO, adj. belonging to braſs.
BRO'NCO, adj coarſe, rough, unpolished, hoarſe.
BRONQUEDA'D, ſ. f. hardneſs, roughneſs, hoarſeneſs.
BROQU'EL, ſ. m. a round target.
Prov. *Tódo es dar en los broquéles*, it is all but clattering the targets; much talk and little to the purpoſe.
Sálir de broquél a cáda repiquéte, to come out with a target for every trifle, to be quarrelſome.
BROQUELA'DO, adj. armed vith a target.
BROQUELE'JO, ſ. m. a little target.
BROQUELE'RO, ſ. m. a target-maker; a quarrelſome fellow.
BROQUELE'TE, ſ. m. a little target.
BROQUELI'LLO, ſ. m. diminutive of *broquél.*
BROSLADO'R, ſ. m. an embroiderer.
BROSLADU'RA, ſ. f. embroidery.
BROSLA'R, v. a. to embroider.
BROSQU'EL, ſ. m a pen or fold to keep sheep.
BROTA'NTE, ſ. m. a prop, a shore to ſupport.
BROTA'R, v. n. to bud to shoot out in growing.
BROTE, ſ. m chips that carpenters make.
BRO'TES, ſ. m. pl. ſmall ſprouts of cabbages.

BRO'TON, s. m. a branch, a twig of a tree.
BRO'ZA, s. f. any small stuff of no value; small chips the bits of stone that fly when they are hewing it; the dust that falls from worm-eaten wood.
Servir de toda bróza, to do all sorts of work.
BROZA'R, v. a. to clean with a brush as printers do.
BRO'ZNO, adj. rough, rugged, harsh.
BROZO'SO, adj. clean neat.

B R U

BRU'CES, s. m. pl. the lips.
BRUCHE'TE, s. m. a sort of small shell-fish.
BRUE'TA, s. f. a wheel-barrow.
BRU'GO, s. m. a worm that gnaws trees.
BRUJA, s. f. vide *BRUXA*.
BRU'JULA, s. f. vide *BRUXULA*.
BRULLA'RSE, v. r. to turn milk to curds in boiling it.
BRULLO, s. m. coagulated milk prepared to be made into cheese.
BRULO'TE, s. m. a fire-ship.
BRU'MA, s. f. raw cold winter weather, a hoary frost, a thick fog, a cold wind; also a bruise.
BRUMADO'R, adj. that which causes trouble and pain by being too heavy.
BRUMA'L adj. wintery.
BRUMAMIENTO, s. m. trouble or pain caused by a load too heavy.
BRUMA'R, v. a. to bruise to squeeze, to flat together.
BRUME'TE, s. m. vide *GRUME'TE*.
BRUNE'TE, adj. a coarse sort of cloth of a dirty black.
BRUNE'TO, adj. a dark colour almost black.
BRUNO, adj. brown, dark, obscure.
BRUñIDO'R, s. m. a burnisher.
BRUñIDURA, s. f. burnishing.
BRUñI'R, v. a. to burnish.
BRU'SCA, s. f. a plant called kneeholly, or butchers-broom.
BRUSCADO'R, s. m. one that uses or sells knee-holly.
BRU'SCO, s. m. is that which is lost as inconsiderable, or not worth looking after as the loose grapes that drop a the vintage, or loose corn at harvest, or the like.
No hay brúsco, there is not a corn, not a grain, there is not the least thing.
BRUSE'LA, s. f. the periwinkle.
BRUTA'L, adj. brutish, beastly.
BRUTALIDA'D, s. f. brutishness beastliness.
BRUTALME'NTE, adv. brutally, beastly.
BRUTEDA'D, s. f. vide *BRUTALIDA'D*.
BRUTE'SCOS, s. m. f. grotesques, odd sort of landscapes representing grots and caves.
BRUTE'Z, *BRUTE'ZA*, } s. f. ugliness; brutality.
BRU'TO, s. m. a brute beast, or a brutish man; adjectively used, rough, coarse, unpolished.
BRU'XA, s. f. a screech-owl: a witch, a hag.
Chupado de bruxas, lean and pale coloured.
BRUXEA'R, v. n. to walk all the night.
BRUXERI'A, s. f. witchcraft.
BRUXO, s. m. a wizzard.
Bruxo adj. light in his moral conduct, licentious.
BRU'XULA, s. f. the mark on a crossbow or on the barrel of a gun to take aim by; also the sea-compass, or a s mall box to carry it in.
Mirár por brúxula, to take aim, to peep through a hole or cranny, to observe a thing by one part of it.
BRUXULEA'R, v. a. to take aim through a hole.
BRUZA, s. f. a curry-comb.
Brúzas s. f. pl. the mouth downwards, or more properly the under-lip.
BRU'ZNO, adj. dark, cloudy, obscure.
BRU'ZOS; adv. as, *de brúzos*, with the mouth downward.
Caér de brúzos to fall upon one's face.
Beber de brúzos, to drink lying along with one's mouth downwards.

B U

BU', s. m. a word of dread used to frighten children.

B U A

BU'A, s. f. a border, a limit.
Búa, s. f. pimple.
Búa, s. f. vide *BUBA*.
BUA'R v. a. to hedge or surround the borders or limits.
BUA'RO, *BUA'RRO*, } s. m. an owl. Obs.

B U B

BU'BA, s. f. the French pox; generally used in the plural.
BUBACIO'N, s. f. a mineral found where the load-stone is.
BUBO'N, s. m. a tumour or swelling in the groin, a bubo.
BUBO'SO, adj. one that has the French pox, poxed.

B U C

BUCARA'N, s. m. buckram.
BUCARI'TO, s. m. diminutive of *bucáro*.
BU'CARO, s. m. a sort of red cup, used to drink water out of.
BUCEA'R, v. a. to dive under the water.
BUCENTA'URO, *BUCENTU'RO*, } s. m. a fine galley the republick of Venice has.
BUCE'O, s. m. driving under water.
BUCE'PHALO, s. m. any fine and mettlesome horse.
BU'CES, s. m. pl. vide *BRU'ZOS*.
BU'CHA, s. f. a box made of clay.

BUCHA'R, v. a. to hide or conceal carefully.

BU'CHE, f. m. the maw, or craw of any bird; alfo the ftomach of a man and of any animal; alfo a mouthful of liquor.

Buche de almizcle, a little bag to put perfume in.

Hacer el buche, to eat and drink healthfully.

BUCHE'TE, f. m. a cheek puffed up with wind, a pop made with the mouth.

BUCHO'RNO, f. m. fultry, hot, ftifling weather.

BU'CO, f. m. any hollow thing, as a boat, or the like.

BUCO'LICA, f. f. belly-timber, food.

Bucólica, f. f. a kind of paftoral poems.

BUCO'LICO, adj. bucolick, paftoral.

B U D

E'L, f. m. a wooden pin tapering to one end to open the ftronds of cables to fplice them together.

BUDIO'N, f. m. a cod-fish; a dull jolt-headed fellow.

B U E

BUEGA, f. f. a boundary, a limit.

BUEITRE, f. m. vide *BUITRE*.

BUE'N, adj. good; only ufed before a mafculine noun in the fingular number.

Buen aire, fine appearance, gracefulnefs, elegance.

Buena alma, a virtuous man; ironically, a malicious cunning fellow.

Buen porque, a reward; alfo a great quantity of any thing.

Buéna grácia, a good grace, the beauty of a woman; alfo affability, a fine mien, behaviour.

Buena manderécha, good luck, good fuccefs in your undertakings.

BUENAME'NTE, adv. well, eafily, without difficulty.

BUENAVO'YA, f. m. a rover in a galley hired and paid for; alfo a very eafy and complaifant man.

BUENO, adj. good, honeft; alfo virtuous, and noble.

Bueno, ufeful, convenient; alfo in good health, and fometimes great.

Buenas artes, the liberal arts.

Ser bueno, ò malo, to be a good or a bad man.

Eftar bueno, ò malo, to be in health or to be fick.

Buenas letras, belles lettres, polite literature.

Buenos dias, good day.

Buenas noches, good night.

Buenas ganas, good ftomach, sharp appetite.

Buena fé, faithfulnefs, honefty, veracity; alfo ingenuity.

A buena fé, indeed, certain, truly.

De donde buéno? whence come you,

Buéna cuchillàda, a great cut of a fword.

Buéna calentúra, a violent fever.

Buén bellàco, a great knave.

Buén hómbre, properly a good man; ironically, a cuckold.

Buéna mugér, properly a good woman; ironically, a whore.

BUEñA, f. f. a fort of pudding made of the blood of oxen.

BU'ERAS, f. f. pl. little pimples or bliften breaking out about the mouth.

BU'ESO, f. m. a man ridiculoufly dreffed.

BUE'TAGOS, f. m. pl. the lungs.

Dárle a úno con un buétago de váca por la cára, to ftrike a man acrofs the face with a cow's lights; that is, to affront a man in the coarfeft manner.

BUE'Y, f. m. an ox.

Ir al páffo del buéy, to proceed with deliberation.

BUEYA'ZO, f. m. a great ox; alfo a cuckold.

BUEYE'RO, f. m. a neat-herd.

BUEYEZI'LLO, f. m. a fteer a little ox.

B U F

BUF, interj. an expreffion when any one is angry, or rejects what another fays or does.

BU'FA, f. f. a jeft, derifion.

BUFA'DO, adj. an epithet given to glafs made into fmall empty bubbles, to make a great noife when broken.

BUFALANDI'ANA, f. m. a buffoon.

BU'FALO, } f. m. buffalo, a fort
BU'FANO, } of ox.

BUFA'R, v. a. to puff, to blow, as a horfe or an ox, or as a man in a paffion.

BUFE'O, f. m. a fort of large fish.

BUFE'TE, f. m. a table.

BUFETILLO, f. m. a toilet or dreffingtable.

BUFFA'R, v. a. vide *BUFA'R*.

BUFI, f. m. a fort of camblet.

BUFI'A, f. f. in cant, a leather-bottle.

BUFIAD'OR, f. m. in cant, a vintner.

BUFI'DO, } f. m. the act of puffing
BUFO, } or blowing, like a horfe, or ox, or like a man in a paffion.

BUFO'N, f. m. a buffoon, a jefter.

BUFONA'DA, f. f. buffoonery, ridiculous jefting.

BUFONE'AR, v. n. to play the buffoon, or fool.

BUFONERI'A, f. f. buffoonery.

BUFONICI'STA, f. m. who profeffes buffoonery.

BUFONIZA'R, v. n. vide *BUFONEAR*.

BUFOS, f. m. pl. a fort of ancient head-drefs, fticking out hollow over the ears. Alfo the puffs that grow on the thiftles, which fly away and almoft vanish when touched; any thing that is very light.

B U G

BUGA'DA, f. f. a buck, or washing of linen with lye.

BUGA'LLA, f. f. the nut called gall.

BUGELLA'DA, f. f. a fine lye, ufed by women to wash their heads; any daub ufed by them.

BUGELLADO'R, f. m. one that makes or fells flops women's faces.

BUGI'A, f. f. a fmall wax candle, fuch as we call book-wax.

BUGLO'SA, f. f. the herb bugloss, or ox-tongue.

BUGRE, f. m. a sodomite.

BUGUELLA'DA, f. f. a compound water to wash one's face with.

B U H

BUHA'R, v. a. in cant, to discover; to watch.

BUHA'RDA, f. f. a sky-light.

BUHARDI'LLA, f. f. diminutive of *buhárda*.

BUHEDA'L, f. m. a bog, a quagmire.

BUHE'RA, f. f. a loop-hole to shoot through.

BUHI'A, f. f. hut, or cottage.

BU'HO, f. m. an owl.

Búho, in cant, the person who discovers or impeaches another.

BUHONERI'A, f. f. a shop of toys.

BUHONE'RO, f. m. a pedlar.

BUHU'RDA, f. f. a little window on the top of a house upon the tiles.

B U I

BUIDADO'R, f. m. a melter or founder.

BUIR, v. a. to polish, to burnish; to sharpen.

BUITA'R, v. a. to throw, to fling.

BU'ITRE, f. m. a vulture.

Come como un buitre, he eats like a vulture.

Prov. *Mas vále páxaro en mano que buitre volándo*, one bird in the hand is better than two in the bush.

BUITRE'RA, f. f. a little house with two loop-holes to shoot at vultures; also a very lean beast.

BUITRE'RO, adj. belonging to vultures.

Buitréro, f. m. the person who takes, or catches vultures.

BUITRO'N, f. m. a sort of net, like a wheel, to cath fish; also small oven to refine silver or its ore.

B U J

BUJA'CA, f. f. vide *BURJACA*.

BUJARASO'L, f. m. a kind of red figs.

B U L

BU'LA, f. f. the pope's bull.

BULA'DO, adj. honoured or dignified by a Pope's bull.

BULA'R, v. a. to burn one on the forehead.

BULA'RCAMA, f. m. a great timber that strengthens the prow of a ship.

BULA'RIO, f. m. the book of the Pope's bulls.

BU'LBO, f. m. a wild onion.

BU'LDA, f. f. vide *BU'LA*.

BULDERI'AS, f. f. pl. outrageous and opprobrious words and names.

BULDE'RO, f. m. one that publishes and carries about the Pope's bulls; also he who anciently published the croisado's bull.

BULE'RO, f. m. a commissary charged with the distribution of the Pope's bulls.

BULE'TO, f. m. a private bull sent by the Pope.

BU'LLA, f. f. confusion, disorder, bustle, tumultuous commotions.

BULLADO'R, f. m. a tricking, artful, cunning fellow, who maintains himself by cheating others.

BULLA'GE, f. m. a concourse, a tumult, an uproar.

BULLA'R, v. a. to put a seal or mark, as merchants do on their goods.

BULLE BULLE, f. m. a busy-body.

BULLI'CIO, f. m. a stirring, a commotion, or confusion; also the humming noise made by a multitude of people; sedition, quarrel, tumult.

BULLICIOSAME'NTE, adv. tumultuously, disorderly, restlessly.

BULLICIO'SO, adj. restless, turbulent, always in motion, contentious.

BULLIDO'R, f. m. one that is always stirring.

BULLIDU'RA, f. f. stir, motion; the state of boiling.

BULLIGA'R, v. a. to abound in.

BULLIR, v. a. to boil, to move, to stir, to bubble up like boiling water.

Bullír piójos ò guzános, lice or maggots to swarm.

Bullír la génte, a great concourse of people moving.

Bullír el ayre, wind that just breathes.

No bullír piè ni máno, not to move hand nor foot.

BULLO'N, f. m. dagger, knife. Obf.

Bullón, f. m. the dye when it is boiling.

BULTI'LLO, f. m. a diminutive of *búlto*.

BU'LTO, f. m. a bulk that is seen at a distance without discovering what it is; a thing covered so that only the bulk of it appears.

Menear el bulto, to beat one.

Ver el búlto de úna cósa, to see the bulk or bigness of a thing without perceiving what it is.

Juzgar una cósa à búlto, to judge of a thing by the bulk; to make a rash judgment.

Figúra de búlto, a solid statue.

Búlto, a pillow or cushion stuffed with coarse wool or straw.

Hablár a búlto, to spead confusedly, indistinctly, rashly.

BULULU', f. m. a word of derision, invented and used by Quevedo, on account of its ridiculous sound.

B U N

BU'NIO, f. m. a kind of turnip that grows wild.

B U Ñ

BUÑOLERI'A, f. f. the place where they make or sell *buñuélos*.

BUÑOLE'RO, f. m. he that makes or sells *buñuélos*.

BUÑUE'LO, f. m. a sort of fritter.

Es buñuélos, it cannot be so easily done as one supposes.

B U P

BUPRE'STE, f. m. a fort of Spanish fly.

B U Q.

BU'QUE, f. m. the bulk, ftowage, or content of a ship; alfo a ship.

Búque, is metaphorically made ufe of to fignify the fize or capacity of any thing.

Hombre de mucho búque, a man of great capacity.

Cása de mucho búque, a very large houfe.

BUQUE'TA, f. f. french wheat.

B U R

BURARI'LLO, f. m. diminutive of *buaro*.

BURA'TO, f. m. a king of light filken ftuff.

BU'RBA, f. f. a kind of African coin of a low value.

BURBALU'R, f. m. a kind of feamonfter.

BURBU'JA, f. f. a little bubble on the water.

BURBUJEA'R, v. n. to bubble as water does.

BURBUJI'TA, f. f. diminutive of *burbúja*.

BU'RCHO, f. m. a kind of boat.

BU'RDA, f. f. the main-fail of a galley.

BURDA'LLA, adj. that has coarfe harsh wool.

BURDE'GANO, f. m. a mule got by an horfe and a she afs.

BURDE'L, f. m. a bawdy-houfe.

Burdél, ufed as an adjective; vicious, lewd, debauched.

BURDELEA'R, v. n. to haunt bawdyhoufes.

BURDELE'JO, or *BURDELI'LLO*, f. m. a little bawdy-houfe.

BU'RDO, adj. coarfe; degenerate, worthlefs.

Carnero burdo, a sheep whofe wool is coarfe; the contrary of *carnero merino*, whofe fleece is very foft and fine.

BURE'LES, f. f. pl. fome blocks or pieces of wood ufed in ships for particular purpofes.

BURE'NGO, f. m. a Mulatto flave.

BURE'O, f. m. the affembly of the officers for management of the king's houshold; any office for writing, or taking account.

Buréo, an entertainment, a merry-making, &c. generally faid in a bad fenfe.

BURGA, f. f. a natural fpring of hot water.

BURGA'LES, f. m. an ancient coin of adulterate gold, that was fo called.

BURGE'S, f. m. a burgefs, or inhabitant of a borough.

BURGESI'A, f. f. the freedom of a city, or the citizens themfelves.

BU'RGO, f. m. a borough, a fuburb, a fmall town or village.

BURGO-MAESTRE, f. m. a burgh-mafter.

BURGUEñO, adj. belonging to the town of Burgos.

BURIE'L, f. m. a coarfe cloth fuch as the Francifcan friars habits are made of.

BURI'L, f. m. a graver to engrave in metal.

BURILA'DA, f. f. a ftroke or touch with a graver.

BURILADU'RA, f. f. engraving.

BURILA'R, v. a. to engrave.

BURJACA, f. f. a great leather pouch, which pilgrims or poor folks carry hanging under their arm to put in what is given them.

Burjáca, f. f. a knapfack, fuch as foldiers or pilgrims carry.

BURJALE'TAS, f. f. a fort of late figs, fmall, but very fweet.

BU'RLA, f. f. jeft, mock, derifion, ridicule.

Búrlas, f. f. pl. jefts, any thing ludicrous, meant to raife laughter.

Búrla pefáda, an offenfive jeft.

Hazér búrla, to fcoff, or jeer.

BURLADO'R, f. m. a jefter, one that jefts much.

BURLA'R, to jeft, to impofe upon; to defpife.

Dexádas la búrlas, jefting afide.

No fabér de búrlas, to take no jeft.

Echárlo a búrlas, to pafs off a thing for a jeft.

BURLERI'A, f. f. jefting, matter of jeft.

BURLE'SCO, adj. comic, facetious, burlefque.

BURLE'TA, *BURLI'LLA*, } f. f. a little jeft.

BURLO'N, f. m. f. a merry jefting companion.

BU'RRA, f. f. a she afs.

Búrra de palo, (ludicroufly) a veffel, a ship.

Caer de fu búrra, to fall from one's afs, that is, to know one's error.

BURRA'DA, f. f. a trick of an afs; fpeaking or acting like an afs; a foollish faying, or action; a blunder, a bull.

Burráda, f. f. a company of affes.

BURRAGEA'R, v. a. to fcribble, to write unskilfully, or as notaries do.

BURRAGE'O, f. m. a confufed or diforderly piece of writing.

BURRA'JO, f. m. trash, trumpery, filth; alfo a dung-hill.

BURRA'SCA, f. f. vide *BORR'ASCA*.

BURRE'A, f. m. a hangman.

BU'RRO, f. m. a he afs; there is alfo a fish fo called.

Búrro, a machine ufed by fawyers.

BURRU'CHO, f. m. a young afs following his mother.

BURRUMBA'DA, f. f. *BORRUMBA'DA*.

BURU'JO, f. m. little knots in wool.

Burújo, f. m. the husk of grapes, after the wine is preffed out, or the like of any fruit that is preffed.

BURUJO'N, f. f. a hard fwelling in any part of the body; alfo a handful of any thing.

B U S

BU'SCA, f. f. a fearch, feeking; it is ufed with the particle *en* before it; as, *voy en bufca de mi amigo*, I go in queft of my friend.

BUSCADO'R, f. m. f. a feeker, a fearcher.
BUSCAMIE'NTO, f. m. a feeking, or a fearch.
BUSCAPIE'S, f. m. a fort of fquib that follows the people who fly before it.
BUSCA'R, v. a. to feek, to fearch. *Quien bufca, hálla*, who looks after any thing, finds it.
BUSCAVI'DAS, f. m. who pries or looks into the life of others.
BU'SCO, with you.
BUSCO'N, f. m. f. a perfon who is curious to know other people's affairs; alfo one who fteals any thing, a thief.
BUSI'LIS, f. m. a cant word; the myftery, the difficulty, the contrivance, the juggle.
BUSTA'LMOS, f. m. an herb like camomile; May-weed, ox-eye, unking camomile.
BUSTO, f. m. a buft, the human body without its head, arms, and legs.
BU'SULA, f. f. an opening in the Pope's antichamber, through which his attendants are called by him when wanted.

BUT

BUTAGUEñA, f. f. vide *BUEñA*.
BUTI'LLO, adj. pale, yellowish.
BUTRO'N, f. m. vide *BUITRO'N*.
BUTY'RO, f. m. butter.

BUV

BU'VA, f. f. vide *BU'BA*.

BUX

BUXE'DA, f. f. a grove of box-trees.
BUXERI'AS, f. f. toys, trifles.
BUXE'TA, f. f. a fmall perfume-box.
BUXETI'LLA, f. f. diminutive of *buxéta*.

BUY

BUYDO, vide *BUI'DO*.
BUYES, f. f. pl. in cant, a pack of cards.

BUZ

BU'Z, f. m. a kifs given out of refpect, and by way of honour, as the kiffing of holy things. *Hazér el búz*, to pay a refpect, or do honour to another; moft generally ufed ironically, for fawning, and playing the fycophant.
BUZA'CO, f. m. a fort of heavy cannon.
BUZA'NO, f. m. a diver, one whofe profeffion it is to dive under water to fetch up any thing; alfo a fort of fhell-fish; and in cant, a pickpocket, one that dives into pockets.
BUZE', a ruftick contraction of *vueftra mercéd*, your worship.
BU'ZES, *BUZI'O*, f. m. vide *BRU'CES*.
BUZ'O, f. m. a fort of veffel; alfo a cunning artful thief.
BUZON, f. m. a conduit-pipe.

C

C, is the thirdl etter of the alphabet.

C A

CA', adv. obf. becaufe, for; and fometimes a conjunction, formely ufed as a relative correfponding to the relative *which*.

C A B

CABA'CO, f. m. the remains or fragments of wood after it is cleaved or hewn down.

CABA'L, adj. juft, exact, complete, that wants nothing.

Hómbre cabál, a man that is juft and exact in his dealings.

CA'BALA, f. f. the cabal, a myftical fcience profeffed by the rabbins; alfo party, confederacy, faction, intrigue.

Cábala, f. f. a fecret, clandeftine confultation, or negociation of affairs.

CABALAR, v. a. to make equal, even.

CABALE'RO, f. m. obf. a cavalier, a horfeman, a foldier on horfeback.

CABALGADA, f. m. an excurfion in the enemies country; alfo the plunder and pillage of it.

CABALGADO'R, f. m. a horfeman.

CABALGADU'RA, f. f. any beaft who carries burdens; alfo a brutish fellow.

CABALGA'R, v. a. to mount a horfe, to ride.

CABALHU'STE, f. m. a faddle.

CABALI'NA, adj. fem. an epithet given to a fabulous fountain on mount Helicon.

CABALI'STA, f. m. one verfed in the cabal; a cabalift.

CABALI'STICO, adj. belonging to the cabal.

CABA'LLA, f. f. a mackerel, a feafish fo called.

CABALLADA, f. f. a drove of horfes or mares.

CABALLA'R, adj. belonging to a horfe.

CABALLE'JO, f. m. diminutive of *cabállo*.

CABALLERA'TO, f. m. the right enjoyed by a knight.

CABALLERE'SCO, adj. belonging to a knight.

CABALLERETE, f. m. diminutive of *caballero*.

CABALLERI'A, f. f. any beaft that carries burdens.

Caballeria, f. f. the military order of knights; alfo cavalry, horfe-troops.

Libros de caballerias, books of knight-errantry.

CABALLERI'L, adj. belonging to a knight or his order.

CABALLERI'TO, f. m. diminutive of *caballéro*.

CABALLERI'ZA, f. f. a ftable.

CABALLERI'ZO, f. m. a mafter of the horfe.

CABALLE'RO, f. m. a knight.

Caballéro andánte, a knight-errant.

Caballéros de conquifta, men remarkable for warlike bravery.

Caballéro de la efpuéla doráda, a knight of the golden fpur.

Caballéro de la mefnáda del rey, a knight of the royal company.

Caballéro de premio, a knight who has always a horfe and arms in readinefs at his own expence and charges.

Caballéro párdo, a new upftart knight.

Armár a úno caballéro, to arm one a knight.

Metérfe a caballéro, to affect the dignity and office of a knight.

CABALLEROSAME'NTE, adv. nobly, generoufly, bravely.

CABALLERO'SO, adj. noble, generous, great, famous.

CABALLERO'TE, f. m. a ruftick, rude, unpolished gentleman.

CABALLE'TA, f. f. an infect like a locuft.

CABALLE'TE, f. m. an inftrument of torture made like a horfe.

Caballete de pintor, a painter's eafel.

Caballete de imprenta, the gallows of a printer's prefs

CABALLI'CO, *COBALLILLO*, *COBALLI'TO*, } fub. m. diminutive of *caballo*.

CABA'LLO, f. m. a horfe.

Cabállos, horfe, cavalry.

Caballo, the queen at cards.

Caballo, a bubo in the groin.

Caballo de frifia, chevaux de frife, calthrops.

Caballo marino, a fea-horfe.

Caballos ligeros, light-horfe, troopers.

Huir a uña de caballo, to run full fpeed.

Caballo aguado, a foundered horfe.

Caballo albardon, a pack-horfe.

Caballo amornado, a glandered horfe.

Caballo de axedréz a knight a tchefs.

Caballo de caña, a hobby-horfe for a child.

Caballo de carro, a cart-horfe.

Caballo de buena boca, a horfe that has a good mouth.

Caballo deshocado, a hard-mouthed horfe.

Caballo de filla, a faddle-horfe.

Caballo enjaezádo, a horfe with all his furniture.

Caballo arroncinado, a worthlefs nag, a poor jade.

Caballo corredor, a fleet-horfe.

Caballo Morifco, a barb.

Caballo garañon, a ftallion.

Caballo Frifon, a great Flanders horfe.

Caballo entero, a ftone-horfe.

Caballo caftrado, a gelding.

Caballo que da del lomo, a trotting horfe.

Caballo tropezador, a ftumbling horfe.

Caballo acerelo, a broken winded horfe.

Caballo de brida, a running horfe.

Caballo calzado, a horfe that has one white foot.

Caballo armiñado, a white horfe.

Caballo abatanado, a flea-bitten horfe.

Caballo hito, or *morcillo*, a black horfe.

Caballo quatralbo, a horfe that has four white feet.

Caballo picazo, a pied horfe.

Caballo hovero, a cream-coloured horfe.

Caballo rucio, a grey horfe.

Caballo rucio rodado, a dapple-grey horfe.

Caballo caftaño, a chefnut-coloured horfe.

Cabállo bayo, a bay-horse.
Caballo bayo castaño, a chesnut-bay.
Caballo bayo obscuro, a brown-bay.
Caballo bayo dorado, a yellow-dun.
Caballo alazán, a sorrel-horse.
Caballo de color morado, a flame-coloured horse.
Caballo alazán tostado, a burnt-sorrel horse.
CABALL'ON, s. m. a ridge between furrow and furrow.
CABALLU'NO, adj. belonging to horses.
CABALME'NTE, adv. completely, justly.
CABA'LO, s. m. obs. vide *CABALLO*.
CABA'ñA, s. f. cottage, cabbin, hut.
Cabaña de ganado, a drove of one hundred sheep, asses, &c.
CABAñE'RO, s. m. one that lives in a cottage.
CABAñIL, adj. belonging to a cottage.
CABAñUE'LA, s. f. a little cottage, cabbin, or hut.
CABA'R, v. a. vide *CAVA'R*.
CABA'YA, s. f. a great cloak, or loose coat.
CABDA'L, adj. capital, principal, chief.
CABDE'L, s. m. the standard carried by him that has an hundred horse of his own tenants or vassals.
CABDILLA'R, v. a. obs. vide *ACANDILLAR*.
CABDI'LLO, s. m. vide *CAUDI'LLO*.
CA'BE, adv. near to, hard by.
CABECEA'R, v. n. to nod, to shake the head, to toss it as some horses do, and some women, that are so wanton they don't know how to carry themselves.
Cabeceár, to bow, to give way.
CABECE'O, s. m. the nodding of the head.
CABECE'RA, s. f. the upper end of the table, bed, &c.
Ciudad cabecéra, the chief or metropolitan city of a kingdom.
CABECLANCHO, adj. large-headed, as a nail, &c.
CABECIJU'NTO, adj. joining, or laying heads together.
CABECI'LLA, s. f. diminutive of *cabéza*, a little head; also a giddy brain, a shallow brain.
CABEDE'RO, adj. that contains.
CABELLA'DO, adj. chesnut-coloured.
CABELLADU'RA, s. f. a head of hair.
CABELLA'R, v. n. to have hair.
CABELLE'JO, s. m. short hair.
CABELLE'RA, s. f. a periwig; also long hairs.
CABELLERICA, diminutive of *cabelléra*.
CABELLI'TO, s. m. diminutive of *cabello*.
CABE'LLO, s. m. the hair.
Cabellos de angel, a preserve made of carrots, which draws into fine threads like hairs.
Cabellos de carnéro, large sinews in mutton, which, when much boiled, split like hairs.
No fálta un cabéllo, there wants not a hair.
No mónta un cabéllo, it is not worth a hair.
Colgár de un cabéllo, to hang by a hair, to stand upon very ticklish circumstances.
Llevár a úno de un cabéllo, to lead a man by a hair; that is, easily.
Hender un cabéllo, to split a hair, to be very sharp in dealing, or precise in behaviour.
Andár en cabéllo, to go in one's hair; to go naked.
Tenér mas áños que cabéllos, to have more years than hairs; that is, to be very old and bald.
Traér un téxto ò úna citacion por los cabellos, to strain or force a text or quotation to our sense.
Arrancárse los cabéllos, to tear one's hair.
CABELLO'SO, } adj. thick or
CABELLU'DO, } full of hair, hairy.
CABE'R, v. n. to be contained in another thing, to be fit or capable to be contained.
No cabér en si de gózo, not to be able to contain one's self for joy.
No cábe en su cása quándo está enojádo, the house is too little to hold him when he is angry.
Cabérle à úno en suérte, to fall to one's lot.
Cabérle por turno, to fall to one's turn.
No cabér una partida, in arithmetic, the divisor is greater than the dividend.
CABE'RNA, s. f. vide *CAVE'RNA*.
CABE'RO, s. m. the least, the utmost.
CABESTRA'GE, s. m. heltering.
CABESTRA'NTE, s. m. the capstan with which they weigh the anchor.
CABESTREA'R, v. n. to halter a beast; also to hunt with an ox going before and accustomed to it.
CABESTRERI'A, s. f. the shop where halters are sold.
CABESTRE'RO, s. m. rope-maker, halter-maker.
CABESTRI'LLO, s. m. a little halter; also a blood-hound, or other creature, that finds out game to hunt; also a scarf to hang a sore arm in. The ladies in Spain wear ribbons, or gold chains, or strings of pearls hanging before, which they call by this name; as we call the ribbons they wear hanging in England, bridles.
CABE'STRO, s. m. a halter for a beast; the bell-weather that leads the flock.
Llevár a úno del cabéstro, to guide and govern a man, as a beast is led by a halter; to lead a man by the nose.
CABE'ZA, s. f. the head.
Cabéza de pérro, a dog's head.
Cabéza de ternéro, the herb called calve's snout, or snap-dragon.
Cabeza de procésso, ò testamento, the beginning of a process, or will.
Cabézá de júnta, the chief man in an assembly.
Cabéza de linage, the chief of a family.
Cabéza de vándo, the head of a faction
Cabéza de ólla, the head of a pot; that is, either the best in the pot, or the master of the house.
Cabéza de ájo, a head of garlick.
Cabéza de ganádo, a head of cattle.
Quebradéro de cabéza, a troublesome, importunate prating or talking.
Dar de cabéza, to fall upon one's head.

Repartir por cabéza, to share out by the head.

Ponérse le en la cabéza, to be persuaded to a thing, to conceit, to have it in one's head.

Dar con la cabéza por las paredes, to beat one's head about the wall; to carry on an affair rashly to one's own loss.

No tiéne piés ni cabéza, it has neither head nor tail.

De pies a cabéza, from head to foot.

A punta y cabéza, a play among children so called.

Echár de cabéza, to throw head-long.

Echár de cabéza vides u otras plántas, to bow down the branches of vines or other plants, and stick them in the ground till they have taken root.

Tomár de cabéza, to learn by heart.

Meneár la cabéza, to shake the head either in scorn or compassion.

Alzár cabéza, to lift up one's head; to mend one's fortune, to grow into a better condition.

Bolvér cabéza, to turn one's head off, or to turn to, to assist, or to forsake.

No me bolvió la cabéza, he woudl not so much as look at me.

Torcér la cabéza al áve, to wring a fowl's neck.

Reclinár la cabéza, to bow one's head, to rest it.

No téngo lugár de rascárme la cabéza, have not time to scratch my head.

Passóle por la cabéza, he fancied it.

Passóle por la cabéza, he fancied it.

Ponér a cortár la cabéza, to pawn one's head upon a thing.

Hacér de una cósa cabéza de lóbo, to make a wolf's head of a thing; that is, to make the most of it, as men do that have killed a wolf, and carry the head about to the villages to get a reward for it.

CABEZA'DA. s. f. a blow with the head; the head-stall of a beast; the foot-leather of a boot; a nod when one is asleep.

CABEZ'AL, s. m. a pillow, a bolster, a narrow quilt; a broad bench like a couch.

CABEZALE'JO, s. m. a little couch.

CABEZADE'RO, s. m. obs. he that is at the dying man's bed; an executor.

CABEZAMIE'NTO, s. m. nodding: also counting of heads.

CABE'ZO, s. m. a hillock; the top of a mountain.

CABEZO'N, s. m. the neck-band of a shirt; the collar of a garment; a great head; a head-stall to tame colts; halter.

Llevár a úno de los cabézones, to drag one away by the collar.

Entrár por la bóca mánga y salir por el cabezón, to enter at the sleeve, and go out at the neck-band; an old ceremony to adopt a son, when a woman took a wide smock, and putting the child's head through one of the sleeves, brought it out at the neckband, and then owned him her son; thence metaph. to intrude.

CABEZU'DO, adj. head-strong, obstinate.

CABEZUE'LA, s. f. a little head; also a little bud.

CABEZCA'NA, adj. when applied to *corneja* it means the winter-crow, called by some the Royston-crow, whose back and belly are of a dark ash colour.

CABIA'L, s. m. spawn of fishes that is eaten salted.

CABI'DA, s. f. admittance, reception, entertainment, room.

Tenér cabida con úna persona, to have access or an interest with such a person.

CABI'DO, adj. contained.

CABILDA'DA, s. f. sentence or judgment given by a chapter.

CABI'LDO, s. m. a chapter of a church, also common-council or the court of a town.

CABI'LLO, s. m. a little end.

CABIMIE'NTO, s. m. vide *CABIDA*.

CABI'TO, s. m. the extremity or end of any thing.

CABIZBAXA'R, v. n. to hang down the head.

CABIZBA'XO, adj. hanging down the head, sorrowful, melancholy, full of grief.

CABIZTUERTO, adj. turning the head down; an hypocrite.

CA'BLE, s. m. a cable, a rope for a ship to ride at an anchor.

CA'BO, s. m. the end, the conclusion; a cape, a head-land.

Cábo de esquádra, a corporal.

Cábo de cuchillo, a knife-haft.

Cábo de vela, a candle's end.

Cábo de año, an anniversary.

Cábo de agujéta, a tag.

Estár al cábo, to be at the last gasp.

Estór el cábo del cuénto, to understand the matter thoroughly.

Llevár las cósas al cábo, to go through stitch with things.

Tenér una matéria tántos cábos, is to have so many several propositions.

Mugér hermósa por el cábo, a most beautiful woman.

Echárlo a un cábo, to lay it aside.

Proseguir hásta el cábo, to hold on till the end.

Visitár el járro hásta ver el cábo, to toss the pot till one sees the bottom.

Dar cábo, (a sea-phrase) to throw a rope for another to take hold of.

Cábos de laborár, (a sea-term) all the cordage belonging to a ship.

CABORA'L, s. m. a captain, leader, or general.

CA'BRA, s. f. a she goat; also the fish called a gurnet; also three poles set up joining at the top and forming a triangle at the bottom to weigh things.

Cábra montéz, a wild goat.

GABRAHIGA'L, s. m. the place where the wild figs grow.

CABRAHIGA'R, v. a. to hang the wild figs on a female wild fig-tree, that it may produce the next figs sweet.

CABRAHI'GO, s. m. a wil fig-tree, or fig.

CABRA'S SALTA'NTES, a sort of exhalations, which taking fire, go as it were skipping in the air like goats.

CABRE'JA, s. f. an engine made to throw stones of a great size.

CABRERIZO, } s. m. a goat-herd.
CABE'RO, }

CABRESTA'NTE, s. m. vide *CABESTRA'NTE*.

CA'BRIA, s. f. the axle-tree of a cart, coach, &c. also an engine to raise up cannon, &c.

CABRIA'L, ſ. m. a rafter or quarter of wood ſet up an end to ſupport or hold up any thing.
CABRI'LLA, ſ. f. a little goat; alſo a ſort of fish.
Cabrillas, ſ. f. pl. the conſtellation called the Seven Stars or the Pleiades.
CABRI'O, adj. vide *CABRI'AL*.
CABRIO'LA, ſ. f. a caper, a skip.
CABRIOLA'R, v. a to caper, to skip.
CABRIO'LO, ſ. m. vide *CABRI'TO*.
CABRI'TA, ſ. f. a she kid; alſo kids leather.
CABRITE'RO, ſ. m. the perſon who dreſſes the skins of kids, alſo one who ſells kids.
CABRITI'LLA, ſ. f. kid's skin.
CABRITI'CO, *CABRITI'LLO*, ſ. m. a little kid.
CABRI'TO, ſ. m. a kid.
CABRITU'NO, adj. of or belonging to a kid.
CABRO'N, ſ. m. a he goat; a patient cuckold; a pimp to his own wife.
CABRONA'DA, ſ. f. the infamous proſtitution that a man makes of his own wife.
CABRONA'ZO, ſ. m. augm. of *cabrón*.
CABRONCI'LLO, *CABRONZUELO*, ſ. m. diminutives of *cabron*, a punny cuckold, a little dirty cuckold.
CABRONZILLO montés, a wild he goat; alſo a roebuck; alſo an herb ſo called.
CABRU'NA, ſ. f. a goat-skin.
CABRU'NO, adj. goatish, rank.
CABSA, ſ. f. obſ. a cauſe, a reaſon, a motive.
CABUCA'DO, adj. belonging to the pommel of a ſaddle.
CABULLE'RO, ſ. m. a barren piece of ground.
CABUXON, ſ. m. a ſtone cut tapering.
CABU'YA, ſ. f. a rope made of Indian thread.

C A C

CA'CA, ſ. f. odure, filth, dirt.
CACALI'A, ſ. f. a lily of the vallies.
CACA'O, ſ. m. the nut whereof chocolate is made.
CACAOTA'L, ſ. m. the place where te *cacáo* plants are ſown.
CACARRADO'R, ſ. m. f. one who cackles like a hen; alſo a tell-tale, a tatler.
CACAREAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. a cackling.
CACAREA'R, v. a. to cackle, like a hen.
Cacareár, y no ponér huévo, to cackle and lay no egg; to boaſt much and do little; to promiſe and not perform.
CACARE'O, ſ. m. a cackling.
CACE'RA, ſ. f. ditches or trenches dug for the water to flow.
CACERI'A, ſ. f. a view or proſpect of an hunting match; alſo the noiſe made at that time, and the hunting feaſt itſelf.
CACE'TA, ſ. f. a kind of veſſel to receive homely things in, a tray, a ladle for a pot.
CA'CHA, ſ. f. the hilt of a ſword or knife.
CACHA'DA, ſ. f. a blow given with any thing that is broken.
CACHALA'CA, ſ. f. a fowl ſo called.
CACHA'R, v. a. to crush, to bruiſe flat or to pieces.
CACHA'RRO, ſ. m. any piece of earthen ware.
CACHA'ZA, ſ. f. a flow and eaſy manner of tranſacting buſineſs, dulneſs, heavineſs.
CACHEA'R, v. a. vide *CACHA'R*.
Rópa cachéra, a coarſe ſort of blanket.
CACHE'TA, ſ. f. teeth made in a lock, that shut into one another.
CACHE'TE, ſ. m. a cuff on the ear.
CACHETEA'DO, adj. cuffed, boxed.
CACHETE'RO, ſ. m. a short broad knife, ſuch as butchers uſe.
CACHETO'N, ſ. m. a cuff or box on the ear.
CACHETU'DO, adj. one that has great cheeks.
CACHICA'N, ſ. m. one who is ſet over others to inſpect into their work, an intendant, or overſeer.
CACHICUERNO, adj. horn-hafted.
CACHIDIA'BLO, ſ. m. an hobgoblin, or Robin Goodfellow; alſo a man of bad inclinations.
CACHIGO'RDETE, ſ. m. a short ſquat ma.
CACHIPO'RRA, ſ. f. a club, a cudgel.
CACHIVA'CHE, ſ. m. a man who is good for nothing, a deſpicable fellow.
Cachiváches, ſ. m. pl. old broken trumperies that lie about in corners and are of little uſe.
CACHI'ZO, ſ. m. a rafter, a beam to hold up or ſupport any thing.
CA'CHO, *CACHO'N*, ſ. m. a piece, a lump.
CACHO'NDA, adj. that is proud, ſaid of a bitch.
CACHO'NDAS, ſ. f. pl. a ſort of breeches made fine for show.
CACHONDE'Z, ſ. m. the pride, or luſt of a bitch.
CACHOPI'N, ſ. m. a name by which the Indians of Mexico call an European.
CACHOPINI'TO, ſ. m. diminutive of *cachopin*, one newly come into the world.
CACHO'PO, ſ. m. a deep place in the ſea between rocks.
Cachópo, ſ. m. the trunk of a tree that is dry.
CACHORRI'CO, *CACHO'RRITO*, ſ. m. a little whelp.
CACHO'RRO, ſ. m. a whelp; alſo a chub-child; adjectively uſed, bowed or bent.
CACHUCHE'RO, ſ. m. in cant, the thief who ſteals gold in ſpecie.
CACHU'CHOS, ſ. m. pl. ſmall bags full of musket-bullets or old broken iron, to charge great guns with; in cant, it is gold, and the thief who ſteals it.
CACHUE'LAS, ſ. f. pl. among ſportſmen ſignifies the heart, kidneys, and liver of a rabbit.
CACHULE'RA, ſ. f. a den or cave under ground.
CACHU'MBO, ſ. m. a kind of cocoanut-tree.
CACHU'NDE, ſ. f. a compoſition of civet and amber, a fine perfume.

CACHUPI'N, f. m. the Spaniard that goes to the Weft Indies and fettles there.
CACI'A, f. f. a fweet shrub bearing fpice like cinnamon.
CACICA'ZGO, f. m. the dignity or authority the petty princes of the Indians are invefted with.
CACIMBA'S, f. f. pl. buckets ufed on board ships.
CACIQUE, f. m. fo the Indians call their petty princes.
CACO, f. m. a man eafily made afraid, a coward.
CACOCHI'MIA, f. f. ill digeftion.
CACOCHI'MICO, adj. belonging to ill digeftion.
CACOCHI'MIO, f. m. the perfon who has an ill digeftion.
CACO'DEMON, f. m. an evil fpirit.
CACO'PHATON, f. m. an impudent bold way of talking.
CACOPHONI'A, f. f. a difagreeable found made by the repetition of words.
CACOSY'NTHETON, f. m. a vicious compofition.
CACU'MEN, f. m. the top of any hill, &c.
CACUMINA'DO, adj. elevated, raifed up to the top.

C A D

CA'DA, adj. every.
Cáda véz, every time.
Cáda dia, every day.
Cáda úno, every one.
Cáda dos ò cáda três dias, every two or three days.
Cáda y quándo, whenfoever.
Cáda qual, every one.
CADAFA'LSO, } f. m. a fcaffold. In *CADAHA'LSO*, } architecture, it is the firft part of the wall above the foundation.
CADALE'CHO, f. m. a bier, a coffin; a thing like a horfe-litter to carry fick perfons in; alfo a couch, and the fide of a bed.
CADALSO, f. m. vide *CADAHA'LSO*.
CADAñE'RO, adj. of every year, yearly.
CADAñE'RA, f. f. a female that breeds every year.
CADA'RZO, f. m. coarfe filk, the combings of the fine.
CADA'VER, f. m. a dead body.
CADAVE'RICO, adj. belonging to a dead body.
CADE'JO, f. m. the portion of filk that is fit to be weaved.
CADE'NA, f. f. a chain.
Cadéna, a prifon.
Cadéna de galeótes, a chain that galleyflaves were fixed to.
CADE'NCIA, f. f. a cadence in mufick.
CADENCIO'SO, adj. belonging to a cadence in mufick.
CADENE'TA, f. f. a fine fort of needlework like lace.
CADENI'LLA, f. f. a little chain.
CADE'NTE, adj. ready to fall.
CADE'RA, f. f. the hip; a chair.
Hacér cadéras, to drefs out fo as to appear bigger than what you are.
CADE'TE, f. m. a cadet, or one who enlifts himfelf a foldier without receiving any pay, in expectation of preferment
CADIE'LLO, f. m. a dog.
CADILLA'R, f. m. weeds and tares among the corn.
CADI'LLO, f. m. the shagged end of any thing that is wove; alfo a fort of knotty weed that grows among corn.
CADI'RA, f. f. an elbow-chair.
CADI'Z, f. m. a fort of coarfe linen, fometimes made of wool.
CA'DMIA, f. f. a mineral ftone formed in making of brafs.
CADO'ZO, f. m. a deep place or hole in a river or lake.
CADUCAME'NTE, adv. flowly, doatingly.
CADU'CAR, v. n. to dote, to rave.
CADUCEADOR, f. m. a perfon who proclaimed peace with a white wand in his hand.
CADUCE'O, f. m. a white wand with two ferpents, carried by meffengers in token of peace.
CADUCIDA'D, f. f. in law, a neglect of the conditions on which an intail was held.
CADU'CO, adj. doating; alfo weak, frail, perishable.
Mal cadúco, the falling ficknefs, epilepfy.
CADUQUE'Z, f. f. the infirmity, frailty, or weaknefs of age.

C A E

CAEDIZO, adj. ruinous, ready to fall; fallen.
CAE'R, v. n. to fall.
Caér lánzas del ciélo, to rain or hail violently.
Caér en el rástro, to light upon the track.
Caé el sol, the fun is fetting.
Caér de gólpe, to fall all at once.
Caér al feñuélo, to come tó the lure.
Caér de la memória, to forget.
Caér enférmo, to fall fick.
Caér de fu búrra, to fall from his afs; that is, to be beaten out of an error.
No caér en las cófas, not to conceive or comprehend things.
Caér en el garlito, en la red, en el lázo, to fall into the fnare.
Caér en la cuénta, to perceive the miftake, to bethink one's felf, to conceive.
Car en comifo; (a law-term) to fall with in the reach of the law.
Caér cómo móscas, to drop like flies, when a diftemper rages, or many men are killed in the fight.
Caérfe, v. r. to fall down.
Caér de báxo de úna cófa, to be upon an equal footing with another.

C A F

CAFARE'O, f. m. a deep gulf, an unfathomable part of the fea.
CAFE', f. m. coffee, a berry fo called.
CAFETA'N, f. f. a fort of cloaths worn by the Moors.
CAFETE'RA, f. f. a coffee-pot.
CA'FILA, f. f. a caravan of travellers; alfo a fleet of merchants trading at fet times to any certain place.
Cáfila, a company of people without order.

C A G

CAGACHI'N, f. m. a fly fo called.
CAGADO'R, f. m. a fish called a feahare.
CAGAJO'N, f. m. dung of beafts.

CAGAME'LO, ſ. m. a ſort of mushroom ſo called.
CAGA'R, v. n. to evacuate.
CAGARRA'CHE, ſ. m. a kind of a thrush; alſo the man who works in the oil-mills.
CAGARRUCHA, *CAGARUTA*, ſ. f. goats or sheeps dung; any ſmall bits of any thing.
CAGETI'N, ſ. m. a little box, that in which printers put types.
CAGO'N, ſ. m. a coward.

C A H

CAHI'Z, ſ. m. a meaſure of corn ſo called.
CAHIZA'DA, ſ. f. as much land as may be ſown with a *cahiz* of wheat.
CAHUE'RCO, ſ. m. obſ. ſepulchre, grave.

C A I

CAI'DA, ſ. f. a fall; alſo the depth of hangings, cloaths, &c.
Caida, metaph. the ſudden fall from a good condition to a bad one.
CAIMA'N, ſ. m. an amphibious creature like a crocodile.
Caimán, adj. cunning, ſubtle, ſly.
CAIMIE'NTO, ſ. m. lowneſs of ſtrength, dulneſs of ſpirits.
CAI'QUE, ſ. m. a little boat or skiff.
CA'IRA, ſ. f. *CA'IRE*, ſ. m. money ill gotten.
CAIRE'L, ſ. m. a periwig made in imitation of a head of hair; alſo a ſort of fringes.
Cairél, the black dirt under the nails.
CAIRELA'R, v. a. to adorn the edges of a garment with lace or fringe.
CAI'RO, adj. belonging to a Turkey or Guinea hen.
CAIRO'N, ſ. m. vide *CAIRA*.

C A L

CAL, ſ. f. path.
Cál, ſ. f. lime.
Cal viva, unſlacked lime.
Obra de cal y cánto, ſubſtantial work of lime and ſtone.
CA'LA, ſ. f. in cant, a hole.
Cála, ſ. f. a ſuppoſitor; a ſurgeon's probe; a ſearch; a creek in the ſea; a ſcyon or graft for a tree.
Cála y cála, a ſearch.
CALABACERI'A, ſ. f. levity, vanity, pride.
CALABACE'RO, ſ. m. the perſon who ſells pumpkins; in cant, the thief who ſteals with a hook.
CALABACI'CA, *CALABACI'LLA*, ſ. f. diminutive of *calabaza*.
CALABA'ZA, ſ. f. a gourd, a pompion, a calabash.
Mas calabázas, more calabashes; ſaid when one talks no to the purpoſe.
Echár à úno calabáza, to throw to a man a calabash; to diſappoint him of his expectation.
Cáſcos de calabáza, calabash-skull; that is, rattle-headed, empty skull.
CALABAZA'DA, ſ. f. a blow with the head againſt the wall.
CALABAZA'TE, ſ. m. a kind of conſerve made with the rinds of gourds.
CALABAZO'NA, ſ. f. winter pumpkins.
CALABE'RA, ſ. f. vide *CALAVE'RA*.
CALABO'BOS, ſ. m. a little rain.
CALABOZA'GE, ſ. m. goal-fees paid by priſoners.
CALABO'ZO, ſ. m. a dungeon; the bilboes; alſo a pruning-knife, and a kind of fish ſo called.
CALA'BRE, ſ. m. rank ſmell, offenſive ſmell.
CALABRIA'DA, ſ. f. a mixture of wines, eſpecially red and white.
CALABRO'TE, ſ. m. a hawſer, a little cable.
CALACA'NTO, ſ. m. a kind of an herb which kills fleas and mice.
CALA'DA, ſ. f. the flight of a hawk purſuing his prey.
CALA'DO, adj. ſink through.
Caládo el ſombréro, the hat ſet down cloſe upon the head and cocked.
CALADO'R, ſ. m. any tool to probe or to thruſt into any thing to ſearch it.
CALAFA'TE, *CALAFETEADO'R*, ſ. m. a calker.
CALAFETEA'R, v. n. to calk; that is, to drive oakum into the ſeems of ships to keep out the water.
CALAFETERI'A, ſ. f. the calking of ships.
CALAFRA'GA, ſ. f. a kind of ſaxifrage, hart's tongue.
CALAGO'ZO, ſ. m. a large pruning-hook; alſo a countryman's bill to cut wood.
CALAGRA'ÑA, ſ. f. a kind of grape.
CALAHO'RRA, ſ. f. a ſtorehouſe where proviſion is laid up in time of war or famine.
CALAI'NOS, ſ. m. a fictitious name given to any one in love.
CALAMA'CO, ſ. m. calamanco, a woollen ſtuff ſo called.
CALAMA'R, ſ. m. the cuttle-fish; alſo an inkhorn.
CALAMARE'JO, ſ. m. a fish called a calamary.
CALA'MBRE, ſ. m. the cramp.
CALAMBU'CO, ſ. m. a valuable ſort of wood brought from the Weſt-Indies, whereof they make beads.
CALAME'NTO, ſ. m. the herb catmint.
CALAMIDA'D, ſ. f. calamity.
CALAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. ſearching or prying into.
CALAMINA, ſ. f. the calamine-ſtone.
CALAMI'TA, ſ. f. the load-ſtone.
CALAMITO'SO, adj. calamitous, unhappy, miſerable, wretched.
CA'LAMO, ſ. m. a pen, a reed.
Calamo currente, adv. in haſte.
CALAMOCA'NO, adj. hot with wine.
CALAMO'CO, ſ. m. icicle.
CALAMO'N, ſ. m. a large bird like a heron; a round-headed nail.
CALAMO'RRA, ſ. f. in cant, the head.
CALAMORRA'DA, ſ. f. a nod with the head.

CALANDRA

CALA'NDRA, f. f. calender, a prefs for preffing of cloth.
CALANDRA'JO, f. m. old rag; alfo a ridiculous man.
CALA'NDRIA, f. f. a lark.
Calándria, in cant, a cryer.
Calándriá de aguádor, one that fings very bad.
Canta como una calándria, he fings like a lark.
CALA'ñA, f. f. fimilitude or likenefs of one thing to another.
CALA'NIS, f. m. a plant fo called.
CALA'R, adj. belonging to lime.
Calár, v. a. to fearch, to pierce through, to foak through; alfo to ftrike fail.
Calár, to underftand, to comprehend any thing.
Calárfe, v. r. to defcend.
Calárfe, in cant, to go into a houfe to rob.
Calár el fombréro, to prefs the hat on the head and cock it.
Calár el melón, to cut a bit out of the melon to tafte it.
Calár a úno la condición, to dive into a man's difpofition.
Calár tántos piés, to draw fo many feet water; faid of a fhip.
Calár el can del arcabúz, to cock the musket.
CALAVE'RA, f. f. a skull.
Cara de calavéra, an ugly flat-nofed face.
CALAVERA'R, v. a. to cut the nofe off.
CALAVEREA'R, v. n. to become like a dead body.
CALAVERI'LLA, f. f. diminutive of *calavéra*.
CALAVE'RNA, f. f. vide *CALAVE'RA*.
CA'LCA, f. f. in cant, road, way, path.
CA'LCAS, f. f. pl. in cant, the footfteps.
CALCAñA'L, } *CALCAñA'R*, } *CALCAñO*, } f. m. the heel.
CALCA'R, v. a. to tread under foot, to trample, to kick; alfo to prefs, or thruft together. In cant, to put irons on the legs.
CALCATRI'FE, f. m. a porter.
CALCEDO'NIA, f. f. a precious ftone called a chalcedony.

CALCE'TA, f. f. under-ftocking of thread or cotton.
CALCETERI'A, f. f. the place where ftockings are made; alfo a ftocking-shop.
CALCETE'RO, f. m. a hofier.
Calcetéro, f. m. in cant, the perfon who puts the fetters on the prifoners.
CALCETO'N, f. m. a white ftocking worn under boots.
CALCI'L, f. m. a bright grey colour.
CALCI'LLA, f. f. diminutive of *cálza*.
CALCI'NA, f. f. a mixture of lime and other ingredients.
CALCINACIO'N, f. f. calcination.
CALCINA'R, v. a. to calcine.
CALCI'TIDE, f. f. a mineral ftone fo called.
CALCORREA'R, v. a. in cant, to run; alfo to anger.
CALCO'RROS, f. m. pl. in cant, the shoes.
CALCULACI'ON, f. f. a calculation.
CALCULADO'R, f. m. numberer, calculator, computer.
CALCULA'R, v. a. to calculate.
CA'LCULO, f. m. calculation.
CA'LDA, f. f. the degree of heat of any thing.
Caldas, pl. a hot-bath, the warm water to bathe in.
CALDA'ICA, f. f. a ftone like the topaz.
CALDA'RIA, adj. a fort of ordeal formerly in ufe by making the criminal put his hand into boiling water.
CALDEA'R, v. a. to make iron hot; to inflame.
CALDE'RA, f. f. kettle, cauldron; a funk battery for mortars.
La caldéra de Péro Botéro, Peter Botero's kettle. It fignifies hell.
CALDERA'DA, f. f. a kettle full.
CALDERERI'A, f. f. a brazier's shop, the braziers ftreet.
CALDERE'RO, f. m. a brazier; a tinker.
CALDERE'TA, } *CALDERI'LLA*, } f. f. a little kettle; alfo a ragou made with fish.
CALDE'RO, f. m. a kettle; generally ufed for the brafs bucket to draw water out of a well; a great broth eater.

CALDERO'N, f. m. a great kettle.
CALDERUE'LA, f. f. a little kettle.
CALDIBA'LDO, f. m. poor thin broth.
CALDI'LLO, f. m. fmall broth.
CA'LDO, f. m. broth.
Cáldo esforzádo, ftrong broth.
Cáldo de vino, burnt wine.
Cáldo de altramúz, lupin broth.
CALDU'CHO, f. m. bad broth.
CALEFACTO'RIO, f. m. a fire-place.
CALE'NDAS, f. f. the kalends, the firft day of the month.
Noche de la caléndа, the eve.
CALENDA'RIO, f. m. a kalendar, an almanack.
CALENTADO'R, f. m. a heater, any thing that heats.
Caléntador de cáma, a warming-pan.
CALENTADU'RA, f. f. } a *CALENTAMIE'NTO*, f. m. } heating.
CALENTA'R, v. a. to warm, to heat.
Calentárfe la bóca a úno, his mouth grows warm; we fay, he grows warm, when he grows eager, and talks earneftly.
CALE'NTE, adj hot, warm. Poetical for *caliente*.
CALENTO'N, f. m. a fudden or quick heat.
CALENTU'RA, f. f. heat, warmth; a fever, an ague.
Calentúra quotidiána, a quotidian, or daily ague.
Calentúra terciána ò quartána, a tertian or quartan ague.
Calentúra continua, a fever.
CALENTURIE'NTO, adj. fick of a fever or ague.
CALENTURILLA, f. f. a lettle fever or ague.
CALENTURO'N, f. m. augment. of *calentúra*, a great fever.
CALENTURO'SO, adj. fick of a fever or ague.
CALE'RA, f. f. a lime-kiln.
CALE'RO, f. m. one that makes lime.
CALE'SA, f. f. a calash to ride in.
CALESERO, f. m. the driver of a calash.
CALESI'N, f. m. a kind of chariot.

CALE'TA, f. f. a fuppofitor; alfo a little creek in the fea; a pick-pocket.
CALETE'RO, f. m. a thief's companion.
CALE'TRE, f. m. a cant word, the noddle.
CALFATEA'R, v. a. vide *CALAFETEA'R*.
CALI', f. m. vide *ALCALI'*.
CALI'BO, } f. m. an inftrument
CALI'BRE, } to meafure the bignefs of a bullet; alfo the weight of a bullet.
Calibre de cañon, the diameter of the mouth of a gun.
CALI'CHE, f. m. gravel mixed with brick.
CALIDA'D, f. f. quality, property, accident; alfo goodnefs, and rank; fuperiority of birth; condition.
Calidádes, pl. the laws of play.
De calidád, adv. fo that, upon condition that.
Dinéros fon calidád, money can do any thing.
CALIDE'Z, f. f. heat.
CA'LIDO, adj. hot.
CALIE'NTE, adj. warm, or hot.
A fangre caliénte, upon the fpot, directly.
Hiérro caliénte, hot iron.
Tenér la fángre caliénte, to be hot by the heat of the blood.
Eftár caliénte la béfta, is for a beaft to be in luft.
CALIFICACIO'N, f. f. the exact judgment or cenfure of any thing or perfon.
Calificación, an argument, a reafon, a proof.
CALIFICADOR, adj. qualifying, approving.
Calificador del fanto oficio, an able and learned perfon named by the inquifition to examine the books.
CALIFICA'R, v. a. to qualify, to declare good or bad; to affure; to make noble.
Calificár propoficiónes, to decide whether propofitions are orthodox or erroneous.
Calificárfe, v. r. to make one's felf reputable or noble.
CA'LIGA, f. f. fpatterdash, buskin, cover for the leg fet full of nails ufed by foldiers.
CALI'GINE, } f. f. darknefs.
CALIGINIDAD, }
CALIGINO'SO, adj. dusk, dark, mifty, cloudy; alfo difficult, not eafy to be underftood.
CALI'GO, f. m. obf. vide *CALI'GINE*.
CALI'LLA, f. f. a little fuppofitor; alfo a creek.
CALI'NA, f. f. a thick fultry air, rifing like a fog in hot weather, which attends the heat; alfo fand and lime made into mortar.
CALI'PHA, f. m.a caliph; the title of the fucceffors of Mahomet, in tke fovereignty.
CALI'PEDES, f. m. a little animal fo called.
CALI'XTO, f. m. a conftellation called the Great Bear.
CA'LIZ, f. m. a chalice, fuch as the prieft ufes at mafs; the mouth of an aqueduct at which the water runs out.
CALI'ZO, adj. belonging to lime.
CALLA'DA, adv. fecretly, without noife.
CALLADAME'NTE, adv. filently, ftilly, fecretly, quietly, privately.
CALLA'DO, adj. fecret, not fpoken of, concealed.
CALLADO'R, f. m. a man of few words, a filent perfon.
CALLANDI'CO, adv. filently, quietly, ftilly, fecretly.
CALLANDRI'Z, f. f. a filent woman.
CALLA'NTES, f. m. pl. obf. the dead.
CALLA'R, v. n. to be filent, to hold one's peace, to keep fecret.
Prov. *Al buén callár llíman fánto*, good filence is called holinefs; that is, to be moderate in talk is a fign of virtue.
Quien cálla otórga, filence grants confent.
Cállad que teneis porqué, you have reafon to hold your peace.
Callárfe, v. r. to be filent.
Cállate y callémos, que fendas nos tenémos, let us both be quiet, for we have both our own; that is, we have both got as good as we brought.
CALLARES, f. m. pl. things or blows given to children that they may hold their tongue.
CA'LLE, f. f. a ftreet; a path; an alley; a walk in a garden.
Echár un negócio en la cálle, to publish a bufinefs that ought to have been fecret.
Defempedrár la cálle, to unpave the ftreet; metaph. to gallop horfes along the ftreet.
Azotár cálles, to ramble about the ftreets.
Bóca de cálle, the head of a ftreet.
Alborotár la cálle, to make an uproar, or noife, to difturb the neighbourhood.
Por las cálles fe dice, it is a common town talk.
CALLECE'R, v. n. to harden, to grow hard.
CALLEJI'TA, f. f. diminutive of *calle*.
CALLE'JA, f. f. a narrow ftreet or lane.
Calléja, in cant, running away from juftice.
CALLEJA'R, v. a. in cant, to efcape from juftice.
Callejeár, v. a. to gad about the ftreets.
CALLEJE'RO, f. m. a man that is always gadding in the ftreet.
CALLEJO'N, f. m. } a lane, an
CALLEJUE'LA, f. f. } alley.
CA'LLO, f. m. a corn, or the hard skin growing ou labourers hands.
Hazér cállos en el trabájo, to be inured to labour.
Hazér cállos en el vicio, to be hardened in vice.
Cállo de herradúra, a piece of an old broken horfeshoe.
Cállos de váca, tripes.
CALLOSIDA'D, f. f. the hardnefs of a corn.
COLLO'SO, adj. full of corns, hardskinned.
CA'LMA, f. f. a calm, ftill weather.
Prov. *Gran cálma feñál de água*, a great calm is a fign of rain.
Calmas, an uncultivated piece of ground without any tree or shrub.

CALMA'R, v. n. to calm, to grow calm.
CALMAI'A, f. f. a calm.
CALMO'SO, adj. belonging to a calm; peaceable, quiet, eafy.
CALNA'DO, f. m. vide *CANA'DO*.
CALOFRIA'DO, adj. chilly, cold.
CALOFRI'O, f. m. a fit of a fever hot and cold.
CALOFRIO'SO, adj. one fubject to ague fits.
CALOMAR, f. m. the fong or cry of failors when they hale a rope all together.
CALO'N, f. m. a thing that pierces or finks through.
CALO'NA, f. f. a meafure of half an *arróba*.
CALONAR, v. a. to flander, calumniate, revile.
CALO'NDRIGO, f. m. vide *CANONIGO*.
CALONDRO'N, f. m. hot pottage.
CALO'NGE, f. m. a canon of a church.
CALONGI'A, f. f. a canonship of a church.
CALO'NIA, *CALO'ñA*, f. f. obf. calumny, flander.
CALOñAR, v. a. vide *CALUMNIAR*.
CALOñOSAME'NTE, adv. reproachfully, difgracefully.
CALO'R, f. m. heat, warmth.
Calor, the ftrength, power, or natural heat of the mind or body.
CALO'ROSO, adj. hot, earneft, warm.
CALO'SO, f. m. a metal brought from the Weft-Indies.
CALOSTRO, f. m. the firft milk in the breafts or dugs, after a birth; the beeftings.
CALO'TO, f. m. a piece of a particular metal imported from America.
CALPIZQUE, f. m. the cant word for a catchpole.
Calpizque, a gatherer of rents, a fteward.
CALTHRA, f. f. obf. a marigold; alfo a fort of autumn violet.
CALUMBRIE'NTO, adj. mouldy or rufty.
CALU'MNIA, f. f. calumny, flander, falfe accufation.
Juraménto de calúmnia, (a law-term) being the oath the plantiff takes, that he does not bring his fuit out of malice.
CALUMNIADO'R, f. m. a flanderer.
CALUMNIA'R, v. a. to flander.
CALUMNIOSAME'NTE, adv. falfely, flanderoufly.
CALUMNIO'SO, adj. flanderous, deceitful, falfe, and unjuft.
CALU'ñA, f. f. vide *CALUMNIA*.
CALUñA'R, v. a. vide *CALUMNIA'R*.
CALU'RA, f. f. obf. vide *CALO'R*.
CALUROSAME'NTE, adv. hotly, with heat.
CALURO'SO, adj. hot, ardent.
CALVA, f. f. the head of a man baldpated.
CALVA'R, v. a. to grow bald; alfo to cheat, to deceive.
CALVA'RIO, f. m. the place where dead bones are heaped up.
CALVATO'RIO, adj. belonging to the bald head.
CALVATRUE'NO, f. m. a total baldnefs; alfo a noify prattling fellow.
CALVA'ZA, f. f. augmentative of *calva*.
CALVE'TE, f. m. diminutive of *cálvo*.
CALVE'Z, f. f. baldnefs, the lofs of hair.
CALVI'LLA, f. f. diminutive of *calva*.
CALVINI'STA, f. m. a man with a bald head.
CALVI'NO, adj. vide *CALVO*.
CALVO, adj. bald, without hair.
CALYS, f. f. a kind of buglofs, alcanet, or orchanet.
CALZA, f. f. a hofe.
Cálzas, pl. hofe, breeches.
Cálzas de cortes, flashed or ftriped breeches
Calzás à follídas, vide breeches.
Calzas atacádas, ftreight-laced breeches.
Mediás cálzas, ftockings.
Cálza de aréna, a bag half filled with fand, wherewith they ufed to beat fome malefactors to death without blood.
Echár a úno cálza, to fet a mark upon a man to avoid him.
Dexár a úno en cálzas y jubon to ftrip a man to his doublet and hofe.
Prov. *Tomar las cálzas de Villádiego*, to take Villadiego's hofe; that is, to run away with all fpeed.
CALZA'DA, f. f. a caufeway.
CALZADI'RA, f. f. the cord that faftens to the feet thofe shoes called *abarcas*.
CALZA'DO, adj. shod; alfo a horfe that has white shanks, in cant, one that has irons upon his legs.
Calzádo, fubf. m. hofe or shoes, &c. any thing that covers the leg and foot.
CALZADO'R, f. m. a shoeing-leather, or horn.
CALZADU'RA, f. f. a shoeing; a prefent made to the boy who brings new shoes.
CALZA'R, f. m. shoes.
Calzár, v. a. to shoe, to put on the ftockings.
Calzár una ruéda, to clap a ftone to a wheel that it may not run.
Calzár herramiéntas, to put fteel edges or points to tools.
Calzár zapátos, guantes, ò médias, to draw on shoes, gloves, or ftockings.
Calzár tantos puntos, to wear a shoe of fuch a fize.
Calzár una paréd, to fornify a wall, to prop it.
CALZO'NES, f. m. pl. breeches.
CALZONAZOS, f. m. pl. great breeches, alfo a lumpish heavy fellow.
CALZONCI'LLÓS, f. m. pl. under-breeches made of linen.
CALZUE'LAS, f. f. pl. little hofe.

C A M

CA'MA, f. f. a bed.
Cáma de arádo, a furrow.
Cama de freno, the cheek of a bridle.
Cáma de liébre, the form where a hare fits.
Cáma de melón, the bed a melon grows on.
Cama de rópa, the pieces put to a

CAMPEA'DO, f. f. the fally of an army.
CAMPEADO'R, f. m. a courageous man.
CAMPEA'R, v. n. to fcour the field; to encamp; to shine; to raife up.
CAMPE'CHE, f. m. Campechy-wood, ufed in phyfic and by dyers.
CAMPEO'N, f. m. a champion.
CAMPERO, adj. expofed to the air and fun, as trees, plants, &c.
Campero, f. m. a keeper of fields.
CAMPESI'NO, adj. relating the country; wild, favage, ruftic, rude.
CAMPE'STRE, adj. belonging to the field; rude, ruftic, wild, favage.
CAMPILA'N, f. m. a kind of broad-fword.
CAMPI'LLO, f m. a little field.
CAMPIñA, f. f. a champaign, a flat open country, a plain.
CAMPI'O, adj. wild, belonging to the field or to the country.
CAMPIO'N, f. m. a champion.
CA'MPO, f. m. a field; a camp or army, and the field in heraldry; alfo fpace, or room. In filks or ftuff it is the ground on which the flowers are.
Cámpo ráſo, a plain open field.
Campo fránco, free liberty to fight a duel.
Cámpo traviéſſo, adv. acrofs the fields or ways, as they go that have loft themfelves.
Cámpos elyſios, the elyfian fields, whither the poets feigned the fouls of good men went to reft.
Cámpo de la verdád, the place where the general judgment is to be.
Béſtias del cámpo, all cattle that live in te fields.
Hómbre del cámpo, a countryman.
Hacer cámpo, to make room, to clear the people out of the place, to fight a duel.
Deſcubrir cámpo, to find much matter to talk of.
Quedó por noſótros el cámpo, we gained the field, we got the day, the victory.
CAMPRONA'DO, adj. having particular croffes in it. A term of heraldry.

CAMUE'SA, f. f. a pippin.
CAMUE'SO, f. f. the pippin-tree.
Camuéſo, an ignorant ftupid fellow.
CAMU'ZA, f. f. chamois leather; alfo a wild goat of whofe skin that leather is made.

CAN

CAN, f. m. a dog; alfo an inftrument to draw teeth; the name of a fish, and the ace upon the dice. In architecture, the end of timber or ftone jutting out of a wall, on which in old buildings the beams ufed to reft called cantilevers.
El can del arcabúz, the cock of the musket.
El can de Tártaria, the cham of Tartary.
CA'NA, f. f. a meafure containing two ells.
Peynár canas, to be old and grey.
Reſpetár las canas, to honour old age.
CANABA'LLA, f. f. a fort of boat.
CANA'L, f. f. channel, canal, gutter.
Córren las canáles, the fpouts run, it rains.
Guiár úna cóſa por ſus canales, to carry on an affair in the proper channel or method.
CANALA'DO, adj. wrought with round hollow channels as columns are; fluted.
CANALADO'R, f. m. an inftrument to bore with.
CANALE'TES, f. m. pl. little oars ufed by the Indians in their canoes.
CANA'LLA, f. f. the rabble, the multitude, the mob.
CANALO'N, f. m. augm. of *canál.*
CANALU'CHO, f. m. a fmall fort of boat or canoe.
CANAPE', f. m. a fort of couch or canopy-bed.
CANA'RIO, f. m. Canary-bird; a dance; in cant, a malefactor who confeffes his crime.
CANA'STA, f f. a great basket, a pannier, a flasket.

CANASTI'LLA, f. f. } a little basket.
CANASTI'LLO, f. m. }
CANA'STO, } f. m. a great basket, pannier, or hamper.
CANA'STRO, }
CANCABU'X, f. m. a vell to hide the face.
CA'NCAMO, f. m. the diftillation of a tree ufed to perfume; a fort of ironring ufed on board ships.
CANCAMU'SA, f. f. an hypocrite, a cheat.
CA'NCANA, f. f. an open bench placed in the middle of fchools to expofe the fcholar who has committed any fault.
CANCANI'LLA, f. f. a fnare, a trick, a fraud.
CA'NCANO, f. m. a loufe; cant.
CANCE'L, f. m. a piece of wainfcot to hide a chimney in fummer, or fet before a door that ftands open to hinder the fight into the room; an iron or wooden grate, confifting of pieces or bars, which hinder accefs to a place, as the grates of nunneries, lattice windows, or doors of iron bars ufed in gardens or the like; alfo rails or rows of bannifters, as before the altars in churches, &c.
CANCELACIO'N, f. f. canceliing, annulling of any thing.
CANCELARI'A, f. f. chancery.
CANCELARI'O, f. m. a chancellor.
CANCELLADO'R, f. m. a chancellor.
CANCELLADU'RA, f. f. } a cancelling.
CANCELLAMIE'NTO, f. m. }
CANCELLA'R, v. a. to cancel.
CANCELLE'R, f m. a dignitary in a cathedral fo called.
CANCELLERI'A, f. f. obf. a high court fo called.
CA'NCER, f. m. Cancer, the fign of the fummer folftice; alfo a cancer, virulent fore, or fwelling.
CANCERA'DO, adj. that has a cancer.
CANCERA'RSE, v. n. to grow to a cancer.
CANCERO'SO, adj. cancerous, having the virulence of a cancer.

CANCILLA, f. f. a gate made with bars acrofs each other.
CANCILLE'R, f. m. a chancel-ler.
CANCILLERI'A, f. f. the court of chancery.
CANCIO'N, f. f. a fong.
Volver a la mifma canción, to ask again a favour already refufed.
Canción feguída, a long fong or ballad, which runs or telling a long ftory.
CANCIONCI'LLA, f. f. a little fong a catch.
CANCIONEADO'R, f. m. a finger or maker of ballads.
CANCIONEA'R, v. n. to fing.
CANCIONE'RO, f. m. a mufic book.
CANCIONE'TA, f. f. a little fong, a catch.
CANCIONI'STA, f. m. the perfon who fings or compofes a fong.
CANCRO, f. m. vide *CANCER*.
CANDA'DO, f. m. a padlock.
Candádos de los ójos, the eye-lids.
CANDALETO'N, f. m. the garnet, the tackle with which they hoife up all casks and other goods aboard ships.
CANDALI'ZA, f. f. a rope aboard ships to hoife fail.
CA'NDAMO, f. m. a fort of dance.
CANDA'R, v. a. to shut or lock with a key.
CA'NDE, adj. white, fair, clean.
CANDEA'L, adj. vide *CANDIA'L*.
CANDE'DA, f. f. the flower of the chefnut-tree.
CANDE'LA, f. f. a candle. In fome parts they call the fire by this name, and the bakers call the fire in their ovens fo.
Acabárfe la candéla, to draw near an end; faid of life.
Eftár con la candéla en la máno, to be at the laft gafp.
Acábafe la candéla, the candle is at an end: that is, the conclufion of the bufinefs draws near.
CANDELA'BRO, f. m. a candleftick.
CANDELA'DA, f. f. a great light of candles, an illumination.
CANDELA'RIA, f. f. Candlemas, the feaft of the purification of the Bleffed Virgin.
CANDELE'RA, f. f. a woman that fells candles at the church-door for people to offer at the altars.
CANDELERA'ZO, f. m. a blow with a candleftick.
CANDELERI'A, f. m. a tallow-chandler's shop.
CANDELE'RO, f. m. a candleftick.
CANDELETO'N, f. m. a tackle ufed on board ships to load goods.
CANDELI'CA, f. f. a little candle.
CANDELI'LLA, f. f. a fmall wax-candle.
Hacer la candelilla, to ftand on the hands or head, with the heels upwards, as boys do in play.
CANDELIZA, f. f. a cable-rope.
CANDE'NTE, adj. belonging to fire, burning.
CANDIA'L, adj. of the beft wheat, which makes the fineft bread.
Candiál, f. m the fineft white bread.
CANDIDAME'NTE, adv. fincerely, candidly, in earneft.
CANDIDA'TO, f. m. a candidate, one who offers himfelf for preferment.
CANDIDE'Z, f. f. whitenefs; fincerity, truth.
CA'NDIDO, adj. white, pure, fincere; alfo ftupid, foolish.
CANDIE'L, f. m. a fort of fauce made of the yolk of an egg, white wine, fugar and fpices.
CANDI'L, f. m. a lamp, and particularly a little fort of lamp made of iron, open, and hanging by a long hook, with which fervants light themfelves about the houfe, and when they do not go about, they hang it up by the fame hook in the kitchen.
Efcogér úna cófa a móco de candil, to chufe a thing by lamp-light; that is, curioufly, with much care. Taken from chufing of eggs againft the light of a candle.
CANDILA'DA, f. f. a fpot of lampoil.
CANDILA'ZO, f. m. a ftroke with a *candil*.
CANDILE'JA DE JUDI'OS, little lights ufed by the Jews in fome feftivals.
CANDILE'JO, f. m. diminutive of *candil*.
CANDILE'RA, f. f. the herb mullein.
CANDILE'RO, f. m. one that makes lamps.
CANDILO'N, f. m. augmentative of *candil*.
CANDIO'TA, f. f. a tun, butt, a great tub.
CANDIOTE'RO, f. m. a cooper.
CANDON'GA, f. f. a pretended diffembled complaifance; an old mule which is paft labour.
CANDO'NGO, *CANDONGUE'RO*, f. m. a flatterer, one skilled in the art of diffembling and deceiving.
CANDO'R, f. m. whitenefs, fincerity.
CANDU'XO, f. m. in cant, a padlock.
CANECE'R, v. n. to grow grey-haired.
CANECI'LLO, f. m. a bragget or corbel, a jutting-out of ftone or timber fixed in a wall to fupport the timbers of a ftructure.
CANE'LA, f. f. cinnamon.
Agua de canéla, cinnamon-water.
CANELA'DO, adj. vide *ACANELA'DO*.
CANELE'TE, f. m. a fcoop, fuch as is ufed to throw up water with, and fuch as the Indians ufe inftead of oars.
CANELO'N, f. m. a great long comfit with pieces of cinnamon mixed in it.
CANEQUI', f. m. a thin fort of linen like muflin, made of cotton.
CANE'S, f. m. pl. in architecture, are the fame we call modillions, being certain fupports in form of corbes, cartouzes, or mutules.
CANEZ, *CANE'ZA*, f. f. grey-headednefs.
CA'NFORA, f. f. vide *ALCA'NFOR*.
CA'NGE', f. m. exchange of prifoners in war.
CANGEA'R, v. a. to exchange prifoners of war.
CANGILO'N, f. m. a great earthen veffel to hold water; a tun-bellied fellow.

CANGRE'JA, f. f. a fort of crab called a frill.

CANGRE'JO, f. m. a crab; the dragging-hook; the champ; a foolish fellow; a creeping flow fellow.

CANGREJI'LLO, } f. m. diminu-
CANGREJUE'LO, } tives of *cangréjo*.

CANGRE'NA, f. f. vide *CANGRE'NA*.

CANGRENA'R, v. n. vide *GANGRENA'R*.

CANI'CULA, f. f. the dog-ftar, the dog-days.

CANICULA'R, adj. belonging to the dog-ftar or the dog-days.

Dias caniculares, adj. the dog-days.

CANI'CULO, adj. belonging to a dog.

CANI'L, adj. made for dogs.

CANI'LLA, f. f. the long bone of the arm.

Canílla de piérna, the shin-bone.

Canílla en páño, a fault in cloth of a thick thread, or a loofe place.

Canílla de texedór, a weaver's quill.

Canílla de cúba, a tap.

CANILLA'ZO, f. m. a blow given upon the arm or shin-bone.

CANILLE'JA, f. f. a fmal flender shinbone.

CANILLE'RAS, f. f. pl. armour for the legs; alfo the hole of a tap out of which the liquor runs.

CANILLE'RO, f. m. one that makes fpiggots and faucets.

CANI'NA, f. f. album græcum, dog's dung.

Hambre canina, a canine appetite, the greedy worm.

CANINAME'NTE, adv. like a mad dog.

CANI'NO, adj. canine, dog-like, relating to a dog.

Dientes caninos, the eye-teeth or fangers.

CANIQUI', f. m. a fort of fine and thin muflin.

CANO, adj. grey-haired; alfo judicious, wife.

CANO'A, f. f. a boat all of a piece, a canoe.

CANOE'RO, f. m. the perfon who makes or takes care of the canoes.

CANO'N, f. m. a canon of the church, the canon of the mafs.

CANONE'SA, f. f. the woman who lives according to the rules of the fecular canons.

CANONGI'A, f. f. a canonship, a prebend.

CANONICAME'NTE, adv. canonically, according to the canons of the church.

CANONICA'TO, f. m. a canonship or prebend.

CANO'NICO, adj. belonging to the canons, canonical.

CANO'NIGO, f. m. a canon, or prebendary of a cathedral or collegiate church.

CANONI'STA, f. m. a canonift, a profeffor of the canon law.

CANONIZA'BLE, adj. deferving of canonization.

CANONIZACIO'N, f. f. a canonization or declaring of a faint.

CANONIZA'NDO, f. m. a pretender to a canonship.

CANONIZA'R, v. a. to canonize, to declare a faint; alfo to approve.

CANO'RO, adj. loud, shrill, tuneable, well tuned.

CANO'SO, adj. full of grey hairs.

Canofo, old, ancient.

CANSADAME'NTE, adv. importunately, with trouble.

CANSADA'ZO, adj. quite weary.

CANSA'DO, adj. troublefome, weary, heavy.

Pelóta canfáda, a ball or bullet that is fpent.

CANSA'NCIO, f. m. wearinefs.

CANSA'R, v. a. to tire, to weary.

Canfárfe, v. r. to be weary, to be tired; to be careful, diligent, or watchful in doing any thing.

CANSE'RA, f. f. wearinefs; alfo vexation, plaguing, haraffing.

CANSO'SO, adj. tedious, loathing, irkfome.

CANTA'BLE, ad. which may be fung

CANTA'DA, f. f. a fong or tune.

CANTADE'RA, f. f. a woman who fings.

CANTADO'R, f. m. a finger.

CANTALE'TA, f. f. a noife made with feveral untuned inftruments to mock and vex one.

Dar cantaleta, to mock and vex, to ridicule, to laugh at, to deride.

CANTA'NTE, f. m. a finger.

CANTA'R, v. a. to fing; alfo to crow as the cock.

Cantár en el pótro, is to confefs upon the rack.

Cantár de plano, to confefs any thing.

Cantár en tinája, to boaft; to difplay one's own worth or actions.

Cantár la fória, id eft, *la fuafória*, to flatter a man in order to obtain a favour.

Cantár, f. m. a fong.

Cantáres, pl. fongs, canticles.

CA'NTARA, f. f. a pitcher with one handle, a meafure of liquids.

CANTARCI'CO, } f. m. a little
CANTARCI'LLO, } fong.

CANTARE'RA, f. f. a shelf to fet pitchers on.

CANTARE'RO, f. m. one that makes pitchers, or that carries water or the like in a pitcher.

CANTARE'TAS, f. f. pl. the little round windows in the cabbin of a galley.

CANTA'RIDES, f. f. pl. cantharides, Spanish flies.

CANTARI'LLA, f. f. } a little
CANTARI'LLO, f. m. } pitcher.

Prov. *Cantarillo que múchas véces va a la fuénte, ò déxa la áfa o la fuénte*, the pitcher that goes often to the well comes home broke atlaft.

CANTARI'NA, f. f. } a finger.
CANTARI'NO, f. m. }

CA'NTARO, f. m. a great pitcher to carry water.

Alma de cántaro, a dull, heavy, ftupid fellow.

Llueve a cántaros, it rains by buckets.

Bolvér las nuézes al cántaro, to return the nuts to the urn; that is, to renew a controverfy.

CANTA'ZO, f. m. augment. of *cánto*.

CANTEA'DO, adj. placed obliquely.

CANTE'L, f. m. a rope ufed among failors.

CANTE'RA, f. f. a quarry of ftones.

Levantár una cantéra, to caufe a great quarrel.

CANTERI'A, f. f. mafonry, the art of cutting ftones to build with; a ftone building; a quarry.

CANTERI'CO, f. m. a little cruft of bread.
CANTE'RO, f. m. a mafon, a quarryman; a corner of any hard thing.
Cantéro de pan, a cruft of bread.
CANTERO'N, f. m. augmentative of *cantéro*.
CANTERU'DO, adj. that has thick hard corners, thick crufted.
CANTHARIDA, f. f. or *CANTHA'RIO*, f. m. vide *CANTA'RIDES*.
CANTHE'NO, f.m. a fort of fish.
CANTI'A, f. f. vide *QUA'NTIA*.
CA'NTICA, f. f. a fong.
CA'NTICO, f. m. a little fong, a canticle.
Cantico, ftone, rock, edge, or skirt.
CANTIDA'D, f. f. quantity.
CA'NTIGA, *CANTILE'NA*, f. f. a fong.
CANTI'LLO, f. m. a little ftone; alfo the corner of a ftreet.
CANTIMPLO'RA, f. f. a veffel made of copper with a long neck, to cool wine or water.
CANTI'NA, f. f. a wine-cellar.
CANTINE'LA, f. f. vide *CANTILENA*.
CANTINE'RO, f. m. the butler.
CANTI'ÑA, f. m. common ballad finging.
CANTITATI'VO, adj. quantitive.
CA'NTO, f. m. a ftone, a rock, a cliff.
Cánto, the fide of any thing, as of a bed, or the like; alfo the hem or skirt of a garment.
Cánto, a fong, finging, the finging of birds, the crowing of a cock; alfo the depth or thicknefs of any thing.
Dúro cómo un cánto, as hard as a ftone.
Echár cántos, to throw the houfe out at the windows; to rave, to be mad.
Cánto acordádo, harmonious finging.
Cánto lláno, plain fong in mufic.
Prov. *Del bién al mál no hay cánto de reál*, there is not the thicknefs of a fixpence betwixt good and evil.
CANTO'N, f. m. a corner, a nook.

CANTONA'DA, f. f. a trick at the corner of a ftreet, a cheat, a knavish prank.
Dar cantonáda, to flip away after doing an ill action; to cheat, to play the knave.
CANTONEA'RSE, v. r. to walk proud, to make ridiculous geftures with the body.
CANTONE'O, f. m. the ridiculous geftures.
CANTONE'RA, f. f. an iron plate, fuch as is nailed at the corners of chefts, trunks, or the like to ftrengthen them.
Cantonéra, f. f. a whore that plies at the corners of ftreets.
Cantonéras del libro, the plates on the corners of books that are finely bound and adorned with filver.
CANTONE'RO, adj. lazy, idle, vagabond, wandering.
CANTOPEA'N, f. m. a fong of triumph among the ancients.
CANTO'R, f. m. a finger.
Cantór, in cant, the perfon who confeffes while under torment.
CANTO'RA, f. f. a woman finger.
CANTORRA'L, f. m. a ftony place.
CANTUE'SSO, f. m. lavender.
CANTURI'A, f. f. the right method or manner of finging in a choir.
CANTUSA'R, v. a. to deceive, to impofe upon, to feduce.
CANU'DO, adj. vide *CANO'SO*.

C A Ñ

CA'ÑA, f. f. a cane, a reed; a meafure ufed in fome parts.
La caña del trigo, the ftalk of corn.
La caña de la pierna, the shin, the forepart of the leg.
Cáña, f. f. in cant, a ftocking.
Cáña de váca, a marrow-bone, a shin of beef.
Cáña de meneftril, the reed for a hautboy, any reed to be put to the mouth of an inftrument.
Cáña de colúna, the fcapus, shaft, or body of a column.
Cáña del timón, the piece of timber which the fteerfman holds in his hand to govern the rudder.

Cáña de pefcár, a fishing-rod.
Cáña dúlce, a fugar-cane.
Caña de Bengála, an Indian cane.
CAÑA'DA, f. f. a place hemmed in with reeds; a fence of rocks; a conduit or pipe to convey water; the marrow in the bone.
CAÑAFI'STOLA, f. f. purging caffia, or pudding-pipe-tree.
CAÑAHE'JA, f. f. or *CAÑAHE'XA*, a cloven cane or reed; a cane ufed by mafters to ftrike boys; any fort of reed or cane; alfo an herb like fennel.
CAÑAHE'RA, f. f. the herb Hercules's all-heal.
CAÑAL, f. m. a place enclofed with reeds, or where reeds grow.
ÇA'ÑAMA, f. f. a company of taxgatherers.
CAÑAMA'R, f. m. a field where hemp grows.
CAÑAMA'ZA, f. f. a kind of canvafs-cloth.
CAÑAMA'ZO, f. m. coarfe hemp, or hempen cloth.
CAÑAME'ÑO, adj. the coarfeft part of the hemp, made of coarfe hemp.
CAÑAME'RA, f. f. marsh-mallows.
CAÑAMI'Z, f. m. a little ship fo called.
CAÑAMI'ZA, f. f. the reed which goes from the hemp when beaten.
CA'ÑAMO, f. m. the fibrous plant called hemp.
CAÑAMO'N, f. m. the feed of hemp.
CAÑA'R, f. m. vide *CAÑAVERA'L*.
CAÑARIE'GO, adj. an appellative to the skins of sheep that died in their walks.
CAÑAVE'RA, f. f. a cane or reed.
CAÑAVERA'L, f. m. a fpot of ground where canes or reeds grow; an entangled affair.
CAÑAVE'RAZO, f. m. a blow with a cane.
CAÑAVE'TE, f. m. the little knife that is joined with a dagger; alfo a fort of locuft.
CAÑA'ZO, f. m. a blow with a cane.
CAÑERI'A, f. f. water-pipes.
CAÑE'RLA, f. f. vide *CAÑAHEJA*.
CAÑE'RO, f. m. the perfon who fishes with a cane.

CAÑILAVA'DO, adj. that has no calves to his legs.
CAÑI'LLA, f. f. vide *CANI'LLA*.
CAÑILLERA, } f. f. an acient
CANILLETA, } defensive armour used to cover the fore-part of the legs.
CAÑIVETE, f. m. vide *CAÑAVE'TE*.
CAÑITA, f. f. a little cane or reed.
CAÑIZO, f. m. a bed of reeds the covering of a cart made of reeds bound together.
CAÑO, f. m. a conduit, or pipe; the spout through which a spring gushes out; a cock, or the spring itself.
CAÑO'N, f. m. a quill; a barrel of a gun, a great bone of an arm or leg; the reed of corn; the nozzle of a pair of bellows; a hollow fold in a garment; any long round hollow thing; a cannon or piece of artillery. In cant, a liar.
Cañón de batír, a cannon for battery.
Cañón de cruxía, the great gun in a galley, which lies in the middle, and fires over the beak.
Cañón pedréro, a small piece to shoot stones.
Médio cañón, a demi-cannon.
Cañón tércio, a twenty-four-pounder.
Cañón quárto, a twelve-pounder.
Cañón de escaléra, so architects call the well of the stairs; that is, the hollow from the top to the bottom.
CAÑONA'DA, f. f. } the shot of a
CAÑONA'ZO, f. m. } cannon.
CAÑONCI'TO, the diminutive of *cañon* in all senses.
CAÑONEA'R, v. a. to cannonade.
CAÑONE'RA, f. f. the gap or loophole left open in a parapet for the cannon to fire through, called the embrasure.
CAÑONE'RO, f. m. a cannonier, a gunner.
CAÑO'R, f. m. obf. a gutter or channel.
CAÑUE'LA, f. f. a little cane or reed.
CAÑUE'LO, f. m. a little pipe, conduit, or cock.
CAÑUTA'ZO, f. m. a thing said in a whisper.
CAÑUTERI'A, f. f. work made with joints of reeds, as cages, &c. also embroidery.
CAÑUTE'RO, f. m. one that makes little cases like needle or pick-tooth cases.
CAÑUTI'LLO, f. m. a little joint of a reed or cane, or a small case for needles, pick-tooths, and the like.
CAÑU'TO, f. m. a joint of reed or cane, or case for pens, pick-tooths, and the like; also the herb hemlock.
Cañúto, a story-teller, an inventor of lies; an informer.
Dar cañuto ò soplo, to give intelligence.

C A O

CAOBA, } f. f. a sort of red
CAOBA'NA, } wood, brought out of the West Indies, used in curious works.
CA'OS, f. m. vide *CHA'OS*.
CAO'STA, f. f. the ignorant vulgar.
CAO'STRA, f. f. vide *CLAUSTRO*.

C A P

CAP, f. m. vide *JURA'DO EN CAP*.
CA'PA, f. f. a cloak.
Cápa, in cant, the night.
Cápa de córo, a priest's cope.
Cápa de camíno, a riding-cloak.
Ponérse a la cápa, to lie by at sea, to back the sails.
Cápa de yéso, the white-washing of a wall.
Cápa de céra, the new dipping of wax candles that are grown yellow.
Prov. *Vìva la Rey y daca la cápa*, let the King live, and give me the cloak; said of persons who under a pretence of authority rob and plunder others.
Génte de cápa priéta, the better sort of people.
Génte de cápa párda, the meaner sort.
Echár la cápa encima al amígo, to throw one's cloak over a friend; to hide or palliate his faults.
Trahér la cápa en el hómbro, to wear the cloak on the shoulder; to wear one's cloak undecently hanging upon one shoulder.
Echár la cápa al tóro, to throw one's cloak at the bull; to venture all to save one's life.
Reñir con cápa y espáda, to fight with sword and cloak.
Ir de cápa caída, to go down, to decline.
Hacer úna cósa de socápa, to do any thing underhand, in hugger-mugger.
La nóche es cápa de pecadóres, the night is a cloak to sinners; the proper time for deeds of darkness.
Echár a úno cápas, pórqué no le tóme el tóro, to throw cloaks on a man, that the bull may not catch him, is to skreen or excuse him that he may not be punished.
CAPACE'TE, f. m. a head-piece or helmet.
CAPA'CHA, f. f. a basket used by porters to carry burdens in.
CAPACHE'TE, f. m. a porter's basket.
CAPA'CHO, f. m. a night-crow; a great porter's basket, a flasket, a hamper, a fisherman's basket to keep his fish in alive; a frail to put up dried fruit, as figs or raisins; a sort of basket used at the oil-mills for the oil to run through and to stop the dregs.
CAPACIDA'D, f. f. capacity, extent, capaciousness; also opportunity, occasion, convenience.
CAPADA'RCI, f. m. a coarse sort of cloth.
CAPA'DA, f. f. the lappet or flap of a cloak full of any thing.
CAPADE'LLA, f. f. the herb pennywort.
CAPADI'LLO, f. m. a game at cards so called.
CAPA'DO, f. m. an eunuch.
CAPADO'R, f. m. a gelder.
CAPADU'RA, f. f. a gelding.
CAPAPUE'RCAS, f. m. a sow-gelder; also a pipe with five or six reeds like that which Pan is painted with.

CAPA'R, v. a. to geld, to ſplay; to diminish.

CAPARAZO'N, ſ. m. a caparifon for a horſe; a cover for any thing.

CAPARRO'SA, ſ. f. copperas.

CAPATA'Z, ſ. m. an overſeer or bailiff of lands, a chief or warden of ſome company of mechanics; alſo an officer in the mines.

CAPA'Z, adj. capable, capacious, that can contain much.

CAPA'ZO, ſ. m. vide *CAPA'CHO*.

CAPAZO'N, ſ. m. a basket made of broom to carry any thing.

CAPCIO'SO, adj. captious, cunning, deceitful.

CAPEADO'R, ſ. m. a thief that ſteals cloaks in the night.

CAPEADU'RA, ſ. f. ſtealing of cloaks in the night.

CAPE'AR, v. a. to ſteal cloaks in the night; to wave the cloak; to give ſignals with a cloak.

Capeár el tóro, to throw a cloak over a bull's head to blind him.

CAPE'LA, ſ. f. a conſtellation.

CAPELARDE'NTE, ſ. f. the ſcaffold full of lights raiſed in a church on occaſion of the funerals of ſome prince or other great perſonage.

CAPELE'TE, ſ. m. a cap wore in war.

CAPELLA'DA, ſ. f. a patch which a cobler ſets upon shoes.

CAPELLA'N, ſ. m. a chaplain.

Capellán de honór, the king's chaplain.

Capellán de chóro, the chaplains who attend at the ſervice of the maſs.

Capellán de altár, the chaplain who performs maſs in the King's chapel.

Capellán mayór, the head, or chief chaplain.

Capellán mayór de los exércitos, the head chaplain of an army.

CAPELLANI'A, ſ. f. the chaplains place; the maintenance for a chaplain.

CAPELLA'R, ſ. m. a short looſe garment worn upon armour.

CAPELLI'NA, ſ. f. a little chapel; alſo a little hat or hood: a morrion, a head-piece.

CAPE'LO, ſ. m. a cardinal's cap; alſo a hat.

CAPE'O, ſ. m. the ſtealing of cloaks in the night; the act of playing with the bull moving a cloak before him.

CAPE'RO, ſ. m. a prieſt who wears a cope in the church.

CAPERO'L, ſ. m. the uppermoſt part of the ſides of a ship.

CAPERUCE'TE, ſ. m. } diminutives of *caperuza*.
CAPERUCILLA, ſ. f. }

CAPERU'ZA, ſ. f. capouch, cap, hood hanging behind to pull on the head.

CAPERUZO'N, ſ. m. augm. of *caperuza*.

CAPIALZA'DO, ſ. m. in architecture, a kind of arch conſtructed in a particular form.

CAPICHO'LA, ſ. f. a coarſe ſort of bombazine.

CAPICHOLA'DO, adj. belonging to *capichóla*.

CAPIE'LLO, ſ. m. obſ. a hat.

CAPIGORRI'STA, ſ. m. a ſervitor in the univerſity.

CAPIGORRO'N, ſ. m. vide *CAPIGORRI'STA*.

CAPILAR, adj. capillary, reſembling hair.

CAPI'LLA, ſ. f. a chapel; a friar's hood, or that which is faſtened to any garment; the muſic or clergy that make the choir.

Capilla de un navio ò de un exercito, the altar and ornaments neceſſary to ſay maſs in a ship, or in an army.

Capilla ardiente, the place where a dead perſon of the firſt quality lies in ſtate.

CAPILLE'JA, ſ. f. diminutive of *capilla*.

CAPILLE'JO, ſ. m. a little hood.

CAPILLER, } ſ. m. a domeſtick chaplain.
CAPILLE'RO, }

CAPILLE'TA, } ſ. f. diminutive of *capilla*.
CAPILLI'TA, }

CAPI'LLO, ſ. m. the linen cap for little children; what is given to the church when a child is chriſtoned.

Capillo, the prepuce or foreskin.

Capillo de una flór, the bud or germ of a flower.

Seda de todo capillo, the coarſeſt ſort of ſilk.

Capillo de fiérro, a helmet.

CAPILLU'DO, adj. hood-like.

CAPIO'N, ſ. m. ſtern-poſt, a piece of timber ſo called in the poop of a ship.

CAPIROTA'DA, ſ. f. a dish or ſauce made with oil, cheeſe, eggs, and other ingredients.

CAPIRO'TE, ſ. m. a hawk's hood, or a ſort of hood worn by mourners; a hood worn by doctors as a token of their degree, and by penitents in Lent to cover their faces.

Capiróte de colména, a ſort of baskets they put upon bee-hives.

De capiróte, adv. inconſiderately, foolishly.

CAPIROTE'RA, ſ. f. vide *CAPERU'ZA*.

CAPISAYUE'LO, ſ. m. diminutive of *capiſayo*.

CAPISA'YO, ſ. m. a ſort of short garment, reſembling a cloak behind, and a coat before.

CAPISCO'L, ſ. m. a chanter or head of a choir.

CAPISCOLI'A, ſ. f. the dignity of a chanter or head of a choir.

CAPISTE'RIO, ſ. m. a ſort of earthen veſſel.

CAPITACIO'N, ſ. f. a tax raiſed by paying ſo much for every head; polltax.

CAPITA'L, ſ. m. an inventory of any man's ſubſtance when about marrying.

Capitál, adj. capital, chief; alſo what belongs to or is uſeful for the head; taken ſubſtantively, the capital city of any kingdom, and the capital ſtock.

CAPITALME'NTE, adv. deadly, mortally.

CAPITA'N, ſ. m. a captain, a chief, a commander, a leader.

Capitán de cabállos, a capitan of horſe.

Capitán de infantería, a captain of foot.

Capitán de la guardia, a captain of the guard.

Capitán de guarnición, the governor or commander in chief of a garriſon.

Capitán generál, a general, a captain-general.

Capitán de már, a ſea-captain.

Capitána, ſ. f. the admiral's ship.

Capitána, the head or chief galley.
CAPITANA'ZO, f. m. a great general.
CAPITANEA'R, v. a. to command, to lead, to go before.
CAPITANI'A, f. f. captainship, the dignity, or post of a captain, the military government of a province or region; alfo a company of foldiers.
CAPITE'L, f. m. the head of a ftill; the whole head of a column called the capital; the fpire of a fteeple or tower.
CAPI'TOL, f. m. obf. the body of canons belonging to a church.
CAPITO'LIO, f. m. the capitol of Rome.
Capitólio, any high edifice, or tower.
CAPITO'SO, adj. wilful, obftinate, tefty, pofitive.
CAPITULA, f. f. a portion of fcripture read at the time of divine fervice.
CAPITULACIO'N, f. f. capitulation, covenant, articles of agreement.
Capitulaciónes, pl. articles of marriage.
CAPITULA'NTE, f. m. the perfon who has a vote in any community.
CAPITULA'R, f. m. the perfon who belongs to a chapter either ecclefiaftical or fecular.
Capitulár, v. a. to capitulate, to article, to covenant; alfo to furrender on certain ftipulations.
Capitulár, v. a to impeach, accufe, or alledge articles of accufation againft any one.
CAPITULARME'NTE, adv. according to the rules of the chapter.
CAPI'TULO, f. m. a chapter in a book, the chapter of a church; the chapter-houfe; alfo an article.
Ponér capitulos, to put in articles againft one that ftands trial.
Dar capitulos, to draw up articles of contract.
CAPNI'TIS, f. m. the thinneft part of the brafs ore, which fticks to the fides of the furnace when the brafs is extracted.
CAPNOMA'NTE, f. m. the foothfayer who pretends to make a divination by fmoke.
CAPOLA'R, v. a. to cut off the head or limbs.
CAPOLIE'S, f. m. a fort of fruit in the Weft Indies.
CAPO'N, f. m. a capon; an eunuch; alfo a fort of fhell-fish; alfo a fillip with the fingers; a bundle of vinebranches to burn.
Capón de leche, a young capon.
Dar capónes de cenîza en la frénte, to fmut the forehead, as fome folks do at fome fports.

Prov. *Capón de ócho méfes para mefa de Rey*, a capon eight months old is fit for a King's table.

Prov. *Al que da el capón, dále la piérna, y el alón*, give a leg and wing to him that gives the capon; that is, be grateful and return what you can.

CAPO'NA, f. f. a dance fo called.
CAPONADU'RA, f. f. gelding, making of capons.
CAPONA'R, v. a. to geld.
Caponár, v. a. to tie or bind up the branches of a vine.
CAPONCI'LLO, f. m. a little capon.
CAPONE'RA, f. f. a penn for fowls; a hole in a wall to shoot through.
CAPORA'L, f. m. in cant, a cock.
Caporál, f. m. a corporal, the loweft officer of the infantry.
CAPO'TE, f. m. an upper coat or loofe upper garment; alfo an auftere look or air.
Dar capóte, to capot a man at piquet; that is, to win all the cards.
CAPOTI'LLO, f. m. a little loofe upper coat.
Capotíllo de dos áldas ò fáldas, a little cloak or caffock open on each fide.
CAPOTI'N, f. m. idem.
CAPOTO'N, f. m. augm. of *capóte*.
CAPOTU'DO, adj. peevish, angry, ill-tempered.
CAPRI'CHO, f. m. fancy, conceit: wilfulnefs.
Hombre de capricho, an ingenious and inventive man.
CAPRICHOSAME'NTE, adv. capricioufly; with invention and fancy.
CAPRICHO'SO, adj. capricious, fanciful, conceited.
Caprichófo, f. m. an ingenious man.
CAPRICO'RNIO, f. m. the fign in the zodiac called Capricorn: a cuckold.
CAPRI'NO, adj. belonging to a goat.
CAPRIO'LA, f. f. vide *CABRIO'LA*.
CAPSARI'O, f. m. the perfon who guards the cloaths of them who go into the bath.
CAPTA'R, v. a. to aim at, to endeavour, to purfue.
CAPTIVADAME'NTE, adv. in captivity.
CAPTIVA'R, v. a. to captivate, to make captive; to charm, to fubdue.
CAPTIVE'RIO, f. m. } captivity.
CAPTIVIDA'D, f. f. } captivity.
CAPTI'VO, f. m. a captive; one charmed by beauty.
CAPTU'RA, f. f. capture, feizure.
CAPTURA'R, v. a. to make prifoner.
CAPUCHI'LLO, f. m. diminutive of *capúcho*.
CAPUCHI'NOS, } f. m. pl. the Capuchin friars.
CAPU'CHOS, } f. m. pl. the Capuchin friars.
CAPU'LLO, f. m. the pod a filkworm makes.
Seda de capúllo, ferret or flurt filk; the coarfeft filk.
Capúllo de rófa, a rofe-bud.
Capúllo de algodón, cotton in the film; that is, not opened.
CAPU'Z, f. m. a long mourningcloak.
Capúz de gála, a garment rich and gay.

C A R

CA'R, f. f. obf. the face.
CA'RA, f. f. the face, the vifage, the countenance; the prefence or mien.
Cára de dios, bread.
Cára de pafcua ù de domingo, a joyful face.
Cára de palo, de coleto, de vaqueta, a bold impudent face.
Cára de pocos amigos, a joylefs and unpleafing face.
Cára de carton, a wrinkled face.

Cára de viernes, a lean and woeful face.
Dar en cára, to reproach.
Lavar la cára a uno, to fcold at one, to reprimand him.
No fabe dondé tiéne la cára, he is very ignorant.
Sacar la cára por uno, to defend, to fupport one.
Cára a cára, face to face.
Cára añublada, a cloudy countenance.
Cára arriba, with the face upwards.
Cára abáxo, with the face down wards.
Cára delánte, facing forwards.
Cára atras, facing backwards.
Cára de rósa, a lovely face.
Hacer cára, to face, to withftand.
Decirfelo en la cára, to fay to a man's face.
Cára con dos háces, a double face, a deceitful fellow.
De cára de la iglésia, over-againft the church.
No me volvió la cára, he did not look at me.
No tenér cára pára hacer úna cósa, not to have the face to do a thing, to be ashamed.
Moftrár buéna cára, to show a good liking.
Recibír con buéna cára, to receive with a pleafing countenance.
CARA'BA, f. f. a large ship.
CARABE'LA, f. f. a light, round, oldfashioned ship.
CARABELO'N, f. m. augm. of *carabéla*.
CARABI'NA, f. f. a warlike engine to shoot darts or ftones, and the like, out of; a fling, a granada, a batterer: alfo the bolt or quarrel difcharged out of the engine; alfo a carbine.
CARABINE'RO, f. m. the dragoon or horfe-granidier who carries a carbine.
CARA'BO, f. m. a very large fort of ship ufed in the Levant.
Carábo, f. m. a fea-crab.
CARA'CA, f. f. a carack, a great heavy fort of ship.
CARA'CIA, f. f. a plant fo called.
CARA'COA, f. f. a fort of large Indian boat.
CARACO'L, f. m. a fnail; a pair of winding ftairs that wind about like a fnail's shell; the place where the men fit to row in a boat.
CARACO'LA, f. f. the shell of a fea-fnail.
CARACOLEA'R, v. n. to wind round, to twift, or twine round.
CARACOLI'LLO, f. m. a little fnail, or his shell; alfo a flower fo called.
Caracolillos, f. m. pl. a fort of twifted golden or filver wire.
CARACOLI'TO, f. m. diminutive of *caracól*.
CARACTE'R, f. m. vide *CHARACTER*.
CARACTERI'STICA, adv. vide *CHARACTERISTICO*.
CARA'DO, adj. having a phiz, and it is only ufed with theadverbs *bien* or *mal*.
CARAMA'L, f. m. a fish called a calamary.
CARAMANCHO'N, f. m. vide *CAMARANCHO'N*.
CARAMBANA'DO, adj. congealed, frozen, like ice.
CARA'MBANO, f. m. a flake of ice, an icicle.
CARAMBO'LA, f. f. a trick, a cheat, a fraud, a deceit.
Carambóla, f. f. a fruit growing in India.
CARAME'L, f. m. a fort of fmall pilchard.
CARAME'LO, f. m. a fort of lozenge made with fugar and eggs.
CARAME'NTE, adv. dearly; alfo rigoroufly.
CARAMEA'S, f. f. a fruit growing in India.
CARAMIELLO, f. m. a kind of head drefs formerly ufed bywomen.
CARAMI'LLO, f. m. a fmall pipe.
Caramillo, a cheat, a trick, a fraud, a deceit.
CARAMI'O, f. m. a fnail.
CA'RAMO, f. m. in cant, wine.
CARAMUZA'L, f. m. a kind of ship ufed by the Moors.
CARA'ñA, f. f. a fort of rofin.
CARA'NCIA, f. f. a plant fo called.
CARANTAMA'ULA, f. f. an ugly mask, an ugly face.
CARANTO'ñA, f. f. an ugly face; alfo an old ugly painted woman.
Carantoña, flattery, coaxing.
CARANTOñERO, f. m. a flatterer.
CARAPITO, f. m. a fort of fea-fowl; a ftranger that haunts a place.
CARAPU'ZA, f. f. vide *CAPERU'ZA*.
CARA'TULA, f. f. a mask; the character of a buffoon or fool in farces, and the farce itfelf.
CARATULE'RO, f. m. the perfon who makes or fells masks.
CARA'VA, f. f. affembly, company of peafants met together on a holiday to divert themfelves.
CARAVA'NA, f. f. caravan.
Caravána, a fea-expedition.
Caravánas, f. f. pl. the pains or troubles in order to obtain any favour or employment.
CARA'VE, f. m. amber.
CARAVE'LA, f. f. a kind of ship.
CARAVELO'N, f. m. augment. of *caravela*.
CARAVE'RA, f. f. adultrefs, witch; enchantrefs, which haunteth tombs and graves and mingleth the bodies of dead men.
CARAVE'RO, f. m. one who frequents all public companies and neglects his own bufinefs.
CARA'Y, f. m. a tortoife's shell.
CARA'ZA, f. f. augm. of *cára*.
CA'RBASO, f. m. the linen that fails of ships are made of; failcloth.
CARBO'N, f. m. charcoal, half burnt wood.
Carbón de piedra ò de tierra, fea-coal, pit-coal.
CARBONA'DA, f. f. a carbonado, or broiling meat on the coals.
CARBONADI'LLA, f. f. diminutive of *carbonáda*.
CARBONCI'LLO, f. m. a bit of charcoal to draw with, black chalk.
CARBONE'RA, f. f. a coal-hole, a woman that fells coals.
CARBONERI'A, f. f. the shop where coals are fold by retail.
CARBONE'RO, f. m. a collier.
CARBONIZA'R, v. a. to make coals. Obf.
CARBU'NCLO, f. m. a precious ftone called a carbuncle; alfo a

carbuncle or red pimple in the face, alſo a plagueſore; a coal of fire.
CARCAJA'DA, ſ. f. a fit of laughter.
CARCAJE, ſ. m. a quiver of arrows.
CARCAJEA'R, v. n. to laugh out.
CARCA'MO, ſ. m. in cant, the way, the road.
CARCAñAL, ſ. m. the heel.
No la ha del carcañál, his diſtemper is not in his heels; that is, it is in his brains. He is mad, or fooliſh.
CARCAñO, ſ. m. the heel.
CARCAPU'LO, ſ. m. a large high tree in India.
CARCA'SA, ſ. f. a carcaſs thrown out of a mortar, like a bomb.
CA'RCAVA, ſ. f. a grave, or rather a great pit, ſuch as armies uſe to bury their dead in after a battle.
CARCAVEA'R, v. a. to dig pits or graves.
CARCAVE'RA, ſ. f. a ſtrumpet that haunts church-yards.
CA'RCAVO, ſ. m. the bottom of the belly.
CARCAVON, ſ. m. a great deep pit, ſuch as are ſometimes made by mighty falls of water, or otherwiſe.
CARCAVUE'ZO, ſ. m. a deep pit or ditch.
CARCA'X, ſ. m. a bracelet put on the ankle for ornament.
Carcáx, ſ. m. a quiver for arrows.
CARCAXA'DA, ſ. f. vide *CARCAJA'DA*.
CA'RCEL, ſ. f. a priſon. Carpenters give this name to a frame, in which they preſs together any frame-work, till they have pinned it together, or, when glued, till the glue holds.
Dar a úno la caſa por carcel, to confine a man to his own houſe.
CARCELA'GE, ſ. m. the fees of the priſon.
CARCELERI'A, ſ. f. confinement impriſonment.
Guardar carcelería, to be confined to a city or town.
CARCELE'RO, ſ. m. a gaoler.
Carceléro, adj relating to a jail; and uſed in the phraſe *fianza carcelera*, which means the bail given in order to be let out of goal.
CARCHE'SIA, ſ. f. } a large deep
CARCHE'SIO, ſ. m. } cup or bowl with handles.
CARCO'A, ſ. f. a large canoe uſed by the Indians.
CA'RCOLA, ſ. f. a weaver's treadle, which he preſſes down with his feet in weaving.
CARCOLE'JO, ſ. m. a ſnail's shell.
CARCO'MA, ſ. f. the worm in wood, and the duſt that falls from worm-eaten wood: alſo a great trouble of mind.
Carcóma, one that ſpends by degrees all his money.
CARCOME'R, v. a to worm-eat.
Carcomérſe, v. r. to be worm-eaten; to perplex or torment one's ſelf, to be afflicted.
CARCOMI'DO, adj. worm-eaten; alſo afflicted, grieved.
CARCOMIE'NTO, adj. weakened by old age.
CA'RDA, ſ. f. a ſort of thiſtle uſed to raiſe the wool of cloth; alſo a card to card wool.
Gente de la carda, ruffians, raſcals, bravoes, bragadocios.
Dar una carda, to reprimand, to reprehend, to chide.
CARDADE'RA, ſ. f. a card or teazle to card wool.
CARDADO'R, ſ. m. a carder of wool.
CARDADU'RA, ſ. f. carding.
CARDAMO'MO, ſ. m. the ſeed cardamomum.
CARDA'NTE, ſ. m. an idle looſe companion.
CARDAR, v. a. to card wool; to tear the hair.
Cardár la lana à uno, to cudgel one; alſo to take away by degrees any thing from another.
CARDENA'L, ſ. m. a cardinal, a prince of the Roman church.
Cardenál, ſ. m. a bird ſo called.
Cardenál, ſ. m. the black and blue mark of a blow.
CARDENALA'TO, } ſ. m. the dignity of a
CARDENALA'ZGO, } cardinal.
CARDENALI'CIO, adj. belonging to a cardinal.
CARDE'NCHA, ſ. f. the teazle or thiſtle to raiſe the wool of cloth.
Cardencha, ſ. f. the ſlay of a weaver's loom, having teeth like a comb; alſo a kind of herb called wild chervil.
CARDENI'CO, adj. ſomewhat blue.
CARDENILLO, ſ. m. verdigreaſe, the ruſt of braſs.
CARDE'NO, adj. of a purple colour, livid bluiſh.
CARDI'ACA, ſ. f. the herb motherwort.
CARDI'ACO, adj. cardiack, cordial.
CARDIALGI'A, ſ. f. the heart-burn; and alſo, an imaginary being which tells whatever naughty children do.
CARDILLE'JO, ſ. m. diminutive of *cardillo*.
CARDI'LLO, ſ. m. a little thiſtle.
CARDINA'L, adj. cardinal, principal, chief.
Vientos cardinàles, the four principal winds, north, ſouth, eaſt, and weſt.
CA'RDINE, ſ. m. the lock of a door.
CARDI'TA, ſ. f. a ſmall ſhip ſo called.
CARDIZA'L, ſ. m. the place where many thiſtles grow.
CA'RDO, ſ. m. a thiſtle.
Cárdo pára cardár, a thiſtle to card cloth with.
Cárdo lechéro, the white milky thiſtle.
Cárdo aljonjéro, a ſort of thiſtle, out of which they ſqueeze the juice, and it ſerves inſtead of runnet to turn milk.
Cárdo bendito, cárdo ſánto, the holy thiſtle.
Cárdo eſpinóſo, our ladies thiſtle.
Cárdo corredór, the weed ſea-holm, ſea-holly, or ſea-hulver
Cardo peynadór, the teazle.
Cárdo pinto, a great whitiſh thiſtle, full of white ſpots.
Cárdo húſo, wild baſtard ſaffron, or ſaffron flower.
CARDO'N, ſ. m. a great thiſtle.
CARDU'CHA, ſ. f. a large card to comb wool.
CARDU'ZA, ſ. f. a wooden card with iron points uſed to card wool.
CARDUZADO'R, ſ. m. a carder, one that cards or combs wool or cloth.
CARDUZA'R, v. a. to card wool;

also to scratch, to tear with the nails.
CAREA'R, v. a to bring face to face; to confront; to compare one thing with another.
Careárse, v. r. to move the face or head from one side to the other; also to meet face to face.
CARECE'R, v. n. to want, to lack.
CARECIE'NTE, adj. wanting, who wants.
CARE'NA, s. f. careen, careening; also the keel of a ship and all the part of her that lies under water.
Dar caréna, to careen, to caulk.
CARENA'R, v. a. to careen.
CARE'NCIA, s. f. want, necessity, poverty.
CARENE'RO, s. m. a convenient place to bring ships upon the careen; a shipyard or a dock.
CARE'O, s. m. the act of comparing one thing with another.
CARE'RO, adj. selling at a dear price.
CARESTI'A, s. f. dearth, scarcity.
CARE'ZA, s. f. scarcity, dearness.
CA'RGA, s. f. load, burthen, freight; oppression, damage, vexation.
Cárga, charge, office, employment.
Cárga de granos, a load of corn.
Cárga de arma de fuego, the charge of a gun.
Cárga errada, a discharge or volley of cannon and musket shot.
Cárga reál, a tax, a tribute.
A cárga cerrada, adv. inconsiderately.
A cárgas, adv. plentifully.
Llevar los soldados à la cárga, to charge the enemy.
Navio de cárga ò merchante, a merchant or trading ship.
Bestia de cárga, a beast to carry burthens.
Echarse con la cárga, to fall down under the burthen.
Dar con la cárga en el suélo, to let fall the burthen, to spoil the business.
Dar cárga à el ennemígo, to charge the enemy.
Cósa de ciénto en cárga, a thing of no value, whereof is great plenty.
Esso à cárgas, there are loads of that; it is common and plentiful.
CARGA'DAS, s. f. pl. a larger number of tricks in particular games at cards.
CARGADE'RA, s. f. the stay in a ship.
CARGADE'RO, s. m. the place where ships take in their goods or loading or where they discharge them.
CARGADI'LLA, s. f. the increase of a debt.
CARGADO'R, s. m. one that loads or burdens; a merchant that loads ships; one that imposes burdens or taxes.
CARGADU'RA, s. f. loading, burdening.
CARGA'R, v. a. to load, to burden; to load a ship, to impose burdens or taxes; to load a dye.
Cargár cénso sóbre la haziénda, to burden the estate with an annuity.
Cargár de pálos, to cudgel a man.
Cargálle la búrra, to give a man ill language.
Cargár la cabéza de vino, to drink too much.
Cargár la hónra, to lay a blemish upon one's honour.
CARGAZO'N, s. f. a burden, lading for a ship, heaviness in the head.
CA'RGO, s. m. burden, weight; the lading of a ship; also a charge, office, or employment.
Cárgo de conciéncia, a burden on the conscience.
Hacer cárgo, to charge.
Tomár à cárgo, to take charge of.
Dar cárgo de un negócio, to give one an affair in charge.
Ser en cárgo, to be beholden, or to be answerable.
Cárgos, pl. articles of impeachment.
CARGO'SO, adj. heavy, grievous, afflictive, oppressive.
CARGUI'O, s. m. goods ready to ship.
CARIACE'DO, adj. looking ghastly as if something strange had happened.
CARIACONTECI'DO, adj. that looks ghastly as if some strange thing had befallen.
CARIACUCHILLA'DO, adj. one that has been cut over the face.
CARIAGUILE'ÑO, adj. long-faced with a hook-nose.
CARIAMPOLLA'DO, adj. round-faced, full-cheeked, like young fat boys.
CARIA'NCHO, adj. broad-faced.
CARIA'TIDES, s. f. pl. a term in architecture, signifying a sort of columns, the upper half whereof is like the bodies of women.
CARIBA'NO, } *CARI'BE*, } s. m. a cruel, hard-hearted, barbarous man.
Caribe, s. m. a cannibal that eats man's flesh.
CARIBO'BO, adj. looking stupid, idiot like.
CA'RICA, s. f. a kind of thorny tree like a fig-tree.
CARI'CIA, s. f. cherishing, making much of, kind reception, lovingness; in cant, a very dear thing.
CARICIOSAME'NTE, adv. lovingly, kindly, affectionately.
CARICIO'SO, adj. loving, kind, full of affection.
CARICUE'RDO, adj. sober-looking.
CARIDA'D, s. f. charity; also dearness or dearth.
CARIDOLIE'NTE, adj. sorrowful, melancholy.
CARIESCRI'TO, adj. an appellative of the melon, the rind of which is not smooth but full of warts.
CARIGO'RDO, adj. plump-faced.
CARIFA'RTO, obs. } *CARIHA'RTO*, } adj. full-faced, with fat cheeks.
CARILA'RGO, adj. long-visaged.
CARI'LLA, s. f. diminutive of *cára*, the face of a child; a mask; a small silver coin in Aragon.
CARILLADA, s. f. vide *CARRILLA'DA*.
CARILLE'JO, s. m. vide *CARRILLE'JO*.
CARILLE'NO, adj. plump-faced.
CARI'LLO, s. m. vide *CARRILLO*.
CARILUCIO, ad. having a shining face.

CARIñA'NA, f. f. a sort of cap.
CARIñO, f. m. kindness, affection, love.
CARIñOSAME'NTE, adv. affectionately, kindly, lovingly, amorously.
CARIñO'SO, adj. kind, affectionate, loving.
CARINY'MPHO, adj. effeminate, wo manish; vulgarly, smock-faced.
CARIPA'NDO, adj. foolish, idiot like.
CARIRAI'DO, adj. brazen-faced, impudent, bold.
CARIREDO'NDO, adj. round-visaged.
CARISE'A, f. f. the cloth we call kersey.
CARI'SMA, f. m. benevolence, gift, present given with a good grace and a kind manner.
CARI'TA, f. f. diminutive of *cára.*
CARITATI'VO, adj. charitable.
CARLA'NCA, f. f. in cant, the neck of the shirt.
Carláncas, f. f. dog's collars full of points; a very high collar.
Tener carlancas, to be very cunning.
CARLEA'R, v. n. to make the noise as a dog does when panting with heat.
CARLI'N, f. m. a sort of coin.
CARLI'NA, f. f. a kind of thistle.
CARLI'NGAS, f. f. pl. the carlings, certain timbers in a ship.
CARLO SA'NTO, f. m. a plant so called.
CARME'L, f. m. a sort of plant.
CAMELI'TAS, f. m. pl. the religious order of Carmelite friars.
CA'RMEN, f. m. a verse, verses
Cármen, f. m. a garden, or vineyard.
CARMENADO'R, f. m. a carder.
CARMENADU'RA, f. f. carding, teasing; picking, pulling.
CARMENA'R, v. a. to card, to teaze, to pick, to pull.
Carmenár a úno, to lug a man by the hair.
CARMESI', *CARMESIN*, adj. crimson.
CARMI'N, f. m. carmine, a bright red, or crimson colour; also a kind of wild rose.
CARMO'N, f. m. a sort of fruit.
CARNA'DA, f. f. the baits made of flesh to catch fish.
CARNA'GE, f. m. a flesh-market; or butchery; also the killing of cattle for victualling the ships; also the slaughter of men in a battle formerly.
CARNA'L, adj. carnal, fleshy.
Carnál, libidinous, lustful, fleshly given; who employs all his thoughts on earthly affairs.
CARNALIDA'D, f. f. carnality, fleshiness; alliance in blood.
CARNALME'NTE, adv. carnally.
CARNAVA'L, f. m. the carnaval, shrovetide.
CARNA'ZA, f. f. a great lump of flesh; a very fat man or woman; the fleshy side of leather.
CA'RNE, f. f. flesh. meat.
Cárne humeáda, smoked flesh.
Cárne salpréja, powdered meat.
Cárne momia, any very lean dry meat.
Cárne móla, a swelling or fleshy substance in the belly.
Estar en cárnes, to be stark naked.
Tomár la mugér en cárnes, to take a wife without a portion.
Comér de sus cárnes, to devour or squander one's estate.
Dia de cárne, a flesh-day, any day that is not a fast.
Cárne de grajo, a lean person.
Tiene cárnes de perro, he is hardened, inured to hardships.
Cárne de pluma, the food or meat of any fowl.
Cárne sin huesso, a good employment without any trouble.
Abrir las cárnes a uno, to beat one barberously.
Echar cárnes, to grow fat.
Hacerse cárne, to be afflicted.
Ni es cárne ni pescado, he is a useless man, he is good for nothing.
Poner toda la cárne al asador, to hazard all the money at play.
Ser uña y carne, to be a great friend.
Temblarle las cárnes a uno, to be frightened.
Tener pan y carne, to have necessaries.
CARNECERI'A, f. f. a flesh-market.
CARNECI'LLA, f. f. a pimple.
CARNERA'DA, f. f. a large flock of sheep.
CARNERI'L, adj. belonging to sheep.
CARNERE'RO, f. m. a shepherd.
CARNE'RO, f. m. mutton; sheep; also a net bag to carry flesh in; a common burying-place; a silly fellow.
Carnéro, the sign in the zodiack, called Aries; a ram, an instrument with an iron head used by the ancients to batter walls.
Echarlo al cárnero, to forget any thing, to put it in oblivion.
No hái tales cárnero, that is not true.
Cárnero de cinco quartos, a sheep of five quarters; they are so large that the tail makes one quarter; they come from Africa.
Cárnero castrádo, a wether.
Carnéro moruéco, *Carnéro cojúdo*, a ram.
Carnéro desmachádo, a ram without horns.
Carnéro vérde, mutton cut in small pieces, and boiled with salt, pepper, cloves, parsley, onion, and bacon.
CARNERU'NO, adj. belonging to sheep.
CARNESTOLE'NDAS, f. f. shrovetide.
CARNICERI'A, f. f. pl. the butcher's shambles, or the place where beasts are slaughtered; also a slaughter of men.
CARNICERI'L, adj. belonging to a flesh-market.
CARNICE'RO, adj. belonging to flesh.
Libra carnicéra, the weight of a pound in flesh.
Carnicéro, f. m. a butcher, a slaughter-man, a hangman.
CARNICO'L, f. m. a huckle-bone; also a play among boys with hucklebones; also the hoof of a beast, being the hard horny substance of graminivorous animals.
CARNI'VORO, adj. ravenous, a great devourer of flesh.
CARNI'ZA, f. f. cutting of flesh.
CARNOSIDA'D, f. f. carnosity, a fleshy excrescence, carbuncle; flashiness.

CARNO'SO, } adj. fleshy, full of
CARNU'DO, } flesh, fat; alſo muſculous, pulpous, (ſpeaking of fruits.)

CA'RO, adj. dear, precious.

De lo cáro, of the beſt and deareſt wine, a phraſe uſed among drunkards.

Hacer el cáro, to tack about.

Lo baráto es cáro, what is cheap is dear; becauſe cheap things are ſeldom good.

CARO'BO, ſ. m. a ſort of veſſel; alſo the carob-tree.

CARO'CA, ſ. f. fine diſſembling words ſpoken with an intent to deceive.

CARO'NA, ſ. f. a horſe's hide on the back and withers; in cant, a shirt.

Mála caróna, a horſe's hide that is apt to gall.

Blándo de caróna, tender-skinned, lazy, unfit for labour; alſo touchy or exceptious.

CAROQUE'RO, adj. flattering, impoſing upon.

CARO'TIDAS, } ſ. f. pl. carotids,
CAROTIDES, } two arteries, which ariſe out of the aſcending trunk of the aorta.

CARO'ZO, ſ. m. the pellicle that covers the grains of a pomegranate.

CA'RPA, ſ. f. a carp; alſo a bunch of grapes, or part of it.

CARPANE'L, adj. the appellative of a certain elliptical ſection.

CA'RPE, ſ. m. a tree with a rugged black bark, by ſome called the yoketree.

CARPEDA'L, ſ. f. a grove of ſuch trees.

CARPENTEAR, v. a. to work upon an equal balance; that is, when the profit of any man's work will amount to no more than what he is paid for his labour.

CARPE'NTO, ſ. m. the ſtate of a planet that meets with a number of other planets in its revolution.

CARPE'SIO, ſ. m. a plant ſo called.

CARPE'TA, ſ. f. a leather, cloth, or ſilk cover for a table; alſo a kind of blanket at the door of taverns.

CARPINTEA'R, v. n. to work at the carpenter's buſineſs.

CARPINTERI'A, ſ. f. the carpenter's trade.

CARPINTE'RO, ſ. m. a carpenter.

Carpintéro de cárros y carrétas, a cartwright.

CARPI'R, v. a. to rend, to tear, to cleave, to ſcratch.

CARPOBA'LSAMO, ſ. m. the fruit of the balſam-tree.

CARRA'CA, ſ. f. a heavy large ship; alſo a rattle, a noiſy inſtrument.

CARRA'CO, adj. infirm, weak, old, heavy.

CARRA'L, ſ. m. a cask, or large veſſel carried by a cart.

CARRALE'JA, ſ. f. a thin ſmall cane.

CARRANCU'DO, adj. that has a preciſe, ſtiff, affected way of walking.

CARRA'NQUE, ſ. m. a bird as big as a crane.

CARRA'SCA, ſ. f. the holm-tree.

CARRASCA'L, ſ. m. a grove of holmtrees.

CARRA'SCO, ſ. m. the holm-tree.

CARRASPA'DA, ſ. f. a ſort of drink compoſed of honey, red wine, and ſpices

CARRASPA'NTE, adj. any thing ſour or harsh.

CARRASPE'RA, ſ. f. hoarſeneſs, a diſeaſe of the throat ſo called.

CARRASQUEñO, adj. of, or belonging to, or like the holm-tree.

CARRE'RA, ſ. f. career, courſe, a race; alſo the place where they run races, or tilt; in cant, a ſtreet.

Abrir carréra, to make a lane, to clear the way, to run.

Paſsár ſu carréra, to run over one's ground; to do one's duty, to play one's part.

Rehuſár la carréra, to be reſtive, not to anſwer the ſpur; to refuſe what is required.

Pararſe en médio de la carréra, to ſtop in full career.

No hará carréra a un ciégo, he will not make way for a blind man; ſaid to expreſs the height of ill-nature.

A carrera abierta, ó tendida, in a full ſpeed.

Partir de carrera, to act inconſiderately, thoughtleſsly.

CARRERI'LLA } ſ. f. diminutive
CARRERI'TA, } of *carréra.*

CARRERUE'LA, ſ. f. a little run as children take; alſo notches in hair ill cut.

CARRE'TA, ſ. f. a cart.

Hále tomádo la carréta, the cart has run over him; meant of one that is crippled with the pox, as if a cart had run over him.

Ir por mar en carréta, to go to ſea in a cart; to expreſs the impoſſibility of a thing.

CARRETA'DA, ſ. f. a cart load.

CARRETE, ſ. m. a fishing-line.

Dar carrete, to procraſtinate in buſineſs, to delay, to defer.

CARRETEA'R, v. a. to carry any thing in a cart.

CARRETE'L ſ. m. a turning engine ſo called on board ships.

CARRETE'RA, ſ. f. a highway for carts or coaches.

CARRETERI'A, ſ. f. the place where they make carts, or keep them; alſo a quantity of carts together.

CARRETERI'L, adj. belonging to a cart.

CARRETE'RO, ſ. m. a carter; in cant, a cheat.

Voz de carretero, a rude rough and clowniſh voice.

Jurár cómo un carretéro, to ſwear like a carter.

CARRETI'LLA, ſ. f. diminut. a little cart.

Hacer carretilla, an expreſſion uſed by boys, when, playing with their caſtle-tops, one ſplits another.

Saber de carretilla, to know ſomething by heart.

De carretilla, adv. by cuſtom, thoughtleſsly.

CARRETO'N, ſ. m. a little cart or wheel-barrow; alſo a child's go-cart, and a carriage for a cannon.

CARRETONCI'LLO, ſ. m. a go-cart for little children.

CARRICO'CHE, ſ. m. a covered cart; alſo a bad old coach; a duſt-cart.

CARRI'L, ſ. m. a cart-wheel; alſo a cart-rut, or a cart-way.
CARRILLA'DA, ſ. f. the cheeks; alſo the greaſe of a hog's cheek.
Carrilláda, a box on the chops.
Temblár a carrillàdas to quake till the teeth chatter.
CARRI'LLO, ſ. m. a cheek; alſo a little cart; alſo a pulley.
Tenér buénos carrillos, to have good cheeks, to be fat and plump.
Comér a dos carillos, to eat with both jaws; that is, greedily; to pleaſe two parties.
Llevár el bocàdo de un carillo a ótro, to turn one's meat from one ſide to the other; that is, to eat without any appetite.
CARRILLU'DO, adj. one that has great cheeks.
CARRIO'LA, ſ. f. a truckle-bed.
CARRIZA'L, ſ. f. a ſedgy place.
CARRI'ZO, ſ. f. ſedge.
CA'RRO, ſ. m. cart, chariot, wain.
Cárro in cant, a play.
Cárro falcáto, a chariot uſed in former times, ſet with ſcythes and other cutting tools ſticking out on each ſide.
Cárro, (*oſſa mayor*,) the greater bear, a conſtellation.
Carro de oro, Bruſſels camelet or camelote.
Carro largo, a long four-wheeled cart.
Carro mato, a low cart, having two wheels.
CARROCE'RO, ſ. m. vide *COCHERO*.
CARROCI'LLA, ſ. f. } diminutives
CARROCI'LLO, ſ. m. } of *carróza*.
CARROCI'N, ſ. m. a chariot, a carriage of pleaſure.
CARROñO, adj. old, rotten, or corrupted.
CARRO'ZA, ſ. f. a great handſome coach.
Carroza de navio, a shelter made in the ſtern of boats and ships.
CARRUA'GE, } ſ. m. loading for
CARURA'JE, } carts; carrying in carts; a number of carts.
CARRU'CHA, ſ. f. a pulley.
CARRU'CO, ſ. m. a little cart uſed to carry ſalt and other things in the mountains.
CARRUJA'DO, adj. plaited, gathered very ſmall.
CA'RTA, ſ. f. a letter; a leaf of a book; a card; a map or ſea-chart.
Cárta de eſpéra a letter of licence to give a man time to pay his debts.
Cárta de vénta a bill of ſale.
Cárta de págo, an acquittancé.
Càrta de mareár, a ſea-chart, being a geographical deſcription of ſea-coaſts, with the true diſtance, heights and courſes of winds laid down in it.
Cárta de cénſo, a deed for an annuity.
Cárta de hórro, a diſcharge to a ſlave by which he is made free.
Cárta miſſiva, or *familiár* a familiar or miſſive letter.
Cárta de conſéjos, or *de chancilleria*, an order of council, or decree in chancery.
Cárta de deſcommunión, the inſtrument declaring any perſon excommunicated.
Cárta cuenta, a bill or account.
Cárta nueva, any paper of news, or any ſtrange accident, which is ſold about the ſtreets.
Cárta blánca, cart blanch, when a man has never a court-card in his hand.
Cárta de gula, a note given to one that travels in a ſtrange country for all people to put him in his way and not moleſt him.
Cárta de ſegúro } a ſafe conduct.
Cárta ſalva guárda, }
Cártas, playing cards.
Dar cártas, to deal the cards.
Pecár por carta de mas, ó por carta de ménos, to be over or under.
Cártas de llamamiénto, a ſummons for the members of the *cortes* to meet.
Razón de cárta róta, the reaſon or the ſentence of a torn letter; that is, nonſenſe; becauſe when a letter is torn and a piece wanting, all the ſentences remain imperfect.
Háblen cártas, y callen bárbas, let letters ſpeak and tongues be ſilent; that is, let the matter be referred to writings, not to what men ſay.
Prov. *No firmes cárta que no léas, ni bebas água que no véas*, do not ſign any writing which you have not read, nor drinck water which you have not ſeen.
CARTABO'N, ſ. m. a carpenter's ſquare.
CARTAPA'CIO, ſ. m. a ſtitched book, or any parcel of writing put together; a ſchool-boy's theme or copy-book; or a ſcroll for memorandums.
Razón de cartapácio, an anſwer or ſaying long ſtudied and nothing to the purpoſe.
CARTAPAZUE'LO, ſ. m. diminutive of *cartapácio*.
CARTAPE'L, ſ. m. a writing poſted up or ſet upon gates, walls, &c. in order to notify any thing to the public; alſo any large writing in a very ſmall character.
CARTEA'RSE, v. r. to keep correſpondence by letters.
CARTE'L, ſ. m. any papers ſet up in corners of ſtreets or in public places; a challenge; a libel.
Cartél, a cartel, a regulation for redeeming or exchanging of priſoners of war.
CARTE'LA, ſ. f. a board, or ſtone in a wall or other place, to write ſome inſcription upon; any pane or pannel. In architecture it is the ſcroll of the Ionic order, called the *voluta*.
CARTE'RA, ſ. f. a letter-caſe; a pocket-book; alſo two paſte-boards bound together in the shape of a folio book and commonly covered with vellum; uſed to write upon, and to put papers in.
CARTE'RO, ſ. m. a letter-carrier.
CARTE'TA, ſ. m. a game at cards.
CA'RTHAMO, ſ. m. vide *ALAZO'R*.
CARTI'DO, ſ. m. a little cask or barrel to keep conſerves in.
CARTILA'GIN, ſ. m. a griſtle, or cartilage, as of the ear or noſe.
CARTI'LLA, ſ. f. the firſt book children learn to read in, primer.
Leér a úno la cartilla, to read the primer to one, that is, to deal very plainly with him.

CARTO'N, s. m. paste-board. In architecture, the scroll on the head of the column of the Ionic order called the *voluta*.
Parecér de carton, to appear very grave, stiff, and lumpish.
CARTUCHE'RA, the pouch to carry the carridges in.
CARTU'CHO, s. m. a cartridge to charge any fire-arm with; a case of paper or parchment filled with gunpowder, used, for the greater expedition in charging guns.
CARTULA'GINE, s. f. vide *CARTILA'GINE*.
CARTULA'RIO, s. m. an original register-book of laws, privileges, grants, deeds, &c.
CARTULI'NA, s. f. a piece of pasteboard cut into the shape of any flower, worked in embroidery to raise it.
CARTU'XA, s. f. the religious order instituted by St. Bruno.
CARTUXA'NO, adj. belonging to the Carthusian order.
CARTUXO, s. m. a Carthusian friar; also a silent, grave, or quiet man.
CARU'NCULA, s. f. a little piece of flesh, a kernel, a caruncle.
CARVA'LLO, s. m. a kind of small oak.
CARVI', s. m. carraway-seed.
CARYA'TIDES, s. m. caryatides, columns or pilasters with the figures of women dressed in long robes.

CAS

CAS, s. f. a vulgar abbreviation of *casa*.
CA'SA, s. f. a house, a family; it is sometimes used in the plural, *casas*, speaking of the house of some great man, as *las casas del duque*, the duke's house.
Cása de tia, the prison.
Cása fuérte, a country-house with fortifications, and works of defence.
Cása santa, the sepulchre of Christ in Jerusalem.
Cása de letras, an academy, university, or college.
Cása de locos, an hospital for lunaticks.
Cása del Rey, ò cása reál, the King's houshold or servants.
Cása de la monéda, the mint.
Cása pagiza, a thatched-house.
Cása reál, a royal palace.
Cása de oración, a house of prayer, a church.
Cása de religión, a monastery, or a religious-house.
Cása de aprobacion, a noviceship.
Cása proféssa, a monastery of religious persons professed.
Cása de contratación, a house for managing of trade.
Cása pública, a bawdy-house.
Cása de posádas, a house that lets lodgings.
Cása de cámpo, a country-house.
Cása de juégo, a gaming-house.
Cása a la mallcia, a house maliciously contrived; that is, which cannot be divided into apartments for several families to live in.
Cásas, pl. the squares or chequers on a chess or draught board.
Póner cása, to set up house-keeping.
Apartár cása, to part families.
No tenér cása ni viña, to have no estate.
De cása en cása, from house to house, from door to door.
Franqueár la cása, to give free liberty to view every corner of the house.
Guárdar la cása, to keep the house, not to stir abroad.
Tenér la cása por cárcel, to be confined to one's house.
No tenér cása ni hogár, to be very poor.
CASA'CA, s. f. obs. a loose coat or upper garment; also a sort of jacket worn by women.
Volver casáca, to be a turn-coat; to forsake the party of one and take that of his enemy.
CASA'DA, s. f. a married woman, a wife.
Casáda, the original, or the rise of a family.
CASADE'RO, adj. marriageable, of age to marry.
CASADI'LLA, s. f. diminutive of *casada*, a family of no brilliant extraction, a race of no great antiquity, yet not quite unknown.
CASA'DO, adj. married; when a married man, a husband.
CASA'L, s. m. a small village with few houses.
CASAMA'TA, s. f. a cazematte.
CASAMENTA'R, v. n. to marry.
CASAMENTE'RO, s. m. a matchmaker.
CASAMIE'NTO, s. m. a wedding; a match.
CASAPUE'RTA, s. f. a porch, or entry of any house.
CASAQUI'LLA, s. f. diminutive of *casaca*.
CASA'R, v. n. to marry, to wed.
Casár, v. a to join a man and a woman, to marry them; also to unite something to another, to mix vith.
CASA'R, s. m. a farm-house, a village.
Casárse, v. r. to marry.
CASCA, s. f. the husk of grapes after the wine pressed out; the broken bark tanners put into their tanpits.
CASCABE'L, s. m. a hawk's bell; a rattle-headed fellow; a talker, a prattler.
Hombre de cascabél gordó, a clownish fellow.
Echar el cascabél a uno, to put the bell to one; that is, to give him any bad news.
Bivora de cascabel, a rattle-snake.
Prov. *Quien echará el cascabél al gato*? who will put the bell about the cat's neck? who will do any thing against another who is too powerful.
CASCABELADA, s. f. a jingling of hawks bells; a ridiculous action published.
Echár cascabeládas, to talk idly.
CASCABELEA'R, v. a. to ring a hawk's bell; to talk, or act idly.
CASCABELLI'LLO, s. m. a little hawk's bell; also a small plum.
CASCA'DA, s. f. a fall of water, a cascade.
Cascádas, pl. drapery; the plaits or folds of the dress in a picture or statue.

CASCA'DO, adj. wore out, decayed by old age or infirmities.
Cascádo, weak.
CASCAJA'L, f. m. a gravel-pit; alfo the place where they throw out they husk of the grapes after vintage.
CASCAJA'R, v. a. to throw ftones; to throw out the husks of the grapes after vintage.
CASCA'JO, f. m. gravel, pebble-ftones; the shivers that fly in cutting ftones; broken earthen-ware; rubbish.
Cascájo, winter fruits, as nuts, chefnuts, &c. alfo any Spanish brafs coin, becaufe they look as bits.
CASCAJOSO, adj. gravelly, full of rubbish.
CASCANUE'ZES, f. m. a nutcracker.
CASCAPIñO'NES, f. m. pl. boys that are employed to take out the kernels of pine-apples to fell.
CASCA'R, v. a. to crack.
Cascár, to give a blow with the fift, ftick, or any thing.
CA'SCARA, f. f. shell, husk.
Cáscaras, a word of admiration.
Hombre de la cascára amarga, a quareller, a bully, a noify fellow.
CASCARE'LA, f. f. a fort of play at cards.
CASCARI'LLA, f. f. a little shell, a thin husk; the bark or Jefuits's powders.
CASCARI'TA, f. f. diminutive of *cascára*.
CASCARO'N, f. m. an egg-shell, or any other great shell.
CASCARRO'JAS, f. f. pl. a fort of worms that breed in ships.
CASCARRO'N, adj. coarfe, rough, unpolished, difagreable.
CASCARRU'DO, adj. of, or belonging to a thick shell.
CASCATRE'GUAS, f. m. a trucebreaker; a perfidious perfon.
CASCAVA'NCO, f. m. an idle fellow, a vagabond.
CASCAVE'L, f. m. vide *CASCABEL*.
CA'SCO, f. m. a broken piece of any thing, pot, tile, shell, or the like; alfo a head-piece of skull-cap; alfo the skull.
Cásco de la cabeza, the skull.
Cásco de cása, an empty houfe, that has nothing but bare walls.
Cásco de navío, a ship without mafts, ropes, and other riggings.
Cásco de caballo, mulo, &c. the horny fubftance under the hoof of a horfe, mule, afs, &c.
Cáscos, a sheep's head without the brains and tongue.
Lavar ó untar los cáscos, to flatter, to praife.
Quitar ó raer del casco, to diffuade, to divert from any thing.
Romper los cascos, to break the skull; alfo to plague, to moleft, to teaze, to harrafs by inceffant follicitation or foolish talk.
Cásco de cébolla, a flake of an onion.
Cásco de tiña, a cap for a fcald head.
Cascos luzios, little wit.
Cáscos de calabáza, a shatter-brained fellow.
Fulano tiéne buen s cáscos, fuch a one has a good head, fpoken ironically.
CASCO'TE, f. m. rubbish.
CASERAME'NTE, adv. fincerely, faithfully, with integrity, plainly, honeftly, juftly.
CASERA'ZO, adj augment. of *caséro*.
CASERI'A, f. f. a country farm; female œconomy, houfewifery.
CASE'RNA, f. f. a vault ftrongly made to refift the bombs.
CASE'RO, f. m. a landlord of a houfe; alfo a farmer or a houfekeeper.
Caséro, adj. that is homely, homemade, home-felt, private; alfo plain, home-fpun; as.
Eftilo caséro, a plain familiar ftyle.
Pan caséro, houshold bread.
Liénzo caséro, home-fpun cloth.
Mugér caséra, a woman that keeps her houfe and is not a gadder.
CA'SI, adv. almoft.
CA'SIA, f. f. a fmall shrub in the Indies.
CASIAFISTU'LA, f. f. vide *CAñAFISTOLA*.
CASI'CA, *CASI'LLA*, f. f. a little houfe; a neceffary houfe.
Sacár a uno de fus casillas, to draw a man out of his little houfes; that is, to anger, fret, or vex a man.
CASILLE'RO, f. m. the perfon whofe bufinefs it is to empty and clean the clofe-ftools and fuch like veffels, in the king's palace.
CASI'LLO, f. m. diminutive of *cáso*.
CASI'NA, f. f. a cottage, a poor country-houfe.
CASI'TA, f. f. a little houfe, a cottage.
Casita de dios, a fmall red infect.
CASO, f. m. accident, chance; fortune, deftiny; a law-cafe; a cafe in declining words; efteem, regard.
A cáso, adv. by chance.
Cáso que, put the cafe, fuppofing, or admitting that.
De cáso penfádo, wilfully, defignedly, with intent and premeditation.
Es cáso llano, the thing is plain, evident, manifeft.
Vámos al cáso, let us come to the point, to the thing in hand.
No eftoy en el cáso, I do not underftand the cafe.
No háze al cáso, it is not to the purpofe.
Hacer cáso de úna perfóna, to take notice of one.
Démos cáso, fuppofing, admitting.
Cáso acordado, a thing done with deliberation, premeditated.
CASOLE'TA, f. f. a little faucepan or pipkin; the touch-pan in fire-arms.
CASO'RIO, f. m. a hafty inconfiderate marriage.
CA'SPA, f. f. dandriff or fcurf in the head.
CASPE'RA, f. f. a fmall comb with teeth on both fides, ufed to comb the fcurf of the head.
CASPO'SO, adj. full of dandriff.
CASQUETA'DA, f. f. a rash inconfiderate action or expreffion.
CASQUETA'ZO, f. m. a blow given with the head.
CASQUE'TE, f. m. a broken piece of any thing; the skull.

Casquéte, a leather or paper cap to cover the skull.
Casquete de tiñoso, a plaster for a scald head.
Casquete, a helmet or head-piece.
CASQUIJO, s. m. vide CASCA'JO.
CASQUILLO, s. m. a little head-piece or steel cap; any small broken piece of any thing.
Casquillo de saéta, the head of an arrow.
CASQUILUCIO, adj. merry, jocose; who pretends to a great deal of sense, and has none.
CASSACIO'N, s. f. cancelling, vacating, annulling, cashiering.
CASSADO'R, s. m. one that cancels, vacates, annuls, makes void, or cashiers.
CASSADU'RA, s. f. cancelling, vacating, making void, cashiering.
CASSA'R, v. a. to cancel, vacate, annul, make void.
CASSIOPE'A, s. f. a northern constellation so called.
CA'STA, s. f. race, breed, progeny, stock.
CASTAME'NTE, adv. chastly, modestly.
CASTAñA, s. f. a chesnut.
Castáña enxérta, a chesnut of a tree that has been grafted.
Castáña regoldána, a small wild chesnut.
Castáña pilida, a chesnut that has the shell taken off, and is dried, used to make pottage.
Peinado en castaña, a fashion of curling used among women.
CASTAñA'L, } s. m. a grove of
CASTAñA'R, } chesnut-trees.
CASTAñAZ'O, s. m. a blow given with a chesnut.
CASTAñEDO, s. m. a chesnut-grove.
CAS'TAñERO, s. m. the person who sells chesnuts ready roasted or boiled.
CASTAñETA, s. f. a castanet, such as they use in dancing; also the snapping of the fingers in imitation of castanets.
CASTAñETEA'R, v. n. to play on the castanets, or to snap the fingers; snapping of the knees, as some men walk.
CASTAñETA'ZO, s. m. the noise made by the castanets or by snapping the fingers.
CASTAñO, s. m. a chesnut-tree.
Castáño, adj. chesnut-colour.
Castaño claro, light chesnut-colour.
Castaño obscuro, dark chesnut-colour.
CASTAñUE'LA, s. f. vide CASTAñETA.
CASTELLA'N, s. m. vide CASTELLANO.
CASTELLANI'A, s. f. castle-ward; the lordship and jurisdiction of a lord.
CASTELLA'NO, s. m. a governor of a castle or fortress.
Castellano, an ancient coin of gold.
Castellano, the fiftieth part of a mark of gold.
CASTELO, s. m. vide CASPILLO.
CASTIDA'D, s. f. chastity.
CASTIE'LLO, s. m. obs. vide CASTILLO.
CASTIFICA'R, v. a. to make chaste, to render chaste.
CASTIGACION, s. f. chastisement.
CASTIGADAMENTE, adv. correctly, accurately.
CASTIGADE'RA, s. f. a little string to tie the clapper of a bell they use to hang about the neck of cattle.
CASTIGADOR, s. m. a chastiser, a punisher; also a severe and rigorous censor.
CASTIGAME'NTO, } s. m. vide
CASTIGAMIENTO, } CASTIGO.
CASTIGA'R, v. a. to chastise, correct or punish.
Castigár de cóla, to make a horse carry his tail down.
Prov. *Castiga al que no es buéno, y aborrecérte ha luégo*, chastise one that is not good, and he'll presently hate you.
Castigárse, v. n. to amend, or correct one's self.
CASTI'GO, s. m. chastisement, punishment, correction.
CASTIL DE PRO'A, s. m. the forecastle, or head of a ship.
CASTIL DE POPA, the stern, the poop of a ship.
CASTILLE'JO, s. m. diminutive of *castillo*.
CASTILLERI'A, s. f. a tribute paid by those who live within the district or verge of the castle.
CASTILLE'RO, s. m. a governor of a castle.
CASTILLE'TE, s. m. a little castle.
CASTI'LLO, s. m. a castle, a fortress; also the fore-castle of a ship.
Castillo y león, castle and lion; the same as we call cross or pile.
Formar castillos en el áire, to build castles in the air; to hope or expect things that in probability are not likely to happen.
CASTILLUE'LO, s. m. diminutive of *castillo*.
CASTIMONI'A, s. f. chastity.
CASTI'ZO, adj. of a good race or breed.
Estilo castizo, pure, correct and polished style.
Castizo, the son of a *mestizo* and *mestiza*.
CA'STO, adj. chaste.
CASTO'R, s. m. a caster or beaver.
Castor y Polux, a fiery meteor which at sea seems sometimes sticking to a part of the ship.
CASTO'REO, s. m. castoreum.
CASTRADE'RA, s. f. a gelding-knife.
CASTRA'DO, s. m. eunuch; wether.
CASTRADO'R, s. m. a gelder.
CASTRADU'RA, s. f. gelding.
CASTRAPUE'RCAS, s. m. a sowgelder.
CASTRA'R, v. a. to geld, to spay.
Castrár colménas, to take the honey of hives leaving enough for the bees to feed on.
Castrár la sárna, to apply medicines to the itch to dry it up.
Castrár poétas, to castrate poets; that is, to cut off the immodest part of them.
CASTRAZO'N, s. m. gelding, the season for gelding or for taking the honey out of the hives.
CASTRE'NSE, adj. or belonging to a camp.

CASTRO, s. m. a fort, a strong place; also a game boys play at.
Castro, the reliques of a demolished house or building.
CASTRO'N, s. m. a gelt goat.
CASUA'L. adj. casual, accidental.
CASUALIDA'D, s. f. casualty, mischance, unforeseen event.
CASUALME'NTE, adv. by chance, accidentally.
CASUA'RES, s. m. a sort of fowl so called.
CASUI'STA, s. m. a casuist.
CASU'LLA, s. f. chasuble, the vestment a priest wears over his alb when he says mass.
CASULLE'RO, s. m. the person who makes the vestment which a priest wears over his alb, when he says mass; also one who builds small houses or cottages.

CAT

CA'TA, interj. behold, see, look.
Cáta, s. f. an essay, a taste, a view, a search; also a stick they lay across upon two other forked-ones in the vineyards, to prop up the vines.
CATA'BRE, s. m. a piece of rope or cable so called, on board a ship.
CATA'BULO, s. m. a stable, a beasthouse, a place where beasts were kept, either to be made tame or to fight with condemned malefactors.
CATACLY'SMO, s. m. a deluge, an inundation. Poetical.
CATADO'R, s. m. the person who tastes the wines to give his approbation of them.
CATADU'RA, s. f. the tasting or palating of wine, to judge of its worth.
Catadúra, s. f. the countenance, the aspect.
CATAFRA'TES, s. m. pl. men in complete armour.
CATALICO'N, s. m. a medicine so called.
CATALI'NAS, s. f. pl. the French-pox.
CATALNI'CA, s. f. a capricious name given to a female parrot.
CATA'LOGO, s. m. a catalogue.
CATALU'FA, s. f. a sort of flowered silk.
CATAMI'TO, s. m. a catamite.
CATA'N, s. m. } a large broad-
CATA'NA, s. f. } sword used by the inhabitants of Japan.
CATANA'NCE, s. f. a tree so called.
CATA'NES, s. m. pl. gentlemen, persons of note and quality, but below lords.
CATA'PHORA, s. f. any thing ready to fall.
CATAPLA'SMA, s. f. a plaster, a cataplasm; a poultice, a soft mollifying application.
CATAPOCIA, s. f. a pill, a medicine made into a small ball or mass.
CATAPU'CIA, s. f. a sort of herb so called.
CATAPULTA, s. f. a catapult, an engine used formerly to throw stones, darts, &c.
CATA'R v. a. to see, to behold, to view, to taste; to search; to think of a thing.
Quándo menos me cato, when I least think of it.
Cata, take notice.
CATARAñA, s. f. the bird called a shell-drake; also the herb smallage.
CATARA'TA, s. f. a cataract, or great fall of water; a floodgate, a cataract in the eyes.
Batir las cataratas, to cure the cataract on the eye.
CATARRA'L, adj. belonging to a catarrh or old.
CATARRIBE'RA, s. m. an idle strolling fellow.
CATA'RRO, s. m. a catarrh, a cold, a defluxion proceeding from cold.
CATARRO'SO, adj subject to a catarrh or to cold.
CATASO'L, s. m. the daisy-flower.
CATA'STA, s. f. a cage or stall wherein they set slaves to sale, also a strappado or the like on; which Christians used to be tormented.
CATA'STROPHE, s. f. catastrophe, conclusion or end of a thing; a final event generally unhappy.
CATAVIE'NTOS, s. m. pl. two weather flags placed on the stern of a ship, which by turning show the point from whence the wind blows.
CATAVI'NO, s. m. a cup used to taste wine.
Catavinos, pl. drunkards.
CATECHI'SMO, } s. m. a cate-
CATECI'SMO, } chism, instruction in matters of religion.
CATECHI'STA, s. m. the person who instructs or teaches the principles of the Christian religion.
CATECHIZA'R, v. a. to catechise, to instruct in religious matters.
CATECHU'MENO, s. m. a catechumen, one that is instructing.
CATECI'SMO, s. m. vide *CATECHI'SMO*.
CATEGOREMA'TICO, adj. categorematic, applied to the term that bears its own signification.
CATEGORI'A, s. f. in logic, a predicament; a class, a rank.
CATEGO'RICO, adj. categorical, positive, adequate, absolute.
CATE'RVA, s. f. a crew, a rout, a shoal, a troop, a gang, a company.
Afuéra pues caterva dueñesca, inutil para ningun humáno regálo.
CA'THEDRA, s. f. a pulpit.
CATHEDRA'L, s. f. a cathedral, the head church of a diocese.
CATHEDRALIDA'D, s. f. the right, dignity, and prerogative of the cathedral church.
CATHEDRA'R, v. n. to be a professor in an university, to teach any science.
CATHEDRA'TICO, s. m. a professor of a science in an university.
CATHE'TO, s. m. the catherus, a term in architecture.
CATHOLICAME'NTE, adv. catholically, universally.
CATHOLICI'SMO, s. m. catholicism, adherence to the catholic church.
CATHO'LICO, adj. catholic, universal, general.
Catholico, good, pure, without any

mixture, not adulterated by ingredients.
Catholico, healthful, free from sickness, in good health.
CATHOLICO'N, s. m. an universal medicine.
CATI'NO, s. m. a tub, any large vessel.
CATI'TE, s. m. a little lump of sugar.
CATIVA'R, v. a. vide *CAPTIVA'R*.
CATIVE'RIO, s. m. vide *CAPTIVE'RIO*.
CATIVIDA'D, s. f. vide *CAPTIVIDA'D*.
CATI'VO, adj. vide *CAPTIVO*.
CATO, s. m. a sort of medicine.
CATOPLEBA, s. f. a kind of beast that kills only by looking at one.
CATO'PTRICA, s. f. catoptricks; that part of optics which treats of vision by reflection.
CATO'RZE, adj. fourteen.
CATORZE'NO, adj. the fourteenth.
Paño catorzéno, a sort of very coarse cloth.
CATRE, s. m. a couch.

C A U

CAUCE, s. m. a channel or ditch cut by the side of a river in order to divert a part of its water for the purposes of agriculture and manufactures.
CAUCIO'N, s. f. caution, surety; bail, a bondsman.
Prestár caución, to put in bail.
CAUCIONE'RO, s. m. a bondsman, a surety.
CAUCHI'L, s. m. a reservoir or conservatory for waters to supply other places.
CA'UDA, s. f. a tail.
CAUDA'L, s. m. stock, what a man is worth.
Hacer caudál de una cósa, to value a thing, to make account of it.
Hómbre de caudál, a man of substance.
CAUDALE'JO, s. m. diminutive of *caudál*.
CAUDALOSAME'NTE, adv. richly.
CAUDALO'SO, rich, wealthy well stocked.
Rio caudalóso, a mighty river.
CAUDATA'RIO, s. m. a bishop's servant who bears up his train.
CAUDA'TO, adj. with a tail. Said of a comet.
CAUDI'LLO, s. m. a captain, a leader.
CAULE, s. m. one of the leaves in the capital of a Corinthian pillar.
CAURO, s. m. one of the west winds, commonly called Gallego.
CA'USA, s. f. a cause.
CAUSADO'R, s. m. a causer, he that causes, the agent by which an effect is produced.
CAUSA'L, s. f. reason, motive, or cause that produces an effect.
CAUSA'R, v. a. to cause.
CAUSI'DICO, s. m. a lawyer.
CAUSO'N, s. m. a burning fever.
CAUSTI'CO, adj. caustick, burning.
CAUSTO, adj. burnt.
CAUTAME'NTE, adv. cautiously, wearily.
CAUTE'LA, s. f. caution, weariness; also a fraud or cheat.
CAUTELA'R, v. a. to be cautious, weary, or circumspect.
CAUTELOSAME'NTE, adv. cautiously, wearily; also deceitfully.
CAUTELO'SO, adj. cautious; also crafty, deceitful.
CAUTE'RIO, s. m. cautery, of searing iron such as surgeons use.
CAUTERIZADO'R, s. m. the surgeon who sears or cauterizes.
CAUTERIZA'R, v. a. to sear, to cauterize.
CAUTIVA'R, v. a. to captivate, to take prisoner; also to charm, to subdue.
CAUTIVE'RIO, s. m. bondage, captivity.
CAUTIVIDA'D, s. f. captivity, bondage.
CAUTI'VO, s. m. a slave, a captive.
CA'UTO, adj. cautious, circumspect.

C A V

CA'VA, s. f. ditch, trench, pit, cellar, vault.
La vena cáva, the hollow vein.
CAVADI'ZO, adj. that is, or may be dug, or hollowed.
CAVADO'R, s. m. digger, ditcher, delver, ploughman; also the digger of graves or sepulchres.
Come mas que un cavadór, he eats more than a ploughman.
CAVADU'RA, s. f. digging, making hollow; the twist of a man where he begins to be forked.
CAVA'L, adj. vide *CABA'L*.
CAVA'R, v. a. to dig, to delve, to make hollow.
Cavár en el pensamiénto, to make an impression on the mind, to be so fixed that one cannot forget it.
Cavár la materia en la herida, to eat down into the flesh.
CAVAZO'N, s. f. digging, hollowing.
CAVELLA'DO, adj. vide *CABELLA'DO*.
CAVE'LLO, s. m. vide *CABE'LLO*.
CAVELLU'DO, adj. *CABELLU'DO*.
CAVE'R, v. n. vide *CABE'R*.
CAVE'RNA, s. f. cavern, den, cave, grot, hole: in cant, a house.
CAVERNOSIDA'D, s. f. deepness, concavity.
CAVERNO'SO, adj. full of caves, dens, or holes.
CAVESTRA'R, v. a. vide *CABESTRA'R*.
CAVE'STRO vide *CABE'STRO*.
CAVE'TO, s. m. in architecture, the hollow between the two rounds, at the foot of a column; the trochile.
CAVEZU'DO, adj. vide *CABEZU'DO*.
CAVI'DA, s. f. vide *CABI'DA*.
CAVIDA'D, s. f. a hollowness.
CAVILACIO'N, s. f. cavilling, contention.
CAVILA'R, v. a. to cavil, to contend, to quarrel.

CAVILDA'DA, f. f. vide *CABILDA'DA*.
CAVI'LDO, f. m. vide *CABI'LDO*.
CAVI'LLAS, f. f. pl. iron pins belonging to the building and rigging of a ship.
Cavillas de los brázos, the fmall bones of the arms.
CAVILLADO'R, f. m. a carpenter that drives the pins and bolts in ships.
CAVILLO'N, f. m. augment. of *cavilla*.
CAVI'LO, f. m. vide *CAVILACIO'N*.
CAVILOSAME'NTE, adv. contentiouſly.
CAVILO'SO, adj. contentious, quarrelfome.

C A X

CA'XA, f. f. a box, cheſt, desk, coffer, coffin, bin, the ſtock of a gun; alfo a drum.
Cáxa de un coche, the box of a coach.
Cáxa de difuntos, a coffin.
Cáxa, the place where money is put.
Cáxa de cuchillo, navaja, &c. a cafe for knives, razors, &c.
Cáxa de arcabúz, the ſtock of a gun.
Cáxa de las cártas, a general poſt-office.
Cáxa de las muelas, the gums; the internal part of the mouth.
Echár con cáxas deſtempladas, to turn out with contempt and fcorn.
Libro de cáxa, the cash-book among merchants.
CAXE'RAS, f. f. pl. particular hollows in a ship fo called.
CAXE'RO, f. m. a joyner, a box-maker; a pedlar: a cash-keeper or clerk.
CAXE'TA, *CAXI'LLA*, *CAXI'TA*, f. f. a little box.
CAXO, f. m. obf. the jaw, or cheek.
CAXO'N, f. m. a great box or cheſt.
Caxón de ſaſtre, the large cheſt under the table, wherein taylors put the remains of ſtuff after having cut a garment.
CAXONCI'LLO, f. m. a little cheſt, a little drawer.
CAXO'NES, f. m. pl. the lockers aboard a ship, which are like little cupboards or boxes made faſt to the fides of the ships to lay up things.
CAXTANA'DA, f. f. in cant, a quarrel, a tumult, an uproar.
CAXUE'LA, f. f. diminut. of *cáxa*.

C A Y

CAYADA, f. f. *CAYADO*, f. m. a ſtrepherd's hook; alfo an old man's walking-ſtaff.
CAYMA'N, f. m. crocodile, allegator.

C A Z

CA'Z, f. m. a channel made by letting out water from a river in dry fields.
CA'ZA, f. f. all forts of game or fports, as hawking, hunting, shooting, &c. alfo the game itfelf.
Cáza, a fine cotton linen.
Cáza mayor, the chafe of great beaſts.
Cáza menor, hunting of hares fowls, &c.
Levantar la cáza, to raife the game.
Dar cáza, to chafe.
Eſpántar la cáza, to fright the game; to let flip offenders that might have been taken.
Andár en cáza de gángas, to ſpend one's time and labour in doing nothing.
Ir a cáza de grillos, to go a cricket hunting, to hunt after uncertainties.
CAZA'BE, f. m. a kind of bread eaten in America.
CAZADE'RO, f. m. the place where they go to a hunting; an open ground full of fuch beaſts as are hunted.
CAZADO'R, f. m. an hunter.
CAZADO'RA, f. f. an huntreſs.
CAZADORCI'LLO, f. m. diminut. a little hunter.
CAZADU'RA, f. f. hunting.
CAZA'R, v. a. to hunt, to hawk, to fowl, to fish.
CAZCALLEA'R, v. a. to apply a great but un profitable diligence in doing any thing.
CAZCARRIAS, f. f. pl. the dirt on the borders of the garments.
CASCARRIE'NTO, adj. belonging to a draggled tail.
CAZI'CO, f. m. a little skillet or faucepan.
CAZO, f. m. a skillet, a faucepan, or any fuch fort of veffel; alfo a great ſpoon.
CAZOLE'JA, *CAZOLE'TA*, f. f. a little faucepan or pipkin; alfo the fire-pan of a gun.
CAZOLI'LLA, f. f. a little faucepan or pipkin.
CAZO'N, f. m. a feal-fish; a fea-lamprey; a cuttle-fish; an eel-pout.
CAZONA'L, f. m. all the neceffary inſtruments to catch the *cazón*, as, ships, nets, hooks, &c.
CAZONE'TES, f. m. pl. particular round pieces or timber fo called on board ships.
CAZUE'LA, f. f. a little skillet or faucepan, fometimes taken for the meat dreffed in it.
Cazuéla, a feparate place for women in the play-houfe.
Cazuéla mongi, or *mo xi*, boiled fpinach, mixed with eggs, and feafoned with falt a n pepper.
CAZUMBRA'R, v. a. to fplice the hooks of cask or veffel.
CAZU'MBRE, f. m. the rope with which the cask or veffel is fpliced.
CAZUMBRO'N, f. m. the perfon who fplices the casks or veffels; alfo one who takes care of the hoops.
CAZU'RRO, f. m. a filent, melancholly perfon; a clownish, unmannerly, lewd, and ugly perfon.
CAZZU'Z, f. m. a plant fo called.

C E

CE, a foft way of calling; an authoritative reſtraint of fpeech.

C E A

CE'A, f. f. beer-barley, beer-corn.
CEATICA, f. f. vide *CIA'TICA*.

C E B

CEBA, f. f. a bait.
CEBA'DA, f. f. barley.
Dár cebáda a las caballerias, to feed the horfes with the meafure of oats.
CEBADAZO, adj. belonging to barley or oats.
CEBADE'RA, f. f. the fprit-fail or yard in a ship.
CEBADE'RO, f. m. a place to fatten any creatures in; alfo who gives provender to them; alfo a picture of domeftic birds.
CEBADI'LLA, f. f. a kind of herb.
CEBADO'R, f. m. one who makes the baits for birds or beafts.
CEBA'R, v. a. to bait, to feed, to greafe, to tallow.
CEBELLI'NA, f. f. the animal called a fable.
Cebellinas, f. f. pl. the rich furrs called fables; fable-skins.
CEBI'CA, f. f. vide *CIBI'CA*.
CEBO, f. m. the food or aliment; alfo a bait for animals.
Cebo, a bait, a charm, decoy.
Cebo de efcopeta ù otra boca de fuego, the prime, the powder put in the touch-hole or pan of a gun.
CEBO'LLA, f. f. an onion; any bulbous root.
Cebólla arbarrána, a wild onion; alfo a fquill or fea-onion.
Cebólla afcalónia, a fcallion.
Cebólla, a fort of pottage made with onions.
CEBOLLA'R, f. m. a place where onions grow.
CEBOLLE'RO, adj. ruftic, clownish.
CEBOLLE'TA, f. f. } a young
CEBOLLI'NO, f. m. } onion.
CEBOLLU'DO, adj. belonging to an onion.
CEBO'N, f. m. a fatted hog; any fat beaft.
Eftár como un cebón, to grow very fat.
CE'BRA, f. f. a beaft fo called, a wild afs.
Fulána es cómo una cébra, fuch a woman is like the *cébra*; that is, high fpirited and ungovernable.
CEBRATA'NA, f. f. vide *CEBRATA'NA*.
CEBRE'RO, f. m. a kind of creamcheefe fo called.

C E C

CE'CA, f. f. a mint.
Andár de Céca en Meca, to faunter about to no purpofe.
CECEA'R, v. n. to lifp.
CECE'O, f. m. lifp; the act of lifping; alfo a foft whiftling, made to call one.
CECEO'SO, adj. one that lifps.
CECIA'L, f. m. a fort of cod dried up; a thin and lean man.
CE'CIAS, f. m. an eafterly wind fo called.
CECI'LIA, f. f. a kind of ferpent.
CECI'NA, f. f. hung-beef or mutton: meat falted and hung up to dry; a very lean, thin man.
CECINA'R, v. a. to falt and hang meat to dry.

C E D

CEDACERI'A, f. f. the place where the fieves are made or fold.
CEDACE'RO, f. m. a fieve-maker.
CEDACI'LLO, } f. m. a little fieve.
CEDACI'TO, }
Prov. *Cedacíllo nuévo tres dias en eftáca*, a new fieve is three days on the pin; that is, for the firft three days any thing is taken care of and laid up, but afterwards neglected and thrown down any where.
CEDA'ZO, f. m. a fieve.
CEDAZUE'LO, f. m. a little fieve.
CEDE'R, v. a. to yield, to give way, to quit, to refign.
CE'DO, adv. obf. foon, early, haftily.
CE'DRIA, f. f. the gum of the cedar-tree.
CE'DRIS, f. m. the fruit of the cedar-tree.
CE'DRO, f. m. a cedar-tree.
CE'DULA, f. f. a fchedule, a fcroll, a bill, note, a ticket, an obligation, a writ, a warrant; any short writing.
Cédula reál, an order, grant, or warrant from the king.
Cédula de alquilér, a bill upon a houfe to show it is to be let.
CEDULI'LLA, f. f. a little bill, note, or writing.
CEDULO'N, f. m. a great bill, note, or writing; alfo a fatire, or lampoon againft a perfon.
Poner cedulónes, to publish fatires, of lampoons.

C E G

CEGAGE'S, f. m. purblindnefs, dimnefs of fight.
CEGAGEA'R, v. n. to be purblind, or dim-fighted.
CEGA'JO, f. m. a ruftic word for a hegoat two years old.
CEGAJO'SO, adj. purblind, dim-fighted.
CEGA'L, adj. purblind, dim-fighted.
CEGAMIE'NTO, f. m. ftopping up of any place or hole.
CEGA'R, v. a. to blind; to darken, to obfcure to the eye or to the underftanding.
Cegár, to grow blind.
CEGARRAPO'SO, adj. short or weak-fighted.
CEGARRI'TA, adj. short-fighted.
A cegarritas, adv. with the eyes shut, blindfold, or blindly.
CEGATE'RO, f. m. f. the perfon who fells any thing.
CEGA'TO, adj. vide *CEGAJO'SO*.
CEGATO'SO, adj. vide *CEGAJO'SO*.
CEGUEDA'D, f. f. blindnefs.
Ceguedád, ignorance.
CEGUEJA'R, v. a. to do any thing blindly, to act blindnefs.
CEGUE'RA, f. f. blindnefs.
CEGUEZUE'LO, f. m. diminutive of *cégo*.
CEGUIÑUE'LA, f. f. a particular piece of timber fo called on board a ship.
CEGU'TA, f. f. hemlock.

C E I

CEIBA, f. f. a large American tree fo called.

C E J

CEJA, f. f. the eye-brow; an edging to a garment, or any thing that is worn; in musical instruments, the little thing that raises the strings at the neck that they may not lie flat along it; also the edge of a mountain.

Enarcár las cejas, to draw up the eye-brows, as when we gaze at any thing with admiration.

Pelárse las céjas, to lose the hair of the eye-brows; that is, to muse or study so hard till a man burns his hair; also to pull one's eye-brows for vexation.

Darle a úno entre céja y céja, to hit a man betwixt the eye-brows; that is, to say or do any thing that touches him to the quick.

CEJADE'RO, f. m. a leather strap put behind a coach-box.

CEJA'R, v. n. to put bach a coach, or cart, or the like, making the horses go backward; to resist, withstand.

CEJIJU'NTO, adj. that has his eyebrows joined.

CE'JO, f. m. vide *CE'RO*.

CEJU'DO, adj. beetle-browed, one that has bushy eye-brows.

C E L

CELA'DA, f. f. an ambush; also a helmet, and place of ambush; also a treacherous trick, a fraud, a deceit.

Caér ò dar en la celáda, to fall into an ambush.

Ponér ó armár celáda, to lay an ambush.

CELADAME'NTE, adj. privily, clandestinely, secretly.

CELADI'LLA, f. f. diminutive of *celáda*.

CELADO'R, f. m. vide *ZELADOR*.

CELA'GE, f. m. the variety of colours in the clouds.

Celáge (*en la pintura*) the heaven painted in a picture.

Celáge, a presage.

CELAR, v. a. to conceal, to hide; also to be jealous.

CE'LDA, f. f. a cell, properly of a religious man in a monastery; also any small and peaceable place of residence.

CELDI'LLA, } f. f. diminutive of
CELDI'TA, } *célda*.

CELEBE'RRIMO, adj. very celebrated, famous.

CELEBRACIO'N, f. f. celebration, a solemnity; also praise, applause, approbation.

CELEBRADO'R, f. m. one that celebrates, solemnizes, or applauds.

CELEBRAMIE'NTO, f. m. a celebrating, or solemnizing, or applauding.

CELEBRA'NTE, f. m. the priest who celebrates the mass.

CELEBRA'R, v. a. to celebrate, to solemnize, to applaud, to extol.

Celebrár la fiéstas, to keep holidays.

Celebrár la míssa, to say mass.

CE'LEBRE, adj. renowned, famous.

Fiésta célebre, a great holiday.

CELEBREME'NTE, adv. famously, remarkably, nobly.

CELEBRE'RO, f. m. he that performs some ecclesiastical function, especially that of burial.

CELEBRIDA'D, f. f. a solemnity.

CELE'BRO, f. m. the brain.

Celébro, f. m. science, learning, wisdom, knowledge, experience. It is also taken for the head.

Caér de celébro, to fall down backwards.

CELEDO'NIA, f. f. the herb celandine, swallow-wort, tetter-wort, or silken-sisley.

CELE'MA, f. m. the fish called a shad, or sea-raven; also used for *zaléma*.

CELEMI'N, f. m. a dry measure answerable to our peck, not much differing from it in quantity.

CELEMINA'DA, f. f. the quantity of any thing which is contained in a peck.

CELEMINE'RO, f. m. one that measures, or sells out by the peck, a retailer.

CE'LER, adj. swift.

CELERA'R, v. a. vide *ACCELERA'R*.

CELERA'RIO, adj. that hastens or makes speed.

CELERIDA'D, f. f. swiftness.

CELE'STE, adj. heavenly.

Azúl celéste, sky-colour.

CELESTIA'L, adj. heavenly, celestial.

Celestiál, perfect, complete.

CELESTIALME'NTE, adv. after an heavenly manner.

CELE'STRE, adj. vide *CELE'STE*.

CE'LIA, f. f. a sort of drink made almost like our beer.

CELIA'CO, adj. sick of the belly-ach, griped in the guts, that one cannot go to stool, nor hardly fetch one's breath.

CELIBA'TO, f. m. celibacy, single life.

CE'LIBE, f. m. a bachelor.

CELI'CIO, f. m. vide *CILI'CIO*.

CE'LICO, adj. belonging to heaven.

CELI'COLA, f. m. an inhabitant of heaven, used in poetry.

CELI'COLO, adj. celestial, heavenly.

CELIDO'NIA, f. f. the herb pile-wort, or celandine.

CELI'TA, f. f. a kind of great fish, plentifully up the Streights.

CELLE'NCO, adj. infirm, weak, worn out with age.

CELLERI'ZO, f. m. an œconomist, one who manages domestic affairs.

CELLI'SCA, f. f. a tempest of rain and wind.

CE'LO, f. m. zeal. Vide *ZELO*.

CELOGI'A, } f. f. lattice for win-
CELOSI'A, } dows, doors, or the like, being small laths in chequers, which hang before the windows.

CELSITU'D, highness, loftiness.

CE'LULA, f. f. diminutive of *célda*.

C E M

CEMENTADO'R, f. m. one that lays a foundation, or that cements.

CEMENTA'R, v. a. to lay the foundation; also to cement.

CEMENTE'RIO, f. m. a church-yard.

CEN

CE'NA, f. f. a fupper.
Céna a efcúras, a covetous wretch, who will not allow himfelf fo much as light to eat his fupper by.
CENA'CHO, f. m. a pannier or hamper.
CENA'CULO, f. m. a dining or fupping room.
CENADA'L, f. m. vide *CENAGA'L.*
CENADE'RO, f. m. a parlour or fupping room.
CENADO'R, f. m. a dining or fupping room, an arbour or fummer-houfe in a garden to fup in, in hot weather.
CENAGA'L, f. m. a bog, a quagmire, a dirty, muddy place.
CENAGO'SO, adj. dirty, muddy, miry.
CENA'R, v. a. to fup.
CENCE'ñO, adj. fingle, fpare, lean, thin, dry.
Pan cencéño, unleavened bread.
CENCE'RRA, f. f. vide *CENCE'RRO.*
CENCERRA'DA, f. f. the noife of many bells hung to the necks of animals.
CENCERREA'R, v. a. to ring a low bell; to faunter about.
CENCERRI'L, adj. belonging to *cencérro.*
CENCERRI'LLA, f. f. } a little
CENCERRI'LLO, f. m. } bell for a cow or bell-wether.
CENCE'RRO, f. m. a bell, fuch as is hung about a cow or a bell-wether.
Prov. *No quiéro pérro con cencérro*, I will not have a dog with a bell; that is, I will not engage myfelf in any noify or quarrelfome affair.
Irfe a cencérros tapádos, to fteal away privately, becaufe carriers when they are to go through fome place where they fear thieves, take off their bells, that they may not give notice of their approach.
Levantár el campo a cencérros tapádos, to raife a camp, and march away without beat of drum.
Fuláno es un cencérro, fuch a one is a babbling, pratting fellow.
CENCERRO'N, f. m. a great horfebell; alfo a great clufter of any fort of fruit.
CENCERRU'NO, adj. of, or belonging, or like to a little bell.
CE'NCHRIS, f. f. a green ferpent fo called.
CENCI'DO, adj. fmooth, bald, bare, uncultivated.
CE'NCRO, f. m. a kind of ferpent with a fpotted belly.
CENDA'L, f. m. a fine linen, as lawn, or fine filk like tiffany.
CENDOLI'LLA, f. f. a reftlefs little wench, that cannot be quiet in a place.
CE'NDRA, f. f. the afhes goldfmiths ufe to clean plate or refine filver.
Céndra, f. f. a neat, clean, well dreffed perfon.
CENDRA'R, v. a. to cleanfe, purify, or refine.
Pláta cendráda, pure fine filver.
CENEDAL, f. m. vide *CENAGA'L.*
CENE'FA, f. f. the vallance of a bed, or any fuch thing hanging round a garment.
CENICE'RO, f. m. the place where the afhes are put.
CENICIE'NTO, adj. the colour of afhes, or mixed with afhes: alfo pale-coloured, fpeaking of perfons.
CENI'TH, f. m. the zenith, the point in heaven directly over our head, the vertical point, from which dropping an imaginary line through the earth, is formed the oppofite point on the other fide the fphere called nadir.
CENI'ZA, f. f. afhes.
Miercóles de cenîza, Afh-Wednefday.
Prov. *Allegár cenîza, y defperdiciár harína*, to gather afhes, and wafte meal; to fave what's worth nothing, and be lavifh of what is valuable; to fave at the fpiggot, and let run out at the bung.
CENIZA'R, v. a. to cover, or fprinkle with afhes.
CENIZE'RO, f. m. the place under the oven where they throw the afhes.
CENI'ZO, f. m. an herb whereof there are three forts, favory, marjoram with the fmall leaf, and penny-royal with the broad leaf.
CENIZO'SO, adj. vide *CENICIENTO.*
CENOBIA'L, adj. belonging to celibacy or to a monaftery.
CENO'BIO, f. m. a monaftery.
CENOBI'TA, f. m. the perfon who profeffes a monk's life.
CENOBI'TICO, adj. vide *CENOBIAL.*
CENOGI'L, f. m. a garter.
CENO'RIA, f. f. carrots.
CENO'SO, adj. full of mud or dirt.
CENOTA'PHIO, f. m. an empty tomb raifed in honour of a dead perfon, whofe body is in another place.
CENSATA'RIO, f. m. he that is obliged to the payment of an annuity out of his eftate.
CENSE'RO, f. m. a farmer.
CE'NSO, f. m. a charge upon a man's eftate, as of an annuity, a revenue, a tax, the feffing or rating a man's goods.
Cénfo perpétuo, a yearly income, or revenue upon an eftate for ever, which the owner of the eftate cannot buy off, unlefs he to whom it belongs pleafes to fell.
Cénfo el quitár, an annuity payable out of an eftate, for a valuable confideration given, till the owner of the eftate pleafes, to refund the fame received, which he may do without asking confent of the perfon to whom it is due.
Cénfo de por vída, an annuity for life, a life-rent.
CENSO'R, f. m. a cenfor, a reformer of manners; alfo a taxer or feffor.
Cenfor, one who cenfors and detracts from another's character.
CENSUA'L, adj. that is tied to pay an annuity, charged with it.
CENSUALI'STA, f. m. the perfon who gathers annuities or taxes.
CENSUA'R, v. a. to gather taxes or annuities.

CENSU'RA, f. f. a cenfure; alfo feffing or rating; blame, reproach.
CENSURADO'R, f. m. a cenfor, a reformer of manners; alfo one who detracts from another's character.
CENSURA'R, v. a. to cenfure, to reform manners; to detract from another's character.
CENSURI'STA, f. m. vide *CENSURADO'R*.
CENTA'URA, *CENTA'UREA*, f. f. the herb centaury.
CENTA'URO, f. m. a centaur, a monfter poets feigned to be half horfe, and half man; metaph. a whimfical man.
CENTE'LIA, f. f. a fpark of fire, a thunderbolt; a fmall motive or occafion; alfo the herb wolf-bane, and a fhell-fifh that fhines.
Prov. *De pequéña centélla grán hoguéra*, a little fpark raifes a great fire; fmall caufes fometimes produce great effects.
CENTELLADU'RA, f. f. a fparkling.
CENTELLADO'R, adj. fparkling.
CENTELLA'R, v. n. to fparkle.
CENTELLI'CA, *CENTELLI'TA*, f. f. diminutive of *centélla*.
CENTELLO'N, f. m. augm. of *centélla*.
CENIELLUE'LA, f. f. a little fpark of fire.
CENTE'NA, f. f. the place of hundreds in numeration, as units, tens, hundreds.
Una centéna, an hundred.
CENTENA'DA, f. f. the numbering by hundreds.
CENTENA'L, f. m. a field of rye.
CENTENA'R, f. m. an hundred or the hundredth.
CENTENA'RIO, f. m. the hundreth, an hundred, belonging to an hundred.
CENTE'NO, f. m. rye.
Dar en úna cósa cómo en centéno vérde, to fall on as it were on a green rye; to confume a thing in a very fhort time.
CENTE'SIMO, adj. belonging to hundred, hundredth.
CENTIMA'NO, adj. that has a hundred hands, as poets feigned the giant Briareus.
CENTI'NA, f. f. a term among architects, fignifying a line drawn from the point of the upper and lower retraction of a column to the point of the diameter, that marks out the middle part of the column.
CENTINE'LA, f. f. a centinel; alfo one that obferves curioufly and is peeping at.
Centinéla perdída, a centinel loft; that is, one that is in fome very dangerous poft near an enemy, in hazard of being loft.
CENTINO'DIA f. f. knot-grafs.
CENTIPLICA'DO, adj. centuplicate, multiplied an hundred times.
CENTO'LA, f. f. a crab.
CENTO'LLA, f. f. a tortoife.
CENTO'N, f. m. a fort of poetry gathered out of many authors.
CENTO'RIA, f. f. the herb centaury.
CENTRA'DO, adj. belonging to the center.
CENTRA'L, *CENTRICAL*, adj. belonging to the center or midft.
CE'NTRO, f. m. the center, the point whence all lines drawn to the circumference are equal; what is more diftant from the furface.
Eftár en fu céntro, to be at pleafure.
CENTU'RIA, f. f. a century, a hundred years; alfo a company of an hundred men; a hundred of any thing.
CENTURIANA'ZGO, f. m. the office or poft of a captain commanding a hundred men.
CENTU'RIO, *CENTURIO'N*, f. m. a centurion, a captain that commands an hundred men.
CENTURIONA'ZGO, f. m. the office of a centurion, his dignity, his rank.
CENZA'YA, f. f. a girl kept to look after children.

C E ñ

CEñAR, v. a. to frown, to look angry, to ruffle the countenance, fo as to feem in a paffion.
CEñIDE'RO, f. m. a girdle.
CEñIDOR, f. m. a girdle, fuch as are worn by minifters.
CEñIDORCI'LLO, f. m. a little girdle.
CEñIDU'RA, f. f. girding.
CEñI'R, v. a. to gird, to encompafs.
Ceñírfe en la oración, to abridge one's difcourfe.
Ceñír efpáda, to gird on a fword, to come to a man's eftate, to wear a fword.
CE'ñO, f. m. a lowring, frowning, or ftern look.
Prov. *Céño y enféño del mal hijo háze buéno*, frowns and teaching makes a bad fon good; that is, feverity and good inftructions correct youth.
CEñOSO, adj. frowning.
CEñU'DILLO, adj. diminut. of *ceñudo*.
CEñUDO, adj. one that looks angrily, frowning, or lowring.

C E P

CE'PA, f. f. the body of the vine, whence the branches fhoot out; the bottom or foot of any tree; the foundation of a houfe; alfo a hedge.
De buéna cépa, of a good ftock, or race.
CEPE'A, f. f. an herb, purflane, or brooklime.
CEPEJO'N, f. m. the thickeft part of a branch lopt from a tree.
CEPHA'LICA, f. f. a large vein going from the arm to the head.
CEPHA'LICO, adj. cephalic, that, which is medicinale to the head.
CE'PHO, f. m. a beaft found in Ethiopia, which is faid to have the hind legs like a man.
CEPI'LLA, f. f. a little body of a vine.
CEPILLADU'RAS, f. f. chips, fhavings of wood, that come off in planing.
CEPILLA'R, v. a. to chip, to plane as joyners do.
CEPI'LLO, f. m. a block, a joyner's tool.
CE'PO, f. m. the ftocks to put offenders into; a box for the poor; a clog; a gin to catch wolves or other wild beafts.
Cépo de la ancla, the anchor-ftock,

a piece of timber faftened at the nnts of the anchor, croffing the flooks, to guide them, that one of the flooks may be fure to faften in the ground.

Cépos quédos, be careful and filent; fpoken when any perfon makes a digreffion from the proper ftory he began.

CEPOLERI'A, f. f. a cheat.

C E Q

CEQU'I, f. f. a gold coin the Moors have.

C E R

CE'RA, f. f. wax.

Céra hiláda, the fmall wax candle they make into books.

Hacer de uno cera y pabilo, to turn a man which way one pleafes, as one does a fmall wax-candle.

Fuláno es hécho de céra, fuch a one is made of wax; that is, he is good-natured and tractable.

No le ha quedádo fiquiéra cera en el oydo, he has not fo much as the vax in his earsleft him; that is, he has loft all, he is come to nothing.

Cerá péz, f. f. a fort of ointment made with wax and pitch.

CERA'STA, *CERASTE*, *CERASTES*, f. f. a ferpent having horns.

CERA'STICO, adj. belonging to *cerafta*.

CERBATA'NA, f. f. a trunk to shoot clay bullets; alfo a pop-gun or any hollow thing.

CERBE'LO, f. m. the brain.

CE'RBERO, f. m. rhe dog Cerberus.

CE'RCA, adv. about, near, nigh, clofe by.

Cérca, f. f. an encofure, hedge, wall, or the like.

CERCADA'NZA, f. f. obf. the act of approaching or going near.

CERCA'DO, f. m. an enclofure.

CERCADO'R, f. m. he that enclofes, befets, befieges, or encompaffes.

CERCADU'RA, f. f. plate chaced or engraven, any turned or emboffed work.

CERCANAME'NTE, adv. nearly.

CERCANI'A, f. f. nearnefs.

CERCANIDA'D, f. f. nearnefs; alfo kindred or relations.

CERCA'NO, adj. near at hand; alfo friend or parent.

CERCA'R, v. a. to enclofe, to befet, to befiege, to encompafs, to wall, hedge, or fence.

CERCEGANI'LLO, f. m. a cold cutting north wind.

CERCE'N, adv. even with the root, clofe to the bottom; as, *cortár las oréjas a cercén*, to cut off the ears clofe to the head.

CERCE'NA, f. f. a cutting short, cutting round, clipping, diminifhing.

CERCENADO'R, f. m. one who clips or cuts.

CERCENADU'RA, f. f. clipping, that which is clipped or cut off.

CERCENA'R, v. a. to clip, to diminish, to cut round, to retrench; to detract; that is, to clip a man's reputation.

CERCE'RA, f. f. a vent to let in air.

CERCE'TA, f. f. a moor-hen; a teal.

Cercétas de ciérvo, the brow-antlers of a buck or ftag.

CE'RCHA, f. f. a wooden rule ufed by carpenters.

CERCHO'N, f. m. a board fo called, ufed in architecture.

CERCI'LLO, f. m. vide *ZARCILLO*.

Cercillo de vid, the tendril of a vine.

CERCIORA'R, v. a. to affure, to make certain, manifeft, clear, confpicuous.

CE'RCO, f. m. a hoop, a fiege, a ring of men, a winding or compaffing about.

Cérco de cúba, a hoop.

Cérco de la lúna, the round of the full moon.

Tómar un gran cérco, to take a great compafs about.

Hacer un cérco con el compás, to ftrike a circle with the compaffes.

Ponér cérco a un lugár, to befiege á town.

Un cérco de hòmbres, a ring of men.

Entrár en cérco, to get into a circle, to conjure, as witches. do.

CERCOPITE'ÇO, f. m. a kind of ape that has a long tail.

CE'RDA, f. f. in cant, a knife.

Cérda, f. f. a hog's briftle, or the ftrong hair of a horfe's main or tail.

CERDA'MEN, f. m. handfull of hogs briftles.

CERDA'NA, f. f. a dance fo called.

CERDAZO, f. m. vide *CEDA'ZO*.

CERDEA'R, v. n. to walk as if lame: faid of horfes and bulls.

CE'RDO, f. m. a hog.

CERDO'N, f. m. a fort of feafish.

CERDO'SO, adj. briftly.

CERDU'DO, f. m. a hog.

CEREBE'LO, f. m. the brain.

CERE'BRO, f. m. vide *CELE'BRO*.

CERECE'DA, f. f. the chain with which the galley-flaves are bound.

CERECI'TA, f. f. diminutive of *ceréza*.

CEREMO'NIA, f. f. a ceremony.

CEREMONIA'L, f. m. the book of ceremonies.

Ceremoniál, adj. belonging to a cere mony.

CEREMONIATICAME NTE, adv. ceremonioufly.

CERAMONIATICO, *CEREMONIOSO*, adj. ceremonious, formal, full of ceremony.

CEREMONIOSAME'NTE, adv. cere monioufly, formally.

CERERI'A, f. f. a wax-chandler's shop, or the ftreet where the wax-chandlers live.

CERE'RO, f. m. a wax-chandler.

CE'RES, f. f. the goddefs of corn.

CERE'ZA, f. f. a cherry.

Ceréza garrofál, the largeft fize of cherries.

CEREZA'L, f. m. the place where the cherry-trees grow.

CERE'ZEDA, f. f. in cant, a chain.

CERE'ZEZO, f. m. a cherry-tree.

CEREGA'ZOS, f. m. the plant called the holly-rofe.

CEREBO'NES, f. m. a word corrupted from *cédere bonis*, the act of delivering up all one has.

CERIA'L f. m. obf. a taper, a large wax-candle ufed in Roman churches.

CERIB'ON, f. m. / *CERIBONES*, f. m. pl. the ceffion of all our goods to our creditors.

Hacér ceribónes, to behave with humility towards. one.

CERI'FICO, adj. belonging to wax.

CERI'LLA, f. f. a little wax-candle.

Cerilla, f. f. a wax-tablet.

Cerillas, lip-falve.

CERIMO'NIA, f. f. a ceremony, a form.

CERIMONIO'SO, adj. vide *CEREMONIO'SO*.

CERMEñA, f. f. a mufcadine pear.

CERMEñO, f. m. a pear- tree fo called.

CERNA'DA, f. f. buck-ashes; alfo a fort of dance.

CERNADE'RO, f. m. a coarfe cloth trough which they ftrain the lye to buck cloaths.

CERNEDE'RO, f. m. the place where they fift, or the cloth they put before them when they are fifting.

CERNE'JAS, f. f. the fetlock of a horfe.

CERNE'R, v. a to fift; alfo to hang in the air without moving from one place, only beating the wings and tail; alfo to judge, to examine.

Cernér las vides, to begin to bloffom.

Prov. *Cernér, cerner, y facár poca harina*, the more you fift, the lefs you willd find; the more difturbance you make, the lefs advantage you will reap; more noife than work.

CERNI'CALO, f. m. a hawk, called a keftrel or wind-whiffer. In cant, it is a woman's mantle.

CERNIDO'R, f. m. one that fifts.

CERNIDU'RA, f. f. fifting.

CERNI'R, v. a. vide *CERNE'R*.

CE'RO, f. m. a cypher in arithmetic, which ftands for nothing.

CEROFERA'RIO, f. m. a man hired to carry a wax-flambeau at a funeral or in proceffions.

CERO'N, f. m. vide *SERO'N*.

CERO'SO, adj. belonging to wax.

CERO'TE, f. m. shoe-makers wax.

CERO'TO, f. m. a cere-cloth made with wax, rofin, or gum.

CERQUI'LLO, f. m. a little circle, or ring.

CERQUI'TA, adv. near at hand.

CERQUI'TO, f. m. a little circle, or ring.

CERRA'DA, f. f. the thickeft part of a skin of any beaft.

CERRADAME'NTE, adv. clofely, fecretly.

CERRADE'ROS, f. m. pl. the ftrings of a purfe to draw it up together; alfo any impediment.

CERRADI'LLO, adj. diminutive of *cerrádo*.

CERRA'DO, f. m. a filent man, one who fpeaks little.

Cerrádo de barba, ftrong-bearded.

Cerrádo de molléra, peevish, obftinate, ftrong-headed.

Cerrádos los ojos, blindly; alfo inconfiderately.

A puérta cerráda el diablo fe vuelve, when the door is shut the devil will go back; that is, when any one knows another to be cautious, the more difficulty he will find in completing his defign.

Ciérra Efpáña, the cry of the foldiers when they engage in battle, encouraging one another to clofe with the enemy, for it it fignifies: clofe Spain, that is, Spaniards clofe with your ennemy.

CERRADO'R, f. m. one who locks, shuts, or makes faft the door.

CERRADU'RA, f. f. a lock.

Cerradúra de gólpe, a fpring-lock.

Prov. *No hay cerradúra dónde es de óro la ganzúa*, there is no lock proof againft a golden pick-lock.

CERRADURI'LLA, f. f. diminutive of *cerradúra*.

CERRAGE'RO, f. m. vide *CARRAJE'RO*.

CERRA'JA, f. f. a lock.

Cerrájas, the fow-thiftle, whereof there are many forts.

Tódo es água de cerrájas, it is all fowthiftle water This they fay when a man talks much and little to the purpofe.

CERRA'JE, f. m. vide *SERRA'LLO*.

CERRAJERI'A, f. f. the shop or ftreet where locks are made and fold.

CERRAJE'RO, f. m. a lock-fmith.

CERRA'LLAS, f. f. pl. in cant, locks.

CERRA'LLE, f. m. fo the Spaniards corruptly pronounce and write the feraglio.

CERRAMIE'NTO, f. m. a cloifter, or other place where any living thing is enclofed.

Cerramiénto, a partition-wall.

CERRA'R, v. a. to shut, to lock, to clofe up, to charge.

Cerrár la béftia, ó fer cerráda, when a beaft's age cannot be known by his teeth, when the mark is out of the horfe's mouth.

Cerrárfe de campiña, to refolve not to grant what is asked.

Cerrár con lo que fe vénde, to ftrike up a bargain without much haggling.

Cerrár los ójos a lo que fe va a hacer, to go about a thing without confidering.

Cerrárfe la molléra, is for the skull to clofe, to begin to have difcretion.

Cerrár la cuénta, to clofe the account.

Cerrárfe las velaciones, is for the time when marriage is forbid to come on.

Cerrárfe las heridas, is for wounds to clofe and heal.

Cerrár puérto, to take away an opportunity, to deny pofitively.

Cerrár con el enemígo, to clofe with the enemy.

Cerrár con alguno, to run upon any one with violence or precipitation.

CERRAURJAL, f. m. obf. a waterduct.

CERRAZO'N, f. f. clofe, gloomy weather.

CERRE'RO, or *CERRI'L*, adj. untamed, wild.

Cerril, unpolished, intractable.

CERRI'LLO, f. m. a little hill or ridge.

CERRI'ON, a great flake of curdled milk, an icicle; a drop hanging at the nose.

CE'RRO, ſ. m. a hill; the ridge of a hill, the ridge of the back; a task of wool, hemp, or flax, as much as is put on the rack at once to ſpin. In cant, the key, or the key-hole.

Cérro enriſcádo, a ſteep inacceſſible ridge.

Traérle a úno la máno por el cérro, to ſtroke, to allure, to coax, to flatter.

Cabalgadúra en cérro, a beaſt bare-backed without a ſaddle.

Bebér en cérro, to drink faſting.

Tomár úna cósa en cérro, to take a thing bare, or to take words in the plain ſenſe.

Ir por los cérros Ubeda, to run from one thing to another in diſcourſe, and talk remote from the buſineſs.

CERRO'JO, ſ. m. a bolt.

CERRO'N, ſ. m. in cant, a key.

CE'RTA, ſ. f. in cant, a shirt, or ſmock.

CERTA'MEN, ſ. m. a ſtrife, a battle; an argument.

CERTERI'A, ſ. f. dexterity in shooting at a mark.

CERTE'RO, ſ. m. a good markſman, one that gueſſes right.

CERTE'ZA, ſ. f. certainty, ſurety.

CERTIDU'MBRE, ſ. f. certainty.

CERTIFICACIO'N, ſ. f. certification, or a certificate.

CERTIFICADAME'NTE, adv. aſſuredly, certainly.

CERTIFICADO'R, ſ. m. the perſon who certifies.

CERTIFICAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. a certifying.

CERTIFICA'R, v. a to certify, to aſſure, to give, to underſtand, to aſcertain.

Certificárſe, to inform one's ſelf thoroughly, to be certified of a thing.

CERTIFCIATORIA, ſ. f. a certificate.

CERTINIDA'D, ſ. f. certainty.

CERTITU'D, ſ. f. certainty, certitude.

CERTO'N, ſ. m. in cant, a lock that shuts in clapping a door hard.

CERVA'L, adj. like or pertaining to a hart or buck.

Miedo cervál, a great fright.

CERVA'RIO, adj. belonging to an hart or buck.

CERVATI'LLO, } ſ. m. a hind,
CERVATI'CO, } the fawn of a red deer.

CERVA'TO, ſ. m. a hart called a ſpitter, having young horns without knags or tines.

CERVECERI'A, ſ. f. a brew-houſe, a place where beer is ſold.

CERVECE'RO, ſ. m. a brewer.

CERVE'ZA, ſ. f. beer or ale.

CERUGI'A, ſ. m. vide *CIRUGI'A*.

CERUJA'NO, ſ. f. vide *CIRUJANO*.

CERVICA'BRA, ſ. f. a beaſt between a goat and a deer.

CERVIOG'SO, } adj. thick-nec-
CERVIGU'DO, } ked.

CERVIGUI'LLO, ſ. m. the nape of the neck.

CERVI'Z, ſ. f. the neck.

Hómbre de dúra cervíz, a ſtiff-necked man, obſtinate and perverſe.

Abaxár la cervíz, to ſubmit.

CERU'LEO, adj. sky-coloured.

CERU'SA, ſ. f. ceruſe, white-lead.

CERVU'NO, adj. of or belonging to a hart or ſtag.

C E S

CE'SAR, the name given to the emperor.

O Céſar ò nada, neck or nothing.

CESA'REO, adj. imperial, belonging to the emperor.

CE'SGO, ſ. m. the cut or ſloping of a garment, or the like. Alſo demure.

CESO'N, adj. that is ript or cut out of his mother's belly.

CESPE'D, ſ. m. a turf of ſod.

CESSA'R, v. n. to ceaſe, to give over.

CESSASSIO'N, ſ. f. ceaſing, giving over.

CESSIO'N, ſ. f. reſignation, delivering up one's right.

CESSIONA'RIO, ſ. m. the perſon in whoſe favour the ceſſion is made.

CE'STA, ſ. f. a basket.

CESTA'ñO, ſ. m. a little basket.

CESTERI'A, ſ. f. the ſtreet where they ſell or make baskets.

CESTE'RO, ſ. m. a basket-maker or ſeller.

CESTI'CA, ſ. f. }
CESTI'TA, ſ. m. }
CESTI'LLA, ſ. f. } a little basket.
CESTILLO, ſ. m. }

CE'STO, ſ. m. a great basket, a flasket, a hamper, a pannier.

Fuláno es un céſto, ſuch a one is a dunce.

Cóger água en céſto, to take up water in a basket; to labour in vain.

CESTO'N, ſ. m. any great basket.

CESTONA'DA, ſ. f. a basket full; a piece of nonſenſe.

CESTONA'ZO, ſ. m. augmentative of *ceſton*, and a blow given with a basket.

CESTONEA'R, v. a. to make baskets; to play the dunce.

CESTRE'O, ſ. m. mullet, a ſea-fish.

CESU'RA, ſ. f. a figure in rhetoric, when the laſt ſyllable of a word is cut off.

C E T

CETA'CEO, adj. belonging to a great ſea-fish.

CETERA'QUE, ſ. m. the herb ſpleenwort.

CETI', ſ. m. a fine ſort of white ſilk.

CETI'S, ſ. m. obſ. a coin formerly uſed, the eighteenth part of a farthing.

CE'TO, ſ. m. a whale, or any great ſeafish.

CE'TRA, ſ. f. a short ſquare target or buckler made of the ounce or buffalo's hide.

CETRA'TO, adj. armed with the defenſive weapon called *cetra*.

CETRE, ſ. m. the recipient wherein the holy water is kept by the Roman Catholics.

CETRERI'A, ſ. f. hawking, or the art of faulconry.

CETRE'RO, ſ. m. a faulconer.

Cetréro de iglésia, the verger of a church.

CETRI'FERO, adj. ſovereign, that bears the ſceptre.

CETRI'NO, adj. pale-yellow;

also a sort of ointment women use for their faces, made with citron-peel.

CE'TRO, s. m. a scepter.

CEV

CEVA'DA, s. f. barley.

CEVI'L, adj. vide *CIVI'L*.

CEU

CEUROGIA, s. f. vide *CIRUGI'A*.

CEUTI, s. m. a small sort of coin used at Ceuta.

Ceutles limónes, lemons, the plants where of were first brought from Ceuta.

CHA

CHABACANERI'A, s. f. a bad composition, without art or regularity.

CHABACA'NO, adj. done after a mean low manner, without rule or order.

CHABE'TA, s. f. an iron that fastens two iron-bars or iron-rings together.

CHABO, s. m. a small copper coin.

CHABRA'NA, s. f. the adornments of porches or doors wrought in timber or stones.

CHA'BRO, s. m. a sea-crab.

CHA'CHARA, s. f. a discourse of trivial things.

CHACHARE'RO, s. m. the person who speaks much about trifles.

CHACHARO'N, s. m. a great talker and liar.

CHACHARREA'R, v. a. to chatter, to prattle.

CHACHO, s. m. a term at the game at ombre, which means vole.

CHACHOTE'RO, adj. a jesting, a merry companion.

CHACOLI, s. m. a poor small wine.

CHACOLOTEA'R, v. n. to crack or make a noise as an horse-shoe when it is loose.

Prov. *Herradura que chacolotéa clávo le falta*, the horse-shoe that makes a noise wants a nail; that is, he that boasts much of his birth and riches commonly wants it more than others.

CHACO'NA, s. f. a dance so called.

CHACONI'STA, s. m. a dancer.

CHACO'TA, s. f. a jest, a noise made by way of scoff or jest.

Hacer chacóta, to make a jest of, to scoff at.

CHACOTEA'R, v. n. to make a noise of jesting and merriment.

CHA'CRA, s. f. a house built without ornaments or not according to the rules of architecture.

CHACUA'CO, s. m. a rustic, clownish, unpolished fellow.

CHAFALDE'TE, s. m. the main tack, which is a great rope fastened to the clew of the sail of a ship.

CHAFALLA'R, v. a. to patch, to botch.

CHAFA'LLO, s. m. a patch in old cloaths, an old rag, or patched garment.

CHAFALLO'N, s. m. a botcher, a sloven, a man dirtily dressed or ill dressed.

CHAFA'R, v. a. to cut, to destroy.

CHAFARINO'N, s. m. a blot or an ugly flourish made with an awkward and great stroke of the pen, or any pointed iron-tool.

CHAFARO'TE, s. m. a great broad crooked sword.

CHAFARRINA'DA, s. f. a blot made with a pen.

CHAFELETE, s. m. the clew-garnet, a rope made fast to the clew of a sail.

CHAFLA'N, s. m. an obtuse angle.

CHAFLANA'R, v. a. to cut an angle, so as to make it obtuse.

CHALA'N, s. m. dealer, chapman.

CHA'LCEDONIA, s. f. a precious stone so called.

CHA'LCIDES, s. f. a fish like a pilchard.

CHA'LCITES, s. f. a precious stone so called.

CHALU'PA, s. f. a boat.

CHA'MA, s. f. in cant, money.

CHA'MALEON, s. m. a chameleon, a little beast, like a lizard.

Chamaleón, a flatterer, a time-server.

CHAMARE', s. m. a thing adorned with gold and silver lace.

CHAMARILLE'RO, s. m a sharper, a gamester, a cheat.

CHAMARI'Z, s. m. a bird called a witwal, a lariot, a yellow-hammer.

CHAMA'RRA, s. f. } a long coat or garment, made of sheeps-skins with the wool on.
CHAMA'RRO, s. m. }

CHAMARRA'SCA, s. f. that minute wood, branches, and leaves, that remain when a heap of burning wood is removed, which, when burnt, give but a short flame.

CHAMBE'RGA, s. f. a great coat.

CHAMBE'RGO, s. m. an officer called so from *chambérga*.

CHAMBRA'NA de puérta, any ornament about the posts or jambs of a door.

CHAMEDA'PHNE, s. m. the herb perriwinkle.

CHAME'DREOS, s. f. the herb germander.

CHAMELETO'N, s. m. a stuff of wool, thicker than camblet.

CHAMELE'UCA, s. f. the colts-foot or asses foot, growing in corn fields.

CHAMELO'TE, s. m. camblet; also tabby.

CHAMEPITE'OS, s. m. the herb groundpine.

CHAMERLU'CO, s. m. a sort of long cassock.

CHAMESY'SE, s. f. a kind of herb.

CHAMICE'RA, s. f. a wood that is half burnt.

CHAMICE'RO, adj. belonging to burnt wood.

CHAMI'ZA, s. m. a sort of reed growing in lakes.

CHAMI'ZO, s. m. vide *CHAMICE'RA*.

CHAMO'RRA, s. f. the top of the head clipped, or sheared, speaking of beasts.

CHAMORRA'DA, f. f. a blow with the head in butting.
CHAMORRA'R, v. a. to take off the hair, properly to clip asses, as they do in Spain.
CHAMO'RRO, adj. bald, without hair.
Trigo chamórro, corn that grows without beards or aunes.
CHAMPIO'N, f. m. the person who separates those that quarrel.
CHAMPURRA'R, v. a. to mix liquors.
CHAMUSCADU'RA, f. f. singing.
CHAMUSCA'R, v. a. to singe, to be fuddled.
CHAMUSCO, f. m. singing.
CHAMUSCO'N, f. m. augm. of *chamúsco*.
CHAMUSQUI'NA, f. f. singing; also a quarrel between several persons.
CHANCEA'R, v. n. to jest merrily; to play at cards, dice, or any other game.
CHANCELA'R, v. a. vide *CANCELA'R*.
CHANCELLE'R, f. m. v. *CHANCILLE'R*.
CHANCERO, adj. merry, festivous; in cant, a cunning thief.
CHANCHA, f. f. a deceit, a lie.
CHANCILLE'R, f. m. a chancellor.
CHANCILLERE'SCO, adj. belonging to the chancery.
CHANCILLERI'A, f. f. the court of chancery; the dignity of chancellor.
CHANCLE'TAS, f. f. slippers without heels.
CHA'NCLO, f. m. a sort of shoe with soles made of wood.
CHANCOS, f. m. pl. clogs to wear in dirt.
CHANFA'INA, f. f. a bawd; a thing of no worth; a jest; a thing of nothing; a dish of lights.
CHANFLO'N, adj. coarse, unpolished, made without art.
CHANQUI'TA, f. m. f. vide *CHANCLE'TA*.
CHANSONE'TA, f. f. a song, a ballad.
CHANTA'R, v. n. to talk boldly.
CHANTILLO'N, f. m. a rule or measure used by workmen in wood and in iron.
CHA'NTRE, f. m. the chanter in a cathedral.
CHANTRI'A, f. f. the dignity or office of a chanter.
CHA'NZA, f. f. a jest; subtility, craft, cunning.
CHANZA'INA, f. f. in cant, a trick, a fetch.
CHANZONE'TA, f. f. diminutive of *chánza*.
CHANZONETE'RO, f. m. a ballad-singer; a composer of merry songs; a teller of merry things.
CHA'O, f. m. a kind of dog so called.
CHAOS, f. m. a confusion.
CHA'PA, f. f. a thin plate of any metal; also a rattle for a child or any such thing that will make a noise.
Hombre de chápa, ò mugér de chápa, a man or woman of good qualifications and parts.
Chápas de colór, the red spots on the cheeks when one blushes, or rather the great spots of paint women put on.
Chápas de fréno, the bosses of a bridle.
CHAPADA'NZA, f. f. vide *CHA'NZA*.
CHAPADO'R, f. m. one that plates or studs.
CHAPALE'TA, f. f. a seaman's word, whereof I know not the meaning.
CHAPA'R, v. a. to plate, to cover, to adorn with plates, to stud.
CHAPA'RRA, f. f. vide *CHAPA'RRO*.
CHAPARRA'DA, f. f. vide *CHAPARRO'N*.
CHAPARRA'L, f. m. the place where the small oak grows.
CHAPA'RRO, f. m. a small tree like a small oak, and bearing acorns like it.
CHAPARRO'N, f. m. a sudden and violent shower.
CHAPATA'L, f. m. a low muddy place.
CHAPEA'R, v. a. vide *CHAPA'R*; also to rattle and make a noise with plates.
Chapeár, v. a. to adorn with gold or silver plate.
CHAPELE'TE, f. m. a little hat or cap.
CHAPELLI'NA, f. f. a gold coin used in Persia.
CHAPE'O, f. m. a hat.
CHAPERI'A, f. f. any thing adorned with plates, or studded, or that sort of work.
CHAPERO'N, f. m. a sort of hoodwore anciently instead of a hat.
CHAPERONA'DO, adj. covered with a hood.
CHAPE'TA, f. f. diminutive of *chápa*.
CHAPETEA'DO, adj. vide *CHAPA'DO*.
CHAPETO'N, f. m. a name given in Spanish America to an European newly arrived.
CHAPI'DO, f. m. a noise of rattling of plates.
CHA'PILLA, f. f. a little plate of any metal.
CHAPI'N, f. m. a thing made of thick cork, bound about with tin, thin iron, or silver, which women used to wear under their shoes, in the nature of clogs or pattens.
CHAPI'NA, f. f. a shell of a tortoise, or any other shell-fish.
CHAPINA'ZO, f. m. a blow with a *chapin*.
CHAPINERI'A, f. f. the place where the *chapins* are sold.
CHAPINE'RO, f. m. the mechanic that makes the *chapins*.
CHAPINI'TO, f. m. diminutive of *chapin*.
CHAPIRO'N, f. m. vide *CHAPERO'N*.
CHAPI'TA, f. f. diminutive of *chápa*.
CHAPITE'L, f. m. a pinnacle of a tower; vide *CAPITE'L*; in cant, the head.
CHAPODA'R, v. a. to prune the trees.
CHAPETOA'R, v. a. to dabble, to slop.
CHAPPE, adj. spread open in the form of a clock. A term in blasonry.

CHAPUCERI'A, f. f. a coarfe unpolished piece of work.

CHAPUCE'RO, f. m. a dabbler, one that makes flops; alfo a fmith that makes nails with broad flat heads.

CHAPU'Z, f. m. a diving, dipping, or finking under water; alfo work ill done, unpolished.

CHAPUZA'R, v. a. to fink or dive under water.

CHAQUE'TE, f. m. a game like draughts, the game at ame's ace.

CHAQUI'RA, f. f. an ornament the Indians wear on their heads.

CHARA'CTER, f. m. a character; a fine type or character in writing or printing; alfo the and or manner of writing; alfo adventitious qualities impreffed by a poft or office; alfo a mark, a ftamp.

CHARACTERI'STICO, adj. belonging to a character.

CHA'RCA, f. f. / *CHA'RCO*, f. m. a puddle of ftanding water.

Paffár el chárco, to crofs the fea.

Tener chárcos en el eftómago, to drink much water.

CHARID'AD, f. f. charity, the theological virtue of universal love; alfo liberality, alms, relief given to the poor.

Paño de la charidád, a pall to lay over the dead; particularly that for the poor who are buried by charity.

CHARI'SMA, f. f. a favour, a gift.

CHARITATIVAME'NTE, adv. charitably.

CHARITATI'VO, adj. of, or belonging to charity, charitable.

CHARLA, f. f. prating, babbling, talking too much.

CHARLADOR, adj. talkative, babbling, prattling.

CHARLA'R, v. n. to prate, to babble, to talk too much.

CHARLATA'N, f. m. pratting, talkative fellow; alfo a mountebank.

CHARLATANAR, / *CHARLATANEA'R*, v. n. to prate, to talk without fubftance.

CHARLATANERI'A, f. f. vide *CHA'RLA*.

CHARLATAR, v. n to prate, to babble, to tattle, to play the mountebank.

CHARLERI'A, f. f. prattle, babbling, tattle.

CHARLI'DO, f. m. the croaking of a frog.

CHARNE'CA, f. f. a kind of turpentine-tree.

CHARNECA'L, f. m. the place where the turpentine-trees grow.

CHARNE'L, f. m. in cant, two maravedies; in the plural number; *charnéles*, fmall money.

CHARNE'LA, f. f. a complex hinge to fupport a door.

CHARNIE'GOS, f. m. pl. in cant, the ftocks.

CHA'RO, adj. dear, kind, loving.

CHARO'L, f. m. varnisk, japan.

CHAROLEA'R, v. a. to japan, to varnish.

CHA'RPA, f. f. a buff belt worn by foldiers.

CHARQUI'LLO, f. m. a little puddle of water.

Salta charquíllos, one that trips along treading on his toes, like beaus who are afraid to touch the ftones with their feet; a nice beau.

CHARRA'DA, f. f. clownishnefs, rufticity.

CHA'RRO, f. m. f. ruftic, country-like.

CHA'RROS, f. m. pl. in cant, the fetters.

CHARUE'CO, f. m. a fmall tree like the turpentine-tree.

CHARYBDIS, f. m. a dangerous ftream or rock in the fea; alfo any great danger or peril.

CHA'SCHAS, f. m. a found refulting from a blow given to a door, table, and the like.

CHA'SCO, f. a trick, a bite, a fly faying.

CHA'SQUE, f. m. foot-poft, lettercarrier.

CHASQUEADO'R, f. m. he who makes a noife with a whip.

CHASQUEA'R, v. a. to make a noife with a whip.

Chafqueár, v. a. to joke, or jeft with another.

CHASQUI', f. m. a meffenger fent on foot.

CHASQUI'DO, f. m the found or fmack that the whip makes.

CHASQUO, f. m. the end of a whip or fling.

CHA'TA, f. f. a flat-bottomed boat.

CHATEDA'D, f. f. flatnefs, evennefs, level extenfion; dulnefs, infipidity, frigidity.

CHATE'SCO, adj. flat, infipid, frigid, dull, that has neither wit nor humour.

CHA'TO, adj flat, flat nofed.

CHATON, f. m. a ftud.

CHATONA'DO, f. m. in cant, a riddle.

CHAVACANERI'A, f. f. vide *CHABACANERI'A*.

CHAVACA'NO, adj. vide *CHABACANO*.

CHAVE'TA, f. f. vide *CHABE'TA*.

CHA'VO, f. m. vide *CHABO*.

CHAVRA'NA, vide *CHABRANA*.

CHAZA, f. f. chace, the mark fet down at tennis-ball where the ball ftops.

C H E

CHELI'DRO, f. m. a great and venomous ferpent.

CHENO, adj. obf. full.

CHEPO, f. m. in cant, breaft, boffom.

CHEREMI'A, f. f. vide *CHIRIMIA*.

CHERINO'L, f. m. in cant, chief pimp, bawd, or thief.

CHERINO'LA, f. f. an affembly of bawds, thieves, and ruffians.

CHERI'VA, or *CHERI'VI'A*, f. f. the root we call a skirret.

CHE'RNA, f. f. a kind of fea-fish.

CHE'RO, f. m. obf. a fmell.

CHERRIADO'R, f. m. vide *CHIRRIADOR*.

CHERRI'AR, v. n. vide *CHIRRIA'R*.

CHERRIO'N, f. m. vide *CHIRRIO'N*.

CHERU'BICO, adj. of, or belonging to a cherub.

CHERUBI'N, a cherub.

CHE'RVA, f. f. the herb fperage alfo the fruit.

CHEVRO'N, ſ. m. a term in blaſonry.

C H I

CHI'A, ſ. f. a ſcrap, a shred, a ſmall rag, a welt; alſo a ſort of head-dreſs women anciently wore.

CHIAMPI'N, ſ. m. an odoriferous white flower in India and China.

CHIA'R, v. n. to chirrup as birds do.

CHIBALE'TE, ſ. m. a bench chiefly uſed among printers.

CHIBATO, ſ. m. a young kid, not one year old.

CHIBETE'RO, ſ. m. a hut or ſhelter made for the goats and kids.

CHIBITA'L, ſ. m. a flock of goats, or the place where they keep goats.

CHI'BO, ſ. m. a kid.

CHIBO'N, ſ. m. a young pigeon.

CHIBO'R, ſ. m. a kind of monkey or baboon.

CHICHA, ſ. f. the name children give to meat; the American Indians call the drink, or beer they make of the Indian wheat.

CHICHA'RRA, ſ. f. the inſect called in Latin *cicada*, very noiſy in ſummer. It lives on high trees, and is not the graſs-hopper as ſome people believe.

CHICHARRA'R, v. a. to roaſt.

CHICHARREA'R, v. n. to chirp like the *cicada*.

CHICHARRE'RO, ſ. m. any hot place.

CHICHA'RRO, ſ m. a young tunnyfish.

CHICHARRO'N, ſ. m. a hard knob left in frying of ſuet.

CHICHERI'A, ſ. f. the place in America where *chicha* is drank or ſold.

CHICHISVE'O, ſ. m. a courteous gallant.

CHICHO'N, ſ. m. the bump raiſed by a blow, that does not break the skin, but ſwells, and particularly on the head.

CHI'CO, adj. little, ſmall.

Chico con grânde, a great one with a ſmall, a good and a bad, as we ſay, a fat rabbit, and a lean.

Chicos y grândes, great and ſmall, all ſorts of people.

CHICOLEA'R, v. n. to joke or jeſt upon any one.

CHICOLE'O, ſ. m. a merry jeſt.

CHICO'RIA, ſ. f. the herb dandelion.

CHICO'TE, ſ. m. a perſon who is short and thick; alſo the end of a rope or cable.

CHICOZAPO'TE, ſ. m. a fruit that comes from the weſt Indies, the bigneſs of a quince.

CHICUE'LO, ſ. m. a young child.

CHIFLA, ſ. f. the ace of ſpades at cards, otherwiſe called *eſpâdilla*; alſo a whiſtle, a ſmall wind inſtrument.

CHIFLADU'RA, ſ. f. a whiſtling or hiſſing.

CHIFLA'R, v. a. to whiſtle; to hiſs actors of the ſtage; alſo to drink wine immoderately.

CHIFLE, ſ. m. a whiſtle.

CHIFLE'TE, ſ. m. a little whiſtle, or a whiſtling.

CHIFLI'DO, ſ. m. a whiſtling or hiſſing.

CHIFLO, ſ. m. vide *CHIFLE*.

CHILACAYO'TE, ſ. m. a kind of pumkin very big and very light.

CHILIA'DA, ſ. f. a thouſand. Uſed by poets.

CHILIDO'NIA, ſ. f. the herb celandine.

CHILINDRI'NA, ſ. f. a thing of no value, a frivolous trifling thing; alſo a joke or jeſt.

CHILINDRO'N, ſ. m. the name of a game at cards.

CHI'LLA, ſ. f. very thin boards.

CHILLADO'R, ſ. m. the perſon who ſqueaks or makes a noiſe; alſo the hangman.

CHILLADU'RA, ſ. f. a shrill ſqueaking.

CHILLA'R, v. n. to make a shrill cry, to ſqueak, to shriek like a bird that does not ſing, or the noiſe of a frying-pan, or the filing of a ſaw.

CHILLE'RAS, ſ. f. pl. lockers, or places on the ſides of ships boarded, to keep shot ready there, that it may not roll about.

CHILLI'DO, } ſ. m. a ſqueak, a
CHI'LLO, } shriek, the ſqueaking of a bird, mouſe, or the like.

CHILLO'N, ſ. m. any squeaking noiſy thing.

CHILLO'NES, ſ. m. pl. brads, ſprigs, or ſuch ſmall nails uſed in wood that is thin and apt to ſplit.

CHILO; ſ. m. vide *CHYLO*.

CHIMENE'A, ſ. f. a chimney.

Subire el humo en la chimenéa, to take ſnuff at any thing, to take pet.

Prov. *Chimenéa ſin fuégo, reyno ſin puérto*, a chimney without fire is like a kingdom without fire is like a kingdom without a ſea port.

Prov. *Chimenéa, nuéva preſto ſe ahuma*, a new chimney is ſoon ſmoked; ignorant perſons ſoon take pet.

CHIME'RA, ſ. f. a chimera, a notion, a fancy.

Chiméra, ſtrife, or contention.

CHIME'RICO, adj. chimerical, fabulous, fictitious, fanciful.

CHIMERI'NO, adj of, or belonging to a chimera or fancy.

CHIMERI'STA, adj. ſeditious, troubleſome.

CHIMERIZA'R, v. a. to raiſe chimeras in the mind, to be very fanciful.

CHI'MICA, ſ. f. chemiſtry.

CHI'MICO, ſ. m. a chemiſt.

Chimico, adj. belonging to chemiſtry.

CHIMPHO'NIA, ſ. m. an inſtrument of muſic ſo called.

CHI'NA, ſ. f. a pebble; alſo a ſort of China-root and China-ware.

CHINA'RRO, ſ. m. a pebble.

CHINCHARRAZO, ſ. m. a great noiſe of ſwords.

CHINCHARRE'RO, ſ. m. a place, full of bugs.

CHINCHE'RO, ſ. m. a bug-trap.

CHINCHI'LLAS, ſ. f. little creatures in the Weſt Indies like ſquirrels; alſo blankets made of their hair.

CHINCHORRERI'A, ſ. f. idle lying jeſt, or knavish trick.

CHINCHORRE'RO, f. m. a jesting or lying fellow.
CHINCHORRO, f. m. a sort of boat; also a sort of fishing-net.
CHINE'LA, f. f. a slipper.
CHINI'LLA, } f. f. a little pebble
CHINI'TA, }
CHI'NO, adj. belonging to a dog that has no hair.
CHI'O CHI'O, f. m. the chirping of sparrows.
CHIQUE'RO, f. m. a hogstye.
CHIQUICHA'QUE, f. m. the noise which is made by clashing two things. together.
CHIQU'ILLO, adj. little very little.
CHIQUIRIBA'ITE, f. m. in cant a thief.
CHIQUITI'CO, adj. very little.
CHIQUI'TO, adj. vide *CHIQUI'LLO*.
CHIRA'GRA, f. f. the gout in the hands.
CHIRIBITI'L, f. m. a passage so small as to oblige one to pass on one's hands and knees.
CHIRIGA'ITA, f. f. a kind of gourd.
CHIRIMI'A, f. f. a ort of trumpet; also one that plays upon it.
CHIRINO'LA, f. m. a sort of play among children.
CHIRIVI'A, f. f. the herb and root called skirret; also a bird called a wagtail.
CHIRLA'DA, f. f. in cant, a beating with a cudgel, or the wound made by a blow.
CHIRLA'R, v. n. to prate; also to sing untunably.
CHIRLE, adj. poor, mean, worth nothing; also wild grapes.
Búrla chírle, a foolish impertinent jest.
CHIRLERI'A, f. f. garrulity, vain prattle.
CHIRLERI'N, f. m. in cant, a little thief.
CHIRLI'DO, f. m. prating, babbling, chirping like a bird.
CHIRLI'TO, f. m. a plover.
CHI'RLO, f. m. a snap of the fingers, a filip.
Chírlo, f. m. a scar made in the face by a knife or sword.
Chírlos mírlos, chimeras, or things that are not in nature.
CHIRLO'N, f. m. in cant, a great talker.
CHIROGRAPHI'A, the art of writing.
CHIRO'GRAPHO, f. m. a manuscript or hand-writing.
CHIROMANCI'A, f. f. fortelling future events by inspecting the hand.
CHIROMA'NTICO, adj. belonging to chiromancy.
CHIRONE'O, adj. of, or belonging to an incurable wound.
CHIRO'NIO, f. m. centaury; also the herb gentian or felwort.
CHIROTHE'CA, f. f. a glove; a burlesque word.
CHIRRIADO'R, adj. that chirps like a bird, or creaks like hinges.
CHIRRIA'R, v. n. to chirp as birds do, or to creak like a door.
CHIRRICHO'TE, f. m. a nick-name given to poor French priests that used to go pilgrimages into Spain.
CHIRRI'DO, f. m. the chirping of a bird, or creaking of a door.
CHIRRI'O, f. m. the noise of a cart.
CHIRRIO'N, f. m. a common cart with two wheels; a dust-cart used to carry away the filth.
CHIRRION-CILLA, f. f. a chirping, soft singing, or whistling.
CHIRRIONE'RO, f. m. a carter, one who drives the cart.
CHIRIVI'A, f. f. vide *CHIRIBI'A*.
CHIS, interj. ho.
CHIS-CHAS, f. f. an incessant knocking.
CHISGARAVI'S, f. m. a person who meddles in other people's affairs, a busy body.
CHISGUE'TE, f. m. a small draught of wine sucked out of a *borracho*.
CHISMA'R, v. a. to make a schism or confusion, to make mischief.
CHISME, f. m. a tale carried from one to another to do mischief.
CHISMEA'R, v. a. vide *CHISMAR*.
CHISMERI'A, f. f. the practice of carrying tales to breed ill blood.
CHISME'RO, } adj. addicted to carry tales to set people together by the ears; a tale-carrier; a mischief-maker.
CHISMO'SO, }
CHI'SPA, f. f. a spark, or flake of fire; also a man easily moved to anger, a little passionate man.
Echar chíspas, to fly in a passion.
CHISPA'R, v. a. in cant, to tell tales.
CHISPA'ZO, f. m. the blow given by a spark of fire.
CHISPEA'R, v. n. to sparkle as fire does.
CHISPE'RO, adj. belonging to a squib.
CHISPO, f. m. the same as *cisguéte*.
CHISPORRETEA'R, v. n. to throw a multitude of squibs or sparks.
CHISPO'SO, adj. that throws many sparks of fire.
CHISQUE'TE, f. m. the flux, or dissentery.
CHISTA'R, v. n. to be silent as afraid to speak.
Ni chistár, ni mistár, to be mute.
Cálla no chístes, peace, be not heard, whist.
Chíste, f. m. a jest.
CHISTERA, f. f. a fisherman's trunk to keep his fish in.
CHISTO'SO, adj. facetious.
CHI'TA, f. f. the long bone in the sheep or cow's foot, which boys play with.
CHITICA'LLA, f. m. the person who observes others and is silent himself.
CHITICALLA'R, v. n. to be silent.
CHITO, f. m. a stick or bone put for a signal or mark.
CHITO'N, interj. hush, whist, make no noise.

CHO

CHO, interj. used by persons to stop their horses.
CHO'A, f. f. a chough, or jackdaw.

CHOCADO'R, f. m. he who runs violently at another.
CHOCA'LLAS, f. f. pl. baubles to hang about children, bells for dogs, fmall jewels for women.
CHOCA'LLO, f. m. a jewel for the ears; a long ear-ring.
CHOCA'R, v. a. to butt as rams do, to give a shock, to charge in fight.
CHOCARREA'R, v. n. to jeft, to play the buffoon.
CHOCARRERI'A, f. f. jefting, playing the buffoon.
CHOCARRE'RO, f. m. jefter, buffoon.
Chocarréro de paffa paffa, a juggler.
CHO'CO, f. m. a cuttle-fish.
CHO'CHA, f. f. a woodcock.
CHOCHEA'R, v. n. to have the fenfes impaired by age.
CHOCHE'S, f. f. decay of memory proceeding from age
CHO'CHO, adj. doating, childish, filly, mopish, alfo any kernel.
Chócho, f. m. hops.
CHOCILLA, } f. f. a little hut or
CHOCI'TA, } cottage.
CHOCLA'R, v. n. to bolt into a place, as a ball bolts through the port at billiards.
CHOCLO, f. m. a kind of wooden shoe or fandal worn by friars and other people.
CHOCLO'N, f. m. the clever bolting of a bolt through the port at billiards, or through a ring.
CHOCO, f. m. the cuttle-fish when fmall.
CHOCO'LATE, f. m. chocolate.
Chocólate de garapiña, vide *GARAPIÑA*.
CHOCOLATE'RA, f. f. a chocolate-pot.
CHOCOLATE'RO, f. m. the perfon who makes chocolate.
CHO'FES, f. m. pl. the lungs.
CHOFISTA, f. m. the perfon who eats lungs.
CHO'LLA, f. f. the noddle, the head.
CHO'PA, f. f. a fea-fish.
CHO'PO, f. m. a fort of poplar-tree, growing near the water.
CHO'QUE, f. m. a shock, the meeting of two that run at one another; alfo a battle, a fight.
CHOQUEZUE'LA, f. f. the joint bone in the knee.
CHO'RCHA, f. f. vide *CHO'CHA*.
CHORE'O, f. m. a Latin foot confifting of a long and short fyllable.
CHORIA'MBO, f. m. a Latin foot, confifting of four fyllables, the firft and laft long, and the two middle-ones short.
CHORIFE'O, f. m. a chief.
CHORI'STA, f. m. the moderator of the choir.
CHORI'ZO, f. m. a fort of large faufage.
CHORLI'TÓ, f. m. the bird called a curlieu.
CHO'RO, f. m. the choir of a church.
CHOROGRAPHI'A, f. f. the defcription of any province, kingdom, or country.
CHORREA'R, v. n. to run in fmall threads as fpouts or little ftreams.
CHORRE'RA, f. f. the place where the dropping or drivelling of the water falls.
CHORRETA'DA, f. f. the impetuofity or violence of a running ftream.
CHO'RRO, f. m. a little ftream or very fmall running of water or other liquor.
CHO'RRO, f. m. the found of the voice.
CHOTACA'BRAS, f. f. a fort of bird like a gull, that fucks the goats in the night.
CHOTA'R, v. a. to fuck.
CHO'TO, f. m. a fucking kid.
CHOTU'NO, adj. lean, weak, fickly; applied chiefly to kids.
CHO'VA, f. f. a kind of jackdaw, a Cornish chough.
CHO'YA, f. f. a Cornish daw, a daw with red shanks.
CHO'Z, f. m. a blow given.
CHO'ZA, f. f. a cottage, a hut, a little mean houfe.
CHO'ZNO, f. m. the great-grandfater of one's grandfather; or the great-grandfon of one's grandfon.
CHOZUE'LA, f. f. diminutive of *chóza*.

CHR

CHRI'SMA, f. m. an ointmen made of oil of olives and balfam mixed, and bleffed by the bishop.
CHRISMA'R, v. a. to confirm any one in the Chriftian faith; alfo to give a blow in the forehead.
CHRISME'RA, f. f. the viol where the ointment of confirmation is put.
CHRISTIANAME'NTE, adv. Chriftianlike, charitably.
CHRISTIANA'R, v. a. to chriften, to make a Chriftian, to baptize.
CHRISTIANDA'D, f. f. Chriftianity; Chriftendom.
CHRISTIANE'SCO, adj. belonging to a Chriftian.
CHRISTIANI'SMO, f. m. a chriftening; baptizing; alfo Chriftendom.
CHRISTIANI'SSIMO, adj. Moft Chriftian, the title given to the king of France.
CHRISTIANO, f. m. a Chriftian.
Chriftiáno nuevo, a new Chriftian; that is, who is either himfelf a convert, or defcended from the Moors or Jews.
Chriftiáno viejo, an old Chriftian; that is, whofe race has no mixture or Jewish or Moorish blood.
CHRI'STO, f. m. our Lord and Saviour Chrift.
CHROMA'TICO, adj. one of the three kinds of practical mufic.
CHRO'NICA, f. f. chronicle.
CHRONICO'N, f. m. a chronicle or hiftory of any particular times.
CHRONI'STA, f. m. the author of the annals or chronicles.
CHRONOGRAPHI'A, f. f. a defcription of the annals or chronicles.
CHRONO'GRAPHO, f. m. the perfon who writes chronicle, or annals.
CHRONOLOGI'A, f. f. chronology, the hiftory of the times.
CHRONOLOGICAME'NTE, ad. chronologically.
CHRONOLO'GICO, adj. chronologic, belonging to the annals, or hiftory of the times.

CHRONO'LOGO, ſ. m. a chronologer, or author of the hiſtory of the times.
CHRYSA'NTEMO, ſ. m. a crow-foot with yellow flowers; the marigold.
CHRYSOCO'LA, ſ. f. gold ſodder, a kind of mineral found like ſand in veins of braſs, ſilver, or gold.
CHRYSOCO'MA, ſ. f. a plant ſo called.
CHRYSOGONO, ſ. m. a plant ſo called.
CHRYSO'L, ſ. m. vide *CRISOL*.
CHRYSO'LITO, ſ. m. a gem ſo called.
CHRYSOME'LA, ſ. m. yellow quince, orange.

C H U

CHUBA'RBA, ſ. f. a tree ſo called.
CHUCA, ſ. f. the concave part of a ball uſed in a particular game.
CHUCE'RO, ſ. m. in cant, a thief.
CHUCE'TO, ſ. m. in cant, a thief that ſteals meat.
CHU'CHE, ſ. m. in cant, the face.
CHUCHERI'A, ſ. f. the way of catching birds; a trifle, a thing of little moment.
Chucherías, ſ. f. pl. trifles; little ſweet bits for children; idle talk.
CHUCHE'RO, ſ. m. a bird-catcher.
CHU'CHO, ſ. m. a ſort of bird.
Chúcho, interj. an expreſſion uſed to call dogs.
CHUCHUME'CO, ſ. m. a name given to au ugly man.
CHUE'CA, ſ. f. the hollow of a joint where the bones play; alſo a ſort of dance. In cant, the back.
CHU'FA, ſ. f. pignut, a ſmall ſort of fruit growing under ground, ſticking to the root, much ſought children, who call it *cúcas*.
CHUFA'R, v. n. to mock, to ridicule.
CHUFE'TA, ſ. f. jeſt, ſcoff.
CHUFLE'TA, ſ. f. a trifling ridiculous expreſſion.
CHUFLETE'RO, adj. jocular, jocoſe, merry, facetious.
CHULA'DA, ſ. f. an indecent action.
CHULA'MA, ſ. f. a girl.
CHULA'MO, ſ. m. a boy.
CHULE'TA, ſ. f. a ſavoury diſh ſo called.
CHULI'LLO, ſ. m. diminutive of *chulo*.
CHU'LLA, ſ. f. the ribs of mutton cut out two and two together, to ſell to poor people.
CHU'LO, ſ. m. one who is indecent, immodeſt in his jeſts or merriment.
CHU'NGA, ſ. f. mirth or laughter ariſing from the ſilly and impertinent diſcourſe of another.
CHUñO, ſ. m. ſo they call in the Weſt Indies the bread made of the roots called *pápas*.
CHU'PA, ſ. f. the waiſtcoat.
CHU'PADO, adj. ſucked; alſo lean as if one had been ſucked.
CHUPADO'R, ſ. m. a ſucker.
CHUPADU'RA, ſ. f. ſucking.
CHUPAME'L, ſ. m. the herb bugloſs.
CHUPA'R, v. a. to ſuck.
Chupár a úno, to devour a man's ſubſtance.
CHUPO'N, ſ. m. the extraction of any thing.
CHUPO'NA, ſ. f. a whore who ſucks or fleeces her gallant.
CHURI'ZO, ſ. m. vide *CHORI'ZO*.
CHU'RLA de canela, bag of cinnamon, as it comes from the Eaſt Indies.
CHU'RRE, ſ. m. the greaſe that runs from any meat with heat.
CHU'RRE'TE, a ſquirt of any liquor as of a ſyringe, or the like.
CHURRIBU'RRI, ſ. m. a great concourſe of low and dirty people.
CHURRILLE'RO, ſ. m. a prattling, talkative, ſilly perſon.
CHURRULLE'RO, ſ. m. a prating fellow.
CHURRUPEA'R, v. n. to ſip wine, in the manner women do tea.
CHURUMBE'LA, ſ. f. a ſort of bagpipe.
CHURU'MO, ſ. m. the juice of any thing.
CHUS, adv. nothing. Ex. *No decír chus, ni mus*, not to ſpeak a ſyllable in contradiction.
CHU'SMA, ſ. f. the whole company of ſlaves rowing in a galley; thence, the mob, the rabble; alſo a company of poor people.
CHUZA'ZO, ſ. m. a blow given with the pike.
CHU'ZO, ſ. m. a great half-pike with an iron ſpear to it.
Ecgar chuzos, to be a bully.
CHUZO'N, ſ. m. a great half-pike, with a large iron ſpear to it.
Chuzón, a cautious, prudent, careful man, who ſtands ſo much upon his guard, that it is difficult to deceive him; a ſly, deſigning, ſubtle, crafty, knaviſh, and deceitful fellow.

C H Y

CHYLO, ſ. m. chyle, a white juice coming from meat digeſted in the ſtomach.

C I A

CI'A, ſ. f. the hip-bone.
CIABO'GA, ſ. f. the tacking about of a ſhip.
CIANCO, ſ. m. the hip-bone.
CIA'R, v. n. to put back, to make a beaſt go backwards; thence uſed at ſea to put back a galley or boat with oras without bringing her head about.
CIA'TICA, ſ. f. the ſciatica, a diſtemper commonly in the hip, the hipgout.

C I B

CIBDA'D, *CIBDA'DE*, *CIBAT*, ſ. f. a city. Obſ. all.
CIBDADA'NO, ſ. m. obſ. a citizen.
CIBE'RA, ſ. f. the dregs, droſs, or refuſe of any thing.
Molér como cibéra, to beat to mummy.
CIBO'RIO, ſ. m. the cyborium or covered cup in which the ſacrament is kept in churches.

CIC

CI'CA, f. f. in cant, a purse.
CICALA'DO, adj. vide *ACICALADO.*
CICATERI'A, f. f. the art of cutting a purse; alfo mifery, covetoufnefs.
CICATERI'LLO, f. m. diminutive of *cicatéro.*
CICATE'RO, f. m. a cut-purse; alfo a mifer.
CICATRI'Z, f. f. a fcar left by a wound.
CICATRIZA'R, v. a. to heal up, only leaving a fcar; alfo to cicatrize, to make a fcar.
CICIO'N, f. m. a fit of an ague.
CICLA'N, f. m. he that has but one tefticle.
CICLA'R, v. a. vide *ACICALA'R.*
CICLEO'LA, f. f. a fmall wheel or round; a term in architecture.
CICO'REA, } f. f. the herb dandelion.
CICORIA,
CICUTA, f. f. hemlock.

CID

CI'D, f. m. commander, leader.
Cid, f. m. a fort of birds that devours bees.
CI'DRA, f. f. a citron.
Cidra, f. f. cyder.
CIDRA'L, f. m. a garden, or orchard of citron-trees.
CIDRE'RA, f. f. vide *ABEJERA.*
CIDRO, f. m. a citron-tree.
CIDRONE'LA, f. f. a herb called balmgentle.
CIDRONE'RA, f. f. lemon-balm.

CIE

CIEBA, f. f. a fort of wild thorntree; alfo a fea-weed.
Ciégale Santantón, blind him St. Anthony; a phrafe among the vulgar fort to wish a man blind.
CIEGAME'NTE, adv. blindly.
A ciégas, adv. blindfold, groping.
CIE'GO, adj. blind.
Nóche ciéga, a dark night.
Herída ciega, a wound made with a weapon, fo fmall that it cannot be tented.
Ciégo, inconfiderate, rash, without deliberation.
El ciégo no diftingue de colóres, the blind cannot diftinguish colours; an ignorant perfon cannot be a judge of any thing.
Antes ciégues que tal véas, may you be ftruck blind before you fee it; an imprecation when a man wishes or hopes to fee fomething that is againft our inclination or intereft.
CIE'LO, f. m. the heaven, the sky; alfo the tefter of a bed, or the roof of any place.
Ciélo feréno, a ferene, clear sky.
Mudár ciélo, to remove to another country.
Ni por el ciélo, ni por la tiérra, neither for heaven nor earth; on no account.
Venído del ciélo, come from heaven; that is, very acceptable.
Ver los ciélos abiértos, to fee the heavens open; that is, to obtain what one earneftly defires.
Querér fubír al ciélo fin efcaléra, to attempt to get up to heaven without a ladder; to undertake any great matter without the proper means.
Efcupír al ciélo, to fpit at heaven, to commit extravagancies in a rage, to defy heaven, to blafpheme.
Hacer al ciélo cebólla, to make one believe the moon is made of green cheefe.
CIE'N, f. m. an hundred.
CIENA'GA, f. f. a bog, a quagmire, any muddy place.
CIENAGA'L, } f. m. idem.
CIENA'GO,
CIE'N CABE'ZAS, f. m. a fort of thiftle that has many heads.
CIE'NCIA, f. f. fcience, knowledge, art, certainty grounded on demonftration.
CIE'N NUDI'LLOS, f. m. knotgrafs.
CIENO, f. m. mud, mire.
Rebolcárfe en el ciéno to wallow in the mire; to wallow in vice.
CIENO'SO, adj. muddy, miry.
CIENTA, f. f. the herb knot-grafs.
CIENTENA'L, an hundred years old.
CIENTIFICAME'NTE, adv. knowingly, skilfully, wittingly, on fet purpofe.
CIENTI'FICO, adj. skilful, knowing.
CIE'NTO, f. m. an hundred.
CIENTOPIE'S, f. m. an infect that has abundance of feet.
CIE'NTOS, or *JUE'GO DE CIENTOS*, f. m. the game of piquet at cards.
CIERNA, } f. f. the bloffom of the vines.
CIE'RNE,
Eftan las viñas en ciérne, the vine's bloffom.
CIERTAME'NTE, adv. certainly, furely.
CIE'RTO, adj. certain, fure.
Ciérta perfona, a certain perfon.
Decir lo ciérto, to fpeak the truth.
Pedir lo ciérto por úna cófa, to ask the pofitive price of a thing.
No eftár en lo ciérto, to be in the wrong.
Ciérto, ciérto, adv. moft certainly.
CIE'RVA, f. f. a hind.
CIERVATI'LLO, f. m. a fawn.
CIE'RVO, f. m. a ftag, a hart, a red deer.
Ciérvo cabrón, a creature between a deer and a goat.
CIE'RZO, f. m the north wind, more properly the north-eaft wind.

CIF

CIFA'QUE, f. m. the inner rim of the belly covering the entrails; the peritonæum.
CI'FO, f. m. a cup.
CI'FRA, f. f. a cypher.
CIFRA'R, v. a. to make a cypher, to epitomize, to contract.
Cifrárfe, v. r. to be contracted, to be made concife.

CIG

CIGA'RRA, f. f. the infect called in Latin *cicada.*
CIGARRA'L, f. m. certain farms on the hills, which are enclofed.
CIGA'RRO, f. m. leaves of tobacco folded in the manner of a fmall pipe.
CIGATE'RA, f. f. a wench.
CIGOÑA'L, f. m. a crane to draw

up water, or any other weight, but most properly one pole banging across another over a wall, to draw up the water.
CIGOñI'NO, s. m. a young stork.
CIGOñUE'LA, s. f. diminutive of *cigueña*.
CIGUARE'GA, s. f. a grashopper, a cricket.
CIGUE'ñA, s. f. a stork.
Pico de cigueña, the herb stork-bill.
CIGUEñA'L, s. m. vide *CIGOñAL*.
CIGUEñEA'R, v. n. to make a noise like a stork.

C I J

CIJA, s. f. a granary; also a prison.

C I L

CILA'NTRO, s. m. vide *CULA'NTRO*.
CILI'CIO, s. m. a hair-cloth.
CILI'NDRO, s. m. a cylinder, a roller.
CILI'NDRICO, adj. in the form of a cylinder.
CI'LLA, s. f. a granary for corn; a binn.
CILLA'ZGO, s. m. the duty that is paid for stowing corn in the granaries.
CILLE'RCA, s. f. a sort of mushroom.
CILLE'RERO, s. m. the friar in some oders that serves the community as a steward.
CILLERIZO, *CILLE'RO*, s. m. a granary or storekeeper; also the granary or storehouse.
CILLERUE'DAS, s. m. small splints, ribs, or bones; also kernels in the thorat.

C I M

CI'MA, s. f. the top of a mountain, hill, or other place; also a great depth, an abyss, a bottomless pit; also that which our architects call the cyma; by vulgar workmen called an ogee, being a moulding with a hollow above, and a round out-rising under it.
CIMA'CIO, s. m. vide *CYMACIO*.
CIMARRO'N, adj. wild, not tame.
CIMBALI'STA, s. m. one that plays on a cymbal.
CI'MBALO, s. m. the musical instrument called a cymbal.
CI'MBIA, s. f. in architecture, is a ring on the top of a pillar below the astragal; immédiately above the contraction.
CIMBO'RIO, s. m. a cupola; sometimes it is used for a vault or wide arch.
CI'MBRA, s. f. the curve or arch in architecture.
CIMBRA'R, v. a to bend, to lap about, as a wand does when shaken, or when a man is struck with it, that it girds about him.
Cimbrárse, v. r. to bend.
CIMBRE'ñO, adj. pliable, flexible.
CI'MBRIA, s. f. a wand or rod that bends; also the wooden arch on which they build a vault to support it till finished, called by our workmen a center.
CI'MBRO, s. m. vide *ZIMBRO*.
CIMBBONA'ZO, s. m. a blow given with a file.
CIMENTADO'R, s. m. a mason or bricklayer that lays foundations.
CIMENTA'L, adj. belonging to the foundation ot any thing.
CIMENTA'R, v. a. to lay foundations.
CIMENTE'RA, s. f. the art of laying a foundation.
CIMENTE'RIO, s. m. a church-yard.
CIME'RA, s. f. the crest of a helmet.
CIMIE'NTO, s. m. a foundation.
CIMI'LLO, s. m. the stratagem sportsmen make use of by fixing one pigeon to allure or entice others into the snare; the stick to which the pigeon is fixed, is called *cimillo*.
CIMITA'RRA, s. f. a cimetar, a sort of sword short and recurvated.
CIMO'RRA, s. f. a cold that takes beasts in the head.
CIMO'RRO, s. m. the people belonging to a church.

C I N

CINA'BRIO, s. m. a gum or liquor of an Indian tree; also a soft red stone found in mines called minium, redlead, vermilion, sanguinary, dragons blood.
CINAMO'MO, s. m. vide *CANELA*.
CINAMONI'MO, s. m. an ointment so called.
CINCA, s. f. a term used in a game resembling cricket, and means five points lost.
CINCE'L, s. m. a chizzel.
Cincél, s. m. a graver, a punch, such as goldsmiths use to chase silver, or the fine tool-carvers use about their work, or a stonecutter's chizzel.
CINCELA'R, v. a to engrave, to chase plate.
CI'NCHA, s. f. a girt for a horse, or other beast; also the iron that binds the wheel called the streaks.
Apretár las cinchas, to draw the girts straight; to secure one's self from being disappointed.
Ir rompiéndo cinchas, to ride so hard as if a man would break the girts.
CINCHADU'RA, s. f. girding.
CINCHA'R, v. a to gird.
CI'NCHO, s. m. the iron that binds a wheel together, called the streaks.
Cincho-pára quéso, a cheese-fat to make cheese in.
CINCHUE'LA, s. f. diminut. of *cincha*.
CI'NCO, s. m. five.
No sabe quántos son cinco, he knows not how many make five: that is, he is so ignorant he can't tell five.
Dar cinco de cálle, to run through the pins at play and strike down none.
Cinco en rámo, s. f. cinquefoil or five leaved grass.
CINFONE'A, s. f. the musical instrument called a symphony, which blind men play on.
CINCUE'NTA, s. m. fifty.

CINCUE'SMA, f. f. the fpace of fifty days, applied to the time between Eafter and Whitfuntide.
CINCRA'DA, f. f. obf. a heap of afhes.
CI'NGARO, f. m. a gypfy: this word of late years borrowed from the Italians, the true Spanish being *gitáno*.
CINGIR, v. a. obf. for *ceñir*, to gird.
CINGLADU'RA, f. f. the way a fhip makes in the fea.
CINGLEA'R, v. a. to make way in the fea.
CI'NGULO, f. m. a girdle; only ufed for that the prieft girds his alb with when he vefts to fay mafs.
CI'NICO, adj. cynic.
CINOCE'PHALO, f. m. vide *CYNOCE'PHALO*.
CINOSU'RA, the northern conftellation, called the *urfa minor*, or the leffer bear.
CINQUEPU'L de los Judíos, fome Jewish worship or ceremonies.
CINQUE'SMA, f. f. Whitfuntide, a name not in ufe, for they call it *pafqua de Efpiritu fanto*.
CI'NTA, f. f. any fort of ribbon; alfo a girdle; alfo a man or woman's waift.
Cínta de féda, filk ribbon.
Cínta de algodón, cotton ribbon.
Cínta de hílo, tape, filleting.
Cínta de arreáta, a fort of filleting.
Cíntas en carnadíllas, red tape.
Eftár la mugér en cínta, to be with child.
CINTADE'RO, f. m. that part of the crofs-bow where the ftring is fixed and detained.
CINTARA'ZO, f. m. a ftroke with a leather girdle, or thong, or with a fword.
CINTAREA'R, v. a. to give a blow with a fword.
CINTERI'A, f. f. a merchandize of all fort of ribbons.
CINTE'RO, f. m. a rope made with horfe-hair.
CINTI'LLA, f. f. } a hat-band.
CINTI'LLO, f. m. } a hat-band.
CI'NTO, f. m. a girdle for a man, as *cínta*, a filk girdle for a woman.
CINTO'RIA, f. f. the herb centaury.
CINTRE'L, f. m. a term of architecture, the meaning of which I know not.
CINTU'RA, f. f. the waift, and fometimes the girdle.
Eftár úna mugér metída en cintúra, to be ftrait-laced.
CINTURI'LLA, f. f. a little girdle.
CINTURO'N, f. m. a broad belt.

CIP

CIPIO'N, f. m. an old man's walkingftaff.
CIPRE'S, f. m. cyprefs, a cyprefstree.

CIR

CI'RCO, f. m. any round place; properly the Circus at Rome, where the people faw the public shows.
CIRCUICIO'N, f. f. a circuit, a compafs, going about; alfo a preamble in difcourfe.
CIRCUI'R, v. a. to go about.
CIRCU'ITO, f. m. a circuit, a compafs.
CIRCULACION, f. f. circulation.
CIRCULA'R, v. a. to go about, to make a circle.
Circulár, adj. circular, round.
CIRCULARME'NTE, adv. circularly, roundly.
CI'RCULO, f. m. a circle, a figure contained but one line.
CIRCUMA'GIO, obf. a proverb.
CIRCUNCIDA'R, v. a. to circumcife.
CIRCUNCISIO'N, f. f. circumcifion.
CIRCUNDA'R, v. a. to compafs round.
CIRCUNDUCIO'N, a word ufed in the *cortes* of Spain, fignifying to bring them to fit fooner than the day they had been prorogued to, which is only done upon fome urgent occafion.
CIRCUNDUZI'R, v. a. to bring the *cortes* to fit as in *circunducién*.
CIRCUMFERENCIA, f. f. circumference.
CIRCUNFLE'XO, adj. circumflex bent round.
CIRCUNLOCUCIO'N, f. f. a circumlocution, round about way of talking.
CIRCUNLO'QUIO, f. m. circumlocution.
CIRCUNSCRIBI'R, v. a. to circumfcribe, or draw a circle or line about.
CIRCUNSCRIPTO, p. p. of *circumfcribir*.
CIRCUNSPECCIO'N, f. f. circumfpection, warinefs.
CIRCUNSPE'CTO, adj. circumfpect, cautious.
CIRCUNSTA'NCIA, f. f. a circumftance.
CIRCUNSTANCIAR, v. a. to circumftance or make a proof of any thing by accidents.
CIRCUNSTA'NTE, f. m. one prefent in company.
CIRCUNVALACIO'N, f. f. circumvallation.
CIRCUNVALA'R, v. a. to entrench round.
CIRCUNVEZI'NO, adj. neighbouring.
CIRIA'L, f. m. a candleftick.
CI'RIO, f. m. a wax-candle.
Cirio pafcuál, pafchal candle, which is a large one, ftanding by the fide of the high altar from Saturday in Holy Week till Afcenfion, and lighted a high mafs.
CI'RRO, f. m. a hard fwelling in the neck, or other part of the body.
CIRUE'LA, f. f. a plum.
Ciruéla paffa, a dried plum, a prune or prunello.
Ciruéla de inviérno, a nickname for the fnivel that hangs at any body's nofe in winter.
Ciruéla de fráyle, a large fort of plum.
CIRUE'LO, f. m. a plum-tree.
CIRUGI'A, f. f. furgery.
CIRUJA'NO, f. m. a furgeon.

CIS

CISCA'R, v. a. to affright, to put into bodily fear. In cant, to bewray one's felf.

Ciscárse, v. r. to bewray one's self for fear.

CI'SCO, f. m. small-coal; charcoaldust.

CI'SMA, f. m. schism.

CISMA'TICO, adj. schismatic.

CISMONTA'NO, adj. of this side of the mountain.

CI'SNE, f. m. a swan. In cant, a whore.

CISQUE'RO, f. m. a little linen-bag used among drawers to hold their small-coal which they mark their work by.

CISSU'RA, f. f. a cleaving or cutting of any thing.

CISTEL, } f. m. the religious order
CISTE'R, } of the Cistercians.

CISTERCIE'NSE, adj. belonging to *cistér*.

CISTE'RNA, f. f. a cistern.

C I T

CITA, f. f. citation, summons to appear; also an appointment.

CITACI'ON, f. f. summons, citation.

CITADE'LA, f. a citadel.

CITANI'LLO, pron. diminutive of *citáno*, used to a boy.

CITA'NO, pron. such a one.

CITA'R, v. a. to cite, to summon, to subpœna; also to quote an author.

CITATO'RIO, adj. cited summoned to appear, served with a subpœna.

CITERIO'R, adj. belonging to this side.

CI'THARA, f. f. a musical instrument so called.

CITHARI'STA, f. m. one who plays upon the cithara.

CITHARIZA'R, v. a. to play upon the cithara.

CITO, adv. the word used for calling a dog, holding out the hand and snapping the fingers to him.

CI'TOLA, f. f. the clapper of a mill; also a cittern.

CITOLE'RO, f. f. he that makes citterns, or plays on the lute.

CITO'TE, f. m. a summoner, one who cites or serves others with a subpœna.

C I U

CIUDA'D, f. f. a city.

CIUDADA'NO, f. m. a citizen.

CIUDADE'LA, f. f. a citadel.

CIUDADE'TA, f. f. a little city.

C I V

CIVE'RA, f. f. corn; also the gross of the almonds or such things; when the substance is squeezed out.

CIVICO, adj. belonging to a city, civick.

CIVI'L, adj. civil, courteous; political.

Guérra civil, civil war.

CIVILIDA'D, f. f. the public or civil government; also civility, courtesy; also misery, covetousness, avarice.

CIVILME'NTE, adv. according to the civil government, civilly, courteously.

C I Z

CIZA, f. f. vide *SI'SA*.

CIZA'DO, adj. vide *SISA'DO*.

CIZA'LLA, f. f. the fragment or remaining part of the metal in coining.

CIZA'ÑA, f. f. tares, cockle, darnel; also discord.

CIZAÑADO'R, f. m. one that sows tares or cockle, or that breeds discord.

CIZAÑA'R, v. a. to sow discord, tares, or cockle.

CIZAÑE'RO, f. m. sower of discord, mischief-maker.

CIZCUE'NTA, f. m. vide *CINQUENTA*.

CI'ZNE, f. m. vide *CI'SNE*.

CIZYLAO'N, f. m. the bitter vetch, a sort of pulse.

C L A

CLA'BA, f. f. vide *CLA'VA*.

CLABA'R, v. a. vide *CLAVAR*.

CLA'BE, f. f. vide *CLA'VE*.

CLA'BO, f. m. vide *CLA'VO*.

CLAMADO'R, f. m. one who cries out, or calls out.

CLAMA'R, v. n. to cry out, to make a clamour. In cant, to avoid.

Clamár mercéd, obf. to ask a favour.

CLAMI'DO, f. m. vide *CLAMO'R*.

CLAMI'STA, f. m. the person who cries out or makes a clamour.

CLA'MO, f. m in cant, a tooth; also a distemper.

CLAMO'R, f. m. a clamour, crying out, exclaiming.

CLAMOREA'DA, f. f. a crying out, a making a clamour.

CLAMOREA'R, v. n. to make a clamour, or cry out; to ring a peal for the dead.

CLAMORE'O, f. m. a lamentation, or crying out; or ringing a peal.

CLAMORO'SO, adj. clamorous, given to cry out.

CLANDESTINAME'NTE, adv. clandestinely, privily.

CLANDESTI'NO, adj. clandestine, secret, private.

CLANGO'R, f. m. the sound of a trumpet.

CLA'RA, f. f. clearness, light.

Clára de huévo, the white of an egg.

CLARABO'YA, f. f. a lanthorn, a light on the top of a house.

CLARABOYA'DO, adj. full of holes, full of apertures; alltattered, all ragged.

CLARAME'NTE, adv. clearly, plainly, evidently.

CLARAMIE'NTE, adv. obf. clearly, plainly, evidently.

CLARA'R, v. a. to give light.

CLARAVO'YA, f. f. vide *CLARABO'YA*.

CLARE'A, f. f. a liquor made with white-wine, sugar, and spice. In cant, the day.

CLAREA'R, v. n. to grow light.

Clareárse, v. r. to be made light; also to clear one's self from any accusation.

CLARECE'R, v. n. to grow clear, fair, or plain.

CLARETE, f. m. claret, redwine.

CLARE'ZA, } f. f. clearness,
CLARIDA'D, } brightness, plainness, perspicuity.

CLARIFICA'R, v. a. to clarify, to make bright, clear, or manifest.

CLARI'FICO, adj. clear, manifest, plain, evident.

CLARIME'NTES, **CLARIME'NTOS**, } f. m. pl. gaudy paintings, bright colours.

CLARI'N, f. m. a trumpet.

CLARINA'DO, adj. of or belonging to a bell-wether.

CLARINE'RO, f. m. the person who plays upon the *clarin*.

CLARIO'N, f. m. a musical instrument called a clarion.

CLARIO'SA, f. f. in cant, water.

CLARISSAS, f. f. pl. the nuns of Santa Clara.

CLA'RO, adj. bright, clear, light, plain, easy, perspicuous, evident, shrill, illustrious. In cant, the sky.

Passár de cláro en cláro, to fly clear through a place without touching any where, to go by without speaking or calling.

Passár el dia ò nóche de cláro en cláro, to spend the whole night or day.

Cláros, f. m. pl. the lights in a lanthorn, cupola, or the like.

CLAROR, f. m. brightness, clearness.

CLASSE, f. f. class, rank, order of persons, set of beings or things.

Clásse, f. f. a form, or bench, or degree in a school.

CLASSI'CO, adj. of or belonging to the classics.

CLAUCO, f. m. in cant, a hook.

CLAUDICA'R, v. n. to go lame; also to speak or act craftily, subtilly.

CLAUQUILLADO'R, f. m. an officer so called that searches and receives the duties of all goods.

CLAUQUILLA'R, v. a. to seal or mark any parcel of goods to shew it has been searched.

CLA'USTRA, f. f. a cloister, or enclosed place.

CLAUSTRA'L, adj. of or belonging to a cloister.

CLAUSTRAR, v. a. to shut up, to inclose with a wall.

CLAUSTRO, f. m. a cloister.

CLA'USULA, f. f. a sentence or period.

CLAUSULA'R, v. a. to make periods.

CLAUSU'RA, f. f. enclosure.

CLAVA, f. f. a club.

CLAVADO'R, f. m. one that nails.

CLAVADU'RA, f. f. nailing.

CLAVA'R, v. a. to nail.

Clavár los ójos en el suélo, to nail the eyes on the ground; that is, to fix the eyes upon the ground, when thoughtful.

CLAVA'RIO, f. m. the name given to a particular civil officer; in a monastery, a treasurer.

CLAVAZO'N, f. f. nailing.

CLA'VE, f. f. the stone on the top of a vault, which closes the whole work, called the key-stone. In architecture it is also the arch, or whole bent of the arch, or the part where it commences. In music, it is the key or cliff a lesson is played in, shewing the height of every note.

CLAVE'L, f. m. a pink, a gilliflower.

CLAVELLI'NA, f. f. a pink.

CLAVELO'N, f. m. vide **CLAVE'L**.

CLAVE'QUE, f. m. a stone like a diamond, but of less value.

CLAVE'RA, f. f. the hole a nail makes, also a row of wooden pins to hang any thing on.

Clavéra, f. f. the place where the pinks or gilliflowers grow.

CLAVERI'A, f. f. a dignity of knight-hood.

CLAVE'RO, f. m. an officer of note in the orders of knighthood; also a nail-maker and any one that bears the keys.

CLAVE'TE, f. m. any small iron or wooden pin; but particularly the pegs to wind up the strings of an instrument.

Clavetes, f. m. pl. studs; also the claves of the harpsichord.

CLAVETEA'R, v. a. to stud.

CLAVI'A, f. f. vide **CLAVIJA**.

CLAVICI'MBALO, f. m. an instrument much like the harpsichord.

CLAVICO'RDIO, f. m. a harpsichord, or spinet.

CLAVI'CULA, f. f. clavicle, collarbone.

CLAVICULA'R, v. a. to conjure up the devil.

CLAVI'JA, f. f. any wooden pin, or peg of any instrument; the key of a harpsichord.

Apretár la clavíja, to wind up the string of an instrument; to press or hasten an affair.

CLAVI'LLA *de cama*, f. f. a bed-screw.

CLAVI'LLOS, f. m. pl. architects give this name to a sort of cramping-irons used to bind the upper stones in walls to those below them, that they may not slip away. In common use this word signifies small nails.

CLAVIO'RGANO, f. m. a sort of instrument between a harpsichord and an organ.

CLAVITO, f. m. diminutive of *clávo*.

CLA'VO, f. m. a nail, a sort of corn on the toes; also a mark burnt on a slave's face with a red-hot iron that he may be known.

Clávo de governalle, the rudder of a ship.

Clávo de ójo, a spot in the white of the eye.

Clávo de hebilla, the tongue of a buckle.

Clávo de giróse, or *gerófle*, vide *Clávo de espécia*.

Clávo de herradúra a púnta de diamante, a frost-nail for a horse-shoe.

Dar en el clávo, to hit the nail on the head.

Echár clávo, to clap a nail into one; that is, to over-reach or cheat him.

No vále un clávo, it is not worth a nail; we say a straw or pin.

Echár a una persona una S, y un clávo, to burn a person with a nail in the shape of an S, on the face, which is the mark of a slave; to lay such obligations upon a man, as shall bind him to one for ever.

Un clavo saca otro, one nail drives out another.

Clavo de espécia, clove, a spice so called.

C L E

CLEMA'TIDE, f. f. the plant wild-climber, or travellers-joy, which runs up trees.

CLEME'NCIA, f. f. clemency, meeknefs, mercy.

CLEME'NTE, adj. meek, merciful, clement.

CLEMENTEME'NTE, adv. clemently, meekly, mercifully.

CLEMENTI'NAS, f. f. a collection of the canon law fo called.

CLEMESI'N, adj. purple-coloured.

CLERECI'A, f. f. the clergy.

CLERICA'DO, f. m. vide *CLERICA'TO.*

CLERICA'L, adj. belonging to the clergy; as.

Hábito de clericál, a clergyman's habit.

CLERICALME'NTE, adv. clergymanlike.

CLERICA'TO, f. m. the office or function of a clergyman.

Clericáto de cámara, the dignity of a clergyman that is in the Pope's palace.

CLE'RIGO, f. m. a clergyman, a p ieft.

CLERIGUI'LLO, f. m. diminutive of *clérigo.*

CLERIZO'N, f. m. a youth bred up in the fervice of the church, who wears a clergyman's habit, but is not in orders; an acolyte, a chorifter.

CLE'RO, f. m. the clergy.

C L I

CLI'CIE, f. f. the fun-flower, or turnfole.

CLIE'NTE, f. m. a client, one that is under the protection or direction of another.

CLIENTE'LA, f. f. clientship.

CLIE'NTULO, f. m. a little client.

CLI'MA, f. f. a climate.

CLIMATE'RICO, adj. climacterical, every feventh and ninth year is a climacteric, and fixty-three, being feven times nine, is the great climacteric.

CLIMATICO, adj. inconftant, various, unfettled.

CLI'N, f. f. horfe-hair, a horfe's mane.

Tenérfe a las clines, to hold faft by the mane; to ufe all means to bear up in the world.

CLINOPO'DIO, f. m. the herb called public-mountain, horfe-thyme, or wild-bafil.

CLIPE'O, f. m. buckler.

CLISTE'L, f. m. a clyfter.

C L O

CLOA'CA, f. f. a privy, a neceffary-houfe.

CLOACA'RIO, adj. belonging to finks or neceffary-houfes.

CLO'CLO, f. m. the clucking of a hen.

CLO'QUE, f. m. a boat-hook, a grappling-iron, any hook to take hold with.

CLOQUEA'R, v. a. to cluck as a hen does; alfo to kill fifh with a trouthook.

CLOQUE'RO, f. m. one that fifhes with a fpear or hook.

C L U

CLUE'CO, adj. broody; one that ftands very hollow as if he feared any thing fhould touch him.

CLUQUI'LLAS, adv. vide. *CUCLI'LLAS.*

C L Y

CLYME'NO, f. m. an herb with a ftalk like a bean, water-betony, fopewort, tutfan, or park-leaves.

CLYCIE, f. f. turnfole, fun-flower. Poetical.

CLYSTE'R, f. m. vide *CLISTE'L.*

CLYSTELE'RA, f. f. the woman who gives the clyfter.

C O A

CO'A, f. f. obf. vide *CO'LA.*

COABITACIO'N, f. f. cohabiting.

COABITA'R, v. a. to cohabit, to live together.

COACCIO'N, f. f. force, violence, compulfion.

COACERVA'R, v. a. to heap up together.

COACTIVO, adj. forcible, violent, urgent, cogent.

COADJUTO'R, f. m. a coadjutor.

COADJUTORI'A, f. f. the dignity of a coadjutor, or the hopes or expectation to fucceed to his place or dignity.

COADJUTO'RIO, adj. that helps or affifts another.

COADJUVA'R, v. a. to help, to affift.

COAGULACIO'N, f. f. a coagulation, curdling, or growing together.

COAGULA'R, v. a. to coagulate, to curdle, to grow together.

COAJULE'CHE, f. m. vide *CUAJALE'CHE.*

COAJUTO'R, f. m. vide *COADJUTOR.*

COA'LLA, f. f. a quail, or a wood-cock.

COANIMACIO'N, f. f. a fpiriting up of any thing, encouragement.

COAPATLI', f. m. a plant in New Spain, whereof there are feveral forts, and applied to divers medicinal ufes.

COAPTACIO'N, f. f. the fitting one thing with another.

COARTA'R, v. a. to limit or place bounds.

COATLI', f. m. a fhrub growing in the Weft Indies.

COAVA'NA, f. f. a fort of tree in the Weft Indies.

C O B

CO'BA, f. f. in cant, a ryal.

COBACHUE'LA, f. f. a little cave or cellar.

Cobachuéla, f. f. the fecretary's office.

COBA'R, v. a. to bow, to crook.

COBARDAR, v. a. vide *ACOBARDA'R.*

COBA'RDE, f. m. f. a coward.

COBARDEA'R, v. n. to fear, to be a co ard, to be afraid.

COBA'RDEMENTE, adv. cowardly.

COBARDI'A, f. f. cowardice.

COBDI'CIA, f. f. obf. vide *CODI'CIA*.
COBDICIA'R, v. a. obf. vide *CODICIA'R*.
COBDICIO'SO, adj. obf. vide *CODICIO'SO*.
COBDI'ZA, f. f. obf. vide *COBDI'CIA*.
CO'BDO, f. m. obf. vide *CO'DO*.
COBEGE'RA, f. f. a bawd.
COBERTA'ZA, f. f. a great pot-lid.
COBERTE'RA, f. f. a cover; a bawd.
Coberteras, in falconry, two large feathers in the hawk's tail, which cover the reft.
COBERTI'ZO, f. m. a penthoufe; a covered paffage or gallery.
COBERTO'R, f. m. a counterpane for a bed, any covering, a carpet.
COBERTU'RA, f. f. a covering.
COBIE'RTO, p. p. of *cobrir*. Vide *CUBIE'RTO*.
COBIGE'RA, f. f. a bawd.
COBI'JA, f. f. covering of any fort, but particularly a short fort of mantle worn by fervant-maids
COBIJADE'RA, f. f. vide *COBIGE'RA*.
COBIJADU'RA, f. f. covering.
COBIJA'R, v. a. to cover.
COBIJE'RA, f. f. obf. a maid, a waiting-maid.
COBRADO'R, f. m. a receiver, a recoverer.
COBRAMIE'NTO, f. m. profit, gain.
COBRA'NZA, f. f. receiving, or recovering.
COBRA'R, v. a. to receive, to recover, to retrieve.
Cobrár el hálcon, to retrieve the hawk.
Cobrár fuérzas, to gather ftrength.
Cobrár ánimo, to take courage.
Cobrár salúd, to recover one's health.
CO'BRE, f. m. copper.
Cóbre de cebóllas, a rope of onions.
Cóbre de béftias, a herd of cattle.
Batir el cóbre, to beat the copper; to make much noife, and be very eager about one's bufinefs; like the hammering of braziers.
COBRI'R, v. a. vide *CUBRI'R*.
CO'BRO, f. m. recovery, receipt, fafekeeping.
Ponér una cofa en cobro, to lay up a thing fafe. Ironically, to wafte or confume it; as we fay, to lay up a thing fo fafe that a man cannot come at it himfelf.
COBUJA'DA, f. f. vide *COGUJA'DA*.

COC

CO'CA, f. f. is a fmall green leaf growing on little trees or bushes about a man's height, in excef five hot and very moift land.
Cóca, f. f. children in Spain call the head by this name; and it was fo in old Spainish.
COCADO'R, f. m. one that makes faces and odd geftures like a monkey.
COCAñA, f. f. good cheer.
COCA'R, v. a. to make mouths or geftures like a monkey; to coax.
COCARA'R, v. n. to lay up corn in a granary.
COCATRI'Z, f. f. a cockatrice.
COCCI'NEO, adj. red, purple-coloured.
COCCIO'N, f. f. a boiling of water, or any thing elfe,
CO'CE, f. m. vide *COZ*.
COCEADO'R, f. m. a kicker, a fpurner.
COCEADU'RA, f. f. kicking, fpurning, or trampling on.
COCEA'R, v. n. to kick, to fpurn, to trample on.
COCE'DRA, f. f. a quilt, or mattrefs.
Cocédra de plumas, a feather-bed.
COCEDRO'N, f. m. a great quilt to lay under others.
COCEDU'RA, f. f. the act of fewing any thing.
COCELE'TE, f. m. a corflet.
COCE'R, v. a. to boil, to bake.
Cocérfe, v. r. to fret one's felf, to vex or torment one's felf.
COCHA'MBRE, f. m. a greafy filthy fmell, fuch as comes from dish-water, or greafy dirty cooks.
CO'CHE, f. m. a coach.
COCHEA'R, v. n. to guide or govern, to drive a coach.
COCHE'RA, f. f. a coach-houfe.
COCHERI'L, adj. belonging to a coach.
COCHERI'LLO, f. m. diminutive of *cochéro*.
COCHE'RO, f. m. a coachman.
COCHIFRI'TO, f. m. a particular ftewed dish, the chief ingredient of which is lamb or kid.
COCHI'NA, f. f. a fow.
COCHINA'TA, f. f. a piece of timber in a ship fo called.
COCHINERI'A, f. f. fowishnefs, naftinefs.
COCHINI'LLA, f. f. originally a woodloufe, but fince the fame name is given to fcarlet-dye, called *cochinille*, which is the Spanish name given it, becaufe it is made of fmall flies, which fprinkled with wine, or vinegar, roll up together like wood-lice, and thefe are the rich fcarlet-dye.
Cochinilla is alfo a fow-pig.
COCHINI'LLO, f. m. a fucking pig.
COCHI'NO, f. m. a pig, a porker; a flovenly fellow.
Cochino lechón, a fucking pig.
COCHI'O, f. m. aptnefs to boil.
Cochite hervite, adv. done in a hurry or hand over head, or meat but half boiled.
CO'CHO, adj. fodden, boiled, baked, or dreffed to eat.
COCHU'RA, f. f. a violent heat, or great fweat.
COCIDU'RA, f. f. vide *COCEDU'RA*.
COCIMIE'NTO, f. m. vide *COCCIO'N*.
COCI'NA, f. f. the kitchen, where the provifions are cooked in a houfe.
COCINA'R, v. a. to cook, to prepare victuals for the table.
COCINERI'A, f. f. the dreffing of victuals.
COCINE'RO, f. m. the cook.
COCINI'LLA, f. f. diminutive of *cocina*.
CO'CLE, f. m. a grapple, a hook to lay hold with.
COCLEA'R, v. a. to grapple, or to lay hold with an hook.
COCLI'LLO, f. a fort of worm that gnaws the vines.

CO'CO, f. f. a worm that eats the vines or other trees; or any fuch fort of worm or infect; alfo the word ufed to fright children, as we fay, the bug-bear.

Guáda el cóco, an expreffion ufed to deter children, as our English nurfes frighten them by bidding them take care of the bugabo.

Cóco, ò palma de las Indias, the coco-tree, otherwife called the palm-tree.

COCOBO'LO, f. m. a tree in the Weft Indies, the wood of a red colour.

COCODRI'LO, *COCODRI'LLO*, f. m. a crocodile; a falfe deceitful man.

Cocodrillo, f. m. a crocodile.

COCOLI'STE, f. m. a ficknefs like the fpotted fever.

COCOLO'BIS, f. m. a particular kind of wine.

COCO'SO, adj. full of worms.

COCO'TE, f. m. vide *COGO'TE*.

COCU'YO, f. m. a glow-worm.

C O D

CO'DA, f. f. obf. a tail.

Códa de múla, the herb called horfe-tail.

CODA'CO, f. m. vide *CODA'ZO*.

CODA'DA, f. f. a blow with the elbow.

CODADU'RA, f. f. the twig of a vine or little branch fprouting up from under ground.

CODA'L, adj. a cubit long, or belonging to the elbow.

Codál, the armour which covers the elbow.

Codál de carpintéro, a carpenter's fquare.

CODA'STE, f. m. the ftern-poft; the laft timber in the ftern of a ship, to which the rudder is made faft.

CODA'ZO, f. m. a blow with the elbow.

CODEA'R, v. n. to beat about the elbows, to make room with them.

CODE'RA, f. f. the fcab on the elbow, or a torn fleeve at the elbow.

CO'DICE, f. m. the body, or ftump, or ftock of a tree; a book, or volume, a manufcript.

CODI'CIA, f. f. avarice, covetoufnefs, greedinefs.

CODICIA'BLE, adj. to be coveted.

CODICIADO'R, f. m. one that covets.

CODICIA'R, v. a. to covet.

CODICILA'R, v. n. to make a codicil or an addition to a laft will and teftament.

CODICI'LO, f. m. a codicil, or an addition a man makes before his death to his laft will and teftament

CODICIOSAME'NTE, adv. covetoufly; greedily; alfo anxioufly.

CODICIO'SO, adj. covetous, greedy; alfo eager, earneft, or anxious.

Mugér codiciófa, is fometimes taken in a good fenfe for a good houfewife.

CO'DIGO, f. m. a volume of the civil law, fo called from the Latin *codex*.

CODI'LLO, f. m. a little elbow; alfo a term in a game at cards; codille.

CO'DO, f. m. an elbow; alfo the meafure we call a cubit, being a foot and a half.

Dar del códo, to give a private hint with the elbow; alfo to put away, to reject.

Bebér de códos, to drink leaning upon one's elbows; that is, leifurely, and at one's eafe.

CODO'N, f. m. a bag to tie up an horfe's tail in; alfo the tail of the horfe.

CODO'N, *CODO'ÑO*, f. m. a quince.

CODOÑE'RO, f. m. a quince-tree.

CODORNI'Z, f. f. a quail.

C O E

COECHA'R, v. a. vide *COHECHA'R*.

COEFICIE'NTE, adj. that which makes, caufes, or brings to pafs with another.

COEPI'SCOPO, f. m. a bishop's companion or colleague.

COETA'NEO, adj. of the fame age.

COE'TE, f. m. fquib, cracker, or ferpent made of gunpowder.

COETE'RNO, adj. co-eternal.

COEXTENDE'RSE, v. r. to ftretch out together, to extend equally.

C O F

CO'FIA, f. f. a woman's coif.

COFI'N, f. m. *COFI'NA*, f. f. basket, pannier, frail.

COFRA'DE, f. m. a brother of a brotherhood or confraternity.

Cofrádas de pala, in cant, an affembly of thieves.

COFRADI'A, f. f. brotherhood, confraternity, corporation; in cant, a multitude of robbers.

COFRA'DRE, f. m. obf. vide *COFRA'DE*.

CO'FRE, f. m. coffer, trunk cheft.

COFREA'R, v. n. to bow in the back as old men do.

COFRECI'TO, f. m. a little trunk, or coffer.

COFRE'RO, f. m. trunk-maker.

C O G

COGEA'R, v. n. vide *COXEA'R*.

COGEDI'ZO, adj. that is, or may be gathered.

COGEDO'R, f. m. gatherer.

COGEDU'RA, f. f. the act of catching or gathering any thing.

COGE'R, v. a. to gather, to catch; fea-term, to quoil a rope; that is, to lay it in rounds one over another as it is gathered up, that it may lay together, and run without entangling.

Cogér los frutos de la tierra, to gather in harveft.

Cogér el agua el navío, is for a ship to leak, or take in water.

Cogér el ladrón, to catch the thief.

Cogér rópa, to fold linen.

Cogér a úno a palábras, to entrap a man in his own words.

Cogér água en céfto, to take up water in a basket, to labour in vain.

COGI'DA, f. f. a gathering of the harveft.

COGIMIE'NTO, f. m. a gathering, catching, taking.

COGITABUNDO, adj. thoughtful.
COGITA'R, v. a. to think.
COGITATI'VO, adj. belonging to the power or faculty of thinking; pensive.
COGNACIO'N, f. f. relation.
COGNA'DO, adj. related by father or mother.
COGNICIO'N, f. f. knowledge.
COGNO'MBRE, f. m. a surname.
COGNOME'NTO, f. m. a nickname, a by-name given to a person from his actions, as Judas the traitor, Dionysius the tyrant, &c.
COGNOCI'BLE, adj. capable to be known.
COGNOSCITIVO, adj. having the power of knowing.
COGOLLI'CO, f. m. diminutive of *cogóllo*.
COGO'LLO, f. m. the heart of a tree, the close part of a cabbage, or cabbage-lettuce, or the like; used also as *cogúlla*.
COGOLMADU'RA, f. f. heaping above the measure.
COGOLMAMIE'NTO, f. m. idem.
COGOLMA'R, v. a. to heap up, to heap above the measure.
COGO'LMO, f. m. vide *COLMO*.
COGOMBRI'LLO, f. m. diminutive of *cogombro*.
COGO'MBRO, f. m. vide *COHO'MBRO*.
COGOME'LO, f. m. a mushroom. Obf.
COGO'TE, f. m. the pole of the head, the nape of the neck.
Dar de cogóte, to fall down backwards.
COGU'CHO, f. m. the coarfest fort of fugar.
COGUJA'DA, f. f. a lark.
Cogujáda copúda, a copple crowned lark.
COGUJO'N, f. m. the corner of a feather-bed or bolfter, the corner of a quilt to lie on.
COGU'LLA, f. f. a monk's cowl or hood.
COGULLA'DA, f. f. the part that is full of kernels in the neck of fwine.

C O H

COHABITACIO'N, f. m. a cohabitation, living together.
COHABITA'R, v. n. to cohabit, to dwell with another, to live together.
COHECHADO'R, f. m. one that gives bribes.
COHECHA'R, v. a. to bribe, to corrupt; alfo to plough, to till, to manure the ground; to gather the harveft.
COHECHAZO'N, f. m. bribing; alfo tilling, ploughing, manuring.
COHE'CHO, f. m. a bribe.
COHEREDE'RO, f. m. a coheir.
COHERE'NCIA, f. f. coherence, agreement.
COHERE'NTE, adj. agreeing, correfpondent, cohering.
COHERMANA'R, v. a. to unite, to ally, to join like brothers.
COHE'TE, f. m. a fquib, cracker, or ferpent made with gunpowder.
COHETERI'A, f. f. the throwing or burning of fquibs.
COHETE'RO, f. m. the perfon who makes or fells fquibs.
COHIBI'R, v. a. to reftrain, keep back, prevent.
COHI'TA de cáfas, f. f. obf. a quarter of a town, or any number of houfes.
COHO'L, f. m. a ftone found in filvermines; antimony; alfo black lead, a kind of colouring ftuff.
COHOMBRA'L, f. m. a garden or bed of cucumbers.
COHOMBRI'LLO, f. m. the wild cucumber.
COHO'MBRO, f. m. a fort of cucumber.
COHONDER, v. a. to confound, to deftroy, to fpot.
COHONDIMIE'NTO, f. m. confounding, deftroying.
COHO'RTE, f. f. a cohort, a band or company of foldiers.

C O I

COIDA'R, v. n. obf. vide *CUIDAR*.
COIDO, f. m. obf. vide *CUIDADO*.
CO'IMA, f. f. in cant, a whore.
COIME, f. m. the perfon who takes care of the gaming-houfe. In cant, the mafter.
COIME'RO, f. m. vide *COIME*.
COINCIDE'NTE, adj. coincident, falling in together with any thing.
COINCIDI'R, v. n. to coincide, to concur, to fall on the fame point.
COINQUINA'DO, adj. fpotted, defiled.
CO'ITA, f. f. obf. care, trouble, uneafinefs, or any misfortune which may happen.
COITA'RSE, v. r. obf. to haften full of grief, to be forrowful.
COITI'VO, adj. obf. having accefs to coition.
COITO, f. m. carnal copulation.

C O J

CO'JA, *CO'JO*, vide *COGE'R*.
COJEA'R, v. a. vide *COXEA'R*
COJE'CHA, f. f. vide *COSECHA*
COJEDIZO, adj. vide *COGEDI'ZO*.
COJE'R, v. a. vide *COGE'R*.
COJE'RA, f. f. lamenefs.
COJIMIE'NTO, f. m. vide *COGIMIE'NTO*.
CO'JO, adj. lame.
COJO'N de pérro, the herb ragwort.
COJO'NDRA, f. f. obf. vide *COYULDA*.
COJO'NES, f. m. pl. the tefticles of man or beaft.
COJU'DO, adj. that has great tefticles, that is not gelt.

C O L

CO'L, f. f. a colewort.
Entra col y col lechúga, betwixt a colewort and a lettuce; that is, interlay your difcourfe with variety, as gardeners do; and let no words be loft.
CO'LA, f. f. a tail; alfo glue, or fizing, and a long note in mufic.
Cóla del arádo, the plough-tail, or handle.
Cóla de cabállo, the herb called horfe-tail, or fhave-grafs.
Cóla de péce, an herb called fifh-tail.

Cóla de golondrina, properly a swallow's tail; but among workmen it is that which we call a duf-tail, or dove-tail, because cut in the shape of a bird's tail, which makes it hold fast.

Llevár la cólá ò sér cóla, to carry a tail, or to be a tail; that is, to be humbled or pulled down from what he esteemed himself to be.

Cóla muérdaga de roble, misseltoe of the oak.

Castigádo de cóla, properly a horse that is made to carry his tail down; metaph. one that is humbled, pulled down backwards.

Rascárse la cóla, to scratch one's tail, to be confined to little compass, after being used to live at large, as the horse rubs down his tail, when the stable is short.

Cubrírse con la cóla, to cover one's self with one's tail; to alledge frivolous excuses, which is like no covering.

Llevár la cóla en vótos, to be the last to give one's vote.

COLACIO'N, f. f. a collation; a repast of cold meat, or rather what is allowed to be eaten on fasting night; a bever, an evening-meal; also the collation of a benefice; also comparison.

COLACIONA'R, v. a. to compare a copy with the original.

COLACTA'NEO, f. m. a sucking together, a foster-brother.

COLA'DA, f. f. buck, or lye for linen.

Echár a úno en la coláda, to put a man into the buck; this they say to a man that is very dirty.

Tódo saldrá en la coláda, it will all come out in the buck; though a man's faults be never so secret, they will out in time.

Tódo saldrá en la coláda, you will be paid off the old score altogether.

COLADE'RO, f. m. a strainer, a cullender, a basket to put linen into for the lye to run through them; a narrow passage where but one can pass.

COLADO'R, f. m. vide *COLADE'RO*.

COLADU'RA, f. f. straining; also bucking of linen.

COLA'INA, f. f. a gulp a wine, a taste of wine, a sip.

COLA'IRE, f. m. the place through which many vinds pass.

COLA'MBRE, a dicker of leather; in cant it is thirst, or drinking.

COLA'R, v. a. to strain through a strainer, to buck linen; also to glue, and to run out gently, as liquors do at a small hole, crack, or the like.

COLA'STE, f. m. the rake of the ship aft; that is, as much of the stern as hangs over the keel.

COLATERA'L, adj. collateral, as the collateral line, which is not the immediate line from father to son, but the next, as from an uncle, or the like; also that which is on the side of the other.

COLATI'VO, adj. heaped up, clubbed, or brought in by joint payment, mutual.

COLA'UDAR, v. a. to praise, to commend.

COLA'YNA, f. f. in cant, a draught of wine.

COLCE'DRA, f. f. a feather-bed to lie on.

COLCEDRO'N, f. m. augm. of *colcedra*.

CO'LCHA, f. f. a quilt to cover, or lay over a bed.

COLCHADU'RA, f. f. the quilting.

COLCHA'R, v. a. to quilt.

COLCHE'RO, f. m. one that makes or sells quilts to cover beds.

COLCHICO, f. m. an herb called by apothecaries hermodactyl, liricumphancy.

COLCHO'N, f. m. a mattress, or featherbed.

Colchón desbastádo, a quilt that has all the tackings or bastings that keep it in form, dropped off; metaph. an unweildy gross fellow.

COLCHONCI'CO, *COLCHONCI'LLO*, f. m. a little mattress, or quilt to lie on.

COLCHONE'RO, f. m. one who makes mattresses or feather-beds.

CO'LE, f. m. vide *COL*.

COLEA'DA, f. f. a stroke with the tail.

COLEA'R, v. n. to wag the tail.

COLECCIO'N, f. f. collection, gathering together.

COLE'CTA, f. f. vide *COLLECCIO'N*.

COLECTA'NEA, f. f. vide *COLECCIO'N*.

COLECTA'R, v. a to collect, or gater together.

COLECTI'CIO, adj. of the common stock or sort, ordinary, common.

COLECTIVAME'NTE, adv. gathered together in heaps; also briefly, compendiously.

COLECTI'VO, adj. collective, gathered into one mass.

COLECTO'R, f. m. the person who gathers, a collector.

COLECTURI'A, f. f. collection, the office of a collector.

COLE'GA, f. m. collegue, companion in office or otherwise.

COLEGACION, f f. gathering together; an assembly, a congregation.

COLEGA'R, v. a. to gather together, to assemble, to confederate, to unite.

COLEGIA'L, f. m. a collegiate, or student in a college; adj. used, belonging to a college.

COLEGIAME'NTE, adv. collegiatelike.

COLEGIA'TA, f. f. a collegiate church.

COLEGIATU'RA, f. f. the place or rank of a *collegial*.

COLE'GIO, f. m. a college.

COLEGI'R, v. a to gather; to infer, to deduce by reason.

COLE'O, f. m. the motion of the tail in any beast; also the motion of the beard in a man.

CO'LERA, f. f. choler, anger.

Coléra, f. f. a beautiful tail of any creature.

COLE'RICO, adj. choleric, hasty, passionate.

COLE'TA, f. f. the hair of the head cut round, a small skull-cap; also a sort of canvas to make doublets.

COLETA'NEO, f. m. a foster-brother, one that sucks the same milk.

COLETE'RO, f. m. a perfon who makes the buff coats.
COLETI'CO, f. m. a little buff or leather jerkin.
COLETI'LLA, f. f. a woman's kerchief.
COLE'TO, f. m. buff coat.
COLGADE'RO, f. m. a thing to hang another by, or that which hangs.
COLGADI'ZO, adj. that is, or may be hung.
COLGADO'R, f. m. a hanger.
COLGADU'RA, f. f. the hanging of a room; alfo hanging of any other thing.
COLGA'JO, f. m. a thing that hangs dangling.
Colgájo de úvas, a bunch of grapes.
COLGA'R, v. a. to hang, to hang a room; to depend on another; to prefent on a man's birth-day, or the feaft of the faint of his name; alfo to hang a man.
Colgár de la bóca del que hábla, to be wholly intent upon what one fays.
CO'LICA, f. f. the colick.
CO'LICO, adj. that has the colick.
COLIDIR, v. a. to collide, to rub, to dash, to beat; to knock together.
COLIFLO'R, f. f. a cauliflower.
COLIGACIO'N, f. f. union, league, confederacy, alliance in any undertaking.
COLIGA'DO, adj. bound together, confederated, allied.
COLIGADU'RA, f. f. a connexion or binding together.
COLIGA'R, v. r. to make an alliance, or confederacy.
COLI'LLA, f. f. diminutive of *cóla*.
COLI'NA, f. f. cabbage-feed; alfo a narrow hill betwixt two vales.
COLI'NO, f. m. a young cabbage or fprout.
COLIQUA'R, } v. a to liquefy,
COLIQUECE'R, } to make liquid.
COLI'RIO, f. m. a medicine for the eyes.
COLISSE'O, f. m. a theatre; alfo any place where there are large ftatues.
CO'LLA, f. f. a gale of wind.
COLLA'DO, f. m. a hillock.
COLLA'R, f. m. a collar.

COLLARE'JO, f. m. a little collar; alfo the cape of a cloak or coat.
COLLARCI'LLO, } f. m. vide *COL*
COLLARI'CO, } *LARE'JO*.
COLLARI'NO, f. m. the colle-rine, a term among architects; a fmall circle or round that compaffes the top and bottom of the column.
COLLATA'R, adj. obf. vide *COLATERA'L*.
COLLA'ZO, f. m. vide *COLA'ZO*; a fervant they hire to plough and till.
COLLE'JA, f. f. a little ftalk or ftem.
COLLE'RA, f. f. a collar for a horfe or other beaft of draught.
Colléra, the chains with which the galley-flaves were chained.
COLLE'TA, f. f. a cabbage-plant.
CO'LMA, f. f. vide *CO'LMO*.
COLMADAME'NTE, adv. in heaps, perfectly, completely.
COLMADU'RA, f. f. heaping up.
COLMA'R, v. a. to heap up.
COLMEA'R, f. m. vide *COLMEÑA'R*.
COLME'NA, f. m. a bee-hive.
Tenér la cafa como una colména, to have a houfe like a bee-hive; that is, well ftored.
COLMENA'R, f. m. a place to keep bee-hives.
COLMENE'RO, f. m. one that keeps bee-hives.
COLMILLE'JO, f. m. diminutive of *colmíllo*.
COLMI'LLO, f. m. the tusk of a boar or any other beaft; alfo the four teeth of a man, which part the fore teeth from the hind teeth.
COLMILLU'DO, adj. that has great tusks.
COLMO, f. m. the top of any thing, the heaped part of a meafure, that which rifes above the edges of the meafure.
No llegár en cólmo, not to rife to the top, not come to perfection.
CO'LO, f. m. the inteftine colon.
COLO'BIO, f. m. a short coat without fleeves ufed in former ages.
COLOBRI'NA, f. f. vide *CULEBRI'NA*.
COLOCACIO'N, f. f. placing, or beftowing, fettling.

COLOCA'R, v a to place, to fettle.
COLOCY'NTIDA, f. f. a kind of wild gourd, purging phlegm, the apple whereof is called *coloquintida*.
COLO'DRA, f. f. a horn to drench beafts; alfo a deep pan to milk sheep or goats in.
COLODRI'LLO, f. m. the pole of the head, the nape of the neck.
Dar de colodríllo, to tumble down backwards.
COLO'DRO, f. m. a fort of wooden shoes.
Andár de zócos en colódros, to run out of one danger into another, to fall out of the frying-pan into the fire.
COLOMBROÑO, f. m. namefake.
COLO'NIA, f. f. a broad filk ribbon; alfo a colony, or number of people fent to fettle in any place.
COLO'NO, f. m. a husbandman who cultivates the ground he has hired.
COLOPHO'NIA, f. f. fine rofin.
COLOQUINTI'DA, f. f. the coloquintida plant and apple.
COLO'QUIO, f. m. colloquy, conference.
COLOQUUTO'R, f. m. the perfon who talks with another.
COLO'R, f. m. colour; pretence; paint for women's faces.
Mudár el colór del róftro, to change the colour in the face, to blush.
Colór cárdeno, a black and blue colour.
Colór lléno, a deep colour.
Colór muérto, a faded colour.
Colór vivo, a bright, lively colour.
Mudár colór, to change colour, as a man does upon a furprize.
Bolvérfe en colór, to blush.
COLORACIO'N, f. f. the ftate of being coloured.
COLORA'DO, adj. red; fometimes taken for coloured.
Ponerfe colorádo, to blush.
COLORA'R, v. a. to colour, to palliate, to excufe.
Palabras colorádas, obfcene words in converfation.
COLOREA'R, v. n. to begin to

recover a colour; alſo to colour, to palliate.
COLORI'DO, ſ. m. the colouring, the manner of colouring particular to each painter.
COLORI'N, ſ. m. a linnet.
COLORIR, v. a. to ſet out in colours.
COLORI'STA, ſ. m. coloriſt, the painter who excels in colouring.
COLO'SSO, ſ. m. any ſtatue of an extraordinary bigneſs.
COLO'STRO, ſ. m. beeſtings, thick milk that comes ſoon after a cow has calved.
COLUDI'R, v. a. to collude, to diſſemble, to deceive.
COLUMBI'NO, adj. dove-like, dovecolour.
COLUMBRADO'R, ſ. m. in cant, a ſpy, an obſerver, or looker over.
COLUMBRA'R, v. a to diſcover at a diſtance, ſo that a man can ſcarce diſcern what it is.
COLU'MBRES, ſ. m. pl. in cant, the eyes.
COLUMBRO'N, ſ. m. a glimpſe of a thing as far as one can ſee.
COLUME'LA, ſ. f. a little column.
COLU'MNA, ſ. f. vide *COLU'NA*.
COLUMPIA'RSE, v. r. to ſwing on a rope, as boys do.
COLU'MPIO, ſ. m. a ſwing, or the act of ſwinging.
COLU'NA, ſ. f. a column, or pillar.
Colúna Dórica, Iónica, Corintia, Toſcána, Compóſita, Gótica, a column of the Doric, Ionic, Corinthian, Tuſcan, Compoſite, or Gothic order.
Colúna de média cáña, a half pillar; that is, only the half round, as is uſed againſt a wall.
Colúna iſtriáda, a fluted column.
COLUNACION, ſ. f. adorning with columns, or the placing or diſpoſing of them.
COLUNA'RIO, ſ. m. a diſpoſition, or placing of columns, a colonnade, any ſeries or range of pillars.
COLU'ROS, ſ. m. pl. the colures, being two great circles in the ſphere cutting one another, at right angles, at the poles of the world, and dividing the zodiac into four parts.
COLUSI'ON, ſ. f. colluſion, fraud, deceitful dealing, when two combine to cheat a third.
COLUSO'R, ſ. m. one that colludes, diſſembles, or joins with another to cheat.
COLY'RIO, ſ. m. a medicine for the eyes, eye-ſalve; alſo a tent, a peſſary made fuller at one end, and ſmaller at the other like a mouſe's tail, to dreſs fiſtulas with.

C O M

CO'MA, ſ. f. obſ. the hair.
Coma, ſ. f. a ſtop called a comma, the point which notes the diſtinction or clauſes, marked thus (,).
COMA'DRE, ſ. f. a midwife, a goſſip.
Juéves de comádres, Goſſips Thurſday, Thurſday ſeven-night before Shrove-Tueſday, for the Thurſday before is called *Juéves de comprádres*, the Hegoſſips Thurſday, and that immediately before Shrove-Tueſday; *Jueves para tódos*, for all, both men and women.
COMADRE'JA, ſ. f. a weaſel.
COMADRE'RA, ſ. f. a goſſipping woman.
COMADRE'RO, ſ. m. a man that is always among the women.
COMANDAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. the government of any province or kingdom.
COMA'NDANCIA, ſ. f. vid. *COMANDAMIE'NTO*.
COMANDA'NTE, ſ. m. a commandant, a captain.
COMANDA'R, v. a. to command.
COMA'NDO, ſ. m. a command.
COMA'RCA, ſ. f. a diſtrict, or territory, a liberty, or the country about a town; alſo the borders or confines.
COMARCA'NO, adj. neighbouring, near the borders within the liberties.
COMARCA'R, v. n. to border, to beneighbouring.
CO'MBA, ſ. f. a bump, a round ſwellling cauſed by a fall or blow; alſo a felon on a finger.
COMBADU'RA, ſ. f. bending, making crooked.
COMBA'R, v. a. to bow, to bend, to turn into an arch.
COMBA'TE, ſ. m. combat, battle, conflict, aſſault.
COMBATI'BLE, adj. aſſaultable.
COMBATIDO'R, ſ. m. a combater, a fighter, an aſſailant, a champion.
COMBATIE'NTE, ſ. m. a combatant.
COMBATAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. fighting, combating.
COMBATI'R, v. a. to combat; to fight, to aſſault.
Hombre apercibido médio combatido, a man that is upon his guard has half the battle over. Fore-warned, fore-armed.
COMBE'S, ſ. m. the deck of a ship.
COMBIDADO'R, ſ. m. one that invites.
COMBIDA'R, v. a. to invite.
COMBIDO'N, ſ. m. the ſquire of the company, he that treats all.
COMBINACIO'N, ſ. f. a combination.
COMBINA'R, v. a. to combine, to plot, to deviſe, or to join together in a deſign.
COMBI'TE, ſ. m. an invitation, alſo a feaſt, or treat.
Combite con pórra, a feaſt with a club: that is, an invitation at which every one pays.
COMBLE'ZA, ſ. f. obſ. a concubine, a miſtreſs kept by a married man.
COMBLE'ZO, ſ. m obſ. a rival, a competitor; alſo one that is too familiar with another man's wife.
COMBO'Y, ſ. m. convoy, money, proviſions, or ammunition ſent to a town or army with a guard to ſecure it againſt the enemy; the ſame word is uſed at ſea for a guard of men of war to ſecure merchants.
COMBOYA'R, v. a. to convoy.
COMBUSTI'BLE, adj. combuſtible, that can be burnt.
COMEDE'RO, ſ. m. a room to eat in, or a veſſel for any creature to feed out of.

Comedéro, adj. eatable.
COME'DIA, s. f. a comedy, a play.
COMEDIA'NTE, s. m. f. player, or actor.
COME'DICO, adj. belonging to a comedy.
COMEDIDAME'NTE, adv. civilly, courteously.
COMEDI'DO, adj. civil, courteous, well-bred, well-behaved: also moderate.
COMEDIMIE'NTO, s. m. civility, good breeding; also moderation.
COME'DIO, s. m. an interval of time.
COMEDI'R, v. a. to premeditate, to deliberate upon, or consult how any thing must be done.
Comedírse, v. r. to be civil, to grow calm, to moderate.
COME'DO, s. m. obs. vide *COMEDIA'NTE*.
COMEDO'R, s. m. a great eater; a dining-room.
COMENDA'BLE, adj. commendable, praise-worthy.
COMENDADO'R, s. m. a commendary; he who has a revenue in commendam, either priest or knight of the military orders.
Commendadóres de bóla, in cant, thieves that play at fairs.
COMENDA'R, v. a. to recommend; to commend; to praise.
COMENDE'RO, s. m. vide *COME'NDADOR*; also he that commits any thing to one's charge.
COMENDATA'RIO, s. m. one who has a benefice in commendam.
COMENSA'L, adj. mess-mate, a companion at board or a table.
COMENTADO'R, s. m. one who makes comments or remarks.
COMENTA'R, v. a. to comment, to explain, to make remarks on.
COMENTA'RIO, s. m. commentary.
COME'NTO, s. m. comment, explanation.
COMENTUA'L, adj. belonging to a comment.
COMENZADO'R, s. m. one who begins or commences.
COMENZAMIE'NTO, s. m. a comencement, or beginning.
COMENZA'R, v. a. to begin, to commence.
COME'R, v. a. to eat, to dine.
Comér un bocádo sin assentárse, to eat a bit without sitting down.
Comér de górra or *de mogollón*, to spunge one's victuals.
Comér mil ducadós de rénta, to spend a thousand ducats a year.
Tenér que comér, to be well to pass.
Comérse a ótro de un bocádo, te eat up a man at a morsel; to make nothing of him.
Comérse únos a ótros, to eat up one another; to be always quarrelling.
Comérse de piójos en úna cárcel, to be eaten up by lice in a prison; to die miserably in it.
Comér de mogollón, to spunge a dinner.
Comér y callar, to eat and say nothing.
COMERCIA'BLE, adj. that can be sold, saleable; also sociable, affable.
COMERCIA'L, adj. belonging to traffic.
COMERCIA'NTE, s. m. he who traffics; a tradesman, a merchant.
COMERCIA'R, v. n. to traffic or merchandize.
COME'RCIO, s. m. commerce, trade.
COME'RES, s. m. pl. victuals, eatables.
COMESTI'BLE, adj. eatable.
COME'TA, s. m. a comet, a blazing star.
COME'TARIO. adj. belonging to a comet or blazing star.
COMETEDO'R, s. m. one that commits an affair to another, or that commits a crime.
COMETE'R, v. a. to commit a thing to, to commit a crime.
COMETIDO'R, s. m. vide *COMETEDO'R*.
COMETIMIE'NTO, s. m. committing.
COMEZO'N, s. m. itching; the sting of conscience.
COMICAME'NTE, adv. comically, humourously.
COMI'CIO, s. m. an assembly of people for chusing officers or making of laws.
CO'MICO, adj. comic, comical.
COMI'DA, s. f. meat, dinner.
COMIDI'LLA, s. f. diminutive of *comida*.
COMIE'NZO, s. m. a beginning.
COMIGO, adv. with me.
Estás comigo? are you on my side? do you understand me?
COMILITO'N, s. m. a person given to gluttony.
COMILO'N, s. m. a great eater, a greedy gut, a glutton.
COMILONEA'R, v. n. to play the glutton.
COMI'NO, s. f. the plant and seed cummin.
Fulàno párte un comíno, such a one splits a cummin seed; he is niggardly.
No mónta un trápo atádo de comínos, it is not worth a rag full of cummin seeds; it is not worth a straw or button.
COMISSARI'A, s. f. the office of a commissary.
COMISSA'RIO, s. m. a commissary.
Comissário, a person chosen by any community.
COMISSIO'N, s. f. commission.
COMISSIONA'RIO, s. m. vide *COMISSA'RIO*.
COMISSO, s. m. the penalty laid on those who deal in contraband goods or traffick against law.
COMISSU'RA, s. f. a joint, the place where boards or other things are joined.
COMI'TE, s. m. vide *COMITRE*.
COMITI'VA, s. f. company, convoy; a thing committed to another.
CO'MITRE, s. m. a boatswain of a ship or galley.
COMMEMORACIO'N, s. f. commemoration, remembrance.
COMMEMORA'R, v. a to commemorate, to remember.
COMMENSA'L, s. m. mess-mate, who eats at the same table with others.
COMMENSURACIO'N, s. f. commensuration, measuring together.

COMMENSURA'R, v. n. to proportion, or measuring together.
COMMILITO'N, f. m. a fellow-soldier.
COMMINACIO'N, f. f. a threat.
COMMINA'R, v. a. to threaten.
COMMINATO'RIO, adj. threatening.
COMMISERACIO'N, f. f. commiseration, compassion.
COMMOCIO'N, f. f. a commotion, a disturbance.
COMMONITO'RIO, f. m. advice, counsel.
COMMOVE'R, v. a. to stir up, to incense, to provoke.
COMMUTACIO'N, f. f. a change.
COMMUTA'R, v. a. to change, alter, or truck.
COMMUTATI'VO, adj. commutative.
CO'MO, conj. how, as, like, why, so, as, if, after that manner.
Hágo cómo tu háces, I do as you do.
Anda cómo un lóco, he goes like a madman.
Cómo eres tan málo ? why are you so wicked ?
Cómo éllo séa buéno, so it be good.
Cómo quiera, howsoever.
COMODAME'NTE, adv. commodiously, conveniently.
COMODA'R, v. a. in cant, to truck, to exchange.
COMODA'TO, f. m. in law, any thing borrowed on condition of restitution in kind.
COMODIDA'D, f. f. conveniency, opportunity; also profit, or gain.
COMODISTA, f. m. a person who is studious of his own conveniency.
CO'MODO, f. m. conveniency, opportunity; also convenient, commodious.
COMPADECE'R, v. a. to have compassion, to commiserate, to bear a part in others troubles.
COMPADRA'R, v. n. to ally as gossips, to match.
COMPADRA'ZGO, f. m. gossipship.
COMPA'DRE, f. m. a man-gossip, a compeer.
COMPA'GE, f. f. joint, closure, a close joining or setting together.
COMPA'ÑA, f. f. vide *COMPAÑI'A*.
COMPAÑE'RO, f. m. companion.
COMPAÑI'A, f. f. a company, a fellowship in trade, a society, a company of soldiers; also a wife.
COMPA'ÑO, *COMPAÑO'N*, f. m. a companion.
COMPAÑONCI'NO, *COMPAÑONCI'LLO*, f. m. diminutive of *compañon*.
COMPAÑONES, f. m. pl. the testicle of a man or beast.
Compañones de pérro, stander-grass.
COMPAÑUE'LA, f. f. a little company.
COMPARA'BLE, adj. comparable.
COMPARACIO'N, f. f. comparison.
En comparación de ésto, in comparison of this: spoke adverbially.
Toda comparación es odiósa, comparisons are odious.
COMPARADO'R, f. m. a comparer.
COMPARA'NZA, f. f. vide *COMPARACIO'N*.
COMPARA'R, v. a. to compare
COMPARATIVAME'NTE, adv. comparatively, in comparison.
COMPARATI'VO, adj. compared, or belonging to comparison.
COMPARECE'N[illegible]IA, f. f. an appearance before a judge at the time appointed, a recognisance or day of appearance.
COMPARECE'R, v. n. to appear.
COMPARICIO'N, f. f. appearing.
COMPA'RSA, f. f. a train or retinue of attendants or followers, a prince's court, a multitude, or company.
COMPARTIMIE'NTO, f. m. the distribution of the whole into parts.
Compartimiéntos, compartments in painting or drawing.
COMPARTI'R, v. a. to distribute, to divide: also to impart, to communicate.
COMPA'S, f. m. the motion of the feet in fencing.
Compás, f. m. a pair of compasses; in music it is the time that is kept, or the master's beating time.
Salir del compás, not to keep time; not to do things orderly.
COMPASSA'R, v. a. to measure with compasses, to compass.
COMPASSI'BLE, adj. that is compassionate, or has pity.
COMPASSI'LLO, f. m. one of the four times used in music.
COMPASSIO'N, f. f. compassion, pity, commiseration.
COMPASSI'VO, adj. compassionate, full of compassion, merciful.
COMPATERNIDA'D, f. f. compaternity, spiritual affinity or kindred contracted between the parents of a child and its godfather.
COMPATI'A, f. f. sympathy.
COMPATIBILIDA'D, f. m. compatibility, consistency, the power of coexisting with something else.
COMPATI'BLE, adj. compatible, sympathetic, suffering with another, or that may be endured.
COMPATRIO'TA, f. m. a countryman; that is, one of the same country.
COMPATRO'N, f. m. one who has an equal right or privilege in any patrimonial estate; also a fellow-guardian.
COMPELE'R, v. a. to compel, to force.
COMPENDE'NCIA, f. strife, debate.
COMPENDIA'R, v. a. to abridge, to shorten, to epitomize.
COMPENDIARIAME'NTE, adv. vide *COMPENDIOSAME'NTE*.
COMPE'NDIO, f. m. a compendium, an abridgment.
COMPENDIO'SO, adj. brief, short, compendious.
COMPENSA'BLE, adj. compensable, that which may be recompensed.
COMPENSACIO'N, f. f. compensation, reward, something equivalent.
COMPENSA'R, v. a to requite, to reward, to recompense.
COMPETE'NCIA, f. f. competency, sufficiency; also contention, or rivalship.
COMPETE'NTE, adj. competent, suitable, meet.

COMPETE'R, verb. imperf. to be competent, fit, or meet.
COMPETICIO'N, f. f. competition, ftrife, contention, rivalship.
COMPETIDO'R, f. m. a competitor, a rival, an opponent.
COMPETIR, v. n. to ftand in competition.
COMPILA'R, v. a. to compile, to draw up from various authors.
COMPI'NCHE, f. m. friend, companion, comrade.
COMPLACEDE'RO, adj. pleafant, agreeable.
COMPLACE'NCIA, f. f. complacency, pleafure, fatisfaction.
COMPLACE'R, v. a. to pleafe, to fatisfy, to content.
Complacérfe, v. r. to be pleafed, to be fatisfied.
COMPLACIMIE'NTO, f. m. vide *COMPLACE'NCIA*.
COMPLEME'NTO, f. m. completion, perfection of any thing.
COMPLESSIO'N, f. f. vide *COMPLEXIO'N*.
COMPLETAME'NTE, adv. completely, perfectly.
COMPLETA'R, v. a. to perfect or complete any thing.
COMPLE'TAS, f. f. compline, the laft of the feven parts of the divine office fung or receited by priefts and religious men, at night.
COMPLE'TO, adj. full, complete.
COMPLETO'RIO, f. m. vide *COMPLE'TAS*.
COMPLEXION, f. f. the conftitution of the body.
COMPLE'XO, f. m. a complex, or joining two or many things together.
COMPLICACION, f. f. complication, confufion of many things.
COMPLICA'R, v. a. to mix or confufe many things one with another.
CO'MPLICE, f. m. an accomplice, one that is aiding or affifting to a fact, commonly to a crime.
COMPLICIDA'D, f. f. the keeping of company with, or being an accomplice in a crime with another.
COMPLIDAME'NTE, adv. perfectly, completely.
COMPLIMIE'NTO, f. m. vide *CUMPLIMIENTO*.
COMPLI'R, v. a. vide *CUMPLIR*.
COMPO'N, f. m. in heraldry, one of the fquares of a chefs-board introduced in a coat of arms.
COMPONA'DO, adj. in heraldry, chequered.
COMPONEDO'R, f. m. a compofer, an adjufter, a reconciler, an adorner.
COMPONE'R, v. a. to compofe, to compound, to put together, to reconcile, to adjuft, to drefs, to adorn, to frame a lie, to compofe as printers do, to make verfes, to write profe.
Componér difcórdias, to make up differences.
Componérfe con la párte, v. r. to compound with the plaintiff.
Componérfe úna mugér, is for a woman to drefs herfelf.
Componér lo defconcertádo, to order things that were in confufion.
COMPO'RTA, f. f. a veffel to carry the grapes home in vintage-time.
COMPORTA'BLE, adj. tolerable, that may be borne.
COMPORTA'R, v. a. to carry together with another; alfo to bear or fuftain an injury.
COMPO'RTE, f. m. in cant, an innkeeper.
COMPOSICIO'N, f. f. compofition; agreement; mixture.
COMPO'SITO, f. m. the compofite order in architecture.
COMPOSITO'R, f. m. compofer, a compofitor, one who compounds; one who compofes mufic, forming a tune from the different mufical notes.
COMPOSTU'RA, f. f. a compofition; alfo decency, modefty, compofednefs.
CO'MPRA, f. f. purchafe, bargain.
COMPRA'BLE, adj. that can be bought.
COMPRADI'LLO, f. m. a game at cards fo called.
COMPRADI'ZO, adj. that is, or may be bought or purchafed.
COMPRADO'R, f. m. a buyer, a purchafer, a chapman.
Compradóres de óro y pláta, perfons who make it their bufinefs to buy up filver and gold as it comes from the Indies in wedges, or otherwife, to reduce it to the due ftandard for coining.
COMPRA'R, v. a. to buy, to purchafe.
COMPREHENDE'R, v. a. to comprehend, to conceive, to underftand, to contain.
COMPREHENSI'BLE, adj. that can be comprehended or underftood, comprehenfible, intelligible, conceivable.
COMPREHENSIO'N, f. f. comprehenfion, underftanding, containing.
COMPREHENSI'VO, adj. comprehenfive, having the power to comprehend or underftand.
COMPREHENSO'R, f. m. one that comprehends or underftands.
COMPRESBI'TERO, f. m. he that has received the order of priefthood along with another.
COMPRESSION, f. f. compreffion or binding together.
COMPRE'SSO, adj. compreffed, confined in a fmall compafs.
COMPRIMI'R, v. a. to comprefs, bind together, or confine in lefs compafs.
COMPRI'R, v. a. vide *CUMPLIR*.
COMPROBACIO'N, f. f. comprobation, proof, atteftation.
COMPROBA'R, v. a. to prove, to confirm, to affure.
Comprobár, to commend, to allow.
COMPROMETE'R, v. a. to compromife, to agree, to make a mutual promife.
COMPROMETIMIE'NTO, f. m. a mutual agreement.
COMPROMI'SSO, f. m. a compromife, a mutual promife, an agreement.
COMPROMISSO'R, f. m. one that is to fee a compromife or agreement betwixt two performed; or one of the two parties that make the agreement.
COMPROVA'R, v. a. vide *COMPROBA'R*.
COMPUE'RTA, f. m. a fluice or floodgate; alfo a portcullis, herfe, or farracine of a fortrefs.
COMPUE'STO, f. m. a work ma-

de up or composed of many things; also the composite order in architecture, which is the last of the five orders.

Compuésto, p. p. compounded; also dressed, adorned, settled.

COMPU'ISA, s. f. the copy of an original writing, compelling him who has it to produce it by order of court.

COMPULSA'R, v. a. to take a copy of an original writing, compelling him who has it to produce it by order of the court.

COMPULSIO'N, s. f. compulsion, force, violence.

COMPULSO'RIA, s. f. a subpœna.

COMPUNCIO'N, s. f. compunction, sting of conscience, sorrow for ill done.

COMPUNGIDO, adj. penitent, sorrowful, contrite; also sharp, acid.

COMPUNGIR, v. a. to touch in conscience, to repent, to feel compunction, or sorrow for sins.

Compungírse, v. r. to be penitent, sorrowful, to be touched in conscience for one's sins.

COMPURGACIO'N, s. f. a proof of any one's innocence.

COMPURGA'R, v. a. to be cleared of any crime, to be acquitted from an accusation.

COMPUTACIO'N, s. f. computation, reckoning, calculation, casting of accounts.

COMPUTA'R, v. a. to compute, to reckon, to calculate.

COMPUTI'STA, s. m. the person who calculates, an accomptant, a computer.

CO'MPUTO, s. m. account, calculation.

COMVIDA'R, v. a. vide *COMBIDA'R*.

COMULACIO'N, s. f. vide *ACCUMULACIO'N*.

COMULGADO'R, s. m. one that communicates or receives the communion.

COMULGA'R, v. a. to communicate or receive the holy communion.

COMULGATO'RIO, s. m. the place where the sacrament is received.

COMU'N, adj. common, vulgar, public.

El común, the commonalty, the mob.

COMUNA'L, adj. vide *COMU'N*.

COMUNALEZA, s. f. obs. the state of living in common with others.

COMUNALME'NTE, adv. commonly, frequently.

COMUNE'RO, s. m. a factious fellow, one that would have all things in common, a leveller.

COMUNICA'BLE, adj. communicable, that may be communicated to others; also fit to be conversed with, tractable.

COMUNICACIO'N, s. f. communication, conversation.

COMUNICADO'R, s. m. one that communicates, or imparts things to others.

COMUNICA'R, v. a. to communicate, to impart, to converse.

Comunicárse, v. r. to be in alliance, to have a secret correspondence with another.

COMUNICATI'VO, adj. that may be communicated or imparted to another.

COMUNIDA'D, s. f. the commonalty; also a community; that is, a society that live in common, as religious orders.

COMUNIO'N, s. f. communion, fellowship, but generally the holy communion.

COMUNME'NTE, adv. commonly, for the most part.

COMUTACIO'N, s. f. commutation, exchange.

C O N

CON, prep. with.

CONA'TO, s. m. an endeavour.

CONBO'Y, s. m. vide *COMBOY*.

CO'NCA, s. f. in cant, a porringer.

CONCAPTIVO, s. m. a fellow-slave or captive.

CONCATENACIO'N, s. f. concatenation, a series of links, of facts, &c.

CONCAVIDA'D, s. f. concavity, hollowness.

CO'NCAVO, s. m. vide *CONCAVIDA'D*.

Concavo, adj. concave, hollow.

CONCEBIMIE'NTO, s. m. a conception, or conceiving of a thing.

CONCEBIR, v. a. to conceive, either in the mind, or in the womb.

CONCEDE'R, v. a. to grant, to consent or assent, to yield up, to resign.

CONCECIO'N, s. f. vide *CONCEPCION*.

CONCEGI'L, adj. common, belonging to the public.

CONCEJA'L, adj. belonging to the public.

CONCEJE'RO, s. m. a. counsellor.

CONCEJERAME'NTE, adv. publicly, openly.

CONCE'JO, s. m. vide *CONSEJO*.

CONCE'NTO, s. m. concert, concord in music.

CONCENTRA'DO, adj. incorporated in the center of another thing, concentric.

CONCEPCIO'N, s. f. a conception either of the mind or womb.

CONCEPTI'LLO, s. m. diminutive of *concepto*.

CONCEPTI'STA, s. m. a merry facetious man, one who conceives witty things.

CONCE'PTO, s. m. the idea conceived in the mind; also opinion or judgment upon any thing.

CONCEPTUA'R, v. a. to express elegantly whatsoever is conceived in the mind.

CONCEPTUOSAME'NTE, adv. elegantly, discretely, acutely.

CONCEPTUO'SO, adj. abounding in speech or conceptions of mind.

CONCERNI'R, v. imperf. to belong to, to pertain to.

CONCERTACIO'N, s. f. obs. quarrel, contest.

CONCERTADAME'NTE, adv. by agreement, or orderly.

CONCERTADO'R, s. m. a mediator, an adjuster, one that makes up or reconciles matters.

CONCERTA'R, v. a. to agree, to adjust, to reconcile, to compose, to contract, to covenant.

Concertár discórdes, to reconcile, or set people to rights that were at variance.

Hómbre concertádo, a sober, staid man.
Ir concertádós, *ò de conciérto*, to go upon a business hand in hand. having agreed how to proceed.
Concertárse, v. r. to be agreed, to be adjusted, to be reconciled.
Concertose para hóy, it was concluded or appointed for this day.
CONCESSIO'N, s. f. a concession, a grant.
CONSEYO, s. m. obs. council.
CONCE'TO, s. m. conceit, conception.
CO'NCHA, s. f. a shell of any shellfish, thence used for a bowl, a bason, a flat porringer, or any such thing that is like a fish's shell.
Cóncha de nácar, mother of pearl.
Cóncha de galápago, a tortoise-shell.
Cóncha, in architecture, is sometimes taken for a nich in a wall to set a statue in.
CONCHAVA'NZA, s. f. rucking together like a fish in its shell; satisfying one's self in that narrow compass.
CONCHAVA'RSE, v. r. to be united or allied, to be engaged in a contract with another.
CONCHE'TA, *CONCHI'LLA*, s. f. any little shell of any fish.
CONCHU'DO, adj. full of shells, covered with shells; very cautious; circumspect, hard to be deceived.
CONCHUE'LA, any little shell o, a fish.
CONCIBDADA'NO, s. m. a fellow-citizen. Obs.
CONCIE'NCIA, s. f. the conscience.
No tenér conciéncia, to be unconscionable.
No hacer conciéncia, to use no conscience.
Ancho de conciéncia, one that has a large conscience.
Encargár la conciéncia, to charge or burthen the conscience.
CONCIENCIO'SO, *CONCIENZU'DO*, adj. conscientious, one that makes a conscience of what he does, scrupulous, exactly just.
CONCIE'RTO, s. m. bargain, agreement, contract; concert, symphony.
CONCILIA'BULO, s. m. a council of bishops, or synod without legal authority, or heretical; also a meeting of men assembled to deliberate upon any wicked action.
CONCILIACIO'N, s. f. getting, procuring, or reconciling.
CONCILIADO'R, s. m. one that gets, procures, or obtains; or a reconciler.
CONCILIA'R, adj. of belonging to counsel.
Conciliár, v. a. to get, to procure, to obtain; also to reconcile.
CONCI'LIO, s. m. a council, properly a council of bishops, &c.
CONCINIDA'D, s. f. elegance, finery, neatness.
CONCI'NO, adj. neat, elegant, fine, pretty.
CONCIO'N, s. f. speech, oration, sermon.
CONCISAME'NTE, adv. concisely, shortly, briefly.
CONCISIO'N, s. f. shortness of speech or writing, a concise method of expression.
CONCI'SO, adj. concise, short, compendious.
CONCISTORIO, s. m. vide *CONSISTO'RIO*.
CONCITACIO'N, s. f. a stirring up, an instigation.
CONCITADO'R, s. m. one that stirs up or instigates.
CONCITA'R, v. a. to stir up, to excite, to instigate.
CONCIUDADA'NO, s. m. a fellow-citizen.
CONCLA'VE, s. m. the conclave, the place where the cardinals meet to chuse a pope.
CONCLAVI'STA, s. m. the servant every cardinal takes with him into the conclave.
CONCLUI'R, v. a. to conclude, to finish, to end; also to convince, or to run one down in argument.
CONCLUSIO'N, s. f. a conclusion, the end.
CONCLU'SO, adj. concluded, ended finished.
CONCLUYENTEME'NTE, adv. evidently, clearly, conclusively.
CONCOCCION, s. f. concoction.
CONCOLE'GA, s. m. a fellow collegian.
CONCOME'RSE, v. r. to itch; also to shrug as one that is lousy or has the itch.
CONCOMIMIE'NTO, *CONCO'MIO*, s. m. a rubbing of the body.
CONCOMITA'NCIA, s. f. concomitancy, a keeping company with, subsisting together with another thing.
CONCOMITA'R, v. a. to keep company, to associate, to act with another.
CONCO'MO, s. m. vide *CONCOMIMIE'NTO*.
CONCORDA'BLE, adj. agreeable; that may be accorded.
CONCORDABLEME'NTE, adv. by agreement, unanimously.
CONCORDACIO'N, s. f. agreement, consent, concord.
CONCORDA'NCIA, s. f. concordance, agreement, accord; also the Concordance of the Bible, where looking for any word, as in a Dictionary, it presently refers to the text where that word is used.
CONCORDA'R, v. a. to agree, to accord, to reconcile; also to tune instruments of music.
CONCORDA'TA, s. f. *CONCORDA'TO*, s. m. contracts made, articles agreed on, treaty.
CONCO'RDE, adj. unanimous, agreeing, of one mind.
CONCORDEME'NTE, adv. unanimously.
CONCO'RDIA, s. f. concord, unity, agreement.
Concórdias, in music, concords or harmonic sounds.
CONCORPO'REO, adj. that partakes of the body of others.
CONCORRE'R, v. a. obs. vide *CONCURRI'R*.
CONCRE'TO, s. m. the whole made up of the parts.
CONCUBI'NA, s. f. a concubine.
CONCUBINA'RIO, s. m. one that keeps a concubine.
CONCUBINA'TO, s. m. the lying with a woman not married.
CONCU'BITO, s. m. idem.
CONCULCA'R, v. a. to trample under foot.

CONCUPISCE'NCIA, s. f. concupiscence, sensual or carnal desires.
CONCUPISCI'BLE, adj. concupiscible, to be coveted, subject to carnal desires.
CONCURRE'NCIA, s. f. concurrence, union, association; also assistance, help; also a combination of many agents or circumstances.
CONCURRENTE, s. m. one that concurs.
CONCURRI'R, v. n. to concur, to agree in opinion; also to run, or to flock together; also to help, to assist.
CONCURSA'R, v. a. to deliver up the goods of a debtor into the creditors hands in order to discharge his debts.
CONCU'RSO, s. m. a concourse of people; also the contest betwixt several pretenders to a benefice.
CONCUSSIO'N, s. f. concussion, a shaking.
CONDA'DO, s. m. county, earldom.
CONDADU'RA, s. f. the dignity of a count or earl.
CO'NDE, s. m. a count, or earl.
Cónde palatíno, a count palatine.
Cónde de los gitános, earl of the gipsies; we call him king of the gypsies.
CONDECENDE'R, v. a. vide *CONDESCENDE'R*.
CONDECORACIO'N, s. f. a decoration, or ornament.
CONDECORA'R, v. a. to adorn, to make decorations.
CONDENA'BLE, adj. that is to be condemned, rejected.
CONDENACIO'N, s. f. condemnation.
CONDENADO'R, s. m. one who condemns.
CONDENA'R, v. a. to condemn, to cast, to sentence, to damn, to pronounce judgment against.
Condenárse, v. r. to condemn one's self, to accuse one's self.
CONDENATO'RIO, adj. belonging to the sentence of condemnation.
CONDENSA, s. f. a pantry, a storeroom.
CONDENSA'R, v. a. to condense, to thicken.
CONDE'SA, s. f. a countess.
CONDESA'R, v. a. obs. to deposite, to give in trust, to lay up.
CONDESCENDE'NCIA, s. f. condescendence, compliance.
CONDESCENDE'R, v. n. to condescend, to comply.
CONDESI'JO, adj. what is laid up or deposited.
CONDESI'L, adj. belonging to the count or countess.
CONDESTA'BLE, s. m. constable.
Condestáble de fortaléza, a governor of a strong place.
Condestáble, a gunner.
CONDESTABLI'A, s. f. constableship.
CONDEXA'R, v. a. to lay up, to leave, to keep. Obs.
CONDICIO'N, s. f. condition, estate, quality, natural habit, inclination of the mind, temper, temperament; also stipulation, terms of compact.
Ponér en condicion, to bring into danger.
CONDICIONA'DO, adj. that belongs to condition.
CONDICIONA'L, adj. conditional.
CONDICIONALME'NTE, adv. conditionally.
CONDICIONA'R, v. a. to imbibe or instil good nature or good qualities into another; also to make terms, to stipulate.
CONDICIONA'ZA, s. f. great genius, extensive mind, wonderful parts.
CONDICIONCI'LLA, s. f. moroseness, peevishness.
CONDIGNAME'NTE, adv. with condign punishment; deservedly.
CONDIGNIDA'D, s. f. the true and just reward of any thing.
CONDI'GNO, adj. condign, worthy, deserved.
CONDIME'NTO, } s. m. seaso-
CONDIMIE'NTO, } ning put to any thing.
CONDICI'PULO, s. m. school-fellow.
CONDISTINGUI'R, v. a. to distinguish, to determine.
CONDI'TO, s. m. vide *CONDIMIENTO*.
CONDOLE'NCIA, s. f. condolence, bearing part of another's grief.
CONDOLE'R, v. n. to condole, to bear part of another's grief.
CONDONACIO'N, s. f. pardon, forgiveness.
CONDONA'R, v. a. to pardon, to forgive.
CONDORES, s. m. birds in the West-Indies of a vast bigness, insomuch that they kill sheep and calves.
CONDRI'LA, s. f. an herb in stalk and flower like to wild endive.
CONDUCCIO'N, s. f. a conducting, or guiding of any thing.
CONDUCE'NTE, adj. fit, proper, conducive to any end.
CONDU'CHO, adj. obs. accustomed, habituated.
Condúcho, s. m. obs. food, meat, provision.
CONDUCI'R, v. a. to conduct, convoy, or carry in safety any thing.
CONDU'CTA, s. f. conduct, convoy of money; also management, œconomy; also a commission to raise men, and the art of leading troops.
CONDU'CTO, s. m. a conduit; a canal of pipes for the conveyance of waters; also the manager of any affair.
CONDUCTO'R, s. m. the person who conducts, convoys, or directs.
CONDU'MIO, s. m. any thing to be eaten with bread.
CONEGE'RA, s. f. vide *CONEJE'RA*.
CONEGE'RO, s. m. vide *CONEJE'RO*.
CONE'JA, s. f. a doe rabbit.
CONEJA'L, s. m. a coney-borough.
CONEJE'RA, s. f. a coney-borough; also a woman that sells rabbits.
CONEJE'RO, s. m. a warrener; one that sells rabbits; also a dog for a rabbit.
Mugér conéjera, a woman that is a great breeder, like a rabbit.

CONEJI'LLO, } s. m. diminutive
CONEJI'TO, } of *conéjo*.
CONE'JO, s. m. a rabbit.
CONEJUE'LO, s. m. a little rabbit.
CONEJU'NO, adj. of, or belonging to a rabbit.
CONFABULACIO'N, s. f. a confabulation or talking together.
CONFABULA'R, v. a. to discourse, to talk together.
CONFACCIO'N, s. f. a confection, a preserve; also a mixture.
CONFACCIONADO'R, s. m. a confectioner.
CONFACCIONADU'RA, s. f. preserving; also mixing.
CONFACCIONA'R, v. a. to preserve; also to mix.
CONFALO'N, s. m. a banner, a standard.
CONFALONIER, s. m. a standard-bearer.
CONFECCIO'N, s. f. a confection, a composition or mixture.
CONFECCIONADOR, s. m. vide *CONFACCIONADOR*.
CONFECCIONADU'RA, s. f. vide *CONFACCIONADU'RA*.
CONFECCIONA'R, v. a. vide *CONFACCIONA'R*.
CONFEDERACIO'N, s. f. confederacy, combination; league, union, engagement.
CONFEDERA'DO, s. m. ally, a confederate.
CONFEDERA'NZA, s. f. obs. vide *CONFEDERACIO'N*.
CONFEDERA'R, v. a. to confederate to ally.
Confederárse, v. r. to be allied, to be confederated.
CONFERE'NCIA, s. f. a conference, a discourse; an appointed meeting for discussing some point or question; comparison.
CONFERI'R, v. a. to compare, to match; also to bestow, to impart, to confer.
CONFESSA'NTE, s. m. he who mahes a confession before a court of justice; a penitent that confesses his sins to the priest.
CONFESSA'R, v. a. to confess.
CONFESSIO'N, s. f. confession.
CONFESSIONA'L, adj. one term. belonging to a confession.

CONFESSIONA'RIO, s. m. the place where confession is made.
CONFE'SSO, adj. that has confessed; also a convert.
CONFESSO'R, s. m. a confessor; either a saint that is no martyr; or a father confessor that hears confessions.
CONFIADAME'NTE, adv. confidently, boldly, with assurance.
CONFIADO'R, s. m. one that trusts in others.
CONFIA'NZA, s. f. confidence, trust, assurance, boldness.
Tenér confiánza en alguna persona, to repose a trust, or confidence in any one, to rely on a person.
Hacér confiánza, to trust, to rely, to depend upon another.
Dar en confiánza, to give a thing upon trust, to entrust with.
CONFIA'R, v. n. to confide, to trust.
CONFICIE'NTE, adj. acting in conjunction with.
CONFICIO'N, s. f. vide *CONFACCIO'N*.
CONFICIONA'R, v. a. vide *CONFACCIONA'R*.
CONFIDE'NCIA, s. f. confidence, trust.
CONFIDE'NTE, s. m. a friend or confident, to whom one trusts his secrets.
CONFIDENTEME'NTE, adv. faith-fully, honestly, justly, with integrity.
CONFIGURACIO'N, s. f. a disposition of the parts which make up the shape or figure.
CONFIGURA'R, v. a. to give shape, form, or figure to any thing.
CONFI'N, s. m. confine, border, limit, boundary.
Confines, s. m. pl. the confines, bounds, or borders of any place.
CONFINA'NTE, adj. bordering, belonging to the limits, or confines.
CONFINA'R, v. n. to confine, to border upon, to be adjoining to.
CONFIRMACIO'N, s. f. confirmation; also a proof, or confirmation of any fact.
CONFIRMADO'R, s. m. one that confirms.

CONFIRMADU'RA, s. f. a confirmation.
CONFIRMA'R, v. a. to confirm.
Confirmárse, v. r. to confirm one's self.
CONFIRMATO'RIO, adj. belonging to confirmation given from a superior judge concerning the opinion of an inferior court.
CONFISCACIO'N, s. f. confiscation, forfeiture.
CONFISCA'DOR, s. m. one that takes forfeitures, or confiscations.
CONFISCA'R, v. a. to confiscate.
CONFITA'R, v. a. to candy, to preserve.
CONFITE'RA, s. f. a woman confectioner, or a box in which confits or sweetmeats are kept.
CONFITERI'A, s. f. a confectioner's shop, or the street where confectioners live.
CONFITE'RO, s. m. a confectioner.
CONFI'TES, s. m. pl. confits, sugarplums.
CONFITO'N, s. m. augm. of *confite*.
CONFITU'RA, s. f. sweetmeats, confectioners ware.
CONFLACIO'N, s. f. the melting, or casting of metal.
CONFLAGRACIO'N, s. f. a conflagration, or great fire.
CONFLICTO, s. m. conflict, battle, fight; any trouble, or affliction.
CONFLUE'NCIA, s. f. the meeting or flowing together of many waters.
CONFLUIR, v. a. to flow together.
CONFONDIMIE'NTO, s. m. confusion.
CONFORMACIO'N, s. f. conforming, suiting.
CONFORMA'R, v. n. to conform, to suit, to agree with.
Conformárse, v. r. to be conformable, to be submissive to the will of another.
CONFORMATRI'Z, adj. that makes one thing agreeable, or conformable to another in figure, colour, and disposition.
CONFO'RME, adj. conformable, suitable, agreeable.

CONFORMEME'NTE, adv. conformably, agreeably, by consent.
CONFORMIDA'D, s. f. conformity, agreeableness, likeness.
CONFORTACIO'N, s. f. encouragement, comfort, relief.
CONFORTAMIE'NTO, s. m. encouragement, comfort.
CONFORTA'R, v. a. to comfort, to cherish, to relieve, to encourage.
CONFORTA'S, s. f. pl. sluices, floodgates to let water in and out at.
CONFORTATI'VO; adj. that comforts, or cherishes.
CONF'ORTE, s. m. a comfortative.
CONFRA'DE, s. m. vide *COFRA'DE*.
CONFRADI'A, vide *COFRADI'A*.
CONFRAGO'SO, adj. rugged, shagged, rough.
CONFRATERNA'R, v. a. to be one of the brotherhood.
CONFRATERNIDA'D, s. f. confraternity, brotherhood.
CONFRONTACIO'N, s. f. confronting, bringing face to face.
CONFRONTA'R, v. n. to confront, to bring face to face.
Confrontárse, v. r. to be like one another confront and another.
CONFUNDI'R, v. a. to confound, to destroy, to disorder, to perplex.
Confundír, v. a. to mix.
CONFUSAME'NTE, adv. confusedly.
CONFUSION, s. f. confusion, trouble, perpexity, ruin. In cant, a prison; also an inn, or tavern.
CONFU'SO, adj. confused, confounded, troubled, perplexed.
CONFUTACIO'N, s. f. confutation, confuting an argument.
CONFUTA'R, v. a. to confute, to run down an argument.
CONGELACI'ON, s. f. congealing, freezing.
CONGELA'R, v. a. to congeal, to freeze together.
CONGENIA'R, v. n. to be of the same disposition, genius and inclination with another.
CONGE'RIE, s. f. a heap of diverse things.
CONGIA'RIO, s. m. a largess, which the Roman emperors used to caress the people with.
CO'NGIO, s. m. an ancient measure of liquids so called.
CONGLOBACIO'N, s. f. the union of many things forming the shape and figure of a globe.
CONGLOBA'RSE, v. r. to make itself in the form of a globe.
CONGLUTINACIO'N, s. f. conglutination, gluing, or sticking together.
CONGLUTINA'R, v. a. to conglutinate, to glue, or stick together.
CONGLUTINO'SO, adj. belonging to glue, sticking together.
CONGO'JA, s. f. anguish, trouble, pain, grief, affliction.
CONGOJA'DO, adj. in anguish, in trouble, pain, sorrowful.
CONGOJA'R, v. a. to trouble, to vex, to grieve, to put in pain, or anguish.
CONGOJOSAME'NTE, adv. in a troublesome, or painful manner.
CONGOJO'SO, adj. full of anguish, grief, trouble, or pain.
CONGORE'A, s. f. the herb snakeweed.
CONGO'XA, s. f. vide *CONGO'JA* and its derivatives.
CONGRACIADO'R, s. m. who insinuates by flattery.
CONGRACIAMIE'NTO, s. m. an insinuation by flattery.
CONGRACIA'RSE, v. r. to ingratiate one's self, in to insinuate one's self into another's favour.
CONGRATULACIO'N, s. f. congratulation, giving or wishing joy.
CONGRATULADO'R, s. m. he that congratulates, or wishes joy.
CONGRATULA'R, v. a. to congratulate, to wish joy.
Congratulárse, v. r. to be congratulated.
CONGRATULATO'RIO, adj. congratulatory.
CONGREGACIO'N, s. f. a congregation, an assembly, a meeting.
CONGREGA'NTE, s. m. one belonging to the congregation.
CONGREGA'R, v. a. to congregate, to assemble, or gather together.
CONGREGATORI'A, s. f. congregation, assembly, meeting.
CONGRE'SSO, s. m. congress, meeting.
CONGRE'TES, s. m. pl. little long rolls of bead they make for children.
CO'NGRIO, s. m. a conger eel.
CO'NGRUA, s. f. the ecclesiastical revenue belonging ton any priest.
CONGRUAME'NTE, adv. agreeably, conveniently.
CONGRU'ENCIA, s. f. congruity, agreement, meetness, conveniency.
CONGRUE'NTE, adj. agreeing, meet, convenient.
CONGRUENTE'MENTE, adv. vide *CONGRUAME'NTE*.
CONGRADUIDA'D, s. f. vide *CONGRUE'NCIA*.
CO'NGRUO, adj. congruous, meet, convenient, proper.
CONHORTACIO'N, s. f. vide *CONFORTACIO'N*.
CONHORTA'R, v. a. vide *CONFORTA'R*.
CONHO'RTE, s. m. help, relief, comfort.
CONHORTO'SO, adj. comfortable, invigorationg, corroborative.
CONICAME'NTE, adv. in form of a cone.
CO'NICO, adj. conic, conical, having the form of a cone.
CONJECTU'RA, s. f. a conjecture.
CONJETURA'BLE, adj. that may be conjectured.
CONJETURA'L, adj. conjectural, depending on conjecture.
CONJECTURA'R, v. a. to guess, to conjecture.
CONJU'DICE, s. m. a fellow-judge.
CONJUGACIO'N, s. f. a conjugation; also coupling and yoaking together.
CONJUGA'L, adv. conjugal, belonging to matrimony.

CONJUGALMENTE, adv. in a congujal manner.
CONJUGAR, v. a. conjugate; to conjoin or yoak together.
CONJUNCION, f. f. a conjunction, a joining or coupling together.
CONJUNTAR, v. a. to conjoin, to couple, to put together.
CONJUNTIVO, adj. conjunctive, joining one thing to another.
CONJUNTO, adj. joined. conjoined.
CONJUNTURA, f. f. a joint, or joining together.
CONJURA, f. f. a confpiracy.
CONJURACION, f. f. confpiracy.
CONJURADO, f. m. a confpirator.
CONJURADOR, f. m. one who conjures or fummonfes in a facred name.
CONJURAMENTADO, f. m. one that is fworn with others to keep a fecret or to do any other thing.
CONJURAMENTAR, v. a. to fwear feveral perfons to one thing.
Conjuramentárfe, v. r. to fwear together to an act.
CONJURAMIENTO, f. m. confpiracy, fwearing together to one thing.
CONJURAR, v. a. to confpire, to conjure, to fwear together.
Conjurárfe, v. r. to be confederated or allied, to be in a confpiracy.
CONJURO, f. m. an exorcifm; alfo the words ufed by enchanters.
CONLLORAR, v. n. to cry or lament with another.
CONLOAR, v. a. to praife or commend with others.
CON MIGO, adv. with me.
CONNATURAL, adj. connatural, fuitable to nature, connected by nature.
CONNATURALMENTE, adv. connaturally, by the act of nature, originally.
CONNATURALIZARSE, v. r. to naturalize one's felf.
CONNEXIDAD, *CONNEXION*, f. f. connexion, union, junction.
CONNEXO, adj. connected.
CONNIVENCIA f. f. the act of conniving, of winking.
CONNUBIAL, adj. connubial, matrimonial, nuptial, conjugal.
CONNUMERAR, v. a. to number or count among.
CONNUSCO, adv. with us. Obf.
CONO, f. m. a figure broad and round at bottom, with a sharp top like a fugar-loaf, a cone.
CONOCEDOR, f. m. one that is grateful, or one that examines a caufe; alfo a connoiffeur, a judge, a critic.
CONOCENCIA, f. f. obf. vide *CONOCIMIENTO*.
CONOCER, v. a. to know, to acknowledge, to underftand.
Conocér fu pecádo, to be fenfible of one's fault.
Conocér úna mugér carnalménte, to know a woman carnally.
Conocér de una caufa, to hear a caufe pleaded as judge.
CONOCIBLE, adj. that may be known.
CONOCIDAMENTE, adv. plainly, knowingly.
CONOCIDO, f. m. an acquaintance.
CONOCIENTE, adj. grateful.
CONOCIMIENTO, f. m. a knowledge, acquaintance, gratitude; fenfe in a dying perfon; alfo a note, a bill, or obligation under one's hand; alfo a bill of lading.
CONOIDE, f. f. a geometrical figure fo called.
CONORTACION, f. f. vide *CONFORTACION*.
CONORTAR, v. a. vide *CONFORTAR*.
CONORTE, f. m. comfort, encouragement.
CONOSCER, v. a. vide *CONOCER*.
CONOSCEDOR, f. m. vide *CONOCEDOR*.
CONOSCIMIENTO, f. m. vide *CONOCIMIENTO*.
CONQUERIDOR, f. m. a conqueror.
CONQUERIR, v. a. to conquer.
CONQUEZUELA, f. f. a little fhell.
CONQUISTA, f. f. a conqueft.
CONQUISTADOR, f. m. a conqueror.
CONQUISTAR, v. a. to conquer, to fubdue, to bring under.
CONREAR, v. a. obf. to plough a fecond time.
CONSABIDOR, f. m. one who is confcious of any thing.
CONSAGRACION, f. f. a confecration.
CONSAGRAMIENTO, f. m. vide *CONSAGRACION*.
CONSAGRANTE, f. m. the prieft that confecrates at the altar.
CONSAGRAR, v. a. confecrate.
CONSALME, f. m. a fort of feamufcle.
CONSANGUINIDAD, f. f. confanguinity, kindred by blood.
CONSANGUINEO, adj. belonging to kindred or relations.
CONSCIENCIA, f. f. confcience. Vide *CONCIENCIA*.
CONSCRIPTO, adj. written, enrolled, regiftred.
CONSECTARIO, f. m. corollary, deduction from premifes.
CONSECUCION, f. f. the obtaining one's defires.
CONSECUTIVAMENTE, adv. confequently.
CONSECUTIVO, adj. fubfequent that follows.
CONSEGUIENTE, f. m. confequent.
CONSEGUIENTEMENTE, adv. confequently.
CONSEGUIMIENTO, f. m. confequence; alfo obtaining, compaffing, or atchieving.
CONSEGUIR, v. a. to obtain, to atchieve; alfo to follow.
CONSEJA, f. f. a fable; an old woman's tale.
CONSEJADOR, f. m. who gives counfel to others.
CONSEJAR, v. a. to advife, to counfel; alfo to afk counfel.
CONSEJERAMENTE, adv. wifely, prudently.
CONSEJERO, f. m. counfellor.
CONSEJIL, f. f. in cant, a public whore.
CONSEJO, f. m. a council; alfo advice.

Consējo de cámara, the privy-council.
Consējo de hacienda, the council that has the direction of the king's revenue, the echequer court.
Consējo de estado, the council of state, in which all affairs of government are debated.
Consējo de órdenes, the council for the affairs of the military orders.
CONSENTI'DO, adj. suffered to have its will in all things; suffering patiently the prostitution of his wife.
CONSENTIDO'R, s. m. he that consents or agrees.
CONSENTIENTE, s. m. that consents.
CONSENTIMIE'NTO, s. m. consent, agreement.
CONSENTI'R, v. a. to consent, to agree, to permit.
CONSEQUE'NCIA, s. f. consequence, inference; also importance, moment.
CONSEQUE'NTE, s. m. consequent, that which follows from previous propositions.
CONSEQUENTEME'NTE, adv. consequently.
CONSE'RGE, s. m. the keeper of the king's palace.
CONSERVA, s. f. conserve; sweetmeat; company; convoy of ships.
CONSERVACION, s. f. preservation, security; also going in company or under convoy.
CONSERVADO'R, s. m. a preserver, a confectioner.
Juéz conservadór, a conservator, a magistrate or judge to preserve or secure the rights and immunities.
CONSERVADURI'A, s. f. the office and dignity of a conservator or judge, who preserves and secures the fights and immunities.
CONSERVA'R, v a. to conserve, to preserve, to keep, to lay up.
Conservárse, v. r. to keep one's self in health or in the same state.
CONSERVATIVO, adj. that is preserved, taken care of.
CONSERVATORIA, s. f. a grant to preserve privileges.
CONSERVATO'RIO, adj. vide *CONSERVATI'VO*.
CONSERVE'RA, s. f. a woman confectioner; or a woman skilful in making sweetmeats.
CONSERVE'RO, s. m. a confectioner.
CONSIDERA'BLE, adj. considerable; to be considered; of moment.
CONSIDERACIO'N, s. f. consideration, forecast, premeditation; moment, attention.
CONSIDERACIONCI'LLA, s. m. diminutive of *consideracion*.
CONSIDERADAME'NTE, adv. considerately maturely, with deliberation.
CONSIDERA'DO, adj. considerate, wary.
CONSIDERADO'R, s. m. one that considers or deliberates.
CONSIDERA'R, v. a. to consider, to deliberate to weigh.
CONSIE'RVO, s. m. a fellow-servant.
CONSIGNACIO'N, s. f. consigning, making over to another, directing to be delivered to.
CONSIGNA'R, v. a. to consign, to make over to another, or to direct to be delivered to him.
CONSIGNATA'RIO, s. m. the person to whom any money is consigned or made over for certain purposes.
CONSI'GO, adv. with himself.
CONSIGUIE'NTE, adj. consequent.
CONSIGUIENTEME'NTE, adv. consequently.
CONSILIA'RIO, s. m. a counsellor.
CONSILIATI'VO, adj. giving or bestowing counsel.
CONSINTIE'NTE, adj. that is consenting to a thing.
Consintiéntes y haciéntes péna por ygual, they that consent and they that act, deserve equal punishment.
CONSINTI'R, v. a. vide *CONSENTI'R*.
CONSISTE'NCIA, s. f. consistency, stability, permanent or lasting state of any thing.
CONSISTE'NTE, adj. durable, consistent, lasting.
CONSISTI'R, v. n. to consist.
CONSISTORIA'L, adj. belonging to the consistory or place of council.
CONSISTORIALMENTE, adv. by a majority of the consistory.
CONSISTO'RIO, s. m. a consistory an assembly of the clergy for ecclesiastical affairs.
CONSOLACIO'N, s. f. consolation, comfort.
CONSOLADO'R, s. m. a comforter.
CONSOLA'R, v. a. to comfort.
Consolárse, v. r. to be comforted, relieved, recreated.
CONSOLATI'VO, adj. bringing assistance, comfort, help.
CONSOLATO'RIO, adj. giving comfort or relief.
CONSOLDAMIE'NTO, s. m. vide *SOLDADU'RA*.
CONSOLIDA, s. f. the hero walwort, confrey or bugle.
CONSOLIDATIO'N, s. f. consolidation, the act of uniting into a solid mass, or the state of being consolidated.
CONSOLIDA'R, v. a. to consolidate, to unite into one body, to make sound.
CONSONAMIE'NTO, s. m. } *CONSONA'NCIA*, s. f. } consonance, agreement, harmony, accord in voices or sounds; agreement, concord, friendship.
CONSOA'NNE, adj. consonant, agreeable, convenient; agreeing in sound; also the letter called a consonant.
Consonánte, in poetry, is a word ending like another.
CONSONA'R, v. n. to consent, to agree, to sound together or alike.
CO'NSONO, adj. consonant.
CONSO'RCIO, s. m. a company.
CONSO'RTE, s. m. a consort, a companion, a mate.
CONSPICUAMENTE, adv. conspicuously, obvious to the view, eminently, famously, remarkably.
CONSPICUO, adj. clear, conspicuous, manifest, evident.
CONSPIRACIO'N, s. f. conspiracy, plot; concerted treason.

CONSPIRADO'R, s. m. a conspirator, a plotter, a man engaged in a plot.

CONSPIRA'R, v. n. to conspire, to agree together.

CONSTA'NCIA, s. f. constancy, stedfastness. In poetry it is the keeping of the true measure of feet in every verse.

CONSTA'NTE, adj. constant, true stedfast; also manifest, certain.

CONSTANTEME'NTE, adv. constantly, stedfastly; also manifestly, and certainly.

CONSTANTI, vide *COSTANTI*.

CONSTA'R, v. n. to consist, to be composed of parts.

Constár, v. imp. to be certain, plain, evident.

CONSTELLACIO'N, s. f. constellation.

CONSTERNACIO'N, s. f. surprise, consternation.

CONSTERNA'R, v. a. to surprise, to astonish, to put in fear.

CONSTIPACIÓN, s. f. a coming close together, a constipation, stoppage, obstruction by plenitude.

CONSTIPA'R, v. a. to draw or press close together.

CONSTITUCIO'N, s. f. constitution, ordinance, decree.

CONSTITUTI'VO, adj. constituted, decreed, appointed.

CONSTITUIDO'R, s. m. one that constitutes or appoints.

CONSTITUE'NTE, s. m. the person constituting or appointing.

CONSTITUI'R, v. a to constitute, ordain, decree, or appoint.

CONSTREÑIMIE'NTO, s. m. force, violence, compulsion.

CONSTREÑI'R, v. a. to constrain, to compel, to force, to oblige.

CONSTRICTI'VO, adj. binding, astringent.

CONSTRUCCIO'N, s. f. construction; building or erecting a fabrick.

CONSTRUI'R, v. a. to construe; also to build, to erect.

CONSTRUPA'R, v. a. to ravish a woman.

CONSUBSTANCIA'L, adj. consubstantial.

CONSUBSTANCIALIDA'D, s. f. consubstantiality.

CONSUE'GRA, s. f. the two mothers of a married couple are *consuegras*, that is, joint mothers-in-law.

CONSUEGRA'R, v. a. to marry a son and a daughter, and by that means become joint fathers and mothers-in law; said of two parents.

CONSUE'GRO, s. m. when two fathers marry their children together they are *consuegros*, that is, joint fathers-in-law.

CONSUE'LDA, s. f. te herb lark's foot.

Consuélda mayor, the herb comfrey, knitback, or backwort.

CONSUE'LO, s. m. comfort.

CONSUE'TAS, s. m. pl. memorandum.

CONSUETU'D, s. f. custom, habit, habitual practice.

CONSUETUDINARIO, adj. used, accustomed.

CO'NSUL, s. f. consul.

CONSULA'DO, s. m. consulship.

CONSULA'R, adj. of or belonging to the consul, that has been consul.

CONSULTA, s. f. consultation, debate in council.

CONSULTACIO'N, s. f. consulting or debating in council.

CONSULTA'NTE, s. m. he that consults, or asks advice.

CONSULTA'R, v. a. to consult, to ask advice; to debate in council.

CONSULTISSIMO, adj. superl. very prudent, very wise.

CONSULTI'VO, adj. that has the faculty or power of advising.

CONSULTO'R, s. m. he that gives advice.

CONSUMACIO'N, s. f. consummation, ending, finishing, concluding.

CONSUMADAME'NTE, adv. consummately, perfectly.

CONSUMADO'R, s. m. the person who completes or finishes any thing.

CONSUMA'R, v. a. to consummate, to finish, to perfect, to complete.

CONSUMATI'VO, adj. that is finished, completed, perfected.

CONSUMIDO'R, s. m. f. consumer, waster.

CONSUMI'R, v. a. to consume, to spend, to waste, to fall away. In the mass it signifies the priests receiving the blessed sacrament.

Consumírse, v. r. to consume, to afflict one's self.

CONSU'MO, s. m. consumption, the state of wasting or perishing.

CONSUMPCIO'N, s. f. consumption.

CONSU'NO, adv. obs. jointly.

CONTA'BLE, adj. that may be counted.

CONTA'CTO, s. m. contact, the touching one thing with another.

CONTADE'RO, adj. that is to be told or counted; or a place to cast accounts, a counting-house.

CONTADO'R, s. m. an accomptant, an auditor; also a counter to play with, and a desk or escrutore.

CONTADORCI'TO, s. m. diminutive of *contádor*.

CONTADURI'A, s. f. the office of a teller or of an auditor.

CONTAGIA'R, v. a. to infect.

CONTA'GIO, s. m. infection, contagion.

CONTAGIO'N, s. f. contagion, infection.

CONTAGIO'SO, adj. contagious, infectious.

CONTA'L DE CUE'NTAS, a set of counters to cast accounts with.

CON TAL QUE, adv. so that, upon condition or provided that.

CONTAMINACIO'N, s. f. pollution, infection.

CONTAMINADO'R, s. m. he that contaminates, defiles, or pollutes.

CONTAMINA'R, v. a. to contaminate, to defile, to pollute.

Contaminárse, v. a. to be defiled, to be corrupted.

CONTA'NTE, s. m. a counter.

Dinéro contánte, ready money.

Le pagaré dinéro contánte, I will pay you ready, money.

CONTANTE'JO, s. m. a small sum in ready money.

CONTA'R, v. a. to count, to reckon, to tell, to cast accounts, also to relate, to report.

Contár las vigas, to tell the rafters, that is, to look up, as one does who will not see what is doing about him.

CONTECE'R, v. n. vide *ACONTECE'R*.

CONTEMPERA'R, v. a. to soften, mitigate, alleviate, appease.

CONTEMPLACION, s. f. contemplation.

CONTEMPLADO'R, s. m. one that is given to contemplate, or that studies to please another.

CONTEMPLA'R, v. a. to contemplate, to behold, to meditate; also to please.

CONTEMPLATI'VO, adj. contemplative, given to contemplation.

CONTEMPLATO'RIO, s. m. the place of contemplation.

CONTEMPORANEO, adj. contemporary, of the same time.

CONTEMPORIZA'R, v. n. to conform one's self to the times.

CONTEMPTI'BLE, adj. contemptible.

CONTENCIO'N, s. f. contention, strife; debate, contest.

CONTENCIOSAME'NTE, adv. contentiously.

CONTENCIO'SO, adj. contentious, given to strife.

CONTENDE'R, v. a. to contend, to strive, to debate, to be litigious.

CONTENDO'R, s. m. one that contends or is litigious.

CONTENDO'SO, adj. contentis ou, litigious.

CONTENE'NCIA, s. f. strife, contention; also falling back in dancing.

CONTENE'NTE, s. m. a civil, courtious, complaisant behaviour.

CONTENE'R, v. a. to contain, to hold, to curb, to moderate.

Contenérse, v. r. to be restrained, to moderate one's self.

CONTE'NTA, s. f. the content of any thing.

CONTENTACIO'N, s. f. joy, contentment, satisfaction.

CONTENTADI'ZO, adj. contented, satisfied, pleased.

CONTENTAMIE'NTO, s. m. contentment, satisfaction.

CONTENTA'R, v. a. to content, to satisfy, to please.

Contentárse, v. r. to be contented, to be satisfied, to be pleased.

CONTE'NTO, s. m. contentment, satisfaction; also a receipt given on payment of money.

A conténto, adv. to the satisfaction of.

Ser de mal conténto, to be hard to be pleased.

Contento, adj. easy, content, pleased, satisfied.

CONTE'RA, s. f. the small iron or silver cone they use to put at the end of a scabbard.

Echár la contéra, to finish, to make an end.

Temblar la contéra, to be frightened.

CONTE'RMINO, s. m. the borders, or confines.

CONTERRA'NEO, adj. of the same country.

CONTE'XTO, s. m. contexture, disposition, order of a thing.

CONTESTACIO'N, s. f. taking to witness, proving by witness.

CONTESTA'R, v. a. to make out any thing by witnesses; also to agree.

CONTE'STE, s. m. a witness declaring just the same as other witnesses have declared before.

CONTESTU'RA, *CONTEXTU'RA*, s. f. contexture, disposition or ordering of things.

CONTIE'NDA, s. f. strife, debate, combat, contention.

Prov. *Dios me dé contienda con quién me entiénda*, God grant me to contend with those that understand me. Said when one has to do with people who will not hear reason.

CONTI'GO, adv. with you.

CONTIGUAME'NTE, adv. nearly, contiguously.

CONTI'GUO, adj. contiguous, that joins to, or touches another thing.

CONTINE'NCIA, s. f. continence, chastity, temperance.

CONTINE'NTE, adj. continent, chaste, temperate; also the gesture, the mien, and that which contains another thing.

CONTINENTEME'NTE, adv. continently, chastly, temperately.

CONTINGE'NCIA, s. f. contingency, casualty.

CONTINGE'NTE, adj. carnal, contingent, accidental.

CONTINGENTEME'NTE, adv. by chance, accidentally.

CONTINGI'BLE, adj. that may chance, or happen.

CONTI'NO, adj. continual; also a servant.

CONTINUACIO'N, s. f. continuance.

CONTINUADAME'NTE, adv. continually.

CONTINUADO'R, s. m. one who continues or perseveres.

CONTINUAME'NTE, adv. continually, perpetually.

CONTINUA'R, v. a. to continue, to lengthen.

CONTINUEDA'D, s. f. continuity, interrupted length.

CONTI'NUO, adj. continual, perpetual; also a servant.

CONTONEA'R, v. a. to walk affectedly or make conceited gestures, to move after a proud manner.

Contoneárse, v. r. to move one's self affectedly.

CONTONE'O, s. m. a proud conceited mien or behaviour.

CONTO'RNO, s. m. neighbourhood, the country round about.

CONTRA, prep. against.

CONTRAARMIÑOS, s. m. colour contrary to the ermine; that is, black spotted with white. In blasonry.

CONTRAATAQUE, s. m. an attack made on the side contrary to the expectation of the enemy.

CONTRABA'JO, s. m. the voice called the alt in music.

CONTRABANDI'STA, s. m. a smuggler.

CONTRABA'NDO, s. m. contraband goods.

CONTRABATERI'A, s. f. a counterbattery; a battery which plays upon another.

CONTRACA'MBIO, f. m. the loss which any person sustains by a second changing or bartering of goods; also a reciprocal or mutual recompence.

CONTRACCION, f. f. contraction, drawing in a small or narrow compass.

CONTRACE'DULA, f. f. counter note, or that which makes void another.

CONTRACI'FRA, f. f. counter cypher, or that which is the key to another.

CONTRACO'STA, f. f. the opposite side of a river or canal.

CONTRA'CTO, f. m. contract, bargain, covenant.

CONTRACULTO, f. m. who speaks without affectation.

CONTRA'DA, f. f. territory, province.

CONTRADA'NZA, f. f. counterdance.

CONTRADECIDO'R, f. m. contradictor.

CONTRADECI'R, v. a. to contradict, to gainsay.

CONTRADI'CHO, p. p. contradicted.

CONTRADICCIO'N, f. f. contradiction.

CONTRADICTO'R, f. m. who contradicts.

CONTRADICTO'RIO, adj. contradictory, inconsistent with.

CONTRADICTORIAME'NTE, adv. oppositely, in contradiction.

CONTRADI'QUE, f. m. a counterdyke.

CONTRADUE'LO, f. m. a breach or contradiction to the law of duel.

CONTRAESCRITU'RA, f. f. an instrument of writing to reject a former writing.

CONTRAFO'SO, f. m. the avant-fosse or ditch of the counterscarp.

CONTRAFUE'RTE, f. m. a counterfort that covers another.

CONTRAGUARDA'R, v. n. to counterguard.

CONTRAGUA'RDIA, f. f. counterguard.

CONTRAHACEDO'R, f. m. a counterfeiter, a forger, one that imitates.

CONTRAHACE'R, v. a. to counterfeit, to imitate; to forge; also to act against.

CONTRAHACIMIE'NTO, f. m. counterfeiting, imitating, forging.

CONTRAHE'CHO, p. p. counterfeited, imitated, forged; mishapen, crooked, made the wrong way.

CONTRAHE'R, v. a. to contract, to bargain, to covenant.

Contrahér deudas, to run in debt.

Contrahér matrimonio, to marry.

CONTRAHIE'NTE, f. m. that contracts.

CONTRAHIE'RBA, f. f. alexipharmic, preservative against poison, antidote.

CONTRALO'R, f. m. a comptroller.

CONTRAMAE'STRE, f. m. the mate of a ship.

CONTRAMANDA'R, v. a. to countermand.

CONTRAMA'RCHA, f. f. countermarch.

CONTRAMARCHA'R, v. n. to countermarch.

CONTRAMEZA'NA, f. f. the foremast of a ship.

CONTRAMI'NA, f. f. a countermine, a mine sunk to find out the enemies mine.

CONTRAMINA'R, v. a. to countermine.

CONTRAMURA'LLA, f. f. a defence before the wall, a fausse braye.

CONTRAMU'RO, f. m. a low wall before the main wall of a fortress.

CONTRAO'RDEN, f. m. a counterorder.

CONTRAPASSA'R, v. n. to go over to the adverse party.

CONTRAPA'SSO, f. m. a cross step in dancing.

CONTRAPE'LO, adv. against the hair or the grain.

CONTRAPESA'R, v. a. to counterpoise.

CONTRAPE'SO, f. m. counterpoise.

CONTRAPE'STE, f. m. a remedy against the plague.

CONTRAPONEDO'R, f. m. an opposer.

CONTRAPONE'R, v. a. to oppose, to set against, to resist.

CONTRAPOSICION, f. f. opposition, setting against, contrariety.

CONTRAPUE'STO, p. p. of *contraponér*.

CONTRAPUGNA'R, v. a. to fight against, to oppose in battle.

CONTRAPUNTEA'R, v. a. to counterpoint.

Contrapuntearse, v. r. to be criticised on.

CONTRAPU'NTO, f. m. a counterpoint, a pause, or a rest in music.

CONTRAQUI'LLA, f. f. a counterkeel of a ship.

CONTRARE'A, f. f. contradiction.

CONTRAREPA'RO, f. m. a counterprop; holdfast, or stay.

CONTRARESTA'R, v. a. to stop, or stand, to make effectual opposition or resistance, to stand against.

CONTRARE'STO, f. m. he who is so placed in playing at ball as to stop it.

CONTRARIADO'R, f. m. one that opposes, resists, or contradicts.

CONTRARIAME'NTE, adv. contrarily, in opposition.

CONTRARIA'R, v. a. to oppose, resist, or contradict.

CONTRARIEDA'D, f. f. contrariety, opposition, contradiction.

CONTRA'RIO, adj. contrary, opposite.

Contrario, f. m. adversary, enemy.

CONTRARIO'SO, adj. contrary, opposite.

CONTRARO'NDA, f. f. a counterround, when one goes one way, and the other comes another.

CONTRASCA'RPA, f. f. the counterscarp, covered-way.

CONTRASE'ñO, f. m. } a countersign, a sign agreed on.
CONTRASE'ñA, f. f.

CONTRASTA'BLE, adj. that may be opposed, resisted, or repelled.

CONTRASTADO'R, f. m. one

that oppoſes, reſiſts, repels, contends, or ſtrives.

CONTRASTA'R, v. a. to oppoſe, to reſiſt, to oppugn.

CONTRA'STE, ſ. m. contention, oppoſition, jarring; trouble, vexation; obſtruction in buſineſs.

Contraſte, ſ. m. an officer who weighs gold, ſilver, pearls, &c.

CONTRA'TA, ſ. f. contract, bargain.

CONTRATACIO'N, ſ. f. trade, commerce.

CONTRATAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. a negotiation, tranſaction.

CONTRATA'R, v. a. to trade, to have dealings.

CONTRATE'LA, ſ. f. a ſecond encloſure made of ſpread canvaſs round a large piece of ground in order to confine the wild boars in a huntingmatch.

CONTRATIE'MPO, ſ. m. misfortune, caſualty, adverſity.

CONTRA'TO, ſ. m. contract, bargain; alſo trade, commerce.

Contráto, ſ. m. in cant, butchers shambles.

CONTRATRE'TA, ſ. f. a counterſtratagem, counter-plot.

CONTRAVALACIO'N, ſ. f. contravallation, a term uſed in fortification.

CONTRAVALA'R, v. a. to cut a trench guarded with a parapet, round about a place, that the beſiegers may ſtop the ſallies of the garriſon.

CONTRAVENCIO'N, ſ. f. contravention.

CONTRAVENE'NO, ſ. m. antidote.

CONTRAVENI'R, v. n. to oppoſe, to withſtand, to come againſt, to tranſgreſs.

CONTRAVENTO'R, ſ. m. he who breaks any order, a tranſgreſſor.

CONTRAVE'ROS, ſ. m. pl. in garments, it is an ornament ſo called.

CONTRA'Y, ſ. m. a ſort of fine cloth made in Flanders.

CONTRE'CHO, adj. miſhapen, maimed, crippled.

CONTRIBUCIO'N, ſ. f. contribution.

CONTRIBUIDO'R, ſ. m. one that contributes, a contributor.

CONTRIBUI'R, v. a. to contribute.

CONTRICIO'N, ſ. f. contrition, penitence, ſorrow for ſins, repentance.

CONTRISTA'R, v. a. to contriſtate, to trouble, to afflict.

CONTRI'TO, adj. contrite, penitent, ſorrowful for his ſins.

CONTROVE'RSIA, ſ. f. controverſy.

CONTROVERSI'STA, ſ. m. one who holds or writes controverſies.

CONTROVE'RSO, adj. controverted.

CONTROVERTI'R, v. n. to controvert, to hold controverſies.

CONTUBE'RNIO, ſ. m. a company of ſoldiers that lodge in the ſame hut, or that are billetted and quartered together; familiarity, company, fellowſhip in one houſe; marriage with a ſervant, or of ſervants one with another.

CONTUMA'CIA, ſ. f. contumacy, obſtinacy, wilfulneſs, ſtubbornneſs.

CONTUMA'Z, adj. one term. obſtinate, wilful, ſtubborn; headſtrong.

CONTUMAZME'NTE, adv. obſtinately, wilfully, ſtubbornly.

CONTUME'LIA, ſ. f. contumely, reproach, ſlander.

CONTUMELIOSAME'NTE, adv. reproachfully, injuriouſly.

CONTUMELIO'SO, adj. contumelious, reproachful, ſlanderous.

CONTURBACIO'N, ſ. f. conturbation, trouble, diſquiet, perplexity.

CONTURBADO'R, ſ. m. a troubleſome perſon, a diſturber of others.

CONTURBAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. trouble, perplexity, vexation, anxiety, diſquiet.

CONTURBA'R, v. a. to trouble, to diſturb, or perplex.

CONTURBO'N, adj. obſ. turbulent, violent, that puts or throws every thing into diſorder.

CONTUSIO'N, ſ. f. a contuſion, or ſwelling which proceeds from a blow when no blood is drawn.

CONVALECE'NCIA, ſ. f. recovery of health, and ſtrength; alſo a place where perſons upon recovery are ſent to improve their health, apart from hoſpitals.

CONVALECE'R, v. n. to recover health, to grow ſtrong after ſickneſs.

CONVALECIE'NTE, ſ. m. one that is upon recovery or gathering ſtrength after a fit of ſickneſs.

CONVALECIMIE'NTO, ſ. m. recovery of health or ſtrength after ſickneſs.

CONVECI'NO, adj. neighbouring, near.

CONVELE'RSE, v. r. to be moved, to be irritated, raiſed up in a paſſion.

CONVENCEDO'R, ſ. m. who convinces.

CONVENCE'R, v. a. to convince.

CONVENCION, ſ. f. bargain; agreement, covenant.

CONVENCIONA'L, adj. of, or belonging to a contract or agreement.

CONVENE'NCIA, ſ. f. agreement, unity.

CONVENI'BLE, adj. agreeable, expedient, fit; eaſy to be contented.

CONVENIBLEME'NTE, adv. agreeably, conveniently, contentedly.

CONVENIE'NCIA, ſ. f. convevenience, expediency.

CONVENIE'NTE, adj. convenient, expedient.

CONVENIENTEME'NTE, adv. conveniently.

CONVE'NIO, ſ. m. agreement, contract, convention.

CONVENI'R, v. a. to be convenient, expedient, fit, or proper; alſo to come together, to meet, to agree in opinion; alſo to cite or ſummon to appear.

Convenir a uno en juizio, to ſummon a man to appear in court.

No conviéne, it is not convenient, or proper to be done.

No conviénen 'entre ſi, they do not agree among themſelves.

Conviéne

Conviéne que fe haga, it is expedient it be done.
CONVENTI'CULO, f. m. a conventicle, a fmall meetting, always taken in an ill fenfe.
CONVENTI'LLO, f. m. a little convent for women who have been proftitutes, but defign to repent and retire to a convent.
CONVE'NTO, f. m. a convent, a monaftery, a religious-houfe, a meeting-place; alfo an agreement, a compact.
CONVENTUA'L, adj. belonging to the convent.
Conventuál, f. m. the friar or monk living in any particular convent.
CONVENTUALME'NTE, adv. after the manner of a convent, or by the authority of a convent.
CONVERGE'NTE, f. m. a converging or meeting of the rays of light in a point.
CONVERSA'BLE, adj. fociable, affable, fit to converfe with.
CONVERSACI'ON, f. f. converfation, fociety, difcourfe.
CONVERSA'R, v. n. to difcourfe, to talk together, to keep company.
CONVERSIO'N, f. f. converfion.
CONVE'RSIVO, adj. converted, changed.
CONVE'RSO, adj. converted.
CONVERTI'BLE, adj. convertible, that may be changed.
CONVERTI'DA, f. f. a woman that has lived lewdly and is retired to lead a religious life.
CONVERTIDO'R, f. m. one that converts others.
CONVERTIDU'RA, f. f. } a con-
CONVERTIMIE'NTO, f. m. } verting.
CONVERTI'R, v. a. to convert, to change, to alter.
CONVE'XO, adj. convex, the contrary to concave.
CONVE'Z, f. m. the deck of a ship.
CONVI'CIO, f. m. reproach, fcandal, injury, affront.
CONVICTO'RIO, f. m. a place fo called by the Jefuits, where the fcholars refide, at fome diftance from the college.

CONVICTORI'STA; f. m. the fcholar who lives in the *convictório*.
CONVIDADO'R, f. m. who invites another.
CONVIDA'R, v. a. vide *COMBIDA'R*.
CONVIE'NE, v. imp. it behoves, it is requifite, or convenient.
CONVINCE'NTE, adj. that convinces.
CONVI'TE, f. m. vide *COMBI'TE*.
CONVOCACIO'N, f. f. convocation, calling together.
CONVOCADO'R, f. m. one that calls together.
CONVOCA'R, v. a. to call together.
CONVOCATO'RIA, f. f. a letter of invitation or fummons.
CONVOLA'R, v. a. to fly and flock together, to haften to a place.
CONVO'Y, f. m. a convoy.
CONVOYA'R, v. a. to convoy, or guard in fafety.
CONVULSIO'N, f. f. a convulfion.
CONVULSI'VO, adj. belonging to a convulfion.
CONVU'SCO, adj. obf. with you; ufed only by peafants.
CONU'SCO, adj. obf. with us; ufed by peafants.
CONYECTO'R, f. m. a conjecturer, one who gueffes.
CONYECTU'RA, f. f. a conjecture, a guefs.

COO

COOPERACION, f. f. co-operation.
COOPERADO'R, f. m. one who cooperates or helps with another.
COOPERA'R, v. n. to co-operate, to help or affift with others.
COOPERARIO, f. m. co-operator.
COORDINACIO'N, f. f. co-ordination.
COORDINA'R, v. a. to place in order, to difpofe regularly.

COP

CO'PA, f. f. a cup, a goblet, a bowl to drink out of; alfo the hearts at cards.
Cópa de fombréro, the crown of a hat.
Cópa de arbol, the round head of a tree that grows or is cut round.
Cópa de broquél, the middle of the buckler.
Cópa de una piedra, the collet of a ring, in which the ftone is fet.
COPA'DA, f. f. vide *COGUJA'DA*.
COPA'DO, adj. any thing that has a round head, like a cup.
COPA'L, f. m. a tranfparent refin fo called.
CO'PANO, f. m. a little boat.
COPA'YVA, f. f. *azeite de Copáyva*, a balfam fo called.
COPE'LA, f. f. a little cup; a crucible.
COPELA'R, v. a. vide *CENDRAR*.
COPELLA'N, f. m. vide *COPE'LA*.
COPE'RA, f. m. a place to fet cups and glaffes.
COPERI'LLO, f. m. diminutive of *copéro*.
COPE'RO, f. m. a cup-bearer.
COPE'TE, f. m. the forelock on the forehead; a foretop.
Copéte de cabállo, the lock of hair that hangs on a horfe's forehead.
Priméro que lo alcánce le fudará el copéte, his foretop will fweat before he gets it.
COPETU'DO, adj. boafting of birth or nobility.
COPE'Y, f. m. a bitumen, which ferves as well as tar for a ship.
Copéy, a tree fo called.
CO'PIA, f. f. a copy; alfo abundance, plenty.
Hacér cópia de fi, to give accefs, to receive company, in a woman it is taken in an ill fenfe.
COPIADO'R, f. m. one who copies any thing.
COPIA'R, v. a. to copy.
COPI'CA, f. f. diminutive of *cópa*.
COPILACIO'N, f. f. abridgment, extract.

COPILADO'R, f. m. one who gathers or collects.
COPILA'R, v. a. to compile, to gather, to collect.
COPILLA, f. f. a little cup; alfo a crucible.
COPIOSAME'NTE, adv. copioufly, plentifully, abundantly.
COPIOSIDA'D, f. f. abundance, plenty, copioufnefs.
COPIO'SO, adj. copious, plentiful, abundant.
COPI'STA, f. m. one that copies writings, a copier.
CO'PLA, f. f. a catch, a fong, a ftanza.
COPLEA'R, v. n. to verfify, to make fongs.
COPE'RO, f. m. one who makes fongs.
COPLI'LLA, f. f. diminutive of *cópla*.
COPLI'STA, f. m. who makes verfes or couplets, taken in a bad fenfe.
COPLO'N, f. m. a bad, low, vulgar, or witlefs copla or ftanza.
CO'PO, f. m. a tuft, diftaff full of filk, cotton, hemp, or flax ready for fpinning; alfo a flake of fnow, and a gin to catch birds; a great pie containing all forts of meat, as pullets, pigeons, partridges, beef, mutton, bacon, &c.
COPO'N, f. m. any tall upright veffel to drink out of.
Copón de cuéro, a leather jack.
COPO'SO, adj. full headed, as a tree, or full heaped meafure.
COPREDE'RA, f. f. cover for a cup or the like.
CO'PULA, f. f. the joining together of any two things, copulation; alfo a ftone in an arch called the key-ftone, which finishes and holds together all the work; alfo a cupola, a dome, an hemifpherical concave reprefenting the heavens and admitting the light at top.
COPULATIVAME'NTE, adv. in conjunction, jointly.
COPULATI'VO, adj. copulative, that joins together.

C O Q

COQUI'LLO, f. m. a little worm; alfo a little cocoa-nut.
COQUI'NA, f. f. vide *ALME'JA*.

C O R

CORA'CHA, f. f. a fack made of a bull's or cow's hide.
CORACI'LLA, *CORACI'NA*, f. f. diminutive of *coráza*.
CORAÇONCI'LLO, f. m. a little heart; alfo the herb called yarrow, or milfoil.
CORA'DA, f. f. the pluck or entrails of a beaft.
CORADE'LA, f. f. idem.
CORA'GE, f. m. courage; rage, excefs of paffion.
CORAJOSAME'NTE, adv. furioufly, paffionately, outrageoufly.
CORAJO'SO, adj. vide *CORAJU'DO*.
CORAJU'DO, adj. violent, paffionate, furious, outrageous.
CORA'L, f. m. coral, a plant growing in the fea.
Fino como un corál, as fine as coral; faid of an arch roguish boy.
Juégo de maéftre corál, juggling trick.
Cabos de corál, hafts of knives made of coral.
CORALA'DO, adj. of a coral-colour, or adorned with coral.
CORALI'NA, f. f. a fea-plant fo called.
CORA'MBRE, f. f. a dicker of leather.
CORAMBRE'RO, f. m. the perfon who deals with *corámbre*.
CORAMVOBIS, f. m. a man's prefence.
CARA'ZA, f. f. a coat of mail, a cuirafs, a breaft-plate.
Tentár a uno las corázas, to feel whether a man has his amour on; to make trial of his courage, to try his mettle.
CORAZI'NA, f. m. a fmall cuirafs.
CORAZNA'DA, f. f. the internal part or heart of a pine-tree.
CORA'ZON, f. m. heart, courage.
Corazón de arból, the pith of a tree.
Corazón del mar, the depth of the
Corazón de inviérno, the depth of winter.
Hablar de corazón, to fpeak affectionately, or fincerely.
El corazon me da tal cófa, my heart tells me fuch a thing.
Hómbre de corazón, a man of courage.
Mal de corazon, the falling ficknefs.
CORAZONA'DA, f. f. the palpitation or beating of the heart.
CORAZONA'ZO, augm. of *corazón*.
CORBACHA'DA, f. f. a blow given with the *corbacho*.
CORBA'CHO, f. m. a wand or bull's pizzle, the boatfwain of a galley ftrikes the galley-flaves with.
CO'RBAS, f. f. pl. fmall feathers in the hawk's wings.
CORBA'TA, f. f. a cravat.
CORBATI'N, f. m. ftock, a clo... neckcloth.
CORBE'TA, f. f. vide *CORVETA*.
CORCE'L, f. m. a courfer, a fine horfe.
CORCHE'A, f. f. a note in mufic called a crotchet.
CORCHE'RA, f. f. a veffel made to keep ice in, to cool wine.
CORCHE'TA, f. f. that kind of fmall ring made of wire, to which the hook called *corchéte* is faftened.
CORCHETA'DA, f. f. a band of thiefcatchers.
CORCHE'TE, f. m. a hook, fuch as is ufed about the cloaths; alfo a catchpole or ferjeant to apprehend people.
CO'RCHO, f. m. cork.
Prov. *Andár cómo el córcho, fobre el água*, to float like a cork upon water; not to be fettled to any thing, to faunter idly about.
Hundír el córcho, to fink the cork; to be in danger of being taken or furprifed.
Nadár fin córcho, to fwim without cork, to ftand in no need or the affiftance of another.
CORCI'LLO, f. m. a little roebuck, a fawn.
CORCO'VA, f. f. a bunch in the back, crookednefs.
CORCOVA'DO, adj. hunch-backed.

CORCOVA'R, v. a. to crook, to bow, to make crooked.
CORCOVEA'R, v. a. to curvet or prance as a horse does.
CORCO'VOS, s. m. pl. the plunging of a horse.
CORDA'JE, s. m. vide *XA'RCIA*.
CORDA'L, adj. hindermost
Muéla cordál, the hindermost tooth.
CORDE'L, s. m. a rope, a halter, a string.
Apretár los cordéles, to draw the ropes straiter; that is, to wind up the rack and make a criminal confess; thence, applied to signify the pressing a man hard to discover a secret, or to do any other thing against his inclination.
Echár el cordél, to do impartial justice.
CORDELE'JO, s. m. a small cord or rope.
Dar cordeléjo, to rack, to vex, to torment.
CORDELI'LLO, s. m. diminutive of *cordél*.
CORDELLA'TE, s. m. a sort of coarse cloth that has the threads like packthread.
CORDE'RA, s. f. a yew-lamb.
CORDERI'A, s. f. cording, a place where cords are made or sold; also a parcel of lambs.
CORDERI'CO, *CORDERI'LLO*, s. m. a little lamb.
CORDE'RO, s. m. a lamb.
CORDERUE'LO, s. m. a little lamb.
CORDERU'NA, s. f. a lamb-skin.
CORDERU'NO, adj. belonging of appertaining to lambs.
CORDEZUE'LA, s. f. a little rope or cord.
CORDIA'CO mórbo, a pain in the heart.
CORDIA'L, adj. cordial.
CORDIALME'NTE, adv. cordially.
CORDI'LLA, s. f. part of the intestines of sheep, given to cats for food.
CORDILLE'RA, s. f. a long range of mountains.
CORDOBA'N, s. m. vide *CORDOVA'N*.
CORDO'JO, s. m. obs. trouble, sorrow, grief.
CORDO'N, s. m. the lace, such as women use to their stays; any silk rope, twist, braid, or lace; also a friar's rope; the ridge in a wall that sticks out beyond the rest. In fortification, a line, or intrenchment before a town or camp.
CORDONA'DA, s. f. a stroke with a rope.
CORDONA'DO, adj. corded, laced.
CORDONA'ZO, s. m. a stroke or lash with a cord; also a great cor or lace.
CORDONCI'LLO, *CORDONCI'TO*, s. m. a little cord, braid, or lace; in fortification, a small entrenchment.
CORDONERI'A, s. f. the place where lace is made or sold.
CORDONE'RO, s. m. one that makes silk cords, twists, or laces.
CORDOBA'N, *CORDOVA'N*, s. m. cordovan, Spanish leather, goats leather.
Andár a la cordována, to go naked.
CORDU'LA, s. f. vide *CORDYLO*.
CORDU'RA, s. f. discretion, staidness, gravity, wisdom.
CORDY'LA, s. f. a young tunny-fish.
CORDY'LO, s. m. a beast like a crocodile.
CORECHAME'NTE, adv. straight, clearly, fluently, in a fluent manner.
CORE'CHO, adj. straight, clear, without any hinderance, fluent.
CORECI'CO, s. m. diminutive of *cuéro*.
CO'RI, s. m. St. John's wort, or groundpine.
CORI'STA, s. m. a chorister, one that sings in the choir.
CORINTHIO. adj. of, or belonging to Corinth.
CORI'TO, a name they give to the people of the mountains of Old-Castile, Asturias, and the parts adjoining.
CORLADU'RA, s. f. a sort of goldlacker.
CO'RMA, s. f. a log of wood, such as they put to beasts feet, or to boys.
CORMA'NO, s. m. a brother of a different father or mother.
CORNA'CA, s. m. he that governs an elephant.
CORNA'DA, s. f. a push or punch with a beast's horn.
CORNADI'LLO, s. m. a very small piece of money.
CORNA'DO, s. m. a very small piece of money anciently used.
CORNAME'NTA, s. f. the horn put to any thing, as tipping, edging, or pointing.
CORNAMU'SA, s. f. a cornamuse, a horn-pipe, a bag-pipe.
CORNAMU'ZA, s. f. one of the timbers in a ship so called.
CORNARI'NA, s. f. the cornelionstone.
CO'RNEA, s. f. one of the coats of the eye.
CORNEADO'R, s. m. a beast that butts or tosses with the horns.
CORNEAMIE'NTO, s. m. founding a horn; butting with horns.
CORNEA'R, v. n. to horn, to butt with the horns, to blow a horn; also to cuckold.
CORNECI'CO, s. m. diminutive of *cuerno*.
CORNE'JA, s. f. a daw, a rook.
CORNEJA'L, s. m. the corner or angle of any thing.
CORNE'JO, s. m. the wil cherry-tree.
CORNERI'NA, s. f. the cornelianstone.
COROE'TA, s. f. cornet, the wind instrument so called; also the standard or cornet of a troop of horse.
CORNETI'CA, s. f. a little cornet.
CORNEZUE'LO, s. m. a little horn or bugle.
CORNICA'BRA, s. f. the turpentinetree; also small olives so called.
CORNICULA'RIO, s. m. an officer or clerk under the tribunes, a cornet of horse, a trooper in the wing of an army, a brigadier.
CORNICULA'TA, adj. belonging to the new moon.
CORNIFE'RO, adj. that wears or carries horns.
CORNIFO'RME, adj. an epithet

given to the comet when its tail appears crooked.

CORNIGE'RO, adj. vide *CORNIFE'RO.*

CORNI'JA, f. f. a cornice, either in mafons or in joyners work.

CORNIJA'L, f. m. a sharp angle or cornel in a building or other thing.

CORNIJAMIE'NTO, f. m. vide *CORNISAME'NTO.*

CORNIJO'N, f. m. that part of the edifice which comprifes the architrave, freefe, and cornice, and leans over columns.

CORNISA, f. f. vide *CORNI'JA.*

CORNISAME'NTO, f. m. the cornicing in mafons or joyners work.

CORNI'ZO, f. m. vide *CORNE'JO.*

CORNIZO'LAS, f. f. pl. haws or hawberries.

CORNUCO'PIA, f. f. cornucopia, an emblem of plenty.

CORNUDADO'R. f. m. a cuckoldmaker.

CORNUDA'R, v. a. to make a cuckold.

CORNUDERI'A, f. f. cuckoldom.

CORNU'DO, adj. horned, cuckolded; alfo a fort of fish.

CO'RO, f. m. choir.

Córo, f. m. the wind which blows from the place where the fun fets.

De córo, by heart.

CORO'CHA, f. f. a tunick or loofe coat to be worn over the veft or doublet; a woman's gown, petticoat, or mantle.

COROGRAPHI'A, f. f. the defcription of a particular place.

CORO'GRAPHO, f. m. he who defcribes any particular place.

COROLA'RIO, f. m. a corollary.

CORO'NA, f. f. crown, garland, the crown of the head; alfo an ancient gold coin.

Coróna de luna, the circle that appears fometimes about the moon.

Coróna de rey, the herb melilot.

Coróna de religiófo, the crown that is shaved on a religious man's head.

Coróna clvica, a garland of oak given to him that faved a citizen.

Coróna, in architecture, is the laft confiderable member in the entablature.

CORONACIO'N, f. f. a coronation.

CORONADO'R, f. m. one that crowns another.

CORONAMIE'NTO, f. m. a crowning.

CORONA'R, v. a. to crown.

Coronár la murálla, to crown the walls of a city; that is, to place many foldiers round upon them.

CORONA'RIA, f. f. the name of an artery, and alfo of a vein of the heart.

CORONA'RIO, adj. belonging to purified gold.

CORONDE'L, f. m. the partition wherewith the kernel of a walnut is divided, or the divifion of columns made by printers.

CORONE'L, f. m. colonel; a nobleman's coronet.

CORONELI'A, f. f. colonelship, the office or poft of a colonel.

CORO'NICA, f. f. a chronicle.

CORONI'CA, *CORONI'LLA*, f. f. a little crown or garland.

Coronilla de la cabéza, the crown of the head.

Coronilla hiérba, the blue-bottle herb and flower.

Coronilla de mónte, the top of a mountain.

Coronilla de edifício, the top of a ftructure.

CORONI'STA, f. m. an hiftoriographer.

CORONI'TA, f. f. a little crown.

CORO'ZA, f. f. a painted cap like a mitre, made of pafteboard, fet on the head of a bawd, carried about the ftreets on an afs, either to be whipped, or only expofed to public shame.

COROZA'R, v. a to put on a *coróza.*

CORPANCHO'N, *CORPA'NZO*, f. m. a great body.

CORPA'ZO, f. m. a great body.

CORPECI'TO, f. m. diminutive of *cuerpo.*

CORPEZUE'LO, f. m. a doublet or waiftcoat without fleeves.

CORPIÑE'JO, f. m. diminutive of *corpiño.*

CORPIÑO, f. m. a little doublet or waiftcoat worn by women.

CORPORA'L, adj. corporal, belonging, to the body. Subft. ufed, the linen cloth on which the facrament is laid.

CORPORALIDA'D, f. f. corporality.

CORPORALME'NTE, adv. bodily corporally.

CORPOREO, adj. corporeal, that has a body.

CORPS, f. m. the fame as *cuerpo*, ufed in fpeaking of fome employments near the perfon of the king.

CORPU'DO, adj. corpulent, of great bulk.

CORPULE'NCIA, f. f. corpulence, bulkinefs.

CORPULENTO, adj. corpulent, big of body.

CORPUSCULA'R, adj. corpufcular, relating to bodies, comprifing bodies, treating of corpufcular atoms.

CORPUSCU'LO, f. m. corpufcle little body atom.

CORRAGE'RO, f. m. a harnefs-maker.

CORRA'L, f. m. a yard, a court, the backfide of a houfe, any piece of ground next a houfe.

CORRALE'RO, f. m. one who breeds or fells fowls, a higgler.

CORRALI'LLO f. m. a little court or yard, or backfide to a houfe.

CORRA'MBRE, f. m. vide *CORAMBRE.*

CORRE'A, f. f. leather ftrap, thong.

Tenér uno corréa, is to be patient or pliable like a thong.

Hacér corréa el licór, to grow ropy.

Del cuéro salén las corréas, thongs come out of the hide, that is, the parts come from the whole.

CORREA'GE, f. f. ftraps, thongs, harnefs.

CORRECCIO'N, f. f. punishment, correction, reproof.
CORRECTAME'NTE, adv. correctly, with exactness, with accuracy.
CORRECTIVO, f. m. impediment, hindrance, obstruction.
CORREOTO, adj. correct, free from error or mistake.
CORRECTO'R, f. m. corrector.
CORREDENTO'R, f. m. the person vho with another helps a third.
CORREDE'RA, f. f. a place for horses to run; a woman that runs about with things to sell, as old cloaths, or the like. At sea, a log-line.
Corredéra, f. f. the upper stone of any mill.
CORBEDIZO, adj. apt to slip or run.
CORREDO'R, f. m. a gallery; a curtain; a broker; any sort of runner. In a military sense, one that goes out to discover or to scour the country. In cant, a catchpole.
Corredór de lonja, an exchange-broker.
Corredór de ferias, a broker who drives bargains at fairs.
Corredór de óreja, a pimp.
CORREDO'RCILLO, f. m. diminutive of *corredór*.
CORREDU'RA, f. f. warlike incursions.
CORREDURI'A, f. f. running about; also brokerage.
Salir à corredurias, to go out in parties to scour the country.
CORREGIBILIDA'D, f. f. docility, aptness to be taught.
CORREGI'BLE, adj. that may be corrected or mended.
CORREGIDOR, f. m. a corrector, the chief civil magistrate in every city or town of note.
Corregidóra de afeytes, f. f. a cant word for a chamber-maid.
CORREGIMIE'NTO, f. m. the office or dignity of a *corregidór*.
CORREGIR, v. a. to correct, to amend, to punish, to chastise.
CORREGUE'LA, f. f. bloodwort.
Correguela, f. f. diminutive of *correa* a little leather strap or thong.
Correguéla mayór, the great bindweed, or ropeweed.
Correguéla mácho the water-willow.
CORRELACIO'N, f. f. comparison, similitude.
CORRELATI'VO, } adj. related
CORRELA'TO, } to.
CORRENCIA, f. f. flux, looseness.
CORRENDI'LLA, f. f. a place to run horses.
CORRENTON, f. m. the person that takes a joke without being offended at it.
CORRE'O, f. m. a post, a letter-carrier: also the post-office.
CORREO'N, f. m. a great leather strap or thong.
CORREO'SO, adj. any thing that stretches like a leather thong; ropy, tough.
CORRE'R, v. n. to run: to flow like liquor, to put one out of countenance, to bait.
Corrér a las paréjas, to run hand in hand.
Corrér sortija, to run at the ring.
Corrér tóros, to ride at the bulls, as they do in Spain with spears and on horseback.
Huyr a tódo corrér, to fly upon a full speed.
Corrér la posta, to ride post.
Corrér el pálio, to run a race.
Corrér riésgo, to run a hazard.
Corrér tal viénto, to blow.
Corrér la sángre, to bleed.
Corrér la monéda, to be current.
Corrérse, v. r. to be out of countenance.
CORRERI'A, f. f. running, excursion of soldiers.
CORRE'SCA f. f. a weapon like a halbert.
CORRESPONDE'NCIA, f. f. correspondence: return for kindness: uniformity.
CORRESPONDIE'NTE, adj correspondent: that answers to, uniform to.
CORRESPONDE'R, v. a. to keep correspondence: to make a return for a kindness received: to be uniform with.
Corresрondérse, v. r. to hold a correspondence one with another.
CORRESPONSA'L, f. m. correspondent, he who corresponds with another.
CORRETA'GE, f. m. running about also brokerage.
CORRETO'R, f. m. a corrector
CORREVEDI'LE, f. m. the person who carries news to make a disturbance: also a pimp.
CORRI'DA, f. f. a run, also putting any thing out of countenance.
De corrida, hastily, running.
CORRIDAME'NTE, adv. currently.
CARRIDI'CA, f. f. diminutive of *corrida*.
CORRI'DO, adj. ashamed, out of countenance.
CORRIENTE, f. m. a current; a small brook, a channel, the current of a river or of the sea.
Corriénte, adj. running.
Monéda corriénte, current coin.
Cósa corriénte, a thing that passes without contradiction, generally received.
Irse tras la corriénte, to run along with the stream.
CORRIENTEME'NTE, adv. plainly, expeditiously.
CORRILLE'RO, f. m. one who goes from one company to another to talk.
CORRI'LLO, f. m. a knot of people, a company standing in a ring to talk.
CORRIO'LA, f. f. knot-grass swine's grass, also the greater bind-weed or rope-weed.
CORRIMIE'NTO, f. m. a running: also a putting out of countenance.
CORRI'NCHO, f. m. in cant, a court or yard: also a company of mean people.
CORRIVACIO'N, f. f. the running of waters together into one stream.
CORRO, f. m. a knot of people: a company standing in a ring to talk. also a place to bait bulls.
CORROBORACIO'N, f. f. corroboration, strenthening.
CORROBORA'R, v. a. to corroborate, to strengthen.
CORROBRA, f. f. a reward gi-

ven to à broker or match-maker.

CORROE'R, v. a. to gnaw.

CORROLA'RIO, f. m. vide *COROLA'RIO*.

CORROMPEDO'R, f. m. a corrupter: a briber.

CORROMPE'R, v. a. to fpoil, to putrefy, to corrupt, to bribe.

Corromper los juéces, to bribe judges.

Corromper las lettras, to forge letters.

Corrompér una doncélla, to debauch a maid.

Corrompérfe, v. r. to decay, to fpoil.

CORROMPIDAME'NTE, adv. vicioufly, corruptly.

CORROMPIMIE'NTO, f. m. corrupting, fpoiling: alfo bribing.

CORROSI'BLE, adj. corrofible, fufceptible of gradual deftruction by corrofion.

CORROSIBILIDA'D, f. f. corrofibility, poffibility to be confumed by a menftruum.

CORROSIO'N, f. f. a gnawing.

CORROSI'VO, adj. corrofive.

CORRU'CA, f. f. the bird that hatches the cuckows eggs: a cuckold.

CORRUGACIO'N, f. f. wrinkling, contraction into vrinkles.

CORRU'GO, f. m. an dewer to wash hands.

CORRU'LLA, f. f. in gallies, a particular room fo called under the deck.

CORRUMPI'R, v. a. to corrupt, to defile, to debauch: to bribe.

CORRUPCIO'N, f. f. corruption, putrefaction, rottenefs; bribery.

CORRUPTAMENTE, adv. corruptly, vicioufly.

CORRUPTE'LA, f. f. for bribery: corruption.

CORRUPTIBILIDA'D, f. . corruptibility.

CORRUPTI'BLE, adj. corruptible: that may be bribed.

CORRUPTIVO, adj. that can be corrupted.

CORRU'PTO, adj. corrupted, bribed, rotten, decayed, fpoilrd.

CORRUPTO'R, f. m. corrupter.

CORSA, f. f. a race, a coarfe; a failing of ships.

CORSI'A, f. f. the deck of a ship. In a galley, the gang-way: alfo the great gun on the prow.

CO'RSO, f. m. privateering, piracy.

Andár á córfo, to be out a pirating or privateering.

CO'RTA, f. f. the felling of timber for building; alfo a provifion of timberwood for ufe and fervice in war: timber-work.

CORTABO'LSAS, f. m. a cutpurfe.

CORTADE'RO, f. m. a cutting-room a place where people rail and backbite.

CORTADI'LLO, f. m. in cant, a cheat at cards.

CORTADO'R, f. m. a cutter, generally taken for a butcher.

Efpada cortadóra, a sharp cutting fword.

CORTADU'RA, f. f. a cut a jag.

Cortadúras, open works with flowers, or figures.

CORTAME'NTE, adv. shortly, quickly.

CORTAMIEN'TO, f. m. the act of cutting.

CORTA'NTE, adj. cutting.

CORTA'O, f. m. a military engine formerly ufed to batter the walls of befieged towns.

CORTAPI'COS Y CALLARES, a phrafe ufed to children, meaning that they prattle too much, and ask too many impertinent queftions.

CORTAPIE'S, f. m. a cut upon the legs with a fword.

CORTAPI'SA, f. f. a border about the skirt of a garment.

CORTA'R, v. a. to cut.

Cortár lárgo, a fea-term; to fail away large.

Cortár mas a la mar, to ftand out to fea.

Cortár el hilo, to ftop proceedings, to interrupt.

Cortár a uno de veftir, to cut out a fuit of cloaths; to fpeak ill of a man.

Cortárfe, v. r. to be daunted, or furprifed, to be in confternation; alfo to fall into a fwoon.

Cortárfe el efclávo, to contract with his mafter for fo much a day, to be at liberty to work for himfelf, and earn what he can.

CO'RTE, f. m. the edge of a cutting inftrument: alfo the terms of a compofition of a difference; the quantity of ftuff neceffary to make a garment: alfo a yard.

Corte; f. f. the court of a prince, the place where the prince refides, the palace, alfo the retinue of a prince; and the art of pleafing.

Hacér córte, to flatter, to court, to endeavour to pleafe.

CORTECI'CA, } f. f. the bark
CORTECILLA, } of a tree, a fmall bit of bread.

CORTEDA'D, f. f. shortnefs, brevity: niggardlinefs, bashfulnefs.

CORTE'JA, f. f. retinue, attendance, courtship.

CORTEJADO'R, f. m. one who courts, attends, or waits upon another; a courtier.

CORTEJA'R, v. a. to court, to attend, to wait upon: alfo to woo to folicit a woman, to flatter.

CORTE'JO, f. m. courtship, flattery: alfo a prefent, a little gift.

CO'RTES, f. f. the affembly of the ftates of Spain.

Cortés, adj. courteous, civil.

CORTESA'NA, f. f. a female courtier: in an ill fenfe, a lewd woman, a proftitute, a woman of the town.

CORTESANAME'NTE, adv. courteoufly, civilly, after the court manner.

CORTESANI'A, f. f. a courtlinefs, civility, courtefy.

CORTESA'NO, adj. courteous, civil, well-bred.

Lettra córtefána, a very fmall writing.

CORTESI'A, f. f. civility, courtefy, good manners: alfo a bow, a curtefy.

CORTESME'NTE, adv. civilly, courteoufly.

CORTE'ZA, f. f. the bark of a tree: a cruft of bread; the rind of any thing; the furface of any

thing. In architecture, the shell or two faces of a wall filled in the middle with small stones or rubbish.
Cortéʒas, pl. in cant, gloves.
CORTEZO'N, s. m. a great crust or bark.
CORTEZUDO, adj. that has a great bark
CORTIDU'RA, s. f. vide *CURTIDURA*.
CORTI'JO, s. m. a farm, a countrihouse, a hut, a cabbin; also a field of arable land. In cant, a bawdyhouse.
CORTI'NA, s. f. curtain. In fortification, a curtain, the part of the wall or rampart that runs from one bastion to another.
CORTINA'GE, s. m. a set of curtains.
CORTINA'L; s. m. a piece of ground not far from a town or village.
CO'RTO, adj. short, scanty; bashful, niggardly; fearful; covetous.
Córto de entendimiénto, half-witted.
Córto de raʒónes, brief in words.
Córto de coraʒón, cow-hearted.
Córto de vistò, short of sight.
A la córta ó a la larga, soon or late.
CORTO'N, s. m. a dog or horse that has his tail cut short.
CORTRA'YES, s. m. pl. linen made at Courtray in Flanders.
CORUSCA'NTE, adj. shining, bright, glittering.
CORU'SCO, adj. shining, glittering.
CORU'JA, s. f. a howlet.
CORULLE'RO, s. m. a galley-slave.
CO'RVA, s. f. the ham.
Córvas, pl. in falconri, the feathers in a hawk's wings next to the principal feathers called flags.
CORVADU'RA, s. f. the place where any thing bows or bends.
CORVA'R, v. a. to bow, to bend, to make crooked.
CORVA'TA, s. f. a cravat.
CORVA'TO, s. m. a young crow.
CORVECI'TO, s. m. diminutive of *cuérvo*.
CORVEJO'N, s. m. the joint which bows the foot of any beast.
CORVE'ñ A ráſa, the plain ground.
COVETA, s. f. the curvet or curvetting of a horse.
CORVI'LLO, s. m. a little crow, diminutive of *cuérvo*.
Miércoles corvillo, Ash-wednesday.
CORVI'NA, s. f. a sort of sea-fish.
CO'RVO, adj. crooked.
CORVU'RA, s. f. crookedness.
CORYPHE'O, s. m. a head, or chief.
CO'RZA, s. f. } a roebuck.
CO'RZO, s. m. }
CORZUE'LO, s. m. diminutive of *corʒo*; also the wheat, that, having not been beat out of the husk, falls short of the unhusked, and thrown with the winnow.

COS

COS'A, s. f. a thing.
Cósa coja, } s. f. a riddle, such as children learn to puzzle one another.
Cosi cója, }
No vále cósa, it is worth nothing.
No es cósa, it is no matter of moment, it is not proper.
No hay cósa con cója, all is in confusion, out of order.
Prov. *Tres cosas sácan al hombre de tino, mugér, náypes, y vino*, three things put a man besides himself; a woman, cards and wine.
CO'SCA, s. f. obs. the head.
COSCOGI'TA, s. f. vide *COSCOJI'TA*.
COSCO'JA, s. f. } a small sort of oak, on which the scarled-dye grows, used before cochineal came from the west Indies; also the dry pickly leaves of the oak; and the prickly wheels put to the bridles, to curb hard-mouthed horses.
COSCO'JO, s. m. }
COSCOJA'L, s. f. } s. m. a growe of such oak-trees.
COSCOJA'R, s. m. }
COSCOJI'TA, s. f. a hop upon one leg.
Jugar a coscojita, a play among boys, hopping upon one foot.
COSCORRO'N, s. m. a knock on the pate which raises a bump, but does not draw blood.
COSE'CHA, s. f. harvest.
COSECHE'RO, s. m. one who has a vineyard, and makes and sells the wine himself.
COSEDI'ZO, adj. fit to be dressed for eating.
COSEDU'RA, s. f. sewing together.
COSELE'TE, s. m. a corselet.
COSER, v. a. to sew as a taylor or seamstress.
Cosérse la bóca, to be silent.
Cosérse con la tiérra, to lie flat upon the ground; to humble one's self down to the ground.
Cosér a dos cabos, to sew with both ends as shoe-makers do; to play Jack on both sides; to hold with the hound and run with the hare.
COSE'RA, s. f. a field or portion of land that may be watered by what they call a *tanda*.
COSETA'DA, s. f. a quick run.
Dar cosetádas, to run with speed, to run fast.
COSIDU'RA, s. f. sewing with a needle.
COSI'LLA, } s. f. a little thing.
COSI'TA, }
CO'SMICO, s. m. in astronomy, the rising or setting of a star with the sun.
COSMOGRAPHI'A, s. f. cosmography, a description of the world.
COSMO'GRAPHO, s. m. a cosmographer, one that describes or understands the description of the world.
COSQUI'LLAS, s. f. tickling.
Hacér cosqulllas, to tickle.
No súfre ò no consiénte cosqulllas, he does not suffer; or consent to be tickled; that is he shows a proper resentment to those who offer to jest with him in a scurrillous manner.
COSQUILLA'R, v. n. to tickle.
COSQUILLA'ZA, s. f. } a violent and sudden tickle.
COSQUILLO'N, s. m. }
COSQUILLO'SO, adj. ticklish, skitish.

Cosquillóso, one who cannot take a jest, impatient.
CO'SSA, f. f. vide *COSA*.
COSSARIO, f. m. a pirate, a sea-rower.
Cossário, adj. belonging to a pirate.
COSSELE'TE, f. m. vide *COSELE'TE*.
COSSO, f. m. the place for the bullfeasts; also a sort of great worm, growing in the trunk of fruit-trees.
CO'STA, f. f. cost, charge, expence; also the sea-coast; also the wedge shoe-makers drive in upon the last to raise the shoe on the instep.
Ir cósta a cósta, to coast along, to sail close by the shore.
Hómbre de la cósta, one that lives near the sea-coast.
COSTA'DO, f. m. the side, the flank.
Dolor de costadó, a pleurisy.
COSTA'L, f. m. a sack, a great bag.
Prov. *Cómo costál de carbonero, malo de fuéra, péor de dentro*, like a collier's sack, bad without, and worse within.
COSTALA'DA, f. f. a fall upon the back.
COSTALA'ZO, f. m. augmentative of *costál*.
COSTALE'JO, f. m. a little sack.
COSTALE'RO, f. m. a porter or labouring man.
COSTALI'LLO, f. m. diminutive of *costál*.
COSTANE'RA, f. f. vide *COSTADO*.
COSTANE'RO, adj. hilly, rising like a hill.
COSTANI'LLA, f. f. a little side of a hill.
COSTA'R, v. n. to cost.
COS'TE, f. m. cost, expence, charges.
COSTEAR, v. a. to coast along the shore; also to bear a man's charges, to pay the cost of.
COSTE'RA, f. f. vide *COSTA'DO*.
COSTE'RO, f. m. a quarter of wood, a pile like a rafter.
COSTI'LLA, f. f. a rib.
Costillas, pl. all the back.
COSTILLA'GE, f. m. the structure of the ribs.
COSTILLE'R, f. m. an officer of the houshold so called.
COSTILLU'DO, adj. that has great ribs, a robust, rough hewn fellow.
CO'STO, f. m. an Indian tree so called.
COSTOSAME'NTE, adv. sumptuously, costly, expensively, chargeably.
COSTO'SO, adj. costly, expensive, chargeable.
COSTRA, f. f. a crust, any thing that is crusted and hardened together, as on a sore, on any liquid or wet substance; also the face or outside of a wall.
COSTRA'DA, f. f. a glazed cake; that is, which is crusted over with sugar.
COSTREñI'R, v. a. vide *CONSTREñI'R*.
COSTU'MBRE, f. f. custom.
Costúmbre de la mugér, a woman's courses.
Costúmbre hace ley, custom becomes law.
COSTU'RA, f. f. a seam; also the joint of two boards.
COSTURE'RA, f. f. seamstress.
COSTURON, f. m. a great coarse seam; a great scar of a wound.

COT

CO'TA, f. f. a coat of mail; also a long sort of coat used formerly, or rather a vest hanging to the middle of the leg, like a short cassock, full of plaits, with wide sleeves and welts; also a quotation of an author; and a quota, or that part that falls to a man's share.
COTA'NA, f. f. a square hole made in a piece of wood to fix a square piece of wood in it.
COTAN'ZA, f. f. a kind of fine and broad linen so called.
COTARRE'RA, f. f a mean woman.
COTARRE'RO, f. m. in cant, a mean fellow, one that has been in an hospital.
COTA'RRO, f. m. a brothel, a bawdyhouse.
COTEA'R, v. a. to set bounds, to limit.
COTEJADO'R, f. m. a comparer.
COTEJAME'NTO, f. f. vide *COTEJO*.
COTEJA'R, v. a. to compare two things together.
COTE'JO, f. m. the comparing of two things together.
COTHU'RNO, f. m. buskins used by tragedians in acting with an high heel.
COTIDIANAME'NTE, adv. vide *QUOTIDINIAME'NTE*.
COTIDIA'NO, adj. vide *QUOTIDIA'NO*.
COTILIDO'NES, f. m. pl. the ends of certain veins and arteries so called.
COTI'LLA, f. f. the stays or boddice worn by women.
COTILLE'RO, f. m. a stay-maker.
COTI'N, f. m. a back stroke, given to a ball at tennis.
COTI'ZA, f. f. a certain band in a coat of arms.
CONTIZA'DO, adj. in heraldry, full of bands of different colours.
CO'TO f. m. a park, a warren; also the price set upon any commodity; the hand's breadth, when the four fingers are clinched and the thumb raised up.
COTO'N, f. m. cotton printed with many colours.
Cóton, in cant, a doublet.
Cóton colorado, in cant, a whipping.
Cotón dóblé, in cant, a coat of mail.
COTONCI'LLO, f. m. a little ball or knob, sometimes full of cotton, put by painters at top of their rods.
COTONI'A, a f. f. sort of to fine cloth made of cotton; dimity.
COTORRE'RA, f. f. a babbler; also a sort of bird in America.
COTORRO, f. m. a sink of filth.
COTRA'L, f. m. a beast separated from the herb, or put aside as of less value.

COTUFA

COTU'FA , f. f. a fort of root, otherwife called *criadilla de tiérra*. Vide *CRIADI'LLA*.

Pedir contúfas en el gólfo , to require impoffibilities.

COTU'RNO , f. m. a fort of bufkin; alfo a tragedy. Ufed only by poets.

COV

COVA'CHA , f. f. a little cellar, cave, or den.

COVACHUE'LA , f. f. a little cave, or den; alfo the office of a fecretary of ftate in the palace.

COVANI'LLO , f. m. a little basket, fuch as they ufe at the vintage to gather grapes in.

COVA'RDE , adj. vide *COBA'RDE*.

COVARDI'A , f. f. vide *COBARDI'A*.

COVEZUE'LA , f. f. diminutive of *cuéva*.

COX

COXA'R , v. a. vide *COXEA'R*.

COXCORRO'N , f. m. vide *COSCORRO'N*.

COXEADO'R , f. m. one that halts.

COXEA'R , v. a. to halt, to go lame.

No coxéa déffe pié , he does not halt with that foot, it is not that which troubles him, the fault lies not there.

COXEDA'D , f. f. lamenefs.

COXENDI'CO , f. m. the hip bone.

COXE'RA , f. f. vide *COXEDA'D*.

COXI'JU , f. m. pain, grief, trouble; alfo vermin.

COXIJO'SO , adj. that is very troublefome; that is very uneafy at every thing.

COXI'N , f. m. a cushion, a pillow.

COXINE'TE , f. m. a little cushion.

Coxinéte de áncas , a fmall pillion, or a pillion for a woman to ride on.

COXINI'LLO , f. m. a little cushion.

COXITRANCA , f. m. a hopping fellow that is never ftill.

CO'XO , f. m. one who has one leg shorter than another.

COXORRO'N , f. m. vide *COSCORRO'N*.

COXQUEA'R , v. a. vide *COXEA'R*.

COXQUI'LLAS , f. f. pl. vide *COSQUI'LLAS*.

COY

CO'YMA , f. f. in cant, a whore.

COYME'RO , f. m. one who keeps a public gaming-houfe. In cant, a pimp.

COYU'NDA , f. f. a yoke for oxen; the thong belonging to the yoke.

COYUNDA'DO , adj. tied to the yoke.

COYUNTU'RA , f. f. a joint in a man's body, or any other thing; alfo an opportunity.

COZ

COZ , f. f. a kick, or fpurn.

Coz de arcabúz , the butt end of a musket; alfo the recoiling of it.

Entrárfe de coz y de hoz , to come in without faying by your leave or with your leave.

Dar cózes cóntra el aguijon , to fpurn againft the prick, to go on in a thing that is hurtful to one's felf.

CRA

CRARO'N , f. m. a kingd of great wafp; a hornet.

CRA'NEO , f. m. the brain-pan.

CRA'S , adv. obf. to-morrow.

CRASCITA'R , v. n. to refemble the voice of a crow.

CRASSITU'D , f. f. fatnefs, and thicknefs.

CRA'SSO , adj. thick, fat; foolish, ignorant.

CRE

CRE'A , f. f. a fort of linen cloth fo called.

CREA'BLE , adj. that can be created.

CREACIO'N , f. f. the creation.

CREA'R , v. a. to create.

CREATU'RA , f. f. a creature.

CRECEDE'RO , adj. apt to grow, or increafe.

CRECE'R , v. n. to grow, to increafe.

Créce la mar , the fea flows.

Crécé el edificio , the ftructure rifes

Créce la lúna , the moon is in the increafe.

Créce el précio , the price rifes.

Créces , f. f. pl. the overplus in meafures of corn, or weight of bread.

CRECI'DA , f. f. an augmentation or increafe.

CRECIE'NTE , f. f. the increafe of rivers by rain.

Creciénte , the flood; the increafe of the moon.

CRECIMIE'NTO , f. m. increafe.

CREDE'NCIA , f. f. the credit that is given to any perfon; alfo the table which is covered by the altar, on which ftands the wine and water when the bish op fay mafs.

CREDENCIE'RO , f. m. he that has charge of the *credéncia*.

CREDIBILIDA'D , f. f. credibility.

CRE'DITO , f. m. credit; alfo faith, teftimony; alfo efteem, good opinion; alfo a promiffory note or any promife given; truft repofed.

CRE'DO , f. m. the belief, the creed.

En ménos de un crédo , in lefs time than a man will be faying his creed; in a trice, in a moment.

CREDULIDA'D , f. f. credulity, eafinefs in believing or giving credit.

CRE'DULO , adj. credulous, apt to believe or give credit.

CREDULO'SO , adj. credulous, believing, crediting.

CREEDE'RO , adj. fit to be believed, probable, credible.

CREE'NCIA , f. f. belief, credit; the affay taken by the king's tafter of his meat and drink.

CREE'R , v. a. to believe.

CREHE'NCIA , f. f. vide *CREENCIA*.

CREI'BLE , adj. credible,

CREIBLEMENTE, adv. credibly, probably, plausibly, in a manner that claims belief.
CRE'MA, s. f. not so good a word as *nata*, cream.
CREMO'R, s. m. cremour, the thinnest and most delicate juice extracted out of auy thing.
CRENCHA, s. f. the partition of the hair; the hair curiously parted on the forehead.
CREPUSCULI'NO, adj. belonging to the dawn of day.
CRESCE'R; v. n. vide *CRECE'R*.
CRESCIMIE'NTO, s. m. vide *CRECIMIE'NTO*.
CRE'SPA, s. f. curling of hair, feathers, or the like.
CRESPADU'RA, s. f. a curling.
CRESPA'R, v. a. to curl.
CRESPI'NO, s. f. a sort of coif or head-dress made of curled silk; also a goosebeerry.
CRE'SPO, adj. curled.
CRESPUDIA'NA, s. f. the stone chelonites or toad-stone.
CRESPU'SCULO, s. m. the dawning of the day; morning and evening.
CRE'STA, s. f. the crest of a helmet, or of a coat of arms; a copple-crown in a fowl, and a cock's comb.
CRESTA'DO, adj. crested, that has a crest.
CRESTI'LLA, s. f. a little crest, cock's comb, or copple-crown.
CRESTO'N, s. m. the crest of a helmet or of a coat of arms.
CRE'TA, s. f. a chop in the hand or in the earth.
CREYE'NTE, s. m. believer.
En justos y en creyéntes, a vulgar expression used when any one endeavours to persuade another of his sincerity and truth, as we sa. It is true as, I hope to be saved.

CRI

CRI'A, s. f. a breed, an offspring; also the young of any animal.
CRIACIO'N, s. f. the creation.
CRIA'DA, s. f. a maid-servant.
CRIADE'RO, that may be created.
CRIADI'LLA, s. f. a little servant wench.
Criadilla de tiérra, a sort of trustle.
Criadillas de cordéro, s. f. lamb stones.
CRIA'DO, adj. bred, brought up; also created; as,
Bien criádo, well-bred.
Mal criádo, ill-bred.
Nacido y criádo en Róma, born and bred at Rome.
Criádo, s. m. a servant.
CRIADO'R, s. m. a creator; also one that educates or breeds up another.
CRIAMIE'NTO, s. m. creation,
CRIA'NZA, s. f. breeding, good manners, education; also urbanity, humanity, courtesy.
CRIA'R, v. a. to breed up, to educate, to nurse, to breed; also to create.
CRIATU'RA, s. f. a creature; also a child.
CRIATURI'LLA, s. f. diminutive of *creatúra*.
CRIAZO'N, s. m. all the persons belonging to one and the same family.
CRI'BA, s. f. a sieve with large holes, used to sift and cleanse chopped straw.
CRIBA'R, v. a. to sift.
CRI'BO, s. m. a sieve to cleanse corn.
CRIBE'RO, s. m. a sifter.
CRICA de mugér, s. f. the pterygium, or the nymphæ.
CRIDA'R, v. n. to cry out.
CRIE'TA, s. f. vide *GRIE'TA*.
CRI'MEN, s. m. a crime; generally taken for that which is heinous, or capital.
Crimen de lesa majestád, high-treason.
Escribano del crimen, a clerk or register of a criminal court.
Juéz del crimen, a judge in criminal causes.
CRIMINACIO'N, s. f. a ccusation.
CRIMINADO'R, s. m. an accuser an evidence.
CRIMINA'L, adj. criminal.
CRIMINALIDA'D, s. f. the circumstances of a crime.
CRIMINALME'NTE, adv. criminally.
CRIMINA'R, v. a. to accuse any one of a crime.
CRIMINOSAME'NTE, adv. criminally.
CRIMINO'SO, adj. full of crimes.
CRIMNO, s. m. the coarsest sort of flour.
CRIN, s. f. the hair of a horse's main.
CRINA'DO, adj. that has a mane or hair like it; also a woman's hair dressed.
CRINA'R, v. a. to breeda mane; also to dress the hair.
Crines de cabállo encriznejádas, the mane of a stone-horse which rises and stands hollow like a plume of feathers.
CRINITA'R, v. a. to foretel misfortunes.
CRINI'TO, adj. that has long hairs.
CRIO'JA, s. f. in cant, flesh.
CRIOJE'RO, s. m. in cant, a butcher.
CRIO'LLO, s. m. the son of a Spaniard and west Indian woman.
CRISIS, s. f. the crisis of a distemper; also judgment.
CRI'SMA, s. f. vide *CHRI'SMA*.
CRISMA'R, v. a. to anoint with chrism or holy oil, to confirm.
CRISME'RA, s. f. the little bottle in which the chrism or holy oil is kept.
CRISNEJA'S, s. f. pl. vide *CRIZNEJA'S*.
CRISO'L, s. m. goldsmith's meltingpot, a crucible.
Passar por el crisól, to be refined, to stand trial.
CRISO'LITO, s. m. a chrysolite, a precious stone of a golden colour so called.
CRISPADU'RA, s. f. vide *CRESPADURA*.
CRISPA'R, v. a. vide *CRESPA'R*.
CRI'STA, s. f. a crest of a helmet, a cock's comb.
CRISTA'L, adj. crystal.
CRISTALI'NO, adj. crystalline, clear, transparent.
CRISTE'L, s. m. a clyster.
CRISTIA'DO, adj. that has a comb on the head like a cock or hen.
CRISTIANA'DO, p. p. christened, made a Christian, baptized.

CRISTIANA'R, v. a. to chriften, to make a Chriftian, to baptize.
CRISTIANDA'D, f. f Chriftianity, or Chriftendom.
CRISTIANI'SMO, adj. a chriftening, or baptizing; alfo Chriftendom.
CRISTIANISSI'MO, f. m. the title given to the king of France.
Criftiáno nuévo, a new Chriftian; that is, who is either himfelf a convert, or defcended from Moors or Jews.
Criftiáno viéjo, an old Chriftian; that is, whofe race has no mixture of Jewish or Moorish blood.
CRISTO, f. m. Chrift.
CRISUE'LA, f. f. a lamp, a candle, a light, a link.
CRITI'CA, f. f. criticifm.
CRITICA'L, adj. critical.
CRITICAMENTE, adv. critically, in a critical manner, with exactnefs, with accuracy.
CRITICA'R, v. a. to criticife.
CRI'TICO, adj. critical.
Dias criticos, the days when a diftemper comes to its crifis.
CRITIQUIZA'R, v. a. vide *CRITIC'AR.*
CRIVA'DO, adj. fifted.
CRIZNE'JAS, f. f. pl. high plumes of feathers ftanding upright, as were formerly worn in helmets; alfo wattles or hurdles.

CRO

CROCHE'L, f. m. a tower that forms a part of a palace.
CROCI'NO, f. m. a kind of ointment made with faffron.
CROCODI'LIO, f. m. an herb like a thiftle, called *chamælcon niger.*
CROCODI'LO, f. m. a crocodile.
CROCOMA'GNA, f. m. dregs of the oil of faffron and other fpices, made into balls.
CROCU'TA, f. f. a mongrel beaft fuppofed between a dog and lion, or wolf.
CROMA'TICO, adj. vide *CHROMA'TICO.*
CRO'NICA, f. f. a chronicle.
CRONICA'DOR, } f. m. vide *CORONI'STA.*
CRONI'STA, }
CRONOGRAPHI'A, f. f. chronography; an account of the times.
CRO'TO, f. m. a fowl called a bittern.

CRU

CRUAME'NTE, adv. obf. cruelly.
CRUCERI'A, f. f. a barbarous or Gothic ftructure.
CRUCE'RO, f. m. the crofs formed by a cathedral church; alfo a crofs-beam in any building; alfo a celeftial fign compofed of fix ftars; alfo a crofs way.
CRUCIA'TA, f. f. the herb crofwort, dwarf gentian, jutfon, mug-weed.
CRUCI'FERO, f. m. a crofs-bearer, or carrier, he that carries a crofs before an archbishop; one of that religious order, who always carry a crofs in their hands.
CRUCIFICA'R, v. a. to crucify, to nail to a crofs.
CRUCIFIXIO'N, f. f. crucifixion.
CRUCIFI'XO, f. m. the image of Chrift on the crofs.
CRUCIFIXO'R, f. m. who crucifies.
CRUCIFO'RME, adj. cruciform, having the form of a crofs.
CRUCI'GERO, adj. vide *CRUCI'FERO.*
CRUDAME'NTE, adv. cruelly, rawly, bloodily.
CRUDE'L, adj. obf. cruel.
CRUDE'ZA, f. f. cruelty, rawnefs, bloodinefs.
Crudéza, f. f. arrogance, boafting.
CRUDI'O, adj. harsh, rough.
Sombras crudias, fo painters call the deep shadows.
CRU'DO, adj. raw; metaph. rude, unpolished.
Al púnto crúdo, a feafonable time.
CRUE'L, adj. cruel, fierce, bloody.
CRUELDA'D, } f. f. cruelty.
CRUELE'ZA, }
CRUELME'NTE, adv. cruelly.
CRUENTAME'NTE, adv. cruelly.
CRUENTA'R, v. a. to make bloody.
CRUE'NTO, adj. cruel, fanguinary.
CRUE'RO, f. m. vide *RECUE'RO.*
CRUE'ZA, f. f. cruelty.
CRUGI'A, f. f. vide *CRUXI'A.*
CRUGI'R, v. n. vide *CRUXI'R.*
CRUO'R, f. m. blood. Poetical.
CRURA'L, adj. belonging to the leg.
CRURE'O, f. m. one of the mufcles of the leg fo called.
CRUS, f. f. vide *CRUZ.*
CRU'STA, f. f. a fcab growing on a fore.
CRUSTI'CO, adj. that beats like the clapper of a bell.
CRU'STULA, f. f. the cream that rifes on milk, or the like.
CRUXI'A, f. f. the walk or gang way in a galley.
Paffár cruxia, to run the gauntlet.
Cañon de crúxia, the great gun in a galley.
CRUXI'DA, f. f. vide *CRUXI'A*
CRUXI'DO, f. m. a crack.
CRUXI'R, v. n. to crackle, to ruftle, as filks do, to crack as the bones do, to gnash the teeth.
CRUZ, f. f. a crofs.
La cruz del cabállo, horfe's withers.
Hacérfe crúzes, to belfs one's felf.
Andár con las crúzes acuéftas, to carry croffes; that is, to be always at prayers and devotions.
CRUZA'DA, f. f. the crufade; or croifade; alfo a bull granting privileges to thofe that give a fmall alms for carrying on the war againft infidels.
CRUZA'DO, p. p. croffed; alfo a piece of money fo called. In cant, the highway.
CRUZA'R, v. a. to crofs; alfo to cruife at fea.
Cruzár la cara, to crofs the face; to give a cut on the face.
Cruzárfe, v. r. to lay crofs one thing upon another.

CRY

CRYPTA, f. f. a grotto.
CRYSTA'L, f. m. cryftal.
CRYSTALINO, adj. of cryftal, bright, clear, tranfparent.
Humor cryftalino, the cryftalline humour, the fecond humour of the

eye, that lies immediately next to the aqueous.

CUA

CUAJA'DA, f. f. curded milk, coagulated milk.

CUAJADI'LLO, f. m. a woven piece of silk intermixt with flowers.

CUAJAMIE'NTO, f. m. coagulation, concretion, congelation.

CUAJA'R, v. a. to coagulate, to force into concretions.

Cuajárse, v. r. to coagulate, to run into concretions.

CUAJARO'N, f. m. the quantity of liquor congealed.

CUA'JO, f. m. the milk curded found in the stamoch of young sucking animals; also the root of any plant.

Hierba de cuájo, the herb cheesewort that turns milk.

Ensanchar el cuájo, to cry.

CUATEQUI'L, f. m. the millet that is to be sown; a word used in Mexcio.

CUB

CU'BA, f. f. a cask, tun, pipe, or hog shead; a great drinker; a paunchbelly.

Cúba de vendimiár, the vat into which the wine runs from the press.

Cúba de san Segúndo, a vast tun or cask.

CUBA'ZO, f. m. a blow given by a cask or against one.

CUBE'BA, f. f. a small Indian fruit or berry.

CUBE'RO, f. m. a cooper, one that makes vats for the vintage.

CUBERTA'DO, adj. covered.

CUBERTU'RA, f. f. a covering.

CUBERTI'ZO, f. m. vide *COBERTI'ZO*.

CUBE'TA, f. f. diminutive of *cuba*.

CUBETI'LLA, f. f. diminutive of *cubeta*.

CUBE'TO, f. m. diminutive of *cuba*.

CUBICE'TE, f. m. a board so called on board a ship.

CU'BICO, adj. cubical, solid square every way.

CUBICULA'RIO, f. m. the person who serves in the bed-chamber.

CUBI'CULO, f. m. a bed-chamber.

CUBIERTA, f. f. any covering; also the deck of a ship. In cant, a petticoat.

Cubiérta corrida, a deck that is flush; that is, which runs the length of the ship upon the level, without quarterdeck, half-deck, or the like.

CUBIE'RTO, adj. covered.

Cubierto, f. m. the plate, spoon, fork, and knife they use to put upon the table-cloth for each person; also lodging roof.

CUBI'JA, f. f. vide *COBI'JA*.

CUBIJADE'RA, f. f. procurer, a bawd.

CUBIJA'R, v. a. vide *COBIJA'R*.

CUBI'L, f. m. the hole or the cell of any wild animal.

Cubil de javali, the couch of a wild boar.

CUBILE'TE, f. m. a sort of drinking cup, or such a cup as jugglers use to play their tricks; a pattee-pan to make little pies in; thence the pies themselves; a box to throw dice in.

CUBILETE'RO, f. m. a juggler.

CUBI'LLO, f. m. a little tub, barrel, or cask; also the cantharides or Spanish fly; also a round turret, or an upright cup or dish.

CU'BITO, f. m. the elbow.

CU'BO, f. m. a tub, pail, or bucket; also the nave or round stock of a wheel in which the spokes are fastened; a round tower.

Cúbo geométrico, a geometrical cube or solid square.

CUBO'IDES, f. m. the foot-bone in anatomy.

CUBRI'R, v. a. to cover, to shelter.

Cubrirse el cielo de núbes, to grow cloudy.

Cubrírse de agua, to sweat much.

Cubrir fáltas, to conceal faults.

Cubrir a la yégua, to cover a mare.

Prov. *Quién te cúbre te desúbre*, who covers you discovers you; that is, men's dress generally shows what they are.

CUC

CU'CA, f. f. they tell the children in Spain to hush them, that they will give them *cúcas*; that is, a small sort of nuts growing under ground, called *chúfas*, which children call *cúcas*.

Mala cúca, an ill woman.

CUCA'ÑA, f. f. the profit that is gainnd by another's cost.

CUCAÑE'RO, f. m. the person who waits an opportunity of gaining at another's cost.

CUCARA'CHA, f. f. a small insect breeding under cisterns of water or stones in damp places.

Cucarácha martin, in cant, a brown woman.

CUCA'Z, f. f. a sort of scurf in a man or the farcy in a horse.

CUCHA'R, f. f. a spoon.

Ave de cuchár, any broad-billed bird.

Bóta cuchár, a sport among shepherds, and country people when they are eating milk or other spoon-meat, to strike the spoons out of one another's hands, and the others to eat as fast as they can whilst they fetch them.

CUCHA'RA, f. f. a spoon; also the ladle used to charge great guns with, when they have no cartridges, but use loose powder out of the barrel.

CUCHARA'DA, f. f. a spoonful.

Metér su cucharáda, to put in one's spoonful; that is, to intermeddle, to put in one's word.

CUCHARA'ZO, f. m. a blow with a spoon.

CUCHAREA'R, v. n. vidè *CUCHARETEA'R*.

CUCHARE'TA, f. f. a litle spoon.

CUCHARETEA'R, v. a. to intermeddle with other persons matters.

CUCHARETE'RO, ſ. m. the perſon who makes ſpoons.
CUCHARI'TA, ſ. f. diminutive of *cuchara*; a tea-ſpoon.
CUCHARI'TA, ſ. f. diminutive of *cuchara*; a tea-ſpoon.
CUCHARO'N, ſ. m. a ladle.
CUCHICHIA'R, v. a. to chirp, to make a chirp like the partridges.
CUCHI'LLA, ſ. f. cleaver, chopping-knife, bookbinders knife to cut the leaves vith.
Cuchilla de montáña, the ridge of a mountain.
Señór de hórca y cuchilla, a lord who has power of life and death.
CUCHILLA'DA, ſ. f. a ſlash, a gaſh, a cut with a ſword or knife.
CUCHILLADI'CA, ſ. f. diminutive of *cúchillada*.
CUCHILLADO'R, ſ. m. one that cuts, or ſlashes.
CUCHILLA'R, v. a. to ſlash, hack, or cut.
CUCHILLA'ZO, ſ. m. a great knife, any great weapon.
CUCHILLE'GO, ſ. m. a little knife.
CUCHILLERO, ſ. m. a cutler.
CUCHILLICO, *CUCHILLI'JO*, ſ. m. a little knife.
CUCHI'LLO, ſ. m. a knife.
Cuchillos, in falconry, are the ſix principal feathers in each of the hawk's wings, called the ſarcel feathers.
Cuchillos, what the taylors call gores to out into garments to make out the breadth.
Havér tenido el cuchillo a la gargánta, to have been in imminent danger of death.
CUCHILLO'N, ſ. m. a great knife.
CUCHUCHEA'R, v. n. to ſpeak low, to whiſper.
CUCIO'SO, adj. vide *ACUCIO'SO.*
CUCI'TA, ſ. f. a word uſed to call a dog.
CUCLI'LLAS, as *ſentárſe en cuclillas*, to ſit on one's hams.
CUCLI'LLO, ſ. m. a cuckow; alſo a cuckold.
Por vos cantó el cuclillo, the cuckow ſung for you; ſaid when two differing about any thing, a third makes his advantage of it.
CUCO, ſ. m. a catterpillar.
CUCU'LLA, ſ. f. a hood.
CUCURU'CHO, ſ. m. a cornet of paper uſed in shops.

C U D

CUDI'CIA, ſ. f. vide *CODI'CIA.*
CUDICIA'R, v. a. vide *CODICIA'R.*
CUDICIO'SO, adj. vide *CODICIO'SO.*
CUDRI'A, ſ. f. a rope made with reeds.

C U E

CUE'BA, ſ. f. vide *CUE'VA.*
CUEBA'NO, ſ. m. a great and deep basket made uſe of for vintage.
CUE'CA, ſ. f. vide *CUE'NCA.*
CUE'LGA, ſ. f. a preſent given on one's birthday, or the feſtival of the ſaint of one's name.
CUELLIERGUI'DO, adj. haughty, ſtiffnecked.
CUE'LLO, ſ. m. the neck; the collar of a garment or cape of a cloak; a ruff or band.
CUEMO, adv. obſ. vide *COMO.*
CUE'NCA, ſ. f. a round wooden dish.
Cuénca del ójo, the round hollowneſs in which the eye is placed.
CUE'NCO, ſ. m. a great pot or earthen veſſel.
CUE'NDA, ſ. f. the end of a skein of thread, ſilk, &c.
CUENQUEZI'LLA, ſ. f. a little wooden dish, or any thing deep and hollowed.
CUE'NTA, ſ. f. an account; alſo a bead.
Dar en la cuénta, or *caér en la cuénta*, to underſtand the matter, to conceive it, to hit upon it.
Téner cuénta con mugér, to have to do with a woman.
A cuénta mia, on my account; or on my ſecurity.
A eſſa cuénta if, ſo, after that rate.
Tenér cuenta, to obſerve, to take notice.
Cuénta con págo, balance of the receipt and expence.
A Dios hé de dar la cuénta, I shall anſwer it to God.
Prov. *Hacér la cuénta ſin la huéſpeda*, to reckon without the hoſteſs.
Prov. *Al dar la cuénta me lo diréis*, you will tell me more of it when you are called to account.
Prov. *Haya buéna cuénta, y no paréſca blánca*, let there be an exact account, though we never ſee a croſs.
Prov. *A cuéntas viéjas barájas nuévas*; old reckonings make new quarrels.
Prov. *Cuénta y rázon ſúſtenta amiſtád*, even reckoning makes long friends.
Cuéntas, pl. beads; alſo accounts.
Cuéntas de Santa Eléna, a ſort of roots brought from the Weſt Indies.
CUENTECI'LLO, ſ. m. diminutive of *cuénto.*
CUENTECI'TA, ſ. f. diminutive of *cuénta.*
CUENTISTA, ſ. m. a tale-teller; a giver of malignant intelligence.
CUE'NTO, ſ. m. a tale, or ſtory, a million or ten hundred thouſand; a prop, or shore to ſupport a houſe, wall, or the like; the butt end of a ~~ſtaff,~~ ſpear, or ſpike; a quarrel, a diſpute.
CUER, ſ. m. obſ. vide *CORAZO'N.*
CUE'RA, ſ. f. a leather jerkin; a buff coat.
CUE'RDA, ſ. f. cord, rope, ſtring, a ſoldier's match; a ſinew; in mathematics, a line drawn between the two extremities of an arch.
Apretár la cuérda, to wind up the rack; metaph. to preſs a man hard in any buſineſs.
Dar cuérda, to veer out a line; that is, to give a man a ſcope, not to be too preſſing upon him.
Dar cuérda al relóx, to wind up a clock or watch.
CUERDAME'NTE, adv. diſcreetly, wiſely, prudently.

CUE'RDERO, ſ. m. a rope-maker.
CUERDEZUE'LA, ſ. f. diminutive of *cuérda*.
CUE'RDO, adj. diſcreet, wiſe, ſtaid.
CUERECI'CO, *CUEREZUE'LO*, ſ. m. a little skin.
CUE'RNA, ſ. f. a ſtag's horn.
CUERNA'R, v. a. to cuckold.
CUERNECICO, *CUERNECILLO*, *CUERNEZUELO*, ſ. m. dim. of *cuérno*.
CUERNE'RO, ſ. m. a horner, one that makes or ſells things of horn.
CUE'RNO, ſ. m. a horn.
Cuérnos de la lúna, the horns of the moon.
Cuérnos de anténas, booms, the two ends of poles that ſtick out beyond the ends of the yard-arms.
Cuérnos de altár, the corners of the altar.
Cuérnos de la batálla, the wings of the battle.
Quebrantár los cuérnos, to break the horns; that is, to pull down one; to humble one.
Levantar a uno ſobre el cuerno de la luna, to raiſe one upon the horn of the moon; that is, to praiſe, to celebrate one exceſſively.
Poner los cuernos, to cuckold one.
Verſe en los cuernos del toro, to be in a great danger.
CUE'RO, ſ. m. a hide, a skin; any leather, a hog's skin ſewed up and dreſſed to hold wine; a drunkard. In architecture it is either the face, or outſide of a wall.
Cuéro adobádo, dreſſed leather.
Eſtirar el cuéro, to ſtretch the leather; to ſtrain a thing to make it appear juſtifiable.
Rompér ſólo el cuéro, to give a ſlight wound, which only breaks the skin.
Eſtár en cuéros, to be ſtark naked.
Cuéros, pl. gilt leather hangings.
CUERPEZI'CO, *CUERPEZI'TO*, *CUERPEZUE'LO*, ſ. m. a little body; diminutives of *cuérpo*.
CUE'RPO, ſ. m. a body, a volume, a corporation, a body politic.
Cuérpo de guárdia, the corps de guard.
Cuérpo de igleſia, the body of the church, the middle of it.
Cuérpo à cuérpo, body to body, man to man, hand to hand.
En cuérpo, a man without a cloak, or a woman without a veil, or a ſcarf.
Tenér cuérpo, to have a body or ſubſtance.
Huyr el cuérpo, to shun a danger or trouble.
Hómbre de buen cuérpo, a well-bodied man, well-shaped.
Hacer del cuérpo, to eaſe one's ſelf.
CUE'RVA, ſ. f. the hen crow.
CUERVA'TO, ſ. m. a young crow.
CUERVECI'TO, ſ. m. diminutive of *cuervo*.
CUE'RVO, ſ. m. a crow.
Cuérvo marino, a cormorant.
CUE'SCO, ſ. m. the ſtone or core of any fruit.
CUESQUI'LLO, ſ. m. diminutive of *cuéſco*.
CUE'STA, ſ. f. a hill.
Irſe cuéſta abáxo, to go down hill; to decline in age or fortune.
Hacérſelo a úno la cóſa cuéſta arriba, to do a thing againſt one's inclination.
A cuéſtas, on one's shoulders, or back.
CUESTECI'CA, *CUESTECI'LLA*, ſ. f. a little hill.
CUE'VA, ſ. f. cellar, cave den; alſo the vat the wine runs into from the preſs.
Cueva de ladrones, a houſe of thieves, the place where they meet.
CUE'VANO, ſ. m. a great baſket to gather the grapes in at the vintage.
CUEVECI'TA, ſ. m. diminutive of *cuéva*.
CUEVE'RO, ſ. m. the man who makes caves.
CUE'XCA, ſ. f. in cant, a houſe.
CUE'ZO, ſ. m. a bricklayer's hod.

C U G

CUGUJA'DA, ſ. f. a lark.
CUGU'LLA, ſ. f. vide *COGU'LLA*.

C U I

CUIDADI'TO, ſ. m. diminutive of *cuidádo*.
CUIDA'DO, ſ. m. ſtudy, diligence, care.
CUIDADOSAME'NTE, adv. carefully.
CUIDADO'SO, adj. diligent, careful.
CUIDA'NZA, ſ. f. care, diligence.
CUIDA'R, v. a. to take care, to be diligent.
CUIDO'SO, adj. diligent, careful.
CUINO, ſ. m. a wedge, a company of foot drawn up wedge-wiſe, sharp before; broad behind.
CUI'TA, ſ. f. anguish, anxiety, miſery.
Contár ſus cuitas, to tell one's troubles.
CUIRLACO'CHE, ſ. m. a bird ſo called.
CUITADI'LLO, ſ. m. poor little creature.
CUITA'DO, adj. miſerable, full of care, wretched, poor.
CUITAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. cowardice, puſillanimity.
CUITA'R, v. a. or *CUITA'RSE*, v. r. to afflict, or to afflicted.

C U J

CUJA, ſ. f. a couch.

C U L

CULA'DA, ſ. f. a fall on the backſide.
CULANTRI'LLO, ſ. m. maiden-hair.
CULA'NTRO, ſ. m. coriander plant and ſeed.
CULA'R, ſ. m. the gut of the fundament.

CULAS, s. f. pl. a term used in the game called *argolla*.

CULA'TA, s. f. the butt end of a musket, the breech of a cannon.

CULA'ZO, s. m. a great breech.

CULCUSI'DO, s. m. botche up.

CULE'BRA, s. f. a snake; also a girdle with money sewed up in it; in cant, a file.

Dar culébra, to torment, to plague, to vex one.

Sabe mas que las culébras, he is more cunning than snakes.

Dar culébras, to strap one another, as footmen and pages do in dark nights with their girdles.

CULEBRA'ZO, s. m. a whipping, as the old prisoners give to a new comer.

CULEBREA'R, v. n. to move from one side to another, as the snake does.

CULEBRI'LLA, s. f. a little snake; also a tetter, a ringworm.

CULEBRI'NA, s. f. a piece of cannon called a culverin.

CULEBRINA'R, v. a. to creep along the ground like a snake.

CULEBRO'N, s. m. augm of *culébra*; also a cunning, crafty man.

CULEBRU'NO, adj. of or belonging to a snake.

CULE'RA, s. f. a foul clout, such as are laid to a child's breech.

CULE'RO, s. m. the same as *culera*.

Culéro, adj. that comes last to an appointed place.

CULI'CO, } s. m. a little breech.
CULI'TO, }

CU'LO, s. m. the breech, the fundament.

CULO'N, s. m. a great breech, a great pair of buttocks.

CU'LPA, s. f. a fault.

CULPA'BLE, adj. blameable, faulty, culpable.

CULPABLEME'NTE, adv. faultily, blameably.

CULPADAME'NTE, adv. blameably.

CULPA'R, v. a. to blame.

CULTAME'NTE, adv. neatly, elegantly, finely.

CULTEDA'D, s. f. affectation in speaking.

CULTERANI'SMO, s. m. affectation of elegance, endeavour after elegance. Applied only to speech.

CULTERA'NO, adj. belonging to affectation in speech.

CULTERI'A, s. f. affectation of elegance in speech.

CULTE'RO, adj. spoken with affectation.

CULTIELLO, s. m. obs. for *cuchillo*.

CULTIPARLA'R, v. n. to speak with affectation.

CULTIPARLI'STA, s. m. he who ridiculously, endeavours after great elegance in speech.

CULTIPICAÑO, adj. that speaks with a ridiculous endeavour after elegance, but is roguish at the same time.

CULTIVA'BLE, adj. that may be cultivated.

CULTIVACIO'N, s. f. cultivation.

CULTIVADO'R, s. m. tiller, manurer.

CULTIVA'R, v. a. to cultivate, to till, to manure.

Cultivár el ingénio, to improve one's wit.

CULTI'VO, s. m. the manuring or tilling of the ground.

CU'LTO, adj. adorned, dressed.

Lenguáge cúlto, in the best sense formerly taken for refined language, now generally understood in the worst sense, for bombast, formal speaking, or writing.

Cúlto divíno, s. m. divine worship.

CULTO'R, s. m. labourer, husbandman, he who cultivates the ground.

CULTU'RA, s. f. tillage. In speaking or writing, pendantic or formal expression; bombast; also culture, improvement in general; melioration.

CULTURA'R, v. a. to cultivate, to till, to manure.

C U M

CU'MBA, s. m. in cant; a tomb.

CUMBI', a fine sort of cloth made of the wool of the *llámas* or Indian sheep.

CUMBLE'ZA, s. f. a concubine kept under the same roof with a wife.

CUMBLE'ZO, s. m. obs. a rival in love.

CUMBRE, } s. f. the top.
CUMBRE'RA, }

CUMPLIDAME'NTE, adv. completely, fully.

COMPLIDE'RO, adj. that is to be, or may be performed.

CUMPLI'DO, adj. complete, accomplished, perfect; also performed, one.

Hómbre complído, a man that performs all he is obliged to in honour.

CUMPLIDO'R, s. m. the person who fulfils.

CUMPLIMENTA'R, v. a to compliment.

CUMPLIMENTE'RO, s. m. who makes compliments or ceremonies.

CUMPLIMIE'NTO, s. m. performance; also a compliment; in mathematics, it is the complement. In architecture, the wall betwixt two buttresses, the lath and plaster betwixt two rafters, or the like.

CUMPLI'R, v. a. to accomplish, to perform, to do one's duty; also to be convenient.

Cumplir de palábra, to be obliging as far as words will go.

Cumplir proméssa, to perform a promise.

Cumplir años, to be come to one's birthday when so many years are up.

No cúmple se hága, it is not fit to be done.

CUMULADO'R, s. m. vide *ACUMULADO'R*.

CUMULA'R, v. a. to heap up.

CUMULATIVAME'NTE, adv. in heaps.

CU'MULO, s. m. an heap.

CUMUNALME'NTE, adv. obf. commonly, promifcuoufly.

CUN

CU'NA, f. f. a cradle.

Conocér à úno défde la cúna, to know a man from his cradle or infancy.

CUNDEAMO'R, f. m. a fweet herb which fpreads much.

CUNDI'R, v. n. to fpread, to increafe, to thrive.

Cúnde como mâncha de azéyte, it fpreads like ftain of oil.

CUNE'RA, f. f. the woman who rocks the cradle.

CUNE'TA, f. f. in fortification, a little trench, moat, or ditch.

CUñ

CU'ñA, f. f. a wedge.

CUñADA, f. f. a fifter-in-law; that is, a brother's wife, or the fifter to a man's wife; or to a woman's husband.

CUñADERI'A, f. f. / *CUñADERI'O*, f. m. / *CUñADE'Z*, f. f. } the fpiritual affinity contracted by one when he is godfather to a child.

CUñADO, f. m. a brother-in-law; that is, a fifter's husband, or a man's wife's brother, or the whoman's husband's brother.

CUñA'DO, adj. coined, wedged.

CUñA'R, v. a. to coin, to wedge.

CUñO, f. m. a ftamp to coin money with; a great hammer; alfo a key ftone, as they ufe to shut up the top of an arch; being wide above and narnow below.

CUñUE'LA, f. f. a little wedge.

CUP

CUPE, f. m, a chariot, a carriage of pleafure.

CU'PULA, f. f. a cupola.

CUPOLINO, f. m. a lanthern, the round building generally added to the top of a dome or *cupola*.

CUQ

CUQUILLE'RO, f. m. a baker's fervant.

CUQUI'LLO, f. m. cuckow.

CUR

CU'RA, f. f. a cure; alfo a curate of a parish.

CURA'BLE, adj. curable that may be cured.

CURACIO'N, f. f. the application of medicines.

CURADERI'A, f. f. tutorship, or guardianship.

CURADI'LLO, f. m. the fish called poor Jack.

CURADO'R, f. m. a governor guardian or tutor; alfo a phyfician.

CURADU'RA, f. f. a maiming or cutting.

CURADURI'A, f. f. a guardianship, tutorship.

CURA'LLE, f. m. in falconry; the feathers given a hawk to make her caft.

CURANDE'RO, f. m. a bleaching-place, a place to drefs cloth; alfo a whitfter or dreffer of cloth; alfo a quack in phyfic.

CURAR, v. a. to cure to drefs.

Curár al enférmo, to cure a fick man.

Curár la herida, to drefs a wound.

Curár de fu negocio, to take care of bufinefs.

No curár de lo que fe dize, not to value what is faid.

Cúrar liénzo; to whiten linen.

Curár cuéro, to drefs leather.

CURATI'VO, adj. that has the virtue of curing.

CURATO, / *CURA'ZGO*, } f. m. the parfonage of a parish.

CU'RBAS, f. f. pl. crooked timbers, the ribs of a ship.

CUREñA, f. f. a carriage for cannon.

Ponérfe a curéñá ráfa, to expofe one's felf to the ordnance without any shelter.

Tirár a caréña ráfa, to shoot at random without taking aim.

CU'RIA, f. f. a court of juftice.

CURIA'L, adj. of, or belonging to a court judicature.

CURIA'NAS, f. f. pl. fmall brushwood, or the fmall chips where wood has been hewed.

CURIOSAME'NTE, adv. curioufli, neatly, carefully.

CURIOSIDA'D, f. f. curiofity.

CURIO'SO, adj. curious, neat, nice.

CURRU'CA, f. f. hedge-fparrow or fitling, the bird that hatched the cucow's eggs.

CURSA'NTE, f. m. a fcholar in an univerfity that follows the fchools in due order.

CURSAR, v. a. to frequent, to follow the fchools.

CURSI'LLO, f. m. a short term in the year when the fchools are open in the univerfities, diftinct from the great one.

CURSI'VO, adj. Italic, faid of the kind of types for printing which moft refemble the common writing.

CU'RSO, f. m. a courfe, a race, a fpace of time; the time when the fchools are open every year in the univerfity; alfo a ftool.

Los humóres hacén cúrfo a la párte maş flaca, humours flow to the weakeft part.

Téner tántos curfos con la púrga, to have fo many ftools with a purge.

Ha páffado tántos cúrfos, he has been at the fchool fo many years.

CURSO,R, f. m. a tipftaff, a meffenger to a court of juftice.

CURTID'OR, f. m. a tanner.

CURTIDU'RA, f. f. tanning.

CURTI'R, v. a. to tan.

CU'RTO, adj. obf. for *córto*.

CURVAS, f. f. pl. any crooked timbers belonging to a ship; the ribs of a ship.

CURVATO'N, f. m. diminutive of *curva*.

CURVATU'RA, f. f. a bending.

CURUEñA, f. f. the carriage of a piece of ordnance.

CURU'JA, f. f. a kind of owl.

CURVILI'NEO, adj. curvilinear, that confifts of crooked lines.

CURVO, adj. crooked.

CURULLA, f. f. the headmoft bench of a galley.

CURULLE'RO, f. m. a flave that rows at the headmoft bench of a galley.

CURU'XA, f. f. an owl.

CUS

CUSCU'ILA, f. f. obf. holly, a kind of oak with prickly leaves.

CUSCU'TA, f. f. a weed with a red ftalk, winding about herbs called dodder or withwind.

CUSI'R, v. a. vide *COSE'R*.

ÇUSTO'DIA, f. f. cuftody; keeping, charge; alfo the tabernacle in which the facrament is kept on the altar.

CUSTO'DIO, f. m. the fpiritual governor of a number of convents. One of the judges fo denominated in the Francifcan order. The guardian angel.

CUT

CUTA'NEO, adj. belonging to the skin.

CUTI'CULA, f. f. a little thin skin which covers the main skin of man or beaft, extending all over like a membrane.

CUTICULA'R, adj. one term, belonging to the skin.

CUTIDE'RO, f. m. a battle, a fighting.

CU'TIO, f. m. as, *dia cútio*, a working day. Obf.

CUTI'R, v. a. to shake, to knock one againft another.

CU'TIS, f. f. the skin.

CUX

CUXA, f. f. litle cafe to fupport the end of the lance; alfo a bedftead.

CU'XO, f. m. a carder of wool.

CUXO'TES, f. m. pl. armour for the thigh.

CUY, *or* *CU'YO*, f. m. a little animal fo called.

CU'YO, pron. relat. whofe.

CUZ

CUZCU'Z, f. m. a whord ufed to call dogs by.

CYC

CYCLA'DA, f. f. a kind of woman's gown with a long tail.

CYCLA'N, f. m. a rig, he that has but one tefticle.

CYCLO, f. m. cycle, a table to find out Eafter-day.

CYCLOIDA'L, adj. belonging to a cycloid.

CYCLOIDE, f. f. a geometrical curve fo called.

CYCLO'PE, f. m. Cyclop, one of the fabulous workmen in Vulcan's shop.

CYL

CYLINDRICO, adj. of, or belonging to a roller.

CYLINDRO, f. m. a roller, a cylinder, a figure in geometry.

CYM

CYMA, f. f. a fprout; alfo a wave; alfo the heart of a thiftle.

CYMA'CIO, f. m. a kind of carved work.

CYMBALA'RIA, f. f. a plant fo called.

CYMBALI'LLO, f. m. a little bell.

CY'MBALO, f. m. a cymbal, an inftrument of mufic.

CYN

CY'NICO, adj. cynic, cynical; having the qualities of a dog; currish, brutal, fnarling, fatirical.

Cy'nico, f. m. a cynic, a philofopher of the fnarlish or currish kind.

CYNOCE'PHALO, f. m. a man with a dog's head.

CYNOMORRIO'N, f. m. a weed that grows amongft corn and choaks it.

CYNOSU'RA, f. f. a ftar in the tail of the Leffer Bear.

CYP

CYPRE'S, f. m. the cyprefs-tree.

CYPRESA'L, f. m. the place where the cyprefs-tree grows.

CYPRI'S, f. f. a fort of wild goat in Peru.

CYS

CYSNE, f. m. the Swan a fort of bird, alfo a conftellation of called, a poet.

Es blanco cómo un cyfne, as white as a fwan.

D

D, before a proper name ſtands for Don.

DAB

DA'BLE, adj. eaſy to be done, that may be done, poſſible.

DAC

DACA, abbreviated from *dá açá*, give hither, give it me.
En dáca las pajas, in a moment.
No ſe me da náda, I care not.
DA'CIO, ſ. m. tax, cuſtom, duty.
DACIO'N, ſ. f. the act of giving any thing; uſed in law.
DA'CTYLO, ſ. m. a dactyl, a foot in poetry conſiſting of one long and two ſhort ſyllables.

DAD

DA'DA, ſ. f. the enjoyment, or poſſeſſion of any thing given.
DA'DIVA, ſ. f. a gift.
Prov. *Dádivas quebrentán peñas*, gifts break roks; kindneſs overcomes the hardeſt hearts, and bribes corrupt the moſt reſolved.
DADIVA'DO, adj. bribed, ſuborned.
DADIVOSAME'NTE, adv. liberally, bountifully.
DADIVOSIDA'D, ſ. f. liberality, bounty.
DADIVO'SO, adj. liberal, bountiful.
DA'DO, p. p. of *dar*, given.
Dádo, ſ. m. a dye to play with. In architecture, the plinth, the firſt and loweſt member of the baſe of a column.
Corrér el dádo, to have good fortune, good luck, good ſucceſs.
Echar dádo falſo, to deceive, to cheat.
DADO'R, ſ. m. a giver; among merchants, the drawer of a bill of exchange.

DAG

DA'GA, ſ. f. a dagger.
DAGO'N, ſ. m. augm. of *dága*.

DID

DAI'FA, ſ. f. a landlady, the miſtreſs of a houſe, a lady: a woman that entertains friends gratis, not an hoſteſs.

DAL

DA'LA, ſ. f. a gutter or pipe to convey the water out of the ship into the ſea.
DA'LGO, inſtead of *de álgo*, of ſomething: as *hijodálgo*, a gentleman: that is, a man of ſome note, or of ſome eſtate.
DALLADO'R, ſ. m. one who mows graſs.
DA'LLE, ſ. m. a ſtaff with a dagger at the end of it.
DALMATI'CA, ſ. f. the veſtment uſed by deacons when they officiate at the altar.
DALPHI'N, ſ. m. vide *DELFI'N*.
DALTIBA'XO, inſtead of *de alto abáxo*, from the top to the bottom, a downright ſtroke.

DAM

DA'MA, ſ. f. a lady: at cheſs, the queen: alſo a doe: a concubine.
Juégo de Dámas, the game of draughts.
DAMASCA'R, v. a. to damask.
DAMASCE'NAS, ſ. f. a ſort of plums.
DAMA'SCO, ſ. m. damask; alſo a ſort of apricots ſo called.
DAMASQUI'LLO, ſ. m. worſted damask, half thread, half worſted.
DAMASQUI'NO, adj. damasked, as ſwords and knives.
DAMA'ZA, ſ. f. augment. *dáma*.
DAMERI'A, ſ. f. delicacy, niceneſs.
DAME'RO, ſ. a draught-board to play at that game.
DAMISE'LA, ſ. f. a damſel, or young lady.
DAMNA'BLE, adj. damnable.
DAMNACIO'N, ſ. f. damnation.
DAMNIFICA'R, v. a. to damnify, to prejudice, to damage.

DAN

DANCHADO, adj. in heraldry, denticulated.
DANTA, ſ. f. an American animal ſo called.
DANTELA'DO, adj. vide *DANCHADO*.
DA'NZA, ſ. f. a dance.
Dánza hablada, a dance compoſed of many perſons with dreſſes ſuitable to repreſent any paſſage in hiſtory.
Dánza de matachines, a mimick or antick dance.
Dánza de eſpádas, a ſword-dance; alſo a quarrel, a fighting.
La dánza de orgáz, a diſorderly proceeding.
Por dónde vá la dánza, which way goes the dance? ſaid when a man asks for a thing that is quite over, or out of date.
DANZADO'R, } ſ. m. a dancer.
DANZA'NTE, }
DANZA'R, v. n. to dance.
DANZARI'N, ſ. m. one who dances genteelly.

DAÑ

DAÑADAME'NTE, adv. evilly, with an ill intention, corruptly.
DAÑADO'R, ſ. m. one that damnifies, or does hurt.
DAÑA'R, v. a. to damnify, to hurt.
DAÑI'NO, adj. hurtful, miſchievous.
DA'ÑO, ſ. m. detriment, loſs, hurt, damages.
Sin dáño de bárras, without prejudice to a third perſon.
DAÑOSAME'NTE, adv. hurtfully, prejudicially.
DAÑOSO, adj. miſchievous; hurtful.

DAR

DAR, v. a. to give, to beſtow, to ſtrike.
Dar un regálo, to give a preſent.
Dar por ningúno, to make void.
Dar de pálos, to cudgel.
Dar de nálgas, to fall upon one's breech.

Dar al través, to run a-ground, to perish.
Dar el relóx, ſpeaking of the clock, to ſtrike.
Dar el álma, to give up the ghoſt, to die.
Dar en el cáſo, to apprehend the matter, to hit upon it.
Dar un dolór, to be taken with a pain.
Dar en el blánco, to hit the mark.
Dar fé, to credit, to believe.
Dar ſu fé, to engage one's faith.
Dar lección, to teach, to read.
Dar consigo a úna párte, to caſt one's ſelf into a place.
Dar léche, to ſuckle.
Dar caréna, to careen.
Dar garróte, to ſtrangle.
Dar párte de un negocio, to impart a buſineſs.
Dar cón úna perſóna, to light upon a perſon.
Dar vóces, to cry out, to bawl.
Dar en cára, to upbraid, to caſt in the teeth.
Dar en los enemigos, to fall on the enemies.
Dar de máno, to quit, to abandon, to put aſide with the hand.
Dar del pié, to kick, to ſpurn.
Darſe, v. r. to yield, to ſurrender.
Dáſeme póco, I care but little.
Andár en dáres y tomáres, to differ, to procraſtinate.
Darle buélta, a ſea-term, to make faſt a rope.
Dárſe, v. r. to ſubmit, to ſurrender, to yield.
Dárſe a las létras, to apply to learning.
Dárſe por conténto, to reſt ſatisfied.
DARAGO'NCIA, ſ. f. the herb taragon.
DA'RCENA, ſ. f. dock to lay up ships.
DARDA'ZO, ſ. m. a ſtroke or wound of a dart.
DARDI'LLO, ſ. m. a eart.
DA'RDO, ſ. m. a little dart.

D A T

DA'TA, ſ. f. the date of any writing.
DATARI'A, ſ. f. the chancery of Rome.
DATA'RIO, ſ. m. the preſident of the chancery of Rome, called datary.
DA'TIL, ſ. m. a date, the fruit of the palm-tree.
DATILA'DO, adj. shaped like a date, or of the colour of a date.
DATI'LILLO, ſ. m. diminutive of *dátil*.
DATI'VO, ſ. m. the dative caſe.

D A U

DA'UCO, ſ. m. a ſort of carrots in taſte and colour.

D A V

DAVIE'TE, ſ. m. ſomething ſo called on board a ship, uſed in weighing anchor.

D A Z

DA'ZA, ſ. f. a ſmall reed bearing ſeed, which they cut green to feed cattle in the ſpring.

D E

DE, prep. gen. dat. of, from, out of, to.
De, prep. for.
De miedo no pudo reſponder, he could not anſwer for fear.
De arriba abáxo, from top to bottom.
De acá, from hence.
De buena gána, with a good will.
De acculla, from thence.
De hécho, actually.
De aqui adelánte, henceforward.
De brúzos, lying flat with the face down.
De aquí a póco, a short while hence.
De nóché, or *de dia*, by night, or by day.
De corrida, in haſte, running.
De lléno, full; *gólpe de lleno*, a full ſtroke.
Hóra de comér, time to dine.
De párte de afuera, on the outſide.
No parecér de verguénza, not to appear for shame.
De párte a párte, from ſide to ſide; that is, quite trough.
De báldc, for nothing, in vain.

D E A

DE'A, (for *dioſa*) ſ. f. a goddeſs.
DEA'N, ſ. m. a dean.
DEANA'SGO, } ſ. m. a deanery.
DEANA'TO, }

D E B

DEBASTA'R, v. a. vide *DEBASTA'R*.
DEBASTI'A, ſ. f. a generation, or race.
DEBA'TE, ſ. m debate, contention, ſtriſe.
DEBATI'R, v. a. to contend, to debate.
DEBA'XO, adv. under.
DEBDO, ſ. m. obſ. vide *DEUDO*.
DEBELACIO'N, ſ. f. conqueſt, overthrow.
DEBELA'R, v. a. to vanquish, to overthrow, to demolish.
DEBE'R, v. a. to owe.
Hacér ſu deber, to do one's duty.
Hacer ſu debido, to perform one's duty.
DEBIDAME'NTE, adv. deſervedly, meritoriouſly; completely.
DE'BIL, adj. weak, feeble.
DEBILIDA'D, ſ. f. weakneſs, feebleneſs.
DEBILITACIO'N, ſ. f. weakneſs, infirmity, feebleneſs.
DEBILITADAME'NTE, adv. weakly, feebly.
DEBILITAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. weakening, enfeebling.
DEBILITA'R, v. a. to weaken, to enfeeble.
DEBILME'NTE, adv. feebly, weakly.
DE'BITO, ſ. m. debt, duty.
Debito, mutual obligation in marriage.
DE BRU'CES, adv. flat on the ground with the mouth down.
DEBUJADO'R, ſ. m. vide *DIBUXADO'R*.
DEBUJA'R, v. a. vide *DIBUXA'R*.
DEBU'JO, ſ. m. vide *DIBU'XO*.

DEC

DE'CADA, f. f. decad, the facts of ten years historically told.
DECADENCI'A, f. f. decay, fall.
DECAE'R, v. n. vide *DESCAE'R*.
DECAIME'NTO, f. m. vide *DESCAEMIE'NTO*.
DECALO'GO, f. m. decalogue, the ten commandments.
DECANA'TO, f. m. deaconry.
DECA'NO, f. m. a deacon.
DECANTA'DO, adj. not far from the place.
DECANTACIO'N, f. f. the act of decanting or pouring out.
DECANTA'R, v. a. to fing; alfo to magnify, to augment, to exaggerate.
DECEBIMIE'NTO, f. m. deceit, trick, fraud.
DECE'NA, f. f. ten in number.
DECENA'L, adj. of, or belonging to the number ten.
DECENA'RIO, f. m. the fpace of ten years. Ten beads of a rofary or chaplet.
DECE'NCIA, f. f. decency; fuitablenefs to character; modefty.
DECENDE'NCIA, f. f. defcent, pofterity, fucceffion.
DECENDE'R, v. a. to defcend to come down, to proceed from.
Decendér de tal cáfa, to be defcended from fuch a family.
DECENDIE'NTE, f. m. a fucceffor, one that is defcended from another.
DECENDIMIE'NTO, f. m. defcent.
Decendimiénto de mános, laying hands on another, by beating him.
DECENDI'R, v. a. to defcend.
DECE'NIO, f. m. the fpace of ten years.
DECE'NSO, f. m. a defluxion, the running of a cold.
DECE'NTA, f. f. a defcent.
DECENTA'R, v. a. to pierce, to broach.
Decentárfe, v. r. to fret, to exulcerate, to make fore.
DECE'NTE, adj. decent, becoming, fit, fuitable.
DECENTEME'NTE, adv. decently, juftly.
DECEPCIO'N, f. f. a deception, a fraud, a deceit.
DECEPTA'R, v. a. to cut down, to level to make plain.
DE CE'RCA, adv. from a fmall diftance.
DECERNI'R, v. a. to determine, to decree, to refolve.
DECESSIO'N, f. f. departure, yielding, giving way.
DECESSO'R, f. m. a predeceffor; one that went before.
DECHA'DO, f. m. a pattern, an example, a copy.
DECI'BLE, adj. that can be faid.
DECIDE'RAS, f. f. pl. elegance in expreffion, an eloquent or difcreet oration or fpeech.
DECIDE'RO, adj. fit to be faid.
DECIDI'R, v. a. to decide, to determine, to refolve.
DECIDO'R, f. m. one who fpeaks gracefully and elegantly.
DECIE'MBRE, f. m. December.
DECIFRADO'R, f. m. one that deciphers.
DECIFRA'R, v. a. to decipher.
DE'CIMA, f. f. a copy of verfes confifting of ten.
DECIMA'L, adj. the tenth or decimal part.
DECIMAS, f. f. pl. the tithes.
DECIMO, adj. the tenth.
DECI'R, v. a. to fay, to fpeak, to utter.
Decír de una hásta ciento, to tell injuries to a man.
Decír nones, to deny.
Decír por decír, to talk lightly, to chatter.
Decír tixere as, to be obftinate in a wrong opinion.
Decír y hacer, to fay and to act; that is, to act in the fame time as one fpeaks.
DI'CHO, p. p. of *decír*.
DECISIO'N, f. f. decifion, refolution, determination, conclufion; alfo a fentence.
DECISIVAME'NTE, adv. decifively, determinately, refolutely.
DECISI'VO, adj. decifive, determinate, conclufive.
DECI'SO, p. p. of *decidír*, decided, determined.
DECISO'RIO, adj. diforderly, decifive.
DECLAMACIO'N, f. f. declamation; fpeech.
DECLAMADO'R, f. m. declaimer, orator, declamator.
DECLAMA'R, v. n. to declaim, to make a fpeech.
DECLAMATO'RIO, adj. declamatory.
DECLARACIO'N, f. f. a declaration, manifeftation, explanation, expofition; alfo a depofition in law.
DECLARADAME'NTE, adv. openly, clearly, evidently.
DECLARADO'R, f. m. he that declares, manifefts.
DECLARA'NTE, f. m. he that makes a declaration before a judge.
DECLARA'R, v. a to declare, to manifeft.
DECLARATI'VA, f. f. an eafy and expeditious manner of expreffing any thing elegantly.
DECLARATO'RIO, adj. declaratory, affirmative, expreffive.
DECLINA'BLE, adj. declinable.
DECLINACIO'N, f. f. declination of words according to grammar; the declination of ftars in aftronomy; the declining of a diftemper; diminution, decay.
DECLINADO'R, f. m. he that declines.
DECLINA'R, v. a. to decline grammatically or otherwife; alfo to adhere to.
Declinár juridicion, to remove a caufe from one court to another.
Declinár de fol, is for the fun to be going down.
DECLINATO'RIO, f. m. the perfon who takes a folemn oath in the court.
DECLI'VE, f. m. declivity, defcent.
DECOCCIO'N, f. f. decoction.
DE COMIENZO, adv. obf. from the beginning, at the beginning.
DECORA'R, v. a. to adorn; alfo to learn by heart.

DECO'RO, adv. without book by heart.
DECO'RO, ſ. m. reſpect, decorum, decency.
DECOROSAME'NTE, adv. decently, reſpectfully.
DECORO'SO, adj. decent, reſpectful.
DE CORRI'LLO en corrillo, from one company to another.
DECOSTRADO'R, ſ. m. he that takes the rind, cruſt, or bark off any thing.
DECOSTRADU'RA, ſ. f. the taking the rind, cruſt, or bark off any thing.
DECOSTRA'R, v. a. to take the rind, cruſt, or bark off any thing.
DECRECE'R, v. n. vide *DESCRECE'R.*
DECREME'NTO, ſ. m. decreaſe, diminution.
DECREPITA'R, v. a. to dry any thing by the fire.
DECRE'PITO, adj. decrepit.
DECREPITU'D, ſ. f. decrepitude, old age.
DECRESCIE'NTE de la mar, ſ. f. the ebbing of the ſea.
DECRETA'L, ſ. m. the collection of the Pope's decrees.
Decretáles, ſ. m. a book of canon law.
DECRETALI'STA, ſ. m. the compoſer, expoſitor, or interpreter of the Pope's decretals.
DECRETA'R, v. a. to decree, to reſolve, to determine.
DECRETI'STA, ſ. m. the perſon who ſtudies the decretals, decretiſt.
DECRE'TO, ſ. m. decree, edict, law; alſo the determination of a ſuit; alſo a volume of the canon law.
DECU'BITO, ſ. m. the depoſition made of ſome humour in any part of the body.
DECUCIO'N, ſ. f. vide *DECOCCIO'N.*
DECUMA'NA, ſ. f. the tenth thing in the numerical order.
DE'CUPLO, ſ. m. ten fold, ten times as much.
DECU'RIA, ſ. f. a decury, command of ten men.
DECURIO'N, ſ. m. a commander over ten men.
DECU'RSAS, ſ. f. pl. the arrears due.
DECU'RSO, ſ. m. a courſe.

D E D

DEDA'DA, ſ. f. a ſtroke with a finger; a finger's length.
DEDA'L, ſ. m. a thimble.
DE'DALO, ſ. m. a maze, a labyrinth.
DE DE'NTRO, adv. from within.
DEDICACIO'N, ſ. f. a dedication.
DEDICADO'R, ſ. m. he that dedicates; a dedicator.
DEDICA'NTE, ſ. m. the perſon that dedicates a book to a patron.
DEDICA'R, v. a. to dedicate; alſo to appoint.
Dedicárſe, v. r. to apply, to fix the mind upon.
DEDICATO'RIA, ſ. f. an epiſtle dedicatory.
DEDIGNA'R, v. a. to contemn, to deſpiſe, to reject, to diſeſteem.
Dedignárſe, v. r. to diſdain, to ſcorn.
DEDI'L, ſ. m. a thimble; a caſe of ſilk, linen, or leather to put over a finger that is hurt. In cant, a ring.
DEDI'LLO, ſ. m. diminutive of *dedo.*
DE'DO, ſ. m. a finger.
Dédo pulgár, the tumb.
Dédo indice, the fore-finger.
Dédo de en médio, the middle-finger.
Dédo del anillo, dédo tercéro, dédo del coraçón, the ring-finger.
Dédo meñique, the little finger.
Dédo del pié, a toe.
Medir a dédos, to meaſure exactly to an inch.
Alçár el dédo, to aſſure the performance of what one undertakes.
No diſcrepár un dédo, not to deviate the leaſt.
Señalár con el dédo, to point at with the finger.
Contár por los dédos, to reckon by the fingers.
Comérſe los dédos trás una cóſa, to be ready to eat one's fingers after a thing, to be very fond and eager after it.
No ſe déxa metér el dédo en là bóca, he will not ſuffer one to put his finger into his mouth; that is, no fool.
Atár bién ſu dédo, to bind his finger well; that is, to underſtand, and take care of his buſineſs; to be ſharp.
DE DONDE, adv. from whenee.
DEDUCCIO'N, ſ. f. deduction, derivation.
DEDUCI'R, v. a. to deduce, to infer.

D E E

DEE'SA, ſ. f. a goddeſs; only uſed in romances and poems.
DE ESPA'CIO, adv. at leiſure, ſlowly.

D E F

DEFAICA'R, v. n. to defalcate, to cut off.
DEFALLECE'R, v. n. obſ. vide *DESFALLECE'R.*
DEFALLIMIE'NTO, ſ. m. a failure. Obſ.
DEFALTA'R, v. n. obſ. to fail.
DEFAMA'R, v. a. to defame, to detract from one's reputation.
DEFECCIO'N, ſ. f. defection, revolt.
DEFECTIBLE, adj. imperfect, deficient.
DEFECTIVO, adj. maimed, defective.
DEFE'CTO, ſ. m. defect, fault, miſtake, error.
DEFECTUOSAME'NTE, adv. imperfectly, deficiently.
DEFECTUO'SO, adj. imperfect, deficient.
DEFENDEDE'RO, adj. that can defend, capable of reſiſting.
DEFENDEDO'R, ſ. m. a defender.
DEFENDE'R, v. a. to defend, to protect, to aid, to relieve.
DEFENDIE'NTE, ſ. m. vide *DEFENSOR.*

DEFENDIMIE'NTO, ſ. m. defence.
DEFE'NSA, ſ. f. defence, prohibition.
DEFENSA'BLE, adj. that can defend, capable of reſiſting.
DEFENSA'R, v. a. to defend.
DEFE'NSAS, ſ. f. pl. by Engliſh ſailors called fenders; pieces of old cables, ropes, or wooden billets, hung over the ship's ſide, that ſhe may not rub againſt any thing. In boats, short ſtaves uſed to bear off the boat from beating againſt the ship's ſide.
DEFENSI'ON, ſ. f. a diſcharge.
DEFENSIVO, ſ. m. a defence, a ſafeguard.
DEFENSO'R, ſ. m. a defender.
DEFENSO'RIA, ſ. f. in law, the charge or office of the advocate.
DEFERI'R, v. n. to give way to another; alſo to put off, to delay.
DEFE'SA, ſ. f. vide *DEFENSA*.
DEFE'SO, adj. defended, protected.
DEFICIE'NTE, adj. deficient.
DEFINICIO'N, ſ. f. definition.
DEFINIDO'R, ſ. m. one who defines or determines.
DEFINI'R, v. a to explain, to define.
DEFINITIVAME'NTE, adv. deciſively, determinately, concluſively.
DEFINITIVO, adj. definitive, concluſive.
DEFINITO'RIO, ſ. m. the aſſembled body of thoſe members of a religious order that are called *Definidóres*. The hall wherein the *Definidores*, aſſemble upon occaſion.
DEFLU'XO, ſ. m. deflux, defluxion, downward flow.
DEFORMACIO'N, ſ. f. alteration, deſtruction.
DEFORMA'R, v. a to deform, to miſhape.
DEFO'RME, adj. miſ-shapen, ugly, deformed.
DEFORMIDA'D, ſ. f. deformity.
DEFRAUDACIO'N, ſ. f. cheating, defrauding.
DEFRAUDADO'R, ſ. m. who cheats or deceives.
DEFRAUDA'R, v. a. to defraud, to deceive, to cheat.
DE FR'ENTE, adv. over-againſt.
DEFUL'RA, adv. without, or from without.
DEFUNCIO'N, ſ. f. a funeral.
DEFU'NTO, adj. vide *DIFUNTO*.

D E G

DEGENERACIO'N, ſ. f. degenerating.
DEGENERA'R, v. n. to degenerate.
DEGOLLACIO'N, ſ. f. the act of beheading.
DEGOLLA'DA, ſ. f. in dancing, the ſword-dance: laying the ſwords a bout one of the dancers, as if going to cut off his head.
DEGOLLADE'RO, ſ. m. the place where criminals are beheaded; where beaſts are ſlaughtered.
Llevar al degolladéro, to put one in danger of loſing his life.
DEGOLLADO'R, ſ. m. a beheader, a ſlaughterman, a hangman.
DEGOLLADU'RA, ſ. f. the wound made in beheading.
DEGOLLAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. a beheading, killing.
DEGOLLA'R, v. a. to behead, to kill or ſlay.
DE GO'LPE, adv. at a ſtroke.
Caér de gólpe, to fall down plumb.
DEGRADACIO'N, ſ. f. a degrading.
DEGRADAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. degrading.
DEGRADA'R, v. a. to degrade, to leſſen, to diminish the value.
DEGRE'DO, ſ. m. a decree.
DEGRESSIO'N, ſ. f. vide *DIGRESSION*.
DEGUE'LLO, ſ. m. beheading.

D E H

DE HE'CHO, adv. actually, in fact.
DEHENDE'R, v. a. to cleave aſunder.
DEHENDIMIE'NTO, ſ. m. a cleaving aſunder.
DEHE'SA, ſ. f. a paſture ground.
Dehesa concegil, a common paſture.
DEHESA'R, v. a. to fix upon, or appoint, or convert a piece of ground to a paſture.
DEHESE'RO, ſ. m. the keeper of the paſture.

D E

DEICI'DA, *DEICI'DIO*, } ſ. m. deicide.
DEIDA'D, ſ. f. a deity, a godhead.
DEIFE'RO, ſ. m. one who carries God with him.
DEIFICACIO'N, ſ. f. the infuſion of the grace of God into the ſoul.
DEIFICA'R, v. a. to deify.
DEI'FICO, adj. that belongs to God.
DE IMPROVI'SO, adv. on a ſudden, unawares, unexpectedly.
DEIPA'RO, adj. deiparous, that brings forth a God.
DEI'SMO, ſ. m. deiſm, the opinion of thoſe who only acknowledge one God without the reception of any received religion.
DEI'STA, ſ. m. a deiſt.
DEI'STICO, adj. deiſtick, belonging to the opinions or tenets of the deiſts.

D E J

DEJA'R, v. a. vide *DEXA'R*.
DEJARRETA'R, v. a. to hough, to hamſtring.
DEJENERA'R, v. n. vide *DEGENERA'R*.

D E L

DEL, of him, or of it.
DEL, *DELLA*, *DELLO*, of him, of her, of it.
Del todo, altogether, wholly.
DELACIO'N, ſ. f. accuſation.
DELANTA'L, ſ. m. an apron.

DELA'NTE, adv. before.
DELANTE'RA, f. f. the fore part, the front, any thing to hang before.
DELANTE'RO, adj. that is before another.
Relóx delantéró, a clock or watch that goes too fast.
DELA'NTRE, adv. obf. vide *DELANTE.*
DELATA'BLE, adj. worthy of accusation.
DELATA'R, v. a. to inform, to accuse, to impeach.
DELA'TE, f. m. a highwayman.
DELATO'R, f. m. an informer, an evidence, an accuser.
DELECTA'BLE, adj. delightful, pleasant.
DELECTACIO'N, f. f. a delight, pleasure, enjoyment.
DELECTA'R, v. a. to delight.
DELE'CTO, f. m. election, choice, picking out, muster.
DELEGACIO'N, f. f. delegating, appointing, substituting.
DELEGA'DO, f. m. a delegate.
DELEGA'R, v. a. to delegate, to appoint, to substitute.
DELEITA'BLE, adj. delightful, pleasant, charming.
DELEITACIO'N, f. f. enjoyment, satisfaction, pleasure.
DELEITA'R, v. a. to delight.
DELEITE, f. m. delight, pleasure.
Deleites, in the plural number, vicious pleasures.
DELEITOSAME'NTE, adv. delightfully.
DELEITO'SO, adj. delightful.
DE LEJOS, adv. from afar off.
DELETREA'R, v. a. to spell; also to guess at.
DELEZA'RSE, v. a. vide *DEZLIZA'R.*
DELEZNA'BLE, adj. slippery, frail, unstable.
DELEZNADE'RO, f. m. a slippery, or unsteady place.
DELEZNADI'ZO, adj. slippery.
DELEZNAMIE'NTO, f. m. instability, uncertainty.
DELEZNA'RSE, v. n. to slip, slide, or be unsteady.
DELFA, f. f. the plant rose-laurel.

DELFI'N, f. m. a dolphin.
DELGACE'RO, adv. obf. vide *DELGADO.*
DELGADAME'NTE, adv. thinly, slenderly, also ingeniously, subtilely.
DELGADE'Z, } f. f. thinness,
DELGADE'ZA, } slenderness.
DELGADILLO, adj. thinnish, slenderish.
DELGADI'TO, adj. diminutive of *delgádo*.
DELGA'DO, adj. thin, slender.
DELGAZA'R, v. n. to grow thin.
DE'LIA, f. f. one of the names of Diana, or the moon.
DELIBERACIO'N, f. f. deliberation; resolution, determination.
DELIBERADAME'NTE, adv. deliberately.
DELIBERA'DO, f. m. a deliberate person.
DELIBERAD'OR, f. m. one that deliberates or considers.
DELIBERAMI'ENTO, f. m. deliberation.
DELIBERA'R, v. a. to deliberate, to consider, to advise; also to purpose, to resolve.
DELIBRATI'VO, adj. belonging to deliberation.
DELIBERAMIE'NTO, f. m. obf. deliverance.
DELIBRA'R, v. a. vide *LIBRA'R.*
DELICADAMENTE, adv. daintily, finely, delicately.
DELICADE'Z, } f. f. daintiness,
DELICADE'ZA, } delicacy, niceness; also slenderness.
DELICA'DO, adj. dainty, delicate, nice, tender; also slender, and of a weak constitution.
DELICADU'RA, f. f. vide *DELICADE'ZA.*
DELICAMIE'NTO, f. m. vide *DELICADE'Z.*
DELI'CIA, f. f. pl. delight, thing very agreeable and pleasant.
DELICIA'RSE, v. r. to be delighted.
DELICIOSAMENTE, adv. deliciously, sweetly, pleasantly, delightfully.
DELICIO'SO, adj. delightful, delicious, sweet, agreeable.

DELI'CTO, f. m. vide *DELITO.*
DE LIGE'RO, adv. lightly.
DELINEACIO'N, f. f. delineation, drawing out in lines.
DELINEAME'NTO, } f. m. de-
DELINEAMIE'NTO, } lineation, or drawing out in lines.
DELINEA'R, v. a. to delineate, to draw out in lines: to describe.
DELIñA'R, v. a. to adorn, to dress fine, to bedeck.
DELINQUE'NTE, f. m. a delinquent, an offender.
DELINQUI'R, v. n. to transgress, to offend, to commit a crime.
DELI'QUIO, f. m. a fainting, or swooning.
DELIRAME'NTO, f. m. phrensy, madness, doating.
DELIRA'NTE, f. m. one that doats, is light-headed, or delirious.
DELIRA'R, v. n. to rave, to be light headed, to talk idly.
DELI'RIO, f. m. doating, lightness of head, frenzy, madness.
DELI'TO, f. m. a crime.
DELLAS, for *de ellas* of them.
DE LLE'NO, full; *dar de lleno*, to strike full upon.
DE'LLO, for *de éllo*, of it.
DELPHI'N, f. m. a dolphin; also the dauphin of France; the title belonging to the French king's eldest son.
DELPHI'NIO, f. m. a purple-coloured flower.
DELU'BRO, f. m. poetical, a temple and the god worshipped in it.
DELU'SOR, f. m. one who deludes, imposes on, cheats.
DELUSTRA'R, v. a. to take away the beauty, or lustre.
DELU'VIO, f. m. vide *DILUVIO.*

D E M

DE MADRUGA'DA, adv. early in the morning.
DE MAñA'NA, adv. in the morning.
DE MANCOMU'N, adv. with public concurrence or assistance.

DEMA'NDA, f. f. demand, fuit, fupplication; alfo enterprife, arduous attempt.

Mórir en la demánda, to die in the quarrel.

DEMANDADE'RA, f. f. a woman the nuns keep out of the monaftery to run about on their errands.

DEMANDADE'RO, f. m. one that goes about begging for fome pious ufes:

DEMANDADO'R, f. m. a demander, a fuitor a plaintiff; alfo a beggar.

DEMANDA'R, v. a. to require, to demand, to ask, to fue for, to beg.

DE MANE'RA, adv. fo that.

DEMARCACIO'N, f. f. the marking out or dividing of provinces.

DEMARCA'R, v. a. to mark out.

DEMA'S, adv. befides, moreover, over and above.

Es por démas, it is to no purpofe.

Pédro por démas, an infignificant or ufelefs perfon.

DEMASI'A, f. f. overplus, fuperfluity; alfo an affront, wrong, rudenefs.

DEMASIADAME'NTE, adv. exceffively.

DEMASIA'DO, adj. overmuch, exceffive; alfo rude, unmannerly.

DEMEDIAR, v. a. to divide into halves.

DEME'NCIA, f. f. madnefs.

DEMENTA'R, v. a. to be mad.

DEME'NTE, adj. mad.

DEME'RITO, f. m. want of merit, demerit.

DEMIAS, f. f. pl. in cant, ftocking's.

DEMISSIO'N, f. f. humility, fubmiffion.

DEMO, f. m. vide *DEMONIO*.

DEMOCRA'CIA, f. f. a democracy, a popular ftate.

DEMOCRA'TICO, adj. democratic, popular.

DE MODO, adv. after that manner, in fuch a manner.

DEMOLE'R, v. a. to demolish, ruin, or deftroy.

DEMOLICIO'N, f. f. deftruction, demolition, ruin.

DEMONI'ACO, adj. poffeffed by the devil, demoniack, devilish.

DEMONIA'DO, adj. idem.

DEMONICHU'CHO, f. m. a contemptuous diminutive of *demónio*.

DEMO'NIO, f. m. the devil.

DE'MONOS, for *demos nos*, let us furrender ourfelves.

DEMONSTRA'BLE, adj. demonftrable, that can be demonftrated.

DEMONSTRACIO'N, f. f. demonftration.

Hacér una demonftración, to do fome noted act, to exprefs one's toughts or refentment, by geftures.

DEMONSTRADO'R, f. m. one that demonftrates or shews things plain.

DEMONSTRA'R, v. a. to demonftrate, to show a thing plainly.

DEMONSTRATI'VO, adj. demonftrative.

Demonftrativo, f. m. a demonftration.

DE MONTO'N, adv. in a heap.

DEMO'RA, f. f. delay.

DEMORA'R, v. a. to delay, to keep back, to hinder.

DEMOSTRA'R, v. a. vide *DEMONSTRAR*.

DEMUDACIO'N, f. f. changing countenance, turning pale.

DEMUDAMIE'NTO, f. m. change, alteration.

DEMUDA'R, v. a. to change, to alter.

Demudárfe, v. r. to change countenance, to turn pale.

DEMUE'STRA, f. f. shewing, pointing out.

DEN

DENA'NTES, adv. before now, awhile ago.

DENA'RIO, f. m. the tenth in number, tens in numeration, as units, tens, hundreds, &c. alfo the Roman coin called *denarius*.

DE'NDE, adv. from, fince; as, *dénde en adelante*, from this time forwards.

Dénde entónces, fince then.

Dénde la cálle, from the ftreet.

DENEGACIO'N, f. f. denial, refufal.

DENEGAMIE'NTO, f. m. denial, refufal.

DENEGA'R, v. a. to deny, to refufe.

DENEGRECE'R, v. a to make black.

DENEGRIMIE'NTO, f. m. blacking.

DENEGRI'R, v. a. to blacken.

DENGO'SA, f. f. a coy or affected perfon.

DE'NGUE, f. m. coynefs, affectation.

DENGUE'RA, f. f. a coy or affected perfon.

DENIGRA'R, v. a. to defame, to blacken, to ftain the reputation.

DENIGRATI'VO, adj. ftained, fpotted, beackened, defamed.

DENODA'DO, adj. bold, refolute, intrepid.

DENODAME'NTE, adv. boldly, refolutely.

DENOMINACIO'N, f. f. denomination.

DENOMINADO'R, f. m. one who denominates, denominator; the number below the line, shewing the nature and quality of the parts which any integer is fuppofed to be divided into.

DENOMINA'R, v. a. to denominate.

DE NO NA'DA, adv. out of nothing.

DENOSTRA'R, v. a. to revile, to affront.

DENO'STO, f. m. obf. vide *DENUESTO*.

DENOTA'R, v. a. to denote, to shew, to fignify; to explain.

DENSAME'NTE, adv. thickly; obfcurely.

DENSA'R, v. a. to thicken, to condenfe.

DENSIDA'D, f. f. thicknefs, obfcurity.

DE'NSO, adj. thick, clofe, compact.

DENTA'DO, adj. that has teeth.

DENTADU'RA, f. f. the whole fet of teeth and their order.

DENTA'L, s. m. the beam of the plough to which the plough-share is fastened; a great fork.

DENTA'R, v. a. to make teeth to any thing; to breed teeth.

DENTARA'DA, s. f. a mark or bite of a tooth.

DENTIA'R, v. a. to move the teeth.

DENTECE'R, v. n. to breed teeth.

DENTELLA'DA, s. f. the noise made by clapping the teeth together; the impression made with the teeth in any thing.

DENTELLA'R, v. a. to snap like a dog, to bite, to gnaw, to make an impression with the teeth, to chatter with the teeth.

DENTE'LLO, s. m. in architecture, those pieces jutting out under the cornice or on the frize, at small distances, called *dentelli.*

DENTELLO'NES, s. m. pl. biting, snaping like a dog, the impressions of the teeth.

DENTE'RA, s. f. the teeth being an edge.

DENTEZUE'LO, s. m. a little tooth.

DENTIBANO, adj. vide *DENTIVA'NO.*

DENTICULA'R, adj. in the form or shape of teeth.

DENTIVA'NO, adj. having teeth long and broad, and some of them hollow; said of horses and mares.

DENTO'N, s. m. he that has great teeth; also a sort of sea-bream that has large teeth.

Dentones, s. m. pl. in cant, pincers.

DE'NTRO, adv. within.

DENTU'DO, adj. that has teeth.

DENUEDO, s. m. boldness, courage, resolution.

DENUE'STO, s. m. affront, reproach, insult.

DE NUEVO, adv. afresh, anew.

DENUNCIACIO'N, s. f. a denunciation.

DENUNCIADO'R, s. m. a denouncer, a witness, an informer, an evidence.

DENUNCIA'R, v. a to denounce, to depose, to accuse.

DENUNCIATO'RIA, s. f. a deposition, accusation in writing.

D E ñ

DEñA'R, v. n. obs. to think one as worthy.

Deñarse, v. r. to deign, to condescend.

D E O

DEO GRACIAS, thanks to God.

D E P

DEPARA'R, v. a. to find, to meet with, to light on.

Diós me lo depáre buéno, God send it be good to me.

DEPARTIDAME'NTE, adv. distinctly, separately.

DEPARTIMIE'NTO, s. m. obs. division, separation, difference, distinction.

DEPARTI'R, v. a. to divide, to distribute, to debate, to discourse together.

DEPAUPERA'R, v. a. to make poor.

DEPENDE'NCIA, s. f. dependence; also affair, business.

DEPENDE'R, v. n. to depend.

DEPLORABLE, adj. deplorable, lamentable, sad, calamitous, miserable.

DEPLORA'R, v. a. to deplore, to bewail, to lament.

DEPONE'NTE, s. m. he who deposes, or a verb deponent.

DEPONE'R, v. a. to lay down, to give in trust, to depose.

DE POR SI', adv. by itself.

DEPORTACIO'N, s. f. banishment, transportation.

DEPORTA'R, v. a. to banish, to transport.

DEPO'RTE, s. m. diversion, pastime.

DEPO'S, adv. after.

DEPOSA'R, v. a. vide *DEPONE'R.*

DEPOSICIO'N, s. f. deposition; depositum; thing left in trust; the act of giving public testimony.

DEPOSITADO'R, s. m. one who deposites or leaves in trust.

DEPOSITA'R, v. a. to deposite, to leave in trust.

DEPOSITARIO, s. m. the person with whom any thing is deposited or left in trust; a depositary.

DEPOSI'TO, s. m. the thing deposited or left in trust.

DEPRAVACIO'N, s. f. depravation, corruption.

DEPRAVADAME'NTE, adv. corruptly, viciously.

DEPRAVADO'R, s. m. one who depraves or corrupts, a corrupter.

DEPRAVA'R, v. a. to deprave, to corrupt, to spoil.

DEPRECACIO'N, s. f. deprecation.

DEPRECA'R, v. a. to deprecate, to intreat earnestly.

DEPRECATI'VO, adj. beseeching, suppliant.

DEPREHE'NSO, adj. apprehended taken unawares.

DEPREHENDADO'R, s. m. a thief.

DEPRENDE'R, v. a. to learn.

DEPRESSIO'N, s. f. depression.

DEPRE'SSO, adj. depressed, bore down.

DEPRESSO'R, s. m. depressor, he that presses down.

DE PRE'STO, adv. quickly.

DEPRETERICIO'N, s. f. any thing past.

DEPRIMI'R, v. a. to depress.

DEPUE'STO, p. p. of *deponér*, deposed, put down.

DE PUNTA, adv. with the point forwards.

DE PUNTO, adv. stitched work or knit.

DEPURA'DO, adj. vide *APURA'DO.*

DEPUTA'DO, s. m. vide *DIPUTA'DO.*

DEPUTA'R, v. a. vide *DIPUTA'R.*

D E R

DERAIGA'R, v. a. to pluck from the root.

DERANCHADAME'NTE, adv. disorderly, precipitately.

DE RAY'Z, adv. from the root.

DERECHAME'NTE, adv. rightly, straightly.

DERE'CHAS, adv. as, *Hacér las cósas a derechas*, to do things the right way.
DE'RECHE'RO, adj. upright, that udges according to law.
DERECHE'Z, f. f. rectitude, fitness, aptness.
DERE'CHO, adj. right, straight, just, even, due in law; right-handed.
Derécho, f. m. right.
Derécho naturál, the law of nature.
Derécho civil, or *de las gentes*, the civil law.
Derécho canónico, the canon law.
Derécho divino y humáno, divine and human law.
Derechos de aduána, custom for goods imported, or exported.
Deréchos de escribános ò letrádos, the fees of clerks or lawyers.
Hacér deréchos, to pay duties and take an acquittance.
Estár derécho, to stand trial.
Jugár en derécho de su dedo, to judge partially for one's own interest.
Ir por camino derécho, to go the straight way; to do justice.
Derécho de entrámbas mános ambidexter, that can use left hand as the right.
Prov. *Ni perdér derécho, ni llevar cohécho*, neither to lose any due nor take any bribe; to be just to one's self, and others.
'A deréchas, adv. honestly, the right way, as it ought to be done, rightly, well.
'A tuertas á deréchas, an adverbial phrase; right or wrong, as chance direct.
DERECHO'RA, f. f. obs. right, claim, title, due.
DERECHU'RA, f. f. straightness, uprightness.
Derechúras, pl. a due to a maid's servant at the year's end; being shoer, a white vail to wear in the house and a black one abroad.
DERECHURE'RO, adj. obs. righteous, upright, just, loving justice.
DE REPE'NTE, adv. on a sudden.
DERISIO'N, f. f. derision.
DERIVACIO'N, f. f. derivation.
DERIVA'R, v. a. to derive.
DERIVATI'VO, adj derivative; derived from another.
DEROCACIO'N, f. f. derogation, lessening, taking from one another.
DEROGA'R, v. a. to derogate, to lessen, to take from.
DEROGATO'RIO, adj. derogatory, that lessens, or takes away.
DERRABADU'RA, f. f. curtailing, cutting off the tail.
DERRABA'R, v. a. to curtail, to cut off the tail.
DERRA'MA, f. m. contribution, tax.
DERRAMADAME'NTE, adv. loosely, scatteringly.
DERRAMADE'RO, f. m. a scattering or spilling place.
DERRAMADO'R, f. m. one that scatters, spills or wastes.
DERRAMADU'RA, f. f. } spiling, scattering, wasting.
DERRAMAMIE'NTO, f. m. } spiling, scattering, wasting.
DERRAMA'R, v. a. to scatter, to spill, to waste.
Derramár monéda, to scatter money.
Derramár la haciénda, to be profuse, to waste an estate.
Derramár sángre, to shed blood.
Derráma solaces, a disturber of mirth.
Derramárse, v. r. to be scatterred or spilt.
DERRA'MAS, f. m. pl. taxes laid on the people.
DERRA'MO, f. m. scattering, spilling.
DERRANCA'R, v. a. to attack, to assault furiously.
DERRANCHAR, v. a. to attack, to assault.
DERREDO'R, adv. about.
Andár al derredór, to turn round, to go about.
DERRENEGA'R, v. n. to abhor, detest, loath.
DERRENGA'DA, f. f. a certain contorsion so called, used, in a dance.
DERRENGADURA, f. f. } breaking the back, weakening the hips, forcing awry.
DERRENGAMIE'NTO, f. m. } breaking the back, weakening the hips, forcing awry.
DERRENGA'R, v. a. to break the back, to wealt en; *quasi desrengár*, to dissolve the reins.
DERRENIE'GO, f. m. detestation, aborrence, loathing.
DERRETIDO'R, f. m. a melter.
DERRETIDURA, f. f. } a melting.
DERRETIMIE'NTO, f. m. } a melting.
DERRETI'R, v. a. to melt, to thaw.
Derretirse, v. r. to melt, to waste, to consume, to pine.
DERRIBADO'R, f. m. one that throws down.
DERRIBADU'RA, f. f. } throwing down.
DERRIBAMIE'NTO, f. m. } throwing down.
DERRIBA'R, v. a. to throw down.
Derribár cabézas, to mow down heads, to make a slaughter.
Derribár la capa, to throw the cloak off the shoulders in order to draw the sword.
Derribár á uno, to bring a man low.
Derribár a úno la calentúra, to make a man keep his bed.
DERRI'BO, f. m. demolition, throwing down.
DERRISIO'N, f. f. obs. derision, irrision.
DERRIVA'R, v. a. vide *DERRIBA'R*.
DERROCADE'RO, f. m. precipice.
DERROCADO'R, f. m. one that throws, down.
DERROCAMIE'NTO, f. m. throwing down.
DERROCA'R, v. a. to throw down.
DERROSTRA'RSE, v. r. to hurt one's self by a blow on the face.
DERRO'TA, f. f. a course, a way; also a rout or defeat of any army.
DERROTA'R, v. a. to rout, to defeat.
Derrotárse, v. r. to part company, to scatter, to disperse.
DERROTE'RO, f. m. a sea chart.

DERRUI'R, v. a. to pull down, demolish destroy.

DERRUMBADE'RO, f.m. precipice, steep place.

DERRUMBAMIE'NTO, f. m. precipitation, throwing headlong.

DERRUMBA'R, v. a. to throw down.

DERRUVIA'R, v. a. to flow continually as water does, when it washes away the foundation of any edifice.

D E S

DES, is answerable to the Latin particle *dis*, used in composition very often as a negative.

Des que, adv. obs. since that, ever since that, as soon as.

DESABAFA'R, v. a. vide *DESABAHA'R*.

DESABAHAMIE'NTO, f. m. letting out the steam; ridding one's self of trouble; breathing with more ease.

DESABAHAR, v. a to let out the steam of any thing, to open that which was close covered; to rid one's self of too much business; to breathe more freely.

Lugár desabàbado, an open airy place.

Hombre desabahído, a bold man who is not out of countenance at any thing.

DESABARRANCA'R, v. a. to fetch or get out of a bottom what had fallen into it not without a deal of difficulty and fatigue, also to help one out of a difficulty; ou tof a dangerous scrape or situation.

DESABASTECE'R, v. a. to carry off the provision, or to leave without provisions.

DESABEZA'R, v. a. to difuse, to break a custom.

DESABI'DO, adj. ignorant.

DESABIMIE'NTO, f. m. ignorance.

DESABITUACIO'N, f. f. breaking of a habit or custom.

DESABITUA'R, v. a. to break a habit or custom.

DESABOLLA'R, v a. to take bruises out of metal.

DESABO'NO, f. m. prejudice.

DESABOTONADU'RA, f. f. unbuttoning.

DESABOTONA'R, v. a. to unbutton.

DESABRAZA'R, v. a. to quit an embrace, to put away.

DESABRI'DO, adj. unsavoury, ill relished; ill tempered.

Hombre desabrido, an ill tempered man.

DESABRIGA'R, v. n. to be naked, to be stripped, to take off the cloaths. In a martial sense, to lay open (or exposed to the enemy without any defence of works.

DESABRI'GO, f. m. nakedness, want of shelter or of covering.

DESABRIMIE'NTO, f. m. unsavouriness; distaste; trouble; vexation.

DESABRI'R, v. a. to make a thing unsavoury; to disgust, to displease, to offend.

DESABROCHA'R, v. a. to unclasp, to let loose.

DESACABALA'R, v. a. to break the round number of a thing that were set apart for some particular purpose; to diminish, spoil, to break the order.

DFSACALORA'RSE, v. r. to grow cool.

DESACATADAME'NTE, adv. disrespectfully, unmannerly.

DESACATAMIE'NTO, f. m. vide *DESACA'TO*.

DESACATA'R, v. a. to disrespect, to be unmannerly.

DESACA'TO, f. m. disrepect, unmannerliness.

DESACERBA'R, v. a. to mitigate, to temperate the sourness of any thing.

DESACERTADAME'NTE, adv. unadvisedly. imprudently.

DESACERTA'R, v. a. to err, to mistake.

DESACI'ERTO, f m. fault, mistake.

DESACOBARDA'R, v. a to raise the courage, to lay aside fear.

DESACOLLA'R, v. a. to dig a hollow round a vine that it may retain the water.

DESCAOMODADAME'NTE, adv. inconveniently.

DESACOMODAR, v. a. to incommode, to put from one's conveniency.

DESACOMPAñA'DO, adj. alone, unaccompani

DESACOMPAñAMIE'NTO, f. m. lonesomeness, want of company.

DESACOMPAñAR, v. a. to leave alone, to take away a man', company.

DESACONSESA'R. v. a to dissuade.

DESACONCHA'R, v. a. vide *DESCONCHA'R*.

DESACORDACAME'NTE, adv. inconsiderately, without deliberation, forgetfully; also disagreeingly.

DESACORDA'DO, adj. forgetful; also disagreeing.

DESACORDAMIE'NTO, f. m forgetfulness, oblivion.

DESACORDA'R, v. a. to be out of tune.

Desa cordàrse, v. r. to forget; also to disagree.

DESACO'RDE, adj. disagreeing, out of tune.

DESACORRALA'R, v. a. to take sheep or other cattle out of the fold to turn them to pasture.

DESACOSTUMBRADAME'NTE, adv. unaccustomedly.

DESACOSTUMBRA'R, v. a. to disuse, to unaccustom.

DESACOTA'R, v. a. to take away the enclosures or fences of any grounds.

DESACO'TO, f. m. the act of taking off the prohibition; the act of pulling down or pulling off the hedge; permission of importation or exportation.

DESACREDITADO'R, f. m. one that discredits another.

DESACREDITA'R, v. a. to discredit, to take away one's reputation.

DESACUE'RDO, f. m. forgetfulness; disagreement: error mistake.

DESADEREZA'R, v. a. to undress.

DESADEUDA'R, v. a. to free a person from debt.

DESADORA'R, v. a. to yeld to violent love, to deprive of love.
DESADORMECEDO'R, f. m. one that wakes or rouses another.
DESADORMECIMIE'NTO, f. m. waking, rousing.
DESADORMECE'R, v. n. to awake, to rouse from sleep.
DESADORNA'R, v. a. to unadorn, to strip of ornaments.
DESADO'RNO, f. m. undress.
DESADVERTIDAME'NTE, adv. inadvertently, inconsiderately.
DESADVERTIMIE'NTO, f. m. inadvertency.
DESADVERTI'R, v. a. to act inconsiderately, without deliberation.
DESAFEA'R: v. a. to deform, to make ugly.
DESAFECTATIO'N, f. f. without affectation.
DESAFE'CTO, f. m. indifference, disaffection.
Desafécto, adj. disaffected.
DESAFEITA'R, v. a to undress; also to be rude and unpolished.
DESAFERRA'R, v. a. to unfasten, to let loose; to weigh the anchor in a ship, to sail.
DESAFIADE'RO, f. m. the place vhere the challenge is to be decided.
DESAFIADO'R, f. m. a challenger.
DESAFIA'R, v. a. to challenge.
DESAFICIO'N, f. f. disaffection.
DESAFICIONA'R, v. a. to be disaffected, to lose affection.
DESAFINA'R, v. n. to untune an instrument; to break as the voice does.
DESAFI'O, f. m. challenge.
DESAFORADAME'NTE, adv. rashly, outrageously.
DESAFORA'DO, adj. lawless, unruly; rash, inconsiderate, outrageous; very tall, gigantick.
DESAFORA'RSE, v. r. to deprive one's self of the priviledges.
DESAFORRA'R, v. a. to unline, to take off the lining.
DESAFORTUNA'DO, adj. unhappy.
DESAFUCIA'R, v. a. to put out of hope, to give over; to despair.
DESAFUE'RO, f. m. outrage, injury, wrong.
DESAGARRA'R, v. a. to let go the hold, to loosen, untie, unbind.
DESAGOTA'R, v. a. to drain.
DESAGRACIADAME'NTE, adv. disagreeably, unhandsomely.
DESAGRACIA'DO, adj. disagreeable, unhandsome.
DESAGRADA'BLE, adj. disagreeable, unpleasant.
DESAGRADABLEME'NTE, adv. disagreeably, unpleasantly.
DESAGRADA'R, v. a. to displease.
DESAGRADECE'R, v. a. to be unthankful.
DESAGRADECIDAME'NTE, adv. unthankfully.
DESAGRADECI'DO, adj. unthankful, ungrateful.
DESAGRADECIMIE'NTO, f. m. unthankfulness, ingratitude.
DESAGRA'DO, f. m. disagreeableness; also unthankfulness.
DESAGRAVIADO'R, f. m. a righter of wrongs.
DESAGRAVIA'R, v. a. to right, to redress wrongs.
DESAGRA'VIO, f. m. righting of wrongs.
DESAGREGA'R, v. a. to separate, to disjoin.
DESAGUADE'RO, f. m. drain, channel, pipe, or the like to draw off water; also a way of lavishing of wealth.
DESAGUA'R, v. a. to draw off water, to drain.
DESA'GUE, f. m. vide *DESAGUADERO*.
DESAGUISA'DO, f. m. disgust, wrong, injury.
DESAHIJA'R, v. a. to wean.
DESAHOGADAME'NTE, adv. clearly, freely, without obstruction.
DESAHOGA'DO, adj. free, open, airy.
DESAHOGA'R, v. a. to free, to clear, to give liberty or air.
Desahogár el corazón, to ease the heart.
Desahorgárse, v. r. to communicate one's trouble or affliction to another, to unload one's heart, to relieve one's self by disclosing the mind.
DESAHO'GO, f. m. vent, relieve in disclosing the mind.
DESAHUCIADAME'NTE, adv. desperately, without hopes.
DESAHUCIA'R, to give over, to undeceive, to let a man know his doom.
DESAHU'CIO, f. m. dismission from a pasture.
DESAHUMA'R, v. a. to free from smoke.
DESAIRADAME'NTE, adv. without elegance.
DESAIRA'R, v. a. to despise, to affront.
DESAI'RE, f. m. scorn, contempt affront.
DESAJUSTA'R, v. a. to make any thing disproportionate, uneven, unequal.
DESALABA'NZA, f. f. dispraise.
DESALABA'R, v. a. to dispraise.
DESALABEA'R, v. a. among carpenters and other workers in wood, to force a board or other piece of timber, that was crooked or curvated, to be straight.
DESALA'RSE, v. r. to run one's self out of breath, to run with open arms. In birds, to fly with the wings at full stretch.
DESALBANDA'R, v. a. to unpannel a beast.
DESALAVA'R, v. a. vide *DESALABA'R*.
DESALAVEA'R, v. a. to smooth; to make plain.
DESALVARDA'R, v. a. vide *DESALBARDA'R*.
DESALENTA'R, v. a. to put out of breath; to discourage.
DESALFORJA'R, to take out of a wallet; also to untruss, to let the cloaths hang loose.
DESALIE'NTO, f. m. decay of spirits or courage.
DESALIÑADAME'NTE, adv. slovenly, ungenteelly.
DESALIÑA'DO, adj. sluttish, not neat.

DESALIñA'R, v. a. to put out of order to difcompofe.
DESALIñO, f. m. flovenlinefs, flutishnefs, uugenteelnefs, want of neatnefs.
DESALMADAME'NTE, adv. impioufly, cruelly, without confcience.
DESALMA'DO, f. m. one that has no regard to his foul, a wicked, lewd perfon, one that ufes no confcience.
DESALMA'R, v. a. to take away the life of another violently.
DESALMA'DO, or *DESALMA'DLO*, in cant, kill him, take away his foul.
DESALMAMIE'NTO, f. m. wickednefs, want of confcience.
DESALOJAMIE'NTO, f. m. diflodging.
DESALOJA'R, v. a. to diflodge.
Defalojár la artillería, to difmount the cannon.
DESALOXA'R, v. a. idem.
DESALUMBRADAME'NTE, adv. erroneoufly, blindly, without judgment or difcretion.
DESALUMBRAMIE'NTO, f. m. blindnefs, folly, want of forefight, want of wifdom.
DESALUMBRA'R, v. a. to take away the light, to dazzle.
DESAMA'BLE, adj. unworthy of love, difefteemed.
DESAMANZILLA'R, v. a. to take out ftains; alfo to eafe of pain.
DESAMA'R, v. a. to hate.
DESAMARRA'R, v. a. to unbind, to let loofe, to weigh anchor.
DESAMISTA'RSE, v. r. to hate a perfon that was once beloved, to break off friendship.
DESAMODORRA'R, v. a. to cure of a lethargy.
DESAMOLDA'R, v. a. to unmould or disfigure the form of the mould.
DESAMO'R, f. m. hatred, averfio n.
DESAMORADAME'NTE, adv. with hatred or averfion.
DESAMORA'DO, adj. free from love, that does not return love for love.
DESAMORO'SO, adj. that is not kind, difagreeable.
DESAMORRA'R, v. a. to bid one lift up the head and be angry no longer.
DESAMOTINA'R, v. a. to lay afide or renounce fedition or rebellion.
DESAMPARADO'R, f. m. one that forfakes or abandons.
DESEMPARAMIE'NTO, f. m. a relishing or abandoning.
DESAMPA'RA'R, v. a. to forfake or abandon.
DESAMPAR'O, f. m. diftrefs, abandonment.
DESANCORA'R, v. a. to weigh anchor.
DESANDA'R, v. a. to go the fame way over again, to turn back.
DESANDRAJA'R, v. a. to tear to rags or tatters.
DESANGRA'R, v. a. to bleed one dry, to drain all the blood out of the body.
DESANIDA'R, v. n. to turn out of the neft.
DESANIMADO'R, f. m. a difcourager.
DESANIMA'R, v. a. to difcourage.
DESANUBLA'R, v. n. to uncloud, to grow fair veather.
DESANTAñA'RSE, v. r. to make one's felf young.
DESANUDADU'RA, f. f. an unknotting.
DESANUDA'R, v. a. to unknot.
DESAPACIBILIDA'D, f. f. sharpnefs, feverity in actions, or words. !
DESAPACIBLE, adj. fevere, sharp, rough.
DESAPACIBLEME'NTE, adv. feverely, sharply, roughly.
DESAPAREÁR, v. a. to unpair.
DESAPARECE'R, v. n. to vanish, to difappear.
DESAPARECIMIE'NTO, f. m. difapearing, vanishing.
DESAPAREJADO'R, f. m. one that puts things out of order.
DESAPAREJA'R, v. n. to put things out of order.
DESAPARROCHIA'RSE, v. r. to quit one's parish and to go fettle in another.
DESAPARTA'R, v. a. to feparate, to take away, to remove.
DESAPASSIONADAME'NTE, adv. without paffion, affection, or partiality.
DESAPASSIONA'DO, adj. impartial, calm, quiet.
DESAPASSIONA'R, v. a. to remove partiality, to calm, to quiet.
DESAPEGA'DO, adj. free from love, difdainful.
DESAPEGA'R, v. a. to unfaften, to unftick, to loofen.
DESAPE'GO, f m. difaffection, alienation.
DESAPERCEBIDAME'NTE, adv. unprovidedly.
DESAPERCEBIMIE'NTO, f. m. want of provifion.
DESAPERCEBI'DO, adj. unprepared, unprovided.
DESAPESTA'R, v. a. to clear or free from infection.
DESAPIADADAME'NTE, adv. cruelly, inhumanly, unmannerly.
DESAPIADA'DO, adj. mercilefs, cruel.
DESAPIOLA'DO, p. p. loofed, or delivered from fnares.
DESAPIOLA'R, v. a. to loofe, to deliver from fnares.
DESAPINTA'R, v. a. obf. vide *DESAPUNTA'R*.
DESAPLICACIO'N, f. f. mifapplication, want of application.
DESAPLICA'DO, adj. flotful, idle.
DESAPODERADAME'NTE, adv. impetuoufly, violently, furioufly.
DESAPODERAMIE'NTO, f. m. inconfiderate boldnefs, unreftrained audacity, tumult of mind approaching to madnefs, ftorming or turbulent difpofition.
DESAPODERA'R, v. a. to put cut of power, out of poffeffion.
DESAPOLILLA'R, v. a. to clean, to clear from moths.

DESAPOSENTAR, v. a. to turn one out of his lodging.
DESAPOSSESSIONA'R, v. a. to dispossess, to deprive of possession.
DESAPOSTU'RA, s. f. indecency; also ill contrivance.
DESAPOYA'R, v. a. to take away the support.
DESAPRECIA'R, v. a. to despise contemn, or scorn.
DESAPRENDE'R, v. a. to forget what was once learned.
DESAPRENSA'R, v. a. to take away or disfigure the form which was made by the press.
DESAPRETA'R, v. a. to loosen, to slacken.
DESAPRISCA'R, v. a. to turn out of shelter.
DESAPRISIONA'R, v. a. to unfetter, to deliver out of prison.
DESAPROBACIO'N, s. f. disapprobation.
DESAPROBA'R, v. a. to disapprove.
DESAPROPRIAMIENTO, s. m. alienation.
DESAPROPRIA'R, v. a. to alienate.
DESAPRO'PRIO, s. m. the act of giving up one's own property, as monks and nuns do when they quit the world for the cloister.
DESAPROVECHADAME'NTE, adv. unprofitably, profusely.
DESAPROVECHAMIE'NTO, s. m. lavishing, not putting to good use.
DESAPROVECHA'R, v. a. to lavish, to put to no use.
DESAPUE'STO, adj. ill disposed, ugly, ill looking.
DESAPUNTALA'R, v. a. to take down the props or shoars.
DESAPUNTA'R, v. a. to unstitch, to unpoint.
DESARBOLA'R, v. a. to cut down the masts.
DESARENA'R, v. a. to clear a place from sand.
DESARE'NO, s. m. the act of taking away the sand or clearing from sand.
DESARMADU'RA, s. f. disarming.
DESARMAR, v. a. to disarm.
DESARRAIGADO'R, s. m. one who pulls up by the roots or loosens
DESARAIGADU'RA, s. f. pulling up by the roots, loosening.
DESARRAIGAMIE'NTO, s. m. idem.
DESARRAIGA'R, v. a. to pull up by the roots, to loosen; also to banish.
DESARRAPADI'LLO, adj. somewhat shabby or tattered.
DESARRAPA'DO, adj. shabby, ragged, hanging in tatters.
DESARREBAñA'R, v. a. to break up and scatter the slock.
DESARREBOLVE'R, v. a. to undo, to unwind, to unroll; to bring out of some difficulty.
DESARREBOZA'R, v. a. to unmuffle.
DESARREBUE'LTO, adj. unwound, unrolled; brought out of some difficulty.
DESARREBUJA'R, v. a. to unfold, to disjoin.
DESARRIMA'R, v. a. to remove from leaning against any thing; at sea, to rummage, to remove and stow the goods in the ship.
DESARRIMO, s. m. any thing that wants à support or prop.
DESARRODILLA'RSE, v. r. to get up from kneeling.
DESARROLLA'R, v. a. to unroll.
DESARROPA'R, v. a. to pull off the cloaths, to dismantle, to unrobe.
DESARRUGADU'RA, s. f. unrumpling, making smooth.
DESARRUGA'R, v. a. to unrumple, to make smooth.
DESASA'DO, adj. in cant, that has lost his ears; also without handles.
DESASA'R, v. a. to take off or break the handles of pots and vessels.
DESASEADAME'NTE, adv. withour ornament, inelegantly.
DESASEA'DO, adj. discomposed, disorderly, not neat.
DESASEA'R, v. a. to discompose, to displaçe the parts of what was in good order, to make ugly what looked fine, pretty, and well.
DESASE'O, s. m. undress, dishabille.
DESASENTA'RSE, v. r. to get up or quit the place on which one was sitting.
DESASIMIE'NTO, s. m. a loosening, letting go of things that cling together.
DESASI'R, v. a. to let go one's hold, to loosen, to separate things that cling together.
DESASNA'R, v. a. to improve in knowlege.
DESASOCIA'BLE, adj unsociable.
DESASOSSEGADAME'NTE, adv. unquietly, restlesly.
DESASOSSEGA'R, v. a. to disquiet to trouble, to perplex.
DESASOSSIE'GO, s. m. unquietness, restlessness.
DESASSEA'DO, adj. not. neat.
DESASTILLA'R, v. a. to clear of chips.
DESASTRADAME'NTE, adv. unfortunately, wretchedly.
DESASTRA'DO, adj. unfortunate, wretched.
DESA'STRE, s. m. disaster, misfortune.
DESATACA'R, v. a. to unlace, to loosen.
DESATADAME'NTE, adv. separately, disjointly.
DESATADO'R, s. m. one who loosens or unties.
DESATADU'RA, s. f. } an untying or loosening.
DESATAMIE'NTO, s. m. }
DESATANCA'R, v. a. to clean the sewers and conduit-pipes.
DESATAPADU'RA, s. f. uncovering, unstopping.
DESATAPA'R, v. a. to uncover, to unstop.
DESATA'R, v. a. to untie.
DESATASCA'R, v. a. to draw any thing out of muddy places.
DESATAVIADAME'NTE, adv. unhandsomely.
DESATAVIA'R, v. a. to unrig, to take off the ornament, to undress.
DESATAVI'O, s. m. want of ornament.

DESATENCIO'N, ſ. f. want of attention; diſregard, negligence.
DESATENDE'R, v. a. to be inattentive; to neglect.
DESATENTADAME'NTE, adv. unadviſedly, rashly.
DESATENTAME'NTE, adv. uncivilly.
DESATENTA'R, v. a. to trouble, to perplex.
DESATE'NTO, adj. without attention; uncivil.
DESATESA'DO, adj. looſe untied.
DESATIE'NTO, ſ. m. trouble, perplexity, inconſiderateneſs.
DESATINADAME'NTE, adv. madly, rashly, extravagantly.
DESATINA'R, v. a. to diſtract, to make mad; alſo to grow mad; alſo to err, to miſtake.
DESATI'NO, ſ. m. madneſs, extravagancy, folly, rashneſs; alſo an error, a miſtake.
DESATOLLA'R, v. a. to draw any thing out of muddy places.
DESATOLONDRA'RSE, v. r. to come to one's ſelf.
DESATRAHE'R, v. a. to go out of the way, to ſeparate.
DESATRAHILLA'R, v. a. to uncouple dogs.
DESATRAMPA'R, v. a. to clear a pipe or a duct from obſtruction.
DESATRANCA'R, v. a. to unbolt, to take the bar from the door.
DESATRAVESSA'R, v. a. to remove from lying acroſs.
DESATUFA'RSE, v. r. to appeaſe one's anger.
DESATURDIR, v. a. to recover from being ſtunned.
DESAVAHA'R, v. a. vide *DESABAHA'R*.
DESAVECINDA'DO, adj. left by the inhabitants, abandoned.
DESAVECINDA'R, v. a. to break up neighbourhood, to abandon a place.
DESAVENENCIA, ſ. f. diſagreement, diſcord.
DESAVENI'R, v. a. to diſagree.
DESAVENTAJA'DO, adj. diſadventageous, diſadvantaged.
DESAVENTAJO'SO, adj. diſadvantageous.
DESAVIA'R, v. a. to lead out of the way.
DESAVI'O, ſ. m. wandering out of the way, ſtraying; want of any thing neceſſary.
DESAVISA'R, v. a. to diſſuade from.
DESAUCIA'R, v. a. to give over a ſick perſon, to put out of all hope.
DESAUTORISA'R, v. a. to put out of authority.
DESAYUDA'R, v. a. to forbear aſſiſting, to do harm inſtead of good.
DESAYUNA'RSE, v. r. to breakfaſt.
DESAYU'NO, ſ. m. breakfaſt.
DESAZEITA'DO, adj. without oil, not having oil.
DESAZOGA'R, v. a. to take away the quickſilver.
DESAZONA'R, v. a. to unſeaſon, to unrelish; to diſpleaſe, to diſguſt.
DESBABA'R, v. n. to drivel, to ſlabber.
DESBALIJA'R, v. a. to ſteal, to rob, to take away.
DESBALLESTA'R, v. a. to diſcharge a croſs-bow.
DESBANCA'R, v. a. to take away the benches, ſeats, or ſtools on which people ſit. At the game of baſſet, faro and others, to win the whole of the money which the gameſter who games againſt all the reſt had ſet up with.
DESBANDA'RSE, v. a. to fly from one's colours, to deſert.
DESBARAHUSTA'R, v. a. to lay about one in a croud beating down weapons; to caſt javelins out of an engine; to talk extravagantly.
DESBARATADAME'NTE, adv. diſorderly, madly, confuſedly.
DESBARATADO'R, ſ. m. one that diſorders, pulls to pieces, or puts to flight.
DESBARATA'R, v. a. to diſorder, to pull to pieces, to put to the rout.
DESBARA'TE, *DESBARA'TO*, ſ. m. diſorder, confuſion, rout.
DESBARBA'R, v. a. to shave the beard.
DESBARRA'R, v. a. to be wide of the mark, to throw beyond the bars, to throw out of play; to talk nonſenſe.
DESBARRETA'R, v. a. to break or burſt the bars that were ſet to hinder people from coming in.
DESBARRIGA'R, v. a. to paunch, to pull out the guts, to cut off the belly.
DESBARRO, ſ. m. the act of breaking or burſting through the limits.
DESBASTADU'RA, ſ. f. hewing, paring, or shaving into shape; civilizing.
DESBASTA'R, to hew, pare, or shave into shape; to civilize.
Colchón desbaſtádo, a quilt which has the ſtiches broken off.
DESBASTECE'R, v. a. to unfurnish, to take away the proviſions.
DESBAUTIZA'RSE, v. r. to turn apoſtate from the Chriſtian religion; to grow very angry, to ſwear and curſe through anger and rage.
DESBAVA'R, v. a. vide *DESBABAR*.
DESBEBE'R, v. a. to make water, to diſcharge by urine what one has drank.
DESBLANQUECIDO, adj. pale, whitish.
DESBOCA'R, v. a. to break the mouth of any veſſel, to diſembogue, to pour at the mouth; to gain a vent, to flow.
Deſbocárſe, v. r. to be head-ſtrong or hard-mouthed.
DESBONNETA'RSE, v. r. to take one's cap off.
DESBORDA'DO, adj. haughty, preſumptuous.
DESBORDA'R, v. n. to exceed the limits, as rivers when they overflow.
DESBORONA'R, v. a. vide *DESMORONA'R*.

DESBRAVA'R, v. a. to tame, to appeafe.

DESBRAZA'RSE, v. r. to extend the arms.

DESBRIZNA'R, v. a. to mince, meat fmall.

DESBUCHA'R, v. a. to clear the maw, to difcorge; to reveal fecrets.

DE'SCA, f. f. a great pitch-pot, fuch as they ufe aboard ships.

DESCABALA'R, v. a. to render any thing unequal or difproportionable by analogy, to difcompofe or put out of countenance.

DESCABALGA'R, v. n. to difmount from a horfe.

Defcabalgár la artillería, to difmount a cannon, to take it off from its carriage.

DESCABEZADU'RA, f. f. / *DESCABEZAMIE'NTO*, f. m. } beheading.

DESCABEZA'R, v. a. to behead.

Defcabeẓár el fuéño, to take a little nap, to nod a little.

DESCABELLA'DO, adj. bald, without hair.

DESCABELLADURA, f. f. taking off the hair.

DESCABELLA'R, v. a. to take off the hair.

DESCABESTRA'R, v. a. to unhalter.

DESCABEZA'R, v. a. to behead, to cut the head off; to break or cut off the head or tip off any thing; to conquer difficulties.

DESCABULLIMIE'NTO, f. m. a flipping away, or fcampering.

DESCABULLI'RSE, v. r. to fcamper, to flip away.

DESCADENA'R, v. a. vide *DESENCADENA'R*

DESCADERA'DO, adj. that has no hips.

DESCAECE'R, v. a. to fall away, to lofe ftrength, to decay.

DESCAECIMIE'NTO, f. decay, falling away.

DESCAJAMIE'NTO, f. m. vide *DESCAXAMIE'NTO*.

DESCALABAZA'DO, adj. foolish, frantick.

DESCALABRA'DO, adj. crackbrained.

DESCALABRADO'R, f. m. one that breaks the head of another.

DESCALABRADU'RA, f. f. a broken head.

DESCALABRA'R, v. a. to break the head, to break the skull.

DESCALA'BRO, f. m. lofs, detriment, misfortune.

DESCALANDRAJA'R, v. a. to tear the cloaths.

DESCALCE'Z, f. f. nakednefs of the feet.

DESCALOSTRA'DO, adv. weaned, put from the breaft.

DESCALZADU'RA, f. f. / *DESCALZAMIE'NTO*, f. m. } unshoeing taking off the shoes, or ftockings.

DESCALZA'R, v. a. to unshoe, to pull off shoes or ftockings.

Defcalẓárfe de rifa, to laugh till one's shoes drop off, to break one's fide with laughing.

DESCA'LZO, adj. bare-foot, or barelegged.

DESCAMINA'R, v. a. to put out of the way; alfo to feize contraband or prohibited goods.

DESCAMI'NO, f. m. ftraying, going out of the way.

Defcamino de pláta, ò de otra haẓiénda, the carrying of plate or other goods to the wrong ports; alfo to run goods.

DESCAMISA'DO, adj. neceffitous, that wants.

DESCAMPA'DO, adj. free, clear, open, plain.

DESCAMPA'R, v. a. to decamp.

Defcampár la llúvia, to blow over the rain.

DESCANSADAME'NTE, adv. eafily.

DESCANSA'DO, adj. eafy, quiet.

Vivir defcanfádo, to live at one's eafe.

DESCANSA'R, v. a. to reft.

DESCANSE'RO, f. m. a refting-place.

DESCA'NSO, f. m. reft, eafe, quietnefs; alfo a fling to hang a fore arm in.

Defcánfo de efcaléra, the half-pace in the middle of a pair of ftairs.

DESCANTERA'R, v. a. to break off the corners of a thing, to batter it round, to cut off the cruft about a loaf.

DESCAÑONA'R, v. a. to pluck out the feathers.

DESCANTILLA'R, v. a. vide *DESCANTERA'R*.

DESCAPA'R, v. a. to take away from; to deprive any one of his cloak.

DESCAPERUZA'R, v. a. to take off the cap.

DESCAPERU'ZO, f. m. the act of uncovering the head in faluting another.

DESCAPILLA'R, v. a. to unhood, to take off the hood.

DESCAPIROTA'R, v. a. to uncap, to take off the cap or upper shell.

DESCARADAME'NTE, adv. impudently, shamelefly.

DESCARA'DO, adj. shamelefs, impudent.

DESCARAMIE'NTO, f. m. impudence.

DESCARA'RSE, v. r. to grow shamelefs or impudent.

DESCARCARILLA'R, v. n. to talk much and little to the purpofe, to prate, to babble.

DESCA'RGA, f. f. the unlading or disburthening.

DESCARGADE'RO, f. m. the place where the burthen is laid down.

DESCARGADO'R, f. m. one that difcharges or unburthens.

DESCARGADU'RA, f. f. that part of the bone which the butcher cuts off, that his cuftomers may have as much meat as poffible

DESCARGA'R, v. a. to unload, to difcharge, to unburthen.

Defcargár el ciélo, to disburthen itfelf by pouring down rain

Defcargár la conciéncia, to unburthen the confcience, to make fatisfaction for wrongs done.

Defcargár en la mar, to empty itfelf into the fea.

Defcargárfe, v. r. to unload one's felf; to clear one's felf of what is laid to one's charge.

Defcargárfe con ótro, to lay the blame upon another.

DESCARGO

DESCARGO, f. m. a difcharge.
DESCARIÑA'R, v. a. to withdraw affection or efteem.
DESCARIÑO, f. m. the withdrawing affection.
DESCARNADO'R, f. m. a tool ufed by the tooth-drawer to feparate a tooth froom the gum.
DESCARNA'R, v. a. to take off the flesh, to feparate it from the bones.
DESCA'RO, f. m. boldnefs, infolence.
DESCARIAMIE'NTO, f. m. ftraying, wandering.
DESCARRIA'R, v. a. to go aftray, to wander.
DESCARRILLADU'RA, f. f. tearing of the cheeks.
DESCARRILLA'R, v. a. to tear away the cheeks.
Defcarrillár Lónes, to tear lion's jaws afunder; to be fierce, to bully.
DESCARTA'R, v. a. to difcard; alfo to difcharge or eject from fervice or employment.
DESCA'RTE, f. m. the difcarding of cards.
DESCASAMIE'NTO, f. m. a divorce.
DESCASA'R, v. a. to divorce, to part married people.
DESCASCA'R, v. a. to talk and boaft to no purpofe, to make fuch a noife as empty shells do.
DESCASCARA'R, v. a. to shell, to take off the shell, rind, of skin.
DESCAUDILLADAME'NTE, adv. diforderly, confufedly, for want of a chief.
DESCAXAMIE'NTO, f. m. taking out of a box or shell; folly.
DESCAXA'R, v. a. to take out of a; box or shell; to play the fool.
DESCENDE'R, v. a. to defcend.
DESCENDE'NCIA, f. f. defcent, as of a family.
DESCENDI'DA, f. f. defcent, as from a hill or precipice.
DESCENDIMIE'NTO, f. m. going down.
DESCENCIO'N, f. f. the act of defcending, defcent, going down.
Defcencion recta, in aftronomy, the right defcenfion, which is the arch of the equator that defcends with the fign or ftar below the horizon of a direct fphere.
Defcencion obliqua, oblique defcenfion; which is the arch of the equator that defcends with the fign below the horizon of an oblique fphere.
DESCENCIONA'L, adj. in aftronomy, belonging to the defcenfion of ftars, defcenfional.
DESCE'NSO, f. m. defcent, going down.
DESCEÑI'R, v. a. to ungird.
DESCEPA'R, v. a. to cut or pull up by the roots; alfo to deftroy, to pull down.
DESCERBIGA'R, v. a. vide *DESCERVIGA'R*.
DESCERCADO'R, f. m. one that raifes a fiege.
DESCERCA'R, v. a. to raife a fiege.
DESCE'RCO, f. m. raifing of a fiege.
DESCERRAJADO'R, f. m. one that breaks open locks.
DESCERVIGA'R, v. a. to cut off the neck; to hurt the neck lying uneafily.
DESCETRANA'R, v. a. to eat or gnaw the wood as worms do.
DESCHANZA'R, v. n. in cant, to lofe.
DESCHRISMA'R, v. a. to raife into a violent paffion.
DESCHRISTIANAR, v. a. to raife into a violent paffion.
DESCIFRA'R, v. a. to decipher.
DESCIMENTA'R, v. a. to take away the foundation.
DESCINGI'R, v. a. to unnail.
DESCOAGULA'R, v. a. to make liquid.
DESCOBIJA'R, v. a. to uncover.
DESCOCADAME'NTE, adv. boldly, impudently.
DESCOCA'R, v. a. to cleanfe or prune trees.
Defcocárfe, v. r. to be impudent, bold, infolent.
DESCOCE'R, v. a. to digeft food
DESCO'CO, f. m. impudence audacity.
DESCOD'AR, v. a. vide *DESAPUNTA'R*.
DESCOGE'R, v. a. to lay open, to unfold.
DESCOGOTA'R, v. a. to kill with a blow on the neck, to ftick a knife into the neck.
DESCOLA'R, v. a. to curtail; to cut off the tail.
DESCOLCHA'R, v. a. to undo a cable.
DESCOLGA'R, v. a. to unhang, to take down what was hanging.
Defcolgárfe, v. r. to flip down by a rope.
DESCOLIGA'DO, adj. breaking off an alliance.
DESCOLLADAME'NTE, adv. loftily, with a greater freedom and dignity of manner or behaviour.
DESCOLLA'DO, adj. haughty, ftiffnecked, bold.
DESCOLIAMIE'NTO, f. m. haughtinefs, boldnefs.
DESCOLLA'RSE, v. n. to be haughty, or bold; alfo to rife or reach above another.
DESCOLMA'R, v. a. to make even with the top of the meafure.
DESCOLMILLA'R, v. a. to cut off, or pull, out the tusks.
DESCOLORAMIE'NTO, f. m. difcolouring.
DESCOLORA'R, v. a. to difcolour, to lofe colour.
DESCOLORIMIE'NTO, f. m. *DESCOLORAMIE'NTO*.
DESCOLORI'R, v. a. to wax pale or wan.
DESCOMBRA'R, v. a. to lay open, to make plain, to cleanfe.
DESCOMEDIDAME'NTE, adv. uncivilly, unpolitely.
DESCOMEDI'DO, adj. rude; very high, too great.
DESCOMEDIMIE'NTO, f. m. rudenefs, incivility.
DESCOMEDI'RSE, v. r. to be rude or unmannerly.
DESCOME'R, v. a. to exonerate the belly.

DESCOMODIDA'D, f. f. } in-
DESCO'MODO, f. m. } convenience.

DESCOMO'NGA'R, v. á. obf. vide *DESCOMULGAR*.

DESCOMPADRA'R, v. n. to break goffipship, to vary, to difagree, to fet at variance.

DESCOMPASSADAME'NTE, adv. without meafure, beyond compafs.

DESCOMPASSA'DO, adj. unproportionable, out of meafure, immoderately, great; beyond compafs or rule.

DESCOMPASSA'RSE, v. r. to be out of meafure or proportion, beyond compafs or rule.

DESCOMPONE'R, v. a. to difcompofe, to diforder; metaph. to affront.

Defcomponérfe, v. r. to be uncivil, or diforderly, indecent.

DESCOMPOSICIO'N, f. f. diforder, irregularity.

DESCOMPOSTU'RA, f. f. immodefty, indecency, diforderlinefs.

DESCOMPUESTAME'NTE, adv. uncivilly, indecently, immodeftly.

DESCOMPUE'STO, adj. difordered, immodeft, undecent; alfo affronted.

DESCOMULGADO'R, f. m. he who excommunicates.

DESCOMULGA'R, v. a. to excommunicate.

DESCOMUNA'L, adj. unmeafurable, monftrous.

DESCOMUNIO'N, f. f. excommunication.

DESCONCERTADAME'NTE, adv. difagreeingly, diforderly.

DESCONCERTA'R, v. a. to difagree, to break a bargain, to fet at variance.

Defconcertárfe, v. r. to put out of joint.

DESCONCHA'R, v. a. to take out of the fhell; to put out of order.

DESCONCIE'RTO, f. m. difagreement, diforder, confufion; alfoa loofenefs.

DESCONCO'RDIA, f. f. difcord, difagreeing.

DESCONFIADAME'NTE, adv. hopelefsly, without confidence, fearfully, with timidity.

DESCONFIA'NZA, f. f. diftruft, diffidence, fufpicion.

DESCONFIA'R, v. n. to diftruft, to defpair of.

DESCONFORMA'R, v. n. to difagree.

DESCONFO'RME, adj. difagreeing; alfo unequal.

DESCONFORMIDA'D, f. f. variance, difagreement.

DESCONFORTA'R, v. a. to difcomfort, to put out of heart.

DESCONHORTA'R, v. a. to difcomfort, to make forrowful, to put out of heart.

DESCONOCE'R, v. a. not to know wat one was acquainted with; to be ungrateful.

DESCONOCIDAME'NTE, adv. ungratefully.

DESCONOCIMIE'NTO, f. m. ingratitude, oblivion.

DESCONOSCE'R, v. a. vide *DESCONOCE'R*.

DESCONSENTI'R, v. a. to diffent, not to confent to, difagree in opinion.

DESCONSIDERA'DO, adj. inconfiderate, unadvifed, imprudent.

DESCONSOLACIO'N. f. f. a difcomforting, affliction.

DESCONSOLADAME'NTE, adv. forrowfully, fadly, without any comfort.

DESCONSOLA'R, v. to difcomfort.

DESCONSUE'LO, f. m. affliction, grief, forrow, weaknefs through want of nourifhment.

DESCONTA'R, v. a. to difcount.

DESCONTENTADI'ZO, adj. that is difpleafed with every thing.

DESCONTENTA'R, v. a. to difpleafe.

DESCONTE'NTO, f. m. difcontent.

DESCONTINUA'R, v. a. to difcontinue.

DESCONVENI'BLE, adj. that will not agree, difagreeable.

DESCONVENIBLEME'NTE, adv. difagreeably.

DESCONVENIE'NCIA, f. f. inconveniency, difagreement.

DESCONVENIE'NTE, f. m. inconvenient.

DESCONVENI'R, v. n. to difagree, to be unfit, to be at variance.

DESCONVERSA'BLE, adj. untractable, unfit for converfation.

DESCONVERSA'R, v. n. to leave company.

DESCORAZONAMIENTO, f. m. heartleffnefs, fluggishnefs, faint-heartednefs.

DESCORAZONA'R, v. a. to be or make heartlefs or faint-hearted.

DESCORCHADO'R, f. m. one that takes off the cork or bark.

DESCORCHA'R, v. a. to pull off the cork or bark.

DESCORCHETA'R, v. a to unhook.

DESCORDERA'R, v. a. to feparate the young lambs from the old ones.

DESCORA'R, v. a. to run, to flow.

DESCORNA'R, v. a. to take off the horns; to humble, to pull down thofe that fwell too much.

Defcornár ledas, in cant, to difcover fecrets, tricks, and frauds.

DESCORONA'R, v. a. to uncrown.

DESCORREGI'DO, adj. incorrigible, not to be corrected, bad beyond correction, depraved beyond amendment

DESCORRE'R, v. n. obf. to run, to flow; faid of liquids.

DESCORTE'S, adj. unmannerly illbred.

DESCORTESI'A, f. f. incivility, difcourtefy.

DESCORTESME'NTE, adv. uncivilly.

DESCORTEZADO'R, f. m. one who takes off the bark or rind of trees.

DESCORTEZA'R, v. a. to take off the bark, rind, shell, or skin.

DESCOSEDU'RA, f. f. ripping, unfewing.

DESCOSE'R, v. a. to rip, to unsew.

Descosérse, v. r. to take a great liberty in talking and lying.

Descosérse de rísa, to be ready to burst with laughing.

DESCOSIDAME'NTE, adv. immoderately, intemperately.

DESCOSTILLA'R, v. a. to break the ribs.

DESCOSTRA'R, v. a. to break off the crust, or rind.

DESCOSTUMBRA'R, v. a. to disuse.

DESCOSTU'MBRE, s. f. disuse.

DESCOYUNTAMIE'NTO, s. m. a disjoining or putting out of joint.

DESCOYUNTA'R, v. a. to disjoint, to put out of joint.

DESCOYU'NTO, s. m. vide *DESCOYU'NTAMIE'NTO*.

DESCRECE'R, v. a. to decrease, to grow less.

DESCRECIMIE'NTO, s. m. decrease.

DESCRE DITO, s. m. discredit, reproach, disgrace.

DESCREE'R, v. a. to disbelieve, not to believe what one believed before.

DESCREE'NCIA, s. f. disbelief.

DESCREI'DO, s. m. one that will not believe what he believed betore.

DESCREPUSCULA'R, v. a. to diffuse light as the sun does at its rising.

DESCREYE'NTE, s. m. an unbeliever.

DESCRIBI'R, v. a. to describe.

DESCRINA'R, v. a. to take off the hair.

DESCRIPCIO'N, s. f. a description.

DESCRIPTI'VO, adj. of, or belonging to a description, that can be described.

DESCRI'TO, adj. described.

DESCRUZA'R, v. a. to uncross.

DESCUBIE'RTA, s. f. a kind of pie that has no crust at top.

DESCUBIE'RTAME'NTE, adv. openly, plainly, evidently.

DESCUBIE'RTO, adj. uncovered, discovered.

DESCUBRIDE'RO, s. m. a rising piece of ground from whence there is a view of the country.

DESCUBRIDO'R, s. m, an uncoverer or discoverer.

DESCUBRIDU'RA, s. f. } discovery.
DESCUBRIMIE'NTO, s. m. }

DESCUBRI'R, v. a. to uncover, to discover.

DESCUE'LLO, s. m. any thing that exceeds another in height; also pride, vanity.

DESCUE'NTO, s. m. satisfaction, abatement, discount.

DESCUE'RNA padrastros, s. m. a cutlass, a hanger.

DESCUE'RNO, s. m. in cant, a discovery.

DESCUIDADAME'NTE, adv. negligently, carelesly.

DESCUIDA'R, v. a. to neglect, to be careless.

DESCUI'DO, s. m. negligence, carelesness, neglect.

DESCULA'R. v. a. to break the bottom of any thing. Vulgar.

DESCU'LPA, s. f. an excuse.

DESCULPA'R, v, a. to excuse.

DESCURRI'R, v. a. vide *DISCURRI'R*.

DESCUVIE'RTO, adj. vide *DESCUBIE'RTO*.

DESCUYDA'DO, adj. careless, negligent.

DESCUYDADAME'NTE, adv. carelesly, negligently.

DESCUYDA'R, v. a. to be careless, or negligent; to take no care.

DESCUYTA'R, v. a. to put out of misery.

DESDA'R, v. a. to give back.

DE'SDE, adv. from such a time, or place.

Désde ayér., since yesterday.

Désde niño, from one's childhood.

Désde aqui, from this place.

DESDECI'R, v. n. to unsay, to, say against what one has said, to retract, to recant.

DESDE'N, s. m. disdain, scorn.

DESDEñA'BLE, adj. to be disdained, worthy to be scorned.

DESDEñADO'R, s. m, one that scorns or disdains.

DESDEñA'R, [...] to scorn, disdain.

DESDEñO, s. m. d[...]

DESDEñO'SO, adj. di[...]

DESDENTA'R, v. a. [...] toothless.

DESDEVANA'R, v. a. to wind thread or silk; to u[n]reel.

DESDI'CHA, s. f. misfortune.

DESDICHADAME'NTE, adv. unfortunately.

DESDICHADI'LLO, adj. diminutive of *desdichado*. Subst. used a little wretch, a little rogue.

DESDICHA'DO, adj. unfortunate.

Prov. *Al desdichado póco le vále ser esforzádo*, it little avails an unfortunate, man to be brave. Courage without fortune is of little use.

DESDICHO, p. p. unsayed, gainsayed.

DESDOBLA'R, v. a. to unfold.

DESDO'N, s. m. folly, incivility, indecency, clownishness.

DESDONADAME'NTE, adv. undecently, uncivilly, clownishly.

DESDONA'DO, adj. indecent, uncivil, clownish, unpleasant.

DESDONA'R, v. a. to take back what was given.

DESDORA'R, v. a. to take off the gilding; to blemish.

DESDORMI'DO, adj. awake that has not slep.

DESDO'RO, s. m. a spot or blemish on the reputation.

DESEA'BLE, adj. desirable.

DESEADO'R, s. m. he who desires or wishes.

DESEA'R, v. a. to desire, to wish for.

DESECA'R, v. a. to dry up.

DESE'CHA, s. f. the burden of a song; a farewel or taking leave; dissembling or concealing an ill action; also a break in a mountain or a pass.

DESECHA'R, v. a. to cast off, to despise, contemn.

Prov. *Lo que úno desecha ótro la ruéga*, what one man despises, another sues for. One man's meat is another man's poison.

DESE'CHO, s. m. the off-cast, what is trown away.

DESEDIFICA'R, v. a. to destroy, to demolish any edifice.

DESEGUIDA, adj. fem. not honest, not modest, licentious, immoral.

DESEMBAINA'R, v. a. vide *DESEMBAYNA'R*.

DESEMBALA'R, v. n. to unpack.

DESEMBANASTA'R, v. a to take any thing out of a basket.

Desembanastárse, v. r. to free one's self from cage or basket.

DESEMBARAZA'R, v. a. to disencumber, to remove obstacles, to put things out of the way.

DESEMBARA'ZO, f. m. clearness from encumbrance, easiness, freedom.

DESEMBARCACIO'N, f. f. the action of landing.

DESEMBARCADE'RO, f. m. a landing place.

DESEMBARCA'R, v. a. to land, to unship, to disembark.

DESEMBARGADAME'NTE, adv. freely, without obstruction.

DESEMBARGA'R, v. a. to take off an embargo, to set at liberty, to free that which wat attached, stopped, or detained.

DESEMBA'RGO, f. m. deliverance, discharge; taking off the embargo.

DESEMBARRA'R, v. a. to unclay, to undaub.

DESEMBAULA'R, v. a. to take any thing out of a chest; also to declare something.

DESEMBAYNA'R, v. a. to draw out of the sheath or scabbard.

DESEMBEBE'RSE, v. r. to recover from surprize.

DESEMBELESA'RSE, v. r. vide *DESEMBELECE'RSE*.

DESEMBOCADU'RA, f. f. a disemboguing or coming out of the mouth of a gulph or river.

DESEMBOCA'R, v. n. to disembogue, to come out of the mouth of a gulph or river.

DESEMBOLSA'R, v. a. to disburse, to lay out.

DESEMBO'LSO, f. m. a disbursing of money.

DESEMBOLTU'RA, f. f. airiness, impudence, confidence.

DESEMBOLVE'R, v. a. to unfold, to unwrap.

Desembolvérse, v. r. to take courage, to grow airy, to grow free in behaviour, to grow impudent.

DESEMBORRACHA'R, v. a. to make sober, to recover from drunkenness.

DESEMBOSCA'DO, adj. got out of a wood.

DESEMBOSCA'RSE, v. r. to get out of a wood.

DESEMBOTA'R, v. a. to make sharp.

DESEMBOZA'R, v. a. to unmuffle, or take off the cloak or masque; also to explain a difficulty.

DESEMBRAVECER, v. a. to tame.

DESEMBRAVECIMIE'NTO, f. m. a making tame.

DESEMBO'ZO, f. m. uncovering; also freedom.

DESEMBRAZA'R, v. a. to let go from the arms, to cast the cane at the port called *juégo de cañas*, in which gentlemen ride and represent a skirmish, throwing canes at one another instead of darts.

DESEMBRIAGA'R, v. a. to make sober.

DESEMBUCHA'R, v. a. to disgorge, to turn out of the maw; to speak every thing that comes uppermost.

DESEMBUDA'R, v. a. to draw out any thing as it were through a funnel.

DESEMBUELTAME'NTE, adv. airy, boldly, impudently.

DESEMBUELTO, adj. airy, bold, impudent.

DESEMMARAÑA'R, v. a. to make manifest, to clear up, to render conspicuous any obscure or intricate matter.

DESEMMOHECE'R, v. a. to clean any thing from the rust or mould.

DESEMMUDECE'R, v. a. to be cured of dumbness, to recover the speech lost.

DESEMPACA'RSE, v. r. to appease one's self, to vent the anger, to grow gentle and mild again.

DESEMPACHA'R, v. a. to put away bashfulness.

DESEMPA'CHO, f. m. want of bashfulness, confidence.

DESEMPADRA'R, v. a. to deprive of a father, to kill a person's father, to hinder one from calling himself by his family name.

DESEMPALAGA'R, v. a. to take away loathing, to bring the stomach to an appetite.

DESEMPAÑA'R, v. a. to undress young children.

DESEMPAPELA'R, v. a. to unfold any thing covered with paper.

DESEMPAREJA'R, v. a. to remove from joining to another; to make uneven.

DESEMPARVA'R, v. a. to gather into heaps the corn that is threshed.

DESEMPATA'R, v. a. to make unequal what was before even.

DESEMPEDRADO'R, f. m. an unpaviour; one that rides about the streets as if he would tear up the pavement.

DESEMPEDRA'R, v. a. to unpave, to tear up the street or the road.

DESEMPEGA'R, v. a. to unglew, to separate what is stuck.

DESEMPEÑA'R, v. a. to redeem out of pawn, to disengage.

Desempeñar la palábra, to perfom one's promise.

Desempeñárse, v. r. to pay one's debts, to get rid of one's engagements.

DESEMPE'ÑO, f. m. the act of redeeming a pledge.

DESEMPEORA'R, v. a, to mend, to grow better.

DESEMPERE'ZA, f. f. shaking off floth.

DESEMPEREZA'R, v. n. to shake off floth.

DESEMPEZGA'R, v. a. to unstop, to open.

DESEMPLUMA'R, v. a. to unfeater.

DESEMPOLVORA'R, v. a. obs. to clean from dust.

DESENPONZOñA'R, v. a. to free, cure, or heal one that is poisoned; to drive out, to expel any violent disorder or affection of the soul.
DESEMPOTRA'R, v. a. to take off the prop or props that kept an edifice steady.
DESEMPREñA'DA, adj. fem. that has lain in that has brought, forth.
DESEMPREñA'R, v. a. to deliver of a big belly.
DESEMPULGADU'RA, s. f. unbending a bow.
DESEMPULGA'R, v. a. to unbend a bow.
DESEMVAYNA'R, v. a. vide *DESEMBAYNA'R.*
DESEMVOLVE'R, v. a. vide *DESEMBOLBE'R.*
DESENALBARDA'R, v. a. to pull off the pack-saddle.
DESENAMORA'R, v. a. to extinguish or lose the love.
DESEMBAYNA'R, v. a. vide *DESENVAYNA'R.*
DESENBOLVE'R, v. a. vide *DESENVOLVE'R.*
DESENCABALGA'R, v. a. to dismount the cannon.
DESENCABESTRA'R, v. a. to unhalter.
DESENCADENA'R, v. a. to unchain.
DESENCALABRINA'R, v. a. to put in order, to settle the head.
DESENCALCA'R, v. a. to loosen any thing that was made fast.
DESENCALLADU'RA, s. f. setting a vessel a-float, that was run a ground.
DESENCALLA'R, v. a. to get off a vessel that was run a-ground.
DESENCAMINAR, v. a. vide *DESCAMINA'R.*
DESENCANDILA'R, v. a. to take away the dazzling or glimmering light that affects the eyes.
DESENCANTA'R, v. a. to disenchant.
DESENCA'NTO, s. m. a disenchanting.
DESENCAPOTADU'RA, s. f. the taking off a cloak.
DESENCAPOTA'R, v. a. to take or pull off the cloak.
Desencopotárse, v. r. to clear up one's looks from frowns or lowring.
DESENCAPRICHA'R, v. a to subdue the caprice or fancy.
DESENCARCELA'R, v. a. to free one from a prison.
DESENCARECE'R, v. a. to lower or lessen the price, or value.
DESENCARNA'R, v. a. vide *DESCARNA'R.*
DESENCASA'R, v. a. vide *DESENCAXA'R.*
DESENCASONA'R, v. a. obs. vide *DESENCAXONA'R.*
DESENCASTILLA'R, v. a. to beat out of a castle.
DESENCAVALGA'R, v. a. to dismount from horseback, to dismount a piece of ordnance from its carriage, to unbend a cross-bow.
DESENCAVESTRA'R, v. a. vide *DESENCABESTRA'R.*
DESENCAXADO'R, s. m. one that unjoints or pulls up things from where they where fastened.
DESENCAXADU'RA, s. f. unjointing, separating.
DESENCAXAMIE'NTO, s. m. a disjointing or putting out of the place where it was fixed.
DESENCAXA'R, v. a. to unjoint, to separate, to pull from the place where it was fastened.
DESENCAXONA'R, v. a. to take out what in a large case or box.
DESENCERRA'R, v. a. to let loose or turn out what has been locked up; to turn out the bulls for the bullfeast.
DESENCINTA'R, v. a. to unbind, to untie.
DESENCLAVA'R, v. a to unnail.
DESENCLAVIJA'R, v. a. to take down, or lower the keys of any musical instrument.
DESENCOGE'R, v. a. to extend, to dilate,; stretch out.
Desencogérse, v. r. to lay aside bashfulness.
DESENCOGIMIE'NTO, s. m. freedom or easiness of expression.
DESENCOLA'R, v. a. to unglew.
DESENCOLERIZA'RSE, v. n. to appease, or assuage one's. anger.
DESENCONA'R, v. a. to take away the rankling of a sore; metaph. to apease one's anger.
DESENCO'NO, s. m. an appeasing of anger.
DESENCORDA'R, v. a. to uncord, or unstring an instrument.
DESENCORDELA'R, v. a. to untie, or loosen any thing tied with a rope.
DESENCORVA'R, v. a. to make straight; or unbend.
DESENCRESPA'R, v. a. to uncurl.
DESENDEMONIA'R, v. a. to cast out devils.
DESENDIABLA'R, v. a. to cast out devils.
Desendiablarse, v. r. to lay aside wrath or anger.
DESENDIOSA'R, v. a. to depress, or pull down vain glory.
DESENDUEñA'SE, v. a. to be free from a *duéna*.
DESENFADA'R, v. a. to please, to ease of vexation.
Desenfadárse, v. r. to be pleased, delighted.
DESENFA'DO, s. m. pleasure, that which eases from vexation, diversion, confidence, freedom of behaviour.
DESENFALDA'RSE, v. r. to unfold, or let down the lappet of a gown.
DESENFAMAR, v. a to defame.
DESENFARDELA'R, v. a. to unpack, to open a pack.
DESENFAXA'R, v. a. to unroll, to unswathe, to unbind.
DESENFRENADAME'NTE, adv. disorderly, ungovernably.
DESENFRENAMIE'NTO, s. m. unbridledness, unruliness.
DESENFRENA'R, v. a. to unbridle.
Desenfrenárse, v. r. to grow unruly in talk or actions.
DESENFRE'NO, s. m. unruliness.
DESENFUNDA'R, v. a. to pull out of the holsters, as when a pistol is taken out.
DESENFURECE'RSE, v. r. to lay aside rage, or anger.
DESENGAñADAMENTE, adv. ingenuously, without dissimulation, freely, frankly.

DESENGAñADO'R, f. m. who undeceives another.

DESENGAñA'R, v. a. to undeceive, to show a man his miftake, to deal plainly.

Defengañarfe, v. r. to difcover the truth of a matter one was deceived in, to be fatisfied in a point, to be undeceived.

DESENGAñIFA'R, v. a. to free, or pluck out of the hands or claws.

DESENGA'ñO, f. m. difcovery of a deceit, plain dealing.

DESENGARRAFA'R, v. a. to free from the hands.

DESENGARZA'R, v. a. to disjoin things that were joined.

DESENGASTA'R, v. a. to take a ftone out of a ring.

DESENGRASSA'R, v. a. to take away the fat, to make lean.

DESENGROSSA'R, v. a. to make thin, to attenuate, to make flender.

DESENGRUDAMIE'NTO, f. m. the act of deglutinating, of taking away the glue or vifcofity.

DESENGRUDA'R, v. a. to unpafte.

DESENGRUPA'R, v. a. to uncrupper.

DESENHADA'R, v. a. obf. vide *DESENFADA'R*.

DESENHASTIA'R, v. a. to reftore to an appetite, to take away a loathing.

DESENHEBRA'R, v. a. to unthread a needle.

DESENHETRA'R, v. a. to difentangle, to unravel, to extricate, to deliver out of perplexity.

DESENJAEZA'R, v. a. to unharnefs.

DESENJAULA'R, v. a. to take out of a cage.

DESENLABONA'R, v. a. to unlink.

DESENLADRILLA'R, v. a. to pull down the bricks.

DESENLAZA'R, v. a. to unloofe, to untie, to enfnare.

DESENCLOSA'R, v. a. to unpave.

DESENLUSTRA'R, v. a. to take away the luftre, to obfcure.

DESENLUTA'R, v. a. to go out of mourning.

DESENMARAñA'R, v. a. to difentangle, to extricate, to lay open a piece of knavery.

DESENMUDECE'R, v. a. to ceafe to be dumb, to talk.

DESENOJA'R, v. a. to appeafe or to abate anger.

DESENO'JO, f. m. the mitigation or appeafing of anger.

DESE'ñO, f. m. a defign.

DESENQUADERNA'R, v. a. to unbind papers or books.

DESENRAZONA'DO, adj. that has loft the ufe of reafon, unreafonable, not acting according to reafon.

DESENREDA'R, v. a. to difentangle, to extricate, to rid out of trouble.

Defenredárfe, v. r. to difentangle one's felf.

DESENROLLA'R, v. a. to unfold what was rolled up.

DESENSABANA'R, v. a. to unsheet a bed.

DESENSAñA'R, v. a. to appeafe, to difenrage.

DESENSARTA'R; v. a. to unthread.

DESENSENA'R, v. a. to take out of the bofom.

DESENSEñA'R, v. a. to make one forget what he had been taught in order to teach him better.

DESENSEVA'R, v. a. to take the tallow out; to divert one's felf for a few moments from the actual work by taking a pinch of fnuff, a turn of the room, and fo forth.

DESENSILLA'R, v. a. to unfaddle.

DESENSOBERBECE'RSE, v. r. to humble one's felf, to lay afide pride.

DESENSORDECE'R, v. n. to ceafe to be deaf, to recover one's hearing.

DESENTABLA'R, v. a. to unboard; alfo to deftroy, to put in confufion, to undo.

DESENTENDE'R, v. n. to feign one's felf ignorant.

DESENTERRA'R, v. a. to unbury, to dig out of the grave or earth.

Defenterrár los muértos, to unbury the dead; to talk ill of them.

DESENTERI'A, f. f. vide *DISENTERI'A*.

DESENTOLDA'R, v. a. to take down a canopy.

DESENTOMECE'R, v. n. vide *DESENTUMECE'R*.

DESENTONADAME'NTE, adv. out of tune.

DESENTONAMIE'NTO, f. m. being out of tune or rudely loud.

DESENTONA'R, v. a. to be out of tune, to be rudely loud.

Defentonárfe, v. r. to be out of tune; alfo to be imprudent.

DESENTO'NO, f. m. vide *DESENTONAMIE'NTO*.

DESENTORPECE'R, v. a. to unbenumb.

DESENTRAñA'R, v. a. to embowel.

Defentrañar un negócio, to extricate an affair, to make it eafy.

Defentrañarfe por ótro, to beftow all one has on another.

DESENTUMECE'R, v. a. to unbenumb.

DESENVAINA'R, v. a. to draw out of the sheath, or fcabbard.

DESENVIOLA'R, v. a. to expiate.

DESENVOLTU'RA, f. f. dexterity, clevernefs, skill, readinefs, in doing, ability, great practice, great facility, readinefs of contrivance, skilfulnefs. It is fometimes taken in a bad fenfe, fpeaking of women that make too free with men; flip from chaftity.

DESENVOLVEDO'R, f. m. who enquires or fearches into any thing.

DESENVOLVE'R, v. a. to unroll.

DESENVUELTAME'NTE, adv. impudently, boldly, audacioufly.

DESENXALMA'R, v. a. to unharnefs, to take the pannel off a beaft.

DESE'O, f. m. defire, wish, eagernefs to obtain or enjoy.

A medida del defeo, according to wish or defire

DESEO'SO, adj. defirous,

DESEQUI'DO, adj. dry.
DESERCIO'N, f. f. desertion.
DESERRA'DO, adj. erroneous, out of the way.
DESERTA'R, v. n. to desert.
DESERTO'R, f. m. a deserter.
DESESCURECE'R, v. a. to illustrate, to make plain.
DESESPERACIO'N, f. f. despair; also wrath, anger, fury.
DESESPERADAME'NTE, adv. desperately, furiously, madly.
DESESPERAMIE'NTO, f. m. despair.
DESESPERA'NZA, f. f. obf. vide *DESESPARACIO'N*.
DESESPERA'R, v. n. to despair.
Desesperárse, v. r. to kill one's self; also to be furious, mad with anger.
DESESTERA'R, v. a. to unmat, to take off the mats.
DESESTE'RO, f. m. the taking off mats.
DESESTI'MA, f. f. disesteem.
DESESTIMACIO'N, f. f. disesteem, slight regard.
DESESTIMADO'R, f. m. f. one who disesteems.
DESESTIMA'R, v. a. to undervalue, to despise.
DESFACEDO'R, f. m. obf. vide *DESHACEDO'R*.
DESFACE'R, v. a. obf. vide *DESHACER*.
DESFALCACIO'N, f. f. defalcation.
DESFALCA'R, v. a. to defalk, to take away some part of the principal.
DESFALLECE'R, v. n. to faint, to swoon, to waste away, to lose courage.
DESFALLECIE'NTE, p. act. of *desfallecér*.
DESFALLECIMIE'NTO, f. m. fainting, swooning, wasting away, discouragement.
DESFALLESCE'R, v. n. vide *DESFALLECE'R*.
DESFAMAMIE'NTO, f. m. defamation.
DESFAMA'R, v. a. to defame.
DESFAVO'R, f. m. disfavour.
DESFAVORECEDO'R, f. m. one who disfavours.
DESFAVORECE'R, v. a. to discountenance, not to favour.
DESFAXA'R, v. a. to ungird.
DESFAZA'DO, adj. obf. shameless, impudent, immodest.
DESFEA'R, v. a. to disfigure, to deform, to mangle.
DESFE'RRA, f. f. obf. discord, contest, opposition of will and opinions.
DESFIGURA'R, v. a. to disfigure, to deform.
Desfigurárse, v. r. to grow more homely, to lose one's good shape, features, or complexion.
DESFILACHA'R, v. a. to make lint out of linen.
DESFILADE'RO, f. m. a narrow passage, a defile.
DESFILA'R, v. a. to march in order, to defile.
DESFINZA'R, v. a. obf. to deprive of hope.
DESFLAQUECE'R, v. a. to lose strength or courage.
DESFLAQUECIMIE'NTO, f. m. loss of strength or courage.
DESFLEMA'R, v. n. to expectorate, to bring away or purge off phlegm.
DESFLOCA'R, v. a. to ravel out the ends of any thing like fringes.
DESFLORAMIE'NTO, f. m. a deflouring.
DESFLORA'R, v. a. to deflour.
DESFLORECE'R, v. a. to lose the flower.
DESFOGA'R, v. a. to take away the heat, or fire, to cool.
DESFOGONA'R, v. a. to spoil the touch-hole of a piece or artillery, or of any fire-arm.
DESFOGU'E, f. m. vent, the act of giving vent to fire or to any oppressing passion.
DESFORMA'R, v. a. to deform, to disfigure.
DESFO'RME, adj. vide *DISFO'RME*.
DESFRENA'R, v. a. vide *DESENFRENA'R*.
DESFORTALECE'R, v. a. to ruin, or destroy any fortress.
DESFRUTA'R, v. a. to gather all the fruit; to take away the beauty of a thing.
DESFU'CIA, f. f. mistrust.
DESFUNDA'R, v. a. to beat out the head of a vessel.
DESGAI'RE, f. m. inelegance, unpoliteness in dress or speech.
DESGAJADU'RA, f. f. a tearing or rending.
DESGAJA'R, v. a. to tear off, to rend, to force asunder.
Desgajárse de la amistád de ótro, to break off friendship.
DESGA'JO, f. m. a tearing or rending.
DESGALANA'R, v. a. to strip of its finery, to unrig.
DESGALGADE'RO, f. m. an uncouth place where dogs cannot run.
DESGALGA'R, v. a. to precipitate, to throw headlong.
Desgalgárse, v. r. to run over uncouth places, where dogs cannot follow.
DESGA'NA, f. f. the nauseousness of food; also dislike.
DESGANA'RSE, v. r. to lose one's stomach or appetite.
DESGANCHA'R, v. a. to pull the boughs from the trees.
DESGAÑIFA'R, v. a. to haloo, or cry out till a man tears his throat, or grows hoarse.
DESGARGAMILLA'DO, adj. weak, feeble, puny, without any grace or neatness.
DESGARGANTA'RSE, v. r. to vociferate, to cry as loud as one can.
DESGARGOLADU'RA, f. f. beating the bark out of hemp or flax.
DESGARGOLA'R, v. a. to beat the bark out of hemp or flax.
DESGARITA'RSE, v. r. to go the ship out of its direction, to fall off from the due run, not to follow the first scheme or intention.
DESGARRA'R, v. a. to rend, to tear; to boast.
Desgarrárse, v. a. to escape, leaving a piece of one's coat behind, to break loose; also to grow impudent.
DESGA'RRO, f. m. a rent; also a bravado or boasting; also impudence.
DESGARRO'N, f. m. a boasting fellow.
DESGASNATA'RSE, v. r. to tear one's throat with roaring or making a noise.
DESGASTADO'R, f. m. one who spends much, a spendthrift.

DESGASTA'R, v. a. to lessen any thing by degrees.
DESGA'TAR, v. a. to pursue or kill cats.
DESGLOSSA'R, v. a. to take away, or blot out remarks or glosses.
DESGOBERNA'R, v. a. to unsettle the government, to disturb the order of it, to govern ill; to dislocate, to put out of joint; to cure horses and mules by cutting some vein in order to stop the run of some diseased humour; to neglect the steerage when at sea.
DESGOBIE'RNO, s. m disorder, confusion.
DESGORRA'RSE, v. r. to pull off the hat or cap.
DESGOSNA'R, v. a. vide *DESGOZNA'R*.
DESGOTA'R, v. a. to dry up any thing to the last drop.
DESGOZNA'R, v. a. to unhinge.
DESGRA'CIA, s. f. a misfortune; also disgrace.
Correr con disgracia, to be unlucky, unhappy.
Que disgracia ! what a misfortune.
DESGRACIADAME'NTE, adv. unfortunately; also ungenteelly.
DESGRACIA'DO, adj. unfortunate; also mishapen; that sings without air or grace; not well in health.
DESGRACIA'R, v. a. to offend, to disgust, to displease, to give discontent, to make angry.
Desgraciárse, v. r. to disagree; to be not well in health.
DESGRADUA'R, v. a. to degrade, to take away one's degrees.
DESGRAMAR, v. a. to pluck up the grass.
DESGRANAMIE'NTO, s. m. taking away the grain, or kernel.
DESGRANA'R, v. a. to take away the grain or kernel, to diminish the beauty or value of a thing.
DESGREñADO'R, s. m. one that pulls off the hair, or that dishevels the hair.
DESGREñADU'RA, s. f. a pulling of or dishevelling the hair.
DESGREñA'R, v. a, to pull off or dishevel the hair.
DESGUARNECE'R, v. a. to ungarnish, to unfurnish, to pull off a lace or other ornament.
Desguarnecér la espáda, v. a. to take the sword from the hilt.
DESGUINDA'R v. a. to take dow what is hanging.
DESGU'STO, s. m. vide *DISGU'STO*.
DESHABITA'DO, adj. not inhabited, deserted, forsaken.
DESHABITA'R, v. a. to quit the house or habitation.
DESHABITUA'R, v, a. to lose a custom or habit.
DESHACE'R, v. a. to undo, to destroy: also to annihilate.
Deshacér agravios, to revenge injuries.
Deshacerse, v. r. to afflict one's self.
Deshacerse de una cosa, to part with one thing.
DESHAMBRI'DO, adj. necessitous, indigent, poor, needy.
DESHANDRAJA'R, v. a. vide *DESANDRAJA'R*.
DESHARRAPADI'LLO, adj. poor, all in rags.
DESHARRAPA'DO. adj. shabby, ragged, hanging in rags.
DESHAZENDA'DO, adv. idle, without business; that has no estate or goods.
DESHEBILIA'R, v. a, to unbuckle.
DESHEBRA'R, v. a. to draw out the threads.
DESHE'CHA, s. f. dissembling, dissimulation; also a pass in a road; also a civil farewel.
DESHE'CHAR, v. a. vide *DESECHA'R*.
DESHECHIZADO'R, s. m. one that unbewitches.
DESHECHIZAMIE'NTO, s. m. an unbewitching.
DESHECHIZA'R, v. a. to unbewitch.
DESHECHO, p. p. of *deshacer*, undone.
DESHELA'R, v. n. to liquefy.
DESHEREDAMIE'NTO, s. m. a. disinheriting.
DESHEREDACION, s. f. a disinheriting.
DESHEREDA'R, v. a. to disinherit.
DESHERMANA'R, v. a. to break brotherly friendship, to unpair.
DESHERRADU'RA, s. f. a sore or disease in the hoof of a horse or mule, caused by travelling unshod.
DESHERRA'R, v. a. to unshoe a horse.
DESHERRUMBRA'R, v. a. to take off the rust.
DESHILACHA'R, v. a. to make lint out of linen.
DESHILA'DA, s. f. going out of rank or out of order.
A la dishaláda, adv. out of rank, out of order.
DESHILADI'Z, s. m. the silk that is made by spinning the silk pods after they have been broken by the coming out of the worm.
DESHILADU'RA, s. f. untwisting, unspinning; also drawing out of threads.
DESHILA'R, v. a. to untwist, to unspin; to draw out threads.
DESHINCA'R, v. a. to pull out from the place where a thing was thrust in.
DESHINCHADU'RA, s. f. unswelling.
DESHINCHA'R, v. a. to unswell, to assuage the swelling.
DESHINCHAZO'N, s. m. unswelling.
DESHOGA'R, v. a. vide *DESAHOGA'R*.
DESHOJADO'R, s. m. one that tears away the leaves.
DESHOJADU'RA, s. f. tearing off the leaves.
DESHOJA'R, v. a. to pull off the leaves.
DESHOLLEJA'R, v. a. to pare, to take off the skin or rind.
DESHOLLINADO'R, s. m. one that cleans away the soot.
DESHOLLINA'R, v. a. to clean away soot.
DESHOMBRECE'RSE, v. r. to shrug up the shoulders.
DESHONESTAME'NTE, adv. immodestly. indecently.
DESHONESTA'R, v. a. to disgrace.

DESHONESTI'CO, adj. diminutive of *deshonesto*.
DESHONESTIDA'D, s. f. dishonesty, immodesty.
DESHONE'STO, adj. immodest, indecent.
DESHONO'R, s. m. dishonour.
DESHO'NRA, s. f. dishonour, disgrace.
Deshónrabuénos, s. m. a scandalous person that talks ill of others.
DESHONRADO'R, s. m. one that disgraces or dishonours another.
DESHONRA'R, v. a. to disgrace, to dishonour.
DESHO'RA, s. f. out of season.
A deshóra, adv. on a sudden, unseasonably.
DESHORA'DO, adj. unseasonable, unhappy.
DESHORNA'R, v. a. to draw out of the oven.
DESHOSPEDA'DO, adj. inhospitable.
DESHUZIA, s. f. despair, giving over a sick man. Obs.
DESJARRETADO'R, s. m. one that houghs or hamstrings.
DESJARRETADU'RA, s. f. houghing, or hamstringing.
DESJARRETA'R, v. a. to hough, to hamstring.
DE'SIDE, adj. obs. slothful.
DESIDERA'BLE, adj. desirable. Vide *DESEABLE*.
DESIDI'A, s. f. sloth, negligence, idleness.
DESIDIO'SO, adj. slothful, negligent, idle.
DESIE'RTO, adj. forsaken, abandoned, left.
Desiérto, s. m. desert, wilderness.
Predicár en desiérto, v. a. to preach in a desert; to talk to those that will not give ear, to talk in vain.
Cósa desierta, a thing that belongs to no body.
Apelación dáda por desiérta, an appeal that will not be allowed.
DESIGNACIO'N, s. f. designation, appointment.
DESIGNA'R, v. a. to design, to appoint, to allot.
DESI'GNIO, s. m. design, intention.

DESIGUA'L, adj. unequal; also fickle, inconstant.
DESIGUALA'R, v. a. to make uneven.
Desigualárse, v. r. to excel another, to be unequal.
DESIGUALDA'D, s. f. inequality.
DESIGUALME'NTE, adv. unequally.
DESIMAGINA'R, v. a. to blot out of the imagination.
DESINCLINA'R, v. a. to take away, or withdraw the inclination.
DESINDICIA'R, v. a. to blot out the suspicion of any thing.
DESINFICIONA'R, v. a. to take away the infection.
DESINFLAMA'R, v. a. to take away the inflamation.
DESINTERE'S, s. m. disinterest, indifference to profit.
DESINTERESSA'BLE, adj. that can have no interest in a thing; that does not seek interest.
DESINTERESSADAME'NTE, adv. without design of interest.
DESINTERESSA'R, v. a. to remove all interest.
DESISTE'NCIA, s. f. } desisting,
DESISTIMIE'NTO, s. m. } leaving off, clearing.
DESISTI'R, v. a. to desist, to leave off, to cease.
DESLABONA'R, v. a. to unlink a chain.
DESLADRILLA'R, v. a. to take away the bricks.
DESLAIDA'R, v. a. obs. to deform.
DESLANGUIDO, adj. weak, slender, exhausted.
DESLASTRA'R, v. a. to take away the ballast of a ship.
DESLATA'R, v. a. to take away the rafters of joists.
DESLATE, s. m. throwing or casting any thing.
DESLAVA'DO, adj. saucy, frontless, impudent.
Cára deslaváda, a puny, pale, sickly countenance.
DESLAVADU'RA, s. f. } impudence.
DESLAVAMIE'NTO, s. m. } impudence.
DESLAVA'R, v. a. to spoil any thing by wetting it.

DESLAVONA'R, v. a. vide *DESENLAVONA'R*.
DESLAYDA'R, v. n. obs. vide *DESLAIDA'R*.
DESLAZAMIE'NTO, s. m. the act of untying or unbinding.
DESLAZA'R, v. a. to untie a knot.
DESLA'ZO, s. m. the act of undoing the knot or tie.
DESLEA'L, adj. disloyal, false, unfaithful.
DESLEALME'NTE, adv. disloyally, unfaithfully.
DESLEALTA'D, s. f. disloyalty, falshood, unfaithfulness.
DESLECHUGADO'R, s. m. a pruner.
DESLECHUGA'R, v. a. to prune.
DESLEIDU'RA, s. f. dissolving, digesting.
DESLEI'R, v. a. to dissolve, to digest.
DESLENDRA'R, v. a. to clear from nits.
DESLENGUA'DO, adj. that has lost the tongue; that has an ill tongue.
DESLENGUAMIE'NTO, s. m. lewdness of the tongue.
DESLENGUA'RSE, v. r. to advance what is neither true, nor just; to slander, to censure falsely.
DESLIA'R, v. a. to unbind, to untie.
DESLIGA'R, v. a. to unbind.
DESLINDADO'R, s. m. one that marks out the bounds.
DESLINDADU'RA, s. f. marking out bounds.
DESLINDA'R, v. a. to mark out the bounds; also to clear any business.
DESLI'Z, s. m. a slip or sliding; as, un *desliz de léngua*, a slip of the tongue.
DESLIZADE'RO, s. m. a slippery place.
DESLIZADI'ZO, adj. slipperg.
DESLIZADU'RA, s. f. } slipping.
DESLIZAMIE'NTO, s. m. } slipping.
DESLIZA'R, v. n. to slip, to slide.
DESLI'ZO, s. m. vide *DESLI'Z*.
DESLOADO'R, s. m. a dispraiser.

DESLOA'R, v. a. to difpraife, to difcommend.

DESLOCACI'ON, f. f. diflocation, the ftate of being out of joint.

DESLOCA'RSE, v. a. to diflocate itfelf, to get out of joint.

DESLOMADU'RA, f. f. breaking the back.

DESLOMA'R, v. a. to break the back.

DESLUCIDAME'NTE, adv. inelegantly.

DESLUCIMIE'NTO, f. m. difgrace, or obfcurity.

DESLUCI'R, v. a. to obfcure, to darken, to take away the brightnefs.

DESLUMBRA'DO, adj. fhadowed, darkened, dazzled; that does things diforderly, or hand over head.

DESLUMBRAMIE'NTO, f. m. the blindnefs and confufion, paffion, puts a man into; alfo the dazzling of the fun.

DESLUMBRA'R, v. a. to dazzle, to darken, to fhadow.

DESLUSTRADAME'NTE, adv. dully, without beauty or luftre.

DESLUSTRADO'R, f. m. one that has loft his beauty or luftre.

DESLUSTRA'R, v. a. to take away the beauty or luftre.

DESLU'STRE, f. m. the privation of the fplendor or luftre.

DESLUSTRO'SO, adj. unbecoming, difgraceful, ignominious, dishonourable.

DESMADEXA'DO, adj. all ravelled; diforderly; alfo lazy, flovenly, not genteel.

DESMADEXAMIE'NTO, f. m. a lownefs or fpirits.

DESMADEXA'R, v. a. to ravel a skein.

DESMAJA'DO, } adj. loofe,
DESMAJOLA'DO, } untied.

DESMALLADO'R, f. m. in cant a poignard or dagger.

DESMALLA'R, v. a. to unmall, to cut the armour a man wears.

DESMA'N, f. m. a misfortune; alfo misbehaviour.

DESMANA'R, v. a. to go aftray.

DESMANCEBA'R, v. a. to hinder or obftruct the living of one with a miftrefs.

DESMANDA'DO, adj. diforderly, ungovernable, unruly.

DESMANDA'R, v. a. to revoke, repeal, or recall any order or command.

Defmandárfe, v. r. to be diforderd, to go aftray.

DESMANEA'RSE, v. r. to shake off the fetters.

DESMANGOREA'R, v. a. to unhaft.

DESMA'ÑA, f. f. lazinefs, flothfulnefs.

DESMAÑA'DO, adj. flothful, lazy, inexpert.

DESMANOTA'DO, adj. unhandy, aukwardly.

DESMANTELA'R, v. a. to difmantle to throw down walls or works; to abandon.

DESMARAÑA'R, v. a. to unravel, to difentagle.

DESMARRI'DO, adj. weak, fallen away, decayed; weak in underftanding.

DESMARROJA'R, v. a. to prune.

DESMAYADAME'NTE, adv. faintly.

DESMAYADI'ZO, adj. fubject to faint or fwoon.

DESMAYA'DO, adj. faint-hearted.

DESMAYA'R, v. n. to faint, to fwoon, to lofe courage, to difmay.

Defmayárfe, v. r. to lofe one's fenfes, to faint, to fwoon away.

DESMA'YO, f. m. fwoon, fainting, difcouragement.

DESMAZADA'DO, adj. flatternly, flovenly, loofe, and out of order; unbundled, loofe, difordered as parcels broken up and not bound together.

DESMAZALA'DO, adj. fickly, not in good order with regard to health, in a vexatious middle ftate between ficknefs and health; weak, feeble, without vigour, without brisknefs.

DESMEDIDAME'NTE, adv. difproportionably.

DESMEDIDO, adj. unmeafured; unmanerly.

DESMEDRA'R, v. n. to go backward, to decay inftead of thriving.

DESME'DRO, f. m. going backward, decaying inftead of thriving.

DESMEJORA'R, v. a. to make worfe.

DESMELANCOLIZA'R, v. a. to lay afide melancholy; to be chearful, to rejoice.

DESMELENA'R, v. a. to take off the hair; to dishevel.

DESMEMBRACIO'N, f. f. difmembring.

DESMEMBRADO'R, f. m. a defmemberer.

DESMEMBRADU'RA, f. f. } a dif-
DESMEMBRAMIE'NTO } mem-
f. m. } bering

DESMEMBRA'R, v. a. to difmember, to divide member from member.

DESMEMORIA'DO, adj. forgetful.

DESMEMORIA'RSE, v. r. to be forgetful.

DESMENGUA'R, v. a. to diminish.

DESMENTI'DA, f. f. the action of making another man a liar.

DESMENTIDO'R, f. m. one that gives the lye, or one that makes things uneven.

DESMENTI'R, v. a. to give the lye; alfo to make or place things unequally; alfo to counterfeit or falfify.

Defmentir el camino, to go out of the road in order to deceive a purfuer.

Defmentir las efpiás, to impofe upon fpies, making them believe another thing is meant than what is really in agitation.

DESMENUZA'BLE, adj. that may be made into fmall bits.

DESMENUZADO'R, f. m. one that crumbles, or breaks into fmall bits.

DESMENUZADU'RA, f. f. } crumbling,
DESMANUZAMIE'NTO f. m. } or breaking into fmall bits.

DESMENUZA'R, v. a. to crumble, to break into fmall bits; alfo to examine with great attention.

DESMEOLLADU'RA, f. f. } taking
DESMEOLLAMIE'NTO, } out
f. m. } the
kernel, or brain.
DESMEOLLA'R, v. a. to take out the kernel, the brain, or the marrow.
DESMERECE'R, v. a. to undeserve.
DESMERECIMIE'NTO, f. m. undeserving.
DESMEROJO'N, f. m. a fparrowhawk.
DESMESU'RA, f. f. want of manners.
DESMESURADAME'NTE, adv. unmannerly.
DESMESURA'DO, adj. unmannerly.
DESMESURA'RSE, v. r. to be rude or unmannerly.
DESMICADO'R, f. m. in cant, one that looks on.
DESMI'CAR, v. a. in cant, to look upon.
DESMIGAJADO'R, f. m. one that pulls any thing into bits or crumbles.
DESMIGAJADU'RA, f. f. pulling or breaking into bits, crumbling.
DESMIGAJA'R, v. a. to pull or break in bits, to crumble.
DESMINUI'R, v. n. vide *DISMINUI'R*.
DESMIRA'DO, adj. unmannerly.
DESMIRAMIE'NTO, f. m. unmannerlinefs.
DESMIRLA'DO, adj. that has no ears.
DESMIRRIA'DO, adj. weak, feeble, exhaufted, confumed, infirm.
DESMO'CHA, f. f. the act of lopping, maiming, or pruning; alfo diminution, great alteration.
DESMOCHADU'RA, f. f. cutting off the horns, maiming, lopping, cropping, cutting bare, pruning.
DESMOCHA'R, v. a. to cut off the horns, to maim, to lop, to crop, to cut bare, to prune trees.
DESMO'CHO, f. m. the lopping or pruning of trees.
DESMOLA'DO, adj. that has no grinders.
DESMOLA'R, v. a. to pull out the grinders, to deprive of the teeth.
DESMOLEDU'RA, f. f. digeftion, concoction of the food in the ftomach.
DESMOLE'R, v. a. to digeft.
DESMONTADU'RA, f. f. difmounting; alfo unwooding and grubbing up.
DESMONTA'R, v. a. to difmount; alfo to unwood, to grub up trees.
DESMO'NTE, f. m. unwooding, grubing up.
DESMO'NTES, fo they call the poor filver ore which cannot be fined by fire, but by quickfilver.
DESMORONADU'RA, f. f. mouldring away.
DESMORONA'R, v. a. to moulder away.
DESMOTADE'RA, f. f. a woman that cleans the cloth by taking away that part of the nap that is bad.
DESMOTADO'R, f. m. in cant, a thief, a robber.
DESMOTA'R, v. a. to pull off the tufts, or knots, to burl. In cant, to fteal.
DESMUE'LO, f. m. lofs of teeth.
DESMUGERA'R, v. a. to deprive one of his wife.
DESNARIGA'R, v. a. to cut off the nofe.
DESNATA'R, v. a. to skim off the cream, to take off the beft of a thing.
DESNATURALIZA'R, v. a. to unnaturalize, to take away a man's privilege as native of a country.
DESNECESSA'RIO, adj. unneceffary, fuperfluous.
DESNEGAMIE'NTO, f. m. recanting that which was denied.
DESNEGA'R, v. a. to recant what one denied.
DESNEGRA'R, v. a. to unblack, to take off the black.
DESNERVA'R, v. a. to cut off the finews.
DESNIVE'L, f. m. the oblique inclination or tendency of any thing.
DESNOVIA'R, v. a. to feparate new married people.
DESNUCA'R, v. a. to cut off the nape of the neck.
DESNUDADO'R, f. m. he who ftrips another or himfelf naked.
DESNUDAME'NTE, adv. nakedly, clearly.
DESNUDA'R, v. a. to uncloath, to ftrip naked.
Defnudarfe, v. r. to ftrip, to undrefs one's felf.
DESNUDE'Z, f. f. nakednefs.
DESNU'DO, adj. naked.
DESOBEDECE'R, v. a. to difobey.
DESOBEDIE'NCIA, f. f. difobedience.
DESOBEDIE'NTE, adj. difobedient.
DESOBEDIE'NTEME'NTE adv. difobediently.
DESOBLIGA'R, v. a. to difoblige, to offend, to difguft, to give offence to.
DESOCASIONA'DO, adj. unfeafonable, not opportunely.
DESOCUPACIO'N, f. f. leifure idlenefs, want of employment.
DESOCUPADAME'NTE, adv. at leifure, idly.
DESOCUPA'DO, adj. at leifure, idle, without bufinefs.
DESOCUPA'R, v. a. to void a place, to quit it, to eafe of bufinefs.
DESOJA'RSE, v. r. to wear out one's eyes.
DESOI'R, v. a. to endeavour not to hear.
DESOLACIO'N, f. f. defolation, deftruction, ruin.
DESOLADO'R, f. m. a deftroyer.
DESOLA'R, v. a. to ruin, to deftroy, to make defolate.
DESOLLADAME'NTE, adv. peevishly; alfo infolently, boldly.
DESOLLA'DO, adj. impudent.
DESOLLADO'R, f. m. one who skins or flays; alfo an exacter or extortioner.
DESOLLADU'RA, f. f. a flaying or skinning.
DESOLLA'R, v. a. to flay, to take off the skin; to exact, to practife extortion.

Desollár la zorra o el lobo, to go to bed when one is drunk; they say also *desollarla*.
Desuella caras, an impudent fellow.
DESOLLINA'R, v. a. vide *DESHOLLINA'R*.
DESOPILACIO'N, s. f. clearing of stoppage; curing the green sickness.
DESOPILA'R, v. a. to remove obstructions, to cure the green sickness.
DESOPINA'R, v. a. to discredit, to defame, to detract from, to traduce a man's reputation.
DESOPRIMI'R, v. a. to free from oppression.
DESO'RDEN, s. m. disorder, confusion.
DESORDENACIO'N, s. f. disorder.
DESORDENADAME'NTE, adv. disorderly.
DESORDENA'R, v. a. to disorder confound.
Desordenárse, v. r. to be disordered, to be confounded.
DESOREJA'R, v. a. to cut off the ears.
DESOSADAME'NTE, adv. fearfully.
DESOSA'DO, adj. timorous, fearful.
DESOSPEDAMIE'NTO, s. m. want of guests.
DESOSPEDA'R, v. a. to remove guests.
DESOSS'AR, v. a. to bone, to take off the bones.
DESOVA'DA, adj. fem. that has laid all her eggs.
DESOVA'R, v. a. to spawn, as fish do.
DESO'VE, s. m. the time in which fishes cast their spawn.
DESOVILLA'R, v. a. to wind off bottoms.
DESPABILADE'RAS, s. f. pl. snuffers.
DESPABILADO'R, s. m. one who snuffs the candles.
DESPABILADU'RA, s. f. snuffing of candles.
DESPABILA'R, v. a. to snuff, to crop the candles; also to waste, to spend, to consume shortly.
Despabilár el ingenio, to sharpen the wit or judgment.
Despabilár los ojos, to be very careful.
DESPACHA'DA, s. f. an office in the Spanish exchequer so called.
DESPACHADAME'NTE, adv. nimbly, hastily, expeditiously.
DESPACHADO'R, s. m. one who despatches or is expeditious.
DESPACHA'R, v. a. to despatch, to rid; to kill; to send; to sell.
Despachár un correo, to send an express.
Despachár mercaderias, to sell goods.
DESPA'CHO, s. m. expedition, dispatch.
DESPACHURRA'R, v. a. to squeeze things in one against another by being st rait.
DESPACHU'RRO, s. m. an awkward motion of the body.
DESPA'CIO, adv. leisurely, softly.
DESPAGAMIE'NTO, s. m. displeasure.
DESPAGA'R, v. a. to displease.
DESPAJADO'R, s. m. he that cleans from the straw, winnows or thrashes.
DESPAJADU'RA, s. f. thrashing, winnowing, clearing from straws.
DESPAJA'R, v. a. to thrash, to winnow, to clear from straw.
DESPALADINA'R, v. a. obs. to make a thing known to all, to expose to open view.
DESPA'LDAS, adv. on the back.
DESPALDA'RSE, } v. r. to
DESPALDILLA'RSE, } disjoint the shoulderbone.
DESPALMADO'R, s. m. the place where ships are careened.
DESPALMADU'RA, s. f. washing and tallowing a ship.
DESPALMA'NTES, s. m. pl. in cant, thieves, robbers.
DESPALMA'R, v. a. to wash and tallow a ship; also to pare horses hoofs. In cant, to take away by force.
DESPAMPANADO'R, s. m. a pruner of vines.
DESPAMPANADU'RA, s. m. pruning of vines.
DESPAMPANA'R, v. a. to prune vines.
DESPAMPLONA'R, v. a. to trim or prune a vine when the shoots are too close.
DESPANA'DO, adj. that has not bread to eat.
DESPANA'R, v. a. to carry home the wheat and other corn from the field after harvest.
DESPANCIJA'R, } v. a. to be
DESPANZURRA'R, } bursten.
DESPARA'R, v. a. vide *DISPARA'R*.
DESPARA'TE, s. m. vide *DISPA'RATE*.
DESPARECE'RSE, v. r. to be unlike.
DESPARCI'R, v. a. to scatter, to disperse.
DESPARECE'R, v. a. vide *DESAPARECE'R*.
DESPAREJA'R, v. a. to make things that where alike unequal or unlike.
DESPARPAJA'R, v. a. to put out of joint or place, to bruise, to scatter; also to prattle, to chatter.
DESPARRAMADU'RA, s. f. a scattering.
DESPARRAMA'R, v. a. to scatter.
DESPARRANCA'DO, adj. stradling wide.
DESPARTIDO'R, s. m. a parter of frays.
DESPARTI'R, v. a. to part.
DESPARVA'R, v. a. to lay open the sheaves of corn to thresh them.
DESPASSIONA'RSE, v. r. to get rid of a passion.
DESPATARA'DA, s. f. an unseemly jump or step made in a quick dance by opening the legs too much.
DESPATARRA'R, v. a. to come close to one with such a reasoning as to make any good reply impossible.
Despatarrá-se, v. r. to fall down by slipping.
DESPAVESADU'RA, s. f. snuffing the candles.
DESPAVESA'R, v. a. to snuff the candles; also to blow off the light white ashes that lie on coals.

DESPAVILADE'RAS, s. f. pl. snuffers for candles.
DESPAVILADO'R, s. m. a snuffer of candles.
DESPAVILADU'RA, s. f. snuffing of candles.
DESPAVILA'R, v. a. to snuff candles; v. n. to vanish.
DESPAVORI'RSE, v. r. to be frightened.
DESPEADU'RA, s. f. foundering.
DESPEA'R, v. a. to founder with much going.
Despeárse, v. r. to be foundered with much going.
DESPECHADO'R, s. m. one who vexes or inrages another.
DESPECHA'R, to despite, to vek to inrage.
Despechárse, v. r. to despair, to be without hope, to be furious.
DESPE'CHO, s. m. despite, rage, vexation.
DESPECHUGADU'RA, s. f. taking off the wings or the flesh from the breast of a fowl.
DESPECHUGA'R, v. a. to take off the wings or the flesh from the breast of a fowl.
Despechugárse, v. r. to discover the breast.
DESPEDAZADO'R, s. m. one that tears to pieces.
DESPEDAZADU'RA, s. f. tearing to pieces.
DESPEDAZA'R, v. a. to tear to pieces.
DESPEDI'DA, s. f. a farewel, taking leave, turning away.
DESPEDIMIE'NTO, s. m. a farewel or taking leave.
DESPEDI'R, v. a. to dismiss, to turn away, to deny.
Despedir al pobre, to refuse a poor body an alms.
Despedir al criádo, to turn off a servant.
Despedir de si mal olór, to send out an ill smell.
Despedirse, v. r. to take leave.
DESPEDRA'R, v. a. to take away stones.
DESPEDREGA'R, v. a. to take away stones
DESPEGADU'RA, s. f. unsticking, severing, disjoining.
DESPEGAMIE'NTO, s. m. vide *DESPEGADU'RA*.
DESPEGA'R, v. a. to unstick, to sever, to disjoin.
Despegárse, v. r. to be harsh or uncivil to another.
DESPE'GO, s. m. unfriendly, discourteous behaviour, coyness, scornfulness.
DESPEINA'R, v. r. to spread the hair disorderly.
DESPEJADAME'NTE, adv. quickly, expeditiously.
DESPEJA'DO, adj. *hombre despejádo*, a forward, bold, or airy man.
Lugár despejádo, a place that is cleared, or voided.
DESPEJA'R, v. a. to clear or void a place.
DESPE'JO, s. m. airiness, gaiety, free open carriage.
DESPELOTA'R, v. a. to tangle the hair.
DESPELUZA'R, v. a. to have the hair stand an end as in a fright; also to pick hairs off a garment.
DESPELUZNA'R, v. a. vide *DESPELUZA'R*.
DESPELU'ZO, s. m. the standing of the hair an end in a fright.
DESPENA'R, v. a. to put out of pain.
DESPENDEDO'R, s. m. a spender.
DESPENDE'R, v. a. to spend.
DESPEÑADE'RO, s. m. a precipice.
DESPEÑA'R, v. a. to cast down headlong.
Despeñárse, v. r. to cast one's self headlong; to attempt some desperate business.
DESPE'ÑO, s. m. falling from a high place; also ruin; also looseness, fluxof the belly.
DESPE'NSA, s. f. expence; also a buttery.
DESPENSA'R, v. a. to forget or repent of one's thoughts, actions or words.
DESPENSE'RO, s. m. a butler, the purser of a ship.
DESPE'O, s. m. foundering.
DESPETITA'DO, adj. rash, fiery, choleric, inconsiderate; also that has the seeds taken out.
DESPEPITA'R, v. a. to tear the pipe or horny pellicle that grows on the tip of bird's tongues.
Despepitárse, v. r. to go rashly; or madly about a thing.
Despepitárse con llorrár, to cry till ready to burst, as children will do in a fret.
DESPERACIO'N, s. f. vide *DESESPERACIO'N*.
DESPERA'R, v. n. vide *DESESPERA'R*.
DESPERCUDI'R, v. a. to clean or wash any thing that is dirty
DESPERDICIADAME'NTE, adv. profusely, lavishly.
DESPERDICIADO'R, s. m. a spendthrift.
DESPERDICIADU'RA, s. f. lavishing.
DESPERDICIA'R, v. a. to lavish.
DESPERDICIO, s. m. lavishness.
DESPERDIGA'R, v. a. to disperse, to separate.
DESPERECE'R, v. n. obs. to perish, to come to nothing.
Desperecérse, v. r. to long, to pant, after and with great eagerness.
Desperecérse de risa, to laugh heartily and immoderately.
DESPEREZA'R, v. a. to shake off sloth; to yawn after sleeping.
DESPERE'ZO, s. m. shaking off sloth.
DESPERFILA'R, v. a. among painters, to touch or break the profile that it may not appear hard; to soften the profile.
DESPERNA'DA, s. f. the motion of the legs in a country dance.
DESPERNA'R, v. a. to cut off the legs, to break or disable them.
DESPERTADO'R, s. m. he that wakes others; the alarm of a clock; to wake by.
DESPERTAMIE'NTO, s. m. an awaking or rising from sleep
DESPERTA'R, v. n. to awake.
DESPESA'R, s. m. displeasure.
DESPESTAÑA'R, v. a. to pull off the eye-brows.
Despestañárse, v. r. to look stedfastly.
DESPEZA'R, v. n. to end as in a point.

DESPE'ZO, s. m. diminution.
DESPEZONA'R, v. a. to take off the nib to which the stalk grows, or the nipple of the breast.
DESPIADA'DO, adj. mercilefs, pitilefs.
DESPIADA'R, v. n. to grow mercilefs or pitilefs.
DESPICA'R, v. a. to eafe of trouble; to take revenge; to recover healt.
DESPI'DA, f. f. fink, common fewer.
DESPIDIE'NTE, f. m. one that turns off or takes leave.
DESPIERTAME'NTE, adv. wifely, with fagacity.
DESPIE'RTO, adj. awake; alfo lively, brisk.
DESPILFARRA'DO, adj. that wears his cloaths all in rags.
DESPILFA'RRO, f. m. the ftate of being all in rags or diforderly dreffed.
DESPI'NCE, f. m. burling, picking off the knots of cloth with pincers.
DESPINSADE'RA, f. f. a woman that picks the knots or tufts off from cloth with pincers.
DESPINSA'R, v. a. to burl, to pick off the knots of cloth with pincers.
DESPINTA'DO, f. m. difappointment of one's expectation.
DESPINTA'R, v. a. to blot out painting, to difappoint of one's expectation.
DESPINZA'R, v. a. to pluck up with the pincers or with the fingers.
DESPIOJA'R, v. a. to pick lice, to loufe.
DESPI'QUE, f. m. fatisfaction, or revenge taken.
DESPIZCA'R, v. a. to cut in pieces, to mince to crumble.
DESPLACE'R, v. a. to difpleafe.
Defplacér, f. m. a difpleafure.
DESPLACI'BLE, adj. *DESAPLACI'BLE.*
DESPLA'NTE, f. m. the ftate of being out of due pofture in fencing.
DESPLATA'R, v. a. to feparate filver from other metals.
DESPLA'TE, f. m. a feparating of filver from other metals.
DESPLEGADAME'NTE, adv. openly, with propriety and knowledge.
DESPLEGADU'RA, f. f. unfolding, unplaiting, ungathering.
DESPLEGA'R, v. a. to unfold, to unplait, to ungather.
Defplegár las vélas, to fpread the fails.
No defplegár la bóca, not to open one's mouth, to be hushed.
Bandéras defplegádas, colours flying or difplayed.
Defplegárfe, v. r. to lay one's felf open, to difcover one's fecrets.
DESPLE'GO, f. m. explication, explanation, manifeftation.
DESPLOMA'DO, adj. without lead; not perpendicular.
DESPLOMA'R, v. a. to unlead; to lean; not to ftand upright.
DESPLO'MO, f. m. the defect in a wall of not being perpendicular, but threatening ruin.
DESPLUMADU'RA, f. f. the pulling of the feathers.
DESPLUMA'R, v. a. to pull feathers.
Defplumárfe, v. r. to moult, a birds do.
DESPOBLACIO'N, f. f. unpeopling.
DESPOBLA'DO, f. m. defert place.
DESPOBLAMIE'NTO, f. m. a difpeopling.
DESPOBLA'R, v. a. to unpeople to depopulate.
Defpoblárfe el lugár a ver el réy, to throng out of town to fee the king.
DESPODERADAME'NTE, adv. without power.
DESPODERA'R, v. a. to put out of power.
DESPOJADO'R, f. m. who ftrips, or plunders.
DESPOJA'R, v. a. to ftrip, to fpoil, to rob, to plunder.
DESPO'JO, f. m. fpoil, plunder, booty.
DESPOLVORA'NTE, p. act. of *defpolvoreár.*
DESPOLVOREA'R, v. a. to beat or shake off duft; to be quick at work.
DESPOLVORIZA'R, v. a. to beat or reduce to duft: or powder.
DESPORQUERONA'R, v. a. to take out of a filthy place any thing and clean it.
DESPORTA'R, v. a. to take away the door.
DESPORTILLA'R, v. a. to break open, to break down.
DESPOSA'DA, f. f. a woman betrothed to a man, a bride, a fpoufe.
DESPOSA'DO, f. m. a man betrothed to a woman, a bridegroom, a fpoufe.
DESPOSA'JAS, f. f. pl. vide *DESPOSO'RIO.*
DESPOSA'RSE, v. r. to bethroth.
DESPOSO'RIO, f. m. betrothing.
DESPOSSEE'R, v. a. to difpoffefs.
DESPOTICAME'NTE, adv. defpotically, abfolutely.
DESPO'TICO, adj. defpotical, abfolute, independent.
DESPOTI'SMO, f. m. defpotifm, abfolute power, unlimited authority.
DE'SPOTO, f. m. a defpot.
DESPOTRICA'R, v. n. to fpeak rashly, without any fear of the confequence.
DESPOXA'R, v. a. vide *DESPOJA'R.*
DESPRANA'R, v. a. obf. to explain, to expound, to illuftrate, to clear.
DESPRECIA'BLE, adj. contemptible, mean, defpicable.
DESPRECIADAME'NTE, adv. contemptibly, in a fpiteful manner.
DESPRECIADO'R, f. m. he that defpifes.
DESPRECIA'R, v. a. to defpife, to contemn.
Defpreciárfe, v. r. to make one's felf be defpifed.
DESPRE'CIO, f. m contempt.
DESPRENDE'R, v. a. to unfaften, to let loofe.
DESPRE'S, f. m. obf. vide *DESPRECIO.*
DESPRE'SCES, f. m. pl. fummons, citations.

DESPREVENCIO'N, f. f. want of prevention.
DESPREVENI'DO, adj. unguarded, unprovided.
DESPRE'Z, f. m. obf. vide *DESPRE'CIO.*
DESPRIVA'NZA, f. f. a lofs of favour or efteem, a privation of honour.
DESPRIVA'R, v. a. to lofe favour.
DESPROPORCIO'N, f. f. difproportion.
DESPROPORTIONADAME'NTE, adv. difproportionably.
DESPROPORCIONAMIE'NTO f. m. difproportion.
DESPROPORCIONA'R, v. a. to difproportion.
DESPROPOSITA'DO, adj. nothing to the purpofe; fubftantively ufed, a fenfelefs fellow.
DESPROPO'SITO, f. m. folly, extravagance, nothing tot he purpofe.
DESPROVEE'R, v. a. to unfurnish, to unprovide.
DESPROVEIDAME'NTE, adv. unawares, unexpectedly.
DESPUE'BLO, f. m. vide *DESPOBLACIO'N.*
DESPUE'S, adv. afterwards.
DESPULSA'R, v. a. to ftupify, to benumb, to take away the pulfe.
DESPUNTA'R, v. a. to take off the point; alfo to touch upon, to give hints.
Defpuntár, to begin to appear.
Defpuntár, to begin to bud out.
Defpuntár de agúdo, to shew wit.
Defpuntár un cabo, to pafs a cape at fea.
DESQUADERNA'R, v. a. to unbind any thing joined together.
DESQUADRILLA'RSE, v. r. to breack one's back, to weaken or enfeeble, to hipshot a beaft.
DESQUAJAMIE'NTO, f. m. uncurding, diffolving.
DESQUAJA'R, v. a. to uncurd, to diffolve.
DESQUARTIZA'R, v. a. to quarter.
DESQUAXA'R, v. a. vide *DESQUAJA'R.*
DES QUE, adv. fince, from that time.
DESQUERE'R, v. a. to difefteem.
DESQUICIA'R, v. a. to unhinge, to force any thing from its proper place, to unjoint bones.
DESQUIE'RDO, adj. obf. lefthanded, left, oppofite to right.
DESQUILADO'R, f. m. he who shears the fleece of sheep.
DESQUILA'R, v. a. to shear sheep, to fleece, to crop their fleece.
DESQUILATA'R, v. a. to lower the value of gold or any other thing.
DESQUI'LO, f. m. shearing.
DESQUITA'R, v. a. to recover what was loft, to quit, to make even.
DESQUI'TE, f. m. recovery of what was loft; quitting, making even.
DESQUIXARA'R, v. a. to tear the jaws.
DESRABOTA'R, v. a. to cut off the tail.
DESRANCHA'R, v. n. to diflodge.
DESRAZONA'BLE, adj. unreafonable.
DESREDONDEA'R, v. a. to break the roundnefs of a thing.
DESREGLADAME'NTE, adv. diforderly, unruly.
DESREGLAMIE'NTO, f. m. unrulinefs, diforderlinefs.
DESREGLA'R, v. a. to diforder, to break rule.
Defreglárfe, v. r. to exceed in eating, or drinking, &c. not to obferve the rules prefcribed by the phyfician.
DESREPUTACIO'N, f. f. difcredit, dishonour.
DESREVERE'NCIA, f. f. irreverence.
DESRISCA'RSE, v r. to fall down from a precipice.
DESRIZA'R, v. a. to uncurl.
DESRONCHA'R, v. a. to take off or lay wheals or rifings in the flesh; to tear off boughs from trees.
DESROSTRA'R, v. a. to breack the face.
DESSABO'R, f. m. want of tafte or relish; irkfomenefs.
DESSABORA'DO, adj. obf. taftelefs. unpalatable, infipid, unfavoury.
DESSABRIDAME'NTE, adv. unfavourily, unpleafantly, difguftedly.
DESSABRIMIE'NTO, f. m. infipidity, want of relish; roughnefs, feverity, afperity; difguft, averfion, antipathy; fadnefs, grief, forrow.
DESSABRI'R, v. a. to make unfavoury, to diguft, to put out of humour.
DESSAFI'O, f. m. vide *DESAFI'O.*
DESSAINADU'RA, f. f. an humour belonging to a horfe, which comes for want of exercife and too much feeding.
DESSAINA'R, v. a. to take away the greafe or fat.
DESSALA'R, v. a. to unfalt, to make fresh, to water falt meat.
DESSANGRA'R, v. a. to take fo a great quantity of blood as almoft to deprive of life.
DESSARRAIGA'R, v. a. vide *DESARRAIGA'R.*
DESSAZO'N, f. m. difguft, diftafte, vexation.
DESSAZONA'R, v. a. to take away the tafte, to render infipid; to exafperate, to vex.
DESSE, inftead of *de effe* for him.
DESSEA'BLE, adj. defirable.
DESSEABLEME'NTE, adv. defirably.
DESSEADO'R, f. m. defirer, he who is eager after any thing, he that defires.
DESSEA'R, v. a. to defire, to covet, to wish.
DESSELLA'R, v. a. to unfeal.
DESSEMEJA'BLE, adj. unlike, unequal, different.
DESSEMEJA'NTE, adj. unlike.
DESSEMEJA'NZA, f. f. unlikenefs.
DESSEMEJA'R, v. n. to be or make unlike.
DESSE'O, f. m. defire.
DESSEOSAME'NTE, adv. with ad an earneft defire.
DESSEO'SO, adj. defirous.
DESSERVI'CIO, f. m. differvice, ill turn.
DESSERVIDO'R, f. m. one

who does an ill turn or disservice.

DESSERVI'R, v. a. to disserve, to do an ill turn.

DE SSO, instead of *de éssa*, of that.

DESSOTERRA'R, v. a. to dig out of the earth.

DESSO'TRO, instead of *de ésse ótro*, of that other.

DESSUBSTANCIA'R, v. a. to take away the substance of any thing.

DESSUDA'R, v. a. to asswage the sweating, to dry it up.

DESSUE'LLA CA'RAS, s. m. a ruffian; one that slashes people's faces for hire; an impudent villainous scoundrel.

DESSURCA'R, v. a. to turn into furrows in ploughing.

DESTACAMIE'NTO, s. m. a detachment; men drawn out of several companies or regiments to mount guard or to go upon service.

DESTACA'R, v. a. to send out a detachment.

DESTAJAMIE'NTO, s. m. a changing or reverting the natural course, as of wather, &c.

DESTAJA'R, v. a. to lay out, or compute, or undertake work by the great; also cut at cards.

DESTAJE'RO, s. m. one that undertakes work in the lump.

DESTA'JO, s. m. as, *tomár à destájo*, to take by the great.

DESTAPADO'R, s. m. he that uncovers or unstops.

DESTAPADU'RA, s. f. } *DESTAPAMIE'NTO*, s. m. } uncovering, unstopping.

DESTAPA'R, v. a. to uncover, to unstop.

DESTAPIA'R, v. a. to pull down, or undo a mud wall.

DESTA'PO, s. m. the act of taking out the stopple, cover, or lid.

DESTAZA'R, v. a. to tear in pieces.

DE'STE, instead of *de éste*, of this.

DESTECHADO'R, s. m. he that takes off the roof.

DESTECHADU'RA, s. f. taking off the roof.

DESTECHA'R, v. a. to take off the roof.

DESTEJADU'RA, s. f. untiling.

DESTEJA'R, v. a. to untile.

DESTELLADU'RA, s. f. dropping, distilling.

DESTELLA'R, v. a. to drop, to distil.

DESTE'LLO, s. m the dropping of any liquor; sparkling or flaming out.

DESTEMPLADAME'NTE, adv. intemperately; also out of tune in music.

DESTEMPLAMIE'NTO, s. m. } *DESTEMPLA'NZA*, s. f } intemperance.

DESTEMPLA'R, v. a to distemper, to put out of tune.

Destempĺarse, v. r. to put one's self out of order by drink or passion.

DESTE'MPLE, s. m. untunableness.

DESTENTA'R, v a. to take away the temptation.

DESTEñI'R, v. a. to blot out, or extinguish te colour.

DESTERRADE'RO, s. m. the place appointed for banishment.

DESTERRAMIE'NTO, s. m. banishment, exile.

DESTERRA'R, v. a. to banish.

DESTERRONA'R, v. a. to break the clods by rolling o rotherwise.

DESTETA'R, v. a. to wean from suck; to send great children abroad to break ill habits.

DESTE'TE, } *DESTE'TO*, } s. m. the weaning of a child.

DESTEXA'R, v. a. vide *DESTEJA'R*.

DESTEXE'R, v. a. to unweave.

DESTEXIMIE'NTO, s. m. } *DESTEXIDU'RA*, s f. } unweaving.

DESTHRONA'R, v. a. to dethrone.

DESTIE'MPO, s. m. unfit time, not fit to act.

A destiempo, adv. at an improper time or hour, not opportunely

DESTIE'RRO, s. m. banishment

DESTILACIO'N, s. f. a distilling.

DESTILADE'RA, s. f. limbeck still.

DESTILADE'RO, s. m. any thing that drops.

DESTILADO'R, s. m. a distiller.

DESTILAMIENTO, s. m. } *DESTILADU'RA*, s. f. } distillation.

DESTILA'R, v. a. to distil.

DESTILATO'RIO, s. m. a place to distil in, a still-house.

DESTINACIO'N, s. f. purpose, design, appointment.

DESTINA'R, v. a. to purpose, to determine, to appoint.

DESTI'NO, s. m. destiny, fate.

DESTIMA'R, v. a. to recal the throw of a stone.

DESTITUCIO'N, s. f. forsaking, abandoning.

DESTITUI'R, v. a. to make destitute, void, or desolate; to abandon, forsake, relinquish.

DESTITU'TO, adj. destitute, forsaken, desolate.

DE'STO, of this.

DESTOCA'R, v. a. to undress the head.

DESTORCEDO'R, s. m. one that untwists.

DESTORCEDU'RA, s. f. an untwisting.

DESTORCE'R, v. a. to untwist.

DESTORCIMIE'NTO, s. m. an untwisting.

DESTORPA'R, v. a. obs. to quarter, to tear a criminal into quarters.

DESTORVA'R, v. a. vide *ESTORVA'R*.

DESTRABA'R, v. a. vide *DESTRAVA'R*.

DESTO'TRO, of the other.

DESTRA'L, s. m. an axe; also a halter.

DESTRALE'JA, s. f. a hatchet; a small halter.

DESTRALE'RO, s. m. one that makes or sells hatchets; one that works with a hatchet.

DESTRAMA'R, v. a. to unravel.

DESTRANCA'R, v. a. to unbar.

DESTRAVA'R, v. a. to unhitch, to unfasten, to unbind, to let loose; also to take off fetters.

DESTREBUCHADO'R, s. m. in cant, an interpreter.

DESTREBUCHA'R, v. a. in cant, to interpret.

DESTRENSAR

DESTRENZA'R, v. a. to unravel.

DESTRE'Z, *DESTRE'ZA*, } f. f. dexterity.

DISTRIPADU'RA, f. f. a gutting, paunching, or pulling out the guts.

DESTRIPA'R, v. a. to gut, to paunch, to pull out the guts.

DESTRIPATERRO'NES, f. m. a clodbeater, a country bumkib.

DESTRIZA'R, v. a. to cut in small pieces, to mince.

Destrizárse, v. r. to pine away, because unable to have one's own will.

DESTROCADO'R, f. m. he that changes things again that were changed before.

DESTROCA'R, v. a. to change again what was changed before.

DESTROIME'NTO, f. m. obf. destruction.

DESTRO'N, f. m. he that leads a blind man.

DESTRONCAMIE'NTO, f. m. a breaking or cutting off from the body, trunk, or stock.

DESTRONCA'R, v. a. to break off from the body trunk, or stock.

DESTROZADO'R, f. m. a destroyer, one that makes havock and puts to flight.

DESTROZA'R, v. a. to make havock, to put to flight, to break in pieces, to disperse, to scatter.

DESTRO'ZO, f. m. havock, slaughter, spoil, defeat, rout, a rending or tearing.

DESTRUCCIO'N, f. f. destruction.

DESTRUCTI'VO, adj. destructive.

DESTRUE'CO, *DESTRUEQUE*, } f. m. reciprocal restitution of the things that two persons had trucked or exchanged.

DESTRUICIO'N, f. f. vide *DESTRUCCIO'N*.

DESTRUIDO'R, f. m. a destroyer.

DESTRUI'R, v. a. to destroy.

DESTURBA'R, v. a. to perplex, trouble, torment, harass, or disturb.

DESU'BITO, adv. on a sudden.

DESUE'LLA-CARAS, f. m. a ruffian, an assassin, one that wickedly cuts another's face.

DESUE'LLO, f. m. flaying or skinning.

DESUNCI'R, v. a. to unyoke.

DESUNIDAME'NTE, adv. separatey, disjointly.

DESUNIMIE'NTO, f. m. *DESUNIO'N*, f. f. } disunion.

DESUNI'R, v. a. to disunite, separate, divide.

DESUÑA'R, v. a. to pluck off the nails.

DESUSADAME'NTE, adv. unaccustomedly, unusually.

DESUSA'R, v. a. to disuse, to go out of the fashion.

DESU'SO, f. m. disuse.

Desúso, adv. aforesaid, above mentioned, above.

DESVAI'DO, adj. languid, dull, without spirit or life.

DESVAINADU'RA, f. f. the unsheathing or drawing a sword out of the scabbard.

DESVAINA'R, v. a. to unsheath or draw out any weapon.

DESVALE'R, v. a. to forsake, not to assist or support; also to be out of favour.

DESVALI'A. f. f. obf. the forsaking, abandoning, relinquishing.

DESVALI'DO, f. m. one out of favour.

DESVALIJAMIE'NTO, f. m. putting out of order or loosely; also robbing, and taking out of a portmanteau.

DESVALIJA'R, v. a. to put out of order or loosely; also robbing and taking out of a portmanteau.

DESVALIMIE'NTO, f. m. a forsaking or abandoning.

DESVALO'R, f. m. cowardise, want of valour.

DESVA'N, f. m. a garret.

DESVANA'R, v. a. to unwind or undo a bottom of thread with a reel, and throw it into a skain.

DESVANECE'R, v. a. to puff up with pride, to fill with vanity; also to faint.

Desvanecerse la cabéza, to be troubled with megrim in the head.

DESVANECIDAME'NTE, adv. vainly, proudly, presumptuously.

DESVANECI'DO, adj. vain, proud, also in a megrim.

DESVANECIMIE'NTO, f. m. pride, vanity; also fainting.

DESVARAHUSTA'R, v. a. vide *DESBARAHUSTA'R*.

DESVARA'R, v. a. to slip, to slide; to grow lewd.

DESVARATA'R, v. a. vide *DESBARATA'R*.

DESVARIADAME'NTE, adv. ravingly, senselessly.

DESVARIA'R, v. n. to rave, to talk idly.

DESVARI'O, f. m. dotage, folly, madness.

DESVELADAME'NTE, adv. watchfully, vigilantly.

DESVELAMIE'NTO, f. m. overwatching.

DESVELA'R, v. a. to overwatch; also to obstruct or hinder another person's sleep.

DESVELLACA'RAS, f. m. a ruffian that hacks people's faces for hire.

DESVELLADU'RA, f. f. taking off the down.

DESVELLA'R, v. a. to take off down.

DESVE'LO, f. m. watchfulness, care, diligence.

DESVENA'R, v. a. to cut the veins.

DESVENCIJA'RSE, v. r. to burst.

DESVENDA'R, v. a. to pull off the bandage, to unroll.

DESVENTA'JA, f. f. disadvantage.

DESVENTA'R, v. a. to extract the wind out of any thing.

DESVENTU'RA, f. f. misfortune.

DESVENTURADAME'NTE, adv. unfortunately.

DESVENTURA'DO, adj. unfortunate; also covetous, wretched.

DESVERGONZADAME'NTE,

adv. shamelessly, impudently.

DESVERGONZA'DO, adj. shameless, impudent.

DESVERGONZA'RSE, v. r. to grow shameless, to be impudent.

DESVERGUENZA, f. f. impudence, shamelessness.

DESVIA'R, v. a. to set, or stand aside, to put by.

DESVI'O, f. m. coyness, shyness repulse.

DESVI'OS, f. m. pl. by-ways, wrong ways.

DESVIRA'R, v. a. to cut even shoes.

DESVIRGAMIE'NTO, f. m. deflowering.

DESVIRGA'R, v. a. to deflower, to take the maidenhaid.

DESVIVI'RSE, v. r. to die a a metaphorical death for love or other passion; to pant eagerly after; to long for with great earnest.

DESVIZNA'R, v. a. vide *DESBIZNA'R.*

DESVOLVE'R, v. a. to unfold or display what whas rolled or wrapt up; to turn up the earth with the plough, to work it.

DESXUGA'R, v. a. to squeeze, to press close.

DESYEMA'R, v. a. to take away the yolks, to take the buds of the vine.

DESYUNCIR, v. a. to take the oxen or mules from the yoke after ploughing.

DESZABULLI'RSE, v. r. to get cleverly away, to steal off dexterously.

DESZOCA'R, v. a. to hurt the feet, to cripple one.

DESZUMA'R, v. a. to squeeze or press any thing close, so as to take the substance out of it.

D E T

DETENCIO'N, f. f. delay, holding back, or detaining.

DETENE'NCIA, f. f. vide *DETENCIO'N.*

DETENE'R, v. a. to keep back, to detain, to with-hold.

Detenérse, v. r. to retard, to delay, to put off.

DETENIDAME'NTE, adv. slowly, soft and fair, leisurely.

DETENIMIE'NTO, f. m. stopping, staying, keeping back.

DETENTACIO'N, f. f. an imbezzling, or detaining what is not your own.

DETENTADO'R, f. m. who imbezzles or detains what is not his own.

DETENTA'R, v. a. to imbezzle, to turn aside.

DETERIO'R, adj. worse.

DETERIORACIO'N, f. f. the making a thing worse, deterioration.

DETERIORA'R, v. a to corrupt, to make worse.

DETERMINACIO'N, f. f. determination, resolution.

DETERMINADAME'NTE, adv. resolutely, peremptorily, boldly.

DETERMINA'DO, f. m. a resolute man.

DETERMINAMIE'NTO, f. m. vide *DETERMINACIO'N.*

DETERMINA'R, v. a. to determine, to resolve, to decide a cause.

Prov. *Quien présto se determina, despacio se arrepiénte*, he who resolves hastily, repents at leisure.

DETERMINATI'VO, adj. that can be determined, or limited.

DETESTA'BLE, adj. detestable, abominable.

DETESTACIO'N, f. f. detestation, abhorrence, hatred.

DETESTA'R, v. a. to detest, to abhor.

DETIE'NE-BUEY, f. m. the herb cammock or restharrow.

DE TO'DO PU'NTO, adv. quite, altogether.

DETRACCIO'N, f. f. detraction.

DETRACTA'R, v. a. to detract, to backbite, to speak ill. off.

DETRACTO'R, f. m. a backbiter, a slanderer, a detracter.

DETRAHE'R, v. a. to detract, to slander, to backbite.

Detrahe'r, v. a. to draw back.

DETRA'S, adv. behind.

DE ¡TRAVE'S, adv. athwart, across.

DETRIME'NTO, f. m. detriment, damage, loss.

DETURPA'R, v. a. to make ugly, to dirty, or to deform any thing.

D E U

DEU'DA, f. f. a debt.

DEU'DO, f. m. f. a kinsman.

DEUDO'R, f. m. a debtor.

D E V

DEVALA'R, v. n. to be turned out of one's course by the violence of the stream, to drive away by the force of the water.

DE VALDE, adv. for nothing.

DEVA'N, adv. obs. before.

DEVANADE'RA, f. f. a reel to wind skeins of thread or silk on or off.

DEVANADO'R, f. m. one who winds skeins of thread on or off a reel.

DEVANA'R, v. a. to wind thread, silk, &c. into bottoms; also to reel them.

DEVANDI'CHO, adj. obs. aforesaid.

DEVANEA'R, v. n. to rave, to be lightheaded, to talk idly.

DEVANE'O, f. m. raving, lightness of head, idle talk.

DEVA'NTE, adv. obs. before

DEVANTA'L, f. m. an apron.

DEVARA'R, v. a. vide *DESVARA'R.*

DEVASTACIO'N, f. f. destruction, devastation, laying waste.

DEVEDA'R, v. a. obs. to forbid.

DEVENGADO, p. p. revenged; also earned.

DEVENGA'R, v. a. to revenge; also to earn, to be in the king's pay.

Devengár quinientos sueldos, to revenge five hundred pence: this is an expression to signify a person's being a gentleman.

DEVE'R, v. n. to owe, to be

in debt; to be obliged in duty.

DE VE'RAS, adv. in earnest, truly, indeed.

DEVIA'R, v. n. to go out of the way.

DEVIDAME'NTE, adv. duly.

DEVI'DO, f. m. due.

DEVIE'DO, f. m. obf. forbidding; alfo a fine for an offence.

DEVIE'SO, f. m. obf. a morbid tumour fo called.

DEVI'SA, f. f. vide *DIVI'SA*; alfo the land of inheritance that defcends from father to fon.

DEVISA'R, v. a. vide *DIVISA'R*.

DEVISE'RO, f. m. obf. an heir, a coheir.

DEVOCIO'N, f. f. devotion.

DEVOCIONA'RIO, f. m. a place of devotion; a book of devotion.

DEVOCIONCI'LLA, } f. f. diminutives of *devocion*; habitual or votive practice of fome little act of devotion, not quite free from fuperftition.
DEVOCIONCI'TA,

DEVOLUCIO'N, f. f. reftitution, a reftoring any thing to its former ftate or condition.

DEVOLUTI'VO, adj. that happens from one to another, that devolves.

DEVOLVE'R, v. a. to happen from one thing to another; to devolve.

DEVORADO'R, f. m. devourer.

DEVORAMIE'NTO, f. m. a devouring.

DEVORA'R, v. a. to devour.

DEVORA'Z, adj. voracious, devouring.

DEVOTAME'NTE, adv. devoutly.

DEVO'TO, f. m. f. devout, religious.

DEVUE'LTO, p. p. of *devolvér*.

DEX

DEXACIO'N, f. f. refignation, giving up one's right.

DEXA'DO, adj. carelefs, idle, given to lazinefs.

DEXAMIE'NTO, f. m. abdication, ceffion; idlenefs.

DEXA'R, v. a. to leave, to forfake, to quit.

Dexár el pellójo, to leave one's skin, to leave all, to die.

Dexár el siglo, to leave the world, to enter into a religious life.

Dexárse de vóces, to leave making a noife, to be filent.

Dexárse. v. r. to neglect one's felf.

Dexár a buenas noches, to leave in the dark; alfo to baffle one's expectation; among gamefters, it is to win all the money of one.

Dexár a la luna, ó en blánco, to abandon to forfake.

Dexár atrás los vientos, to run with great velocity.

Dexár con la palabra en la boca, to leave one, without hearing what he fays.

Dexár con un palmo de naríz, to deceive one's hopes.

Dexár con la miel en los labios, to take away from one, that he is pleafed with.

Dexár en cueros, to rob one of every thing he has.

Dexár en el tintéro, to omit, to leave out; not to mention.

Dexár hecho una mona, to shame one to make him ashamed; to fill him with shame.

Dexárse en manos de otro, to truft upon another.

No dexárlo de la mano, to infift upon one thing.

DEXATI'VO, adj. idle, flothful, dull, heavy, ftupid.

DEXEMPLA'R, v. a. obf. to dishonour, or give an ill name to one that has a good reputation.

DEXE'NSO, f. m. obf. a rheum.

DE'XO, f. f. the laft relish or fmark that any thing eaten or drank leaves in the mouth; alfo the manner of fpeaking or pronouncing.

DEY

DEYU'SO, adv. obf. below.

DEZ

DEZMA'R, v. a. to tythe, to take the tenth.

DESMEÑO, adj. tithable, fubject to pay the tithes.

DEZMERI'A, f. f. the territory or fpace of land, out of which a church or a clergyman receives tithes.

DEZME'RO, f. m. a tyther, one that gathers tythes.

DIA

DI'A, f. m. the day.

Dia natural, the natural day; the time from noon to noon.

Dia artificial, the artificial day, the time between the rifing and fetting of the fun.

Dia claro, a fine day; alfo a happy day.

Dia de años, the birth-day.

Dia de funcion, the day of a battel

Dia de fiefta, a holiday.

Dia cútio, a week-day, a working-day, neither Sunday, nor holiday.

Dia aziágo, an unlucky day.

Dia de juizio, the day of judgment; any day in which there is great confufion.

Dia feriádo, the day in which the common office *de feria* is faid by the clergy.

Dia diádo, a day appointed or fixed for any purpofe.

Dia y vido, daily fuftenance.

Dias ha, fome time or other.

Algún dia, fome days fince.

El dia de oy, at prefent.

Yéndo dias, y veniéndo dias, in procefs of time.

Al cábo de múchos dias, a long time after.

Entrádo en dias, ancient.

No en mis dias, never as long as I live.

En dias de vivos, as long as thofe that are now born shall live, as long as the world lafts.

De dia en dia, from day to day.

Buénos dias, good-morrow.

De dia, in the day time.

San Juán y Corpus Chrifti tódo en ún dia, the feaft of St. John, and Corpus Chrifti, all in one day; faid when two great occafions of joy come together.

Prov. *Mas dias hay que longanizas*, there are more days than

fauſsges ; this they ſay to one that ſpends laviſhly, to ſignify he may outlive his eſtate.

DIAAMBRA, ſ. f. a medicinal mixture ſo called.

DIABE'TES, ſ. f. an hydraulick engine ſo called.

DIABETICA, ſ. f. diabetes ; a morbid copiouſneſs of urine.

DIA'BLA, ſ. f. a ſhe levil.

DIABLA'R, v. a' to infuſe diabolical notions.

DIABLAZGO, ſ. m. the devil's territory.

DIABLEDA'D, } ſ. f. the quality
DIABLE'NCIA, } of the devil.

DIABLE'ZA, ſ. f. a ſhe devil.

DIABLIAME'N, ſ. m. ſhort moment, inſtant.

DIABLI'LLO, ſ. m. a litle devil.

DIABLI'SSIMO, ſ. m. a very great devil.

DIA'BLO, ſ. m. the devil.

El diáblo predicadór, ſo they call a man when he gives good advice, though he is wicked.

Diablo coxuélo, a lame devil ; a cunning fellow who has the art of entangling a buſineſs.

Diablo marino, an ugly fiſh ſo called.

DIABLU'RA, ſ. f. a deviliſh trick or prank.

DIABOLICAME'NTE, adv. diabolically, deviliſhly, devil-like.

DIABO'LICO, adj. deviliſh.

DIACATALICO'N, ſ. m. vide *CATOLICO'N*.

DIACE'NE, ſ. m. a ſort of thorn.

DIACITRO'N, ſ. m. preſerved citron.

DIACODIO'N, ſ. m. ſyrup of whithe poppies.

DIACO'DO, ſ. m. a ſtone uſed by conjurers in their charms.

DIACONA'L, adj. of, or belonging to a deacon.

DIACONA'TO, ſ. m. the order of deacons.

DIACONA'ZGO, ſ. m. deaconſhip.

DIA'CONIA, ſ. f. deaconry.

DIACONI'SA, ſ. f. a deaconneſs, a female deacon in the ancient church.

DIA'CONO, ſ. m. a deacon.

DIACORIO'N, ſ. m. a. medicine made of onions,

DIADE'MA, ſ. m. f. diadem, kingly crown.

DIADEMA'DO, adj. belonging to a diadem.

DIADO'CHO, ſ. m. a ſtone like a beryl.

DIAERE'SIS, ſ. f. a figure in rhetoric ſo called.

DIA'FANO, adj. tranſparent.

DIAFRA'GMA, ſ. f. the midriff, a tranſverſe muſcle which ſeparates the thorax or cheſt from the abdomen.

DIAGARGA'NTA, ſ. f. vide *ALQUITI'RA*.

DIAGONA'L, ſ. f. diagonal, a line in geometry from one corner to another.

DIAGONALME'NTE, adv. diagonally, in a diagonal direction.

DIAGRA'MA, ſ. m. diagram, delineation of geometrical figures.

DIAGRAPHICA, ſ. f. the art of ſketching : the firſt rudiments in the art of drawing or delineation.

DIAGRI'DIO, ſ. m. a ſtrong purgative ſo called.

DIALE'CNICA, ſ. f. the art of logic or of reaſoning.

DIALE'CTICO, ſ. m. a logician.

Dialectico, adj. of, or belonging to dialect.

DIALECTO, ſ. m. a dialect, language peculiar to a province.

DIALOGA'L, adj. belonging to a dialogue.

DIALOGA'R, v. a. to hold a dialogue, to compoſe by way of dialogue.

DIALOGI'A, ſ. f. a figure in rhetoric ſo called.

DIALOGIZA'R, v. a. to hold a dialogue together.

DIALOGI'SMO, ſ. m. a figure in rhetoric ſo called.

DIA'LOGO, ſ. m. a dialogue.

DIALOGUI'TO, ſ. m. diminutive of *dialogo*.

DIALTE'A, ſ. f. an ointment of marſhmallows.

DIAMANTA'DO, adj. belonging to a diamond, or like a diamond.

DIAMANTA'ZO, augm. of *diamante*,

DIAMA'NTE, ſ. m. a diamond.

DIAMANTI'NO, adj. of, or belonging to a diamond, hard as a diamond.

DIAMANTO'N, ſ. m. a jocular augmentative of *diamante*, a large diamond.

DIAMETRA'L, adj. belonging to a diameter.

DIAMETRALME'NTE, adv. diametrically.

DIA'METRO, ſ. m. the diameter, a line dividing a circle into two equal parts.

DIAMORO'N, ſ. m. a medicinal compoſition of blackberries, mulberries, honey, and treacle.

DIAMU'SCO, ſ. m. a medicinal compoſition ſo called.

DIA'NCHE, } ſ. m. the devil.
DIA'NTRE, }

DIA'PASON, ſ. m. in muſic, the ſyſtem of an eighth containing ſeven intervals, ſpaces, or degrees, and eight notes, and reckoned incluſively, as expreſſed by expreſſed by eight chords.

DIAPE'NTE, ſ. m. in muſic, a fifth, which is the interval betwixt five notes, or a tranſition from one note to another that is five notes above it.

DIAPHANIDA'D, ſ. f. tranſparency, clearneſs.

DIA'PHANO, adj. vide *DIA'FANO*.

DIAPHORE'TICO, adj. that diſſolves and ſends forth humours by tranſpiration.

DIAPHRA'GMA, ſ. m. the midriff, a membrane that divides the heart and lights from the other entrails.

DIAQUILO'N, ſ. m. a plaſter made of juices and gums.

DIARIAME'NTE, adv. daily, day by day.

DIA'RIO, ſ. m. a diary, a relation of what happens day by day, a journal.

DIARODO'N, ſ. m. a ſyrup to mitigate pains in the belly.

DIARRE'A, ſ. f. a looſeneſs.

DIASPE'RO, ſ. m. the jaſper ſtone.

DIA'STILOS, ſ. m. a term in architecture, intercolumnation.

DIA'STOLE, f. m. a figure, whereby a fyllable short by nature is made long; alfo the dilating of the heart and breaft, when we fetch breath, as fyftole is the contraction of them, when the breath goes out.
DIATE'SSARON, f. m. a concord of four notes.
DIATO'NICO, adj. diatonic, one of the three kinds of practical mufic, and that which is now in ufe, and rifes throughout the fcale by a whole, not by a whole note, and a lefs half note.

D I B

DIBUXADO'R, f. m. one that draws in black and white.
DIBUXA'R, v. a. to draw in black and white, with a pen, coal, pencil, or the like.
DIBU'XO, f. m. a draught drawn by hand with pen and ink, pencil, or the like.
No te métas en dibúxos, meddle not with what does not concern you.

D I C

DICACIDA'D, f. f. drollery, buffoonery, talking; prating.
DICERNI'R, v. a. to difcern, to diftinguish; to feparate one thing from another; to avoid confufion; to give judgment.
DICCIO'N, f. f. diction, ftyle, language.
DICCIONA'RIO, f. m. a dictionary.
DICHARA'CHO, f. m. a loofe and indecent expreffion.
DICHO, p. p. of *decir*, faid.
Dicho, fubft. m. a faying.
Prov. *Del dicho al hecho háy gran trécho*, there is a great diftance between faying and doing; or, faying and doing are two things.
DICHOSAME'NTE, adv. happily, luckily, fortunately.
DICHO'SO, adj. happy, fortunate.
Dichofos, f. m. pl. in cant, women's buskins.
DICIE'MBRE, f. m. December.
DICIPLI'NA, f. f. difcipline, order; alfo correction, and the fcourge called a difcipline.
DICIPLINA'BLE, adj. fufceptible of learning or inftruction, apt to learn.
DICIPLINA'NTE, one that whips himfelf in the proceffions.
DICIPLINA'R, v. a. to difcipline, to teach, to inftruct, to form; alfo to fcourge.
DICTA'DO, f. m. the dignity or honour of a dictator.
DICTADO'R, f. m. a dictator, the greateft in power formerly in Rome; he that dictates.
DICTADU'RA, f. f. the dictatorship; alfo a dictating.
DICTAME'N, f. m. that has been dictated; alfo a man's opinion, his conceit of a thing, his mind.
DI'CTAMO, f. m. dittander, ditany, garden-ginger, an herb fo called.
DICTA'R, v. a. to dictate.
DICTE'RIO, f. m. taunt, fcoff, jeft.

D I D

DIDASCA'LICO, adj. belonging to an usher or teacher; that is fit to teach.

D I E

DIE'NTE, f. m. a tooth.
Diénte de ájo, a clove of garlick.
Diéntes de fiérra, the ridge of a mountain.
Dar diénte con diente, to chatter the teeth with cold.
Moftrár los diéntes, to shew one's teeth as a dog does, difcovering an inclination to do harm.
No podér hincár el diénte, not to be able to bite.
No entrár de los diéntes adiéntro, to bear an ill will.
Valiénte por el diénte, he can eat more than he can act.
Aquí me naciérou los diéntes, here my teeth grew; that is, here I was bred in my infancy.
Eftá la bebida que quiébra los dientes, the drink is fo cold, it makes the teeth ach.
Eftár a diénte; to have a good appetite.
Hincar el diénte, to bite, to pierce with the teeth; alfo to defame, to flander.
Tener buen diénte; to have a good ftomach.
DIENTECI'LLO, f. m. a little tooth.
DIERE'SIS, f. f. a figure in poetry fo called.
DIE'SIS, f. m. the fourth part of a tone major, or three parts of twelve, into which it is divided.
DIE'STRA, f. f. the right hand.
DIESTRAME'NTE, adv. dexteroufly, handily, artificially.
DIE'STRAZA, f. f. vide *DESTRE'ZA*.
DIE'STRO, adj. dexterous, skilful, ready at his bufinefs; fubft. ufed, the reins or halter of a beaft.
Diéftro de ámbas mános, that can ufe both hands alike.
Diéftro en las armas, skilful at his weapon.
Llevár una beftia del diéftro, to lead any beaft by a halter, or the reins.
Dar a diéftro y a fini-ftro, to lay about one on every fide.
DIE'TA, f. f. regular diet in eating, prefcribed to the fick; alfo a diet, or affembly, as thofe of Germany, Poland, &c. alfo a day's journey.
No fe ha de citár ultra tres dietas, an expreffion among civil lawyers, that a man shall not be fummoned above three days journey; that is, thirty leagues.
DIETE'UTICA, f. f. a diet prefcribed by phyficians.
DIE'Z, f. m. ten.
DIEZCU'PLO, f. m. vide *DECU-PLO*.
DIE'ZES, f. m. pl. the tens in the beads, or the great beads after the ten fmall ones, or a pair of beads that has but ten and a great one.
DIEZYSEYS, adj. fixteen.
DIEZYSIE'TE, adj. feventeen.
DIEZYO'CHO, adj. eighteen.
DIEZYNUE'VE, adj. nineteen.
DIEZMA, f. f. a tenth.
DIEZMA'R, v. a. vide *DEZMA'R*.

DIEZMEÑO, adj. tithable, subject to the tithes.
DIEZMERI'A, f. f. vide *DEZMERI'A*.
DIEZME'RO, f. m. a tyther.
DIE'Z MIL, adj. ten thousand.
DIEZMO'S, f. m. pl. the tythes due to the clergy.
Prov. *Los diézmos de Diós de tres blancas sisár dos*, out of God's tythes pinch two parts in three; a proverb among those who grudge the church its due.

D I F

DIFAMACIO'N, f. f. defamation.
DIFAMADO'R, f. m. a defamer.
DIFAMAR, v. a. to defame, to take away one's good name.
to take away one's good name.
DIFAMATO'RIO, adj. defamatory, calumnious.
DIFERECE'R, v. n. vide *DIFERENCIA'R*.
DIFEREN'CIA, f. f. difference; also dispute, quarrel, debate.
DIFERENCIA'R, v. a. to be different, to distinguish.
Diferenciárse, v. r. to be distinguished to be unlike.
DIFERE'NTE, adj. different.
DIFERENTEME'NTE, adv. differently.
DIFERI'R, v. a. to defer, to delay, to put off; also to differ, to be different from.
DIFI'CIL, adj. difficult.
DIFICILME'NTE, adv. difficultly.
DIFICULTA'D, f. f. difficulty.
DIFICULTADO'R, f. m. one who raise difficulties.
DIFICULTA'R, v. a. to make difficult, to raise difficulties.
DIFICULTOSAME'NTE, adv. difficulty.
DIFICULTO'SO, adj. difficult.
DIFIDACI'ON, f. f. a manifesto or declaration, in which are included the reasons for engaging in a war.
DIFIDEN'CIA, f. f. diffidence, mistrust.
DIFIDE'NTE, adj. diffident, mistrusting.
DIFINICIO'N, f. f. a difinition.
DIFINIDO'R, f. m. one that is to define difficult cases, a dignity among religious orders and in the inquisition.
DIFINI'R, v. a. to define.
DIFINITI'VO, adj. definitive, decisive.
Sentencia definitiva, final judgment.
DIFORMIDA'D, fi f. vide *DEFORMIDA'D*.
DIFU'GIO, f. m. a flight, a running away; also an evasion in discourse by which a person endeavours to prevent any reasons alledged.
DIFUNDIR, v. a. to diffuse, to spread abroad,
DIFU'NTO, adj. deceased, dead, departed this life.
Ponérse cómo un difúnto, to turn as pale as a dead man.
Oficio de difuntos, the office of the dead, the set form of prayers used in the church for the dead.
DIFUSAME'NTE, adv. diffusely, stretching forth abroad.
DIFUSIO'N, f. f. diffusion; spreading abroad.
DIFUSI'VO, adj. diffusive.
DIFU'SO, adj. diffused, spread abroad; also copious; not concise.

D I G

DIGA'MMA, f. m. farm or summerhouse.
DIGA'STRICO, adj. the appellation of certain muscles of the human-body.
DIGERI'R, v. a. to digest, to suffer, to bear patiently; also to range methodically in the mind; also to soften by heat as in a boiler.
Digerir el vino, to digest the wine; that is, to grow sober after drunkenness.
Digerir un negócio, to digest or order an affair.
DI'GES, f. m. pl. toys.
DIGESTIO'N, f. f. digestion; also the preparation of a matter by a cheminal heat.
Hómbre de mála digestióin, one that does not digest his meat well; an ill-natured man.
Negócio de mála digestión, a troublesome affair hard to manage.
DIGESTI'VO, adj. that is capable of helping digestion.
Digestivo, f. m. an application which disposes a wound to generate matter.
DIGE'STO, adj. digested, ordered.
Digésto, f. m. book of the civil law so called.
DI'GITO, f. m. a finger or a digit in arithmetic; the twelfth part of the diameter of the sun or moon.
DIGÑACIO'N, f. f. reputation, honour, worship, esteem, credit, request, favour, dignity, reverence.
DIGNAME'NTE, adv. worthily.
DIGNA'RSE, v. r. to vouchsafe, to deign, to condescend, to yield.
DIGNIDA'D, f. f. dignity.
DIGNIFICA'R, v. a. to make worthy, to dignify, to advance, to prefer, to exalt.
DIGNIFICA'NTE, f. m. he that dignifies.
DI'GNO, adj. worthy.
DI'GOLE, a term at dice, I am at yon.
DIGRESSIO'N, f. f. a digression, going out of the way, deviating from the business; a passage deviating from the main tenour.

D I L

DILACIO'N, f. f. delay.
DILAPIDACIO'N, f. f. in law, waste, luxurious or wanton destruction of what is our own: useless expence, prodigal waste of what does not belong to us; the suffering of any edifice intrusted to our cars to go to ruin.
DILAPIDA'R, v. a. to waste beyond measure; to destroy, wantonly what is our own; to make a prodigal waste of what belongs to others; in law, to suffer an edifice entrusted to our care to go to ruin.
DILATA'BLE, adj. that may be delayed or put off.

DILATACIO'N, f. f. dilatation, extension.

DILATADAME'NTE, adv. extensively, widely.

DILATA'DO, adj. great, spacious, dilated, extended, spread abroad, numerous.

DILATA'R, v. a. to delay, to prolong, to put off; also to dilate, to extend, to spread abroad.

Dilatárse, v. r. to be prolix in writing or speaking; to be copious, not concise.

DILATORIO, adj. dilatory; delaying, prolonging.

DILECCIO'N, f. f. love, affection.

DILE'CTO, adj. beloved; used in poets.

DILE'MA, f. m. a dilemma, an argument so called.

DILIGE'NCIA, f. f. diligence, industry, assiduity; an affair.

Prov. *La diligéncia es mádre de la buéna ventúra*, diligence is the mother of good luck; that is, care and industry are the means to make business succeed well.

DILIGENCIA'R, v. a. to solicit, to be diligent in the prosecution of affairs.

DILIGENCIE'RO, f. m. an agent.

Diligenciéro de fiscál, a sollicitor.

DILIGE'NTE, adj. diligent.

DILIGENTEME'NTE, adv. diligently.

DILUCIDACIO'N, f. f. an explanation, or illustration.

DILUCIDA'R, v. a. to explain or illustrate.

DILUSI'VO, adj. delusive, that can deceive.

DILUVIO, f. m. a deluge, a flood.

D I M

DIMANA'R, v. a. to spring or flow from.

DIMENSIO'N, f. f. dimension, measure.

DIMES y dirétes, a proverbial phrase, arguing *pro* and *con*; contesting.

DIMIDIA'R, v. a. to divide, to separate, to part in two; to reach the middle of one's life; to wear out till it has lost half its value or price; to spend or have spent or consumed one half of; not to tell all; to tell but half.

DIMINUCIO'N, f. f. diminution.

Ir en diminucion, to grow less; to fall in discredit.

DIMINUI'R, v. a. to diminish.

DIMINUTI'VO, adj. diminutive.

DIMINU'TO, adj. diminished.

DIMISSIO'N, f. f. a dismission.

DIMISSO'RIAS, f. f. pl. letters so called, from an inferior to a superior judge, sending up the party that has appealed to him.

DIMITI'R, v. a. to dismiss.

DIMOñO, f. m. the devil.

D I N

DINAME'NTE, adv. obs. vide *DIGNAME'NTE*.

DINERA'DA, f. f. a great quantity of money.

DINERA'L, f. m. one that pays workmen and labourers their hire.

DINERI'LLO, f. m. little money.

DINERI'SMO, f. m. love of money.

DINERI'STA, f. m. money-hunter.

DINE'RO, f. m. money, any sort of coin.

Dinéro contante ó de contado; ready money.

Dinéro cercenádo, } clipped money.
Dinéro cortádo, }

Dinéro contádo, ready money.

DINERO'SO, adj. rich, abounding in money.

DINERUE'LO, f. m. diminutive of *dinéro*.

DI'NO, adj. obs. vide *DIGNO*.

DINO'SIS, f. f. a figure in rhetoric, being the stress laid upon the latter part of the oration.

DINTE'L, f. m. the threshold of a door.

DINTO'RNO, f. m. what is delineated within the outline.

D I O

DIO'BRE, f. m. said instead of *Dios* by those who dare not swear.

DIOCESA'NO, f. m. a diocesan; of the diocese.

DIO'CESIS, f. f. a diocese.

DIONY'SIA, f. f. a precious black stone with red spots.

DIO'PTRA, f. f. a geometrical instrument, wherewith the distance and height of a place is known afar off.

DIO'PTRICA, f. f. dioptrics, a part of optics treating of the different refractions of light.

DIO'PTRICO, adj. dioptrical, belonging to dioptrics.

DIO'S, f. m. God.

Diós y ayúda, God and good friends; worldly means forward the work of God.

No hizo Dios a quién desamparár, God made no body to forsake him; he provides for all the creatures he makes.

Qual Diós te trúxo por acá? what good luck brought you hither? when we are surprised to see one where we did not expect.

Diós que me múdo, farewel, for I remove my quarters.

Quedár a pedír por Diós, to be reduced to beggary.

De Diós en ayúso, under God.

De Diós lo háya, God reward you, says he who is not able to make a return himself.

DIO'SA, f. f. a goddess.

DIOSEA'R, v. n. to play the god; to attribute to one's self such qualities as are highly unbecoming to us poor mortals.

DIOSECI'LLO, } f. m. a small
DIOSECI'TO, } god, a little god. Mostly said of Cupid.

DIO'SO, adj. ancient, of many days. Pronounce *di-o-so*.

D I P

DIPHRI'GE, f. m. the dross of metal when refined.

DIPHTO'NGO, f. m. a diphthong; a coalition of two vowels to form one sound.

DIPHTONGA'R, v. a. to make one ſyllable with two vowels; alſo to unite ſeveral things together.

DI'PLOE, ſ. m. in anatomy, the inner lamina or plate of the skull.

DIPLO'MA, ſ. m. a diploma, a charter, a prince's letters patent, a writ, a mandamus.

DI'PSAS, ſ. f. a kind of viper or adder.

DIPSA'CO, ſ. m. fuller's weed, or teazle.

DI'PTYCHO, ſ. m. diptych, table or church regiſter.

DIPUTACIO'N, ſ. f. a deputation; the place where deputies meet.

DIPUTA'DO, ſ. m. deputy, repreſentative.

DIPUTA'R, v. a. to depute, to appoint.

D I Q

DIQUE, ſ. m. a dike, a bank to oppoſe the fury of the water. It is alſo ſometimes taken for a dock to build or repair ships in.

DIQUECI'LLO, ſ. m. diminutive of *dique*.

D I R

DIR, v. a. obſ. for dezir.

DIRECCIO'N, ſ. f. direction.

DIRECTAME'NTE, adv. directly.

DIRE'CTE, adv. directly, orderly.

DIRECTI'VO, adj. that may be directed, ordered.

DIRE'CTO, adj. direct, ſtraight, orderly; alſo open, not ambiguous.

DIRECTO'R, ſ. m. a director.

DIRECTO'RIO, adj. directed.

DIRIGI'R, v. a. to direct.

DIRIMI'R, v. a. to take away, to abolish, to deſtroy.

DIRUI'R, v. a. to deſtroy, to abolish, to undo.

D I S

DIS, a negative prepoſition.

DISA'NTO, ſ. m. a holy day.

DISAPROPRIA'R, v a. to alienate to turn to another uſe.

DISCANTAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. diſcanting, taking much of a thing.

DISCANTA'R, v. a to deſcant, to diſcourſe about a matter.

DISCA'NTE, ſ. m. deſcant in muſic.

DISCEPTACIO'N, ſ. f. a diſpute, a controverſy.

DISCEPTADO'R, ſ. m. a diſputant.

DISCEPTA'R, v. a. to diſpute, to controvert.

DISCEPTATRI'Z, ſ. f. a woman that will diſpute.

DISCERNI'BLE, adj. diſcernible, apparent, diſcoverable, diſtinguishable, viſible, perceptible.

DISCERNIMIE'NTO, ſ. m. diſcernment, judgment, diſcretion.

DISCERNI'R, v. a. to diſcern, to diſtinguish.

DISCIFRA'R, v. a. vide *DECIFRA'R*.

DISCIPLI'NA, ſ. f. vide *DICIPLI'NA*.

DISCIPLINA'R, v. a. to ſcourge, to chaſtiſe, to whip.

DISCIPULA'DO, ſ. m. a company or aſſembly of ſcholars.

DISCI'PULO, ſ. m. a diſciple, a ſcholar.

DI'SCO, ſ. m. a quoit to play with.

DI'SCOLO, adj. froward, wayward, peevish.

DISCOLO'R, adj. of many colours.

DISCONFO'RME, adj. vide *DESCONFORME*.

DISCONTINUA'R, v. a. vide *DESCONTINUA'R*.

DISCORDA'NCIA, ſ. f. diſagreement, oppoſition, inconſiſtency.

DISCORDA'R, v. n. to diſagree.

DISCO'RDE, adj. diſagreeing.

DISCORDEMENTE, adv. diſagreeingly.

DISCO'RDIA, ſ. f. diſcord.

DISCOYUNTA'R, v. a. vide *DESCOYUNTA'R*.

DISCRECI'ON, ſ. f. diſcretion, prudence.

Diſcreción, ready wit, mirth, a ſmart repartee.

Dárſe ó rendirſe a diſcreción, to ſurrender at diſcretion.

DISCRE'DITO, ſ. m. diſcredit.

DISCREPA'NCIA; ſ. f. diſagreement, difference, contrariety.

DISCREPA'R, v. n. to diſagree.

DISCRETAME'NTE, adv. diſcreetly, prudently, ingeniously, wittily.

DISCRETEA'R, v. a. to converſe in courtier-like manner with wit, sharpneſs, freedom, giving pleaſure to all one's hearers.

DISCRE'TO, adj. diſcreet, judicious.

DISCRI'MEN, ſ. m. difference, diverſity, debate, controverſy, doubt, danger, hazard, peril, battle, a ſpace or diſtance.

DISCU'LPA, ſ. f. excuſe.

DISCULPA'BLE, adj. excuſable.

DISCULPACIO'N, ſ. f. an excuſe.

DISCULPADAME'NTE, adv. with excuſe.

DISCULPA'R, v. a. to excuſe.

DISCURRIMIE'NTO, ſ. m. diſcourſe, reaſoning, argument.

DISCURRI'R, v. n. to diſcourſe; alſo to run about, to wander up and down.

DISCURSA'R, v. a. to diſcourſe.

DISCURSI'STA, ſ. m. one who diſcourſes.

DISCURSI'VO, adj. that may be diſcourſed of, that diſcourſes well.

DISCU'RSO, ſ. m. reaſon, judgment alſo ſpace or quantity of time.

DISCUSSIO'N, ſ. f. determination, deciſion, diſcuſſion.

DISCUTI'R, v. a. to diſcuſs, to examine, to decide.

DISDIARASON, ſ. m. a term in muſic, ſignifying two octaves, or eighths.

DISENTE'RIA, ſ. f. a flux, a looſeneſs.

DISERTAME'NTE, adv. eloquently.

DISE'RTO, adj. well fpoken, eloquent.
DISFAMACIO'N, f. f. defamation, fcandal.
DISFAMADO'R, f. m. a defamer.
DISFAMA'R, v. a. to defame.
DISFAMATO'RIO, adj. defamatory.
DISFA'MIA, f. m. infamy.
DISFAVO'R, f. m. disfavour, difgrace.
DISFAVORECE'R, v. a. vide *DESFAVORECE'R*.
DISFIGURA'R, v. a. vide *DESFIGURA'R*.
DISFO'RME, adj. deformed, difagreeable; alfo monftrous big.
DISFORMIDA'D, f. f. deformity, difproportion; alfo monftrous bignefs.
DISFORMO'SO, adj. obf. deformed.
DISFRA'Z, f. m. difguife.
DISFRAZADAME'NTE, adv. difguifedly.
DISFRAZA'DO, adj. difguifed, masked.
DISFRAZA'R, v. a. to difguife, to conceal by an unufual drefs; to hide by a counterfeit appearance, to change the form or figure, to diffemble, to pretend that not to be which really is, to pretend that to be which is not.
DISGREGACIO'N, f. f. a feparation, or divifion.
DISGREGA'R, v. a. to part, to feparate.
DISGREGATI'VO, adj. that may be parted, or feparated.
DISGUSTA'R, v. a. to difguft, to diftate, to offend
DISGUSTI'LLO, f. m. diminutive of *difgúfto*.
DISGU'STO, f. m. difguft, diftate, offence.
DISGUSTOSAME'NTE, adv. difguftfully, offenfively, naufeoufly.
DISGUSTO'SO, adj. difguftful, naufeous, offenfive.
DISINIA'R, v. a. to defign, to contrive.
DISI'NIO, f. m. defign, contrivance, purpofe.
DISI'PULA, f. f. an eryfipelas.
DISIPULA'RSE, v. r. to be affected with an eryfipelas.
DISJUNTI'VO, adj. disjunctive.
DISLATA'R, v. a. to play the fool; to commit extravagancies, to talk idly.
DISLA'TE, f. m. an extravagant foolish action or expreffion.
DISLOCACIO'N, f. f. a diflocation, putting out of its place.
DISLOCA'R, v. a. to diflocate, to put out of the proper place, to put out of joint.
Diflocárfe, v. r. to be diflocated, to be put out of its place.
DISMINUCIO'N, f. f. diminution.
DISMINUI'R, v. a. to diminish.
DISPA'R, adj. unequal, different.
DISPARADO'R, f. m. the trigger of a gun.
DISPARA'R, v. a. to shoot; to talk nonfenfe.
Difparár úna rifáda, to burft out a laughing.
DISPARATA'DO, f. m. a perfon who does, or fays any thing foolishly, ignorantly, and abfurdly.
DISPARATA'R, v. n. to talk or act ignorantly or foolishly.
DISPARA'TE, f. m. a noufenfical foolish action or expreffion.
DISPARATO'N, f. m. augmentative of *difparate*.
DISPARATO'RIO, f. m. a foolish nonfenfical difcourfe.
DISPARCIALIDA'D, f. f. diffociation, disjunction.
DISPARIDA'D, f. f. difparity, inequality.
DISPENDE'R, v. a. vide *DESPENDE'R*.
DISPE'NDIO, f. m. diffipation, profufenefs.
DISPE'NSA, f. f. vide *DISPENSACIO'N*.
DISPENSA'BLE, adj. that may be difpenfed, with.
DISPENSACIO'N, f. f. difpenfation.
DISPENSADO'R, f. m. one who difpenfes.
DISPENSA'R, v. a. to difpenfe with.
DISPERSIO'N, f. f. feparation, difperfion.
DISPE'RSO, adj. feparated, fcattered, difperfed.
DISPERTADO'R, f. m. one who awakes another.
DISPERTA'R, v. n. to awake.
DISPIE'RTO, adj. vide *DESPIE'RTO*.
DISPLACE'R, v. a. fee *DESPLACER*.
DISPLICE'NCIA, f. f. difpleafure, difagreeblenefs.
DISPONEDO'R, f. m. who difpofes of, or gives orders.
DISPONE'R, v. a. to difpofe, to order, to contrive
DISPOSICIO'N, f. f. difpofition, order, contrivance, alfo the temper or inclination of a man.
DISPOSITIVAME'NTE, adv. in good order, orderly.
DISPOSITI'VO, adj. belonging to order.
DISPUE'STO, p. p. difpofed, ordered; alfo handfome, lufty, in health.
DISPU'TA, f. f. difpute.
DISPUTA'BLE, adj. difputable, that may be controverted.
DISPUTACIO'N, f. f. difputation.
DISPUTADO'R, } f. m. a dif-
DISPUTA'NTE, } putant.
DISPUTA'R, v. a. to difpute.
DISQUISICIO'N, f. f. ftrict examination, enquiry.
DISSENCIO'N, f. f. diffenfion, variance, contention, quarrel, difpute.
DISSECA'R, v. a. to cut afunder.
DISSECCIO'N, f. f. diffection.
DISSECTO'R, f. m. one who diffects.
DISSEMINA'R, v. a. to fow.
DISSEñA'R, v. a. to draw or mark out.
DISSEñO, f. m. the art of limning, the defigning of a piece; alfo a pencil.
DISSENTI'R, v. n. to diffent, to be of another opinion.
DISSERTACIO'N, f. f. a differtation.
DISSERTA'R, v. n. to difpute, to make a differtation.
DISSE'RTO, adj. eloquent.

DISSI'MIL, adj. unlike, diffimilar, heterogeneous.

DISSIMILITU'D, f. f. unlikelinefs, improbability.

DISSIMULACIO'N, f. f. diffimulation, diffembling.

DISSIMULADAME'NTE, adv. diffemblingly, flily, craftily.

DISSIMULA'DO, f. m. a fly, crafty perfon.

DISSIMULADO'R, f. m. a diffembler.

DISSIMULA'R, v. a. to diffemble, to connive at a thing.

DISSIMU'LO, f. m. diffimulation, connivance, flynefs, craftinefs.

DISSI'GNIO, f. m. vide *DESI'NIO*.

DISSIPACIO'N f. f. diffipation, difperfion, fcattering.

DISSIPADO'R, f. m. a fpendthrift, a fcatterer, a wafter.

DISSIPA'R v. a. to diffipate, to fcatter, to wafte.

DISSOLU'BLE, adj. that can be diffolved, diffolvable.

DISSOLUCIO'N f. f. diffolution, diffolving, loofening; alfo lewdnefs.

DISSOLVE'NTE, f. m. diffolvent.

DISSOLVE'R v. a. to diffolve.

DISSOLUTAME'NTE, adv. diffolutely, lewdly, loofely.

DISSOLUT'IVO, adj. that will diffolve.

DISSOLU'TO, adj. diffolved; alfo lewd, wicked.

DISSO'N, f. m. a harsh difagreeable found.

DISSONA'NCIA f. f. difagreement, difcord.

DISSONA'NTE, adj. difagreeing.

DISSONA'R, v. a. to difagree, to make difcord in mufic.

DI'SSONO, adj. vide *DISSONA'NTE*.

DISSUADI'R v. a. to diffuade.

DISSUASIO'N, f. f. diffuafion.

DISSUE'LTO, p. p. of. *diffolver.*

DISSY'LABO, f. m. a word of two fyllables, a difyllable.

DISSY'MBOLO, adj. unlike, very different in nature.

DISTA'NCIA, f. f. diftance.

DISTA'NTE, adj. diftant.

DISTANTEME'NTE, adv. at a diftance, afar off.

DISTA'R, v. n. to be diftant.

DISTENDE'R, v. a. to diftende, to fpread abroad.

DISTENSIO'N, f. f. diftention fpreading abroad.

DISTERMINA'R, v. a. to feparate or part, to bound place from place.

DI'STICO, f. m. dyftich, couplet, two verfes.

DISTILACIO'N, f. f. diftillation, dropping.

DISTILADE'RA, f. f. ftill, limbeck.

DISTILADE'RO, adj. ingenious, cunning, falfe, far-fetched, indirect.

Diftiladéro, f. m. an intrigue, a plot.

DISTILADO'R, f. m. a diftiller.

DISTILADU'RA, f. f. a diftilling.

DISTILA'R, v. a. to diftil, to drop.

DISTILATO'RIO, f. m. a ftill to diftil waters.

DISTINCIO'N, f. f. diftinction.

Perfóna de diftinción, a man of note.

DISTINGUI'R, v. a. to diftinguish.

Diftinguírfe, v. r. to be diftinguished by doing fomething uncommon.

DISTINTAME'NTE, adv. diftinctly.

DISTINTI'VO, adj. that may be diftinguished.

DISTI'NTO, adj. diftinct, feveral.

Diftínto, f. m. inftinct.

DISTRACCIO'N, f. f. diftraction.

DISTRAHE'R, v. a. to draw afide, to pull away, to diftract, to corrupt.

DISTRAHIDAME'NTE, adv. diftractedly.

DISTRAHIMIE'NTO, f. m. drawing afide, diftraction, lewdnefs;

DISTRIBUCIO'N, f. f. diftribution; alfo order; alfo divifion of time.

DISTRIBUIDO'R, f. m. a diftributer, one that gives every man his share.

DISTRIBUI'R, v. a. to diftribute to divide among feveral perfons, alfo to feparate in different places.

DISTRIBUTI'VO, adj. diftributive, that is to be or may be diftributed.

DISTRI'CTO, } f. m. diftrict, territory, precinct.
DISTRI'TO, }

DISTURBACIO'N, f. f. difturbance, trouble.

DISTURBADO'R, f. m. a difturber, one that caufes perturbation.

DISTURBA'R, v. a. to difturb, to trouble.

DISTU'RBIO, f. m. difquiet, tumult, confufion, diforder; alfo violation of peace.

DISUADI'R, v. a. vide *DISSUADI'R*.

DISYUNCIO'N, f. f. disjunction, difunion, feparation, parting.

DISYUNTA, f. f. in mufic, a change of the voice.

DISYUNTIVAME'NTE, adv. feparately.

DISYUNTI'VO, adj. disjunctive, incapable of union; in grammar, that which marks feparation or oppofition; in logic, disjunctive, oppofed in its parts.

DISYUNTO, f. m. among fcholmen, the neceffity of the exiftence or the exclufion of one out of two contrary pofitions or propofitions.

D I T

DI'TA, f. f. a party or perfon, the party concerned in a contract. It is alfo a bill, note, or bill of exchange.

DI'TADO, f. m. the place from which a nobleman takes his title; a place of honour or truft; a title, or the perfon that has it.

DITADO'R, f. m. vide *DICTADO'R*.

DITADU'RA, f. f. vide *DICTADU'RA*.

DITA'MEN, f. m. vide *DICTA'MEN*.

DI'TAMO, f. m. the herb dittany.

DITA'R, v. a. vide *DICTA'R*.

DITE'RIO, f. m. lampoon, abufive paper, fatirical faying, defamatory report.

DITHYRA'MBICA, f. f. a short poem or fong formerly fung, played, and danced at once.

DITHYRA'MBICO, adj. belonging to dithyrambic.

DITHYRA'MBO, f. m. dithyrambic, a fong in honour of Bacchus; any poem written with wildnefs.
DI'TO, p. p. of. *decir*, obf. for *dicho*.
DI'TONO, f. m. that has two founds, or parts in mufic.

D I U

DIURE'TICO, adj. diuretic, that provokes urine.
DIURNA'L, f. m. diurnal; book of the divine office for the day.
DIU'RNO, adj. daily, continual, or of the day.
DIUTURNIDA'D, f. f. long continuance, laftingnefs.
DIUTU'RNO, adj. pertaining to length of duration.

D I V.

DIVA, f. f. a goddefs. Poetical.
DIVAGA'R, v. a. to wander.
DIVA'N, f. m. the fupreme council of the Turks.
DIVERGE'NTE, adj. divergent, tending to various parts from one point.
DIVERGI'R, v. n. to diverge, to tend to various parts from one point.
DIVERSAME'NTE, adv. differently.
DIVERSIDA'D, f. f. diverfity, variety, difference, diffimilitude, unlikenefs; alfo abundance of feveral things.
DIVERSIO'N f. f. a diverfion, a turning afide; alfo recreation, amufement. In war, it is the act, or purpofe of drawing the enemy off from fome defign by threatening or attacking a diftant part.
DIVE'RSO, adj. divers, different.
DIVERSO'RIO, f. m. an inn, a public houfe of entertainment.
DIVERTI'CULO, f. m. a place out of the way; alfo the ftraying from the matter in hand.
DIVERTIMIE'NTO, f. m. diverfion, turning afide, going from the point; alfo delight, pleafure.
DIVERTI'R, v. a. to divert, to turn afide, to go from the point; alfo to withdraw the mind.
DIVIDI'R, v. a. to divide.
DIVIE'SO, f. m. a bile, a fmall impofthumation, a fwelling full of corruption.
DIVINACIO'N, f. f. divination.
DIVINADO'R, f. m. a diviner.
DIVINA'L, adj. vide *DIVI'NO*.
DIVINAME'NTE, adv. divinely, excellent, in fupreme degree.
DIVINA'R, v. a. to divine, to guefs, to prophefy.
DIVINATO'RIO, adj. belonging to divination.
DIVINIDA'D, f. f. divinity.
DIVINIZA'R, v. a. to make divine.
DIVI'NO, adj. divine.
DIVI'SA, f. f. a device, a badge of knighthood; alfo a mark of diftinction worn in armies to be known from the enemy; a coat of arms; alfo an emblem or motto on a fhield, or upon the arms of nobility.
DIVISA'R, v. a. to perceive, to fee, to difcover at diftance.
DIVISE'RO, f. m. obf. an heir, a coheir.
DIVI'SIBLE, adj. that may be divided.
DIVISIO'N, f. f. divifion, feparation, partition; alfo difunion, difcord, difference.
DIVISI'VO, adj. that can be divided.
DIVISO'R f. m. in arithmetic, the number given, by which the dividend is divided; the divifor.
DIVISO'RIO, adj. that divides, that, feparates in two or more parts.
DI'VO, adj. holy, faint, divine. Poetical.
DIVORCIA'R, v. a. to divorce, to part man and wife.
DIVO'RCIO, f. m. divorce, parting of man and wife.
DIVULGACIO'N, f. f. a publication or divulging.
DIVULGADO'R f. m. f. a publifher.
DIVULGA'R, v. a. to divulge, to publish.

D I X

DIX, *DI'XE*, f. m. toy of any fort for women or children.

D I Z

DIZQUE, i. e. *dize que*, he fays that.

D O

DO, adv. (for *dónde*) where.
De do, adv. whence.
A do? adv. whither?
Do quiera, adv. wherever, wherefoever, witherfoever.

D O B

DO'BLA, f. f. a piece of money fo called.
DOBLADAME'NTE, adv. doubly, deceitfully.
DOBLADE'TE, adj. round, trufs, thick, ftrong made.
DOBLADI'LLO, f. f. a game at cards fo called.
Dobladillo, f. m. a hem in fewing.
DOBLA'DO, adj. double, deceitful.
DOBLADU'RA, f. f. doubling, folding.
DOBLA'R, v. a. to double, to fold.
Doblár campánas, to ring a peal for the dead.
Doblár la hója, to fold down the leaf; to break off from any bufinefs, fo as to return again.
Doblár ropá, to fold cloths.
Doblár la púnta, to double or turn a cape at fea.
Doblár la parída, to double the ftake at play.
Doblárfe, v. r. to bow, to bend, to wind; to yield to others; in cant, to furrender or deliver one's felf up to juftice.
DO'BLE, adj. double; in cant, he who helps to carry on a cheat; alfo condemned to death.
DOBLEGA'BLE, adj. eafy to bend, or double.
DOBLEGADU'RA, f. f. bending, doubling.
DOBLEGA'R, v. a. to bend, to double; to prevail upon, to make yield.
DOBLEME'NTE, adv. fubtilly, craftily, flily, cunningly, knavishly.

DOBLERI'A, f. f. in the cant of traders, to get twice as much as the other partners.
DOBLE'RO, f. m. a little loaf.
DOBLL'TE, adj. that is made between double and fingle.
DOBLE'Z, f. m. a fold, the increafe of the fold; metaph. double dealing.
DO'BLO, f. m. a doubling, or folding.
DOBLO'N, f. m. a Spanish piftole; the double tripe of a cow or ox.
DOBLONA'DO, f. f. the aꝏ of boafting one's felf very rich.

D O C

DOCE, f. m. twelve.
DOCE'NA, f. f. the weight of twelve pounds; alfo a dozen of any thing.
DOCENA'L, adj. belonging to a dozen.
DOCEñA'L, adj. having twelve years, being twelve years old.
DOCE'NO, adj. belonging to a dozen.
DOCIE'NTOS, f. m. two hundred.
DO'CIL, adj. docible, that can be taught, tractable.
DOCILIDA'D, f. f. docibleneſs, teachableneſs, docility.
DOCILME'NTE, adv. eafily.
DOCTAME'NTE, adv. learnedly.
DO'CTO, adj. learned.
DOCTO'R, f. m. a doctor.
DOCTORA'L, adj. belonging to a doctor.
DOCTORAMIE'NTO, f. m. the making a doctor.
DOCTORA'R, v. a. to give the degree of a doctor.
DOCTORCI'LLO, f. m. diminutive of *doctor*.
DOCTORI'SMO, f. m. the collective body of doctors, efpecially of phyficians.
DOCTRI'NA, f. f. doctrine, learning inftruction.
Doctrina chriftiána, the chriftian doctrine, the catechifm.
Doctrina común, doctrine generally received.
Niños de la doctrina, poor fatherlefs children, that are educated and brought up by charity, and difpofed of as they grow up.
DOCTRINA'L, adj. belonging to doctrine.
DOCTRINA'R, v. a. to teach, to inftruct.
DOCTRINE'RO f. m. he that explains or teaches doctrine.
DOCUME'NTO, f. m. a document, an inftruction, a leffon.

D O D

DODECAGO'NO, f. m. dodecagon, a figure of twelve fides.
DODECAE'DRO, f. m. one of the five geometrical regular bodies, confifting of five equal pentagons.
DODRA'NTE, f. m. nine parts out of twelve of various things among the ancient Romans.

D O G

DOGA'L, f. m. a cord, a rope, hempen halter, diftinct from others they make of *efpárto*.
DOGA'NA, f. f. obf. vide *ADUA'NA*.
DO'GE, a doge of Venice, or Genoa.
Dóge, or *Dógue*, a large dog, as a beardog, or Irish greyhound.
DO'GMA, f. m. a received opinion, a tenet, a refolution of the learned.
DOGMATICAME'NTE, adv. dogmatically, magifterially, pofitively, authoritatively.
DOGMA'TICO, adj. that belongs to the *dógma*.
DOGMATI'STA, f. m. a teacher; generally taken in an ill fenfe for one that ftarts new erroneous opinions.
DOGMATIZADO'R; f. m. one who follows new erroneous opinions.
DOGMATIZA'R, v. a. to ftart new erroneous opinions.
DOGO, f. m. a maftiff, a banddog, a dog of the largeft fize.

D O L

DO'LA, f. f. an axe, or hatchet.
DOLADO'R, f. m. a hewer of wood.
DOLADU'RA, f. f. a hewing of wood.
DOLA'MES, f. m. the weaknefs or infirmities belonging to beafts.
DOLA'R, v. a. to hew wood, to cut it fmooth, or into shape with an axe.
DOLE'NCIA, f. f. ficknefs a difeafe.

Prov. *Quién tiéne doléncia, abra la bolfa y tenga paciéncia*, he that has a difeafe muft open his purfe and have patience; patience to endure, and open his purfe to the phyfician.
DOLE'R, v. n. to feel pain, to be forry.
Dolérfe, v. r. to complain, to pity, to compaffionate.
DOLIE'NTE, adj. fick.
Doliénte por úna dama, in love with a lady, love-fick.
DOLIOSAME'NTE, adv. forrowfully, lamentably. Obf.
DOLIO'SO, adj. fad, afflicted.
DO'LO, f. m. fraud, deceit.
DOLO'R, f. m. pain, grief, forrow.
Dolór de coftádo, a pleurify.

Prov. *Dolór de efpófo dolór de códo, duéle múcho, y dúra póco*, forrow for a dead husband is like the pain of an elbow, very sharp, but lafts only a short time.
DOLORCI'LLO, f. m. a little pain or grief.
DOLORIDO, adj. full of pain, afflicted.
DOLORIO'SO, adj. painful, tormenting, forrowful. Obf.
DOLOROSAME'NTE, adv. painfully, forrowfully, grievoufly.
DOLORO'SO, adj. painful, forrowful, grievous.
DOLOSAME'NTE, adv. deceitfully, craftily, fraudulently.
DOLO'SO, adj. fraudulent, deceitful, knavish.

D O M

DOMA'BLE, adj. that may be tamed.
DOMADO'R, f. m. a tamer, one that breaks horfes.
DOMADU'RA, f. f. a taming.
DOMA'R, v. a. to tame, to fubdue, to overcome.
DOMEñA'R, v. a. to bear a rule over; fometimes taken in the contrary fenfe; that is, to fubmit.
DOMESTICAME'NTE, adv. familiarly.

DOMESTICA'R, v. a. to tame, to make gentle or familiar.
DOME'STICO, adj. tame, gentle, familiar.
DOMESTIQUE'Z, f. m. tameneſs, gentleneſs.
DOMICILIA'DO, adj. of or belonging to an habitation.
DOMICILIA'RIO, f. m. who has an habitation or ſettlement in any place.
DOMICI'LIO, f. m. a dwelling, an habitation.
DOMINACIO'N, f. f. command, ſovereignty, power.
Dominaciónes, f. f. pl. one of the choirs of angels.
DOMINADO'R, f. m. a commander who has power over others.
DOMINA'NTE, f. m. that has ſovereignty over.
DOMINA'R, v. a. to lord, to command, to have power.
DOMINATI'VO, adj. having power, government, or ſuperiority; alſo dominative, imperious, inſolent.
DO'MINE, f. m. ſir, uſed among boys in ſchool to mean the maſter.
DOMI'NGO, f. m. Sunday.
DOMINGUE'RO, adj. belonging to Sunday.
DOMINGUI'LLO, f. m. a figure of ſtraw covered with old rags, with a ſpear in its hand like a ſoldier, ſet up at the bull-feaſts for the bull to toſs.
DOMINI'CA, f. f. Sunday; a word uſed by eccleſiaſtics.
DOMINICA'L, adj. belonging to Sunday.
Letra dominicál, the dominical letter.
DOMINI'COS, f. m. pl. the Dominicans, a religious order.
DOMI'NIO, f. m. dominion, rule, power, lordship.
DOMO, f. the dome of a church.

D O N

DON, f. m. a title given to gentlemen, and perſons in poſts of honour. Formerly reſtrained to ſome particular great families, now grown more common.
Don, f. m. a gift.
DONA, f. f. the ſame as *dueña*.
DONACIO'N, f. f. donation, gift.
DONADIO, f. m. vide *DONACIO'N*.
DONA'DO, f. m. a lay-brother among friars.
DONADO'R, f. m. a giver.
DONA'IRE, f. m. grace, gracefulneſs, prettineſs, pleaſingneſs of behaviour, elegance, airineſs, delightful levity, lightneſs, gaiety.
DONAIROSAME'NTE, adv. with elegance, with grace, with an airineſs, wittily, pleaſingly.
DONAIRO'SO, adj. graceful, pleaſing, elegant, lightſome, airy, gay, witty.
DONA'R, v. a. to give.
DONATA'RIO, f. m. he that has the beſtowing of a dole, or the like.
DONATI'VO, f. m. a donative, a free gift, a dole, a diſtribution among many.
DO'NCAS, adv. obſ. then.
DONCE'L, f. m. a young man, a page, a bachelor.
DONCE'LLA, f. f. a girl, a laſs, a maid, a maiden, a virgin, waiting-maid.
DONCELLE'Z, } *DONCELLERI'A*, } f. f. the maidenly ſtate or condition, the ſtate of a girl, virginity, maiden-head.
DONCELLI'CA, } *DONCELLI'TA*, } f. f. diminutive of *doncella*.
DONCELLIDUEñA, f. f. an old maid that gets married.
DONCELLUE'CA, f. f. a mature or full grown maid, an elderly maid.
DONCELLUE'LA, f. f. diminutive of *doncella*.
DO'NDE, adv. where, or whither.
Dónde quiéra, whereſoever.
Hácia dónde, } *Por dónde*, } where, wither.
DONILLE'RO, f. m. a gameſter, a ſharper at play.
DONOSAME'NTE, adv. pleaſantly, wittily.
DONOSIDA'D, f. m. gracefulneſs.
DONO'SO, adj. pleaſant, witty.

D O Ñ

DOñA, pron. fem. the title of honour for a lady.

D O R

DORA'DA, f. f. a fiſh ſo called.
DORADE'RA, f. f. leaf-gold.
DORADI'LLA, f. f. the fiſh called a bream; alſo the herb called mule's fern.
DORA'DO, p. p. gilt.
Dorádo, f. m. a fiſh called a dory, or gilt-head.
DORADO'R, f. m. gilder.
DORADU'RA, f. f. the gilding.
DORA'L, f. m. a bird all white, of the bigneſs of a fowl a great enemy to flies.
DORA'R, v. a. to gild; to put a good gloſs upon a thing.
DO'RICO, *orden*, the Doric order in architecture.
DORMI'DA, f. f. ſleeping, reſt in ſleep.
DORMIDE'RAS, f. f. pl. ſleepineſs; diſpoſition to ſleep.
Dormidéra marina, the ſea-poppy.
DORMIDE'RO, adj. ſleepy.
DORMI'DO, p. p. ſlept or aſleep
DORMIDO'R, f. m. a ſleeper.
DORMIDU'RA, f. f. ſleep.
DORMIE'NTE, p. act. of *dormir*.
DORMI'LLO, f. m. vide *DORNAJO*.
DORMILO'N, f. m. a great ſleeper.
DORMI'R, v. n. to ſleep.
Dormir a ſuéño ſuélto, or *a piérna tendida*, to ſleep ſound without any care.
Dormir cómo un lirón, to ſleep like a dormouſe.
Dormir con mugér, to lie with a woman.
Domir un negócio, is for a buſineſs to be laid aſide.
Dormir la zórra, ó el vino, to ſleep away drunkenneſs.
No dormirſe en las pájas, v. r. not to be negligent or careleſs in one's buſineſs.

Prov. *Contigo duérme, contigo cóme, qu'én te los póne*, he, or ſhe that cuckolds you, eats and lies with you. Warning to one that has an enemy in the houſe.

Prov. *Quién múcho duérme, póco aprénde*, he who ſleeps much, learns little. Sluggards are never good ſcholars.

DORMI'RLAS, f. f. pl. the children's play called hide and feek.
DORMITA'R, v. n. to nod, to flumber.
DORMITI'VO, f. m. a fleeping potion.
DORMITO'RIO, f. m. a dormitory, in religious houfes, a fleeping place.
DORNA'JO, *DORNI'LLO*, } f. m. a troug.
DO'RSO, f. m. the back.

D O S

DO'S, f. m. tow.
De dòs en dòs, by two and two.
Dòs tánto, twice as much.
Dós vecés, twice.
Dós añál, two years old.
A dós mánes, both hands.
DOSE'L, f. m. cánopy.
DOSELE'RA, the hanging of a canopy.
DO'SIS, f. f. a dofe of phyfic.

D O T

DOTACIO'N, f. f. a foundation, a revenue fettled and eftablished for any purpofe, particularly charity.
Dotación de navios, the foldiers, feamen's victuals and rigging neceffary for a ship of war.
DOTADO'R, f. m. who endows or fettles a revenue.
DOTA'L, adj. belonging to a dower or portion.
DOTA'R, v. a. to endow, to give a dowry, or portion; metaph. to poffefs the noble endowments of nature.
El cielo le ha dotádo de nobles partes, heaven hath adorned him with noble parts.
DO'TE, f. m. a dowry, a woman's portion.
Dótes de naturaléza, endowments of nature.
DO'TO, adj. vide *DO'CTO*.
DOTO'R, f. m. vide *DOCTO'R*.
DOTRI'NA, f. f. vide *DOCTRI'NA*.
DOTRINA'R, v. a. to teach, to inftruct.
DOTTOYA'N, f. m. a tree in the Philippine iflands.

D O V

DOVE'LA, f. f. one of the two furfaces of an arch.

D O Z

DOZA'VO, adj. belonging to the twelfth part of any thing.

D R A

DRA'BA, f. f. the herb yellow crefs.
DRACHMA, f. f. a drachm, the eighth part of an ounce.
DRAGA'NTE, f. f. gum dragacanth; alfo a loop on the shoulder to faften a belt to.
DRA'GMA, f. f. vide *DRACHMA*.
DRA'GO, f. m. a tree in the Eaft and Weft Indies.
Sángre de drágo, vide *SA'NGRE*.
Bóca del drágo, vide *BO'CA*.
DRAGOMA'N, f. m. an interpreter.
DRAGO'N, f. m. a dragon.
DRAGO'NA, f. f. a shoulder-knot.
Dragónes, f. m. pl. dragoons, mufqueteers mounted to ferve either on horfeback or on foot.
DRAGONA'L, f. m. a shrub in the Canary iflands.
DRAGO'NCIA, f. f. *DRAGU'NCIA*, or *DRAGONTE'A*, the herb taragon.
Dragóncia menor, the herb wakerobin.
DRAGONTE'A, f. f. dragonwort; alfo a kind of generous wine.
DRAMA, f. f. a dram, ufed in fome parts; the right Caftilian word is *adarme*.
Dráma, f. m. comedy.
DRAMA'TICO, adj. dramatic, comical, or belonging to plays.
DRA'SGO, f. m. Robin Goodfellow, a good-natured fort of fpirit fome people imagine haunts houfes.

D R E

DRE'YTO, f. m. obf. for *Derécho*.

D R I

DRIZA'R, v. a. to unfold the fails of a ship.
DRI'ZAS, f. f. pl. the haillards, being the ropes by which they hoift all the yards in a ship, except the crofs-tack and the fpritfail-yard.

D R O

DRO'GA, f. f. any fort of drug.
DROGUERI'A, f. f. a druggift's shop.
DROGUE'RO, f. m. a druggift.
DROGUE'TE, f. m. a drugget, a cloth fo called.
DROGUI'STA, f. m. a cheat, an impoftor; alfo a druggift.
DROMEDA'L, *DROMEDA'RIO*, } f. m. a dromedary, a for of camel.

D R U

DRU'IDAS, f. m. pl. the druids; priefts anciently in Gaul and Britain.

D R Y

DRYADES, f. f pl. the nymphs of the woods and mountains.

D U A

DUA'N, f. m. the fupreme council of the Turks.
DUA'NA, f. f. vide *ADUA'NA*.
DUA'R, f. m. a cottage.
DU'AS, obf. for *dos*.

D U B

DUBIEDA'D, f. f. doubt.
DU'BIO, f. m. a doubtful thing.
DUBITA'BLE, adj. that can be doubted.

D U C

DUC, f. m. a duke. Obf.
DUCA'DO, f. m. a dukedom; alfo a coin called a ducat.
Prov. *Si quiéres ver quánto vale un ducádo, búfcalo prestádo*, if you

would know the value of a ducat, try to borrow one. The difficulty in borrowing shews how valuable money is.

DUCA'L, adj. belonging to a duke.

DUCHA, f. f. so much of a meadow mowed in a straight line by a number of mowers a in given time.

DUCHO, adj. obf. ufed, accuftomed, habituated, dextrous.

DUCIENTOS, adj. pl. vide *DOCIENTOS*.

DUCI'R, v. a. to lead, to guide, conduct, shew.

DUCTO'R, f. m. guide, leader; among furgeons, it is the conductor or inftrument to direct the knife in cutting.

DUCTRI'Z, f. f. a woman who guides.

D U D

DU'DA, f. f. a doubt.

DUDA'BLE, adj. doubtful.

DUDA'NZA, f. f. obf. vide *DUDA*.

DUDA'R, v. a. to doubt.

DUDOSAME'NTE, adv. doubtfully.

DUDO'SO, adj. doubtful, uncertain.

D U E

DUE'CHO, adj. vide *DU'CHO*.

DUE'LA, f. f. a ftaff, a board for a cask. In architecture, the flat panes or pannels in the work.

DUELI'STA, f. m. one who knows the laws of duelling, and boafts of it.

DUE'LO, f. m. a duel, fingle combat, the point of honour which obliges men to fight.

Duélo, f. m. forrow, mourning, grief, trouble.

Duélos y quebrántos, forrows and troubles.

DUE'NDA, adj. without a fting.

DUE'NDE, f. m. a fabled being, fuppofed to appear in a human form.

DUENDECI'LLO, f. m. diminutive of *duénde*.

DUENDERI'A, f. f. the tricks of gobblings ands ghofts.

DUE'NDO, adj. tame; foolish.

DUE'ñA, f. f. any widow lady, or the miftrefs of a family; an ancient widow they keep in great houfes in Spain, for grandeur.

Duéña, feminine of *duéño*, a miftrefs, or the lady that owns any thing.

DUEñESCO, adj. belonging to a *duéña*.

DUE'ñO, f. m. the mafter, owner, or proprietor of any thing, the mafter of the houfe, a mafter of fervants.

Prov. *Qual el duéño, tal el pérro*, fuch as the mafter is, fuch is the dog, like mafter, like man.

DUE'RNA, f. f a kneading-trough.

D U L

DU'LA, f. f. a common herd, or flock.

DU'LCE, adj. fweet.

Dulce, f. m. fweet-meat.

DULCEDUMBRE, f. f. fweetnefs.

DULCEME'NTE, adv. fweetly.

DULCE'ZA, f. f fweetnefs.

DULCI'LLO, adj. fweetish.

DULCI'SONO, adj. that has a fweet found.

DULE'RO, f. m. the shepherd who takes care of the flock.

DULI'A, f. f. worship or honour, fuch as fervants pay to their mafters.

DULZA'INA, a flute, a fort of mufical pipe.

DULZO'R, f. m. } fweetnefs.
DULZU'RA, f. f. }

DULZURA'R, v. a. to fweeten; alfo to mitigate, to lenify.

D U N

DU'NAS, f. f. pl. downs, fandy hills, or the low ground along the fea-fide.

DUNETA, f. f. the higheft part of the ftern of a ship.

D U O

DU'O, f. m. in mufic, a duo, a two-part compofition.

DUODECI'MO, adj. belonging to the twelfth.

DUOS, adj. obf. vide *DOS*.

D U P

DU'PA, f. m. in cant, a fool, an ideot.

DU'PLA, f. f. a mufical word; proportion.

Dúpla, f. f. the more than ordinary allowance of provifion in colleges; an exceeding day.

DU'PLICA, f. f. a duplicate.

DUPLICACIO'N, f. f. doubling.

DUPLICADAME'NTE, adv. doubly.

DUPLICA'DO, f. m. vide *DU'PLICA*.

DUPLICA'R, v. a. to double.

DUPLICIDA'D, f. f. duplicity.

DU'PLO, adj. twofold; double.

D U Q

DU'QUE, f. m. a duke.

DUQUECI'TO, f. m. diminut. of *dúque*.

DUQUE'SA, f. f. duchefs.

D U R

DU'RA, f. f. laftingnefs.

Cósa de múcha dúra, a very lafting ting.

DURA'BLE, adj. durable, lafting.

DURACIO'N, f. f. continuance, endurance.

DURA'DA, f. f. duration.

DURADERAME'NTE, adv. laftingly, durably, in a lafting manner.

DURADE'RO, adj. lafting.

DURAME'NTE, adv. hardly.

DURA'NDO, f. m. a kind of cloth fo called.

DURA'R, v. n. to laft.

DURATO'N, adj. in cant, hard.

DURAZNI'TO, f. m. a little peach.

DURA'ZNO, f. m. a peach, or the peach-tree.

DURE'TA, f. f. obf. the feat formetly ufed in a bath.

DURE'ZA, f. f. folidity, hardnefs; obftinacy, ftubbornnefs.

DURI'LLO, adj. hardish, folid.

Durillo relevante, an affected manner of writing or fpeaking.

DURINDA'NA, f. f. in cant, juftice, the officers of juftice, or a fword.

DURIO'N, f. m. a fort of fruit growing in feveral parts of the Eaft Indies.

DURLI'NES, f. m. pl. in cant, officers of juftice.

DURMIE'NTE, f. m. a fleeper, or he that fleeps.

DU'RO, adj. hard, cruel, niggardly, unmerciful.

DU'ROS., f. m. pl. in cant, shoes; alfo lashes.

D U X

DUX, f. m. obf. a duke.

D U Z

DUZA'INA, f. f. vide *DUIZA'INA*.

D Y N

DYNASTI'A, f. f. dynafty, government, fovereignty.

D Y S

DYSGRACI'A, f. f. an unequal mixture of elements in the blood or nervous juice.

DYSENTE'RIA, f. f. the bloody flux.

DYSENTE'RICO, adj. of or belonging to the bloody flux.

DYSU'RIA, f. f. difficulty of making urine.

E

E, the fifth letter in the alphabet, and the second of the vowels. In old Spanish ballads, they used to add this letter at the end of some words, to make out a verse, or to rhyme, as *amóre* for *amor olvidare* for *olvidar*.

E, was anciently used for *Y*.

E A

EA, interj. go to.
Ea pues, *Ea sus*, } go to then.
Ea is used sometimes to encourage or excite a person; as, *ea, buen Sancho, dixo la duquésa, buen animo*, come on, Sancho, says the duchess, be of good courage.
Prov. *Con ótro ea llegaméros à la aldea*, with another go on; we shall arrive at the village; that is; be of good cheer, we shall obtain what we desire by patience and application.

E B A

EBANIFICA'R, v. a. to make any wood as smooth as ebon.
EBANI'STA, f. m. the man who works on ebon.
E'BANO, f. m. ebon, or eben, a hard heavy, black, valuable wood.

E B E

EBE'NO, f. m. ebon.

E B I

EBI'LLA, f. f. vide *HEVI'LLA*.

E B R

EBRANCA'DO, adj. in heraldry, disbranched.
EBRIEDA'D, f. f. drunkenness.

E'BRIO, adj. drunken.

E B U

EBULLICIO'N, f. f. ebullition; the art of boiling up with heat.
EBU'RNEO, made of ivory, white as ivory.

E C E

ECEDE'R, v. n. vide *EXCEDE'R*.
ECELE'NTE, adj. vide *EXCELLE'NTE*.
ECELENTEME'NTE, adv. vide *EXCELENTEME'NTE*.
ECELENCIA, f. f. vide *EXCELE'NCIA*.
ECELSITU'D, f. f. vide *EXCELSITU'D*.
ECE'LSO, adj. vide *EXCE'LSO*.
ECE'NTO, adj. exempt, free.
ECESSI'VO, adj. excessive.
ECE'SSO, f. m. an excess.
ECETA'R, v. a. vide *EXCEPTA'R*.

E C H

ECHA, f. f. adverbially used, this time.
ECHACA'NTOS, f. m. a fool, a rattleheaded fellow.
ECHACORVERI'A, f. f. pimping, procuring.
ECHACUE'RVOS, f. m. a pimp, a cheating fellow.
ECHA'DA, f. f. a cast, throw.
ECHADERO, f. m. a place to lie down.
ECHADI'ZO, f. m. cast out, laid in the way designedly; also one that is sent with a design to observe other men's words and actions, to pry into their beaviour; a spy.
ECHADO'R, f. m. he that casts or throws.
ECHADU'RA, f. f. } a casting, or throwing.
ECHAMIE'NTO, f. m. } a casting, or throwing.
ECHA'R, v. a. to cast, to throw, to pour out.
Echár al palácio, to take all in good part, to make a jest of what is said.
Echár al cuérvo, to deceive, to impose upon.
Echár suértes, to cast lots.
Echár acuéstas, to take upon one's back.
Echárle máno, to lay hold of.
Echár renuévos, to bud out, to sprout.
Echár suelas a los zapátos, to sole shoes.
Echár plúmas, to put out feathers as birds do.
Echár fuéra, to cast out.
Echár a fondo, to sink.
Echar cántos, to rave, to be mad.
Echár máno, to lay hand upon one's sword.
Echár chíspas, to sparkle as hot iron beaten; to be so angry, as if sparks of fire flew out at one's eyes.
Echár candádos, to have a house shut up with a padlock on the door by order of justice.
Echár púllas, to rally one another.
Echár china, to drop a stone; to keep reckoning how often a man drinks.
Echár de la gloriósá, to tell many boasting false tales.
Echár fáma, to spread a report.
Echár grillos, to fetter, to shackle.
Echár bándo, to make proclamation.
Echár la cuénta, to make the account.
Echár el séllo, to seal; metaph. to conclude any affair.
Echár las cábras, to lay to one's charge.
Echár la brívia, to cant, as prating beggars do.
Echár a mal, to throw away.
Echár en un rincón, to cast into a corner, to despise, to condemn.
Echár vino, to fill, or pour out wine.
Echár a párte, to lay aside, to exclude.
Echár ménos, to miss a thing.
Echár a máno derécha, ò a la izquiérda, to take the right, or left-hand away.

Echa y derruéca, a drunken expression used among sottish bullies, signifying fill, and down with it.
Echárse a dormir, to lie down to sleep.
Echárse en la cáma, to lie down in bed.
Echárse con la cárga; to lie down under the burthen; metaph. to have more troubles than a man is able to bear.
Echárse al água, to plunge into the water; metaph. to venture upon any dangerous, or difficult enterprize.
Echárse con úna mugér, to have to do with a woman.
Echárse los pánes, is for te corn to be lodged by rain, wind, &c.
Echárse de ver úna cósa, is for a thing to be perceived, or understood.
ECHENEI'S, *ECHINE'IS*, } f. m. a small fish, reported to have such a quality, that it will stop a ship under sail.
ECHI'NO, f. m. a sea-urchin, a kind of crab-fish.
ECHI'ZO, f. m. vide *HECHI'ZO*.
E'CHO, f. f. or m. vide *ECO*.

E C L

ECLESIA'STES, f. m. the book of Ecclesiastes in the Bible.
ECLESIASTICAME'NTE, adv. ecclesiastically.
ECLESIA'STICO, f. m. a churchman, an ecclesiastical person, a clergyman; also the book of Ecclesiasticus in the Bible.
ECLIPSA'BLE, adj. that may be eclipsed.
ECLIPSA'R, v. a. to eclipse.
ECLI'PSE, f. m. an eclipse of the sun or moon.
ECLI'PSIS, f. f. a figure in rhethoric, when some word is omitted, but understood.
ECLI'PTICA, f. f. the ecliptic; a line cuting the zodiac in two.
ECLO'GA, f. f. an eclogue, a pastoral poem.

E C O

ECO, f. m. an echo, the rebound of the last part of the voice or sound.
ECONOMI'A, f. f. œconomy, the government of a house or family.
ECONOMICAME'NTE, adv. orderly, with œconomy.
ECONO'MICO, adj. belonging to the œconomy, or the government of a house or family.
ECO'NOMO, f. m. a steward, a master of a house, or that governs a family.

E C T

ECTHLI'PSIS, f. f. a figure which denotes the cutting off the letter M when a vowel follows it.

E C U

ECU'LEO, f. m. an engine of torture, a rack.
ECUME'NICO, adj. œcumenical, the title given to all general councils of the church.

E D A

EDA'D, f. f. age.

E D E

EDE'NIA, f. f. a soft swelling full of humours.
EDÉMATOSO, adj. full of humours.

E D I

EDICIO'N, f. f. an edition of a book.
EDI'CTO, f. m. an edict, a proclamation.
EDIFICACIO'N, f. f. edification.
EDIFICADO'R, f. m. a builder, an edifier.
EDIFICA'R, v. a, to build, to edify.
EDIFICATI'VO, adj. that is edifying.
EDIFICATO'RIO, adj. belonging to an edifice, or building.
EDIFI'CIO, f. m. edifice, building, structure.
EDI'L, f. m. an edile or officer in Rome.
EDILIDA'D, f. f. the dignity of an edile.
EDI'TO, f. m. edict, proclamation.

E D U

EDUCACIO'N, f. f. education.
EDUCA'R, v. a. to educate, to bring up.
EDUCCIO'N, f. f. a deduction or consequence drawn from one or more propositions laid down.
EDUCI'R, v. a, to bring forth.

E F E

EFECTIVAME'NTE, adv. really, effectually.
EFECTI'VO, adj. effectual.
EFE'CTO, f. m. effect.
EFECTUA'L, adj. effectual.
EFECTUALME'NTE, adv. effectually.
EFECTUA'R, v. a. to effectuate, to fulfil.
EFE'MERA, f. f. a quotidian, a daily ague.
EFEME'RIDES, f. f. pl. a journal, or daily account, the calculation of the daily motions of the stars.
EFEMINA'R, v. a. to effeminate, to make womanish.
EFE'TO, f. m. an effect.
No tuvo eféto el negócio, the business did not succeed.
En eféto, in conclusion, in short.
EFETUA'R, v. a. to effect, to bring to pass, to execute.

E F F

EFFRENA'DO, adj. incorrigible.
EFFRENAMIE'NTO, f. m. incorrigibleness, extravagance.

E F I

EFICA'CIA, } f. f. efficacy.
EFICACIDA'D, }
EFICA'Z, adj. efficacious.
EFICAZME'NTE, adv. efficaciously.
EFICIE'NCIA, f. f. power, or capacity of doing any thing.
EFICIE'NTE, adj. efficient, causing.
EFICIENTEME'NTE, adv. effectually.
EFIGIE, f. f. effigy, figure.
EFIME'RA, f. f. a fever of a day.

E F L

EFLUICIO'N, f. m. running, or flowing over; alfo the effluvia emitted from any body.
EFLUXIO'N, f. f. exhalation, evaporation, efflux.

E F U

EFU'GIO, f. m. efcape, evafion.
EFULGE'NCIA, f. f. brightnefs, fplendor.
EFUNDI'R, v. a. to pour out, to fhed, to fpill.
EFUSIO'N, f. f. pouring out, fhedding or fpilling.
EFU'SO, p. p. of *efundir*.

E G I

EGILO'PE, f. f. a weed that grows among corn, darnel, wild oats.
EGI'RA, f. f. hegira, the epocha or account of time ufed by the Mahometans.

E G L

EGLO'GA, f. f. an eclogue, a paftoral.

E G R

EGREGIAME'NTE, adv. egregioufly, eminently, ina remarkable or extraordinary manner.
EGRE'GIO, adj. egregious, famous, remarkable, notable.
EGRESSIO'N, f. f. going out.

E G Y

EGYPCIA'NO, f. m. a gypfy.

E L

EL, *ELLA*, *ELLO*, pron. adj.
EL is ufed in Spanish to fpeak to inferior perfons, in the third perfon, when he that fpeaks will not allow the title of *vueftra mercèd*, as too much, or be fo blunt as to fay downright *vos*, or *tu*, that is you, or thou; then he fays *el*, fpeaking in the third perfon, which is a medium between both.
El, art. maf. the; as, *el hómbre*, the man; *el tiémpo*; the weather &c.
El mifmo, or *el mifmo*, the fame, or he himfelf.

E L A

ELA, adv. demonf. behold. Ex. *Ela aqui*, behold her, here fhe is.
ELABORA'DO, adj. perfect, complete, worked out, finished, elaboráte.
ELACIO'N, f. f. pride, haughtinefs.
ELACO'TE, f. m. gum maftick.
ELA'SRE, f. m. the mapletree.
ELASTICAMENTE, adv. in an elaftic manner.
ELASTICIDA'D, f. f. elafticity, force in bodies, by which they endeavour to reftore themfelves.
ELA'STICO, adj. elaftic, fpringy, having the power of returning to the form from which it is diftorted.
ELATE'RIO, f. m. a ftrong purge.
ELA'TINE, f. f. a weed growing among corn like to withwind, called running buckwort.
ELA'TO, adj. proud, haughty.

E L E

ELEBO'RO, f. m. the herb hellebore, whereof there are two forts, black and white.
ELECCIO'N, f. f. election, choice.
ELE'CHO, f. m. the plant called fern, of which there are feveral forts.
ELECTI'VO, adj. elective, to be chofen.
ELE'CTO, adj. elected, chofen.
ELECTO'R, f. m. an elector.
Electóres del império, the electors of the empire.
ELECTORA'DO, f. m. the eftates belonging, to an elector.
ELECTORA'L, adj. belonging to an elector.
ELECTRICIDA'D, f. f. electricity, property in bodies fo called.
ELE'CTRICO, adj. electric, electrical, produced by an electric body.
ELECTRI'Z, f. f. the confort of an elector.
ELE'CTRO, f. m. amber, which having the quality, when warmed by friction, or attracting bodies, gave to one fpecies of attraction the name of electricity; alfo gold mixed with filver.
ELECTUA'RIO, f. m. an electuary.
ELEFA'NCIA, f. f. elephantiafis, a fpecies of leprofy fo called.
ELEFA'NTE, f. m. an elephant, the largeft of all quadrupeds.
ELEFANTI'NO, adj. belonging to an alephant.
ELEGA'NCIA, f. f. elegance.
ELEGA'NTE, adj. elegant, nice, handfome.
ELEGANTEME'NTE, adv. elegantly.
ELEGI'A, f. f. an elegy, a mournful fong.
ELEGI'ACQ, adj. elegiac, belonging to a mournful fong.
ELEGIBILIDA'D, f. f. elegibility, elegiblenefs, worthinefs to be chofen.

ELEGIBLE; adj. eligible, fit to be chosen, preferable.
ELEGIDO'R, f. m. obf. elector.
ELEGI'R, v. a. to elect, to chufe.
ELEGO, adj. elegiac, fad, mournful, weeping, full of forrow.
ELEMENTA'DO, adj. that partakes or belongs to the elements.
ELEME'NTA'L, adj. belonging to the elements.
ELEME'NTO, f. m. an element.
ELE'MI, f. m. gum elemi.
ELE'NCO, f. m. the index at the end of a boock, which leads to all the principal matters in it.
ELEPHA'NCIA, f. f. a fpecies of leprofy fo called.
ELEPHA'NTE, f. m. an elephant.
ELEVACIO'N, f. f. elevation, lifting up, raifing, preferment; alfo pride.
ELEVADO, adj. in rapture, befides himfelf, in divine contemplation; alfo elevated, lifted up, raifed, preferred, and proud.
ELEVAMIE'NTO, f. m. lifting, raifing, preferment, pride; but moft properly a rapture.
ELEVA'R, v. a. to raife, to lift, to elevate, to prefer to be proud.
Elevárfe, v. r. to be in a rapture, in divine contemplation.

E L I

ELIDI'R, v. a. to cut off.
ELIGIDO'R, f. m. an elector, one who chufes or elects.
ELIXI'R, f. m. an elixir; a medicine ufed in phyfic, an extract or quinteffence of any thing; alfo any cordial.

E L O

ELOCUCIO'N, f. f. elocution, elegance in expreffion, power of expreffion or diction.
ELOGIA'R, v. a. to aggrandize, to extol, to praife, to commend.
ELO'GIO, f. m. an elogy, a commendation, a fpeech or verfes made in praife of one.
ELONGACIO'N, f. f. a lengthening or removing afar off.
ELOQüENCIA, f. f. eloquence.
ELOQüE'NTE, adj. eloquent.
ELOQüENTEME'NTE, adv. eloquently.

E L S

E'LSINE, f. f. the herb pollitory of the wall.

E L U

ELUCIDACIO'N, f. f. comment, glofs, elucidation, explanation, expofition.
ELUDI'R, v. a. to elude, to fhift off, to dally, to avoid in words.
ELUZE'RO, adj. obf. bright, fhining.

E L Y

ELYPSE, f. f. an ellipfis, an oval figure generated from the fection of a cone by a plane cutting both fides of the cone, but not parallel to the bafe, and meeting with the bafe when produced.
ELYPTICO, adj. elliptical, elliptic.
ELYSIOS CA'MPOS, pl. the Elyfian Fields.

E M A

EMANACIO'N, f. f. an emanation.
EMANADE'RO, f. m. origin, fountain, beginning.
EMANA'R, v. a. to flow, to proceed from.
EMANCIPACIO'N, f. f. making free.
EMANCIPADAME'NTE, adv. with fuch a paternal power as can fet a fon free.
EMANCIPA'R, v. a. to make free from bondage.

E M B

EMBABIAMIE'NTO, f. m. ftupidity.
EMBABUCA'R, v. a. vide *EMBAUCA'R*.
EMBADURNA'R, v. a. to daub, to anoint, to fmear.
EMBAIDO'R, f. m. an impoftor, a fharper, a cheater.
EMBAIMIE'NTO, f. m. cheating, deceiving.
EMBAI'R, v. a. to cheat, to deceive, to impofe upon.
EMBALA'R, v. a. to pack up goods or any other thing.
EMBALIJA'R, v. a. to pack up in a portmanteau.
EMBALLENADO'R, f. m. a ftaymaker.
EMBALLENA'R, v. a. to make ftays.
EMBALLESTA'DO, f. m. a contraction of the nerves and finews in horfes, affes, &c.
EMBALME'RO, f. m. vide *EMBALSAMADOR*.
EMBALSADE'RO, f. m. a pond, or pool made by the falling of the rain.
EMBALSAMADO'R, f. m. an embalmer.
EMBALSAMA'R, v. a. to embalm, to impregnate a body with aromatics, that it may refift putrefaction.
EMBALSA'R, v. a. to put cattle in ponds, or pools, to wash.
EMBALUMA'R, v. a. to load any beaft with inequality.
EMBANASTA'R v. a. to put any, thing in a basket.
Embanaftarfe, v. r. to throw up the cards at the game called *hombre*.
EMBARACI'LLO, f. m. diminutive of *embarazo*.
EMBARAZADAMENTE, adv with embaraffment, with difficulty, awk-wardly, bashfully.
EMBARAZADO'R, f. m. a troublefome perfon.
EMBARAZA'R, v. a. to incumber, to intangle, to ftop, to hinder.
EMBARAZ'O, f. m. incumbrance, ftopping, intangling, hindrance.

EMBARAZOSAME'NTE, adv. difficultly, with obstruction.
EMBARAZO'SO, adj. incumbring, troublesome, intangling.
EMBARBASCA'R, v. a. to stick in the ground, as the plough does against any root; to be gravelled in business, to intoxicate; also to make fish drunk; also to dim, to sully, to trouble.
EMBARCACIO'N, s. f. the shipping of men, or goods; also any sort of vessel.
EMBARCADE'RO, s. m. a place to ship off men, or goods.
EMBARCADO'R, s. m. who embarks any merchandise.
EMBARCADU'RA, s. f. the shipping off men or goods.
EMBARCA'R, v. a. to ship, to embark.
Embarcárse en un negócio, to imbark in an affair, to engage one's self in it.
EMBAR'CO, s. m. the action of shipping any goods, &c.
EMBARGACIO'N, s. f. an embargo, stopping, staying, arresting.
EMBARGADO'R, s. m. one who lays an arrest or embargo on goods.
EMBARGAMIE'NTO, s. m. an obstruction, an hindrance, a stoppage, an impediment.
EMBARGA'NTE, adj. which stops, stays, or arrests.
No embargánte, notwithstanding.
EMBARGA'R, v. a. to lay an embárgo, arrest, a stop, a stay.
Sin embargó, adv. nevethelefs.
EMBARNECE'R, v. n. to grow fat, lusty, and strong.
EMBARNIZADO'R, s. m. a varnisher.
EMBARNIZADU'RA, s. f. a varnishing.
EMBARNIZA'R, v. a. to varnish; also to paint the face, as women do.
EMBARRADO'R, s. m. a dauber.
EMBARRADUR'A, s. f. a daubing.
EMBARRA'R, v. a. to daub, properly with clay, but used for any other daubing.
EMBARRILA'R, v. a. to put in a barrel.
EMBASAMIENTO, s. m. a term in architecture for the basis.
EMBASTA'R, v. a. to sow with thick thread.
EMBASTARDA'R, v. n. to degenerate.
EMBASA'RSE, v. r. to be immoveable, to stop one's self suddenly, as in a surprise.
EMBA'TE, s. m. a beating against a thing; as.
Embáte de la mar, the beating of the sea.
Embáte de la fortúna, crossness of fortune.
ENBATIMIE'NTO, s. m. a beating against, as of the water, &c.
EMBATI'R, v. a. to beat upon, as the waves of the sea, &c. from *batir*, to beat.
EMBAUCADO'R, s. m. a cheat, a bantering fellow.
EMBAUCAMIE'NTO, s. m. bantering, cheating, amazing, stupifying.
EMBAUCA'R, v. a. to fool, to banter, to cheat, to impose upon, to amaze, to stupify.
EMBAU'CO, s. m. fallacy, deceit, fraud, imposition.
EMBAULA'R, v. a. to put into a trunk; to cram meat into the belly.
EMBAUSAMIE'NTO, s. m. amazement, astonishment.
EMBAXA'DA, s. f. an embassy.
EMBAXADO'R, s. m. an ambassador.
EMBAZADO'R, s. m. one that makes things brown.
EMBAZADU'RA, s. f. making brown; also surprising, astonishing.
EMBAZA'R, v. a. to make brown, also to surprise, to astonish; also to stop, or detain.
Embazárse, v. r. to be surprised, or astonished, to lose one's breath, or pant for breath.
EMBEBECE'R, v. a. to make stupid, to astonish, or surprise.
EMBEBECIDAME'NTE, adv. inadvertently, in amazement.
EMBEBECIMIE NTO, s. m. a forgetting one's self; also a sucking in of liquor.
EMBEBE'R, v. a. to attract, to shrink, to suck; also to contain.
Embebérse, v. r. to be very well pleased with one thing, to be wrapt up in thinking.
EMBECADU'RA, s. f. in architecture, the space made by the turning off of an arch or vault, and the upright of the wall it rests on.
EMBELECADO'R, s. m. one who defrauds, cheats, or imposes on another.
EMBELECA'R, v. a. to cheat, to impose upon, to defraud.
EMBELE'CO, s. m. a fraud a deceit, an imposition, an inveigling, or insinuating, with an intent to impose on.
EMBELEñA'DO, adj. that is base, or mean-spirited.
EMBELESAMIE'NTO, s. m. stupefaction, astonishment.
EMBELEZA'R, v. a. to surprise, to astonish.
EMBELE'SO, s. m. surprise, astonishment.
EMBELLAQUECE'RSE, v. r. to grow vicious.
EMBELLECE'R, v. a. to beautify, to adorn, to embellish.
EMBEODA'R, v. a. to make drunk.
Embeodárse, v. r. to get drunk.
EMBEODE'Z, s. f. drunkenness.
EMBEODE'Z, adj. fem. plur. in cant, beginning to grow ripe; said of grapes.
EMBERMEJA'R, } v. a. to make red.
EMBERMEJECE'R, }
EMBER'O, s. m. the colour of the grapes when ripe.
EMBE'RQUES, s. m. pl. the small ropes with which the sails are made fast to the yards, called the robbins.
EMBERRINCHA'RSE, v. r. to be in a passion, to fall in a passion.
EMBESTIA'R, v. n. to become brutal, or beastly.
EMBESTI'DA, s. f. violence; attack, assault.
EMBESTIDO'R, s. m. he who earnestly, eloquently, or importunately, begs you to lend him money or give him alms.

EMBESTIDU'RA, f. f. } atta-
EMBESTIMIENTO, f. m. } ck.
EMBESTI'R, v. a. to attack.
EMBETUNA'R, v. a. to daub with pitch, as they do the ships.
EMBEUDA'R, v. a. to be drunk.
EMBEVECE'R, v. a. vide *EMBEBECER*, and its derivatives.
EMBIADI'ZO, adj. that may be fent.
EMBIA'R, v. a. to bend the yards.
EMBICA'R, v. a. to bend the yards on board a ship in a particular manner.
EMBIDA'R, v. a. to vie at cards, fet at hazard; alfo to drink to.
Embidár el réfto, to throw at all at dice.
Embidár de falso, to trow a levant.
EMBI'DIA, f. f. envy.
EMBIDIA'R, v. a. to envy.
EMBIDIO'SO, adj. envious.
EMBIO'N, f. f. a ftroke that fends any thing from it, as a ball or the like; alfo the bird called martin.
EMBIONCI'TO, f. m. diminutive of *emblon*.
EMBI'TE, f. m. vying at any game, fetting a hazard; alfo drinking to, and tafting, or affaying.
EMBIXA'R, v. a. to anoint, to daub, to greafe, to tallow a ship.
EMBIZARRA'RSE, v. r. to boaft of courage, or bravery.
EMBLANDECE'R, v. a. to grow foft and tender.
EMBLANQUECE'R, v. a. to make white, to whiten.
Emblanquecérfe, v. r. to grow white.
EMBLANQUIMIE'NTO, f. m. growing white.
EMBLE'MA, f. m. an emblem, an allufive picture.
EMBLEMA'TICO, adj. that which is in the way of emblems, emblematic, emblematical.
EMBOBAMIE'NTO, f. m. an amazement.
EMBOBA'R, v. a. to attract, to draw all the attention of one.
Embobárfe, v. r. to be ftupified, gazing like a fool.
EMBOBECE'RSE, v. r. to turn fool.
EMBOBECIMIE'NTO, f. m. a turning fool.
EMBOCADE'RO, f. m. the narrow mouth, or paffage into any thing, or place; as a mouth leading into a bay, or the like.
EMBOCADU'RA, f. f. the entering, or going into a narrow paffage; alfo that part of the bridle that is in the mouth of a horfe.
EMBOCA'R, v. a. to get into the mouth of a paffage, as the mouth of a bag, or the like; alfo to pafs through a narrow place.
Embocár, to eat much, and in a hurry.
Embocár la cálle, to come juft into the end of a ftreet.
Embocár la bóla, to lay a bowl into the iron ring at trucks, or into the port at billiards, or the like.
Embocárfe, v. r. to be married, to bear the expences of a marriage.
EMBOCINA'DO, adj. made like a trumpet.
EMBODA'RSE, v. r. to marry, and fpend a deal of money on that account previous to the celebration.
EMBOLA'R, v. a. among gilders, to lay the bole on any thing to be gilt; to put balls on the tip of a bull's horns.
EMBOLI'SMO, f. m. a putting a month or a day between, as in leap-years; alfo a mixture of many things, a confufion.
E'MBOLO, f. m. the fucker of a pump, the embolus.
EMBOLSA'R, v. a. to put into a purfe.
EMBO'LSO, f. m. a putting of money in a purfe.
EMBOLTO'RIO, f. m. a bundle, a pack, a fardel.
EMBOLVEDO'R, f. m. a roller, or wrapper.
EMBOLVE'R, v. a. to wrap up, to roll up.
Embolvér un nino, to drefs a child in fwaddling cloaths.
Embolvér un hómbre a ótro, to wind a man about one's finger, to have an entire afcendant over him.
EMBOLVIMIE'NTO, f. m. a rolling, or wrapping.
EMBO'N, f. m. the sheating of a ship.
EMBONA'R, v. a. to sheath a ship; to cafe it with thin boards, and hair and tar laid between the fides, to keep the worms from eating through the planks.
EMBO'NO, f. m. among taylors, a piece of cloth that ferves to fortify a coat in the shoulders and other parts.
EMBO'QUE, f. m. the entring into a narrow place, or putting any thing into a narrow entrance.
Tenér la bóla en el embóque, to play the ball at billiards into the port ready to pafs; metaph. to be upon the point of compaffing an affair.
EMBORLADO'R, f. m. a taffelmaker.
EMBORLA'R, v. a. to put taffels to any thing.
EMBORNA'LES, f. m. pl. the skupper holes in a ship, which are clofe to the decks, through the ship's fides, trough which the water runs out off the decks.
EMBORRACA'R, v. a. to lap a fowl in flices of fat bacon, to roaft it.
EMBORRACHADO'R, f. m. one who makes another drunk.
EMBORRACHAMIE'NTO, f. m. a making drunk.
EMBORRACHA'R, v. a. to make drunk.
Emborrachárfe, v. r. to get drunk.
EMBORRA'R, v. a. to fill any thing with flocks, as in ftuffing of bedticks, or cushions.
EMBORRASCA'R, v. a. to make furious, or irritate, ftir up.
EMBORRICA'R, v. a. to make an afs of one.
Emborricárfe, v. r. to be embarraffed like an afs, that knows not whether to go forwards or backwards; to ftand foolishly not knowing what to do.
EMBORRIZA'R, to ftuff with flocks; from *bórra*, flocks.
EMBORULLA'RSE, v. r. to conteft, to reproach, to abufe.
EMBOSCA'DA, f. f. an ambush.
EMBOSCA'R, v. a. to lay an ambush, to get into a wood.
Embofcárfe, v. r. to go into the wood; alfo to lay in ambush.
EMBOTADO'R, f. m. one that makes dull or blunt.

EMBOTADU'RA, f. f. a making blunt, or dull.
EMBOTAMIE'NTO, f. m. dulling or blunting.
EMBOTA'R, v. a. to dull, or blunt.
EMBOTECE'R, v. a. to blunt, as to dull.
EMBOTIJA'RSE, v. r. to fwell with anger, to be in a fret, to fwell the cheeks with, cryng, as children do.
EMBOXA'R, v. a. to lay the branches, that the filk-worms may climb and work their pods.
EMBOZA'R, v. a. to cover the face, even to the eyes.
EMBO'ZO, f. m. any thing with which a man muffles up himfelf.
EMBRACILA'DO, adj. carried in the arms, as children.
EMBRAVECE'R, v. a. and n. to grow or make fierce.
Embravecérfe, v. r. to be fierce, to be furious.
EMBRAVECIMIE'NTO, f. m. fiercenefs, fury.
EMBRAZADU'RA, f. f. clafping in the arm; alfo the hold of a shield, or bucker.
EMBRAZA'R, v. a. to clafp with the arm, or hold on the arm.
Embrazár el efcúdo, to fix the buckler to the arm, by running the arm through the rings on the infide of it.
EMBREADO'R, f. m. he that tars ships.
EMBREADU'RA, f. f. tarring.
EMBREA'R, v. a. to tar.
EMBREGA'RSE, v. r. obf. to r un into a quarrel.
EMBREÑA'RSE, v. r. to hide, to thruft one's felf into the briars and rocks.
EMBRIAGA'R, v. a. to make drunk.
Embriagárfe, v. r. to get drunk.
EMBRIA'GO, adj. drunk.
EMBRIAGUE'Z, f. f. drunkennefs.
EMBRIDA'R, v. a. to bridle, to bit, to put the bridle upon a horfe.
EMBRIO'N, f. m. the embryo, or embryon, the child before it is formed in the womb; any abortive conception of the mind, the ftate of any thing yet unfinished.
EMBROCA'R, v. a. to pour on; alfo to flip, to flide, and drive full of fmall nails, as they do country shoes.
EMBROLLA, f. f. intricate manoeuvre, artful deceit; trick, or menagement.
EMBROLLADO'R, f. m. he that entangles and embroils by an unskilful, abfurd, or artful management.
EMBROLLA'R, v. a. to trouble, to embarafs, to entangle.
EMBRUTECE'R, v. n. to grow brutish, beaftly.
Embrutecérfe, v. r. to be brutish, to be beaft.y.
EMBUCHA'R, v. a. to fwallow or put into the maw.
EMBUCIA'R, v. a. to eat and drink muck any voracioufly.
EMBUDA'R, v. a. to put the funnel, to pour liquor through.
EMBU'DO, f. m. a tunnel or funnel to pour liquor through; alfo an impofition, cheat, deceit, fraud.
Embúdes, f. m. pl. in cant, breeches.
EMBUE'LTO, p. p. of *embolver*, wrapped up.
EMBURUJA'R, v. a. to mix many things confufedly.
EMBU'STE, f. m. a fly lie, a cheat, an impofition, a falshood; alfo a witty faying or action of a young child.
Embuftes, f. m. pl. any toys or jewels of little value.
EMBUSTERA'ZO, f. m. augmentative of *embuftero*.
EMBUSTERILIO, f. m. diminutive of *embuftero*.
EMBUSTE'RO, f. m. a lying prating perfon, a cheating fellow.
EMBUSTIDO'R, f. m. a lying prating perfon.
EMBUSTI'R, v. a. to cheat, to defraud, to lie, to goffip.
EMBUTIDO'R, f. m. an inlayer.
EMBUTIMIE'NTO, f. m. inlaying, or ftuffing.
EMBUTI'R, v. a. to ftuff, and to inlay wood or ftone.

E M E

EME, f. m. a piece of timber, one end whereof is made faft to the end of the rudder and the other comes into the ship, by which they fteer the ship.
EME'LGA, f. f. the ridge or ground betwixt two furrows; alfo a fort of fish.
EMELGA'R, v. a. to lay ploughed land in ridges.
EMENDA'BLE, adj. emendable, capable of emendation, corrigible.
EMENDACIO'N, f. f. amendment; correction, emendation.
EMENDADAME'NTE, adv. correctly.
EMENDADO'R, f. m. one that corrects or amends.
EMENDADU'RA, f. f. a correcting, or amending.
EMENDA'R, v. a. to correct, to amend.
EMERGE'NCIA, f. f. emergency, great neceffity; alfo unexpected cafualty.
EMERGE'NTE, adj. preffing hard, neceffitous, difficult, emergent.
EME'RITO, adj. deferving, worthy of efteem.
EMERSIO'N, f. f. emerfion.
EME'TICO, adj. emetick, emetical, having the quality of provoking vomits.

E M I

EMIE'NDA, f. f. amendment.
EMIGRACIO'N, f. f. emigration, change of country.
EMIGRA'R, v. a. to emigrate, to remove from one place to another.
EMINE'NCIA, f. f. an eminence, a high place; alfo the title given to a cardinal.
EMINENCIA'L, adj. eminent, excellent.
EMINE'NTE, adj. eminent, lofty, high placed, remarkable.

EMINENTEMENTE, adv. excellently, eminently.
EMISSARIO, s. m. an emissary; also a hole.
EMISSIO'N, s. f. emission, letting out.
EMITI'R, v. a. to emit, to let go, to send forth.

E M M

EMMADERA'DO, adj. covered with wood.
EMMADERAMIE'NTO, s. m. a covering with wood.
EMMADERA'R, v. a. to cover with wood a wall or any other thing.
EMMAGRECE'R, v. n. to grow lean.
EMMALECE'R, v. n. to grow sick.
EMMANTA'R, v. a. to cover any thing with a blanket or cloak.
EMMA'R, v. a. to water the sails of a ship.
EMMARAñA'R, v. a. to embroil, to confuse, to entangle.
EMMARA'RSE, v. r. to go far off from the land; a sea-term.
EMMARCHITA'BLE, adj. that can fade or wither.
EMMAROMA'R, v. a. to fasten with a rope.
EMMASCARA'R, v. a. to put on a mask, to disguise.
EMMELA'R, v. a. to anoint with honey.
EMMOCECE'R, v. a. obs. to revive, to make young again.
EMMOCHIGUAR, v. a. obs. to multiply, to increase the number of.
EMMOHECE'RSE, v. r. to be mouldy or rusty.
EMMOLLECE'R, v. a. to soften.
EMMUDECE'R, v. a. y n. to lose the faculty or speak ing also to be silent; also to silence, to still.

E M O

EMOCIO'N, s. f. trouble, disturbance, emotion.
EMOLUME'NTO, s. m. profit or gain acquired by labour or study.

E M P

EMPACA'RSE, v. r. to be sullen.
EMPACHADAME'NTE, adv. bashfully; also difficultly, troublesomely.
EMPACHA'DO, adj. bashful, ashamed; also hindered, obstructed.
EMPACHAMIE'NTO, s. m. bashfulness.
EMPACHA'R, v. a. to trouble, to obstruct, to disturb; also to put out of countenance.
EMPA'CHO, s. m. bashfulness, shamefacedness; also hindrance, obstruction.
Empácho de estimago, a surfeit.
EMPACHO'SO, adj. bashful.
EMPADRONADO'R, s. m. he that registers people, or takes their names to pay taxes.
EMPADRONA'R, v. a. to register, to enter upon the roll to pay taxes.
EMPALAGAMIE'NTO, s. m. a cloying with meat.
EMPALAGA'R, v. n. to cloy with eating.
EMPALA'GO, s. m. a loathing.
EMPALA'R, v. a. to empale.
EMPALLA'DA, s. f. the hanging of a church, street, or public place for some great solemnity.
EMPALLA'R, v. a. to hang a church, street, or public place for some solemnity.
EMPALIZA'DA, s. f. the palisades that goes round any fortified place.
EMPALIZAR, v. a. to palisade; that is, to plant great wooden stakes.
EMPALMADU'RA, s. f. a conjunction, a joining together.
EMPALMA'R, v. a. to join together two things.
EMPALOMA'R, v. a. to fasten the sails to the yards.
EMPANA'DA, s. f. a pye, a pasty.
EMPANADILLA, s. f. a little pye.
EMPANA'R, v. a. to put into pye.
EMPAñA'R, v. a. to cover the face with freckles; to suly or dull a looking-glass with the breath.
EMPANTANA'R, v. a. to make, or put in a bog; to let out watter to drown the country.
EMPAPAGAYARSE, v. r. to grow crooked like the parrot's bill. Said of the nose.
EMPAPA'R, v. a. to soak, to steep.
EMPAPELA'R, v. a. to paper, to wrap or put up in paper.
EMPAPUJA'R, v. a. to fill up.
EMPAQUE, s. m. packing of goods for sea.
EMPAQUETA'R, v. a. to pack up goods.
EMPARAMENTA'R, v. a. to hang, or ardorn with hangings.
EMPARCHA'R, v. a. to plaster, to lay on plasters.
EMPAREDAMIE'NTO, s. m. an enclosing or shutting up between two walls.
EMPAREDA'R, v. a. to immure, shut up betwixt walls.
EMPAREJADU'RA, s. f. leaning against; setting by the side of another.
EMPAREJA'R, v. a. to lean against; to set one thing by another; to make them alike.
EMPARENTA'R, v. n. to contract kindred.
EMPARRA'DO, s. m. an arbour, a wall, or any place covered with vines; from *párra*, a wall-vine.
EMPASTA'R, v. a. to make a paste.
EMPATA'R, v. a. to make equal or even.
EMPA'TE, s. m. a detention or suspension of any thing.
EMPAVESA'DA, s. f. the nettings on the side of a ship, or galley stuffed the with beds, or the like to defend the men against the small shot; also the parapet of a trench.

EMPAVA'SAR, v. a. to make ready the ship for fight; from *pavés*, a shield.
EMPECEDE'RO, adj. prejudicial, hurtful.
EMPECEDO'R, f. m. the person who hurts another.
EMPECE'R, v. a. to let, to hinder, to obstruct; also to hurt.
EMPECI'BLE, adj. that which may be obstructed, hindered; or hurted.
EMPECIE'NTE, adj. hurtful, prejudicial, injurious.
EMPECIMIE'NTO, f. m. obstruction, hindrance, hurt, damage.
EMPEDERNECE'RSE, v. r. to petrify, to grow stony, flinty, or hardhearted.
EMPEDERNI'RSE, v. r. to petrify, to grow stony, or hardhearted.
EMPEDRADO'R, f. m. a paviour.
EMPEDRADU'RA, f. f. a paving.
EMPEDRA'R, v. a. to pave.
Empedrár la escudilla de cáldo, to cram a porringer of broth full of bread.
EMPEGADU'RA, f. f. a pitching.
EMPEGA'R, v. a. to pitch.
EMPE'INE, f. m. the inferior part of the belly; also the upper part of the foot; also the hoof of a hose; also a tetter or ringworm.
EMPEINO'SO, adj. full of tetters.
EMPELA'R, v. a. to begin to be hairy.
EMPELLA'R, v. a. to make into lumps, balls or clods.
EMPELLEJA'R, v. a. to cover with skin.
EMPELLE'R, v. a. to push, to thrust.
EMPELLICA'R, v. a. to line, to cover with sheep or lambskins.
EMPELLO'N, f. m. a push, a thrust, a jostle.
EMPELOTA'RSE, v. r. to quarrel, to bawl out, to be in a confusion.
EMPEÑADAME'NTE, adv. tenaciously, stoutly, viliantly, bravely, conrageously.
EMPEÑAMIE'NTO, f. m. an engagement; also a taking in of pledges.
EMPEÑA'R, v. a. to engage, to pawn.
Empeñár la palábra, to engage one's word.
Empeñárse, v. r. to run in debt; also to engage, or oblige one's self.
EMPE'ÑO, f. m. a pledging, or pawning.
EMPE'NTA, f. f. a prop, a shore, a stay, an holdfast.
EMPENTA'R, v. a. to push, to thrust, or jostle.
EMPEORAMIE'NTO, f. m. an impairing, making worse.
EMPEORA'R, v. n. to impair, to make worse; from *peór*, worse.
EMPEQUEÑECE'R, v. a. to grow slender or small.
EMPERADO'R, f. m. an emperor.
EMPERADO'RA, *EMPERATRI'Z*, } f. f. an empress.
EMPERCHA'R, v. a. to set on a pearch.
EMPERDIGA'R, v. a. to singe a fowl or to baste it with burning hot fat, as with burning bacon.
EMPEREGILA'RSE, v. r. to adorn or paint one's self.
EMPEREZA'R, v. n. to grow slothful.
EMPERICA'DO, adj. with the head dressed after the fashion.
EMPE'RO, conj. but, nevertheless.
EMPERRADAME'NTE, adv. doggedly.
EMPERRA'RSE, v. r. to grow dogged; from *pérro*, a dog.
EMPEZA'R, v. a. to begin.
E'MPHASIS, f. m. an emphasis, or strong accent laid upon words in pronouncing them.
EMPHATICAME'NTE, adv. emphatically, strongly, forcibly, in a striking manner.
EMPHA'TICO, adj. emphatic.
EMPHITEO'SIS, f. f. the rent paid for land a man takes upon condition to improve it.
EMPHITE'UTICO, f. m. land so let out upon condition to be improved by the tenant.
EMPIADA'DO, adj. obf. compassionate, merciful.
EMPICA'R, v a. to put a man to death with pikes; in old Spanish, to hang.
EMPICOTADU'RA, f. f. setting on the pillory.
EMPICOTA'R, v. a. to set on the pillory.
EMPILA'R, v. a. to pile, or heap up.
EMPINADU'RA, f. f. raising, or lifting up.
EMPINA'R, v. a. to raise, or lift up.
Empinár el járro, to lift up the pot, to see the bottom of it.
Empinár la campána, to raise the bell, so that the mouth is upright.
EMPI'NO, f. m. elevation, height.
EMPIOLA'R, v. a. in falconry, to put on the hawk's legs the short leather straps called *jesses*.
EMPI'REO, f. m. empireal, the highest heaven.
EMPI'RICO, f. m. an empirick, a quack, a mountebank.
EMPIZARRA'R, v. a. to slate, to cover with slate.
EMPLASTADU'RA, f. f. a plastering.
EMPLASTA'R, v. a. to plaster, to lay on plasters.
EMPLA'STO, f. m. a plaster.
EMPLAZADO'R, f. m. who summons or cites to appear at a certain day.
EMPLAZAMIE'NTO, f. m. a summons or warning to appear before the judges on an appointed day.
EMPLAZA'R, v. a. to summon, to admonish, to appear, to cite; also to appoint a day.
EMPLEA'R, v. a. to employ; also to lay out money.
Empleárse, v. r. to employ or busy one's self.
EMPLEITA, f. f. a coarse mat.
EMPLE'O, f. m. a buying of any goods; also the trade or calling

of any perſon; alſo employment, buſineſs office; in cant, theft.
EMPLOMA'R, v. a. to lead, or cover with lead.
EMPLUMA'R, v. a. to feather as birds do; alſo to adorn with feathers.
Emplumár el ſombréro, to wear a feather in one's hat.
Emplumár los virótes, to put feathers to ſhafts or arrows.
Emplumár una alcahuéta, to daub a bawd from the waiſt upwards with tar, and then roll her in feathers, which makes her look like a monſter.
EMPLUMECE'R, v. n. to begin to have feathers, to have the feathers come on, as young birds.
EMPOBRECE'R, v. a. y n. to make one poor; alſo to grow poor.
EMPODERA'R, v. a. to impower, to get the power.
EMPODRECE'R, v. a. to rot.
EMPOLLADU'RA, ſ. f. / *EMPOLLAMIE'NTO*, ſ. m. } hatching of eggs.
EMPOLLA'R, v. a. to ſit to hatch chickens, as the hen does.
EMPOLVA'R, v. a. to duſt, or caſt duſt on.
EMPOLVORAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. beduſting.
EMPOLVORA'R, v. n. to caſt duſt on any thing.
EMPOLVORIZA'R, v. a. to caſt duſt on any thing.
EMPONE'R, v. a. to teach, to inſtruct to put upon.
EMPONZOñADO'R, ſ. m. a poiſoner.
EMPONZOñA'R, v. a. to poiſon.
EMPONZOñO'SO, adj. full of poiſon, poiſonous.
EMPORCA'R, v. a. to daub or dirt.
EMPO'RIO, ſ. m. a market-town, a place where any market or fair is kept.
EMPO'S, adv. after.
EMPO'STA, ſ. f. that part of a pillar in vaults and arches, on which the weight of the whole building lies.
EMPOTRA'R, v. a. to prop, to ſhore up.
EMPOZA'R, v. a. to put or throw into a well.
EMPREñA'R, v. a. to get wiht child.
Empreñárſe, v. r. to be got with child.
Empreñárſe de pálabras, to be big with words, to believe every thing that is ſaid.
Empreñárſe los arboles, to bud.
EMPRENDEDO'R, ſ. m. an undertaker.
EMPRENDE'R, v. a. to undertake, to enterprize.
EMPRENSA'R, v. a. to preſs.
EMPRE'NTA, ſ. f. a printing-houſe.
EMPRE'SA, ſ. f. enterprize, undertaking, emblem, device.
EMPRESENTA'R, v. a. vide *PRESE'NTAR*.
EMPRESTA'R, v. a. to lend.
EMPRE'STIDO, ſ. m. the act of lending, or the thing lent.
EMPRESTILLADO'R, ſ. m. who borrows money of every body with a deſign to cheat.
EMPRIMA'R, v. a. to prepare, diſpoſe, or ſet in order; a term uſed by painters.
EMPRIMERA'R, v. a. to give the firſt place.
EMPRINGA'R, v. a to drop, to baſte with bacon.
Prov. *Aún no aſſámos, y ya empringámos*, we do not yet roaſt, and are baſting already; that is, we are too unſeaſonably haſty, and would have things before the proper ſeaſon.
EMPRISIONA'R, v. a. to impriſon.
EMPUCHA'R, v. a. to dip any thing in lye to clean it.
EMPUE'S, prep. after.
EMPUJAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. a thruſting or puſhing.
EMPUJA'R, v. a. to thruſt, to puſh.
EMPUJO'N, ſ. m. a thruſt, or puſh.
EMPULGADU'RA, ſ. f. the bending of a bow.
EMPULGA'R, v. a. to bend.
EMPULGUE'RAS, ſ. f. pl. the notches at the ends of the bow in which the ſtring lies.
Apretarle á úno las empulguéras, to preſs a man hard; to put a man on the rack.
EMPUñADO'R, ſ. m. the man who graſps any thing in his fiſt.
EMPUñADU'RA, ſ. f. a haft, or handle, the hilt of a ſword.
EMPUñA'R, v. a. to graſp in the fiſt.
Empuñár la eſpáda, to lay hold of the ſword; to draw it.
EMPURPURA'DO, adj. dreſſed in purple, decorated with royal veſtments.
EMPUTECE'R, v. n. to turn whore.
EMPY'REO, ſ. m. the empyrean, higheſt heaven.
Empy'reo, adj. empyreal.

E M U

EMULACIO'N, ſ. f. emulation, ſtrife, envy, vying with another.
EMULADO'R, ſ. m. a rival.
EMULA'R, v. a. to emulate, or to rival.
E'MULO, adj. rivalling, vying with.
E'mulo, ſ. m. competitor, rival, one that vies with another.
EMULSIO'N, ſ. f. an emulſion, a cooling medicine.
EMUNCTO'RIOS, ſ. m. pl. emunctories, thoſe parts of the body where any thing excrementitious is ſeparated and collected.

E N

EN, prep. in.

E N A

ENACIA'DO, adj. applied to one who changes his religion or principles of any kind.
ENAGENA'BLE, adj. that may be alienated.
ENAGENADO'R, ſ. m. he who alienates.
ENAGENAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. alienating.
ENAGENA'R, v. a. to alienate; from *agéno*, another man's.

Enagenárse, v. r. to be beside one's self.
ENA'GUAS, s. f. pl. petticoats.
ENAGUAZA'R, v. a. to water.
ENAGUELA'R, v. n. to have a brood of grand children.
ENAGUI'LLAS, s. f. pl. diminutive of *enaguas*.
ENAJENACIO'N, s. f. alienation.
ENAJENA'R, v. a. vide *ENAGENA'R*.
ENALBA'R, v. a. to heat iron to such an extremity as to make it look white.
ENALBARDA'R, v. a. to put a pannel or pack-saddle on beast.
ENALBAYALDA'DO, adj. vide *ENALVAYALDA'DO*.
ENALGUACILA'DO, adj. bailiff-like.
ENALIENA'BLE, adj. that cannot be alienated.
ENALMAGRA'DO, s. m. a base fellow.
ENALMAGRA'R, v. a. to mark, or colour with red oker.
Enalmagrár, y echár a estrémo, to mark and lay aside, as shepherds do their sheep. A saying of rakes and lewd fellows, signifying, to make use of a woman and lay her aside.
ENAMORADAME'NTE, adv. fondly, lovingly.
ENAMORADI'ZO, s. f. m. easily in love.
ENAMORA'DO, s. m. he who is in love.
ENAMORADO'R, s. m. he who enamours.
ENAMORAMIE'NTO, s. m. falling in love.
ENAMORA'R, v. a. to make love.
Enamorárse, v. r. to fall in love.
ENAMORISCA'DO, adj. tickled with love.
ENAMORISCA'RSE, v. r. to have a touch of love.
ENANA, s. f. a she-dwarf.
ENANCHA'R, v. a. vide *ENSANCHA'R*.
ENA'NO, s. m. a dwarf.
Enán, in cant, a poignard.
ENA'NTHE, s. f. St. Mary's thistle, the white-thorn.

ENARBOLA'R, v. a. to set up an end a pike, colours, the mast of a ship, or any such thing.
ENARCADO'R, s. m. one that packs things into a chest, or one that makes arches.
ENARCA'R, v. a. to put into a chest, also to bow, to arch.
Enarcár las céjas, to bend the brows.
ENARDECE'R, v. a. to grow hot, to inflame.
ENARENA'R, v. a. to cover with sand.
ENARMONA'RSE, v. r. to stand an end, to rear as a horse does.
ENARRACIO'N, s. f. a narration.
ENARTA'R, v. a. to squeeze, or press.
ENASPA'R, v. a. to stretch out the arm like a St. Andrew's cross.
EN AYU'NAS, adv. fasting.

E N B

EN BA'LDE, adv. in vain, to no purpose.
ENBARNIZA'R, v. a. to varnish.
ENBASA'R, v. a. to vide *EMVASA'R*.
ENBAUCA'R, v. a. vide *EMBAUCA'R*.
ENBAZA'R, v. a. vide *EMBAZA'R*.
ENBELESA'R, v. a. vide *ENVELESA'R*.
ENBIDA'R, v. a. vide *EMBIDA'R*.
ENBI'DIA, s. f. vide *EMBIDIA*.
ENBI'TE, s. m. vide *EMBI'TE*.
ENBIUDA'R, v. n. vide *EMBIUDA'R*.
ENBOLVE'R, v. a. vide *EMBOLVE'R*.
ENBRAVECE'R, v. n. vide *EMBRAVECE'R*.
ENBUTI'R, v. a. vide *EMBUTI'R*.

E N C

ENCABALGA'R, v. a. to breed horses.

ENCABALGA'NTE, s. m. one that rides.
ENCABELLA'DO, adj. that has much hair.
ENCABELLADU'RA, s. f. the hair of the head.
ENCABELLA'R, *ENCABELLECE'R*, } v. n. to grow hairy.
ENCABESTRA'R, v. a. to halter a beast.
Encabestrárse la bestia, to put its foot over the alter, which puts a horse or mule in danger of hanging itself.
ENCABEZAMIE'NTO, s. m. enrolling, registering, taxing.
ENCABEZA'R, v. a. to register, to inroll, to tax.
ENCABEZONAMIE'NTO, s. m. vide *ENCABEZAMIE'NTO*.
ENCABEZONA'R, v. a. vide *ENCABEZA'R*.
ENCABRIA'R, v. a. to place or dispose any thing orderly.
ENCACHA'R, v. a. to fix any thing in a wall, as iron, &c.
ENCADENADU'RA, s. f. *ENCADENAMIE'NTO*, s. m. } a chaining.
ENCADENA'R, v. a. to chain.
ENCAESCER, v. n. obs. to be brought to bed of a child.
ENCAJA'R, v. a. vide *ENCAXA'R*.
ENCALABRIA'R, *ENCALABRINAR*, } v. a. to pierce into the brain, as drunkenness.
ENCALADO'R, s. m. a plasterer.
ENCALADU'RA, s. f. plastering of walls.
ENCALA'R, v. a. to plaster the walls, or the like.
ENCALLADE'RO, s. m. the shallow where a ship runs a-ground.
ENCALLADU'RA, s. f. running a-ground.
ENCALLA'R, v. a. to run a-ground.
ENCALLECE'R, v. n. to grow hard, or have a hard skin grow.
ENCALLEJONA'DO, adj. blowing hard as if confined between two mountains: said of the wind.
ENCALLETRA'R, v. a. to know well as by experience, to per-

ceive, to be cunning or well skilled.

ENCALMA'RSE, v. r. to tire, to suffocate with heat.

ENCALVA'R, *ENCALVECE'R*, v. n. to grow bald.

ENCAMARA'R, v. a. to lay up corn in a granary.

ENCAMA'RSE, v. r. to put one's self in bed.

EN CAMBIO, adv. in exchange.

ENCAMBRONA'RSE, v. r. to be very stiff or stately, so as not to turn one's head any way.

ENCAMINADU'RA, s. f. directing, putting into the way.

ENCAMINA'R, v. a. to direct, to put into the way.

Encaminárse, v. r. to take the road to.

ENCAMI'NO, s. m. direction, putting into the way.

ENCAMISA'DA, s. f. a camisade.

ENCAMISA'DO, s. m. one that has put on a shirt over his cloaths.

ENCAMPANA'R, v. a. in cant, to bully, to brave it.

Encampanárse, v. r. in cant, to play the boasting bragging fellow.

ENCANA'DO, s. m. a duct, a waterduct.

ENCANALA'R, v. a. to conduct, or convey by a canal.

ENCANA'RSE, v. r. to be under a great consternation, to grow or be stiff, or numb, to be void of motion or strength by surprise.

ENCANASTA'R, v. a. to put into a basket.

ENCANCERA'R, v. a. to grow to a cancer.

ENCANDILADE'RA, s. f. a bawd.

ENCANDILADO'R, s. m. a cheat, a pimp.

ENCANDILADO'RA, s. f. a bawd.

ENCANDILA'R, v. a. to light, to make burn bright; also to dazzle the eyes; to cheat, to impose.

ENCANECE'R, v. a. to grow greyheaded.

ENCAñADU'RA, s. f. the reeds of corn kept to make straw beds, or for other uses.

ENCAñAR, v. a. to hem in with canes, or reeds.

ENCANA'R, v. a. to convey the water through pipes.

ENCAñONA'RSE, v. r. to be pin-feathered, to have the quills shoot out at moulting time.

ENCANIJA'RSE, v. r. to lessen, to diminish, to extenuate.

ENCANIJAMIE'NTO, s. m. a diminishing, lessening.

ENCANTACIO'N, s. f. enchantment.

ENCANTA'DO, adj. inchanted.

Hombre encantádo, a man that lives retir d from the world, who converses with no body.

Cása encantáda, a house where all the people keep close, and things are kept secret as if they were inchanted.

ENCANTADO'R, s. m. an inchanter.

ENCANTADO'RA, s. f. an inchantress, witch, or sorceress.

ENCANTAMIE'NTO, s. m. inchantment.

ENCANTA'R, s. m. to inchant, to charm.

ENCANTARA'R, v. a. to put any thing in a pitcher or other vessel.

ENCA'NTE, *ENCA'NTO*, s. m. a public sale of goods.

EN CANTIDA'D, adv. in a great quantity.

ENCA'NTO, s. m. an inchantment.

ENCANTO'RIO, s. m. inchantment.

ENCANTUSA'R, v. a. to cheat with flattering and dissembling words.

ENCAñUTA'R, v. a. to form any thing hollow like a reed or pipe.

ENCAPACETA'DO, adj. armed with a helmet.

ENCAPACHADU'RA, s. f. the number or quantity of baskets placed upon one another.

ENCAPACHA'R, v. a. to put on or take upon one a porter's basket.

ENCAPA'R, v. a. to put on a cloak.

ENCAPERUZA'DO, adj. that has a cap, hood, or capouch on.

ENCAPILLA'R, v. a. to rig a ship.

ENCAPIROTA'DO, adj. of, or belonging to an hood, or cowl, used to cover the head when it rained.

ENCAPIROTA'R, v. a. to cover with a short cloak.

ENCAPOTA'DO de ójos, one that has great eyebrows that seem to cover his eye, one that has a lowring look.

ENCAPOTADU'RA, s. f. a lowring look.

ENCAPOTAMIE'NTO, s. m. a lowring look.

ENCAPOTA'R, v. a. to put on a great loose coat, to lowr with the eyes.

ENCAPRICHA'RSE, v. r. to be capricious, to be obstinate in opinion.

ENCAPUZA'DO, adj. covered with a capuch, cloak, or hood.

ENCARA'DO, adj. opposite, over-against; face to face.

Bien encarádo, that has a good countenance.

Mal encarádo, that as an ill face.

ENCARAMADU'RA, s. f. raising, setting up high, extolling.

ENCARAMA'R, v. a. to raise, to set up high, to extol.

ENCARAMIE'NTO, s. m. vide *ENCA'RO*.

ENCARA'R, v. a. to set face to face, to present a gun, to take aim.

ENCARATULA'DO, adj. masked, disguised.

ENCARCAVINA'R, v. a. to fill the head with some pestilential smell.

ENCARCAXA'DO, adj. armed with a quiver.

ENCARCELA'R, v. a. to imprison.

Maderos encarceládos únos con ótros, timbers jointed or mortised one within another.

ENCARECEDO'R, s. m. one that raises the price of things; that extols and magnifies above measure.

ENCARECE'R v. a. to raise the price, to make dear; also to extol, to magnify.

ENCARECIDAME'NTE, adv. earnestly, pressingly.
ENCARECIMIE'NTO, s. m. growing dear, raising the price of things; an exaggeration.
ENCARGADAME'NTE, adv. greatly, earnestly, eagerly, exceedingly, very much.
ENCARGA'R, v. a. to give in charge, to recommend.
Encargárse, v. r. to undertake.
ENCA'RGO, s. m. charge, recommendation.
ENCARIñA'RSE; v. r. to be affectionate, to esteem and love greatly.
ENCARNACIO'N, s. f. incarnating, growing to flesh; the incarnation of our Saviour. Among painters, it is giving the picture the flesh colour.
ENCARNADI'NO, adj. of the carnation colour, reddish.
ENCARNADU'RA, s. f. the growing in flesh.
ENCARNA'R, v. n. to become flesh, to incarnate.
Encarnár la herída, to grow up, and fill with new flesh as it heals.
Encarnár, to stick in the flesh.
ENCARNECE'R, v. a. to grow or increase in flesh.
ENCARNIZAMIE'NTO, s. m. fleshing, bloodiness, cruelty, outrageousness.
ENCARNIZA'R, v. a. to flesh, to make bloody, cruel, or outrageous.
Encarnizárse, v. r. to grow cruel or unmerciful.
ENCA'RO, s. m. a looking upon attentively, or earnestly; also aiming a gun.
ENCARRANCA'RSE, v. r. to prick or stick one's self upon thorns, or other points.
ENCARRILA'R, v. a. to direct, to conduct any carriage in the proper track.
Encarrilár, (a sea-term) to choak: when a running rope sticks in the block, either because it slipped between he cheeks and the shiver or upon any other occasion, they say the rope is choaked.
ENCARROñA'R. v. a to infect or corrupt with putrefaction.
ENCARRUJA'RSE, v. a. to twine or wind about.
ENCARTACIO'N, s. f. outlawing, prescription, posting.
ENCARTAMIE'NTO, s. m. proscription, outlawry.
ENCARTA'R, v. a. to proclaim an outlaw, to post.
ENCASAME'NTOS, s. m. pl. square hollows left in the walls, in the shape of windows, either to ease the wall of weight, or for uniformity to answer windows.
ENCASA'R, v. a. to set a bone that has been dislocated.
ENCASCABELA DO, adj. adorned with little bells.
ENCASQUETA'R, v. a. to fix, to settle, to make fast; also to fasten the hat on the head.
ENCASTILLA'DO, adj. made strong; got into a castle.
ENCASTILLA'RSE, v. r. to make one's self strong, to get into a castle; also to be obstinate.
ENCATIVA'R, v. a. obs. to make a captive of.
ENCAVALGAMIE'NTO de artillería, a carriage for a great gun.
ENCAVALGA'R, v. a. to mount cannon on the carriages, to fix small arms on the stock.
ENCAVA'R, v. a. to dig, to hollow.
ENCAXADO'R, s. m. he who puts any thing in a box; he who inserts any proverb in his discourse.
ENCAXADU'RA, s. f. putting into a box; also fixing, thrusting in; persuading.
ENCAXA'R, v. a. to put in a box; to fix in, to thrust in.
Encaxénme esse gobierno, y veran maravillas, let them thrust me into that government, and they shall see wonderful things.
Encáxa amigo, shake hands friend.
Encaxárse en la cabeza una cosa, to have any opinion fixed into the head.
Encaxárse, v. r. to meddle in any thing that does not concern one.
Encaxóselo en la cabéza, he was fully persuaded, he was positive in it.
ENCA'XE, s. m. putting into a box; also fixing in thrusting in; persuading.
Encaxe, a narrow lace to put between the seams of fine linen; also any sort of laces.
Ley del encáxe, arbitrary law, law without precedent.
ENCAXONA'R, v. a. to inclose, to keep in a box.
ENCEBADAMIE'NTO, s. m. an infirmity contracted by a horse or mule that drinks too much after having eaten too much.
ENCEBADA'RSE, v. r. to grow sick, as the horse does by eating too great a quantity of oats, and drinking water presently after.
ENCELA'R, v. a. to hide, to abscond.
ENCE'LLA, s. f. a basket to make cheese in.
ENCELLA'R, v. a. to make cheese in a basket made of reeds.
ENCENAGAMIE'NTO, s. m. dirt, mire, sticking in the mire; inclination to vice.
ENCENAGA'R, v. a. to dirt, to mire, to stick in te mire; to be vicious.
ENCENCERRA'R, v. a. to hang a bell to a cow or a sheep about the neck.
ENCENDE'R, v. a. to kindle, to set on fire.
Encendér velas, to light candles.
Encendér fuégo éntre únos y ótros, to sow dissension.
Encendérse en colera, to burn with choler or anger.
ENCENDIDAME'NTE, adv. hotly, fiercely, courageously.
ENCENDIDILLO, adj. somewhat hot or ardent; reddening a little through passion or shame.
ENCENDIMIE'NTO, s. m. kindling, set on fire.
ENCENIZA'R, v. a. to cover with ashes.
ENCENSA'R, v. a. to perfume with the smoke of frankincense.
ENCENSA'RIO, s. m. a censer, a thurible.
ENCENSUA'R, v. a. to give or receive a sum of money at interest.
ENCENTADU'RA, s. f. assaying, tasting, broaching.
ENCENTA'R, v. a. to assay, to

taste, to broach, to begin to eat or drink of a thing.

ENCEPA'R, v. n. to take root.

Encepár, v. a. to set a man in the stocks.

ENCERA'DO, s. m. a sear-cloth, or an oil-cloth, a window-sash; at sea, a tarpaulin, that is, a piece of canvas all tarred over to lay upon a deck or grating, to keep the rain from soaking through.

ENCERA'R, v. a. to wax any thing; in the sea language, to splice, that is, to make fast the ends of ropes one into another.

ENCEROTA'R, v. a. to wax a thread as the shoe-makers do.

ENCERRADE'RO, s. m. vide *ENCERRAMIE'NTO.*

ENCERRADO'R, s. m. who shuts or locks up any thing.

Mugér encerrada, a retired woman.

ENCERRADU'RA, a shutting or locking up; also retirement.

ENCERRAMIE'NTO, s. m. a shutting or locking up; also retiredness.

ENCERRA'R, v. a. to shut or lock up.

Encerrár la cosécha, to carry in the harvest.

Encerrár los tóros, to put the bulls into the place made to keep them up for the bull-feast.

ENCERRO'NA, s. m. retirement, place voluntarily chosen to be retired from the world.

ENCESPEDA'R, v. a. to cover with sods or turfs.

ENCESTA'R, v. a. to put into a basket; to deceive with fair words.

ENCHA, s. f. obs. a reparation of damages, restitution.

ENCHANCLETA'R, v. a. to slip on shoes without pulling up the heels.

ENCHARCADU'RA, s. f. } stopping.
ENCHARCAMIE'NTO, s. m. of water that it lies in puddles.

ENCHARCA'R, v. a. to stop water till it lies in puddles, to make the ground full of puddles.

ENCHICA'R, v. a. obs. to make smal.

ENCHI'R, v. a. vide *HINCHI'R.*

ENCI'AS, s. f. pl. the gums.

ENCIENSA'R, v. a. vide *ENCENSA'R.*

ENCIENSA'RIO, s. m. vide *ENCENSA'RIO.*

ENCIE'NSO, s. m. frankincense.

ENCIE'NTE, adv. obs. before.

EN CIERNE, adv. just ready to ripen.

ENCIE'RRO, s. m. a shutting or locking up.

ENCI'MA, adv. besides.

Encima, adv. upon, on the top.

ENCIMA'R, v. a. to set on the top, to raise up, to exalt.

ENCI'NA, s. f. the holm oak.

ENCINA'L, } s. m. a grove, or
ENCINA'R, } wood of oaks.

ENCINTA'R, v. a. to adorn any thing with ribbands.

ENCLAUSTRA'DO, adj. shut up in a convent or monastery.

ENCLAVACIO'N, s. f. a nailing.

ENCLAVADU'RA, s. f. a nailing.

ENCLAVA'R, v. a. to nail, to cheat.

ENCLAVIJA'R, v. a. to pin or fasten with wood or iron pins, or to stick pins into a thing, as a musical instrument

Enclavijár los dédos, to clinch or fasten the fingers one within another.

ENCLENQUE, adj. bed-rid, so sick that he cannot stir out of bed.

ENCLOBADO'R, s. m. obs. one that covers, hides, or conceals.

ENCLOCA'RSE, v. r. to cluck as a hen does before she sets, to grow broody.

ENCLUECA'R, v. n. to grow broody, as a hen does.

ENCOBERTA'DO, adj. covered with a carpet, wrapped up in a cover.

ENCOBIJA'R, v. a. to cover, to shelter.

ENCOBRI'R, v. a. vide *ENCUBRI'R.*

ENCOGER, v. a. to shrink, to draw together, to withdraw; to gather.

Encogérse, to shrink one's self up; to be bashful, or modest.

ENCOGIDAME'NTE, adv. meanly, poorly, pitifully, lowly, humbly.

ENCOGI'DO, adj. bashful, modest.

ENCOGIMIE'NTO, s. m. shrinking, drawing together, withdrawing; bashfulness.

ENCOHETA'DO, adj. full of squibs.

ENCOJA'R, v. a. obs. to lame.

ENCOLADU'RA, s. f. a glewing.

ENCOLA'R v. a. to glew.

ENCOLERIZA'R, v. a. to put in a passion, to anger.

ENCOLMA'R, v. a. to heap above measure.

ENCOLUNA'R, v. a. to place or adorn a place with pillars or columns.

ENCOMENZA'R, v. a. to begin.

ENCOMENDADO'R, s. m. vide *COMENDADO'R.*

ENCOMENDA'R, v. a. to recommend.

Encomendárse, v. r. to recommend one's self; to send compliments.

ENCOMENDE'RO, s. m. a factor, one who is intrusted or has commission in the way of trade.

ENCOMENZA'R, v. a. to begin.

ENCOMIA'STICO, adj. encomiastick, panegirical.

ENCOMIE'NDA, s. f. a recommendation, a thing recommended; a spiritual living, especially such as are bestowed on knights in *commendam*; it is also taken for the cross or badge of knighthood worn by knights.

ENCO'MIO, s. m. encomium, commendation.

ENCONAMIE'NTO, s. m. festering, rankling.

ENCONA'R, v. n. to fester, to rankle, as a sore does; to grow very difficult or troublesome.

ENCO'NO, s. m. vide *ENCERRAMIENTO.*

ENCONO'SO, adj. that can occasion damage to any part of the body; also hurtful, harmful, noxious.

ENCONTA'DO, s. m. the jutting out stone on which any thing rests; stones that stick out orderly in a wall.

ENCONTA'R, v. a. to prop, to

shore, to buttress.

ENCONTINE'NTE, adv. obs. immediately, presently.

ENCO'NTRA, adv. contrary to our desire or expectation, or to what was said or done.

ENCONTRADAME'NTE, adv. contrary, in opposition.

ENCONTRA'RIO, adj. contrary, opposite.

ENCONTRA'R, v. a. to meet.

Encontrárse con las lánzas, to tilt with lances.

Encontrárse en los pensamiéntos ó opiniónes, to differ in opinion.

Encontrárse en palábras, to come to hard words, to thwart one another.

Encontrárse en la calle, to meet in the street.

ENCONTRO'N, s. m. a jostling.

ENCORAJA'DO, adj. angry, passionate.

ENCORA'R, v. a. to cover with skin or with leather.

ENCORCHA'R, v. a. to put the bees in the hive.

ENCORDA'R, v. a. to string a musical instrument or the like.

ENCORDELA'R, v. a. to cord a bed or the like.

ENCO'RDIO, s. m. a swelling on the groin, a *búbo*.

ENCORDONA'R, v. a. to tie, to fasten, to adorn with silk twists or braids.

ENCORECE'R, v. a. vide *ENCORAR*.

ENCORNA'R, v. a. to tip with orn.

ENCORNIJAMENTO, s. m. the run of a cornice along any edifice or part of an edifice.

ENCORNUDA'R, v. a. to have the horns sprout out or begin to grow.

ENCOROZA'R, v. a. to put a paper cap like a mitre on an offender's head, when exposed in the streets, proclaiming his crime.

ENCORPORA'R, v. a. to incorporate, to make a member of a community; or to mix things so together, that they cannot be distinguished.

Encorporárse en la cáma, to sit up in the bed.

ENCORRA'L, adv. in cant, laid aside, cast by into a corner.

ENCORRE'R, v. n. to incur.

ENCORTAMIE'NTO, s. m. obs. the act of shortening or curtailing.

ENCORTINA'R, v. a. to hang curtains about a bed, to hang a room.

ENCORVA'DA, s. f. the herb axwort.

Encorváda, s. f. an ancient sort of dance.

ENCORVADU'RA, s. f. bowing, bending.

ENCORVAMIE'NTO, s. m. bowing, bending.

ENCORVA'R, v. a. to bow, to bend.

ENCOSADU'RA, s. f. the edge or hemming made of different stuffs.

ENCOSTRACIO'N, s. f. in architecture, the inward shell or crust, or inside ornament in a structure, whether it be of fine stone, wainscot, or plaister.

ENCOSTRADU'RA, s. f. the hardness that sometimes grows over a sore.

ENCOSTRA'R, v. a. to grow over with a crust, as the hardness over a sore.

ENCOVA'R, v. a. to shut up in a cellar, cave, or den; from *cuéva*, a cellar.

ENCOXA'RSE, v. r. to grow lame by any hurt.

ENCRESPADI'LLO, adj. sourish, somewhat peevish, of a nature somewhat tending to asperity.

ENCRESPADO'R, s. m. a curling iron.

ENCRESPADU'RA, s. f. a curling of hair.

ENCRESPAMIE'NTO, s. m. curling of hairs.

ENCRESPA'R, v. a. to curl.

ENCRE'SPO, s. f. a curling of hair.

ENCRE'STAR, v. a. to have a crest grow, or make a crest.

ENCRISNEJA'DO, adj. clotted together like hair; also the mane of a stone-horse standing up like a feather; also wattled or wove like hurdles.

ENCRUCIJA'DA, s. f. a crossway.

ENCRUDECE'R, v. a. to grow raw; to grow cruel; to rankle as a wound.

ENCRUELECE'R, v. a. to grow cruel.

ENCUBA'R, v. a. to put into a barrel, cask, or vat.

ENCUBERTA'R, v. a. to hang rooms, to cover with cloth, or the like; also to cover horses with black cloth or bays for mourning, or to put on them rich trappings.

ENCUBIERTAME'NTE, adv. secretly; also perfidiously.

ENCUBIE'RTO, p. p. of *encubir*.

ENCUBREDI'ZO, adj. that may be concealed or kept secret.

ENCUBRIDO'R, s. m. one that conceals or hides.

ENCUBRIDO'RA, s. f. a bawd.

ENCUBRIMIE'NTO, s. m. a concealing or hiding.

ENCUBRI'R, v. a to conceal, to hide, to keep secret.

ENCUCA'R, v. a. a cant word, to drink.

Encucár, v. a. to gather and keep chesnuts, nuts, &c.

ENCUE'NTRO, s. m. encounter, meeting with the lances as horsemen do; also opposition, difficulty, contradiction.

Salir al encuéntro, to go and look for the enemy, to fight him.

ENCULPA'R, v. a. to blame.

ENCUMBRA'DO, adj. high, lofty; also extolled, lifted up.

ENCUMBRADUR'A, s. f. } rising,
ENCUMBRAMIE'NTO, s. m. } ascent,
steepness of any way to carry off the water, or for any other purpose.

ENCUMBRA'R, v. a. to lift or raise high; also to extol; from *cúmbre*, the top.

ENCUNA'DO, adj. full and covered.

ENCUñA'R, v. a. vide *ACUñA'R*.

ENCURTI'R, v. a. to pickle or season cucumbers.

ENCYCLOPEDI'A, ſ. f. univerſal learning.

E N D

ENDE, adv. obſ. there, thence.
ENDE'BLE, adj. weak, feeble.
ENDECA'GONO, ſ. m. a figure of eleven angles.
ENDECASI'LLABO, adj. of eleven ſyllables.
ENDE'CHA, ſ. f. dirge, mournful ditty, ſung over the dead bodies.
ENDECHADE'RA, ſ. f. a woman hired to mourn at a funeral.
ENDECHA'R, v. a. to mourn at funerals.
ENDECHE'RAS, ſ. f. women hired to mourn at funerals.
ENDEDU'RA, ſ. f. vide MENDEDU'RA.
ENDELGADECE'R, v. n. to grow thin or lean.
ENDEMASI'A, adv. in exceſs.
ENDEMONIA'DO, ſ. m. one poſſeſſed with the devil.
ENDEMONIA'R, v. a. to poſſeſs with the devil: alſo to put a man in a great paſſion and fury.
ENDENTA'R, v. a. to faſten one thing with another; a ſea-term.
ENDENTECE'R, v. n. to cut the teeth, to have the teeth grow, as in children.

Prov. *Quién préſto endentéçe, présto hermanéce*, the child that cuts his teeth early, has ſoon a brother or ſiſter; becauſe when the child has teeth, and hurts the mother's breaſt, ſhe weans him, and then is apt ſoon to be with child.

ENDEREZADAME'NTE, adv juſtly, rightly, equally.
ENDEREZADE'RA, ſ. f. a ſtraight way.
ENDEREZADO'R, ſ. m. who guides or directs in the ſtraight way.
ENDEREZAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. a ſtraight path or way.
ENDEREZA'R, v. a. to make ſtraight.
Endereçár, v. a. to compound, to put in order; alſo to direct.
Endereçárſe, v. r. to compoſe, to put one's ſelf in order.
ENDERE'ZOTE, I ſet you right; an expreſſion uſed by cheſs or draughts players, when they touch a man they do not deſign to play.
ENDEUDA'RSE, v. r. to contract debts.
ENDIABLA'DA, ſ. f. a chearful kind of maſquerade, in which people diſguiſe themſelves like devils.
ENDIABLA'R, v. a. to poſſeſs with the devil; alſo to corrupt, to pervert.
ENDI'BIA, ſ. f. endive, ſuccory; an herb.
E'NDICO, ſ. m. vide AñIL.
ENDILGA'DOR, ſ. m. a pimp
ENDILGA'R, v. a. to direct, to ſet right in the way; alſo to direct, to guide, to make eaſy, to perſuade.
ENDIOSAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. pride, haughtineſs.
ENDIOSA'R, v. a. to deify, to exalt to divine honours.
Endioſárſe, v. r. to grow vain and haughty.
ENDI'VIA, ſ. f. vide ENDI'BIA.
ENDOLE'NCIA, ſ. f. obſ. ſickneſs, anguiſh, trouble.
ENDONA'R, v. a. obſ. to give, to beſtow.
ENDOSSA'R, v. a. to write a character in favour of another; to endorſe one man's note over to another.
ENDO'SSO, ſ. m. an endorſement of a note; alſo a character.
ENDRIA'GO, ſ. m. a word uſed only in romances, ſignifying a ſtrange monſter.
ENDRI'NA, ſ. f. a damſon.
ENDRI'NO, ſ. m. a damſon-tree.
EN DU'DA, adv. in doubt, doubtfully.
ENDULZADU'RA, ſ. f. ſweetening.
ENDULZA'R, v. a. to ſweeten.
Endulçar la pintúra, to ſweeten a piece of painting, to take down the harſhneſs of it that appears to the eye.
ENDULGE'NCIA, ſ. f. obſ. vide INDULGE'NCIA.
ENDURA'R, v. a. to grow hard, to be loath to do a thing.
ENDURECE'R, v. a. to grow hard.
ENDURECIMIE'NTO, ſ. m. growing hard.

E N E

ENE'A, ſ. f. a ſort of flag, of which they make mats.
ENEA'GONO, ſ. m. a figure in geometry conſiſting of nine angles.
ENEA'TICO, adj. belonging to the number nine.
ENEBRA'L, ſ. m. the place where juniper-trees grow.
ENE'BRO, ſ. m. tho juniper-tree.
ENECHA'DO, ſ. m. obſ. a foundling, a child laid out.
ENECHA'R, v. a. to lay a child to be taken up; alſo to cleanſe wheat.
EN EFE'TO, adv. in effect, in concluſion, in ſhort.
ENE'LDO, ſ. m. the herb dill.
ENEMI'GA, ſ. f. ſometimes is taken fort enmity, ſometimes for a female enemy, and in poetry uſed for an unkind miſtreſs.
ENEMIGABLE, adj. hateful.
ENEMIGADE'RO, adj. obſ. inimical, hoſtile.
ENEMIGAME'NTE, adv. like an enemy, hatefully.
ENEMIGA'R, v. n. to make or become enemies.
ENEMI'GO, ſ. m. an enemy.

Prov. *Al enemigo que huye, la puénte de pláta*, make a ſilver bridge for your enemy; that is, hinder not his flight, leſt deſpair make him turn the more furious upon you.

Prov. *De los enemigos los ménos*, of enemies the fewer the better; we muſt make as few enemies as we can.

Prov. *Quien es tu enemigo? el hómbre de tu oficio*, who is your enemy? the man that is of your

trade;

trade; that is, two of a trade can never agree.

Enemigo, adj. contrary, opposed, adverse.

ENEMISTA'D, f. f. enmity.

ENEMISTANZA, f. f. enmity.

ENEMISTA'R, v. a. to grow an enemy.

Enemistárse, v. r. to be at enmity with another.

ENERGI'A, f. f. energy, ftrength of expreffion; alfo force, vigour.

ENERGICAME'NTE, adv. with force and energy, efficacioufly.

ENERGUMENO, f. m. poffeffed by the devil.

ENERIZAMIE'NTO, f. m. briftling, the hair ftanding up at an end.

ENERIZA'R, v. n. to briftle, to ftand up an end as in a fright.

ENE'RO, f. m. January, the firft month of the year.

ENERVA'R, v. a. to enervate, to weaken.

ENEXA'R, v. a. to put the axle-tree to a cart, waggon, or the like.

ENF

ENFADA'R, v. a. to put out of humour, to tire, to difguft, to offend.

ENFA'DO, f. m. uneafinefs, difquiet, difturbance.

ENFADOSAME'NTE, adv. uneafily.

ENFADO'SO, adj. troublefome, tirefome, difgufting, uneafy.

ENFALDARSE, v. r. to tuck, or trufs up the coat.

ENFA'LDO, f. m. the folding up of any garment

ENFARDELA'R, v. a. to fardle, to make up into a bundle, or fardle.

ENFASTIA'R, } v. a. obf. vide
ENFASTIDIA'R, } *ENFADA'R*.

ENFEA'R, v. n. to be ugly, or deformed.

ENFERMA'R, v. n. to grow fick.

ENFERMEDA'D, f. f. ficknefs.

ENFERMERI'A, f. f. an apartment for the fick, an infirmary.

ENFERME'RO, f. m. he that has charge of the fick.

ENFERMI'ZO, adj. fickly.

ENFERMO, adj. fick; alfo weak, feeble; alfo unhealthy.

ENFEROZA'R, v. a. to make fierce or cruel.

ENFERVORIZA'R, v. a. to ftir up, raife, or excite.

ENFEUDACIO'N, f. f. the laying on a fee, as on a fee-farm or copyhold; infeudation.

ENFIA'R, v. a. to truft.

ENFILA'DAS, f. f. pl. in heraldry, hollow things, hollow parts.

ENFILA'R, v. a. to ftand in a line, to keep up the files.

ENFIN, adv. in fine, in short.

EN FINTA, f. f. fiction, deceit, counterfeit.

ENFINTO'SO, adj. deceitful, crafty, cunning, fubtle.

ENFISTOLA'RSE, v. r. to be afflicted with a fiftula.

ENFIUCIA'RSE, v. r. to confide, or truft in any one.

ENFLAQUECE'R, v. n. to grow lean, to grow weak.

ENFLAUTADO'R, f. m. a deceitful, cheating fellow; a pimp, a pander.

ENFLAUTADO'R, f. m. one who entices or allures to vice; a pimp.

ENFLAUTAR, v. a. to entice, to allure to wickednefs.

ENFLORECE'R, v. a. to deck with flowers, to adorn with flowers.

ENFORCA'R, v. a. to hang.

ENFORRA'R, v. a. vide *AFORRA'R*.

ENFORRADU'RA, f. f. the lining of any thing.

ENFORRA'R, v. a. to line a garment with or without furs.

ENFORRO, f. m. obf. lining put to garments.

ENFORTALECE'R, v. a. to fortify.

ENFOSCA'RSE, v. r. to trouble, to raife into a paffion, to look perplexed or angry.

ENFOTA'RSE, v. r. to encourage, to fet on.

ENFRASCA'RSE, v. r. to ftick faft or be entangled; alfo to apply one's felf.

ENFRENADO'R, f. m. one who bridles or curbs.

ENFRENAMIE'NTO, f. m. a bridling or curbing.

ENFRENA'R, v. a to bridle, to curb, alfo to contain, to reftrain, to reprefs, to keep in awe.

ENFRE'NTE, adv. over-againft.

ENFRIADE'RA, f. f. } a veffel to cool drink in fnow or ice.
ENFRIADO'R, f. m. }

ENFRIAMIE'NTO, f. m. a cooling or reminiffnefs of heat.

ENFRIA'R, v. a. to cool.

Enfriárse, v. r. to flacken, to grow cold in any bufinefs.

ENFROSCA'RSE, v. r. vide *ENFRASCA'RSE*.

ENFUNDADU'RA, f. f. putting into a cafe.

ENFUNDA'R, v. a. to put into a cafe.

ENFURECE'R, v. a. to inrage, to make mad, to make furious.

ENFURIA'RSE, v. r. to grow furious, to be inraged.

ENFURTI'R, v. a. to thicken cloth at the fulling-mills.

ENFURUñA'RSE, v. r. to be exafperated, or incenfed. Vulgar.

ENG

ENGABANA'DO, adj. covered with a great loofe coat.

ENGABIA'R, v. n. to go up, to afcend.

ENGA'CE, f. m. connexion, coherence, joining together.

ENGAFA'R, v. a. to fix or make faft with an hook or anchor.

ENGAFECE'R, v. n. to grow leprous.

ENGAITADO'R, f. m. deceiver, impoftor, cheat.

ENGAITA'R, v. a. to cheat, to deceive, to delude by promifes.

ENGALANA'R, v. a. to adorn, to fet off, to make fine or gay.

ENGELLA'DO, adj. erect, ftraight, ftanding up.

ENGANCHADO'R, f. m. the perfon who entices or wheedles another to enlift for a foldier.

ENGANCHAMIE'NTO, f. m. decoying of people to enlift themfelves.

ENGANCHA'R, v. a. to catch by a hook; to decoy people to enlift themfelves for foldiers.

ENGAñADI'ZO, adj. eafy to deceive, or to be deceived.

ENGAñADO'R, f. m. deceiver, cheat.

ENGAñAR, v. a. to deceive, to cheat, to cozen.

Prov. *El trampóso préfto engáña al codicióſo*, the sharper foon cheats, the covetous man.

Engañárfe, v. r. to err, to miftake.

ENGAñI'FA, f. f. deceit, deceitful promife.

ENGAñO, f. m. deceit, fraud.

ENGAñOSAME'NTE, adv. deceitfully, fraudulently.

ENGAñO'SO, adj. deceitful, fraudulent.

ENGARABATA'R, v. a. to take with a hook.

ENGARBA'R, v. a. to perch on the tops of the higheft trees.

ENGARBULLA'R, v. a. to intangle, to confound, to work in a hurry.

ENGARGANTA'R, v. a. to run the foot up to the inftep into the ftirrup' which is unfeemly.

ENGARITA'R, v. a. to deceive with art.

ENGARRAFA'R, v. a. to grapple, to catch with a hook or with the claws.

ENGARZA'R, v. a. vide *ENGAZAR*.

ENGASTA'R, v. a. to fet, as a ftone in a ring or the like.

ENGA'STE, f. m. the fetting of ftones in rings or the like.

ENGASTONA'R, v. a. vide *ENGASTA'R*.

ENGATAR, v. a. to infnare, or to catch as a cat does a moufe.

ENGATUSA'R, v. a. to cheat in a bantering way, without a defign of injuring. Vulgar.

ENGAVILLA'R, v. a. to bind up like faggots or brush-wood.

ENGAZADO'R, f. m. f. the perfon who ftrings beads in a wire.

ENGAZA'R, v. a. to ftring beads in wire, linking every bead to the next.

ENGENDRA'BLE, adj. that can be engendered, or begotten.

ENGENDRADO'R, f. m. he that begets, or engenders.

ENGENDRA'R, v. a. to beget, to engender, to procreate; alfo to produce, to form; alfo to excite, to caufe.

ENGE'NDRO, f. m. an embryo.

ENGEñE'RO, f. m. an engineer, a perfon skilled in the art of fortification; one that makes any forts of ftrange engines.

ENGEñA'R, v. a. to contrive, to mediate, to invent.

ENGE'ñIO, *ENGEñO*, } f. m. vide *INGE'NIO*.

ENGEñO'SO, adj. vide *INGENIO'SO*.

ENGERI'R, v. a. to graft.

ENGIBACAI'RE, f. m. in cant, a procurer, a pimp.

ENGIBADO'R, f. m. in cant, ruffian, bully, pimp.

ENGIBA'R, v. a. in cant, to keep, to receive.

ENGI'E, f. m. a fish like a lamprey.

ENGLANDA'DO, adj. loaded with acorns.

ENGOLFA'R, v. n. to launch out into the deep, to get far out to fea; to plunge into any bufinefs.

ENGOLILLA'DO, adj. dreffed in a ruff.

ENGOLLETA'DO, adj. proud, elate; haughty.

ENGOLONDRINA'RSE, v. r. to intrude without any manners.

ENGOLOSINA'R, v. a. to allure, to entice, to awake defire.

Engolofinarfe, v. r. to be covetous or greedy of a thing one has tafted, to defire it.

ENGOMADE'RO, adj. that may be ftarched or gummed.

ENGOMADO'R, f. m. a man that gums or ftarches.

ENGOMADU'RA, f. f. the act of ftarching or gumming.

ENGOMA'R, v. a. to gum, to ftarch.

ENGORA'R, v. a. to addle, to make addle.

ENGORDADO'R, f. m. he that minds nothing but good eating.

ENGORDA'R, v. a. to fatten, to make fat; to grow rich.

Engordár, v. n. to grow fat.

ENGORDECE'R, v. n. to grow fat.

ENGORGONA'DO, adj. run into a dangerous gulph of the fea.

ENGO'RRA, f. f. obftruction, hindrance, perplexity, trouble.

ENGORRA'R, v. a. to obftruct, to hinde, to trouble, to perplex.

ENGO'RRO, f. m. trouble, obftruction, hindrance.

ENGORRO'SO, adj. troublefome, perplexihg, obftructing, hindering.

ENGOZNA'R, v. a. to hinge, to put on hinges.

ENGRACIA'R, v. a. to be pleafant, or agreeable.

ENGRANDECEDO'R, f. m. a magnifier, one that makes great or aggrandizes.

ENGRANDECE'R, v. a. to magnify, to aggrandize, to make great, to extol.

ENGRANDECIMIE'NTO, f. m. magnifying, aggrandizing, making great, extolling.

ENGRASSA'R, v. a. to greafe.

ENGRAVEDA'R, v. a. to affect gravity.

ENGREIMIE'NTO, f. m. vanity, pride, haughtinefs.

ENGREI'R, v. a. to pleafe, to rejoice, to encourage, to be vain.

Engreirfe, v. r. to grow vain; alfo to drefs one's felf.

ENGRIFA'RSE, v. r. to fwell.

ENGROSSA'R, v. n. to grow fat.

ENGRUDADO'R, f. m. ftarcher, one who paftes or thickens with ftarch.

ENGRUDAMIE'NTO, f. m. a pafting or fticking any thing with pafte or ftarch.

ENGRUDA'R, v. a. to pafte, to ftarch.

ENGRU'DO, f. m. ftarch, pafte made of flour and water to ftick things together.
ENGRUDO'SO, adj. daubed with pafte or ftarch.
ENGRUMECE'R, v, a. to clot together, to cling, or harden together, to congeal like blood, or the like.
ENGUALDRAPA'R, v. a. to put a cloth over a horfe, to caparifon.
ENGUANTA'DO, adj. with gloves on.
ENGUEDEXA'R, v. a. to put on locks, or to drefs the hair.
ENGUICHA'DO, adj. an epithet given in heraldry to trumpets and huntinghorns.
ENGUIJARRA'R, v. a. to pave the ftreets with pebbles.
ENGUI'LA, f. f. vide *ANGUI'LA*.
ENGUIRNALDA'R, v. a. to adorn with crowns of flowers.
ENGUIZGA'R, v. a. to ftir up, to excite, to egg on; alfo to perfuade earneftly to do any thing.
ENGULLIDO'R, f. m. one that fwallows without chewing, a cormorant, a devouring fellow.
ENGULLI'R, v. a. to fwallow without chewing, to devour.
ENGU'RRIA, f. f. the ftrangury, a difficulty in making water.
ENGURRIA'DO, adj. troubled with the ftrangury; alfo wrinkled.
ENGURRIAMIE'NTO, f. m. wrinkling; ftopage of the urine.
ENGU'RRIO, f. m. the ftrangury.
ENGURUñA'RSE, v. r. to be melancholy, fad.

E N H

ENHADA'R, v. a. vide *ENFADA'R*.
ENHAMBRECE'R, v. n. to be hungry.
ENHAMBRENTAMIE'NTO, f. m. hungring, or making hungry.
ENHAMBRENTA'R, v. a. to make hungry.
ENHARINA'R, v. a. to fprinkle with flour or meal.
ENHASTA'R, v. a. to put the fpear or iron point to a lance, pike, or other weapon.
ENHASTIA'R, v. a. to cloy, or have a loathing to meat.
ENHASTI'O, f. m. a loathing.
ENHASTIO'SO, adj. loathing.
ENHEBRA'R, v. a. to thread, as filk, or thread in a needle.
ENHECHIZADO'R, f. m. a wizard, conjurer, inchanter.
ENHECHIZA'R, v. a. to bewitch.
ENHENA'R, v. a. to cover, or pack up with hay.
ENHERBOLA'R, v. a. to poifon any thing with herbs.
ENHESTAMIE'NTO, f. m. rearing up, fetting up at an end.
ENHESTA'R, v. a. to rear up, to fet up an end.
ENHETRADU'RA, f. f. } intangling,
ENHETRAMIE'NTO, f. m. } perplexing.
ENHETRA'R, v. a. to intangle, as filk or hair does; to perplex, to confound, to diforder.
ENHIELA'R, v. a. to mix with gall.
ENHIESTADO'R, f. m. one that rears, fets, or carries a thing upright.
ENHIE'STO, adj. reared up, fet, or ftanding upright.
ENHILA'R, v. a. to thread as a needle.
ENHOCA'R, v. a. to make hollow.
ENHONDA'R, v. a. to deepen.
ENHORCA'DO, f. m. a wag, an arch fellow; alfo a rope of onions or garlick.
ENHORABUE'NA, f. f. congratulation.
ENHORAMA'LA, adv. in an ill hour, unfeafonably, with bad fuccefs.
ENHORCA'R, v. a. to hang.
ENHORMA'R, v. a. to put upon the laft, as shoes to be ftretched.
ENHORNADU'RA, f. f. putting into the oven.
ENHORNA'R, v. a. to fet into the oven.
ENHUERA'R, v. a. to make eggs addle.

E N I

ENIGMA, f. m. a riddle, an obfcure queftion.
ENIGMA'TICO, adj. enigmatical, in the nature of a riddle, obfcure, darkly, or ambiguoufly expreffed.
ENIGMATI'STA, f. m. one who deals in obfcure and ambiguous expreffions, conceits, or matters.
ENIVELADU'RA, f. f. drawing by rule or line.
ENIVELA'R, v. a. to draw by rule or line.

E N J

ENJAEZA'R, v. a. to trap, to furnish a horfe.
ENJAGUA'R, v. a. vide *ENJUAGA'R*.
ENJALBEGADO'R, f. m. the perfon who whitens the wall, a plaifterer.
ENJALBEGA'R, v. a. to whiten or white-wash the walls; alfo to paint the face as women do.
ENJAMBLADO'R, f. m. an inlayer; alfo a joiner.
ENJAMBLA'R, v. a. to inlay in wood.
ENJA'MBRE, f. m. vide *ENXA'MBRE*.
ENJAULAMIE'NTO, f. m. the ftate of being shut up in a cage, prifon, or jail.
ENJAULA'R, v. a. to put into a cage.
Enjaulár úna cása, to raife all the frame of a houfe of timber, in order to board, lath, or plaifter it afterwards.
ENJIBADO'R, f. m. in cant, a ruffian.

ENJIBA'R, v. n. in cant, to receive, to keep.
ENJORGINA'RSE, v. r. to black one's face with foot.
ENJOYA'R, v. a. to adorn with jewels.
ENJUAGADIE'NTES, f. m. the rinfing of the mouth with water or any thing elfe.
ENJUAGADU'RAS, f. f. the rinfings of any thing.
ENJUAGA'R, v. a. to rinfe.
ENJUA'GUE, f. m. the water, or other liquor put into the mouth to rinfe it.
ENJUANETA'DO, adj. full of corns on the fingers or toes.
ENJUGA'R, v. a. to dry.
ENJUICIA'R, v. a. to judge a fuit in law.
ENJUNCA'R la véla, v. a. to lash faft the fail.
ENJU'NDIA, f. f. vide *EXU'NDIA*.
ENJUNQUE, f. m. heavy matters put at the bottom of a ship which ferves fometimes as ballaft.
ENJU'TO, adj. dry.

E N L

ENLABIADO'R, f. m. a fawning fellow, one that deceives with fair words, a tongue-pad.
ENLABIA'R, v. a. to fawn, to deceive with fair words, to tongue-pad.
ENLA'BIO, f. m. a flattering, fawning, or deceiving with fair words.
ENLA'CE, f. m. connexion, coherence, joining together.
ENLADRILLADO'R, f. m. one that lays bricks or tiles, a bricklayer.
ENLADRILLA'R, v. a. to lay bricks or tiles for floors, or the like.
ENLAMA'R, v. a. to leave the flime or mud upon the furface of the place it has overflowed.
ENLARDA'R, v. a. to lard or bafte with bacon.
ENLATA'DO, adj. plated with metal; alfo ribbed as the fides of ships.
ENLAVIA'R, v. a. vide *ENLABIA'R*.
ENLAZA'BLE, adj. that may be tied or knotted.
ENLAZADO'R, f. m. one who ties or infnares.
ENLAZADU'RA, f. f. } tying,
ENLAZAMIE'NTO, f. m. } joining together; alfo union and friendship.
ENLAZA'R, v. a. to tie, to join together, to knot.
ENLERDA'R, v. n to grow flow, heavy, or dull.
ENLEVA'R, v. a. vide *ELEVA'R*.
ENLIGA'R, v. a. to daub, to ftick with bird-lime.
ENLIRIA'R, v. a. to adorn with lilies.
ENLIZA'R, v. a. to make fmooth.
ENLLENA'R, v. a. to fill.
ENLOBA'R, v. n. to grow hungry or greey as a wolf.
ENLODA'R, v. a. to bemire, to daub with mud or mire.
ENLOQUECE'R, v. n. y a. to grow or make mad or diftracted.
ENLOSA'R, v. a. to pave with broad ftones.
ENLOZA'R, v. a. vide *ENLOSA'R*.
ENLOZANA'RSE, v. r. to boaft, to prefume, to take upon one's; felf too much, to be proud, vain, and haughty.
ENLUCI'R, v. a. to white-wash the walls; to make bright.
EN LUGA'R, adv. inftead.
ENLUTA'R, v. a. to put into mourning.

E N M

ENMADERAMIE'NTO, f. m. wooden work, or doing any thing with whod
ENMADERA'R, v. a. to build, to ftrengthen, to do any thing with wood.
ENMAGRECE'R, v. n. to grow lean.
ENMARAÑA'R, v. a. to intangle, to perplex.
ENMARA'RSE, v. r. to put out to fea.
ENMASCARA'R, v. a. to mask.
EN MEDIO, adv. in the middle.
ENMENDA'R, v. a. to mend, to correct, to rectify, to make or grow better.
ENMERDA'R, v. a. to daub with ordure or dung.
ENMIE'NDA, f. f. amendment.
No tenèr enmiénda, to be incorrigible, paft mending.
ENMOCECE'R, v. n. to grow young.
ENMOHECE'RSE, v. r. to grow mouldy.
ENMORDAZA'R, v. a. vide *AMORDAZA'R*.
ENMUDECE'R, v. n. to grow dumb, to have nothing to fay for one's felf.

E N N

ENNEGRECE'R, v. a. to make or grow black.
ENNIVELA'R, v. a. vide *ENIVELA'R*.
ENNOBLECE'R, v. a. to make or grow noble.
ENNOBLECIMIE'NTO, f. m. a nobilitating, or making, or growing noble.
ENNOVIA'R, v. a. to marry.
ENNUDECE'R, v. n. to grow knotty.

E N O

ENO'DIO, f. m. the fawn of a ftag.
ENODRI'DA, f. f. a hen is fo called when she has done laying eggs.
ENOJADAME'NTE, adv. angrily.
ENOJADI'ZO, adj. paffionate, apt to be angry, pettish.
ENOJA'R, v. a. to anger.
ENO'JO, f. m. anger.
ENOJOSAME'NTE, adv. angrily.
ENOJO'SO, adj. offenfive, provoking.
EN O'RDEN, adv. orderly, in order.

ENO'RME, adj. enormous, deformed, exceffive big, out of meafure.
ENORMEME'NTE, adv. enormoufly, exceffively, out of meafure.
ENORMIDAD, f. f. enormity.

E N P

ENPALA'R, v. a. to impale.
ENPANTANA'R, v. a. to bog, to ftop or puzzle bufinefs.
EMPATRONIZA'R, v. a. to patronize, to protect.
ENPEDERNECE'R, v. n. vide *EMPEDERNECE'R.*
ENPEñA'R, v. a. vide *EMPEñA'R.*
EN POS, prep. after.

E N Q

ENQUADEBNACIO'N, f. f a binding of a book.
ENQUADERNA'DOR, f. m. a bookbinder; alfo a pimp.
ENQUADERNA'R, v. a. to bind books; to fet the ribs of fhips.
EN QUALQUIE'R manéra, adv. any how, however it be.
ENQUE'NTO, f. m. vide *ENCUE'NTO.*
ENQUICLA'DO, adj. put upon the hinges.
ENQUILLOTRA'R, v. a. to intangle, to confound, to mix, to perplex.
ENQUISICIO'N, f. f. inquifition.

E N R

ENRALECE'R, v. a. to make or grow thin.
ENRAMA'DA, f. f. an arbour, a hut made of boughs, any twining together of boughs.
ENRAMA'R, v. a. to cover, or adorn with boughs.
ENRANCIA'RSE, v. r. to grow ftale, or rufty.
ENRARECE'R, v. a. y n. to make or grow rare, or fcarce.
ENRASA'R, v. a. to make even, or fmooth.
ENRAJA'R, v. a. to fix the fpokes into wheels.
ENREDADE'RA, f. f. a knotty fort of grafs.
ENREDADO'R, f. m. an intàngler, one that catches in a net, one fets people together by the ears.
ENREDAMIE'NTO, f. m. intangling, catching in a net, fetting people together by the ears.
ENREDA'R, v. a. to intangle, to catch in the net, to fet people together by the ears.
Enredárfe, v. r. to be intangled, to have to do with any body fo that one knows not how to get off.
ENRE'DO, f. m. a mifchievous ftory, to fet people at variance, an intricate lie; any intangling.
ENREDO'SO, adj. intangled, doubtful, perplexed.
ENREGISTRA'R, v. a. to regifter, to inroll.
ENREHOJA'R, v. a. to roll the wax into a leaf, to make it in leaves that it may become white.
ENREJA'R, v. a. to put grates, or bars before windows.
ENRIA'R, v. a. to fink-flat in the river.
ENRIDA'R, v. a. obf. to fe on, to halloo on a dog.
ENRIQUECE'R, v. n. to grow rich; v. a. to make rich.
ENRISCA'DO, adj. high on the rocks, dangerous, difficult of accefs, fteep.
ENRISCAMIE'NTO, f. m. fteepnefs, the craggy fide of a rock, difficulty of accefs.
ENRISCA'R, v. a. to get among the rocks and precipices, to venture into danger.
ENRISTRA'R, v. a. to put lance into the reft.
ENRIZA'R, v. a. to curl the hair, to turn them in ringlets.
ENROBLECE'R, v. n. to grow hard as an oak.
ENROCA'R, v. a. to fortify a place, as it were with rocks about it; alfo to caftle the king at chefs.
ENRODA'R, v. a. to put a criminal to deat upon a wheel.
ENRODELA'R, v. a. to arm with a target.
ENRODRIGONA'R, v. a. to prop a vine.
ENROMA'R, v. a. to flatten, to blunt.
ENROQUECE'R, v. n. to grow hoarfe.
ENROQUECIMIE'NTO, f. m. hoarfenefs.
ENROSA'R, v. a. to dye any thing of the rofe colour.
ENROSCADU'RA, f. f. lying round like a fnake.
ENROSCA'R, v. n. to lay round like a fnake.
ENROSSA'DO, *ENROXA'DO*, } adj. red.
ENROXA'R, v. a. to make red.
ENROXECE'R, v. n. to be red in the face, to blush.
ENRUBIADE'RA, f. f. a woman that makes hair red.
ENRUBIADO'R, f. m. a man that makes the hair fair.
ENRUBIA'R, v. a. to make the hair fair; to turn to a reddish colour.
ENRUBIECE'R, v. n. to grow fair.
ENRUDECE'R, v. n. to grow dull or ignorant.

E N S

ENSABANA'DA, f. f. vide *CAMISA'DA.*
ENSABANA'R, v. a. to wrap in a sheet.
ENSALA'DA, f. f. a fallad; alfo a fort of verfes of feveral forts put together.
Prov. *La vez de la enfaláda, ni la piérdas ni fea aguáda*, do not forget to drink with fallad, and let there be no water in it; that is, be fure, when you eat fallad, to drink a good glafs of wine without water to warm the herbs in the ftomach.
ENSALADI'LLA, f. f. fweet herbs mixt together.
ENSA'LMA, f. f. a pannel for a beaft.
ENSALMADE'RA, f. m. a wo-

man that practises the surperstitious, way of saying prayers over sick people on pretence to cure them.

ENSALMA'R, v. a. to attempt to cure by saying certain prayers over silk people; also to knock one on the head.

ENSA'LMO, s. m. the superstitious way of saying strange words over sick people on pretence to cure them.

ENSALVAJA'R, v. a. to make savage or wild.

ENSALZADO'R, s. m. one that praises and magnifies any thing or action.

ENSALZAMIE'NTO, s. m. exaltation, praising, extolling.

ENSALZA'R, v. a. to exalt, to praise, to extoll, to magnify.

Ensalzárse, v. r to boast.

ENSAMBENITA'R, v. a. to put a badge on the converted Jews when brought out of the inquisition.

ENSAMBLADO'R, s. m. a joyner, a carver.

ENSAMBLADU'RA, s. f. } the
ENSAMBLA'JE, s. m. } act of putting together pieces of wood as the joiner or cabinet-maker does.

ENSAMBLA'R, v. a. to work joinerywork; to inlay in wood.

ENSA'NCHA, s. f. an addition; a gore to make linen wider, or any thing that is added to make another thing wider.

ENSANCHADO'R, s. m. one who stretches out or makes wider.

ENSANCHAMIE'NTO, s. m. stretching out, making wider.

ENSANCHA'R, v. a. to stretch, to make wider.

Ensanchárse, v. r. to stretch out, to take up more room; to grow stately and require much courtship.

Ensanchárse el corazón, to breathe more freely, to recover after a fright.

NSA'NCHE, s. m. extension, width.

ENSANDECE'R, v. n. to run mad, to turn fool.

ENSANGOSTAMIE'NTO, s. m. making narrow or strait.

ENSANGOSTA'R, v. a. to make narrower or straiter.

ENSANGRENTADO'R, s. m. one that imbrues in blood, a bloody person.

ENSANGRENTAMIE'NTO, s. m. an imbruing with blood.

ENSANGRENTA'R, v. a. to imbrue with blood.

ENSAñAMIE'NTO, s. m. rage.

ENSAñA'R, v. a. to be in a rage.

ENSARNECE'R, v. n. to have the itch.

ENSARTA'R, v. a. to string as we do beads; to tack long tales together.

ENSAVANADA, s. f. the appearing of people wrapped in sheets.

ENSAVANA'R, v. a. to wrap. in a sheet.

ENSA'Y, s. m. trial, essay, proof.

ENSAYADO'R, s. m. taster, assayer, trier.

ENSAYA'R, v. a. to try, to taste, to assay, to make proof of; to put on a loose coat; to rehearse as actors do; to practise any thing that is to be done.

ENSAY'E, s. m. trial, essay, proof.

ENSA'YO, s. m. assaying, tasting, trial; rehearsing like actors, practising of any thing.

ENSEBADU'RA, s. f. a tallowing or greasing.

ENSEBA'R, v. a. to tallow, to grease.

ENSELVA'DO, adj. full of woods.

ENSE'MBLE, adv. obs. together.

ENSENA'DA, s. f a bay in the sea.

ENSENA'R, v. a. to put into the bosom.

ENSEñA, s. f. a sign to a house, or the colours in an army.

ENSEñA'BLE, adj. easy to be taught, docible.

ENSEñADE'RO, adj. theat can be taught.

ENSEñADO'R, s. m. the person who teaches.

ENSEñAMIE'NTO, s. m. instruction.

ENSEñA'NZA, s. f. instruction, teaching.

ENSEñA'R, v. a. to teach, to instruct; also to shew, to point out.

Enseñárse, v. r. to. accustom one's self, to teach one's self.

ENSEñO'READOR, s. m. one who has dominion or power over others.

ENSEñOREAR, v. a. to be lord of, or to have power over.

ENSE'NSIO, s. f. the herb. wormwood.

ENSERPENTA'DO, adj. enraged as a serpent.

ENSEVA'R, v. a. to grease, to tallow.

ENSILA'R, v. a. to put into a granary; to gormandise, to eat voraciously.

ENSILLADU'RA, s. f. a saddling any beast.

ENSILLA'R, v. a. to saddle. Prov. *Aún no ensillamos, y yá cabalgámos*, we have not saddled yet, and we are for riding already. Applied to those who are for attaining the ends without using the means, and are too precipitate in what they do.

ENSOBERBECE'RSE, v. r. to grow proud.

ENSOGA'R, v. a. to tie any thing with ropes.

ENSOLA'R, v. a. to lay a floor or pavement.

ENSOLVE'R, v. a. to mix, to confuse.

ENSOPA'R, v. a. to make soup, to dip the bread in the soup or any other liquor.

ENSORDADE'RA, s. f. a sort of down or woollinefs, that grows at the end of rushes.

ENSORDAMIE'NTO, s. m. a making or growing deaf.

ENSORDA'R, v. a. to make or grow deaf.

ENSORDECE'R, v. n. to grow deaf.

ENSORDEDE'RA, f. f. vide *ENSORDADE'RA*.

ENSORTIJA'R, v. a. to link together with rings.

Enfortijár el cabéllo, to curl the hair.

Enfortijár las manos, to wring the hands for grief.

ENSOTA'RSE, v. r. to get into a wood or thicket.

ENSPIRITA'DO, adj. poffeffed with an evil fpirit.

ENSUCIAMIE'NTO, f. m. fouling, defiling.

ENSUCIA'R, v. a. to foul, to defile, to make dirty, to bewray.

Enfuciárfe, v. r. to befoul one's felf.

ENSUY'AR, v. a. obf. to undertake, to fet about doing a thing.

ENT.

ENTABLACIO'N, f. f. a regifter.

ENTABLA'DO, f. m. } *ENTABLADU'RA*, f. f. } a term in architecture, the entablature.

ENTABLAME'NTO, f. m. a boarding or planking.

ENTABLA'R, v. a. to board or plank; to commence, to fet on foot; alfo to fet the men at tables or other game.

Entablár un negócio, to difpofe bufinefs into method, that it may be eafily compaffed.

ENTADO, adj. joined or packed together, cemented, as in a coat of arms, when one part is joined to another.

ENTALAMA'DO, adj. covered with cloth, as a waggon, &c.

ENTALEGA'R, v. a. to put any thing in a fack.

ENTALLA'BLE, adj. that may be carved.

ENTALLADO'R, f. m. a carver in wood or the like.

ENTALLADU'RA, f. carving in wood or the like.

ENTALLA'R, v. a. to carve in wood, or the like; alfo to make cloaths shapeable to the body.

ENTA'LLE, f. m. the work done by teh carver.

ENTALLECE'R, v. n. is to grow to a ftem or ftalk.

EN TA'NTO, adv. forafmuch; in the mean while.

En tánto grádo, fo far forth, to fuch a degree.

ENTAPIA'R, v. a. to wall or shut up.

ENTAPIZA'R, v. a. to hang with tapeftry.

ENTARIMA'R, v. a. to plank, to floor with boards.

ENTARQUINA'R, v. a. to daub, to defile, to foul, or dirt.

E'NTASI, f. m. in architecture, an entafis, a fwelling in the shaft or body of a column.

EN TASSA'JOS, adv. in pieces, like meat falted and hung up.

ENTE, f. m. a being.

ENTECA'DO, adj. one that moves his joints with difficulty, ftiff in the joints.

ENTE'CO, adj. vide *ENTECA'DO*.

ENTEJA'DO, adj. like a tile, made in the shape of a tile.

ENTEJE'R, v. a. vide *ENTEXE'R*.

ENTELERI'DO, adj. obf. full of fear.

ENTE'NA, f. f. the yard of a ship to which the fail is made faft.

ENTENA'DA, f. f. a daughter-in-law, the wife's daughter by another husband, or the husband's by another wife.

ENTENA'DO, f. m. a fon-in-law, as above.

ENTENDEDE'RAS, f. f. pl. good capacity, good underftanding.

ENTENDEDO'R, f. m. one that conceives or underftands.

Prov. *Al buén entendedór bréve habladór*, to one that underftands well; a few words.

ENTENDE'R, v. a. to underftand, to conceive.

Entendér en algo, to be bufy or employed about fomething.

Yò me entiéndo, I underftand my own bufinefs.

Entendémos hacer tal cofa, we intend to do fuch a thing.

Entendérfe con uno, to agree with one.

A mi entendér, according to my opinion.

No entiéndo de effo, I will not do it.

Sabérfe entender, to know how to behave.

ENTENDIDAMENTE, adv. wifely, judiciously.

ENTENDI'DO, f. m. a man of underftanding.

ENTENDIMIE'NTO, f. m. the underftanding.

Entendiménto de la ley, the true explication or fenfe of the law.

ENTENEBRECE'R. v. a. to darken, to make or grow dark.

ENTENZO'N, f. f. conteft, quarrel, difcord.

ENTERAME'NTE, adv. wholly, fully, totally.

ENTERAMIE'NTO, f. m. thorough information.

ENTERA'R, v. a. to reftore; to pay; alfo to inform thoroughly.

ENTERE'ZA, f. f. integrity; alfo pride and obftinacy.

ENTERI'ZO, adj. whole, found.

ENTERNECE'R, v. a. to make tender, to move to compaffion.

Enternecérfe, v. r. to grow compaffionate, to be moved with pity.

ENTERNECIMIE'NTO, f. m. compaffion, pity, mercy, tendernefs of heart.

ENTE'RO, adj. whole.

Hómbre entéro, an upright man; a man of a found body; a pofitive man.

Cabállo entéro, f. m. a ftonehorfe.

Lienço entéro, coarfe linen.

Por entéro, adv. wholly, totally, fully.

ENTERRADO'R, f. m. a burier.

ENTERRAMIE'NTO, f. m. funeral, burial; the place of burial.

ENTERROGA'R, v. a. vide *INTERROGA'R*.
ENTERVENIR, v. n. pref. to happen or fall out by the way, or by the by, or in the mean time.
ENTESADAME'NTE, adv. manfully, vigorously, stoutly, valiantly, bravely.
ENTESAMIE'NTO, f. m. ftretching, laying out; alfo ftiffening.
ENTESA'R, v. a. to ftretch, to lay out; alfo to ftiffen.
ENTEXE'R, v. a. to weave in.
ENTHE'O, adj. full of the divine fpirit, infpired, divine.
ENTHIME'MA, f. m. an imperfect fyllogifm confifting only of antecedent and confequence; an enthymeme.
ENTHRONIZACIO'N, f. f. an enthroning.
ENTHRONIZA'R, v. a. to enthrone, to place on a regal feat, to inveft with fovereign authority.
ENTHUSIAS'MO, f. m. enthufiafm.
ENTIBADO'R; f. m. who props or shores up any thing.
ENTIBA'R, v. n. to prop up, to shore, to fupport.
ENTIBIADE'RO, f. m. a veffel to make any thing lukewarm in.
ENTIBIA'R, v. a. to make lukewarm.
Entibiárfe, v. r. to cool; to flacken in the eagernefs wherewith a man purfued any bufinefs.
ENTI'BO, f. m. fupporter, pillar in building.
ENTIDA'D, f. f. entity, exiftence; alfo value, eftimation.
ENTIE'RRO, f. m. burial, funeral.
ENTIGRECE'RSE, v. r. to grow furious and raging as a tyger.
ENTIMEM'A, f. m. vide *ENTHIME'MA*.
ENTINTA'R, v. a. to daub with ink.
ENTIVIAR, v. a. vide *ENTIBIA'R*.
ENTIZNA'R, v. a. to fmut, to fully, to defile; to blemish one's reputation; to difgrace one's family.
ENTOLDA'R, v. a. to cover the ftreets with fails or the like on great folemnities, or places to fit cool from the fun.
Entoldár la náo, to fpread the awning in a ship.
ENTOLLADE'RO, f. m. a miry place, a quagmire.
ENTOLLA'R, v. a. to ftick in the mire, to bog.
ENTOMIZA'R, v. a. to tie with a cord or rope.
ENTONACIO'N, f. f. a tuning, fetting a tune, raifing the voice; alfo growing haughty.
ENTONADO'R, f. m. one who tunes or raifes the voice; alfo a haughty fellow.
ENTONAMIE'NTO, f. m. a tuning or raifing the voice.
ENTONA'R, v. a. to tune, to raife the voice, to talk loud, to be vain.
ENTO'NCES, adv. then, in that time.
ENTO'NO, f. m. a tuning, fetting a tune, raifing the voice.
Entóno, f. m. haughtinefs, pride, arrogance.
ENTONTECE'R, v. n. to grow foolish.
ENTORCE'R, v. a. to wind or wreath about like a fnake.
ENTO'RCHA, f. f. vide *ANTORCHA*.
ENTORCHA'DO, f. m a fort of twifted fringe.
ENTORCHA'R, v. a. to make or shape any thing like torch; alfo to twift or wreath.
ENTORCIJA'DO, adj. vide *ENSORTIJA'DO*.
ENTORMECE'R, v. a. vide *ADORMECE'R*.
ENTORMECIMIE'NTO, f. m. vide *ADORMECIMIE'NTO*.
ENTORNA'R, v. a. to put to.
ENTORNEA'R, v. a. to wind, turn, or wrap round.
ENTO'RNO, f. m. ronnd about.
ENTORPECE'R, v. n. to grow numb, to grow dull or ftupid.
ENTORPECIMIE'NTO, f. m. numbnefs, dulnefs, ftupidity.
ENTORTADU'RA, f. f. blinding of an eye; crooking, bending, or bowing.
ENTORTA'R, v. a. to crook, bend or bow; alfo to make or become blind of an eye.
ENTOSSIGA'R, v. a. to intoxicate, to poifon.
ENTRAZA'R, v. a. to trace, to mark out, to contrive.
ENTRA'DA; f. f. entry, entrance; a duty paid at entering a place; alfo ancefs, favour.
Hacer entráda, to make public entry like an ambaffador.
Tenér entráda, en cáfa de un fenór, to be admitted to a great man, to be in his favour, to have his ear.
ENTRADE'RO, f. m. a wicket, a door in a gate.
ENTRADI'LLA, f. f. diminutive of *entráda*.
ENTRAMBOS, pron. both.
ENTRAMPA'R, v. a. to intrap, to cacth in a trap-door, to infnare, to deceive.
ENTRAñA'BLE, adj. hearty, fincere.
ENTRAñABLEME'NTE, adv. heartily, fincerely.
ENTRAñA'L, adj. hearty, fincere.
ENTRAñA'R, v. a. to receive any onë with fincerity and affection.
ENTRA'ñA'S, f. f. pl. the entrails, the inward parts, the bowels.
Efcondárfe en las entráñas de la tierra, to hide one's felf in the bowels of the earth.
Hombre de buénas entráñas, a good-natured or compaffionate man.
Entráñas mías, my bowels, my dear, my foul, my life.
ENTRAñIZA'R, v. a. to love fincerely, affectionately.
ENTRAPAJA'R, v. a. to wrap in clouts or rags; from *trapájo*, a rag.
ENTRAPA'RSE, v. r. to be daubed with duft.
ENTRA'R, v. n. to enter, to come in; at fea, to gain ground upon a ship.
Entrár en religion, to go into a religious order.

Entrár

Entrár en juégo, to make one at play.
Entrár en música, in music, to begin to sing in concert.
Entrár úna silla, to set a chair.
Entrár de rondon, to rush rudely into a place without, being called or saying by your leave.
Entrárse, to gain ground upon.
Entrár de por médio, to part a fray.
No intrárle de los diéntes adéntro, not to care for one, not to be concerned at any thing.
Entrár, v. a. to include, to comprise, to comprehend; also to begin.
Entrár en una partida de lana ò ca-cao, to buy a parcel of wool or of cocoa.
Entrár una ciudad, to take a town.
Entrár a reinár, to begin to reign.
Entrár a la parte, to partake, to have a share in.
Entrár a saco, to plunder a town.
Entrár a uno, to persuade one.
Entrár en si mismo, to reflect upon one's self.
Entrár de por medio, to mediate.
Entrár en la moda, to follow the fashion.
ENTRE, prep. between.
ENTREABIE'RTO, p. p. of *entreabrir*.
ENTREABRI'R, v. n. to stand a-jar or half open.
ENTRECA'NO, adj. grey-headed.
ENTRECAVA'R, v. a. to dig shallow.
ENTRECE'JO, s. m. the space between the eyebrows.
Entrecéjo, an angry lowring countenance.
ENTRECOGEDU'RA, s. m. interception.
ENTRECOGE'R, v. a. to take a ball or the like before it come to the ground.
ENTRECOLUNACIO'N, s. f. intercolumnation, in architecture; the distance or void between pillar and pillar.
ENTRECORTA'R, v. a. to cut off flying, or before it falls to the ground.
ENTRECUBIE'RTAS, s. f. between the decks; a sea-term.
ENTRE CUERO y cárne, between the skin and the flesh.
ENTRECUE'STA, s. f. the forepart of a hog's ribs.
ENTREDECI'R, v. a. to forbid, to interdict.
ENTREDI'A, adv. by day, in the daytime.
ENTREDI'CHO, p. p. forbidden, interdicted; subs. used, the interdict when the church-doors are shut up without an excommunication, and the divine service is forbid to be persom end in public.
ENTREDIE'NTES, adv. betwixt the teeth.
ENTREDO'BLE, adj. between thick and thin.
ENTRE DOS LU'CES, adv. between day-light and candle-light.
ENTREFINO, adj. between coarse and fine.
ENTRE'GA, s. f. a. delivery, the delivering any thing up.
ENTREGADAME'NTE, adv. wholly, perfectly, truly.
ENTREGADO'R, s. m. he that delivers up.
ENTRE'GA, s. f. } vide *ENTREGO*.
ENTREGAMIE'NTO, s. m. } vide *ENTREGO*.
ENTREGA'R, v. a. to deliver up.
ENTRE'GO, s. m. delivery, acquittance.
ENTREHUE'LGO, s. m. a breathing, or panting between while.
ENTREJUNTA'R, v. a. to interjoin to join mutually.
ENTRELAZA'R, v. a. to fold, to join, to knit together.
ENTRELLOVE'R, v. imp. to rain a small rain between a mist and a rain.
ENTRELUBRICA'N, s. m. the twilight.
ENTREME'DIAS, adv. betwixt, in the mean while.
ENTREME'S, s. m. an interlude between the acts of a play.
ENTREMESA'DO, adj. belonging to an interlude between the acts of a play.
ENTREMESCLA'R, v. a. to intermix.
ENTREMETE'R, v. a. to put between, to intermeddle, to mix among other things.
Entremetérse, v. r. to intrude, to intermeddle.
ENTREMETI'DO, s. m. a meddler, one that will have an oar in every boat.
ENTREMETIMIE'NTO, s. m. intermixing, putting between, intermeddling.
ENTREMIXTU'RA, s. f. intermixture.
ENTREMORI'R, v. n. to be almost expiring.
ENTREMUE'RTO, adj. half dead, almost expiring.
ENTRENZA'R, v. a. to plat like hair.
ENTREOI'R, v. a. to hear by halves, as, a man does things at a great distance, through a wall, or the like.
ENTREPA'ñO, s. m. an interval or space of wall between two columns.
ENTREPA'PADO, s. m. the time between the death of one pope and the election of another.
ENTREPONE'R, v. a. to put between, to set between; to interpose.
ENTREPARECE'RSE, v. r. to see obscurey, when things by their appearance impress but a faint idea.
ENTREPIE'RNAS, s. f. the space or distance between the legs; also the pieces put to mend a pair of breeches between the legs.
ENTREPOSTU'RA, s. f. a setting or placing between.
ENTREPUE'STO, p. p. of *entreponér*.
ENTREPUNZADU'RA, s. f. pouncing or pricking at intervals.
ENTREPUNZA'R, v. a. to pounce, or prick at intervals.
ENTRERENGLONADU'RA, s. f. a note of interlining.

ENTRERENGLONA'R, v. a. to interline.

ENTREROMPE'R, v. a. to hinder, or interrupt.

ENTREROMPIMIE'NTO, f. m. an hindrance, or interruption.

ENTRESA'CA, f. f. a lopping or cutting off boughs when they are thick, or keep out the light.

ENTRESACADU'RA, f. f. the feparating, or cutting of any thing when it is too thick.

ENTRESACA'R, v. a. to draw or take out of feveral places; to cull, to draw out from among the reft, to thin, as they do plants or trees fet too thick together.

ENTRESEMA'NA, f. f. in the week, within it, fome day in the week.

ENTRESI', adv. among themfelves, to himfelf.

ENTRESI'JO, f. m. the midriff of any creature, which parts the bowels from the upper parts.

ENTRESUE'LO, f. m. a room taken out between two floors.

ENTRETALLADU'RA, f. f. intercarving.

ENTRETALLA'R, v. a. to intercarve, or carve at diftances.

ENTRETA'NTO, adv. in the mean while.

ENTRETE'LA, f. f. a cloth put between the lining and the cloth.

ENTRETELA'R, v. a. to put any thing between the lining and the cloth.

ENTRETENEDO'R, f. m. who entertains, or employs himfelf in doing any thing, who delights, or diverts.

ENTRETENE'R, v. a. to divert, to entertain, to delay, to put off, to fupport, to give fome allowance.

ENTRETENIMIE'NTO, f. m. diverfion, paftime, delay; alfo an allowance till fomething better comes.

ENTRETEXEDU'RA, f. f. interweaving.

ENTRETEXE'R, v. a. to interweave; alfo to mix.

ENTRETIE'MPO, f. m. interval.

ENTREVA'LO, f. m. the interval.

ENTREVA'R, v. a. to underftand.

ENTREVENAR'SE, v. r. to mix or pour out any liquor between the veins.

ENTREVENIMIE'NTO, f. m. a chance by the by.

ENTREVENI'R, v. n. to intervene, to come between, to happen by the by.

ENTREVERA'R, v. a. to intermix, as baskets of twigs of feveral colours, or flesh that is fat and lean in ftreaks.

ENTREUNTA'R, v. a. to anoint flenderly.

ENTREXERI'R, v. a. to infert, to thruft in between, to intermix.

ENTRICADAME'NTE, adv. intricately.

ENTRICAMIE'NTO, f. m. a perplexing, intangling.

ENTRICA'R, v a. to intricate, to intangle, to perplex.

ENTRINCA'DO, adj. confufed, perplexed, difordered, troubled, entangled.

ENTRIPA'DO, adj. inteftine, inward.

ENTRISTECE'R, v. a. to make or to grow fad; to wither.

Entriftecérfe, v. r. to be fad or melancholy.

ENTRISTECIMIE'NTO, f. m. growing fad.

ENTRO, prep. obf. within.

ENTRODUZI'R, v. a. to introduce.

ENTROI'DO, f. m. the carnaval.

ENTROMETE'R, obf. vide *ENTREMETE'R*.

ENTRONCA'R, v. n. to belong to a family, to be a defcendant from a race.

ENTRONERA'R, v. a. to put or fix in a hole.

ENTRONIZA'R, v. a. to inthrone, to raife, to exalt.

Entronizárfe, v. r. to take ftate upon one, to grow proud or haughty.

ENTROPEZA'R, v. n. to ftumble.

ENTROXA'R, v. a. to gather into the barn.

ENTRUCHA'DA, f. f. a fecret clandeftine affair or tranfaction.

ENTRUCHA'R, v. a. to deceive by flattery, to draw one in, to wheedle, cajole, inveigle, allure, intice, invite.

Entruchár, in cant, to underftand, to difcover.

ENTRUE'JO, f. m. obf. the carnaval.

ENTUBA'JAR, v. n. to difcover or deteft roguery.

ENTUE'RTOS, f. m. pl. the pains of lying-in women.

ENTULLA'R, v. a. to fplice ropes, as they do on board fhips.

ENTULLECE'R, v. n. to grow maimed.

ENTUMECE'R, v. a. to maim.

ENTUMECIMIE'NTO, f. m. a damage received by fwelling.

ENTUPI'R, v. a. vide *ENTUMECE'R*.

ENTURA'R, v. a. in cant, to give, to obferve.

ENTURBIA'R, v. a. to difturb, to trouble, to make thick or muddy.

E N U

E'NULA CAMPANA, f. f. the herb called elicampane.

ENUNCIACIO'N, f. f. a declaration, manifeftation.

ENUNCIA'R, v. a. to explain, to manifeft.

ENUNCIATI'VO, adj. manifeft, clear, plain.

ENU'NO, adv. together, all in one.

E N V

ENVAINA'R, v. a. to sheath, to sheath up.

ENVAI'NE ufted, do not put yourfelf in a paffion.

ENVALENTONA'R, v. a. to animate, to encourage, to give courage to.

ENVANDERA'R, v. a. to adorn with colours, or flags.
ENVANECE'R, v. n. to be vain or proud.
EN VA'NO, adv. in vain.
ENVARAMIE'NTO, f. m. ſtiffneſs.
ENVARA'R, v. a. to grow, or make, ſtiff as a ſtake.
ENVARONA'R, v. n. to grow manlike.
ENVASADO'R f. m. one that fills into veſſels; alſo a funnel to fill veſſels with.
ENVASA'R, v. a. to put into veſſels; alſo to run a man through.
Envaſár, to drink.
ENVEDIJA'DO, adj. that has long locks or shagged hair; alſo, faſt together by the ears.
ENVEDIJA'RSE, v. r. to fall together by the ears.
ENVEJECE'R, v. n. to grow old.
ENVELESAMIE'NTO, f. m. ſtupefaction, aſtoniſhment.
ENVELESA'R, v. a. to ſtupify, ſtun, ſurpriſe, aſtoniſh, to put beſide one's ſelf.
ENVENENADO'R, f. m. who poiſons any thing.
ENVENENA'R, v. a. to poiſon.
ENVERDECE'R, v. n. to grow green.
ENVERDI'R, v. a. to dye green.
ENVERGA'R, v. a. to tie with ſmall ropes the ſails of a ſhip to the yards.
ENVERGONZAMIE'NTO, f. m. putting to the bluſh, or out of countenance
ENVERGONZA'NTE, f. m. a neceſſitous perſon that is aſhamed to beg.
ENVERGONZA'R, v. a. to make aſhamed, to put to the bluſh, or out of countenance.
ENVE'RGUES, f. m. pl. the ropes with which the ſail is faſtened to the ſailyard.
ENVE'S f. m. the wrong ſide; alſo the back.
ENVESA'DO adj. turned the wrong ſide out.
Cuéro enveſádo, leather that has the fleſhy ſide outwards.
ENVESA'R, v. a. to turn the wrong ſide outwards; in cant, to whip.
ENVESTIDU'RA, f. f. inveſtiture.
ENVESTI'R, v. a. to inveſt with power: alſo to cover.
Enveſtírſe, v. r. to accuſtom one's ſelf to any paſſion.
EN VEZ, adv. inſtead.
ENVIA'DA, f. f. embaſſy, meſſage.
ENVIA'R, v. a. to ſend.
ENVICIA'R, v. a. to make vicious or depraved, to corrupt; v. n. to make vicious.
ENVIDADO'R, f. m. one who invites.
ENVIDA'R, v. a. to invite.
ENVIDI'A, f. f. envy.
ENVIDIADO'R, f. m. one who envies.
ENVIDIA'R, v. n. to envy.
ENVIDIO'SO, adj. envious.
ENVIGAMIE'NTO, f. m. the timberwork of a houſe.
ENVILECE'R, v. n. to grow vile, to grow cheap.
ENVINA'R, v. a. to mix wine with water.
ENVIPERA'DO, adj. like a viper, furious.
ENVISCA'R, v. a. to lay birdlime to catch birds.
ENVI'SO, adj. wiſe, ſagacious, experienced.
ENVI'TE, f. m. wager, offer, invitation.
ENVIUDA'R, v. n. to be a widow, or a widower.
ENVOLA'NDAS, adv. vide *VOLANDAS*.
ENVOLCA'DO, adj. involved, ſurrounded.
ENVOLTO'RIO, f. m. a bundle.
ENVOLTU'RAS, f. f. pl. the little cloaths belonging to children.
ENVOLVEDE'RO, } f. m. things
ENVOLVEDO'R, } to wrap up, wrapper.
ENVOLVE'R, v. a, to involve.
Envolvérſe, v. r. to be involved or mixed.
ENVUE'LTO, p. p. of *envolvér*.

ENX

ENXABONADU'RA, f. f. ſoaping of linen.
ENXABONA'R, v. a. to ſoap linen, or the like; alſo to injure, to abuſe.
ENXAGUADIE'NTES, f. m. the laſt liquor taken after dinner to waſh the mouth.
ENXAGUADU'RAS, f. f. pl. vide *ENJUAGADU'RAS*.
ENXAGUA'R, v. a. to rinſe.
ENXA'LMA, f. f. a pannel for a beaſt.
ENXALMA'R, v. a. to put a pannel upon a beaſt.
ENXALME'RO, f. m. one who makes or ſells pack-ſaddles.
ENXALVEGA'R, v. a. to whitewaſh a houſe.
Enxalvegárſe, v. r. to daub with white and red; to paint.
ENXAMBRA'R, v. n. to ſwarm as bees do.
ENXA'MBRE, f. m. a ſwarm of bees; alſo a croud of people.
ENXA'NO, adv. obſ. every year.
ENXEBA'DO, adj. dreſſed with *xébe*, which is a ſort of chalk.
ENXE'BE, f. m. lye made with aſhes.
ENXERGA'DO, adj. clad in ſerge.
ENXERIDO'R, f. m. a grafter.
ENXERIMIE'NTO, f. m. a grafting.
ENXERI'R, v. a. to graft.
Enxerír de eſtudéte, to inoculated.
ENXERTA'R, v. a. vide *ENXERI'R*.
ENXE'RTO p. p. grafteé.
ENXUGA'R, v. a. to dry.
ENXU'LLO DE TELA'R, a weaver's beam.
ENXU'NDIA, f. f. fat, ſuet, greaſe; the lump of fat in a hen's belly.
ENXU'TAS, f. f. pl. among architects, the ſides left by deſcribing a circle on a ſquare, which are ſmall acute triangles.
ENXU'TO, adj. dry; ſparing, harſh, and lean.
A die enxutó, adv. a dry foot; without fatigue, pains, or trouble.

E N Y

ENYE'RTO, adj. ftiff, erected, fet upright.
ENYESSADO'R, f. m. a plaifterer.
ENYESSADU'RA, f. f. a plaiftering, white-washing.
ENYESSA'R, v. a. to plaifter, to white-wash.

E N Z

ENZAMARRA'R, v. a to cover with a garment of sheep-skins with the wool on.
ENZARDECE'R, v. n. to be awkward or crofs-grained.
ENZARZA'R, v. a. to put in the briars; v. n. to be intangled, involved in troubles.
Enzarzárfe, v. r. to be intangled in the bushes or briars.
ENZURDECE'R, v. n. to become left-handed.

E P A

EPA'CTA, f. f. the epact, a number, whereby we note the excefs of the common folar year above the lunar, and thereby may find out the age of the moon every year.
EPANALE'PSIS, f. f. a repetition of the fame word after a long parenthefis.
EPANA'PHORA, f. f. a figure, when divers claufes begin with one and the fame word.

E P E

EPE'NTHESI, } f. f. the put-
EPE'NTHESIS, } ting in a letter or fyllabe, in the middle of a word.

E P H

EPHEME'RIDES, f. m. a regifter, a day-book, a journal, an account of the daily motions and fituations of the planets.
EPHEMI'RO, f. m. an herb called hermodactil, liriumphancy, or lily of the vallies.
EPHIME'RA f. m. ephemera, a fever that terminates in one day; alfo an infect that lives only one day; alfo of a daily duration.

E P I

EPICEDO, f. m. verfes repeated over the dead body before it was buried.
EPICHE'YA, f. f. a wife and moderate interpretation of the law.
EPICI'CLO, f. m. an epicycle, or leffer circle, that has its center within a greater, ufed by aftronomers to find the irregular motion of the planets.
E'PICO, adj. epick.
EPIDEMI'A, f. f. a plague.
EPIDE'MICO, adj. epidemical, public, univerfal.
EPIFANI'A, f. f. the feaft of the Epiphany, or Twelfth-day.
EPIGLO'SSIS, } f. f. the little
EPIGLOTTIS, } cover or wefel of the throat; the vulgar word is *el galillo*.
EPIGRA'MA, f. m. an epigram.
EPIGRAMA'TICO, f. m. he who compofes epigrams.
EPIGRAMI'STA, f. m. an epigrammatift, one who compofes epigrams.
EPIGRA'PHE, f. m. an infcription or title.
EPILEPSI'A, f. f. the falling ficknefs.
EPILE'PTICO, adj. troubled with the falling-ficknefs; any thing belonging to it.
EPILOGA'R, v. a. to conclude, to fum up the matter.
EPILOGI'SMO, f. m. calculation, computation.
EPILO'GO, f. m. epilogue, conclufion, end.
EPI'MONE, f. m. a figure, when, to move affection, the fame word is repeated.
EPIPHANI'A, f. f. vide *EPIFANI'A*.
EPIPHONE'MA, f. f. a figure, a fmart clofe in the end of a fentence or argument.
EPITA'FIO, } f. m. an epitaph,
EPITA'PHIO, } an infcription upon a grave.
EPISCOPA'L, adj. belonging to a bishop.
EPISO'DIO, f. m. an epifode, a digreffion or part of a relation.
EPI'STOLA, f. f. an epiftle, a letter.
EPISTOLA'R, adj. belonging to an epiftle.
EPISTOLA'R, v. a. to write letters.
EPISTOLA'RIO, f. m. a collection of letters.
EPISTOLE'RO, f. m. obf. a fubdeacon.
EPISTO'LICO, adj. belonging to an epiftle.
EPISTOLI'LLA, f. f. diminutive of *epiftola*.
EPITA'PHIO, f. m. epitaph.
EPITHALA'MIO, f. m. epithalamium, fong at a wedding.
EPI'THETO, f. m. an epithet; an addition to a noun to exprefs fome quality.
EPI'THIMA, f. f. a cordial application laid outwardly to the heart.
EPI'THYMO, f. m. a weed that grows winding about thme like withwind, and hath a flower like thyme.
EPITOMA'R, v. a. to make a compendium or epitome, to abridge.
EPI'TOME, f. m. an epitome, an abridgment.
EPI'TROPE, f. m. a figure, when we feem to permit one to doubt what he will, and yet think nothing lefs.

E P O

E'POCA, f. m. epocha, folemn date of time from fome memorable action.
E'PODE, f. m. an epode or kind of verfes; alfo a kind of fish.
E'PODO, f. m. an epode, a kind of verfes.
EPOPE'YA, f. f. an heroic fort of verfe.

EQU

EQUABLE, adj. equal, alike, of the same proportion, even, steddy, just, fair and square, reasonable.

EQUACIO'N f. f. equation, equality.

Equacion, in algebra, an expression of the same quantity in two dissimilar terms; in astronomy, the difference between the time marked by the sun's apparent motion, and that measured by its motion.

EQUADO'R, f. m. the equator; a great circle, whose poles are the poles of the world.

EQUANIMIDA'D, f. f. equal and constant temper of mind; equanimity.

EQUA'NTE, adj. equal, even.

EQUE'STRE, adj. belonging to horsemen, knights, or gentlemen.

EQUIANGULO, adj. of equal angles.

EQUIDA'D, f. f. equity, justice, uprightness; also an abatement made in the price of any thing.

EQUI'DICO, adj. belonging to a fort of verse so called, from its having equal words to each clause.

EQUIDISTA'NTE, adj. equidistant, at the same distance.

EQUIDISTA'R, v. n. to be equally distant.

EQUILA'TERO, adj. of equal sides, equilateral.

EQUILIBRA'R, v. a. to place or fix in an equilibrium or equal proportion; to balance equally.

EQUILI'BRIO, f. m. an equilibrium, just proportion.

EQUIMULTI'PLICE, adj. multiplied in equal parts.

EQUINOCCIA'L, adj. equinoctial, belonging to the equinox.

Linea equinoccial, the equinoctial line.

EQUINO'CCIO, f. m. the equinox.

EQUIPA'GE, f. m. equipage.

EQUIPA'R, v. a. to prepare, or provide necessaries for a ship, man of war, or a fleet.

EQUIPARACIO'N, f. f. comparison, setting together, matching.

EQUIPARAR, v. a. to compare, to match, to set together.

EQUIPONDERA'R, v. n. to weigh equally, put upon a balance.

E'QUIS, f. m. so the letter X is called in Spanish; also a drunken man.

E'QUITE, f. m. obf. an horseman.

EQUIVALE'NCIA, f. f. equivalence, equal value or power.

EQUIVALE'NTE, adj. equivalent, of equal value, force, power, or weight.

EQUIVALENTEME'NTE, adv. equally, equivalently.

EQUIVALE'R v. n. to be equal, to correspond with.

EQUIVOCACIO'N, f. f. equivocation, speaking with a wrong meaning, or things that have a double meaning; also mistaking one thing for another.

EQUIVOCADAME'NTE, adv. fally, with equivocation.

EQUIVOCAME'NTE, adv. equivocally.

EQUIVOCA'R, v. a. to speak words that have a double meaning; also to mistake and speak one word instead of amother.

EQUI'VOCO, f. m. equivocal, that bears a double meaning.

E'QUO, adj. just, equal.

ERA

E'RA, f. f. era, a computation of time.

Era, f. f. a floor to thresh corn; the spot of ground on which the oxen tread it out; the whole field where such spots are.

Era, f. f. is also a bed in a garden.

ERA'L, f. m. an ox of a year old.

ERA'R, v. a. to lay out ground by the line, or beds in gardens.

ERA'RIO, f. m. the exchequer.

Erario, adj. that is subject to pay taxes.

ERE

ERECCIO'N, f. f. the erecting or raising of some structure, or the like.

ERECTO'R, f. m. the person who erects.

EREMI'TA, f. m. an anchorite, a hermit.

EREMITICO, adj. eremitical, belonging to an anchorite or hermit.

ERG

ERGUIMIE'NTO, f. m. raising up, erection.

ERGUI'R, v. a. to raise up, to rise, to erect.

ERGULLI'DO, adj. vain, haughty.

ERGULLI'RSE, v. r. obf. to grow vain or haughty.

ERI

ERIA'L, adj. belonging to uncultivated land.

ERIA'ZO, f. m. land that lies fallow.

ERI'DANO, f. m. one of the seventeen constellations.

ERIGI'R, v. a. to erect, to raise.

ERI'L, adj. barren, waste.

ERI'NGIO, f. m. the herb rocket.

ERIZA'R, v. a. to set or stand up an end, as hair in a fright; to curl hair.

ERI'ZO, f. m. a hedge-hog.

Erizo de mar, a shell-fish, called a ruff.

Erizo de castaña, the outward husk of a chesnut, which it all prickly a hedge-hog.

ERM

ERMADO'R f. m. a waster, a spoiler.

ERMADU'RA, f. f. a wasting, or spoiling.

ERMA'R, v. a. to ſpoil, lay waſte.
ERMI'TA, ſ. f. an hermitage.
ERMITA'ñO, ſ. m. an hermit, an anchorite.
ERMITO'RIO, ſ. m. an hermitage.
ERMO'SO, adj. vide *HERMO'SO*.

ERO

EROGA'R, v. a. to diſtribute, to divide.
EROGATO'RIO, ſ. m. the bucket that empties the water.
ERO'TICO, adj. belonging to the paſſion of love.
EROTISMO, ſ. m. a paſſion of love.

ERR

ERRABU'NDO, adj. wandering, erring, ſtraying.
ERRA'DA, ſ. f. an error, a miſtake.
ERRADAME'NTE, adv. erroneouſly.
ERRADI'ZO, adj. wandering, ſtraying.
ERRA'DO, adj. miſtaken, wandered, ſtrayed.
Mugér erráda, a lewd woman.
ERRADO'R, ſ. m. a wanderer, one that goes aſtray.
ERRA'NTE, adj. erring, wandering, going aſtray.
ERRANZA, ſ. f. obſ. vide *ERRO'R*.
ERRA'R, v. a. to err, to miſtake, to wander, to go aſtray.
Errár el camino, to loſe one's way.
Errár la cúra al enférmo, to apply wrong medicines, to miſtake the method of the cure.
Ir errádo, to be out of the way.
Errarſe, v. r. to miſtake.

Prov. *Deſpués que te erré, núnca bien te penſé*, ſince I erred or committed a fault againſt you, I never had a kind thought of you. A woman that has once been falſe to her husband, never loves him after: or friends that are fallen out, are ſeldom truly reconciled.
ERRA'TA ſ. f. the errata, or faults in a book miſprinted, or miſwritten.
ERRA'TICO, adj. wandering, ſtraying, erroneous.
ERRATIL, adj. wandering, wavering, inconſtant.
ERRA'X, ſ. m. vide *ARRA'X*.
ERRE, ſ. m. ſo the letter r is pronounced in Spanish.
ERRO'N, ſ. m. vide *HERRO'N*.
ERRONEAME'NTE, adv. falsly, erroneously.
ERRO'NEO, adj. erroneous, falſe, miſtaken.
ERROR, ſ. m. an error, or miſtake.

ERU

ERUBESCE'NCIA, ſ. f. bluſhing.
ERUCTACIO'N, ſ. f. a belch, breaking wind upwards.
ERUCTA'R, v. n. to belch, to break wind upwards.
ERUDICIO'N, ſ. f. erudition, learning.
ERUDITAME'NTE, adv. learnedly.
ERUDI'TO, adj. learned.
ERU'GA, ſ. f. a moth that eats cloaths.

ERY

ERYSI'MO, ſ. m. a kind of ſeed; or, according ſome, an herb, wild creſſes, hedge-muſtard.
ERYSIPE'LA, ſ. f. eryſipelas.
ERYSIPELA'R, v. n. to have the St. Anthony's fire.
ERYTHREO, adj. red.

ESB

ESBARA'R, v. a. to guide, or ſlip along.
ESBASTIMIE'NTO, ſ. m. in painting, a ſtrong ſhade cauſed by a ſtrong light.
ESBA'LE, interj. be quiet.
ESBI'RRO, ſ. m. a catchpole, a ſerjeant, or ſuch mean officer to apprehend offenders.
ESBLANDU'ñAR, v. n. obſ. to shake, to totter.
ESBO'ZO, ſ. m. a sketch, the firſt lines or rough draught of a painter.

ESC

ESCA, ſ. f. food, aliment; bait.
ESCABECHA'R, v. a. to put things into ſouce, as fish, cucumbers, or the like.
ESCABE'CHE, ſ. m. ſauce for fish, pickle for cucumbers, or the like.
ESCABELI'LLO, ſ. m. diminutive of *eſcabélo*.
ESCABE'LO, ſ. m. a little ſtool to ſit on, a foot-ſtool.
ESCABIO'SA, ſ. f. the plant ſcabious.
ESCA'BRO, ſ. m. the ſcab in sheep; alſo a breaking out like ſcabs in the barks of trees; alſo a crab-fish.
ESCABROSEA'RSE, v. to be provoked to anger.
ESCABROSIDA'D, ſ. f. roughneſs, unevenneſs.
ESCABRO'SO, adj. rough, rugged, craggy; harsh, froward, perverſe, illnatured.
ESCABULLI'DO, adj. eſcaped, ſlipped away.
ESCABULLIMIE'NTO, ſ. m. an eſcape, ſlipping or ſliding away.
ESCABULLI'RSE, v. r. to eſcape, to ſlip away.
ESCACA'DA, ſ. f. any chequer work.
ESCACA'DO, adj. vide *ESCAQUEADO*.
ESCA'FA, ſ. f. a ſmall boat, a cockboat, the boat of a ship.
ESCA'LA, ſ. f. a ladder; alſo a ſcale to meaſure by; alſo a port, mart, or place of trade to which ships reſort.
Hacér eſcála, to put into port.
ESCALA'DA, ſ. f. eſcalade, taking a place with ſcaling ladders.
ESCALADO'R, ſ. m. he that ſcales or climbs up a ladder; a thief that breaks in at the windows or tops of houſes climbing by a ladder.
ESCALA'MATUS, ſ. m. a venomous diſtemper in beaſts.

ESCALAMIE'NTO, s. m. vide *ESCALA'DA*.
ESCALA'MOS, s. m. pl. wooden pins in a boat or galley, to which the oars are fastened with a cord tied about the oar; the thowles.
ESCALAR, v. a. to scale with ladders.
ESCALDA'DO, adj. lewd when applied to a woman.
ESCALDAR, v. a. to scald with hot liquor.
Escaldárse, v. r. to scald one's self; to turn red with heat or anger.
ESCALDRA'NTES. s. m. pl. the kevels, pieces of timber nailed in the inside of the ship, to which the tacks are belayed.
ESCALDUFA'R, v. a. to take any liquor out of a pot when it is too full.
ESCALE'NO, adj. said of a geometrical figure, the three sides whereof are unequal.
ESCALENTA'DOR, s. m. a warmingpan, a chafing-dish.
ESCALENTAMIE'NTO, s. m. warming, heating.
ESCALENTA'R, v. a. to warm, to heat.
Escalentárse la bóca, to let one's tongue run freely, railing at others.
ESCALE'RA, s. f. a ladder, a pair of stairs.
ESCALERI'LLA, s. f. diminutive of *escalera*.
ESCALFADO'R, s. m. a pot to warm water in.
ESCALFA'R, v. a. to warm.
ESCALFARO'TES, s. m. pl. a sort of boots.
ESCALIMA'RSE, v. r. to get into the leaks of a ship.
ESCA'LMO, s. m. vide *ESCALA'MOS*.
ESCALO'N, s. m. a step.
Escalón, a degree or preferment.
Escalón, s. m. he who scales of a fish.
ESCAMAS, s. f. pl. the scales of fisch.
ESCAMADURA, s. f. scaling of fish.
ESCAMA'R, v. a. to scale fish.
ESCAMBRO'NA'S, s. f. pl. vide *ESCAMBRO'NES*.
ESCAMBRONE'RA, s. f. a bramble.
ESCAMBRO'NES, s. m. pl. brambles.
ESCAMBRO'SO, adj. vide *ESCABRO'SO*.
ESCAMI'LLO, s. m. vide *SCAMI'LLO*.
ESCAMO'CHOS, s. m. pl. fragments, broken meat, leavings.
ESCAMONDA'R, v. a. to peel, cleanse, pare.
ESCAMONE'A, s. f. the herb scammony.
ESCAMONEA'RSE, v. r. to be fearful to do, or refuse to do what another commands.
ESCAMO'SO, adj. scaly like fish.
ESCAMPA'R, v. n. to give over raining: also to escape.
ESCAMPAMIE'NTO, s. m. escaping, ceasing to rain; anciently it signified scattering.
ESCA'MPO, s. m. as, *dar escámpo*, to give way for one to escape.
ESCA'NCIA, s. f. skinking, filling out liquor to drink.
ESCANCIADO'R, s. m. the person who bears the cup, cup bearer, one who fills out liquor to drink.
ESCANCIA'NO, s. m. a skinker, he that fills out liquor to drink, a butler.
ESCA'NDA, s. f. a sort of large wheat, which makes very white bread.
ESCANDA'L, s. m. the sounding lead at sea.
ESCANDALIZADO'R, s. m. the person who scandalizes or gives offence.
ESCANDALIZA'R, v. a. to scandalize, to give scandal, to give offence.
ESCANDALIZATI'VO, adj. giving offence or scandal.
ESCANDA'LLO, s. m. the sounding plummet at sea.
ESCA'NDALO, s. m. scandal.
ESCANDALOSAME'NTE, adv. scandalously, basely, meanly.
ESCANDALO'SO, adj. scandalous, that gives scandal.
ESCANDECE'R, v. a. to make warm or angry, to irritate.
ESCANDECE'NCIA, s. f. anger, passion.
ESCANDELA'R, s. m. a cabbin in the midst of a galley.
ESCANDELARE'TE, s. m. a little cabbin in the midst of a galley.
ESCA'NDIA, s. f. the finest wheat.
ESCANDI'R, v. a. to scan verses; that is, to measure them by the feet.
ESCA'ña, s. f. vide *ESCA'NDIA*.
ESCAñO, s. m. a bench.
ESCANSI'ON, s. f. scanning of verses, measuring them by the feet.
ESCAPA'DA, s. f. an escape.
ESCAPA'R, v. n. to escape, to get away.
ESCAPARA'TE, s. m. desk, cupboard, press; a kind of wooden-case or frame for cloaths and other uses.
ESCAPATO'RIA, s. f. escape, evasion.
ESCA'PE, s. m. escape, evasion, flight.
ESCAPO, s. m. the scapus, shaft, or body of a column.
ESCAPULA'RIO, s. m. a scapulary, a piece of stuff worn by some religious order, hanging down before and behind from the neck to the feet.
ESCAQUEA'DO, adj. belonging to chequer-work.
ESCAQUEA'R, v. a to play at chess.
ESCA'QUES, s. m. chequers, as those of a chess or draught-board.
E'SCARA, s. f. a stony substance growing in the sea, with a root shooting out leaves.
E'SCARA, s. f. a scab of a sore.
ESCARABAJE'AR, v. n. to be always in motion; also to write very bad.
ESCARABA'JO, s. m. an insect called a beetle; a short ugly person.
Escarabájos, in gunnery, holes in the metal and in the interior part of a gun, which is a fault in casting, and dangerous in firing them.

Hacér escarabájos, to scribble, to make pothooks and hangers in writing.

ESCARABAJUE'LO, f. m. a little insect that destroys the vineyards.

ESCARAMU'JO, f. m. the plant wild eglantine, or dog-bramble; also the shell-fish called limpet; also a scrap, a shred; or any small broken meat or other thing.

ESCARAMU'ZA, f. f. a skirmish, a slight fight.

ESCARAMUZADO'R, f. m. one that skirmishes, a skirmisher.

ESCARAMUZA'R, v. n. to skirmish, to fight loosely.

ESCARAPE'LA, f. f. a fray among women or base people, where there are no weapons but their hands, cuffing and scratching.

ESCARAPELA'RSE, v. r. to quarrel, to make a fray.

ESCARAPU'LLA, f. f. obs. vide *ESCARAPE'LA*.

ESCARBA'R, v. a. vide *ESCARVA'R*.

ESCARZA'R, v. a. to take the honey from the bees.

ESCARCE'LA, f. f. a satchel, a pouch, or bag; also the armour from the waist to the thighs.

ESCARCELA'R, v. a. to put into a pouch or bag.

ESCARCELO'N, f. m, a great satchel, pouch, or bag.

ESCARCE'OS, f. m. a turning round about, a pratiting about as horses do.

ESCARCHA, f. f. hoar-frost.

ESCARCHA'DO, adj. that is crisp and crackles.

ESCARCHA'R, v. n. to nip or cover with hoar-frost.

ESCAR'CHO, f. m. a red fish with a large head resembling a cat's.

ESCARCHU'ñAR, v. a. to search strictly, to inquire narrowly.

ESCARCI'NA, f. f. a short broad crook ed sword.

ESCARCINA'ZO, f. m. a blow given with the *escarcina*.

ESCA'RDA, f. f. a weed-hook.

ESCARDADE'RA. f. f. the woman who weeds.

ESCARDADO'R, f. m. a raker or weeder.

ESCARDADU'RA, f. f. a raking or weeding.

ESCARDA'R, v. a to rake, to weed.

ESCA'RDAS, f. f. pl. the weeds that are taken out from among corn.

ESCARDILLA, f. f. a little weed-hook.

ESCARDI'LLO, f. m. a rake or a weed-hook.

ESCARIZA'R, v. a. to take off the scab of a sore.

ESCARLA'TA, f. f. scarlet.

ESCARLA'TIN, f. m. a sort of scarlet.

ESCARMENADO'R, f. m. the person who picks the wool to clean it.

ESCARMENA'R, v. a. to clean or pick the wool.

ESCARMENTA'R, v. n. to take warning by what one sees or experiences.

ESCARMIE'NTO, f. m. warning taken by punishment or experience.

ESCARNECEDO'R, f. m. a scoffer.

ESCARNECE'R, v. a. to scoff, to scorn, to abuse.

ESCARNECIMIE'NTO, f. m. scoffing, scorning, abusing.

ESCARNIDO'R de água, f. m. an hourglass that runs water..

ESCA'RNIO, f. m. contempt, scoff, scorn, abuse, mock.

ESCARNI'R, v. a. obs. vide *ESCARNECE'R*.

ESCA'RO, f. m. a fish so called.

ESCARO'LA, f. f. the herb endive.

ESCAROLA'DO, adj. of the endive colour, that has the form of endive.

ESCA'RPA, f. f. the scarp or slope of any work in fortification.

ESCARPA'DO, adj. sloped, made with a slope in fortification.

ESCA'RPIA, f. m. a tenterhook; in cant, an ear.

ESCARPIA'R, v. a. to make fast with tenterhooks.

ESCARPIDO'R, f. m. a great-toothed comb.

ESCARP'IN, f. m. a sock.

ESCARVADE'RO, f. m. the place where the wild boars whet their tusks.

ESCARVADIE'NTES, f. m. a toothscraper.

ESCARVADO'R, f. m. a scraper, a raker; also a shoe-maker's cuttingknife.

ESCARVADU'RA, f. f. a scraping, raking, or scratching.

ESCARVA-OREJAS, f. m. an earpicker.

ESCARVA'R, v. a. to scrape, rake, or scratch.

Prov. *Múchas vézes el que escárva, lo qué no querria hálla*, very often he that rakes finds what he does not desire; that is, inquisitive people hear more than they care for.

ESCARVIDO'R, f. m. a wateringpot for a garden.

ESCA'RZA, f. f. a wound made in horses feet with a thorn, called so by the horse-doctors.

ESCARZADO'R, f. m. obs. an archer, a bowman.

ESCASAME'NTE, adv. sparingly, niggardly, scantily.

ESCASEA'R, v. a. to give sparingly.

ESCASE'Z, f. f. scarcity, niggardliness, scantiness.

ESCA'SO, adj. scarce; niggardly, scanty.

ESCATI'MA, f. f. a haggling hard in buying.

ESCATIMA'R, v. a. to haggle hard in buying, to pinch and lessen what one designs to give, to diminish.

Escatimár, to jeer, to scoff; to give with an ill will.

ESCATIMOSAME'NTE, adv. maliciously, in an offensive manner, spite-fully.

ESCAVA DE A'RBOLES, the laying open of the roots of trees.

ESCAVA'R, v. a. to lay open the roots of trees.

ESCAVE'CHE, f. m. vide *ESCABE'CHE*.

ESCAVE'L, f. m. vide *ESCABE'L*.

ESCAUPI'L, f. m. a sort of armour made of cotton, used formerly

merly in the West Indies against the Indian arrows.
ESCEDE'R, v. a. to exceed, to surpass, to excel.
ESCE'NA, s. f. a scene.
ESCENOGRA'PHIA, s. f. a representation of a scene, the draught of a whole house, front, sides, and all.
ESCHE'LA, s. f. a schedule, or inventory of goods, &c. annexed to a will, lease, or deed, which contains some particulars omitted in the main writing.
ESCLARECE'R, v. n. to grow light, to grow famous or renowned.
ESCLARECIDAME'NTE, adv. famously, nobly, illustriously.
ESCLARECIMIE'NTO, s. m. fame, renown, clearness, brightness.
ESCLA'VA, s. f. a woman slave.
ESCLAVI'LLO, s. m. a little slave.
ESCLAVI'N, s. m. a magistrate of a town like a sheriff.
ESCLAVI'NA, s. f. a short mantle, which pilgrims wear.
ESCLAVITU'D, s. f. slavery, servitude, bondage.
ESCLA'VO, s. m. a slave.
ESCLAVONI'A, s. f. slavery.
ESCLIRO'TICA, s. f. a tunic or coat of the eye of a horny substance including the watry humour.
ESCLU'SA, s. f. a sluice, or floodgate.
ESCLUSI'LLA, s. f. diminutive of *esclúsa*.
ESCO'BA, s. f. a broom.

Prov. *Quándo náce la escóba, náce el asno que la róya*, when the broom sprouts out, the ass is foaled that is to gnaw it; that is, whenever nature produces a thing, though never so mean, it produces another that is to make use of it. Whenever a very deformed female comes into the world, nature produces a male for it. There is not so bad a Jack, but there is as bad a Jill.

ESCOBA'DA, s. f. a sweeping with the broom.
ESCOBA'JO DE UVAS, the stalks of a bunch of grapes, after the grapes are taken off.

ESCOBA'R, v. a. to sweep, to brush.
Escobár, s. m. the place where the broom grows.
ESCOBA'ZO, s. m. a blow with a broom.
ESCOBE'NES, s. m. pl. the hawses, the great round holes before, under the head of the ship, through which the cables pass, when the ship is anchored.
ESCOBE'RO, s. m. a broomman.
ESCOBI'LLA, s. f. a brush, a little broom; also the dross or filings of metal.

Prov. *Con escobilla el páño, y la céda con la máno*, clean cloth with a brush, and silk with your hand.

ESCOBILLA'R, v. a. to brush.
ESCOBO'N, s. m. a broom like our birch-broom, kept for the foulest uses, as washing of nasty pots and the like.
ESCOCE'R, v. n. to smart.
ESCOCIMIE'NTO, s. m. smart, pain.
ESCO'DA, s. f. a mason's chissel to cut stones.
ESCODA'R, v. a. to hew stones.
ESCODI'LLA, s. f. a porringer.
ESCODILL'AR, v. a. to pour into a porringer, to take out pottage in a porringer.
ESCODRIñADU'RA, s. f. } *ESCODRIñAMENTO*, s. m. } a searching or enquiring into.
ESCODRIñA'R, v. a. to search into, to enquire into.
ESCO'FIA, s. f. a coif.
ESCOFIA'DO, adj. coifed.
ESCOFIE'TA, s. f. a little coif or headdress.
ESCOFI'NA, s. f. a rasp for wood.
ESCOFINA'R, v. a. to rasp.
ESCOFIO'N, s. m. a great coif.
ESCOGE'NCIA, s. f. choice, election.
ESCOGE'R, v. a. to chuse.
ESCOGIDAME'NTE, adv. by choice, by election; also perfectly, nicely.

ESCOGIMIE'NTO, s. m. a chusing.
ESCOLA'NO, s. m. the sacristan; he who has the charge of the vestments and holy vessels of the church.
ESCOLA'R, s. m. a scholar, a student, one that goes to school.
Escolárse, v. r. to slide or slip away.
ESCOLASTICAME'NTE, adv. scholarlike.
ESCOLA'STICO, adj. belonging to a scholar or school; scholastick.
ESCOLIADO'R, s. m. a scholiast, a writer of explanatory notes.
ESCOLIA'R, v. a. to make a gloss or comment.
ESÇOLIMO'SO, adj. ill-natured, rough, intractable.
ESCO'LIO, s. m. annotation, comment upon some book.
ESCO'LLO, s. m. a cliff, a rock, any place that is dangerous.
ESCOLOPE'NDRA, s. f. an insect, or sort of worm, with abundance of feet; also a fish that is somewhat like the said insect; also the herb spleenwort or miltwort.
ESCO'LTA, s. f. a convoy, a guard from place to place; in cant, a thief that stands ready to help off another that steals.
ESCOLTA'R, v. a. to convoy.
ESCOMBRA'R, v. a. to cleanse, to lay open, to clear.
ESCO'MBRO, s. m. the sweepings of an house; the chips and whitlings of wood; all small stichs, leaves or sprigs that fall from trees; all things that be of no value; riff-raff; also a fish so called.
ESCOME'ARSE, v. r. to let the urine pass without being able to stop it.
ESCOMENZA'R, v. a. to begin.
ESCOME'RSE, v. r. to be consumed by degrees, as iron, &c.
ESCOME'SA, s. f. an assault, an attack.
ESCONCE, s. m. a corner, an angle.
ESCONDEDE'RO, s. m. a hiding place, a lurking corner.

ESCONDEDI'JO, a hiding place, a lurking corner.

ESCONDE'R, v. a. to hide.

ESCONDIDAME'NTE, adv. hiddenly, privily, secretly.

A escondidas, adv. hiddenly, secretly, privily.

ESCONDIDI'LLO, adj. hidden, privy, secret.

ESCONDI'JO, f. m. a hiding place, a lurkin corne.

ESCONDIMIE'NTO, f. m. a hiding.

ESCONDRI'JO, f. m. a hiding place, a lurking corner.

ESCOPEDI'NA, f. f. spittle.

ESCOPE'TA, f. f. a fowling-piece, or firelock.

ESCOPETA'ZO, f. m. a shot of a firelock or fowling-piece.

ESCOPETEA'R, v. a. to shoot with a fowling-piece or firelock.

ESCOPETERI'A, f. f. the militia.

ESCOPETE'RO, f. m. a fowler, a fowler, a firelock man.

ESCOPETI'NA, } f. f. spittle.
ESCOPIDU'RA, }

ESCOPI'R, v. n. to spit.

ESCOPITA'JO, f. m. spittle.

ESCOPLEADU'RA, f. f. the hole made with a chissel.

ESCOPLEA'R, v. a. to work with a chissel.

ESCO'PLO, f. m. a chissel; at sea a scraper, such as they use to scrape the decks.

ESCO'PO, f. m. a mark, butt, or prick that men shoot at, the white; also an end, aim, purpose, scope.

ESCORA'R, v. a. to make fast, to belay a rope; a sea term.

ESCORBU'TO, f. m. the scurvy.

ESCORCHAPI'N, f. m. a sort of small vessel or bark, used in some parts of Spain.

ESCORCHA'R, v. a. in painting, to shorten.

ESCO'RCHE, f. m. what is foreshortened in painting.

ESCO'RDIO, f. m. an herb, watergermander.

ESCO'RIA, f. f. dross of any metal; any trash.

ESCORIA'L, f. m. a place where the dross of metal is cast out.

ESCORPIOI'DE, f. f. an herb like a scorpion's tail, good against the sting of that venomous creature.

ESCORPI'NA, f. f. a kind of sea-fish like a scorpion.

ESCORPIO'N, f. m. a scorpion, a venomous insect; also a sort of fish called by this name; also the celestial sign or constellation Scorpio.

Escorpión, f. m. a scourge.

ESCORRECHO, adj. obs. ready, prepared.

ESCORRO'SO, adj. lively, chearful.

ESCORZA'DO, f. m. among painters, the figure of a man with one part of the body contracted, and the other extended.

ESCORZA'R, v. a. to draw odd figures with some limbs contracted, and others extended.

ESCO'RZO, f. m. in painting, the contraction of the body in perspective.

ESCORZONE'RA, f. f. the herb vipers-grass.

ESCOSCA'RSE, v. r. to scratch one's self by shrugging up and working the shoulders.

ESCO'TA, f. f. a rope in the ship called the tack.

ESCOTADU'RA, f. f. a hollowing away about the neck; also paying a shot or reckoning.

ESCOTA'R, v. a. to hollow a garment about the neck; also to pay a shot or reckoning.

ESCO'TE, f. m. the shaping or hollowing a garment about the neck; also a shot or reckoning.

ESCOTE'RO, adj. free, without embarrassment.

ESCOTI'LLA, f. f. the hatches of a ship.

ESCOTILLON, f. m. an aperture in the boards on a theatre.

ESCOTI'NES, f. m. two large ropes made fast to the mainmast.

ESCOTI'STA, f. m. a Scotist, a follower of the doctrine of Scotus.

ESCO'VA, f. f. vide *ESCO'BA*.

ESCOVA'R, v. a. vide *ESCOBA'R*.

ESCOVE'NES, f. m. pl. the hawses, being the great round holes before, under the head of the ship, through which the cables pass when the ship is at an anchor.

ESCOZO'R, f. m. the itching of a wound.

ESCRA'MO, f. m. a little hand-dart or lance.

ESCREME'NTO, f. m. excrement.

ESCRI'BA, f. m. a scribe, a writer, a clerk.

ESCRIBANI'A, f. f. the scrivener's office.

ESCRIBA'NO, f. m. vide *ESCRIVA'NO*.

ESCRIBIE'NTE, f. m. an amanuensis, or one who writes what another dictates.

ESCRIBI'R, v. a. to write.

ESCRIñO, f. m. a large basket or hamper.

ESCRITI'LLAS, f. f. pl. lambstones.

ESCRI'TO, f. m. a writing.

Referirse a lo escrito, to refer to that which is under black and white, and not trust to memory.

Tomár por escrito, to set down in writing.

Melón escrito, a melon that has the rind full of yellow streaks.

Trahérlo escrito en la frénte, to have a thing wrote on one's forehead; that is, to discover one's sentiments by one's looks.

ESCRITO'R, f. m. a writer, an author.

ESCRITORI'LLO, f. m. a little desk or closet to write in.

ESCRITO'RIO, f. m. a scrutoire, a desk, a closet to write in, a scrivener's shop.

ESCRITU'RA, f. f. a writing.

Escritúra publica, a record, or an instrument made before any notary

Escritúra sagráda, the Holy Bible, holy writ.

ESCRITURA'R, v. a. to insure with a legal writing.

ESCRITURA'RIO, f. m. one that professes reading and expounding holy writ.

ESCRIVANI'A, f. f. a desk to write on, a standish.

ESCRIVA'NO, f. m. a fcrivener, a notary, a fecretary, a clerk; alfo an officer who when any criminal is apprehended, prefently draws up his offence, with all the circumftances in form. In general, this name belongs to all men that can write and read, as we call a man a clerk.

ESCRIVIE'NTE, f. m. a clerk, that writes under another.

ESCRIVI'R, v. a. to write.

Prov. *Efcrive ántes que des, y recibe ántes que efcrivas*, write before you give, and take before you write; that is, a receipt.

ESCROCO'N, f. m. obf. a coat of arms.

ESCRUPULEA'R, v. n. to be nice, to raife many fcruples, to make doubts.

ESCRUPULIZA'R, v. n. to raife a fcruple or doubt.

ESCRU'PULO, f. m. a fcruple, a doubt, a nicety; alfo a fcruple, or the third part of a dram in weight.

ESCRUPULOSAME'NTE, adv. fcrupuloufly, doubtfully.

ESCRUPULOSIDA'D, f. f. fcrupulofity, fear of acting in any manner, tendernefs of confcience.

ESCRUPULO'SO, adj. one that is troubled with fcruples, a nice, or a precife perfon.

ESCRUTIñADO'R, f. m. a fcrutator, enquirer, fearcher, examiner.

ESCRUTI'NIO, f. m. a fcrutiny, the examining at an election who has moft voices.

ESCU'CHA, f. f. a fentinel, or fcout that lies to liften to the enemies motions.

ESCUCHADE'RA, f. f. a nun that ftands by when another has leave to talk with any body, to hear all that is faid.

ESCUCHADO'R, f. m. one who hearkens with attention.

ESCUCHANTE, f. m. one who liftens or hearkens.

ESCUCHA'R, v. a. to liften, to hearken.

ESCUDA'R, v. a. to shield, to cover with a shield.

ESCUDERA'GE, f. m. the fervice of an efquire.

ESCUDEREA'R, v. a. to ferve as an *efcudéro* or efquire.

ESCUDERI'A, f. f. the fervice or office of an efquire.

ESCUDERI'L, adj. belonging to an efquire or fervant.

ESCUDERILME'NTE, adv. efquirelike.

ESCUDE'RO, f. m. an efquire; a fervant that waits on a lady. They were formerly poor gentlemen that waited on the nobility, like our ancient efquires, and were fo called from *efcúdo*, a shield, becaufe they carried their mafter's buckler or shield.

ESCUDERO'N, f. m. augm. of *efcudéro*.

ESCUDE'TE, f. m. a little shield, the efcutcheon of a door, a fmall efcutchion of arms; the waterlily.

Enxerir de efcudéte, to inoculate.

ESCUDI'LLA, f. f. a porringer.

ESCUDILLA'R, v. a. to take out pottage in porringers, to diftribute by porringers.

Prov. *En el efcudillár verás quién te quiére bién, y quién te quiére mal* you will perceive by the dealing about the porringer who loves you well, and who does not. People's affections are difcovered by their liberality.

ESCUDI'LLO, f. m. a little shield.

ESCU'DO, f. m. a shield, a buckler; a crown piece of money; alfo an efcutcheon of arms.

ESCUDRIñADO'R, f. m. a fearcher, one that pries into, or difcuffes.

ESCUDRIñAMIE'NTO, f. m. a fearching, or enquiring into.

ESCUDRIñA'R, v. a. to fearch, to pry into, to look narrowly, to difcufs.

ESCUE'LA, f. f. a fchool.

ESCUE'RZO, f. m. a toad.

ESCUE'TO, adj. bare, naked, open, without any incumbrance; alfo flender.

ESCU'LCA, f. f. a fpy, or fcout.

ESCULCA'R, v. a. to fearch, to enquire.

ESCULLI'RSE, v. r. to flip, to flide.

ESCULPIDO'R, f. m. a carver.

ESCULPIDU'RA, f. f. carving.

ESCULPI'R, v. a. to carve.

ESCU'LTO, adj. carved.

ESCULTO'R, f. m. a carver.

ESCULTU'RA, f. f. carved work, the art of carving; fculpture.

ESCU'MA, f. f. fcum, froth, foam.

ESCUMA'R, v. a. to skim.

ESCUPIDE'RA, f. f. } a fpitting-dish.
ESCUPIDE'RO, f. m. }

ESCUPIDO'R, f. m. one that fpits.

ESCUPIDU'RA, f. f. a fpitting; alfo the breaking out of a difeafe in any part of the body in fcabs and blotches.

ESCUPI'R, v. a. to fpit.

ESCURAME'NTE, adv. darkly, obfcurely.

ESCURA'R, v. a to clean the cloth from the oil after it is wove.

A efcúras, in the dark.

ESCURECE'R, v. n. to darken, to grow dark, to blemish, to shadow deep in painting.

ESCURECIMIE'NTO, f. m. a darkening, or growing dark.

ESCURE'ZA, f. f. darknefs, obfcurity.

ESCURIBA'NDA, f. f. vide *ESCURRIBA'NDA*.

ESCURIDA'D, f. f. darknefs, obfcurity.

ESCURI'NA, f. f. idem.

ESCU'RO, adj. dark, obfcure.

Efcúro cómo la nóche, as dark as night.

Efcúro cómo la bóca de lóbo, as dark as pitch.

ESCURREDI'ZO, adj. that is eafy to flip or flide.

ESCURRIBA'NDA, f. f. a fudden affault, an irruption, a breaking loofe.

ESCURRIDU'RAS, f. f. pl. the drainings, or dripping of veffels.

ESCURRI'MBRES, f. m. pl. vide *ESCURRIDU'RAS*.

ESCURRI'R, v. a. to drain a veffel of the liquor left in it.

ESCU'SA f. f. an excufe.

ESCUSABARA'JAS, f. f. a white

wicker basket with a cover, and two nooses to it, the one on the cover, and the other before, to put a padlock on.

ESCUSA'BLE, adj. excusable, that may be excused.

ESCUSACIO'N, s. f. an excuse.

ESCUSA'DO, adj. needless; also a subsidy granted to the king of Spain by the pope out of the church revenues, being the tenth of the tythes. Among soldiers, *escúsado* is one excused other duty, on account of standing sentinel on an advanced post.

ESCUSADO'R, s. m. an excuser.

ESCUSALI'N, s. m. a little short apron.

ESCUSA'R, v. a. to excuse; also to save, to avoid.

Escusar pleitos, to prevent quarrels, or law-suits.

ESCUTAS, s. f. } vide *ESCOTILLA*.
ESCUTILLO'N, s. m. }

ESD

ESDRU'XULO, adj. slippery; said of verse which always ends with dactyls, or words that have the accent on the antepenultima.

ESE

ESECUCIO'N, s. f. execution.

ESECUTA'R, v. a. to execute, to perform.

ESECUTO'R, s. m. he that executes or performs.

ESECUTO'RIA, s. f. vide *EXECUTO'RIA*.

ESE'NCIA, s. f. vide *ESSE'NCIA*.

ESENCIA'L, adj. vide *ESSENCIA'L*.

ESENCIO'N, s. f. exemption, freedom.

ESENTA'R, v. a. to exempt, to make free.

ESE'NTO, adj. exempt, free; also open and free from incumbrance; also bold, impudent, shameless; also not subject to the common court of judicature; also that has no hill to command it.

ESE'QUIAS, s. f. pl. funeral rites or obsequies.

ESF

ESFE'RA, s. f. a sphere; the whole fabrick of the earth and heavens.

ESFE'RICO, s. f. spherical.

ESFILA'DA, s. f. a running out of rank or file; also filing off.

ESFI'NGE, s. f. sphinx, a monster poets feigned.

ESFOGA'R, v. n. to give one's passion leisure to cool, to vent one's passion.

ESFORROCI'NOS, s. m. a branch of a vine that grows out of a twist or forked bough.

ESFORZADAME'NTE, adv. bravely, courageously, strongly.

ESFORZA'DO, s. m. a volume of the civil law, so called, which treats chiefly of last wills and testaments.

Esforzádo, adj. strong valiant.

Caldo esforzádo, strong broth.

ESFORZA'R, v. a. to strengthen, to encourage, to take courage.

ESFUE'RZO, s. m. courage, valour.

ESFUMA'DO, s. m. a first sketch made with a black-lead pencil.

ESG

ESGAMBE'TE, s. m. a step in dancing so called.

ESGOTAMIE'NTO, s. m. a draining to the last drop.

ESGOTA'R, v. a. to drain to the last drop.

ESGREMI'R, v. a. vide *ESGRIMI'R*.

ESGRI'MA, s. f. fencing.

Maestro de esgrima, s. m. a fencingmaster.

ESGRIMIDO'R, s. m. a fencer.

ESGRIMADU'RA, s. f. fencing.

ESGRIMI'R, v. a. to fence.

ESGUAZA'BLE, adj. fordable, that may be passed.

ESGUAZA'R, v. a. to drain a bog, marsh or watry place; also to pass or ford a river.

ESGUA'ZO, s. m. the draining of a bog, marsh, or watry place, or fording a river.

ESGUI'NCE, s. m. the motion of the body in slipping away from a blow; also a token of displeasure known by a particular motion or gesture.

ESGUI'ZA'RO, s. m. a Swiss; also a mean, despicable, contemptible, and ignorant fellow.

ESL

ESLABO'N, s. m. a steel to strike fire; also a link of a chain.

ESLABONADO'R, s. m. one that links together; also a pimp.

ESLABONA'R, v. a. to link together.

ESLADO'R, s. m. an elector. Obs.

ESLATI'DO, s. m. vide *ESTALLI'DO*.

ESLAVO'N, s. m. vide *ESLABO'N*.

ESLEIDO'R, s. m. an elector.

ESLEI'R, v. a. obs. to elect.

ESLO'RIA, s. f. the length of a ship from the stem to the stern-post, upon the deck.

ESM

ESMALTADO'R, s. m. an enameller.

ESMALTADU'RA, s. f. enamel.

ESMALTA'R, v. a. to enamel.

ESMA'LTE, s. m. enamel.

ESMARCHA'ZO, s. m. a ruffian, a bravo.

ESMERA'DO, adj. neat, fine, choice, bright, excellent.

ESMERA'LDA, s. f. the green precious stone called an emerald.

ESMERA'RSE, v. r. to excel, to surpass, to be neat, to carry one's self above others.

ESMERESO'N, s. m. a bird called an osprey.

ESMERI'L, s. m. emery, a stone to polish jewels and metals with; a grindstone; a small gun like a *pedrero*, called a base.

ESMERILA'DO, adj. polished with emery.

ESME'RO, s. m. care, diligence, attention in doing any thing.

E S O

ESO'PHAGO, f. m. the mouth of the ftomach, the gullet, the wind-pipe.

ESORTACIO'N, f. f. vide *EXORTACIO'N*.

ESORTA'R, v. a. vide *EXORTA'R*.

E S P

ESPABILADE'RAS, f. f. pl. fnuffers.

ESPABILA'R, v. a. to fnuff the candles.

ESPACIAMIE'NTO, f. m. dilatation, fpreading.

ESPACIA'R, v. a. to dilate, to expand, fpread abroad.

Efpaciárfe, v. r. to walk, to take the air.

ESPACI'CO, adj. mournful, difmal, fad, unlucky.

ESPA'CIO, f. m. fpace, diftance, leifure.

ESPACIOSAME'NTE, adv. leifurely, flowly, eafily.

ESPACIOSIDA'D, f. f. dilatation, expanfion, fpacioufnefs.

ESPACIO'SO, adj. flow; alfo large.

ESPA'DA, f. f. a fword.

Efpáda négra, a foil, fuch as is ufed in fencing.

Efpáda blánca, f. f. a common fword.

Efpáda vírgen, a maiden-fword, that was never drawn.

Prov. *A quién no le báfta efpáda, y corazón, no le baftarán corázas, y lanzon*, he the that has not enough with a fword and heart, will not be fecured by armour and a fpear; that is, he who has a fword and goes home to fetch a better, will never come again.

ESPADACHI'N, f. m. a bully that loves to be always in broils, a ruffian, Sometimes a fword-dancer.

ESPADA'DA, f. f. a blow with a fword.

ESPADA'DO, adj. girt with a fword.

ESPADADO'R, f. m. one who beats hemp.

ESPADA'ña, f. f. the common flags that grow in watry places.

ESPADAñA'DA, f. f. a blow given by the violence of water.

ESPADAñA'R, v. a. to divide, to feparate any thing in narrow flips.

Efpadañár, f. m. a place where flags grow.

ESPADA'R, v. a. to beat flax.

ESPADA'RTE, f. m. a fword-fifh.

ESPA'DAS, f. f. pl. the fuite at cards called fpades.

ESPADERI'A, f. f. a fword-cutler's fhop.

ESPADE'RO, f. m. a fword-cutler.

ESPADI'LLA, f. f. a little fword, fuch as children wear; alfo the ace of fpades at cards; the brake with which they bruife hemp to get off the reed before it is beaten.

ESPADILLA'R, v. a. to bruife or beat hemp.

ESPADILLA'ZO, f. m. a term in the game of *hombre*.

ESPADI'N, f. m. a fword that is commonly worn.

ESPADO'N, f. m. an eunuch.

ESPALADINA'R, v. a. obf. to declare, to make public.

ESPA'LDA, f. f. a fhoulder, the back.

Efpálda de carnéro, a fhoulder, of mutton.

Efpálda de baluárte, the efpaule of of a baftion.

Efpáldas de molinéro, a miller's back or fhoulders, a ftrong back.

Hacér efpáldas, to back a man, to fecure his retreat, to ftand by him.

Volvér las efpáldas, to turn one's back, to forfake; to run away.

Echár a las efpáldas, to forget, to make flight of.

A las efpáldas de la cáfa, behind the houfe.

ESPALDA'R, f. m. the armour for the back, the back-piece.

Efpaldár de filla ò bánco, the back of a chair or bench.

ESPALDA'RES, f. m. pl. long, narrow flips of tapeftry, fo called, becaufe they did not reach to the top or bottom, but fo far as a man might lean againft them.

ESPALDARA'ZO, f. m. a ftroke acrofs the back or fhoulders.

Dar efpaldarazo a la hórca, to be hanged.

ESPALDERCE'TES, f. m. pl. the pouldrons of armour.

ESPALDE'RES, f. m. pl. the hindmoft rowers in a galley.

ESPALDI'LLA, f. f. a fhoulder-blade.

ESPALDITENDI'DO, adj. broad-fhouldered.

ESPALDUDAME'NTE, adv. ruftically, clownishly.

ESPALDU'DO, adj. broad-fhouldered.

ESPA'LLA, f. f. obf. for *efpálda*, the back.

ESPALMA'R, v. a. to careen a fhip or other veffel.

ESPAMA'RSE, v. r. to be troubled with convulfions in the nerves.

ESPANAJO'NES, f. m. a fort of ftuffs called cheneys.

ESPANCIMIE'NTO, f. m. extenfion, expanfion.

ESPANDI'R, v. a. to expand, to extend, to ftretch out.

Efpandírfe, v. r. to extend, to dilate, to expand.

ESPAñOLADO, adj. turned fpaniard, or like fpanish.

ESPAñOLERI'AS, f. f. cuftom and genius of the Spaniards.

ESPANOLIZA'R, v. a. to tranflate into Spanish.

ESPANTA'BLE, adj. frightful, horrible.

ESPANTABLEME'NTE, adv. terribly, horribly, frightfully.

ESPANTADI'ZO, adj. fubject, to be frighted; a ftarting horfe.

ESPANTADO'R, f. m. one who puts in fear or terrifies.

ESPANTA'JO, f. m. a fcarecrow, a bugbear.

Efpantájo, f. m. one who makes grimaces to frighten another.

ESPANTALO'BOS, f. m. the herb called fcarewolf.

ESPANTA'R, v. a. to fright, to fcare, to caufe admiration, to aftonish.

Espantárse, v. r. to be amazed, to be astonished.

Prov. *Ni fea que espánte, ni hermósa que máte*, nor so ugly as to be frightful, nor so beautiful as to kill. Advice for chusing a wife; that she be not deformed to make her husband out of conceit with her; not yet so beautiful, that all men may be in love with her.

ESPA'NTO, s. m. fright, admiration.

ESPANTOSAME'NTE, adv. frightfully, wonderfully.

ESPANTO'SO, adj. frightful, wonderful.

ESPA'R, s. m. a sweet smelling drug.

ESPARAVA'N, s. m. a bird called a heron.

Esparaván, s. m. a spavin in a horse.

ESPARAVE'L, s. m. a sort of net, particularly one used to catch sparrowhawks.

ESPARCIDAME'NTE, adv. in a scattered manner.

ESPARCIMIE'NTO, s. m. the act of scattering or spilling.

ESPARCI'R, v. a. to spread, to scatter.

ESPARRAGA'DO, s. m. a soop or pottage made with asparagus.

Esparragádo, adj. belonging to asparagus.

ESPA'RRAGO, s. m. asparagus. *Sólo cómo espárrago*, as solitary as asparagus, because every one of them springs up by itself.

ESPARRAGUE'RA, s. f. a bed or spot of ground where asparagus grows.

ESPARRAMA'R, v. a. vide *DESPARRAMA'R*.

ESPARRANCA'RSE, v. r. to straddle, to stride out of measure.

ESPARSIO'N, s. f. scattering or sprinkling.

ESPARTENE'RO, adj. of or belonging to broom.

ESPARTE'ÑA, s. f. a buskin made of *espárto*.

ESPARTERI'A, s. f. the streets or place where those that make mats, ropes, or baskets, &c. of *espárto*, live.

ESPARTE'RO, s. m. one that makes mats, ropes, or baskets of *espárto*.

ESPARTIZA'L, s. m. the place where the *espárto* grows.

ESPARTO, s. m. a kind of rush so called.

ESPARVE'L, s. m. a sparrowhawk.

ESPASMA'R, v. a. obs. vide *PASMAR*.

ESPA'SMO, s. m. vide *PASMO*.

ESPA'TULA, s. f. the shoulder-blade: also a spatula, such as surgeons use to spread plasters.

ESPAVENTA'R, v. a. vide *ESPANTA'R*.

ESPAVILA'R, v. a. vide *DESPABILA'R*.

ESPAVORECE'R, v. a. to fear, to be frighted, to be feared.

ESPECERI'A, s. f. spicery; a shop where spice is sold.

ESPE'CIA, s. f. spice.

ESPECIA'L, adj. special, principal, chief.

ESPECIALIDA'D, s. f. singularity, a particular qualification.

ESPECIALME'NTE, adv. especially.

ESPE'CIE, s. f. species, kind.

ESPECIERI'A, s. f. a place where spices are sold.

ESPECIE'RO, s. m. a grocer, one that sells spices.

ESPECIFICACIO'N, s. f. specification, particularising.

ESPECIFICADAME'NTE, adv. particularly.

ESPECIFICA'R, v. a. to specify, to particularize.

ESPECIFICATI'VO, adj. specified, particularized.

ESPECI'FICO, s. m. what is of one species or substance.

Especifico, adj. of one substance or species.

ESPE'CIMEN, s. m. a specimen.

ESPECIO'SO, adj. done or performed with great care or art.

ESPECTA'CULO, s. m. a spectacle.

ESPECTATO'R, s. m. a spectator.

ESPE'CTRO, s. m. a ghost or apparition.

ESPECULACIO'N, s. f. speculation, contemplation.

ESPECULADO'R, s. m. a speculative, contemplative, or a prying person; a speculator, an observer, a contemplator.

ESPECULA'R, v. a. to speculate, to contemplate, to pry into, to watch.

ESPECULATI'VA, s. f. speculation, mental view, intellectual examination, contemplation.

ESPECULATIVAME'NTE, adv. speculatively.

ESPECULATI'VO, adj. speculative, contemplative.

ESPEDICIO'N, s. f. expedition, dispatch.

ESPEDIE'NTE; adj. expedient, convenient.

ESPEDI'R, v. a. to expedite, to dispatch.

ESPEJA'R, v. a. to clear a place of people; to make as clean as a looking-glass.

ESPE'JO, s. m. a looking-glass.

Prov. *No hay mejór espéjo que el amígo viéjo*, there is no better looking-glass than an old friend.

ESPEJUE'LO, s. m. a little looking-glass; also a sort of mixture in fine mortar that glitters on the walls, when the sun shines on it.

ESPEJUE'LOS, s. m. pl. spectacles.

ESPELE'R, v. a. to expel, to drive out.

ESPE'LTA, s. f. the grain called bare or beere.

ESPELU'NCA, s. f. a cave, a den.

ESPELUZAMIE'NTO, s. m. the rising of the hair an end as in a fright.

ESPELUZA'RSE, v. r. to be frighted, so that the hair stands an end.

ESPELU'ZOS, s. m pl. the hair standing an end; also shaking fits.

ESPENDE'R, v. a. to spend, or lay out.

ESPE'QUE, s. m. a hand-spike, a wooden lever used instead of an iron crow to traverse the ordnance, or to the windlass to heave up the anchor at sea.

Esprque de la bomba, the pump-brake; the handle they pump with in ordinary pumps at sea.
ESPE'RA, s. f. expectation, stay, demur, waiting.
ESPERA'BLE, adj. that is to be expected or hoped for.
ESPERACIO'N, s. f. hope.
ESPERADO'R, s. m. who hopes or expects.
ESPERA'NZA, s. f. hope, expectation of some good.
Prov. *Mas vale buéna esperánza que ruin possessión*, a good hope is better than a bad possession.
ESPERANZA'R, v. a. to give hopes.
ESPERA'R, v. a. to hope; also to stay, to expect.
Prov. *Quién espéra, desespéra*, he that expects, despairs; that is, expectation makes a man uneasy.
ESPEREZA'RSE, v. r. to stretch one's self after sleep, or in a lazy humour; also to shake off laziness.
ESPERE'ZO, s. m. the act of stretching after sleep or in laziness.
ESPERGE'CIA, s. f. a figure in rhetorick, when a sentence is explained or illustrated.
ESPERI'DO, adj. weak, slender.
ESPERIE'GA, s. f. vide *ASPERIEGA*.
ESPERIE'NCIA, s. f. experience.
Prov. *La espériencia es madre de la ciéncia*, experience is the mother of knowledge.
ESPERIMENTA'R, v. a. to experience.
ESPERIME'NTO, s. m. an experiment.
ESPE'RMA, s. m. sperm, the seed of any living creature.
Espérma-ceti, sperma-ceti, an unctuous substance drawn from the oil of large whales.
ESPERMA'TICO, adj. of or belonging to the sperm or seed, or full of it.
ESPERNA'DA, s. f. the last ring or link of any chain.
ESPERO'N, s. m. the beak of a ship or galley.
ESPERO'NTE, s. m. a spur in fortification, being a little outwork.
ESPERTO, adj. *EXPE'RTO*.
ESPESSADU'RA, s. f. thickening.
ESPESSAME'NTE, adv. thickly; also frequently.
ESPESSA'R, v. a. to thicken, to condense.
ESPESSE'ZA, s. f. thickness.
ESPE'SSO, adj. thick; also dirty, nasty.
ESPESSO'R, s. m. thickness.
ESPESSU'RA, s. f. thickness; also a thicket or thick wood; also nastiness.
ESPETA'R, v. a. to spit, to run through.
Espetárse, v. r. to be affected, to be proud, to carry one's self stiff or straight like a spit.
ESPETE'RA, s. f. the rack over a chimney for spits or the like.
ESPE'TO, s. m. a spit; also a long fish called a spit-fish.
ESPETO'N, s. m. a little spit; also a long pin.
ESPHE'RA, s. f. a sphere, a globe, an orbicular body; also heaven; also state, quality, condition.
ESPHERICIDA'D, s. f. the state of being spherical.
ESPHE'RICO, adj. spherical, round like a sphere.
ESPHERI'STA, s. m. an astronomer.
ESPHERO'IDE, s. f. a spheroid, a body oblong or oblate approaching to the form of a sphere.
Bóveda espheroide, a spheoritical vault.
ESPHINGE, s. f. a sphynx, a fabulous beast.
ESPI'A, s. f. a spy.
Espia doble, a knave, that is a spy on both sides; one that takes money of both parties and betrays both.
ESPIA'DOR, s. m. a spy, scout.
ESPIA'R, v. a. to spy, to observe, to watch.
ESPI'CA NA'RDI, s. f. the plant spikenard.
ESPICHA'R, v. a. to wound with the point.
ESPI'CHE, s. m. all pointed arms.
ESPI'GA, s. f. an ear of corn. Among joiners it is a tenant, or that part of the wood which is let into the mortice.
Espiga para enxerir, a scion or graff.
ESPIGADE'RA, } s. f. a woman-
ESPIGADO'RA, } gleaner at harvest; a leazer.
ESPIGADI'LLO, s. m. a dapper, upright fellow; any thing full of small ears.
ESPIGA'DO, adj. straight, upright.
ESPIGASPI'L, s. m. vide *ESPICANA'RDI*.
ESPIGA'R, v. a. to grow to an ear, as corn; also to glean or leaze corn after harvest.
ESPI'GO, s. m. the herb lavenderspike.
ESPIGO'N, s. m. an ear of corn that is prickly with the beards or awns; also a thistle.
Espigon de ajo, a head of garlick.
ESPILLADO'R, s. m. in cant, a gamester.
ESPILLA'NTES, s. m. pl. in cant, cards.
ESPILLA'R, v. a. in cant, play, to take away.
ESPI'LLO, s. m. in cant, the thing taken away in gaming.
ESPILOCHERI'A, s. f. cowardice, pusillanimity.
ESPILO'CHO, s. m. a poor shabby creature, that has no house nor home.
ESPI'N, s. m. vide *PUE'RCO ESPI'N*.
ESPI'NA, s. f. a thorn, a fishbone; the prickle of any briar, bramble, or tree of that nature. In cant, suspicion.
Espina de majuélas, a barberry-bush.
Espina blánca, a white-thorn.
ESPINA'CA, s. f. the herb spinach.
ESPINADURA, s. f. the pricking of a thorn.
ESPINA'L, adj. belonging to the backbone.
Espinal, s. m. a place full of thorns.

ESPINA'R, f. m. a place full of briars.
Espinár, v. a. to prick like a thorn; to give sharp language, to nettle.
Espinárse, v. r. to be nettled at sharp words, or the like.
ESPINA'ZO, f. m. the ridge-bone of the back of any creature.
ESPINE'L, f. m. a rope or line fet with hooks to catch fish.
ESPINE'LA, f. f. a fort of metrical compofition, confifting of ten verfes of eight fyllables; alfo a kind of ruby.
ESPI'NEO, adj. thorny, full of thorns.
ESPINE'TA, f. f. the mufical inftrument called a fpinnet.
ESPINGA'RDA, f. f. a fmall piece of artillery fo called.
ESPINGARDE'RO, f. m. a mufqueteer or fowler.
ESPINI'LLA, f. f. the shin-bone; alfo a fmall fish-bone, or fmall thorn.
ESPINI'TA, f. f. diminutive of *efpina*.
ESPI'NO, f. m. a thorn-tree.
ESPINOMAJUE'TO, the hawthorn-tree.
ESPINO'SO, adj. thorny; full of fishbones; alfo difficult, hard, not eafy.
ESPIO'N, f. m. a fpy.
ESPIO'TE, f. m. vide *ESPU'CHE*.
ESPI'RA, f. f. a winding fpiral figure in geometry.
ESPIRA'BLE, adj. that can breathe.
ESPIRACIO'N, f. f. a breathing; alfo the expiration or laft breath.
ESPIRA'CULO, f. m. a breathing-place, a place to fetch wind at, a vent hole.
ESPIRADE'RO, f. m. idem.
ESPIRADO'R, f. m. who breathes.
ESPIRA'L, adj. that is winding or fpiral.
ESPIRAMIE'NTO, f. m. obf. vide *ESPIRACIO'N*.
ESPIRA'R, v. a. to breathe; alfo to expire.
ESPIRI'NQUE, f. the fish called a fmelt.
ESPIRITA'DO, adj. poffeffed with an evil fpirit.
ESPIRITA'L, adj. fpiritual.
ESPIRITA'RSE, v. r. to be poffeffed with an evil fpirit.
ESPIRITI'LLO, f. m. diminutive of *efpiritu*.
ESPIRITOSAME'NTE, adv. chearfully, courageoufly, boldly.
ESPIRITO'SO, adj. courageous, valiant, brave, magnanimous.
ESPI'RITU, f. m. the breath, the fpirit, the ghoft.
Efpiritu Santo, f. m. the Holy Ghoft.
ESPIRITUA'L, adj. of, or belonging to a fpirit.
ESPIRITUALIDA'D, f. f. fpirituality.
ESPIRITUALIZA'R, v. a. to fpiritualize.
ESPIRITUALME'NTE, adv. fpiritually.
ESPIRITUO'SO, adj. fprightly, courageous, valiant.
ESPI'TA, f. f. a tap for a cask; alfo a meafure of a fpan.
ESPITA'L, f. m. vide *HOSPITA'L*.
ESPLANA'DA, f. f. the glacis of the counterfcarp in fortification; the empty fpace between the glacis of a citadel and the firft houfes of a town.
ESPLENDE'NTE, adj. shining.
ESPLENDIDAME'NTE, adv. fplendidly, fumptuoufly, magnificently.
ESPLENDIDE'Z, f. f. magnificence, fumptuoufnefs.
ESPLE'NDIDO, adj. fplendid, magnificent, fumptuous.
ESPLENDO'R, f. m. fplendor, magnificence, greatnefs, brightnefs.
ESPLENDOREA'R, v. n. to shine, to caft forth a fplendour.
ESPLICA'R, v. a. vide *EXPLICA'R*.
ESPLIE'GO, f. m. the fweet herb called lavender.
ESPLORADO'R, f. m. a fpy.
ESPLORA'R, v. a. to difcover, to fpy into.
ESPO'DIO, f. m. a fort of red ftone or earth, of which they make tiles.
ESPOLA'DA, f. f. a ftroke with a fpur.
ESPOLA'ZO, f. m. a ftroke with a fpur.
ESPOLEADU'RA, f. f. a fpurgauf.
ESPOLEA'R, v. a. to fpur; animate, incite, urge, provoke, excite, or egg on.
ESPOLE'TA, f. f. the touch-hole of a bomb, granade, &c.
ESPOLI'N, f. m. a weaver's shuttle; alfo a thin flowered filk.
ESPOLINA'DO, adj. weaved with flowers, as filk brocade.
ESPO'LIO, f. m. fpoils of war.
ESPOLI'STA, f. m. a renter of the fpoils of dead prelates.
ESPOLO'N, f. m. a cock's fpur; the piles of a bridge which break off the force of the water; a fpur in fortification, being a fmall outwork.
ESPOLONA'DA, f. f. obf. the running of horfemen upon the fpur.
ESPONDE'O, f. m. a fpondee, a foot in poetry confifting of two long fyllables.
ESPONDI'L, f. m. a whirl of a fpindle; the white hard part that fticks to the shell of an oyfter; a great round oyfter; the joints in the chine or back of any creature.
ESPONDI'LIO, f. m. a cow parfnip.
ESPO'NJA, f. f. a fponge.
Piédra efpónja, pumice-ftone.
ESPONJA'DO, adj. fpongy, that will fuck liquor like a fponge, or that has fucked in liquor.
ESPONJADU'RA, f. f. a foaking.
ESPONJA'RSE, v. r. grow fpongy, to fuck in liquor.
ESPONJO'RO, adj. fpongy, that wil fuck in liquor.
ESPONSA'LES, f. m. pl. efpoufals; the contract of betrothing.
ESPONTANEME'NTE, adv. fpontaneoufly, voluntarily, of one's own accord.
ESPONTA'NEO, adj. voluntary, of one's own accord.
ESPONTO'N, f. m. the pike which captains carry.
ESPORTEA'R, v. a. to carry out in baskets, or meafure by baskets.
ESPORTI'CO, f. m. } a little
ESPORTI'LLA, f. f. } basket.

ESPORTILLERO

ESPORTILLE'RO, f. m a porter that plies with a basket; alfo a basket-maker.
ESPORTI'LLO, f. m. a basket to carry home neceffaries from market.
ESPORTO'N, f. m. a great basket.
ESPO'RTULA, f. f. a fee paid to the officers of juftice.
ESPO'SA, f. f. a fpoufe, a bride.
Efpófas, f. f. pl. fetters, manacles, shackles, or hand-cuffs for prifoners.
ESPOSAYAS, f. f. pl. obf. a wedding.
ESPO'SO; f m. a fpoufe, a bridegroom.
ESPOTATICO, adj. free, voluntary.
ESPUE'LA, f. f. a fpur.
Efpuélas pára el yélo, skaits to slide on the ice.
Efpuéla de caballéro, the herb comfrey, good againft fluxes.
Mózo de efpuélas, a lackey, a footman.
Tenér las efpuélas calzádas, to be ready for a journey.
Dar de efpuélas, to fpur a horfe.
Arrimár las efpuélas, to fpur; to prefs on an affair that goes but flowly.
ESPUE'RTA, f. f. a great basket.
ESPULGADE'RO, f. m. the place where to go to kill fleas and lice.
ESPULGADO'R, f. m. who picks himfelf clean from fleas or lice.
ESPULGA'R, v. a. to pick fleas.
ESPUL'GO, f. m. a cleanfing from lice or fleas.
ESPU'MA, f. f. fcum, froth, foam.
Prov. *Crécer cómo efpúma*, to rife like froth; that is, to rife like froth; that is, to rife and be advanced very fuddenly.
ESPUMADE'RA, f. f. a ladle or skimmer to skim the pot with.
ESPUMAJO, f. m. vide *ESPU'MA*.

ESPUMAJO'SO, adj. full of fcum, foam, or froth.
ESPUMAO'LLAS, f. f. a potskimmer.
ESPUMA'R, v. a. to skin, to take off the skum, foam, or froth; alfo to foam or froth.
ESPUMARA'JO, f. m. froth, foam.
Echár efpumarájos por la bóca, to foam at the mouth either with paffion or pain.
ESPUMI'LLA, f. f. a fmall fcum or froth; alfo a fine fort of linen, like the fineft muflin which women make head-cloaths of.
ESPUMILLON, f. m. a very thick filk.
ESPUMO'SO, adj. frothy, foamy, fcummy.
ESPU'NDIA, f. f. a diftemper in horfes and mules fo called.
ESPU'RIO, f. m. a baftard.
ESPU'TO, f. m. fpittle.

E S Q

ESQUA'DRA, f. f. a carpenter's fquare, a fquadron of ships; alfo a part of an army, a troop.
ESQUADRA'R, v. a. to fquare any thing; alfo to act upon the fquare.
ESQUA'DRIA, f. f. a fquare.
ESQUA'DRO, f. m. the fish called a skate.
ESQUADRO'N, f. m. a fquadron of horfe; a good body of foot.
ESQUADRONA'R, v. a. to draw up foldiers in fquadrons.
ESQUADRONCI'LLO, f. m. diminutive of *efquádron*.
ESQUADRAJADU'RA, f. f. a crack, a flaw, a fmall breach.
ESQUELE'TO, f. m. a skeleton.
ESQUE'RO, f. m. a pouch, a hawking-bag, a purfe.
ESQUE'RRO, f. m. vide *EZQUE'RRO*.
ESQUESI'TO, adj. vide *ESQUISI'TO*.
ESQUICIA'R, v. a. to sketch, to draw a firft plan or draught.
ESQUI'CIO, f. m. a sketch, a firft draught.

ESQUIFA'DA, f. f. the burden or lading of a boat; in cant, a gang of thieves.
ESQUIFA'DO, adj. made like a a boat.
ESQUIFA'R, v. a. to equip a boat, to furnish it with oars.
ESQUI'FE, f. m. a cock-boat, a skiff, a fmall boat belonging to a ship.
Efquifes, f. m. pl. panes or pannels in a wall, in which they fet pictures or ftatues.
ESQUI'LA, f. f. a little bell tied round a wether's neck, from thence called a bell-wether.
ESQUILADO'R, f. m. a sheepshearer.
EQUILA'R, v. a. to shear sheep.
ESQUILA'ZO, f. m. a fort of veffel.
ESQUILE'NCIA, f. f. the difeafe in the throat called a quinfey.
ESQUILE'O, f. m. the act of shearing sheep.
ESQUILE'TA, f. f. a little bell.
ESQUI'LLA, f. f. a fmall bell.
ESQUILMA'R, v. a. to gather the fruit or the profit of lands.
ESQUI'LMO, f. m. the fruit or profit of land.
ESQUI'LO, f. m. a fquirrel; alfo the shearing of sheep.
ESQUILO'N, f. m. a fmall bell.
ESQUI'NA, f. f. the corner of any thing, the outward angle.
ESQUINA'ZO, f. m. a ftone in the corner of a wall, or a thruft againft a corner.
ESQUINA'R, v. a. to make corners; alfo to winnow corn from the chaff.
ESQUINA'NCIA, } f. f. a difeafe
ESQUINE'NCIA, } called the fquinancy.
ESQUINE'LA, f. f. armour for the legs.
ESQUIPA'ZON, f. m. equipping or rigging of ships.
ESQUISI'TO, adj. vide *EXQUISI'TO*.
ESQUITA'R, v. a. to quit, to make even.
ESQUI'TO, adj. even, quit, one that has loft his money and won it again.

ESQUIVAME'NTE, adv. coyly, disdainfully, scornfully.
ESQUIVA'R, v. a. to shun, to avoid. to be coy.
Esquivárse, v. r. to disdain, scorn, contemn.
ESQUIVE'Z, } s. f. coyness,
ESQUIVIDAD, } disdain.
ESQUI'VO, adj. coy, disdainful, scornful.

ESS

ESSA, pron. f. she, that, in the feminine gender.
ESSE, pron. m. he, that, in the masculine gender.
ESSE'NCIA, s. f. the essence or being of a thing.
Ser la quinta essencia de alguna cosa, to be the quintessence of any thing; that is, the most perfect, just, and completest part of it.
ESSENCIA'L, adj. essential.
ESSENCIALME'NTE, adv. essentially.
ESSENCIA'RSE, v. r. to unite, to incorporate.
ESSO, pron. n. that.
ESSO'TRO, pron. the other.

EST

ESTA, pron. f. this, in the feminine gender.
ESTABILIDA'D, s. f. estability, duration, perpetuity, constancy.
ESTA'BLE, adj. stable, firm.
ESTABLEA'R, v. a. to take up cattle from grass and stable them; also to tame beasts.
ESTABLECEDO'R, s. m. who establishes, constitutes, or appoints.
ESTABLECE'R, v. a. to establish.
ESTABLECIMIE'NTO, s. m. an establishing.
ESTABLEME'NTE, adv. stably, firmly.
ESTABLE'RA, s. f. a lewd woman that haunts stables.
ESTABLE'RO, s. m. one that keeps or looks to stables, or ox-stables.
ESTA'BLIA, s. f. a stable.
ESTABLI'LLO, s. m. a little stable.
ESTABLERIZO, s. m. one that keeps or looks to stables or ox-stalls.
ESTABLIMIE'NTO, s. m. establishment.
ESTA'BLO, s. m. a stable, an ox-stall.
ESTA'CA, s. f. a stake, a palisade; a pin in a wall; a rack; a club or cudgel.
Estáca para enxerir, a stock to graft on.
No ha quedado estáca en pared, there is not a pin left in a wall; that is, all is taken away, there is nothing but bare walls.
Estár a estáca, to be confined to a narrow compass, as a beast that is tied to a stake.
Estácas, or estaquillas de hierro, iron pins.
ESTACA'DA, s. f. a place palisaded, or hemmed in with stakes, the lists to fight in.
ESTACA'R, v. a. to fix a stake in the ground to tie any beasts to.
Estacárse, v. r. to mark out with stakes so much ground as is by law allowed to him that discovers a mine.
ESTACA'ZO, s. m. a blow with a stake.
ESTA'CHA, s. f. the rope that is let out after the whale is struck.
ESTACIO'N, s. f. a station.
Andár las estaciónes, is to go to so many stations; that is, churches, or places appointed in remembrance of the several passages of our Saviour's passion, there to pray in honour of those mysteries.
ESTACIONA'RIO, adj. not wandering, Said of planets.
ESTACIONE'RO, s. m. the old Spanish name for a bookseller.
ESTACO'N, s. m. a great stake.
ESTA'DA, s. f. a stay in a place.
ESTADA'L, s. m. a measure of a fathom or six feet.
ESTA'DIO, s. m. a furlong; also a race to run.
ESTADI'STA, s. m. a statesman.
ESTADI'ZO, adj. that stands still and does not run, as water in a pond.
ESTA'DO, s. m. estate, condition, degree, stature; also a fathom.
Estádo seglár, the laity.
Estádo ecclesiástico, the clergy.
Matérias de estádo, affairs of state.
Mésa del estádo, a table kept at court for the gentlemen of the bed-chamber, and other great men.
Conséjo de estádo, the council of state, the supreme council of all others.
Tomár estádo, to settle to some way of living, as to marry, to enter into a religious order, or the like.
Ponér en estádo, to put a man into a way of living.
Descaecer de su estádo, to decline, to fall into worse circumstances.
Caér de su estádo, to drop down, as in a swoon, or the like.
ESTADO'NIO, s. m. a stake to fix in the ground.
ESTA'ES, s. m. pl. the stays in a ship, which are ropes coming from the tops of the masts forwards to keep the masts from falling aftward towards the poop.
ESTA'FA, s. f. a cheating chousing trick; also sturdy begging. In cant, what a thief gives to a pimp or bawd.
ESTAFADO'R, s. m. a cheating fellow; a sturdy beggar.
ESTAFA'R, v. a. to chouse, to cheat; to beg in a commanding way.
ESTAFE'RMO, s. m. a maukin, a figure set up to ride at, and strike it with lances, or for other purposes.
ESTAFE'RO, s. m. a lackey, page, or foot-boy.
ESTAFE'TA, s. f. the post for carrying of letters, properly a horse-post.
ESTAFETE'RO, s. m. a postman, who gathers the letters.

ESTA'JO, f. m. vide *DESTA'JO.*

ESTA'LA, f. f. a ftable.

ESTALACIO'N, f. f. a degree of honour or precedency in cathedral churches.

ESTALLA'R, v. n. to give a great crack, to report, to burft.

ESTALLI'DO, f. m. a great crack, report, or noife, as of a gun or the like.

ESTA'LLO, f. m. a great noife, crack, or report.

ESTAMBO'R, f. m. the fternpoft of a ship.

ESTAMBRA'R, v. a. to twift yarn, or worfted.

ESTAMBRE, f. m. worfted or yarn.

ESTAME'ñA, f. f. ferge.

ESTAMENA'RA, f. f. a timber fo called, ufed in ships.

ESTAME'NTOS, f. m. pl. fo they call the eftates that meet in the *cortes* or parliament, in the kingdom of Aragon.

ESTAMIE'NTO, f. m. the ftate or condition of any perfon or thing.

ESTA'MPA, f. f. a print, a cut; alfo the art of printing.

ESTAMPA'DO'R, f. m. a printer.

ESTAMPA'R, v. a. to print, to ftamp.

ESTAMPE'RO, f. m. who makes and fells ftamps.

ESTAMPI'DO, f. m. a crack, a noife, a report.

ESTAMPI'LLA, f. f. a little print.

ESTANCA'R, v. a. to ftop, to ftay, to ftand ftill, as water to ftanch blood.

Eftancárfe el água, to ftand as in a pool.

ESTA'NCIA, f. f. a dwelling-place, a place to ftay in; alfo a ftanza in poetry; alfo a bedroom, and a camp.

ESTA'NCO, f. m. a monopoly, the place appointed to fell any thing in that way; alfo a ftopping, ftaying, or detaining of water.

ESTANDA'RTE, f. m. a ftandard.

Eftandártes defplegádos, banners difplayed.

ESTANGU'RRIA, f. f. the ftrangury, when one cannot make water, or does it by drops.

ESTAñA'R, v. a. to tin.

ESTAñE'RO, f. m. a pewterer, one that works in tin.

ESTA'ñO, f. m. tin.

ESTA'NQUE, f. m. a pool, a pond, a fish-pond.

ESTANQUE'RO, f. m. a monopolift or patentee, that hath licence to engrofs certain commodities for his own profit, with power to exclude others from trading in the fame.

ESTANQUI'LLO, f. m. a little pool, or pond; alfo a fmall shop where they fell tobacco, fnuff, &c.

ESTANTA'L, f. m. prop, fupport, shore.

ESTA'NTE, f. m. a shelf for books, a desk to lay a book on; alfo a large beam.

ESTANTERO'L, f. m. the midpart of the galley, where the captain ftands in time of fight.

ESTANTI'GUA, f. f. a phantom, an apparition, an hobgoblin; alfo a very ugly perfon, or one in a ridiculous drefs.

ESTA'NTIO, adj. that ftands ftill in a place.

ESTA'NZA, f. f. vide *ESTA'NCIA.*

ESTAQUI'LLA, f. f. a little ftake, a wooden pin.

ESTAQUILLA'R, v. a. to put wooden pegs in shoes, to fix ftakes of wood into any thing.

ESTA'R, v. n. to ftand.

Eftár fóbre fi, to be wary, or upon one's guard.

Eftár en bárras, vide *BA'RRA.*

Eftár buéno, to be in good health; where in it differs from *fer buéno*; to be good; this in a man. In other things the difference appears not at firft fo vifible, and yet is confiderable, for they fay *eftá buéno*, and *es buéno*. But *eftá buéno*, fignifies it is well done, as meat is well dreffed, declaring the accidental or additional good; but *es buéno*, fignifies it is good in itfelf, implying the effential good of the thing.

Eftár aténto, to give attention.

Eftár fóbre huévos, to fit upon eggs, as a hen does; metaph, to be uneafy.

Eftár en pié, to ftand on one's feet.

Eftár fufpénfo, to be dubious.

Eftár en cierne, vide *CIERNE.*

Eftárfe, v. r. to be ftayed, to keep back, to be detained.

ESTATE'RA, f. f. a balance; alfo an ancient coin.

ESTA'TICA, f. f. ftaticks; the fcience which confiders the weight of bodies.

ESTA'TUA, f. f. a ftatue, an image.

ESTATUA'DO, adj. like a ftatue.

ESTATUA'RIA, f. f. the art of making ftatues, ftatuary.

ESTATUA'RIO, f. m. a ftatuary.

Eftatuário, adj. belonging to a ftatue.

ESTATUI'R, v. a. to eftablish, to order, to determine.

ESTATU'RA, f. f the ftature of a man.

ESTATU'TO, f. m. a ftatute, a decree.

ESTA'Y, f. m. a great cable rope.

ESTE, pron. m. this man or this thing, in the mafculine gender.

ESTE, f. m. the eaft-wind.

ESTE, *ESTA*, *ESTO*, pron. demonf. this.

ESTE'LA, f. f. the trace or track that the ship leaves behind her when failing.

ESTELA'RIA, f. f. vide *ALQUIMI'LLA.*

ESTELI'FERO, adj. that is full of ftars.

ESTELLI'ON, f. m. a newt, an eft, a creature like a lizard, with shining fpots on its back like the ftars.

ESTELIONA'TO, f. m. a cheat in felling one thing to two feveral perfons, or mortgaging an eftate twice.

ESTE'PA, f. f. a flower called the holy rofe.

ESTE'RA, f. f. a mat.

ESTERADO'R, f. m. one that mats rooms.

ESTERA'R, v. a. to mat.
ESTERCA'R, v. a. to dung the earth.
ESTERCOLADO'R, s. m. one that dungs the ground.
ESTERCOLADU'RA, s. f. } dung-
ESTERCOLAMIE'NTO, s. m. } ing.
ESTERCOLA'R, v. a. to dung the ground.
ESTERCOLE'RO, s. m. a dunghill, or one that carries dung.
ESTERCUE'LO, s. m. a dunghill.
ESTEREOMETRI'A, s. f. the measure of solid bodies.
ESTEREOME'TRICO, adj. of or belonging to the measuring of solid bodies.
ESTERE'RO, s. m. a mat-maker.
ESTE'RIL, adj. barren.
ESTERILIDA'D, s. f. barrenness.
ESTERILIZA'R, v. a. to make or render any thing barren.
ESTERI'LLA, s. f. a little mat; also a small sort of golden or silver-lace.
ESTERNUDA'R, v. a. vide *ESTORNUDA'R*.
ESTE'RO, s. m. a salt marsh, a place where the tide ebbs and flows; a creek or an inlet of the sea.
ESTERQUE'RO, s. m. a dunghill.
ESTERQUILI'NIO, s. m. a dunghill.
ESTEVA, s. f. the plough-handle, the plough-beam that the colter is in.
ESTEVA'DO, adj. bandy-legged, or one that turns his toes in.
ESTIA'R, v. n. to stop, to detain.
ESTIBA'R, v. a. to press, squeeze, or ram down; used also as *estivar*.
ESTI'BIO, s. m. vide *ALCOHO'L*.
ESTIBO'RDO, s. m. vide *ESTRIBO'RDO*.
ESTIE'RCOL, s. m. dung.
ESTILA'R, v. n. to practise, to use, to accustom.
Estilár, v. a. to distil, to drop.
ESTILBO'N, s. m. in cant, drunk.
ESTILICI'DIO, s. m. vide *STILICIDIO*.
ESTILO, s. m. a style in writing; also the gnomon of a dial; use, custom, practice.
Tenér por estilo, to use to do any thing, to have a custom.
Perdér el estilo, to grow out of use.
ESTI'MA, s. f. asteem, value.
ESTIMABILIDA'D, s. m. good quality for which a thing is esteemed: estimableness, the quality of deserving regard.
ESTIMA'BLE, adj. valuable.
ESTIMACIO'N, s. f. esteem, value.
ESTIMADO'R, s. m. one that esteems, or values; also an appraiser.
ESTIMA'R, v. a. to esteem, to value; also to appraise.
ESTIMATI'VA, s. f. the power or faculty of judging and distinguishing the worth or value of any thing or person.
ESTIMULADO'R, s. m. one that eggs another on.
ESTIMULA'R, v. a. to prick or egg on.
ESTIMU'LO, s. m. a prick, a goad, an incentive.
ESTI'NCO, s. m. a kind of land crocodile or newt.
ESTI'NIA, s. f. a contraction or compression of the nerves in beasts, as horses, mules, &c.
ESTI'NTO, s. m. obs. instinct.
ESTI'O, s. m. the summer.
ESTIOMENA'DO, adj. of, or belonging to mortification.
ESTIOME'NO, s. m. a mortification in the flesh.
ESTIPENDIA'RIO, s. m. one who receives a stipend, wages, or allowance.
ESTIPE'NDIO, s. m. a stipend, wages, pay, or allowance.
ESTI'PITE, s. m. a column or pillar.
ESTIPTICIDA'D, s. f. the stoppage, restriction, stagnation of the blood.
ESTI'PTICO, adj. stiptick, astringent; also covetous, miser.
ESTIPULACIO'N, s. f. stipulation, agreement, covenanting.
ESTIPULA'R, v. a. to stipulate; to agree on, to covenant.
ESTIRADAME'NTE, adv. extensively.
ESTI'RAAFLOXA, s. f. a sport among boys.
ESTIRA'DO, adj. grave, stately.
ESTIRAJO'N, s. m. a pull, a tug.
ESTIRA'R, v. a. to stretch, to draw out.
Estirárse, v. r. to be proud or stately, to walk stifly; also to hang one's self.
ESTIRI'JON, s. m. a sudden pull, a tug, or a jerk.
ESTIRO'N, s. a sudden pull, a tug, a jerk.
ESTIRPA'R, v. a. vide *EXTIRPIR*.
ESTI'RPE, s. f. a stock, a race
ESTIVA, s. f straw to stuff any thing with; in cant, punishment.
ESTIVA'L, adj. belonging to the summer.
ESTIVA'LES, s. m. pl. buskins, in cant.
ESTIVA'R, v. a. to stuff, to cram a thing full; also, in cant, to punish, to chastise.
Estivár la náo, to stow goods in a ship.
ESTI'VO, adj. estival, pertaining to the summer; in cant, a shoe.
ESTIVO'N, s. m. in cant, a course or run.
ESTIZ'A, s. f. the itch.
Estizárse, v. r. to be angry.
ESTO, pron. this.
ESTOCA'DA, s. f. a thrust with a weapon, a stab.
Estocáda de vino, the breath of a drunken man.
ESTOCADO'R, s. m. obs. vide *ESTOQUEADO'R*.
ESTOCAFRI'S, s. m. a Spanish corruption for the stockfish.
ESTOCA'R, v. n. to give a push.
ESTO'FA, s. f. any stuff for apparel.
ESTOFA'R, v. a. to stew meat; to quilt garments, and in painting to draw with a thin colour over gold, so that the gold appears through it.
ESTO'ICO, adj. belonging to the sect of the Stoicks.

Estoicos, the philosophers called Stoicks.
ESTOLA, f. f. a stole, a robe, a garment down to the heels; but peculiarly the stole a priest puts on to officiate, being a narrow slip hanging from his neck, almost down to his feet before.
ESTOLIDE'Z, f. m. foolishness, simplicity, ignorance.
ESTOLIDO, adj. foolish.
ESTOLO'N, f. m. aug. of *estóla*.
ESTOMACA'L, adj. of or belonging to the stomach.
ESTOMAGA'R, v. a. to stomach, to resent.
ESTO'MAGO, f. m. the stomach, the ventricle in which food is digested.
Hombre de estómago, a man of courage or resolution.
No guardár náda en el estómago, to keep nothing in one's stomach; to keep no secret.
ESTOMAGUE'RO, f. m. a belly-band used for young children.
ESTOMAGUILLO, dimin. of *estómago*.
ESTOMATICA'L, adj. of or belonging to the stomach.
ESTOMATICO'N, f. m. a plaster for the stomach.
ESTONCES, adv. obs. then, at that time.
ESTOPA, f. f. hemp, tow; at sea, oakam, which is old ropes pulled to pieces.
Prov. *Ni de estópa buéna camísa, ni de puta buéna amiga*, neither can you have a good shirt of hemp, nor a good friend of a whore.
ESTOPA'DA, f. f. a fleece of wool.
ESTOPA'JO, f. m. vide *ESTROPAJO*.
ESTOPE'ñAS de séda, the combing of silk.
ESTOPEñO, adj. hempen.
ESTOPE'RAL, f. m. a tool used aboard ships to drive oakam into the seams of the ship.
ESTOPERO'LES, f. m. pl. the wads of old oakam.
ESTOPI'LLAS, f. f. pl. a sort of hempen cloth.
ESTOPO'N, f. m. the coarsest hemp.
ESTOPO'SO, adj. belonging to hemp.
ESTO'QUE, f. m. a rapier, a tuck.
Estóque, f. m. the herb spleenwort.
ESTOQUEADO'R, f. m. who strikes with a rapier or tuck.
ESTOQUEA'R, v. a. to strike with a point of a sword.
ESTORA'QUE, f. m. the sweet gum called *storax*; also the tree itself.
ESTORBADO'R, f. m. the person who disturbs.
ESTORBA'R, v. a. to hinder, to obstruct.
ESTORBO, f. m. hindrance, impediment, obstruction, opposition.
ESTORCE'R, v. n. to free, to rid one's self.
ESTORCICO'N, f. f. the gripes in the belly caused by the wind.
ESTORCIMIE'NTO, f. m. vide *TORCIMIE'NTO*.
ESTORDECE'R, v. a. to astonish, to amaze.
ESTORDECIMIE'NTO, f. m. astonishment, amazement.
ESTORME'NTO, f. m. obs. an instrument.
ESTORNI'JA de cárro, f. f. the trigger of a cart, a ring on the end of the axletree, between the wheel and the pin that holds it on.
ESTORNI'NO, f. m. the bird called a stare or starling.
ESTORNUDA'R, v. n. to sneeze.
ESTORNU'DO, f. m. a sneeze.
ESTORVA'R, v. n. to hinder, to obstruct.
ESTO'RVO, f. m. hindrance, obstruction, impediment.
ESTO'TRO, pron. the other.
ESTOVA'DA, f. m. stewed meat.
ESTOVA'R, v. a. to stew.
ESTRACILLA, f. f. dimin. of *estraza*.
ESTRA'DA, f. f. the street, the way.
Estráda cubiérta, the covered way in fortification.
ESTRADILLO, f. m. vide *ESTRA'DO*, whose diminutive it is.
ESTRADIO'TA, f. f. the way of riding with the stirrups long, contrary to *ginéta* which is very short.
ESTRADIO'TE, f. m. one that rides with the stirrups long.
ESTRA'DO, f. m. is a place raised a step higher than the rest of the rooms, and covered with carpets or mats, where the women sit upon cushions; a court of justice.
ESTRAFALARIAME'NTE, adv. disorderly, unseemly, indecently, inelegantly.
ESTRAFALA'RIO, f. m. a sloven, a person who dresses in a tawdry, mean, and low manner.
ESTRAGADAME'NTE, adv. viciously, corruptly.
ESTRAGAMIE'NTO, f. m. a spoiling.
ESTRAGA'R, v. a. to spoil, to corrupt, to vitiate.
ESTRA'GO, f. m. havock, slaughter, destruction.
ESTRAMBOSIDA'D, f. f. the defect in the eyes when any person squints.
ESTRAMBO'TE, f. m. an addition to the end of a verse.
ESTRAMBO'TICO, adj. strange, without order, irregular.
ESTRA'NGE, f. m. the strand or shoar.
ESTRANGE'RO, f. m. a stranger; a foreigner.
ESTRANGO'L, f. m. an inflammation in the tongue of horses and mules.
ESTRANGU'L, f. m. the reed that is put into hautboys when they are played on.
ESTRAñAME'NTE, adv. strangely.
ESTRAñADO, adj. thought strange, not known.
ESTRAñAR, v. a. to estrange, to alienate, to seem strange.
Estrañar a ótro, not to know a man.
Estrañárse, v. r. to make one's self a stranger, to avoid company.

ESTRAÑE'ZA, f. f. ftrangenefs, fingularity.
ESTRANGU'RIA, f. f. ftrangury.
ESTRANIE'RO, f. m. vide ESTRANGE'RO.
ESTRA'ÑO, adj. ftrange, foreign, alien.
ESTRAPAZA'R, v. a. to fcorn, to laugh at, to ridicule.
ESTRATAGE'MA, f. m. ftratagem, trick in war; alfo a cheat or fraud.
ESTRA'VA, f. f. a wood-cock.
ESTRAVAGA'NTE, adj. extravagant, out of the common rule.
ESTRA'VA, f. f. in cant, a fool.
ESTRA'VE, f. m. the extremity of the keel towards the head of the ship.
ESTRA'ZA, f. f. rags.
Papel de eftraza, brown paper.
ESTRAZA'R, v. a. to rend, to tear.
ESTRA'ZO, f. m. a rag.
ESTRECHADU'RA, f. f. a ftraitnefs, narrownefs, or binding clofe.
ESTRECHAME'NTE, adv. ftraitly, narrowly.
Eftrechaménte, adv. exactly, punctually.
ESTRECHA'R, v. a. to ftraiten, to contract, to make narrow.
Eftrechárfe, v. r. to bind one's felf in a narrow compafs.
ESTRECHE'Z, f. f. ftraitnefs, narrownefs, contraction; alfo union, connexion; alfo a great danger or pain; alfo retirement and mifery.
ESTRECHE'ZA, f. f. vide ESTRECHE'Z.
ESTRE'CHO, adj. ftrait, narrow.
Eftrécho, f. m. ftreight in the fea.
ESTRECHU'RA, f. f. ftreightnefs, narrownefs.
ESTREGADE'RA, f. f. a hard brush.
ESTREGADE'RO, f. m. a place that beafts rub themfelves againft.
ESTREGA'R, v. a. to rub.
ESTRE'LLA, f. f. a ftar; alfo genius, nature, difpofition, fate, deftiny.
Contár las eftréllas, to count the ftars, to labour in vain, to wash the black-a-moor white.
Venír a cafa con las eftréllas, to come home by ftar-light, to keep ill hours.
Hacér ver las eftrellas a médio dia, to make one fee the ftars at noon-day; a threatening expreffion.
ESTRELLA'DA, f. f. the herb ftarwort, or sharwort.
ESTRELLA'DO, adj. full of ftars; alfo dashed to pieces.
Huévos eftrelládos, eggs fried whole.
ESTRELLAMA'R, f. m. a plant fo called.
ESTRELLAMIE'NTO, f. m. conftellation, conjunction of many ftars.
ESTRELLA'R, v. a. to fet full of ftars; alfo to dash to pieces, to fry eggs whole.
Eftrellárfe con otro, to oppofe another with danger to one's felf.
ESTRELLE'RA, f. f. a beaft that holds up its head as if it were ftar-gazing.
ESTRELLERI'A, f. f. obf. aftrology, ftar-gazing.
ESTRELLE'RO, f. m. an aftronomer, a ftar-gazer.
ESTRELLI'TA, f. f. a little ftar.
ESTRELLIZA'R, v. a. to beautify with ftars.
ESTRELLO'N, f. m. a large ftar.
ESTRELLUE'LA, f. f. a fmall ftar.
ESTREMADAME'NTE, adv. extremely.
ESTREMA'DO, adj. extreme, exceeding.
ESTREMA'RSE, v. r. to exceed, to furpafs others, to do one's utmoft, to be excellent.
ESTREMECE'RSE, v. r. to quake, to tremble.
ESTREMECIMIE'NTO, f. m. a quaking, or trembling.
ESTREME'ZO, f. m. vide ESTREMECIMIE'NTO.
ESTREMIDA'D, f. f. extremity, the utmoft bounds of any thing.
ESTRE'MO, adj. extreme, the utmoft, the bounds.
Eftrémo de cuéntas, a fmall bead, or filigree work between the beads.
Eftrémo de dehéza, the latter pafture.
Eftrémos de pláta, filigree work at the ends of beads.
Hacér eftrémos, to give extraordinary figns of grief or paffion.
Tenér fríos los eftrémos, to feel cold in the extreme parts of the body, as the fingers and toes.
Eftremá nec fsidád, extremity of want.
Eftár in extrémis, to be at the laft gafp.
ESTREMULO'SO, adj. trembling, quaking.
ESTRE'NA, f. f. handfel; in fome places a new-year's gift.
ESTRENA'R, v. a. to handfel.
Eftrenárfe, v. r. to begin to exercife one's felf in any thing.
ESTREÑI'DO, adj. niggardly.
ESTREÑI'R, v. a. to reftrain, to bind.
ESTRE'NO, f. m. the beginning, the firft ufing one's felf to any thing.
ESTRE'NQUE, f. m. a great cable made of rushes.
ESTRE'NUO, adj. ftrong, ftout, valiant.
ESTREPI'TO, f. m. a noife.
ESTRI'AS, f. f. pl. the flutings of a pillar or column.
ESTRIA'DO, adj. fluted.
ESTRIA'R, v. a. in architecture, to flute a column or pillar.
ESTRIBADE'RA, f. m. a place to fet one's feet againft to hold faft.
ESTRIBADO'R, adj. that is faftened to another thing.
ESTRIBADU'RA, f. f. ftriving with might and main.
ESTRIBA'R, v. n. to ftrive with might and main, to hold or draw, fetting one's feet againft any thing.
ESTRIBE'RA, f. f. a ftirrup to a faddle, a buttrefs to a wall.
ESTRIBERI'A, f. f. that part of the ftable where the ftirrups are kept.
ESTRIBI'LLO, f. m. a verfe often repeated, the burthen of the fong.
ESTRI'BO, f. m. a ftirrup to a faddle, a buttrefs to a wall.

Ir al éstribo, to walk by a horse's side.
Hacér a úno perdér los estribos, to make a man lose his stirrups; to put him out of patience.
Estár con el pié en el estribo, to have one foot in the stirrup; to be just ready to set out upon a journey.
Estár ó andàr mui sobre los estribos, to beware, to be cautious, vigilant.
Perdér los estribos, to fall in a passion.
ESTRIBO'RD, s. m. the right side of a ship, the starboard side.
ESTRICO'TE, s. m. a tennis-court, or the game of tennis.
Trahér a úno al estricóte, to toss a man about like a tennis-ball; to give him no rest.
ESTRICTAME'NTE, adv. strictly.
ESTRIDO'R, s. m. a noise.
ESTRI'GE, s. f. a skreech-owl.
ESTRI'NSECO, adj. extrinsical, outward, external.
ESTRIVA'R, v. a. vide *ESTRIBA'R*.
ESTRIVERA'JE, s. m. a buttress of a wall.
ESTRI'VO, s. m. vide *ESTRI'BO*.
ESTROPAJEA'R, to rub the walls, with a dish-clout.
ESTROPA'JO, s. m. a dish-clout, or any dirty clout for foul uses; a hempen clout.
Trahér a úno hécho un estropájo, to use a man like a dish-clout, to put him to servile employments.
Lengua de estropájó, a stammering or stuttering person.
ESTROPAJO'SO, adj. base, mean, low, contemptible.
ESTROPEA'R, v. a. to maim one's limbs; to mix sand with lime.
ESTROPECI'LLO, s. m. a little stumbling block.
ESTROPEZA'R, v. n. to stumble.
ESTROPHA, s. f. a stanza in a poetical composition.
ESTROPIE'ZO, s. m. a stumbling-block.
ESTRO'VO, s. m. a piece of cable so called on board ships.
ESTRUCTU'RA, s. f. structure, building, fabrick.
ESTRUE'NDO, s. m. great noise, loud sound, repercussion; also pomp, splendour, ostentation; also name, fame.
ESTRUENDOSAME'NTE, adv. with great noise.
ESTRUENDO'SO, adj. noisy, tumultuous.
ESTRUPADO'R, s. m. vide *ESTUPRADO'R*.
ESTRUPA'R, v. a. vide *ESTUPRAR*.
ESTRUPO, s. m. vide *ESTUPRO*.
ESTRUXADO, adj. squeezed, pressed, lean, lank.
ESTRUXA'R, v. a. to squeeze, to press.
Estruxár el dinéro, to part with money with great reluctance.
ESTRUXADU'RA, s. m. squeezing, pressing.
ESTRUXO'N, s. m. the last squeezing or draining of the grape in making wine.
ESTUA'RIO, s. m. the place over flowed with sea-water, over which the tide goes.
ESTUCA'R, v. a. to cover with plaister of Paris.
ESTU'CHE, s. m. a case, a pair of tweezers, a case of instruments.
ESTU'ÇO, s. m. plaster of Paris.
ESTUDIADO'R, s. m one who studies, or applies himself to study.
ESTUDIANTA'ZO, s. m. greatly learnned, skilled in letters.
ESTUDIA'NTE, s. m. a student, a scholar.
ESTUDIANTI'L, adj. belonging to the study. Jocose.
ESTUDIANTI'LLO, s. m. a little scholar, jocosely spoken.
ESTUDIANTI'NO, adj. belonging or pertaining to students.
ESTUDIANZO'N, s. m. a great student.
ESTUDIA'R, v. a. to study, to apply the mind to; also to consider attentively, to learn by application.
ESTU'DIO, s. m. study; also a school, or a closet where one studies.
ESTUDIOSAME'NTE, adv. studiously.
ESTUDIOSIDA'D, s. f. a desire after learning, an inclination to study.
ESTUDIO'SO, adj. studious, attentive to, careful.
ESTU'FA, s. f. a stove, a hot-house.
ESTUFA'R, v. a. to warm with a stove.
ESTUFI'LLA, s. f. a little stove used by the ladies; also a muff.
ESTULTAME'NTE, adv. foolishly.
ESTULTI'CIA, s. f. folly.
ESTU'LTO, adj. foolish.
ESTUO'SO, adj. hot.
ESTUPENDAME'NTE, adv. wonderfully.
ESTUPE'NDO, adj. stupendous, amazing, astonishing, wonderful.
ESTUPI'DO, adj. stupid, foolish.
ESTUPO'R, s. m. astonishment, amazement.
ESTUPRADO'R, s. m. a ravisher, a debaucher of virgins.
ESTUPRA'R, v. a. to ravish, to debauch a maid.
ESTU'PRO, s. m. debauching of a maid.
ESTU'QUE, s. m. vide *ESTU'CO*.
ESTURA'R, v. a. to dry any thing by the force of the fire.
ESTURIO'N, s. m. the fish called a sturgeon.

E S U

ESU'LA, s. f. the greatest kind of spurge, which has the leaf like the cypress.

E S V

ESVALA'R, v. n. vide *RESBALA'R*.

E T

ET, a conjunction copulative: and.

Et cetera, a Latin word uſed much in the Caſtilian tongue.

E T E

E'TELE! interj. lo! behold!

ETEROGE'NEO, adj. heterogeneous, of a different kind.

ETERNA'L, adj. eternal, everlaſting.

ETERNAME'NTE, adv. eternally.

ETERNIDA'D, ſ. f. eternity.

ETERNIZA'R, v. a. to eternize, to make everlaſting; alſo to defer, to procraſtinate, to delay.

ETE'RNO, adj. eternal, everlaſting.

E T H

E'THER, ſ. m. ether, air refined or ſublimed; alſo the matter of the higheſt regions above.

ETHE'REO, adj. ethereous, ethereal, formed of ether.

ETHESI'OS, adj. belonging to periodical winds,

E'THICA, ſ. f. ethicks; the doctrine of morality.

ETHIO'PIDE, ſ. f. an herb, like lettuce.

ETHNI'CO, adj. heathen, pagan.

E T I

E'TICO, adj. ſick of a conſumption.

ETIQUE'TA, ſ. f. a book of ceremonies.

E'TITES, ſ. m. the eagle ſtone.

E T N

E'TNA, ſ. f. any thing burning.

E T Y

ETYMOLOGI'A, ſ. f. etymology, derivation of words.

ETYMOLO'GICO, adj. etymologick.

E U B

EUBO'LIA, ſ. f. a ſpeaking or adviſing well.

E U C

EUCHARISTI'A, ſ. f. the holy euchariſt.

EUCHARI'STICO, adj. belonging to the euchariſt.

E U N

EUNU'CO, ſ. m. an eunuch.

E U P

EUPATO'RIO, ſ. m. the herb agrimony.

EUPHO'RBIO, ſ. m. a tree ſo called.

EUPHRA'SIA, ſ. f. a plant ſo called.

E U R

EURO, ſ. m. the ſouth-eaſt wind, or rather eaſt-ſouth-eaſt.

EUROPE'O, adj. European, of Europe.

EURYTHMI'A, ſ. f. the juſt proportion and delightful proſpect of a building, eurithmy, harmony, regular and ſymetrical, meaſure.

E U T

EUTRAPE'LIA, ſ. f. } pleaſant
EUTROPE'LIA, ſ. m. } jeſting with innocence; but ſometimes taken in an ill ſenſe for lewd ribaldry.

E V A

EVACUACIO'N, ſ. f. evacuation, emptying.

EVACUA'R, v. a. to evacuate, to empty.

EVA'D, interj. obſ. behold, obſerve.

EVADI'R, v. a. to evade, to eſcape, to elude.

EVAGACIO'N, ſ. m. wandering, ſtrolling, evagation, excurſion, ramble, deviation.

EVANECE'R, v. n. to diſappear.

EVANGE'LICO, adj. evangelical, belonging to the goſpel, or agreeable to the goſpel.

EVANGE'LIO, ſ. m. the goſpel.

EVANGELI'STA, ſ. m. an evangeliſt.

EVANGELISTE'RO, ſ. m. a deacon.

EVANGELIZA'R, v. a. to preach the goſpel, to inſtruct in the holy goſpel, the goſpel of Jeſus.

EVAPORACIO'N, ſ. f. evaporation, going out in ſteam.

EVAPORA'R, v. n. to evaporate, to go out in ſteam.

EVASIO'N, ſ. f. eſcape, evaſion, ſubterfuge, excuſe.

E V E

EVENI'R, v. n. to happen.

EVENTILA'R, v. a. vide *VENTILA'R*.

EVE'NTO, ſ. m. an event.

EVERSIO'N, ſ. f. overturning, deſtruction.

E V I

EVICCIO'N, ſ. f. a convincing by law, and cauſing to deliver up that he wrongfully detaineth, an eviction.

EVIDE'NCIA, ſ. f. evidence, plain demonſtration.

EVIDENCIA'R, v. a. to demonſtrate, to prove.

EVIDE'NTE, adj. evident, clear, unqueſtionable.

EVIDE'NTEME'NTE, adv. evidently, clearly.

EVINCI'R, v. a. to evince, to make out clear.

EVITA'BLE, adj. that may be ſhunned or avoided.

EVITACIO'N, ſ. f. a ſhunning or avoiding.

EVITA'R v. a. to ſhun, to avoid.

EVITE'RNO, adj. everlaſting, without end, perpetual.

E V O

EVO, ſ. m. an age.

EVOCACION

EVOCACIO'N, s. f. a calling out or away; summoning from one court to another.
EVOCA'R, v. a. to call out, or away, to summon, from one court to another.
EVOHE', an exclamation used by the Bacchanals.
EVOLUCIO'N, s. f. an evolution; a martial term.

E X

EX, prep. used only in composition.

E X A

EXABRU'PTO, adv. abruptly.
EXACCIO'N, s. f. exaction, imposition, extortion, unjust demand; also a toll, a tribute severely levied.
'EXACERBA'R, v. a. to irritate, to exasperate.
EXACTAME'NTE, adv. exactly.
EXACTITU'D, s. f. exactness, accuracy, nicety; also regularity of conduct or manners.
EXA'CTO, adj. exact, accurate, methodical.
EXACTO'R, s. m. a gatherer or receiver of money, as taxes and tolls.
EXAGERACIO'N, s. f. an exaggeration, representing a thing above measure.
EXAGERADO'R, s. m. an exaggerator.
EXAGERA'R, v. a. to exaggerate, to extol, to represent above measure.
EXA'GONO, s. an hexagon, a figure of six sides.
EXALA'R, v. n. vide *EXHALAR.*
EXALTACIO'N, s. f. exaltation, raising, or lifting up, elevation to power or dignity; also the dignity of a planet, in which its powers are increased.
EXALTA'R, v. a. to exalt, to raise, or lift up; also to praise, to extol, to magnify.
Exaltárse la cólera, to be irritated, enraged, in a great passion.

EXA'MBRE, s. m. vide *ENXA'MBRE.*
EXA'MEN, s. m. } an examination,
EXAMINACIO'N, s. f. } disquisition.
EXAMINADO'R, s. m. an examiner.
EXAMINA'R, v. a. to examine.
EXA'NGUE, adj. pale and wan, halfdead.
EXA'NIME, adj. lifeless, heartless.
EXARA'R, v. a. to engrave.
EXARCHA'DO, s. m. the territory that belongs to the *exarcho.*
EXA'RCHO, s. m. an exarch, a dignity in the Grecian empire, equivalent to a great governor or vice-roy.
EXASPERACIO'N, s. f. exasperation, provocation.
EXASPERA'R, v. a. to exasperate, to provoke.

E X C

EXCAVA'R, v. a. to make hollow, to hollow.
EXCEDE'R, v. n. to exceed, to surpass.
EXCELE'NCIA, s. f. excellency, preeminence; the title given to dukes, embassadors, and other great men.
EXCELLE'NTE, adj. excellent, preeminent.
EXCELLENTEME'NTE, adv. excellently.
EXCELSAME'NTE, adv. highly, loftily.
EXCELSITU'D, s. f. loftiness, highness.
EXCE'LSO, adj. lofty, high.
EXCENTRICAME'NTE, adv. excentrically, from the center.
EXCENTRICIDA'D, s. f. excentricy, deviation from the center.
EXCE'NTRICO, adj. excentrical.
EXCEPCIO'N, s. f. exception.
EXCEPCIONA'R, v. a. to except.
EXCEPTACIO'N, s. f. exception.
EXCEPTA'R, v. a. to except.
EXCE'PTO, adv. except.

EXCEPTUA'R, v. a. to except.
EXCESSIVAME'NTE, adv. excessively.
EXCESSI'VO, adj. excessive.
EXCE'SSO, s. m. an excess, an outrage; also intemperance.
EXCITACIO'N, s. f. an exciting, stirring up.
EXCITA'R, v. a. to excite, to stir up.
EXCLAMACIO'N, s. f. exclamation, crying out.
EXCLAMA'R, v. n. to exclaim, to cry out.
EXCLU'IR, v. a. to exclude, to shut out.
EXCLUSIO'N, s. f. exclusion.
EXCLUSI'VA, s. f. exclusion, repulse.
EXCLU'SO, p. p. excluded, shut out.
EXCOGITA'BLE, adj. that can be thought on.
EXCOGITA'R, v. n. to think.
EXCOMULGADO'R, s. m. one who excommunicates.
EXCOMULGA'R, v. a. to excommunicate.
EXCOMUNIO'N, s. f. excommunication, ecclesiastical interdict.
EXCORIACIO'N, s. f. a taking off the skin, excoriation, loss of skin.
EXCRECE'NCIA, s. f. an excrescence or piece of flesh growing out.
EXCREMENTA'R, v. n. to void excrement.
EXCREMENTI'CIO, adj. excrementitious.
EXCREME'NTO, s. m. excrement, dung, all that comes as superfluous from the body.
EXCREMENTO'SO, adj. full of excrement, excrementitious.
EXCURSIO'N, s. f. excursion, skirmish, invasion, sally; also a disgression, a ramble from a subject.
EXCU'RSO, s. m. a course beyond one's bounds, a running or laying out in length, a digression.
EXCU'SA, s. f. excuse, apology.
A excusa, } adv. secretly, in a
A excuso, } concealing manner.

EXCUSABARA'JA, f. f. a basket made of ofiers, with a handle and a cover to it.

EXCUSA'BLE, adj. excufable, pardonable.

EXCUSACIO'N, f. f. an excufe.

EXCUSADAME'NTE, adv. without excufe.

EXCUSADE'RO, adj. that may be excufed or pardoned.

EXCUSA'DO, f. m. a certain tribute which the clergy pay to the king.

EXCUSADO'R, f. m. who excufes one another.

EXCUSANO, adj. obf. hidden, concealed.

EXCUSA'R, v. a. to excufe, to exempt, to free from taxes; alfo to avoid.

Excufárfe, v. r. to refufe, to recufe.

EXCU'SO, adj. hidden, retired.

EXE

EXE, f. m. an axle-tree of a cart, waggon, or the like.

Exe, a word ufed to drive away a dog.

EXE'A, f. m. obf. a fpy, a fcout.

EXEA'R, v. n. obf. to play the fpy, or fcout; alfo to drive away.

EXECRA'BLE, adj. execrable, deteftable, abominable.

EXECRACIO'N, f. f. execration, deteftation, curfe.

EXECRADO'R, f. m. who curfes or execrates.

EXECRA'NDO, adj. execrable, deferving execration.

EXECRA'R, v. a. to execrate, to deteft, abominate, to curfe.

EXECUCIO'N, f. f. execution, performance.

EXECUTA'BLE, adj. that can be executed.

EXECUTADO'R, f. m. he that executes.

EXECUTA'R, v. a. to execute, to perform.

Executár en los biénes, to ferve an execution upon goods.

EXECUTIVAME'NTE, adv. expeditioufly, quickly.

EXECUTI'VO, adj. executive, that may be put in execution.

EXECUTO'R, f. m. an executor, a performer.

EXECUTO'RIA, f. f. an inftrument fhewing that a caufe has been three times tried and carried, which takes off all further trouble and controverfy.

Executória de hidalguia, an inftrument to prove gentility, which has been made out in open court, and is beyond difpute; the original grant from the king, which makes a gentleman.

EXECUTORIA'L, adj. belonging to an inftrument or grant.

EXECUTORIA'R, v. n. to obtain a verdict.

EXE'DRA, f. f. a by-place, or jutty building, with feats either for ftudy or difcourfe.

EXEGIDE'RO, adj. obf. that may be exacted, or requiered.

EXEGI'R, v. a. obf. to exact, or require.

EXEMPCIO'N, f. f. exemption, freedom from any thing.

EXEMPLA'R, adj. exemplary; that is, fit for an example.

EXEMPLA'RIO, f. m. a book of examples.

EXEMPLARME'NTE, adv. exemplarly.

EXEMPLIFICACIO'N, f. f. exemplification.

EXEMPLIFICA'R, v. a. to exemplify, to fet as an example; alfo to inlarge upon.

EXE'MPLO, f. m. an example, a pattern, a copy, an open punishment to deter others.

EXENCION, f. f. an exemption.

EXENTA'R, v. a. to exempt, to make free.

EXE'NTO, adj. exempted, made free.

EXEQUIA'L, adj. belonging to a funeral.

EXE'QUIAS, f. f. pl. funeral obfequies, funeral pomp, the laft duty to the dead, and the prayers for his foul at, or before his burial.

EXEQUI'BLE, adj. that can be obtained, or executed.

EXERCE'R, v. a. to exert, to practife any trade or office.

EXERCI'CIO, f. m. exercife, employment.

Hacér exercício, to walk, to ufe exercife for health.

EXERCITACIO'N, f. f. an exercifing.

EXERCITA'DOR, f. m. an exercifer.

EXERCITA'R, v. a. to exercife.

EXE'RCITO, f. m. an army.

EXH

EXHALACIO'N, f. f. an exhalation, evaporating, going out in fteam.

EXHALA'R, v. a. to exale, to evaporate, to go out fteam.

Exhalárfe, v. r. to be confumed, exhaled, evaporated.

EXHA'USTO, adj. exhaufted, drained, fpent.

EXHEREDACIO'N, f. f. difinheriting.

EXHEREDAMIE'NTO, f. m. a difinheriting.

EXHEREDA'R, v. a. to difinherit.

EXHICIO'N, f. f. an exhibition, a giving or fhewing, a reprefentation.

EXHIBI'R, v. a. to exhibit, to fhew, to reprefent.

EXHORTACIO'N, f. f. an exhortation.

EXHORTADO'R, f. m. who exhorts or advifes.

EXHORTA'R, v. a. to exhort.

EXHORTATO'RIO, adj. belonging to an exhortation, exhortatory.

EXHO'RTO, f. m. a writ fo called in the courts of juftice.

EXHUMA'R, v. a. to unbury, or dig out of the earth.

EXI

EXI'DO, f. m. a fpot of ground without the town, which is common, and ferves only for the inhabitants to walk or divert themfelves, or for any public fervice

of the place; a plain or common of feeding ground.

EXIGE'NCIA, ſ. f. exigency, demand, want, need.

EXIGIDE'RO, adj. that may be exacted.

EXIGI'R, v. a. to exact, to require.

EXI'GUO, adj. little, ſmall.

EXI'LIO, ſ. m. baniſhment, exile.

EXIMIAME'NTE, adv. notably, excellently.

EXI'MIO, adj. choice, notable, remarkable, above the reſt.

EXIMI'R, v. a. to exempt.

EXINANICIO'N, ſ. f. an emptyng, or evacuation; alſo privation, loſs.

EXI'R, v. n. obſ. to go forth.

EXISTE'NCIA, ſ. f. exiſtence, being.

EXISTE'NTE, p. act. of *exiſtir*.

EXISTIMACIO'N, ſ. f. eſtimation, or judgment.

EXISTIMA'R, v. a. to eſteem, value.

EXISTI'R, v. n. to exiſt, to have a being.

E'XITO, ſ. m. a going forth, or going out.

E X O

E'XODO, ſ. m. the name of the ſecond book in the Pentateuch of Moſes, in the Holy Bible.

EXONERACIO'N, ſ. f. unlading, unburthening.

EXONERA'R, v. a. to unload, to unburden, to free, diſcharge.

EXORA'BLE, adj. that can be intreated or perſuaded.

EXORBITA'NCIA, ſ. f. exorbitance, pride, extravagance.

EXORBITA'NTE, adj. exorbitant, out of reaſon, ſtrange, extraordinary, proud; out of the common way or track.

EXORCI'SMO, ſ. m. exorciſm, a conjuration or expulſion of evil ſpirits.

EXORCI'STA, ſ. m. an exorciſt, one of the orders of the church, one that by prayers and exorciſms expels evil ſpirits.

EXORCIZA'R, v. a. to exorciſe, to caſt out evil ſpirits.

EXO'RDIO, ſ. m. beginning, introduction.

EXORNACIO'N, ſ. f. ornament, adorning.

EXORNA'R, v. a. to adorn, to ſet out.

EXO'TICO, adj. ſtrange, foreign.

E X P

EXPA'NSO, ſ. m. the firmament.

EEPAVECE'RSE, v. r. obſ. to be aſtoniſhed, to be amazed.

EXPECTA'BLE, adj. that can be expected or looked for.

EXPECTACIO'N, ſ. f. expectation.

EXPECTATI'VA, ſ. f. the hopes of obtaining any thing.

EXPECTORACIO'N, ſ. f. a throwing out of phlegm from the ſtomach.

EXPECTORA'R, v. a. to throw out of the breaſt, to expectorate; to diſcharge one's mind.

EXPEDICIO'N ſ. f. military expedition; a march or voyage with martial intentions; alſo haſte, ſpeed, activity.

EXPEDICIONE'RO, ſ. m. he who ſolicits affairs in the courts of law, that of Rome in particular.

EXPEDIE'NTE, ſ. m. expedient; means to an end; activity in buſineſs, facility, eaſineſs.

Expediénte, adj. expedient, proper, fit, ſuitable.

EXPEDI'R, v. a. to expedite, to diſpatch.

EXPEDI'DO, adj. diſpatched; alſo quick, haſty.

EXPEDITAME'NTE, adv. expeditely, with quickneſs, readineſs.

EXPEDITO, adj. expedite, nimble, active, agile.

EXPELE'R, v. a. to expel, to drive out, to force away, to eject, to throw out.

EXPENDEDO'R, ſ. m. one who ſpends, or conſumes.

EXPENDE'R, v. a. to lay out, to ſpend.

EXPE'NSA, ſ. f. expence, coſt.

EXPERIE'NCIA, ſ. f. experience.

EXPERIMENTADO'R, ſ. m. one who makes experiments.

EXPERIMENTA'L, adj. of, or belonging to an experiment.

EXPERIMENTA'R, v. a. to try experiments.

EXPERIME'NTO, ſ. m. experiment, trial of any thing.

EXPÉ'RTO, adj. expert, skilful by practice or experience.

EXPIACIO'N, ſ. f. expiation, atonement.

EXPIA'R, v. a. to expiate, to atone for.

EXPIRA'R, v. a. vide *ESPIRA'R*.

EXPLANACIO'N, ſ. f. explanation, declaration.

EXPLANA'R, v. a. to explain, to declare.

EXPLAYA'R, v. a. to dilate, to extend.

EXPLICACIO'N, ſ. f. explication, an explaining or expounding.

EXPLICADE'RAS, ſ. f. pl. the manner of explaining himſelf that any body has.

EXPLICADO'R, ſ. m. he that explicates, explains, or expounds

EXPLICA'R, v. a. to explicate, to explain, to expound.

Explicárſe, v. r. to ſpeak plain, intelligible.

EXPLICITAME'NTE, adv. clearly, diſtinctly.

EXPLI'CITO, adj. clear, manifeſt.

EXPLORACIO'N, ſ. f. finding out.

EXPLORADO'R, ſ. m. explorator, examiner, one who ſearches; alſo a ſpy.

EXPLORA'R, v. a. to explorate, to examine, to ſearch out.

EXPLORATO'RIO, ſ. m. a probe, an inſtrument made uſe of by ſurgeons.

EXPOLIACIO'N, ſ. f. a taking of ſpoils.

EXPOLICIO'N, ſ. f. an explanatory note.

EXPONEDO'R, ſ. m. expounder, interpreter.

EXPONE'R, v. a. to expound, to interpret, to unfold, to lay out, to expose.
EXPOSICIO'N, f. f. exposition, explication.
EXPOSITI'VO, adj. that makes clear or manifest, that renders any doubtful thing plain.
EXPO'SITO, f. m. a foundling, a child exposed or laid out by its parents for others to take up and breed it.
EXPOSITO'R, f. m. an interpreter.
EXPREMI'JO, f. m. a wooden trough used by the shepherds to cheese.
EXPRESSAME'NTE, adv. expressly, clearly, distinctly.
EXPRESSA'R, v. a. to express, to declare clearly; also to represent by any of the imitative arts, as poetry, sculpture, painting, &c.
EXPRESSIO'N, f. f. expression.
EXPRESSI'VO, adj. that may be expressed, or made clear, expressive.
EXPRE'SSO, f. m. a messenger, an express.
Expréffo, adj. express, positive plain, clear, not dubious.
EXPRIMIDE'RA, f. f. a little press used by apothecaries to squeeze out the juice of herbs, &c.
EXPRIMI'R, v. a. to squeeze out, to make known.
EXPROBACIO'N, f. f. a chiding, or reprimanding face to face, reproachful accusation.
EXPUESTAME'NTE, adv. openly, in the sight of all.
EXPUE'STO, p. p. expounded, interpreted, unfolded, laid out, exposed.
EXPUGNACIO'N, f. f. a taking by force, or subduing by assault.
EXPUGNADO'R, f. m. one who subdues, or takes by force.
EXPUGNA'R, v. a. to take by force, to subdue, to conquer, to reduce.
EXPULSIO'N, f. f. expulsion.
EXPULSI'VO, adj. expulsive.
EXPU'LSO, adj. expulsed, drove out.
EXPULTRI'X, f. f. expelling power.
EXPURGACIO'N, f. f. the act of purifying or cleaning any thing.
EXPURGIR, v. a. to clean, to purify.
EXPURGATO'RIO, f. m. the Roman Index of the prohibited books.

E X Q

EXQUISITAME'NTE, adv. exquisitely, neatly, excellently.
EXQUISI'TO, adj. exquisite, excellent, neat, curious, fine.

E X T

E'XTASI, f. m. extasy, rapture, trance.
EXTA'TICO, adj. in an extasy, apt to be in an extasy.
EXTEMPORA'L, adj. done extempore, on a sudden, without any deliberation.
EXTEMPORANEAME'NTE, adv. suddenly, inconsiderately, without premeditation.
EXTENDE'R, v. a. to extend, to spread, to diffuse.
Extendérse, v. r. to be spread, to be dilated, or extended.
EXTENDIDAME'NTE, adv. extensively, widely.
EXTENSAME'NTE, adv. largely, extensively.
EXTENSIO'N, f. f. extension, dilatation.
EXTENSIVAME'NTE, adv. extensively.
EXTENSI'VO, adj. extensive, wide, large.
EXTE'NSO, adj. extensive, wide, large; extended, dilated.
EXTENUACIO'N, f. f. an extenuating, or lessening.
EXTENUA'R, v. a. to extenuate, to lessen.
EXTERIO'R, adj. exterior, outward.
EXTERIORIDA'D, f. f. outwardness; also pomp, splendour, ostentation.
EXTERIORME'NTE, adv. exteriorly, outwardly.
EXTERMINADO'R, f. m. one who roots out, or terminates.
EXTERMINA'R, v. a. to exterminate, to root out, to destroy, to overthrow, to banish.
EXTERMI'NIO, f. m. destruction, desolation, ruin.
EXTE'RNO, adj. eternal, outward.
EXTINGUI'BLE, adj. that can be extinguished.
EXTINGUI'R, v. a. to extinguish, to put out, to quench.
EXTI'NTO, adj. extinct, quenched, put out.
EXTIRPACIO'N, f. f. rooting out, extirpation.
EXTIRPA'R, v. a. to extirpate, to root out, to destroy.
EXTORCIO'N, f. f. extortion, wresting from one.
EXTRA, prep. without; mostly used in composition.
EXTRACCIO'N, f. f. extraction, drawing out.
EXTRA'CTO, adj. extracted, drawn out.
Extrácto, f. m. an abridgment.
EXTRAHE'R, v. a. to extract, to draw out.
EXTRAJUDICIA'L, adj. extrajudicial, out of the course of law.
EXTRAJUDICIALME'NTE, adv. extrajudicially.
EXTRAMU'ROS, adv. out of the walls.
EXTRA'NEO, adj. foreign.
EXTRANGERI'A, f. f. the state of a foreigner or stranger.
EXTRANGE'RO, adj. foreign.
EXTRAÑAME'NTE, adv. wonderfully.
EXTRAÑAMIE'NTO, f. m. the act of separating from one's self any thing; wonder, astonishment, surprize.
EXTRAÑA'R, v. a. to alienate; also to be astonished, to wonder at; also to banish.
EXTRAÑE'Z, } f. f. alienation;
EXTRAÑE'ZA, } novelty, singularity.
EXTRAÑO, adj. rare, singular, extraordinary.
Vino a dar en al mas extráño pensamiénto que jámas dió lóco en el mun-

do, ſuch an extraordinary thought got hold of his mind, as ever any fool had before.

EXTRAORDINARIAME'NTE, adv. extraordinarily.

EXTRAORDINA'RIO, adj. extraordinary.

EXTRAVAGA'NCIA, ſ. f. extravagance, diſorderly proceeding.

EXTRAVAGA'NTE, ſ. f. a law of the pope taken out of the civil law.

Extravagánte, adj. extravagant, diſorderly.

EXTRAVAGA'R, v. a. to act diſorderly.

EXTRAVENA'RSE, v. r. to run out of the veſſels or veins.

EXTRAVIA'R, v. a. to take out of the way, to direct wrong.

EXTRAVI'O, ſ. m. wandering, ſtrolling out of the way.

EXTREMADAME'NTE, adv. extremely.

EXTREMA'DO, adj. extreme, extraordinary, perfect.

EXTREMAME'NTE, adv. above meaſure, extremely.

EXTREMA'R, v. a. to make perfect, to conſummate.

EXTREMIDA'D, ſ. f. extremity.

EXTRE'MO, ſ. m. the perfection or conſummation of any thing, the extreme, the higheſt degree of any thing.

Extrémo, ſ. m. the extremity, the end.

Y aúnque el mayor, me queria bién, no llegó al extrémo con que Don Fernando me queria, although the eldeſt loved me very well, yet it never arrived to that perfect love, with which Don Ferdinand loved me.

EXTRE'MO, adj. extreme, greateſt.

Con extrémo, en extrémo, por extrémo, extremely, very much, greatly.

Eſtár en extréma neceſſidad, to be in the moſt preſſing neceſſity, diſtreſs.

Eſtár ó poner en extrémo peligro, to be or to put one in the greateſt danger.

EXTRINSECAME'NTE, adv. extrinſically, outwardly.

EXTRI'NSECO, adj. extrinſical, outward.

EXTURBA'R, v. a. to expel by force or violence.

E X U

EXUBERA'NCIA, ſ. f. exuberance, copiouſneſs, plenty, overgrowth, ſuperfluous shoots, luxuriance.

EXUBERA'NTE, adj. very plentiful, very abundant, over-abundant.

EXULCERACIO'N, ſ. f. ulceration, ſore.

EXULCERA'R, v. a. to ulcerate.

EXU'LLO, ſ. the roller on which the weaver rolls up his threads.

EXULTACIO'N, ſ. f. exultation, joy.

EXULTA'R, v. n. to rejoice, to exult, to leap for joy.

F.

F, IS put alone in the calendar, and signifies *feria*.

FAB

FA'BA, s. f. obs. vide *HA'BA*.
FABEA'R, v. a. to ballot by casting in of beans, some black and some white.
FABARA'Z, s. m. the herb stavesacre, or housebane.
FA'BLA, s. f. obs. vide *HA'BLA*.
FABLA'R, v. a. obs. vide *HABLA'R*.
FABORDO'N, s. m. a kind of thorough base. A musical term.
FA'BRICA, s. f. a fabrick, a structure, a building, a manufacture.
Fabrica reticulàda, that building in which the stones are not laid side by side, but corner-ways.
Fabrica incièrta, that building in which the stones are not squared, or cut to a bigness, but are laid as they come, so they lie and join close with the mortar.
Paréd de fábrica, a wall made with bricks.
Hombre de fabrica, a cunning, industrious man.
FABRICACIO'N, s. f. building.
FABRICADAME'NTE, adv. artfully, artificially.
FABRICADO'R, s. m. a builder, a fashioner.
FABRICANTE, s. m. a builder, a workman; also a manufacturer.
FABRICA'R, v. a. to build, to frame, to forge, to manufacture, to form by workmanship.
FABRI'L, adj. belonging to all mechanic arts.
FABRIQUE'RO, s. m. a builder.
FABU'CO, s. m. the fruit of the beechtree.
FABUEñO, m. Favonius, a wind so called.
FA'BULA, s. m. fable, tale, fiction; also a lie.
Estár hecho fábula del mundo, to be laughed at by all the world.
FABULACIO'N. s. f. a fiction, or tale.
FABULADO'R, s. m. an inventor of fables or fictions.
FABULA'R, v. a. to invent fables, or fictions, to tell tales or lies.
FABULI'STA, s. m. one that writes fables.
FABULI'TA, or *FABULI'LLA*, s. f. a little fable.
FABULIZA'R, v. a. vide *FABULA'R*.
FABULOSAME'NTE, adv. fabulously.
FABULOSIDA'D, s. f. the falsity or vanity of fables.
FABULO'SO, adj. fabulous, feigned, full of fables.

FAC

FA'CA, s. f. a young mare; also a nag, a little horse.
FACANE'A, s. f. obs. vide *HACANE'A*.
FACCIO'N, s. f. an action, an engagement; also a faction; also tumult, discord, dissension.
Facciones de la càra, the features.
FACCIONA'RIO, adj. of, or belonging to a party, or faction, a partyman.
FACCIO'SO, adj. factious.
FACE'CIA, s. f. facetiousness.
FACECIO'SO, adj. facetious, pleasant.
FACE'R, v. a. obs. vide *HACER*.
FACE'TA, s. f. one of the sides of a jewels when cut.
FACE'TO, adj. discreet, merry, facetious.
FA'CHA, s. f. the face.
FACHA'DA, s. f. the front of a building.
FACHI'N, s. m. a porter to carry bundles.
FACIA.L, adj. intuitive.
FA'CIL, adj. easy, tractable; also light of carriage.
Hómbre fácil, an inconstant man, easy to be led.
Mugér fácil, a light woman, a woman easily corrupted.
FACILIDA'D, s. f. easiness; lightness of behaviour.
FACILITA'R, v. a. to make easy, to free from difficulty.
FACILME'NTE, adv. easily.
FACINORO'SO, adj. criminal, enormous, wicked, vicious, villainous.
FACISTO'L, } s. m. a stand for a
FACISTO'R, } book, such as they use in churches; a desk.
FACISTO'RIA, s. f. vide *FALDISTORIO*.
FACO, s. m. a ludicrous word for a small horse. In cant, a handkerchief.
FACTI'BLE, adj. that can be made or done.
FACTI'CIO, adj. done by art, factitious.
FACTO'R, s. m. a factor.
FACTORI'A, s. f. factory, factorship.
FACTU'RA, s. f. the making of a ting.
FA'CULAS, s. f. pl. certain spots observable in the sun, that are brighter than the rest of its surface.
FACULTA'D, s. f. faculty, ability, power, leave; also science.
FACULTATI'VO, adj. belonging to any faculty.
FACU'NDIA, s. f. eloqnence, a fine way of delivery.
FACU'NDO, adj. well-spoken, eloquent.

FAD

FA'DAS, or *HA'DAS*, s. f. pl. so the writers of romances call inchanted nymphs of women who they feign cannot die. They are also taken for the Parcæ or Fates, which the poets feign to have the disposal of human life.
Fádas bóas, a sort of winter-pears.
FADI'GA, s. f. the fundamental right or title which the owner of an estate gives up in selling it.
FA'DO, s. m. obs. vide *HA'DO*.
FADRI'N, s. m. a boy, a little brother.

FADRUBA'DO, adj. obf. lame, crippled, difabled in the limbs.

FAE

FAE'NA, f. f. bufinefs; a failor's work at fea; alfo vain boafting.

FAG

FAGI'NA, f. f. fafcine, fuch as armies ufe to fill up ditches or raife trenches; a faggot of brushwood; alfo all forts of withered dry leaves or flags, which may ferve to light the fire or pack up brittle-ware.

Meter fagina, to be a great talker, Loquacious or very.

FAI

FAI'SA, f. f. obf. vide *FA'XA*.

FAISA'N, f. m. a pheafant.

FAISA'R, v. a. vide *FAXA'R*.

FAJ

FA'JA, f. f. a fwathe, fuch as is ufed for fwathing children or the like. In architecture, an iron or brafs ftay, to bind any work together.

FAL

FALA'CIA, f. f. deceit, fraud, falshood.

FALA'GIO, f. m. a venomous fort of fpider.

FALA'GO, f. m. } obf. vide *FALAGUE'ÑO*, adj. } *HALA'GO*, *HALAGUE'ÑO*.

FALA'NGE, } f. f. the Mace-*FALA'NJE*, } donian phalanx, being a fquare body of foot.

FALA'RICA, f. f. a fpear bound about with wild fire shot out of an engine, to burn a rolling tower brought againft a befieged city.

FALA'Z, adj. deceitful, falfe.

FALBA'LA, f. m. furbelow.

FA'LCA, f. f. a fmall bit of ftick like a wedge, drove into the fmall end of a pin to make it hold the fafter; alfo a nail, or ftud.

FALCA'DO, adj. ftudded, ftuck with nails or ftuds.

Cárro falcádo, the ancient chariots, with fcythes fticking out on both fides, which they ufed to drive among the enemies to break their ranks and cut down men.

FALCA'R, v. a. to cut with a fcythe.

FA'LCE, f. f. a fcythe.

FALCINE'TO, f. m. the bird called a martin.

FALCO'N, f. m. vide *HALCO'N*; alfo a faucon, a gun fo called, carrying a bullet of about two pounds and a half weight.

FALCONE'RO, f. m. a falconer.

FALCONE'TE, f. m. a piece of artillery called a falconet.

FA'LDA, f. f. a woman's petticoats, or that part of any garment that hangs down like them, as of a gown, caffock, &c. a shirt; alfo the lower part or skirt of a mountain, alfo the lap.

En fáldas de camífa, in her fmock with no petticoat on.

FALDAME'NTOS, f. m. pl. all a woman's coats that hang down, or that part of any gownman's habit that hangs like petticoats.

FALDA'R, f. m. the lappet or armour.

FALDEA'R, v. n. to train the coats on the ground.

FALDELLI'N, f. m. any undercoat women wear; any thing hanging down like a woman's petticoats.

FALDE'RO, adj. kept on the lap: faid of little dogs.

FALDE'TE, f. f. a little skirt or short waiftcoat.

FALDE'TES, f. m. pl. short skirts.

FALDI'LLAS, f. m. pl. the skirts of a garment, as of a waiftcoat, doublet, &c. alfo little coats, as a child's petticoats.

FALDIQUE'RA, f. f. vide *FALDRIQUE'RA*.

FALDISTORI'O, f. m. a rich cloth, ufed in fome places to lay over the ftand or desk on which they lay the book, when the prieft reads the gofpel.

FALDO'N, f. m. any great flap or skirt hanging from a garment

FALDRIQUE'RA, f. f. a pocket.

FALDU'DO, f. m. that has great skirts or hanging coats; in cant, a target.

FALDULA'RIO, f. m. any garment that drags unreafonably on the ground.

FALE'NCIA, f. f. a contingency, a thing that may be or not be.

FALIBILIDA'D, f. f. fallibility.

FALI'BLE, adj. that can fail.

FALI'DO, f. m. a broken merchant, or tradefman.

FALIMIE'NTO, f. m. deceit, fraud, guilt, falfity.

FALI'R, v. n. to fail, to break as tradefmen do.

FA'LLA, f. f. vide *FA'LTA*.

FALLA'R, v. a. vide *HALLA'R* and *FALTA'R*.

FALLE'BA, f. f. an iron bar for windows or doors.

FALLECEDE'RO, adj. that can fail.

FALLECE'R, v. n. to die, to be confumed.

FALLECIMIE'NTO, f. m. dying, departing.

FALLI'DO, f. m. vide *FALI'DO*.

FA'LLO, f. m. decifion, fentence paffed upon criminals.

FALO'RDIA, f. f. fallacy, deceit, fraud.

FALQUI'AS, f. m. a fort of headftall, or halter for a beaft.

FA'LSA-BRA'GA, f. f. the fauffebraye, in fortification.

FALSAME'NTE, adv. falfly.

FALSA'R, v. a. to falfify, to counterfeit.

FALSA'RIO, f. m. a forger, a counterfeiter.

FALSEA'R, v. a. to adulterate, corrupt, or counterfeit any thing.

Falfeár, v. n. to fall, or to be broken.

Falfeár las guardás ó centinelas, to corrupt, to bribe the fentinels or guards.

FALSEDA'D, s. f. falshood, fraud, deceit.

FALSE'TE, s. m. a counterfeit voice in singing, which is not natural.

FALSI'A, s. f. obs. falshood, deceit.

FALSIFICACIO'N, s. f. falsifying or counterfeiting.

FALSIFICADO'R, s. m. forger, falsifier.

FALSIFICA'R, v. a. to falsify, to forge.

FALSI'FICO, s. m. a forger, a falsifier.

FALSI'TO, s. m. diminutive of *fálso*.

FA'LSO, adj. untrue, counterfeit.

Amigo fálso, a false friend.

Monéda fálso, false money.

Edificio fálso, a structure that has not a sound foundation.

Escritúra fálsa, a counterfeit writing.

Armár sóbre fálso, to build upon an ill bottom.

Embidár de falso, a term among gamesters, when one stakes only to brave his adversary.

FALSOPE'TO, s. m. a pocket in the bosom, a pouch before.

FA'LTA, s. f. fault; want, error.

Prov. *A fálta de hómbres buénos le hacén a mi pádre alcálde*, for want of honest men, my father is made *alcálde*. A man is made use of, because no body else can serve, or is in the way.

FALTA'R, v. n. to fail, to be wanting, to err, to break one's word.

Faltár la escopéta, to miss firing.

No fálta quién diga, there are some that say.

No faltéis, do not fail.

Prov. *Núnca fálta un róto pára un descosido*, there never wants a ragged one for one that is ripped; that is, there is never so bad a Jack but there is as bad a Jill.

FALTI'LLA, s. f. diminutive of *fálta*, a little fault.

FA'LTO, adj. deficient, wanting.

Hómbre fálto, a madman, a fool, one that wants his wits.

FALTO'SO, adj. deficient, wanting.

FALTRIQUE'RA, s. f. a pocket.

FALU'A, s. f. a barge, such as are used on the rivers for pleasure, or to carry people of note.

FALU'CA, s. f. a barge.

FAM

FA'MA, s. f. fame, report, renown.

Prov. *Cóbra buéna fáma, y échate a dormir*, get a good name, and lie down to sleep.

Prov. *A quién mála fáma tien no acompañes, ni quiéras bién*, do not keep company with, nor be fond of one that has an ill name.

Prov. *Quién la fáma ha perdida, muérto ánda en vida*, he who has lost his reputation, is as good as dead whilst living.

Prov. *Uno tiéne la fáma, y ótro cárda la lána*, one man has the reputation, and another cards the wool; that is, one man takes all the pains, and another runs away with the profit or the honour.

FA'ME, s. f. hunger. Obs.

FAME'LICO, adj. hungry, starved with hunger.

FAMI'LIA, s. f. a family.

FAMILIA'R, adj. familiar, friendly; used substantively, a familiar devil, with whom any man or woman is in league for the performing of their wicked purposes.

Familiàr del sánto oficio, a titular officier of the inquisition.

FAMILIARCI'TO, s. m. a diminutive of *familiár*.

FAMILIA'RES, s. m. pl. in colleges, are poor students, who, for their learning and maintenance, serve the college in general, but not any person in particular.

FAMILIARIDA'D, s. f. familiarity.

FAMILIARIZA'R, v. a. to grow familiar.

Familiarizárse, v. r. to make one's self familiar.

FAMILIARME'NTE, adv. familiarly.

FAMILIATU'RA, s. f. the employment given to the *familiáres del sánto oficio*.

FAMOSAME'NTE, adv. famously, notably.

FAMO'SO, adj. famous, renowned, notable.

FAMULI'CIO, s. m. the office of a servant.

FA'MULO, s. m. a servant.

FAN

FANA'L, s. m. the lanthorn of a ship, or any other lanthorn.

Fanál, in cant, the eye.

FANA'TICO, s. m. f. a fanatick.

FANDA'NGO, s. m. a dance so called.

FADANGUE'RO, s. m. he who is skilful in dancing the *fandango*.

FANDULA'RIOS, s. m. pl. vide *FALDULA'RIOS*.

FANE'CA, s. f. a small sea-fish so called.

FANE'GA, s. f. a bushel.

FANEGA'DA, s. f. as much land as a bushel of corn will sow.

FA'NFA, s. f. a play, or rather an interlude; also folly, and boasting.

FANFARREA'R, v. a. vide *FANFARRONEA'R*

FANFA'RRIA, s. f. a boasting tale, a lying, hectoring story; also pride, vanity, vain-glory.

FANFARRO'N, s. m. a boasting fellow, a bully, a talkative conceited felow.

FANFARRONEA'R, v. n. to boast, to brag, to talk like a bully, to be vain.

FANFARRONERI'A, s. f. bragging, boasting.

FANFURRI'ÑA, s. f. the passion or anger that arises on trivial things.

FA'NO, s. m. a temple.

F A ñ

FAÑADO, adj. obf. grown, up, increafed.

F A Q

FAQUI'N, f. m. a porter that carries burdens.

F A R

FARABUSTEA'R, v. n. in cant, to look out fharp.
FARABUSTEADO'R, f. m. in cant, a fharp thief.
FARACHA'R, v. a. to flourifh or brandifh the fword.
FARAMA'LLA, f. f. quarrel, broil, confufion that arifes from tattling of each other.
FARAMALLE'RO, f. m. a tattling, ignorant perfon who raifes contention by telling of lies.
FARAMALLO'N, f. a pratler, a babbler.
FARA'NDULA, f. f. play, farce; a cheat, falfhood.
FARANDULE'RO, f. m. a comedian, an actor, player; alfo a great talker, a fharper, a cheat.
FARA'UTE, f. m. a herald, a meffenger that paffes between two, alfo he that fpeaks the prologue of a play.
Faráute, in cant, the fervant of a whore.
FARCINADO'R, f. m. he who ftuffs up any thing.
FA'RDA, f. f. the tribute, or tax paid by the Moors or Jews formerly living among the Chriftians to the king.
Fárda, f. m. in cant, a bundle.
FARDA'R, v. a. to make a provifion, for cloaths.
FARDA'GE, *FARDA'JE*, f. m. lumber, bales, fardles, luggage, parcels of goods.
FARDE'L, f. m. a fardle, a pack, a great bundle.
FARDELLI'LLO, f. m. diminutive of *fárdel*.
FARDIALE'DRA, f. f. in cant, fmall money, fmall coin.
FARDI'LLO, f. m. a little bundle.
FA'RDO, f. m. a bale of goods, a bundle, a parcel.
FARELLO'N, f. m. a point of land that runs out into the fea.
FARFALA, f. f. a border, welt, fringe, or lace, about a woman's gown.
FARFALLO'SO, adj. ftammering, or ftuttering.
FARFA'N, f. m. a horfe-foldier, who is a Chriftian, yet in the army of the Moors.
FARFA'NTE, f. m. a prating, jefting, cheating fellow.
FARFANTO'N, f. m. pratter, talker,
FARFANTONA'DA, f. f. idle prattle, filly talk.
FA'RFARA, f. f. an herb very like ivy.
FA'RFARO, f. m. in cant, a prieft.
FARFU'LLA, f. m. one who ftutters, or ftammers.
FARFULLADO'R, f. m. the man who ftammers by endeavouring to exprefs himfelf haftily when in a paffion.
FARFULLA'R, v. n. to prate, to babble, to talk haftily, to chatter.
FARI'NA, f. f. vide *HARI'NA*.
FARINE'TAS, f. f. pl. a kind of pap.
FA'RO, f. m. a light-houfe.
FARO'L, f. m. the lanthorn on the poop of a fhip; alfo a light-houfe on the fhore, where fires are kept in the night, to know how to fteer into there haven.
FAROLE'RO, f. m. one who has the care of the light-houfe.
FAROLI'LLO, f. m. a little lanthorn.
FARO'N, f. m. corruptly for *faról*.
FARO'TA, f. f. a bold impudent woman.
FAROTO'N, f. m. a bold impudent man.
FA'RPA, f. f. obf. a rag, or rent, or a loofe piece hanging from a garment. In the old laws they call the ftandards cut like ftreamers *fárpas*.
FARPA'DO, adj. cut on the border, fcolloped.
FARRA, f. f. a fifh fo called.
FARRA'GO, f. m. an hodge-podge, a medley.
FA'RRO, f. m. obf. bran. Some will have it to be any corn. It is alfo barley that has the husk juft taken off, which ferves to make a ptifan for fick people.
FA'RSA, f. f. a farce, a light dramatick reprefentation.
FARSA'NTE, f. m. a player, an actor.
FARSE'TO, f. m. obf. a doublet.
FARSI'STA, f. m. a player, an actor.
FARTA'LES, or *FARTI'LES*, f. m. pl. a kind of cheefe-cakes.
FARTES, f. m. pl. a kind of fritters.
FARTRIQUE'RA, f. f. vide *FALTRIQUE'RA*.

F A S

FAS, f. m. right, juft.
FASCA'L, f. m. a heap of fheaves of corn.
FA'SCES, f. m. pl. bundles of rods carried before the Roman magiftrates with an axe bound in the middle of them.
FASCINACIO'N, f. f. a bewitching by the eyes, a fafcination; alfo a deceit, a cheat, a fraud.
FASCINA'R, v. a. to bewitch by the eyes; alfo to cheat.
FASCO'NA, f. f. obf. vide *AZCO'NA*.
FASOL, f. m. the herb called fenugreek.
FASO'LES, f. m. pl. kidney-beans French beans.
FASQUI'A, f. f. obf. loathing.
FASQUIA'R, v. a. obf. to loath.
FA'STA, adv. obf. vide *HA'STA*.
FASTIDIA'R, v. a. to loath.
FASTI'DIO, f. m. a loathing.
FASTIDIOSAME'NTE, adv. in a loathfome or troublefome manner.
FASTIDIO'SO, adj. loathfome, troublefome.
FASTI'GIO, f. m. the top of any thing.
FA'STIO, f. m. vide *HA'STIO*.

FA'STO, f. m. pride, haughtineſs.
FASTO'SO, *FASTUO'SO*, adj. ſtately, haught.

F A T

FATA'L, adj. fatal.
FATALIDA'D, f. f. fatality, misfortune, unhappineſs.
FATALMENTE, adv. fatally.
FATI'DICO, adj. belonging to a ſoothſayer, fatidical, prophetick, having the power to foretel.
FATI'GA, f. f. wearineſs, fatigue.
FATIGACIO'N, f. f. wearineſs.
FATIGADO'R, f. m. one who wearies.
FATIGA'R, v. a. to weary, to tire.
Fatigárſe, v. r. to fatigue one's ſelf.
FATIGO'SO, adj. wearisome, tireſome fatiguing.
FATO, f. m. obſ. fate, deſtiny.
FATO'R, f. m. a factor.
FATORI'A, f. f. factory; factorſhip; the allowance to a factor.
FATUIDA'D, f. f. ignorance, ſtupidity, fooliſhneſs, weakneſs of mind.
FA'TUO, adj. ſimple, ignorant, ſenſeleſs, ſtupid.
FATU'RA, f. m. vide *FACTURA*.

F A U

FA'UCE, f. m. the gorge or gulletpipe.
FAUFA'U, f. m. pride, vain-glory, boaſting.
FA'UNO, f. m. a fabled god of the woods.
FA'USTO, adj. proud, arrogant.
FAUSTO'SO, adj. haughty, ſtately, proud, arrogant.
FAUTO'R, f. m. one who cheriſhes or helps another.

F A V

FAVARA'Z, f. m. the herb ſtaveſacre or louſebane.
FAVI'LA, f. f. obſ. aſhes.
FA'VO, f. m. an honeycomb.
FAVO'NIO, f. m. the weſt wind.
FAVO'R, f. m. favour, aſſiſtance, help; alſo kindneſs granted, and ſomething given by a lady to be worn.
A favór, in favour; alſo to the order, ſpeaking of a bill of exchange.
FAVORA'BLE, adj. favourable, kind, propitious, affectionate; alſo accommodate; convenient.
Tener el viento favorable, to have a good wind.
FAVORABLEMENTE, adv. favourably, kindly, with favour.
FAVORCI'LLO, f. m. a little favour.
FAVORDO'N, f. m. a loud ſort of ſounding baſe, uſed in great choirs.
FAVORECEDO'R, f. m. favourer, one that aſſiſts or relieves.
FAVORECE'R, v. a. to favour, to aid, to aſſiſt, to relieve.
FAVORI'DO, adj. obſ. favoured.

F A X

FA'XA, f. f. a ſwathing band ſuch as they uſe about children; any border about a garment. In architecture, a faſcia, a plain border, as over a column or the like.
Fáxas de piernas, *Fáxas de cálzas*, garters.
FAXA'R, v. a. to ſwathe.
FAXA'RDO, f. m. a kind of minced pie.
FAXE'RO, f. m. a child's roller.
FAXI'NA, f. f. vide *FAGI'NA*.
FAXO'N, f. m. a great faſcia in architecture, or a large plain border encompaſſing the top of a column, or the like.
FA'XOS, f. m. children's cloaths.
FAXUE'LA, f. m. a ſmall ſwathing band.

F A Y

FAYA'DO, f. m. a cock-loft.
FAYA'NCA, f. f. an unſteady poſture of the body.

F A Z

FA'Z, f. f. the face, the countenance; alſo ſurface.
Fáz á fáz, face to face.
A prima fáz, at the firſt ſight or meeting.
FAZALE'JA, f. f. obſ. a towel.
FAZAÑA, f. f. obſ. vide *HAZAÑA*.
FAZFIRI'DO, adj. obſ. reproved, rebuked.
FAZFIRI'R, v. a. obſ. to reprove, to rebuke.
FA'ZO, f. m. in cant, a handkerchief.
FAZOLE'TO, f. m. a handkerchief.

F E

FE', f. f. faith, honeſty, truth, ſincerity, fidelity, loyalty.
Dar ſu fé, to promiſe, to engage one's word.
Dar fé, to certify.
A la fé, by my faith.
Tenér fé en ótro, to have faith in a man.
Guardár fé, to be juſt, to keep promiſe.
Dar fé a lo que ſe dice, to credit what is ſaid.
Eſtár en buéna fé, to have a good reputation.
Dar fé ánte un eſcribáno, to atteſt before a notary.
Hacér úna cóſa en fé de que agradará, to do a thing, believing it will pleaſe.
Fé de vída, a teſtimonial, or certificate that a man is alive.

F E A

FEALDA'D, f. f. deformity, uglineſs; ſcandalous or diſhoneſt dealing.
FEAME'NTE, adv. uglily, deformedly; ſcandalouſly, diſhoneſtly.
FEAMIE'NTO, f. m. deformity.

F E B

FE'BLE, f. f. feeble, weak, or frail; short of weight, not so valuable as it ought to be.
FEBLEDA'D, f. f. feebleness, weakness.
FEBLEME'NTE, adv. feebly, weak.
FEBRA'TICO, adj. that has a fever.
FEBRE'RO, f. m. the month of February.
FEBRICITA'NTE, f. m. he who is troubled with a fever.
FEBRI'DO, adj. garnished, adorned; also fortified.
FEBRI'FUGO, adj. of, or belonging to the medicine that cures the fever.
FEBRI'L, adj. belonging to a fever.

F E C

FECA'L, adj. belonging to the dregs or dross of any thing.
FE'CHA, f. f. the date of any writing.
FECHA'R los diéntes, obf. to gnash the teeth.
FE'CHO, f. m. obf. vide *HE'CHO*.
FECHORI'A, f. f. obf. a base and ignoble action.
FECIA'L, f. m. an herald at arms sent to denounce war or make peace.
FECULE'NTO, adj. feculent, containing dregs.
FECUNDACIO'N, f. f. fertility.
FECUNDAME'NTE, adv. fruitfully.
FECUNDA'R, v. a. to make fruitful.
FECUNDIDA'D, f. f. fertility.
FECUNDIZA'R, v. a. vide *FECUNDAR*.
FECU'NDO, adj. fruitful, fertile.

F E D

FEDERACIO'N, f. f. confederacy.
FEDIE'NTE, adj. obf. dirty, nasty, stinking.

F E E

FE'E, f. f. vide *FE*.
FE'EZA, f. f. obf. ugliness, deformity.

F E F

FEFAUT, f. m. a key in music.

F E I

FEITA, f. f. in cant, a trick, a particular way of cheating.

F E J

FEJU'GO, adj. obf. weighty, heavy, burthensome.
FEJUGUE'Z, f. f. obf. heaviness.

F E G

FEGA'DO, f. m. obf. vide *HEGA'DO*.

F E L

FELIBO'TE, f. m. a fly-boat, a sort of vessel.
FELI'CE, adj. vide *FELI'Z*.
FELICEME'NTE, adv. happily, fortunately.
FELICIDA'D, f. f. happiness, felicity.
FELICITA'R, v. a. to congratulate, to wish joy to another.
FELIGRE'S, f. m. a parishioner.
FELIGRESI'A, f. f. a parishionership.
FELI'Z, adj. happy, fortunate.
FELIZME'NTE, adv. happily, fortunately, luckily.
FELONI'A, f. f. treachery, disloyalty, treason, felony.
FE'LPA, f. f. shag.
Félpa rabóna, a cudgelling.
FELPA'DO, adj. of, or belonging to shag.
FELPI'LLA, f. f. a kind of shag.
FELPU'DO, adj. of, or belonging to shag.
FE'LTRE, f. m. vide *FIE'LTRO*.
FELU'CA, f. a felucca, a sort of vessel.

F E M

FE'MBRA, f. f. obf. vide *HE'MBRA*.
FEME'NCIA, f. f. obf. vehemence.
FEMENI'L, adj. womanish effeminate.
FEMENILME'NTE, adv. woman-like.
FEMENI'NO, adj. belonging to a woman.
FEMENTIDAME'NTE, adv. unfaithfully, falsly.
FEMENTI'DO, adj. base, false, deceitful, treacherous.
FE'MINA, f. f. a woman; poetical.
FEMINA'L, adj. of, or belonging to a woman, womanish, effeminate.
FEMI'NEO, adj. womanish, belonging to a woman of the feminine gender.
FEMINI'L, adj. womanish, effeminate.
FEMINI'NO, adj. womanish, effeminate.

F E N

FENDE'R, v. a. obf. vide *HENDER*.
FENDIE'NTE, f. m. a cleaving blow.
FENECE'R, v. a. to finish, to perfect, to bring to a conclusion.
Fenecér cuéntas, to make up accounts, to end them.
FENECIMIE'NTO, f. m. a finishing, perfecting, concluding.
FENE'STRA, f. f. poetical for window.
FENI'GENO, adj. belonging to hay. Poetical.
FE'NO, f. m. obf. vide *HE'NO*.
FENOGRE'CO, f. m. a plant so called.

F E O

FEO, adj. deformed, ugly; dishonest, base.

F E R

FERACIDA'D, f. f. fruitfulness.

FERA'L, adj. fierce, cruel, inhuman, fanguinary.
FERA'Z, adj. abundant, copious, fruitful, plenteous.
FERE'TRO, f. f. a bier whereon a coffin is carried.
FE'RIA, f. f. a fair, a market; in the language of the church, a holy-day.
Dar ferias, to give a fairing.
Officio de feria, the office appointed to be faid by clergymen on common days, that are neither Sundays nor holidays.
Feria fránca, a free fair, where the goods fold pay no duties.
FERIA'L, adj. belonging to a fair, or market.
Psalmos feriáles, pfalms appointed to be faid on a *feria*, or weekday.
FERIA'R, v. a. to buy or fell, to give a fairing.
Dia feriádo, a holiday, on which all the courts of juftice are fhut up.
FERI'DA, f. f. obf. vide *HERI'DA*.
FERIDA'D, f. f. cruelty, inhumanity, fierceneſs.
FERIDO'R, f. m. who wounds.
FERI'NO, adj. belonging to a beaft, beaft-like.
FERLINGO'TO, f. m. a fort of puff-pafte boiled in oil.
FERMENTACIO'N, f. f. an heat, or fermentation.
FERMENTA'R, v. a. to leaven.
FERMENTATI'VO, adj. heated, fermented.
FERME'NTO, f. m. leaven, ferment.
FEROCIDA'D, f. f. fierceneſs, cruelty, inhumanity.
FERO'Z, adj. fierce, wild, furious.
FEROZME'NTE, adv. fiercely, cruelly.
FERRA'DA, f. f. obf. vide *HERRA'DA*; an iron club.
FERRADO'R, f. m. one that works in iron.
FERRA'R, v. a. to ftrengthen, shoe, or cafe with iron.
FE'RREO, adj. of, or belonging to iron, made of iron.
FERRE'R, f. m. a fmith.
FERRERI'A, f. f. vide *HERRERI'A*.
FERRE'TE, f. m. a fmall piece of iron, an iron ftud, a feal for cloth; alfo a fort of black dye.
FERRETEA'DO, adj. that haff fmall iron plates on it, ftudded with iron.
FERREUE'LO, f. m. a cloak.
FERRI'ON, f. m. } a mark or fign
FERRIO'NA, f. f. } of anger.
FE'RRO, f. m. obf. iron, but properly an anchor.
Levár el férro, to raife the anchor.
FERRONAS, f. f. pl. in cant, fpurs.
FE'RTIL, adj. fruitful, abundant, plenteous.
FERTILIDA'D, f. f. fruitfulneſs.
FERTILIZA'R, v. a. to fertilize, to make fruitful.
FE'RULA, f. f. a little cane or rod ufed in fchools for the correction of children.
FERVIE'NTE, adj. fervent, hot, boiling.
FERVO'R, f. m. fervour, earneftneſs, heat.
FERVORCI'LLO, f. m. diminutive of *fervór*.
FERVORIZA'R, v. a to raife an heat or fervour.
FERVOROSAME'NTE, adv. earneftly, eagerly, zealoufly.
FERVORO'SO, adj. fervorous, earneft, eager, zealous.

F E S

FESTEA'R, v. a. vide *FESTEJA'R*.
FESTEJAD'OR, f. m. one that makes much of, or kindly entertains others.
FESTEJA'R, v. a. to make much of, to entertain kindly, to treat lovingly.
FESTE'JO, f. m. ready fervice, kindneſs, officiouſneſs.
FESTE'RO, f. m. an officer in a church or chapel whofe bufineſs is to take care of the ecclefiaftical functions.
FESTI'N, f. m. a private feaft.
FESTINACIO'N, f. f. expedition.
FESTIVA'L, adj. feftival, joyful, belonging to a feaft.
FESTIVAME'NTE, adv. merrily, joyfully.
FESTIVIDA'D, f. f. a feftival-day, of the folemnizing of it; mirth, pleafantry.
FESTI'VO, adj. joyful, feftival, pleafant.
FESTO'N, f. m. a feftoon, a garland or flowers fet about a coat of arms, upon fome publick folemnity. In architecture, a *feſtón* is the carved knots of flowers hanging, on the columns, or the like.

F E T

FE'TIDO, adj. ftinking.
FE'TO, f. m. the *fœtus* or young in the womb; any animal in embryo.

F E U

FEUDA'L, adj. belonging to fees or tenures, by which lands are held of a fuperior lord.
FEUDALIDA'D, f. f. the quality or condition of fees.
FEUDA'R, v. a. vide *ENFEUDAR*.
FEUDATA'RIO, adj. one that holds of his lord in fee.
FEUDI'STA, f. m. the author that treats of fiefs.
FEU'DO, f. m. fief, lands held of a fovereign lord; the acknowledgment paid for it.

F I

FI, f. m. obf. a fon.

F I A

FIA'BLE, adj. faithful.
FIADO'R, f. m. furety, bail; he that is bound for another. In falconry, the fmall long line that is faftened to the hawk's leaſt when she is firft lured, to bring her back at pleafure.

Fiadór, f. m. is alfo the loop of a cloak that comes about the neck to button, that it may not fall off.

FIADURA, *FIADURIA*, f. f. obf. vide *FIANZA.*

FIA'MBRE, adj. cold meat.

FIAMBRE'RA, f. f. a large hamper, in which great men, when they travel, carry cold meat.

FIA'NZA, f. f. bail, furety.

FIA'R, v. a. to truft, to credit, to bail, to be bound for, to confide in, to rely on.

Prov. *Ni fiés, ni porfies, ni apuéftes, ni prefles, y vivirás éntre las gentes*, do not truft, nor contend, nor lay wagers, nor lend, and you will live among men, you will live peaceably.

FI'AT, let it be done. A Latin word ufed in Spanish very often.

F I B

FI'BRA, f. f. a little vein or fibre.

FIBRO'SO, adj. full of fibres.

FI'BULA, f. f. a button or buckle.

F I C

FICA'NTE, f. m. in cant, a gamefter, a cheat.

FICA'R, v. a. in cant, to play.

FICCIO'N, f. f. a fiction, a tale, a fable.

FICE, f. m. a fish called a whiting.

FICE'DULA, f. f. a bird like a nightingale, feeding on figs or grapes.

FICTI'CIO, adj. fabulous, fictitious.

FI'CTO, adj. feigned, fictitious, fabulous; alfo vain, ufelefs.

FICTU'RA, f. f. a feigning; or counterfeiting; a cog, a lie, a device.

F I D

FIDA'LGO, f. m. the old Spanish for a gentleman well born, now only ufed in Portugal.

FIDEDI'GNO, adj. credible, that deferves to be credited.

FIDEICOMISSA'RIO, f. m. he that is inftructed to perform the will of a teftator.

FIDEICOMI'SSO, f. m. a feoffment of truft, when a thing by will is put into one's hand upon his honefty, to difpofe of to fome certain ufe.

FIDELIDA'D, f. f. fidelity, honefty, veracity; alfo faithful adherence.

FIDE'OS, f. m. vermicelli.

FIDI'CULA, f. f. a conftellation fo called.

FI'DO, adj. faithful.

FIDU'CIA, f. f. confidence, faith.

F I E

FIE'BRE, f. f. a fever, an ague.

FIE'L, adj. faithful.

Fiél, f. f. obf. vide *HIE'L.*

FIELDA'D, f. f. fidelity, the office of him that is to fee juft weights and meafures.

FIELME'NTE, adv. faithfully.

FIE'LTRO, f. m. a felt; alfo a hat or cloak made of felt.

Prov. *Caminar con zapátos de fiéltro*, to go whith felt-shoes; that is, to proceed with great fecrecy.

FIE'RA, f. f. a wild beaft.

FIERAME'NTE, adv. fiercely.

FIERE'ZA, f. f. fiercenefs, wildnefs, favagenefs.

FIE'RO, adj. fierce, wild, favage.

Fiéros, f. m. pl. threats, bravadoes, fierce behaviour.

FIE'RRO, f. m. obf. vide *HIE'RRO.*

FIE'STA, f. f. feaft, feftival, entertainment, merry-making.

Fiésta de feis cápas ò de fiéte cápas, a great holiday, or feftival, when fix or feven canons of the church officiate in their rich copes.

Prov. *Gran fiésta pára tan chico fánto*, a great feaft for fuch a little faint. Much ceremony for an inconfiderable perfon.

Prov. *Quien te hace fiésta que no te fuélo hacér, ò te quiere engañár ò te ha menefter*, he that makes more of you than he is wont to do, either defigns to cheat you, or ftands in need of you.

FIE'Z, f. m. obf. vide *HEZ.*

F I G

FI'GADO, f. m. obf. vide *HI'GADO.*

FI'GME'NTO, f. m. obf. earthen-ware.

FI'GO, f. m. obf. a fig.

FIGO'N, f. m. a cook that dreffes meat in Spain for the meaner fort; alfo the cook's shop.

Figón, a word of reproach, a bardash.

FIGONA'L, adj. belonging to a cook's shop.

FIGONE'RO, f. m. the mafter of a cook's shop.

FIGUE'RA, f. f. obf. vide *HIGUE'RA.*

FIGUERA'L, f. m. a grove of fig-trees.

FIGULI'NO, adj. made of clay.

FIGU'RA, f. f. a figure, a shape, a form; alfo a court-card, a part in a play.

Figúra, a haughty boafting fellow; alfo a ridiculous ugly fellow.

Figúra, a figure in rhetorick; any way of fpeaking, in which words are detorted from their literal and primitive fenfe; in grammar, any deviation from the rules of analogy or fyntax.

Hacér figúra, to make a great figure in the world.

Hacér figúras, to makes faces.

Prov. *Naturál y figúra, hafta la fepultúra*, the fame temper remains during all one's life.

Levantár figúra, to caft a figure, as cheating aftrologers and fortunetellers do.

Buena ò mala figúra, a man or woman of a good or bad prefence.

FIGURA'BLE, adj. that can be

figured, fashioned, figurable, capable of being brought to certain form.
FIGURA'DA, f. f. an insignificant and impertinent action, or jest done with affectation or gravity pretended.
FIGURADAME'NTE, adv. figuratively.
FIGURA'L, adj. belonging to a figure.
FIGURA'NZA, f. f. likeness, resemblance, similitude.
FIGURA'R, v. a. to figure, to represent, to form, to shape, to imagine, to conceit.
Figurárse, v. r. to form, to imagine or represent one's self.
FIGURATI'VO, adj. figurative.
FIGURERI'A, f. f. vide *FIGURA'DA*.
FIGURE'RO, f. m. a mimick, a gesticulator, a man that makes faces.
FIGURI'LLA, f. f. a little figure, an insignificant fellow.
FIGURO'N, f. m. augm. of *figúra*.

F I J

FIJA'R, v. a. to fix, to make fast; also to settle, to establish invariably; also to deprive of volatility.
Fijár la vísta, to fix the sight.
FI'JO, f. m. obf. vide *HI'JO*.
FIJODA'LGO, f. m. obf. vide *HI'DALGO*.

F I L

FIL, f. m. obf. thread; an imaginary line, such as geometricians say consists in length without breadth. Sometimes taken for *fijo*, or *hijo*, a son.
FI'LA, f. f. a file of soldiers.
FILACI'GAS, f. f. pl. ropes made of oakam aboard ships; that is, of old ropes towed out, spun, and twisted again: our seamen call them ropeyarns.
FILADI'Z, } f. m. the silk that is
FILAIZ, } gotten out of the pod after the worm is out.
FILAME'NTOS, f. m. pl. filaments, a slender body like a thread.
FILA'NDRIAS, f. f. pl. a sort of small worms, which birds, especially those of prey, breed in their bowels.
FILA'NGAS, f. f. pl. rope-yarn, small ropes aboard ships made of oakam.
FILA'R, adj. belonging to a thread.
Filár. v. a. obf. to spin.
Filár, in cant, to cut a purse.
FILARE'TE, f. m. in cant, a cut-purse.
FILARE'TES, f. m. pl. the nettings aboard a ship, being small ropes seized together with rope-yarns in the form of a net, commonly used in the waist or on the sides above the timber, to prevent falling over-board and to lay a sail over for shade.
FILASTI'CA, f. f. oakam; that is, old ropes untwisted and pulled out, as it were, into loose flax again.
FILATERI'A, f. f. a long harangue to impose upon a man; banter.
FILATE'RO, f. m. the person who makes a long harangue on trivial things. In cant, a thief who steals by cutting off pockets.
FILA'TES, f. m. pl. the places where they lay their oars in a galley.
FILATRI'ZA, f. f. a sort of camblet.
FILDERRERO'R, f. m. a kind of woollen-cloth so called.
FILELI', f. f. a sort of thin stuff made in Barbary.
FILE'NO, adj. obf. soft, smooth; also effeminate.
FILE'RA, f. f. obf. vide *HILE'RA*.
FILE'TE, f. m. an edge or edging.
FILETEA'R, v. a. to make an edge or edging.
FILETO'N, f. m. a great edge.
FILIACIO'N, f. f. the descent from fathers or sons; also a religious house depending on another from which it first came.
FILIAGU'LLA, f. f. the plant maguey, in the West Indies.
FILIA'L, adj. filial, belonging to a son.
FILIA'R, v. n. to prove one's own descent.
FILIBO'TE, f. m. vide *FELIBO'TE*.
FILICI'DA, f. m. a killer of his son.
FILIGRA'NA, f. f. filigree-work, which is curious fine work in silver or gold, or any other metal.
FILILI, f. m. perfection, delicacy.
FILIPE'NDULA, f. f. the herb or flower called drop-wort.
FILIPICHI'N, f. m. wool woven with fine flowers.
FILIPO'DIO, f. m. the herb polipody of the oak.
FILI'PO, } f. m. a sort of silver
FILIPO'N, } coin.
FILIS, f. f. ability, grace in doing or saying any thing.
FI'LLO, f. m. obf. a son.
FI'LO, f. m. the edge of a weapon.
Filo, f. m. obf. vide *FIL*.
FILOMOSTE'RRA, f. f. the herb fumitory.
FILO'SA, f. f. in cant, a sword.
FILO'SO, f. m. in cant, a knife.
FILTRACIO'N, f. f. a filtering, or straining of liquor among the chemists.
FILTRA'R, v. a. to strain liquors, as chemists do.
FILTRO', f. m. a filter, or cloth to strain through.

F I M

FI'MBRIA, f. f. the hem of any garment.
FIMO, f. m. filth, dung.

F I N

FIN, f. m. the end, the conclusion; bound, limit; purpose, intention.
Al fin fin, at length.

En fin, in fine, to conclude.

Hacér úna cosá con buen fin, to do a thing with a good design.

Prov. *Al fin finál servir a Dios, y no hacér mal*, in conclusion, serve God and do no harm.

FINA'BLE, adj. that may be finished.

FINA'L, adj. final.

FINALIZA'R, v. a. to finish; to conclude, to put an end to.

FINALME'NTE, adv. finally, to conclude.

FINAME'NTE, adv. delicately, nicely, finely.

FINAMIE'NTO, s. m. obs. dying, departing this life, ending.

FINA'NZA, s. f. a revenue.

FINA'R, v. n. to die, to depart this life.

FI'NCA, s. f. a substantial security or ground to go upon; a good bank of money; a fund; also a gesture, a movement of the body.

Finca de rénta, a fund on a settled revenue.

FINCA'BLE, adj. stable, remaining, lasting.

FINCA'R, v. a. vide *HINCA'R*.

FINCHA'R, v. a. vide *HINCHA'R*.

FINE'ZA, s. f. fineness, subtilty; gallantry done for the sake of a lady, or the like; also a small gift or present.

FINGIDAME'NTE, adv. feignedly, counterfeitly, falsly.

FINGIDO'R, s. m. feigner, counterfeiter.

FINGIMIE'NTO, s. m. a feigning or counterfeiting.

FINGI'R, v. a. pres. to feign, to counterfeit.

FINI'BLE, adj. that may be ended.

FINIBUS TERRE, s. m. in cant, the gallows.

FINICIO'N, s. f. the finishing or completing of any thing.

FINIE'STRA, s. f. obs. a window.

FINIQUI'TO, s. m. the balance or settling of an account.

FINI'R, v. a. obs. to finish.

FINI'TIMO, adj. bordering, neighbourly.

FINI'TO, adj. bounded, limited.

FI'NO, adj. fine, courtier-like, courteous, kind; cunning, crafty, subtile.

Páño fíno, fine cloth.

Velláco fíno, a crafty knave.

FINO'JO, s. m obs. the knee.

FI'NTA, s. f. a small tribute paid to the prince.

FINU'RA, s. f. obs. finery.

F I O

FIO, s. m. obs. a son.

F I R.

FIRMA, s. f. a man's hand to a writing.

FIRMAME'NTO, s. m. the firmament, the sky.

FIRMA'R, v. a. to a sign, to confirm, to put one's hand to a writing.

Firmárse, v. r. to attribute to one's self any name.

FI'RME, adj. firm, stable, fixed.

FIRMEDUMBRE, s. f. obs. vide *FIRME'ZA*.

FIRMEME'NTE, adv. firmly, strongly, stedfastly.

FIRME'ZA, s. f. stability, stedfastness, firmness.

F I S.

FISBE'RTA, s. f. in cant, a sword.

FISCA'L, s. m. the king's sollicitor; the attorney-general; a censurer, one who blames.

Fiscál procuradór, the king's sollicitor-general, the sollicitor of the Exchequer.

Fiscál de espárto, a basket made of espárto.

FISCALEA'R, v. a. to accuse, to charge, as the king's sollicitor does.

FISCALE'RO, s. m. an accuser.

FISCALI'A, s. f. the office or duty of the king's sollicitor.

FISCALIZA'R, v. a. to accuse of any crime, to charge.

FI'SCO, s. m. the Exchequer.

FISERE'TA, s. f. vide *TIXERE'TA*.

FI'SGA, s. f. a rod, a dart; also a jest, a reflection: a trout-hook; the grapple of a ship; a boat-hook.

FISGADO'R, s. m. a jesting, scoffing fellow.

FISGA'R, v. a. to play upon a man, to jeer, to scoff.

FISGO'N, s. m. vide *FISGADO'R*.

FISSI'L, adj. easy to be broken.

FI'STICO, s. m. the pistachio, or fisticknut-tree.

FISTO'L, s. m. a cunning artful man at play; applied sommetimes to those who have good abilities or are capable of managing business in a dextrous manner.

FI'STOLA, s. f. a dangerous running sore, called a fistula, also a shepherd's pipe, used by poets.

FISTOLA'DO, adj. diseased with a fistul

FI'STULA, s. f. vide *FI'STOLA*.

FISTULO'SO, adj. fistulous, having the nature of a fistula.

F I T

FI'TO, adj. obs. fastened, thrust into.

Fíto, adj. obs. bent, speaking of the knees.

F I U

FIU'CIA, s. f. obs. confidence, relying upon another.

F I X

FIXA, s. f. an iron hinge of a door.

FIXACIO'N, s. f. a fastening, stability, firmness; in chemistry, destruction of volatility.

FIXAME'NTE, adv. fast, firmly; also attentively.

FIXE'ZA, s. f. obs. certainty, firmness, security, steadfastness.

FIXA'R, v. a. to fix, to fasten.
FI'XO, adj. fixed, fast, steady.
FI'XOS, f. m. pl. the four fixed stars, Taurus, Leo, Scorpio, and Aquarius.

F I Z

FIZGA, f. f. vide *FISGA*.
FIZGADO'R, f. m. vide *FISGADO'R*.
FIZGA'R, v. a. vide *FISGA'R*.
FIZGO'N, f. m. vide *FISGO'N*.

F L A

FLABE'LO, f. m. a fan, a flap for flies.
FLACAME'NTE, adv. leanly, weakly.
FLA'CO, adj. lean, weak; slender, feeble.
FLAGELACIO'N, f. f. whipping, scourging.
FLAGELA'NTES, f. m. pl. certain hereticks about the year 1272, who went about begging and whipping themselves.
FLAGE'LO, f. m. a whip.
FLAGI'CIO, f. m. a great piece of villany, a vile, base action.
FLAGICIO'SO, adj. wicked, vicious, villainous, base.
FLAGRA'NCIA, f. f. ardor, vehemency, heat.
FLAGRA'NTE, adj. ardent, vehement, hot.
Cogér a úno en flagránte delito, to take a man in flagrant; that is, actually committing the crime, in the fact.
FLAGRA'R, v. n. to shine.
FLA'MA, f. f. a flame.
FLAMA'NTE, adj. flaming.
Nuévo flamánte, spick and span new.
FLAMBA'NTE, adj. in heraldry, flamous, like so many flames.
FLAMEA'R, v. n. to lower the sails.
FLAME'NCO, f. m. a bird that has a red breast and pinions.
FLAMINQUI'LLA, f. f. a little plate for fruit.
FLAME'O, f. m. a veil or hood worn by the bride.
FLAMI'GERO, adj. that throws flames or bears flames.
FLA'MILLA, } f. f. a streamer, or
FLAMU'LA, } a pendant in a ship.
FLA'NCO, f. m. the side of a fortification, or of a ship, army, or fleet.
FLANQUEA'DO, adj. fortified, defended by lateral fortifications.
FLANQUEA'R, v. a. to make an equal defence, to flanker.
FLA'ONES, f. m. a sort of cheese-cake.
FLAQUEA'R, v. n. to become weak, or feeble.
FLAQUECE'R, v. n. to be weak.
FLAQUE'ZA, f. f. weakness, feebleness, leanness.
FLAQUISSI'MO, adj. superl. very weak, very infirm.
FLA'SCO, f. m. a glass bottle; also a powder-flask.
FLA'TO, f. m. a blast of wind.
FLATO'SO, adj. blowing, windy.
FLATULE'NTO, adj. that causes wind.
FLATUO'SO, adj. causing windiness, or proceeding from it.
FLA'VO, adj. yellow.
FLA'UTA, f. f. a pipe, a flute, a flagelet; any sort of pipe; also a vessel called a flute.
FLAUTA'DO, adj. shrill, high in music, as the treble.
Tañér por lo flautádo, to speak shrill; to play upon shrill-pipes.
FLAUTADO'R, f. m. one that makes pipes or plays on them.
FLAUTA'R, v. a. to play on a pipe.
FLAUTE'RO, } f. m. a flute-
FLAUTISTA, } maker.
FLAUTOS pitos, (a phrase) delights, amusements, pastimes.

F L E

FLE'BIL, adj. sad, mournful, weeping.
FLEBOTOMA'R, v. a. to bleed, to open the vein.
FLEBOTOMI'A, f. f. phlebotomy, letting blood.
FLEBOTOMIA'NO, adj. said of a barber who has got a licence to bleed.
FLE'CHA, f. f. an arrow, a shaft.
FLECHA'DO, adj. shot out of a bow. In architecture, arched.
FLECHADO'R, f. m. one that shoots in a bow.
FLECHADU'RA, f. f. } shoot-
FLECHAMIE'NTO, f. m. } ing with a bow. In architecture, to arch.
FLECHA'ZO, f. m. the stroke or wound of an arrow.
FLECHERI'A, f. m. the soldiers who used to shoot darts.
FLECHE'RO, f. m. an archer.
FLECO, f. m. vide *FLUECO*.
FLEGMA, f. f. vide *FLEMA*.
FLEGMA'TICO, adv. vide *FLEMATICO*.
FLEGMON, f. m. vide *FLEMO'N*.
FLE'MA, f. f. phlegm; slowness, patience.
Fléma, f. f. a farrier's fleam to bleed horses.
FLEMA'TICO, adj. phlegmatick; slow, patient.
FLEMO'N, f. m. an inflammation of any part; also spawl, spittle.
FLEMO'SO, adj. full of phlegm.
FLEMU'DO, adj. lazy, careless, indolent.
FLEQUEZUE'LO, f. m. diminutive of *fleco*.
FLETADO'R, f. m. one that freights vessels.
FLETAMIE'NTO, f. m. a freighting of vessels.
FLETA'R, v. a. to freight vessels.
FLE'TE, f. m. freight.
FLEXIBILIDA'D, f. f. flexibility; docility.
FLEXI'BLE, adj. that can be bent or softened; docile.
FLEXIO'N, f. f. a bending or folding of any thing.

F L I

FLIBO'TE, f. m. a kind of ship so called.
FLINFLO'N, f. m. a name given to those who are plump and fresh coloured.

FLO-

FLO

FLOCADU'RA, f. f. the fringing of any thing.
FLOMOTOMI'A, f. f. vide *FLEBOTOMI'A*.
FLOñA, f. f. obf. triffle, impertinence.
FLOQUEA'DO, adj. fringed, adorned with fringes.
FLOR, f. f. flower, the bloffom of the trees; alfo the prime or the flourishing part of any thing.
Flor de lis, the flower-de-luce.
Flor de la muger, a woman's courfes.
Flor de cobre, verdegrife.
Flor de paráifo, flower of paradife.
Flor de vino, the mother on decayed wines.
Flor de la bárba, the down on youth's faces before the beard grows.
Flor en la colòr, a frefh colour.
Flor de azafrán, faffron.
Flor de naranja, orange-flower.
Flor de qualquiér cósa, the glofs or beauty of any thing.
Flor de cordován, the fmooth gloffy fide of the leather.
Flor de la canéla, choice cinnamon.
Flor de la donzélla, a maidenhead.
Flor de metál, the fcales that fly off from any metal in hardening or hammering.
Flor, a cheat, a trick at play.
Flor de la juventùd, the flower of youth.
Flor de efpecie, the fpice called mace.
Flor de la oraciòn, fine expreffions in a fpeech.
Càma de flóres, a delicate bed.
Irfe todo en flóres, to be all show and no fubftance.
Andárfe a la flor del bérro, to look after the flowers of watercreffes, to give one's felf up to vice and idlenefs.
FLORA'INA, f. f. in cant, a cheat.
FLORDELI'S, f. f. the flower-de-luce.
FLORDELISA'R, v. a. to adorn a thing with lilies.
FLOREA'DO, adj. as, *pan floreádo*, bread baked to perfection, when the cruft is neither too foft, nor parched.
FLOREA'R, v. a. to dally with, to trifle.
FLORECE'R, v. n. to flourish, to bloffom, to bear flowers, to thrive, to profper.
FLORECIE'NTE, adj. flourishing, bloffoming.
FLORECI'LLA, } f. f. a little
FLORECI'TA, } flower.
FLORE'O, f. m. a flourish fencers make with the foils before and after fencing; a flourish of the colours; a flourish in the fpeech; alfo an ornament of flowers; likewife gaiety, pleafantnefs.
FLORE'RO, f. m. in cant, a cheat; alfo a flower-maker, and a picture full of flowers.
FLORE'STA, f. f. a wood, a foreft.
FLORESTE'RO, f. m. forefter, ranger, keeper.
FLORE'TA, f. f. a bit of fine leather added to a ftrap for ftrength and ornament.
FLORETA'DA, f. f. a fillip on the forehead.
FLORE'TE, f. m. a playing with fwords; alfo the fineft white paper.
FLORETEA'R, v. a. to adorn or garnish with flowers.
FLORIDAME'NTE, adv. elegantly, perfectly, lively, flourishingly.
FLORI'DO, adj. flourishing, bloffoming, full of flowers or bloffoms; profperous; alfo, in cant, rich.
Pafcua florida, Eafter, the day on which the Chriftian church commemorates our Saviour's refurrection.
FLORI'FERO, adj. that brings forth flowers.
FLORIGE'RO, adj. idem.
FLORI'N, f. m. a florin.
FLORIPO'NDIO, f. m. a tree in the Weft Indies fo called.
FLORO'N, f. m. a knot of leaves and flowers in carving.
FLORONCI'LLO, f. m. a knot of leaves and flowers in carving.
FLO'SSANCTORUM, . m. the flower of the faints, a book containing the lives of faints.
FLO'TA, f. f. a fleet; generally underftood of merchant ships.
FLOTADU'RA, f. f. } a rub,
FLOTAMIE'NTO, f. m. } the act of rubbing.
FLOTA'R, v. a. to float upon the water; alfo to move the body or limbs like waves of the fea to get a heat; alfo to rub with the hands any part of the body.
FLOXAME'NTE, adv. flothfully, lazily, idly, loofely.
FLOXEA'R, v. a. to be feeble or weak; alfo to be flothful.
FLOXEDA'D, f. f. floth, lazinefs, idlenefs, loofenefs.
FLOXE'L, f. m. the wool that is shorn off from cloth; alfo the down on fruit, as peaches, &c.
FLOXE'RA, f. f. vide *FLOXEDA'D*.
FLO'XO, adj. flothful, lazy, idle, loofe.
FLOXO'N, } f. m. a lazy
FLOXONA'ZO, } idle fellow.
FLOXU'RA, f. f. flothfulnefs, lazinefs, idlenefs, loofenefs.

FLU

FLUCTUACIO'N. f. f. fluctuation, uncertainty, indetermination.
FLUCTUA'R, v. a. to be wavering, unfettled, doubtful what to do, to waver, to be irrefolute.
FLUE'CO, f. m. fringe; alfo the wool that is shorn off from cloth.
FLU'IDO, adj. fluid; that is, not folid or fixed, but runs.
FLUI'R, v. n. to flow.
FLUVIA'L, adj. of the river.
Pefcado fluvial, fresh water fish.

FLU'X, f. m. a flush at cards, when one has all of a fuite.
FLUXIO'N, f. f. the flowing of any liquid.
FLU'XO, f. m. the diftemper called the flux.
Flúxo de fángre, the bloody-flux.
Flúxo de palabrás, babbling, talking vainly.
Flúxo de viéntre, loofenefs, diarrhea, flux of the belly.
Flúxo del mar, the flux, the tide.

F O C

FOCA, f. f. a fea-calf.
FO'CO, f. m. a focus, in which all the rays of light are contracted; alfo a hearth or fire-fide.

F O F

FO'FO, adj. foft and puffy, fpongy.

F O G

FOGA'DO, f. f. a fogade, a fmall mine to blow up fome little work.
FOGA'GE, f. m. a tax laid upon every houfe.
FOGA'TA, f. m. a fire made of wood which makes great flames.
FOGO'N, f. m. a hearth, the pan and touch-hole of a gun; the cook-room of a ship.
FOGONADU'RA, f. f. the priming of any fire-arms.
FOGOSIDA'D, f. f. vivacity, fprightlinefs.
FOGO'SO, adj. fiery, mettlefome, fierce.
FOGO'TE, f. m. a lighted match, fuch as foldiers ufe.

F O I

FOI'NA, f. f. vide *FUI'NA*.
FOI'R, v. a. obf. to run away.

F O J

FO'JA, f. f. obf. a leaf.
Fója, f. f. a water-fowl fo called.

F O L

FO'LGA, f. f. obf. joy, mirth, recreation.
FOLGA'R, v. a. obf. vide *HOLGA'R*.
FOLI'A, f. f. a fort of dance.
FOLIA'R, v. a. to mark the number of any book.
FOLICO'NES, f. m. a hum-ftrum of feveral mufical inftruments.
FOLI'CULO, f. m. any leaf of a tree or plant.
FO'LIO, f. m. the sheet of a book, or a book in folio.
FO'LLA, f. f. a confufed diforderly skirmish or tumultuous croud; a confufed medley of feveral farces acted on the ftage without any play.
FOLLA'DO, adj. fet in puffs, hollow; alfo blowed with bellows.
FOLLA'GE, f. m. foliage, curious work with leaves; alfo mantling in heraldry; alfo fetting out in puffs.
FOLLA'R, v. a. to blow with the bellows.
FOLLE'RO, f. m. who makes or fells bellows.
FOLLE'TA, f. m. a meafure of wine equal to our pint.
FOLLETE'RO, f. m. a bellows-maker.
FOLLE'TO, f. m. a quire of paper; alfo a news-paper.
FOLLO'N, f. m. an idle or a lewd perfon, a ruffian, a rafcal.
FÓLLONERI'A, f. f. floth, idlenefs.
FOLLO'SAS, f. f. in cant, breeches.
FOLLU'Z, the third part of the fmall coin called *blanca*; but there has been no fuch money for many years paft.

F O M

FOMENTACIO'N, f. f. fomentation.
FOMENTADO'R, f. m. one that foments, cherishes, or encourages; a fomenter, an encourager, a fupporter.
FOMENTA'R, v. a. to foment, to cherish, to encourage.
FOME'NTO, f. m. the lotion prepared to foment the parts; alfo fupporting, encouraging, cherishing.
FO'MES, } f. m. the caufe
FO'MITE, } that excites; an inceative.

F O N

FO'NDA, f. f. obf. vide *HO'NDA*.
FONDA'BLE, adj. that may be founded.
FO'NDACO, f. m. a houfe to receive toll or duties for tranfporting of goods; a cuftom-houfe; alfo a warehoufe or ftore-houfe.
FONDEA'R, v. a. to found the depth as aboard of ship: alfo to vifit the cargo on board of a ship.
FONDE'O, f. m. a founding of the depth; alfo the vifit of a ship's cargo.
FONDILLO'N, f. m. the lees of any cask.
Vino de fondillón, wine out of a cask that is filled up as it is drawn out.
FO'NDO, f. m. the foundation, the bottom, the depth, the ground of any filk that is flowered; a fund.
Dar fóndo, to caft anchor.
Echár a fóndo, to fink a veffel or the like.
FONDO'N, f. m. obf. vide *HONDO'N*.
FONDO'SO, adj. obf. deep, profound.
FONI'L, f. m. a tunnel to fill casks with.
FONSADE'RA, f. f. obf. a duty for keeping the ditches about a town in repair.
FONSA'RIO, f. m. a ditch that furrounds any fortrefs.
FONTA'L, adj. belonging to the firft or principal.
FONTA'NA, f. f. fountain. Poetical.

FONTANA'L, f. m. a place full of ſprings or fountains, or the ſpring whence the water flows.
FONTANA'R; adj. belonging to a fountain.
FONTA'NCHE, f. m. a top-knot, a kind of cap uſed formerly by the ladies.
FONTANERI'A, f. f. the art of making artificial fountains.
FONTANE'RO, f. m. one that finds out ſprings and conveys water to fountains.
FONTANO, adj. of or belonging to a fountain.
FONTANO'SO, adj. full or adorned with fountains.
FONTECI'CA, f. f. vide *FUENTECI'CA*.
FONTEZUE'LA, vide *FUENTEZUE'LA*.

F O Q

FO'QUE, f. m. a triangular ſail of the boltſprit or bowſprit.

F O R

FORADA'R, v. a. obf. vide *HORADAR*.
FORA'DO, f. m. obf. a hole, a vent.
FORA'GE, } f. m. vide *FORRA'GE*.
FORA'JE, }
FORAGI'DO, f. m. vide *FORRAGI'DO*.
FORA'L, adj. belonging to the forum or court of juſtice.
FORA'MBRE, f. m. obf. a hole.
FORA'NEO, adj. ſtrange, foreign.
Foráneo, adj. belonging to the court of judicature.
FORA'NO, f. m. in cant, a foreigner or ſtranger.
FORA'ÑO, adj. fierce, wild, ſavage.
FORASTE'RO, f. m. a ſtranger.
FO'RCA, f. f. obf. vide *HO'RCA*.
FORCEJA'R, v. n. to ſtruggle, to ſtrive, to uſe all one's force.
FORCEJO'N, f. f. an effort of ſtruggling or ſtriving, a jerk a man gives to get looſe or to do any thing violently.
FORCEJU'DO, adj. very ſtrong, robuſt.
FORCHI'NA, f. f. a fork to eat with; a clownish word.
FO'RCIA, f. f. ſtrength.
FORCIA'R, v. a. obf. to force.
FORE'NSE, adj. belonging to the forum.
FORE'RO, f. m. a collector of that duty.
Foréro, adj. done according to the law of the forum or court of juſtice.
Moneda foréra, current money.
FO'RFOLAS, f. f. pl. ſcabs on the head.
FO'RJA, f. f. a ſmith's forge; a place where any thing is formed, plotted, or contrived.
FORJADO'R, f. m. a forger; one that frames or forges.
FORJADU'RA, f. f. a forging or framing.
FORJA'R, v. a. to forge, to frame.
FO'RMA, f. f. form, faſhion, a mould to caſt in, a ſhoe-maker's laſt.
Enojárse en fórma, to be angry to purpoſe.
Hacér una coſa por forma, to do any thing merely for form ſake.
FORMA'BLE, adj. that may be formed.
FORMACIO'N, f. f. forming, faſhioning.
FORMADO'R, f. m. one that forms; faſhions, or moulds.
FORMADU'RA, f. f. the form or figure of any thing.
FORMA'GE, f. m. cheeſe; a bad word borrowed from the French.
FORMA'L, adj. formal; alſo grave, ſerious.
FORMALIDA'D, f. f. formality; alſo ceremony, and ſolemn order; alſo gravity, ſeriouſneſs.
FORMALIZA'R, v. a. to form.
FORMALME'NTE, adv. formally; alſo certainly.
FORMA'R, v. a. to form, to faſhion, to mould.
Formár el punto en muſica, to ſet the tune.
Formár quéxa, to make complaint or find cauſe to complain.
FORMATI'VO, adj. that forms or gives shape to any thing.
FORMEJA'R, v. a. to ſtow things orderly in a ship.
FORMICA'NTE, adj. belonging to the pulſe when it is low and weak.
FORMIDA'BLE, adj. formidable, dreadful to be feared.
FORMIDOLO'SO, adj. fearful, affrighted.
FORMO'N, f. m. a great chiſſel.
FO'RMULA, f. f. form, manner, or method.
FORMULA'RIO, f. m. formulary, book of precedents, a ceremonial.
FORMULILLA, f. f. diminutive of *formula*.
FORNECE'R, v. a. obf. to furnish, to provide, to ſtore.
FORNECIMIE'NTO, f. m. a furnishing, providing, ſtoring.
FORNECI'NO, f. m. obf. a baſtard, a ſon of fornication.
FORNICACIO'N, f. f. fornication.
FORNICADO'R, f. m. a fornicator.
FORNICA'R, v. n. to commit fornication.
FORNICA'RIO, f. m. a fornicator.
FORNI'CIO, f. m. obf. vide *FORNICACIO'N*.
FORNIMIE'NTO, f. m. proviſion, ſtore.
FORNI'R, v. a. to furnish, to provide, to ſtore; alſo to ſpread and grow ſtrong; to ſtrengthen.
FORNITU'RAS, f. f. pl. among founders of printing-types, the types that are melted and caſt again, as not having proved good at the firſt caſt.
FO'RO, f. m. forum, a court of judicature.
FORQUE'TA, f. f. obf. a little fork.
FORRA'GE, f. m. forage for horſes; alſo lining of garments, and lining of shot with pikes.

FORRAGEA'DOR, s. m. a forager.
FORRAGEA'R, v. n. to forage, as soldiers do.
FORRAGE'RO, s. m. a forager.
FORRAGI'DO, s. m. an outlaw.
FORRA'R, v. a. to line.
FO'RRO, s. m. a lining.
FORTACHO'N, s. m. a very strong and well-built man.
FORTALECE'R, v. a. to strengthen, to fortify.
FORTALECIMIE'NTO, s. m. strengthening, fortifying.
FORTALE'ZA, s. f. fortitude, strength; a fortress.
FORTEZUE'LO, s. m. a little fort.
FORTIFICACIO'N, s. f. a fortification, a strong place.
FORTIFIÇADO'R, s. m. a fortifier, or strengthener.
FORTIFICAMIE'NTO, s. m. a fortifying or strengthening.
FORTIFICA'R, v. a. to fortify, to strengthen.
FORTI'N, s. m. a little fort.
FORTUITAME'NTE, adv. casually, accidentally.
FORTUI'TO, adj. fortuitous, accidental.
FORTU'NA, s. f. fortune, fate, destinity; also good fortune or luck; futurity, future events.
Hombre de fortúna, a man of fortune.
Moça de fortúna, a young whore.
Prov. *A los osádos ayúda la fortúna*, fortune favours the bold.
FORTUNA'R, v. n. to be fortunate.
FORTUNA'DO, adj. fortunate, lucky.
FORTUNI'LLA, s. f. diminutive of *fortúna*.
FORZA, s. f. obs. vide *FUERZA*.
FORZADAME'NTE, adv. strongly, valiantly; also necessarily.
FORZA'DO, adj. a galley-slave.
FORZADO'R, s. m. a ravisher.
FORZA'L, s. m. the middle of a comb.
FORZA'R, v. a. to force, to compel, to constrain; also to storm, to take by violence; also to ravish, to violate.
FORZOSAME'NTE, adv. precisely, with necessity; also violently, forcibly.
FORZO'SO, necessary, obligatory.
FORZU'DO, adj strong.

F O S

FO'SCA, s. f. a thick wood.
FO'SSA, s. f. a ditch, a grave, a pit.
FOSSA'DO, s. m. a cavity.
FOSSA'L, s. m. a church-yard, a burying-ground.
FOSSA'R, v. a. obs. to ditch, to trench.
FOSSI'LLO, s. m. a little ditch.
FO'SSO, s. m. a ditch, a trench.

F O T

FOTU'LA, s. f. a sort of millepede.

F O X

FO'XA, s. f. a sort of weather-fowl.

F O Y

FO'YA, s. f. a furnace of coals.

F R A

FRACASA'R, v. n. to break to pieces any thing; also to be lost, to be destroyed.
FRACA'SO, s. m. havock, destruction; also an accident.
FRACCIO'N, s. f. a fraction; in arithmetick, the brocken part of an integral.
FRACTU'RA, s. f. a breaking in pieces, the fracture or breaking of bones in living bodies.
FRACU'RA, s. f. obs. weakness.
FRA'GA, s. f. a strawberry-bush.
FRAGAN'CIA, s. f. a sweet odour, or scent.
FRAGA'NTE, adj. fragrant, odoriferous, sweet of smell.
Fragánte, corruptly for *flagránte*, actual.
FRAGARI'A, s. f. vide *FRA'GA*.
FRAGA'TA, s. f. a frigate; also a small boat.
Fragáta de aviso, a packet-boat.
Fragáta ligéra, a ship mounting twenty guns.
FRAGATI'N, s. m. diminutive of *fragata*.
FRA'GIL, adj. frail, brittle, weak.
FRAGILIDA'D, s. f. frailty brittleness, weakness.
FRAGILME'NTE, adv. frailly, brittlely, weakly.
FRAGME'NTO, s. m. a fragment, a piece broke off.
FRAGOSIDA'D, s. f. cragginess, uneven, stony, rough way.
FRAGO'SO, adj. craggy, rough, stony, uneven.
FRAGRA'NCIA, s. f. a sweet smell, fragrance.
FRAGRA'NTE, adj. fragrant, odoriferous.
FRA'GUA, s. f. a smith's forge.
FRAGUADO'R, s. m. one who imagines or invents any thing.
FRAGUA'R, v. a. to forge as smiths do.
FRAGU'RA, s. f. obs. cragginess, a rough stony place.
FRAI, s. m. a friar.
FRA'ILA, s. f. vide *FRA'YLA*.
FRAILA'DA, s. f. any action done by a friar.
FRA'ILE, a friar, a religious, a brother of some regular order; also a fish called squatina, or the monk-fish.
FRAILECI'CO, *FRAILECI'LLO*, *FRAILECI'TO*, s. m. diminutives of *fráile*.
FRAILE'GO, adj. vide *FRAILESCO*.
FRAILE'ÑO, adj. belonging to the friars.
FRAILERI'A, s. f. a company of friars.
FRAILE'SCO, adj. friary, friar-like.
FRAMBUE'SA, s. f. a rasberry or raspberry.
FRAMBUE'SO, s. m. a rasberry-bush.
FRAME'A, s. f. a dart.

FRANCALE'TE, f. m. a ftrap with a buckle.
FRANCAME'NTE, adv. frankly, freely, liberally.
Mal Francés, the French pox.
FRANCHIPAN, f. m. a fweet-fcented confection fo called.
FRANCISCA'NO, adj belonging to the Francifcan order.
FRA'NCO, adj, free, liberal bountiful.
FRANCOLI'N, f. m. a bird called a godwit.
FRA'NGE, f. m. a term in heraldry, as, *efcúdo partido a frànge*, or *en frànge*, an èfcutcheon *parti per cailtier*.
FRANGE'NTE, f. m. an accidental misfortune.
FRANGI'BLE, adj. that can be broke.
FRA'NGI'R, v. a. to break.
FRANGO'LLO, f. m. boiled corn.
FRANGO'TE, f. m. a pack.
FRA'NJA, f. f. fringe.
FRANJE'RA, f. f. a woman fringe maker.
FANJE'RO, f. m. a fringe-maker.
FRANJO'N, f. m. a great fringe.
FRANJUE'LA, f. f. a little fringe.
FRANQUEA'R, v. a. to enfranchize, to make free.
FRANQUE'ZA, f. f. liberality, bounty, freedom, liberty.
Prov. *Comprár cáro no es franquèza*, to buy dear is no liberty.
FRANQUI'CIA, f. f. a liberty, a privilege-place, as the ftreets of ambaffadors in Spain.
FRANQUISSIMAME'NTE, adv. very freely, very frankly.
FRA'SCA, f. f. dry leaves.
FRA'SCO, f. m. a fquare glafs bottle; alfo a little powder-flask.
FRASQUE'RA, f. f. a cafe to put flasks in.
FRASQUI'TO, f. m. diminutive of *frafco*.
FRATE'RNA, f. f. a lecture, a reprimand.
FRATERNA'L, adj. brotherly.
FRATERNIDA'D, f. f. brotherhood.
FRATE'NO, adj. brotherly.
FRATRICI'DA, f. f. a fratricide, one who kills his brother.
FRATRICI'DIO, f. m. fratricide.
FRAUDADO'R, f. m. a cheat.
FRAUDA'R, v. a. to defraud, to cheat.
FRA'UDE, f. f. a fraud, a cheat.
FRAUDULE'NCIA, f. f. deceit.
FRAUDULENTEME'NTE, adv. deceitfully.
FRAUDULE'NTO, adj. fraudulent, deceitful.
FRAXIME'LA, f. f. the herb kneegrafs.
FRA'XINO, f. m. an ash-tree.
FRA'Y, f. m. is the title given to friars in naming them; as, *Fray Juan*, Brother John.
FRA'YLA, f. f. a nun, a word little ufed but by way of jeft.
FRA'YLE, f. m. a friar; from *frater*, brother; becaufe they are all brothers in religion.
Prov. *Fráyle qué fué foldádo fále mas acertádo*, a friar that has been a foldier proves beft; becaufe having feen the world, and knows all folly, he retires more ferioufly.
Prov. *Ház lo que dice el fráyle, y no lo que el háce*, do what the friar fays, and not what he does. Advice to obferve and practife what good preachers teach, though they should not be good livers.
FRAYLECI'LLO, f. m. a little friar; a child in a friar's habit; alfo a bird with a tuft of feathers on its head, like a friar's hood, called an ope.
FRAYLE'NGO, } adj. friarish, belonging to a friar.
FRAYLE'SCO, }
FRAYLI'A, f. f. friarishnefs; alfo a parcel of friars.
FRAZA'DA, f. f. obf. a blanket for a bed.
FRAZADI'LLA, f. f. obf. a little blanket.

FRE

FREGACIO'N, f. f. a rubbing.
FREGADE'RO, f. m. the fculle-ry, the place where they wash dishes and fcour.
FREGADIE'NTES, f. m. a tooth-fcraper.
FREGADO'R, f. m. a rubber any thing ufed for rubbing.
FREGADU'RA, f. f. a fcouring.
FREGA'JO, f. m. a fwab aboard a ship, or any whifp of hay or the like, to fcour with.
FREGA'R. v. a. to fcour, to rub.
Muger de buén fregádo, a common lewd woman.
FREGA'TA, f. f. vide *FRAGA'TA*.
FREGATRI'Z, f. f. a cook-maid, a wench to fcour dishes,
FREGO'N, f. m. a fcullery-man to fcour dishes,
FREGO'NA, f. f. a cook-maid, a wench to fcour dishes; a drudging maid-fervant.
FREGONCI'LLA, f. f. a drudging wench.
FREGONI'L, adj. of, or belonging to a fcouring-wench.
FREI, f. m. a diftinction between the military and regular order of friars.
FREI'LA, f. f. a nun.
FREILA'R, v. a. to receive one as a knight in a military order.
FREI'LE, f. m. a knight of a military order.
FREI'R, v. a. to fry in a pan.
Fréirfe de calór, to fry or to be fweltered with heat.
Prov. *Al fréir de los huévos lo vereis*, you will find it when you come to fry the eggs; that is, you will be fenfible of what you do, when you find the ill confequences.
FREIDE'RA, f. f. a frying-pan.
FREIDU'RA. f. f. frying in a pan.
FRE'MITO, f. m. a noife, a roar, a bellowing.
FRENA'R, v. a. to bridle, to curb, to keep under.
FRENE'RO, f. m. a bridler, a bitmaker.
FRENESI', f. m. phrenfy, madnefs.
FRENETICAR, v. a. to play the frantick, to be mad.

FRENILLA'R los rémos, v. a to lash fast the oars when they have done rowing.
FRENI'LLO, s. m. the string that holds the tongue, and hinders tongue-tied people from speaking.
FRE'NO, s. m. a bridle; also restraint.
Fréno de coscója, a bridle that has a bit with an iron in it, to gaul the horse's mouth when he is unruly.
FRENTA'L, s. m. the ornament of a bridle in a horse's forehead.
FRENTA'ZA, s. f. a great forehead.
FRE'NTE, s. f. the forehead, the brow, the front of any thing, the blank space at the top of any writing.
Frénte arrugáda, a wrinkled forehead.
Frénte raída, a serene brow that never alters.
FRENTECI'LLA, s. f. a little forehead.
FREQüE'NCIA, s. f. frequency, often doing a thing.
FREQüENTACIO'N, s. f. frequenting, going often to a place, doing a thing often.
FREQüENTADAME'NTE, adv. frequently.
FREQüENTA'R, v. a. to frequent, to go often a place, to do a thing often.
FREQüE'NTE, adj. frequent, often done.
FREQüENTEME'NTE, adv. frequently.
FRE'SA, s. f. a strawberry.
FRESA'DA de cebáda, barley-water.
FRESA'DO, adj. rubbed against any thing.
Fresádo de óró, set thick with gold.
FRESA'R, v. a. to rub against any thing.
FRES'CA, s. f. in cant, news.
FRESCA'L, s. m. a sort of fish much like our cod.
FRESCAME'NTE, adv. freshly, newly, lately, cooly.
FRE'SCO, adj. fresh, new, cool, sweet, not salted.
Pan frésco, new bread.
Pescádo frésco, fresh fish.
Aire frésco, the fresh, air or a cool air.
Lugár frésco, a pleasant, cool place.
Mugér frésca, a fresh-coloured wholesome-looking woman.
Nuevas fréscas, fresh news, that hath not been heard before.
Tomár el fresco, to take the fresh air.
FRESCO'R, s. m. freshness, coolness, pleasant air.
FRESCU'RA, s. f. idem.
FRESNE'DA, s. f. a grove of ash-trees.
FRESNI'LLO, s. m. dittany, dittander, garden-ginger.
FRE'SNO, s. m. an ash-tree.
FRE'SO, s. m. a sort of lace to set on women's coats.
FRESO'N, s. m. a young child; also a weaned pig; also a step to ascend.
FRESQUECI'TO, s. m. fresh, coolish, sharpish weather.
FREQUISSI'MO, adj. superl. very fresh, very new.
FRESQUI'STA, s. m. the painter well skilled in painting in *fresco*.
FRESSU'RA, s. f. a hog's harslet.
FRETA'R, v. a. to freight a vessel.
FRETE, s. m. freight of ships.
FRE'ZA, s. f. the excrements of any beast; also the mark of fish leaves behind when it rubs itself on a stone to spawn; also the noise silk-worms make when they awake and are eating.
FREZA'R, v. n. to dung, to expel the excrements, as beasts do.

FRI

FRIALDA'D, s. f. coldness; heaviness, dullness.
FRIAME'NTE, adv. coldly; dully, heavily.
FRIA'TICO, adj. stupid, heavy, dull; also cold.
FRICACIO'N, s. f. rub, friction.
FRICA'R, v. a. to rub.
FRICASE'A, s. f. a ragoo, a fricassee.
FRICCI'ON, s. f. friction, rub.
FRIE'GA, s. f. friction, medical rubbing with the flesh-brush.
FRIE'RA, s. f. a kibe, a chilblain.
FRIGERATI'VO, adj. cooling, refreshing.
FRI'GIDO, adj. cold.
FRI'O, s. m. coldness, want of corporeal warmth; also ice to make cold the water or other liquor.
Frío, adj. cold; negligent, silly, void of wit.
Dicho frío, a jest that has no wit.
Hómbre frío, a man that has no pleasant conversation, void of wit.
Andár frío el negocio, to go on but slowly, speaking of an affair.
Questión en frío, a quarrel in cold blood.
FRIOLE'NTO, adj. chilly, very sensible of cold.
FRIOLE'RA, s. f. a foolish nonsensical expression, a jest without any wit.
FRIO'R, s. m. cold.
FRI'SA, s. f. frieze, a coarse warm cloth.
FRISA'DA, s. f. idem.
FRISADO'R, s. m. one that naps woollen-cloth.
FRISA'R, v. a. to nap cloth.
Frisár con úna cósa, to be upon the border or edge of a thing; also to be alike, to resemble, to have a likeness to.
FRI'SO, s. m. any ornament added about the edges of a garment, as fringes or the like. In architecture, the freeze; a large flat member which separates the architrave from the cornice.
FRISO'L, s. m. the herb called garden-sperage.
FRISO'LES, s. m. pl. obs. kidney-beans, French beans.
FRISO'N, s. m. a great Flanders horse or mare.
FRISUE'LOS, s. m. a kind of French beans.

FRITA'DA, f. f. fried meat.
FRITI'LLAS, f. f. pl. any thing done in a frying-pan.
FRI'TO, p. p. of *freir*; fried in a pan.
FRITU'RA, f. f. fried meat.
FRIVOLAME'NTE, adv. frivolously.
FRIVO'LO, adj. frivolous, of no moment.
FRIU'RA, f. f. obf. vide *FRIALDA'D*.

F R O

FRO'GA, f. f. the mixture of lime and fand.
FROGA'R, v. a. to mix lime fand.
FRO'L, f. f. obf. vide *FLO'R*.
FRONDOSIDA'D, f. f. the beauty and ornament made by the leavesof the tree; alfo abundance of words or featences.
FRONDO'SO, adj. full of leaves.
FRONTA'L, f. m. a forehead cloth; alfo a cupboard cloth; alfo an antependium, the ornament that fets off the front of the altar, or is fet before it.
FRONTALE'RAS, f. f. pl. broad flips of rich filk laid along the top and down the fides of the antependium, before the altar.
FRO'NTE, f. f. obf. vide *FRE'NTE*.
FRONTE'RA, f. f. a frontier of a country.
FRONTERI'ZO, adj. that lies upon the frontiers; alfo, bordering or oppofite to.
FRONTE'RO, f. m. over-againft; on the frontiers.
FRONTI'NO, f. m. a horfe with a ftar on his forehead.
FRONTESPI'CIO, f. m. a frontefpiece, the front of a houfe, that part of any building or other body, that directly meets the eye; alfo, in burlefque, the face.
FRONTO'N, f. m. the wall againft whick the tennis-balls are thrown in ferving.
FROTADURA, f. f. rubbing, chafing.
FROTA'R, v. a. to rub, to chafe.

F R U

FRUCTI'FERO, adj. vide *FRUTI'FERO*.
FRUCTIFICA'R, v. n. vide *FRUTIFICA'R*.
FRU'CTO, f. m. vide *FRU'TO*.
FRUCTUOSAME'NTE, adv. fruitfully.
FRUCTUO'SO, adj. vide *FRUTUO'SO*.
FRUGA'L, adj. frugal, moderate, fparing, parfimonious, thrifty.
FRUGALIDA'D, f. f. frugality, good husbandry, thrift, parfimony.
FRUGALME'NTE, adv. frugally, fparingly.
FRUICIO'N, f. f. fruition, enjoyment, poffeffion, pleafure given by poffeffion or ufe.
FRUI'R, v. n. to enjoy.
FRUITI'VO, adj. enjoying, fruitive, poffeffing, having the power of giving enjoyment.
FRU'NCE, f. m. a pucker, a gathering in a garment, or the like.
FRUNCI'DO, f. m. deceit, cheat, lie.
FRUNCIMIE'NTO, f. m. a puckering, a gathering up, or drawing awry.
FRUNCI'R, v. a. to pucker, to gather up, to draw awry; alfo to deceive, to lie.
Fruncir la bóca, to draw up the mouth.
Fruncir la frente, to frown.
FRUSLE'RA, f. f. the fhavings that fly off in turning and working brafs or copper.
FRUSLERI'A, f. f. a doing or faying of no moment.
FRUSLE'RO, adj. vain, frivolous, of no confequence.
FRUSTRACIO'N, f. f. fruftration, difappointment.
FRUSTRA'NEO, adj. vain, ufelefs.
FRUSTRA'R, v. a. to fruftate, to difappoint.
Fruftrár fe, v. r. to be difappointed.
FRUSTRATO'RIO, adj. ufelefs, vain.
FRU'TA, f. f. fruit.
Frúta tardía, fruit that is late.
Frúta de fartén, pancakes, fritters, or any fuch thing fried in a pan.
FRUTA'GES, f. m. pl. borders of fruit and flowers about a picture.
FRUTA'L, adj. fruitful.
FRUTA'R, v. n. to bring forth, or produce fruits.
FRUTE'RA, f. f. an apple-woman, a woman that fells fruit; alfo a fruitdish.
FRUTERI'A, f. f. the fruiterers office.
FRUTE'RO, f. m. a fruiterer; alfo a fine napkin to lay over fruit.
FRUTIE'R, f. m. the head or chief fruiterer.
FRUTI'FERO, adj. fruitful, that bears fruit.
FRUTIFICA'R, v. n. to grow fruitful, to bear fruit, to fructify.
FRUTI'LLA, f. f. diminutive of *fruta*.
FRUTILLA'R, f. m. the place where ftrawberries grow.
FRU'TO, f. m. fruit, product, increafe, profit, advantage.
FRUTUO'SO, adj. fruitful, beneficial, advantageous, profitable.
FRUXLE'RA, f. f. vide *FRUSLERA*.
FRUZLA'R, v. n. to jeer, to give biting words.
FRUZLERI'A, f. f. fcoffing biting words.

F U C

FU'CAR, f. m. a banker, a rich man.
FU'CIA, f. f. truft, confidence.

F U E

FUE'GO, f. m. fire.
Fuégo grifgo, or *gregulfco*, or *guirguéfco*, an inextinguishable fort

of fire, made with pitch, and other fierce and burning ingredients.

Fuégo de S. Anton, St. Anthony's fire.

Fuégo de alquitrán, a fire of a bitumen like pitch, that cannot be extinguished.

Fuégo de ladrónes, the fire that burns backwards towards the chimney; besides, fires made by robbers in woods, which they endeavour as much as they can to hide.

Fuégo de artificio, artificial fireworks.

Fuégos, sometimes taken for beacons fired to alarm the country.

Tañér a fuégo, to ring the bells backwards for fire.

Ser un fuégo, to be restless, always in motion, like a flame.

Dár fuégo, to strike fire. In the sea-language, it is to grave a ship; that is, to bring her to lie dry a-ground, and then burn off the old filth and stuff with reed, broom, or the like, and so to lay on new.

Hacér fuégo, to light fire; also to fire a gun.

A fuégo y a sángre, with fire and sword.

Lugár de mil fuégos, a town of one thousand houses, reckoning every fire a house.

Pondré las mános en el fuégo, I will put my hands in a fire. An asseveration, urging they will venture to put their hands into the fire, to prove the truth of what they say.

Prov. *No está bién el fuégo cábe las estópas*, fire does not do well near tow. The conversation or women is dangerous; it is not good jesting with edged tools.

Prov. *Essa es buéna que está al fuégo y no se quéma*, she is good who is close to the fire, and does not burn. It signifies, that she is truly a virtuous woman, who can withstand opportunity and temptation.

Prov. *Del fuégo te guardarás, y del hómbre no podrás*, you will preserve yourself from fire, and will not be able to do it from man. Fire is a less dangerous enemy than wicked men.

Prov. *Dónde fuégo se háce, húmo sále*, where fire is made, smoke comes out.

FUEGUECI'LLO, s. m. diminutive of *fuégo*.

FUE'LLE, s. m. bellows to blow the fire, or for an organ, &c.

FUELLEZUE'LO, s. m. small bellows.

FUE'N, s. m. a fountain, a spring.

FUE'NTE, s. f. a fountain, a spring; also an ewer to wash hands, a bason of water in a garden, or the like; also an issue.

FUENTECI'LLA, s. f. a little fountain.

FUENTECI'CA, s. f. a little spring, a little ewer, a little bason in a garden.

FUE'R, s. m. for *fuéro*; as.

Prov. *A fuér de Aragón, buén servicio, mal galardón*, according to the custom of Aragon, good service has a bad reward.

FUE'RA, adv. without, besides, more over; also, make way.

Estár fuéra, to be abroad, out of one's house.

Mándo a mi criádo fuéra de su salário, I bequeath to my servant over and above his wages.

FUE'RAS E'NDE, an old Spanish expression, in the ancient laws of Spain, signifying unless.

FUERCI'LLA, s. f. diminutive of *fuerza*.

FUE'RO, s. m. privilege, liberty, charter, ancient custom, practice of a place.

Fuéro júzgo, a volume ancient laws in Spain by the Gothic kings which are in force to this day.

Fuéros de Aragón, the laws and liberties of Aragon.

FUE'RTE, adj. strong, able, powerfull; subst. used, a fort or strong hold. In the mint, this term is used to express that the coin is rather above weight.

FUERTECI'LLO, s. m. a little fort.

FUERTEME'NTE, adv. strongly, forcibly, valiantly.

FUE'RZA, s. f. force, violence, strength; a fort, a strong hold.

Por fuérza de Dios, y del múndo, by divine and human means.

Prov. *A fuérza de villáno hiérro en medio*, against the strength of a clown, you must oppose iron; you must not think to oppose peasants by strength of arms or any thing less than a sword, or such like weapon.

FUE'SSA, s. f. obs. a ditch, a grave.

F U G

FU'GA, s. f. flight, running away, escape, overthrow; also great haste, as is usual in flight, a fuge, in musick.

FUGACIDA'D, s. f. swiftness, celerity.

FUGA'Z, adj. that is apt to run away or to be put to flight; also unsteady, unstable, not durable.

FUGI'R, v. n. obs. to fly, to run away.

FUGITI'VO, adj. fugitive, apt to run away; also a fugitive, a run-away slave, a deserter in an army.

F U I

FUI'NA, s. f. a kind of weasel, a small animal that eats pigeons.

F U L

FULANI'LLO, s. m. such a little one; speaking of a boy in contempt. Diminutive of *fuláno*.

FULA'NO, s. m. such a one.

FUL'GA, s. f. the fowl called a moorhen.

FULGE'NTE, adj. shining.

FU'LGIDO, adj. bright, shining.

FULGO'R, s. m. brightness.

FULGURA'R, v. n. to dart rays of light.

FULIDO'R, s. m. in cant, a thief who has boys to open doors for him at night.

FULLERI'A, f. f. sharping or cheating at play.

FULLERI'TO, f. m. diminutive of *fullero*.

FULLE'RO, f. m. a gamester, a sharper at play.

FULLO'NA, f. f. a quarrel or dispute among many persons.

FULMINACIO'N, f. f. a thundering.

FULMINA'DO, adj. that is concluded and has judgment given.

FULMINADO'R, f. m. a thunderer.

FULMINA'R, v. a. to conclude or put an end to a process, suit, or trial, to give judgment.

FULMI'NEO, adj. like thunder. Poetical.

FULMINO'SO, adj. that darts thunder and lightning. Poetical.

F U M

FUMA'R, v. a. to smoke.

FUMARA'DA, f. f. a great smoking.

FUMA'RIA, f. f. the herb fumitory, earth-smoke.

FUMI'FERO, adj. smoky, full of smoke.

FU'MO, f. m. vide *HU'MO*.

FUMORO'LAS, f. f. pl. certain cavities in the earth, which exhale a sulphureous smoke.

FUMOSIDA'D, f. f. smoking.

FUMO'SO, adj. smoky.

FUMUS TERRE, f. m. the plant fumitory.

F U N

FUNA'MBULO, f. m. a dancer on the rope, a rope-dancer.

FUNCIO'N, f. f. a function or employment; a feast or any public act, and among soldiers, a battle, skirmish or any engagement with the enemy. In physic, the office of any particular part of the body.

FU'NDA, f. f. a case to put any thing into, made of leather, cloth, or the like.

Fúnda de almohada, a pillow-bier.

FUNDACIO'N, f. f. a foundation; also the original; revenue setted and established for any purpose, particularly charity.

FUNDADAME'NTE, adv. upon a good foundation.

FUNDADO'R, f. m. founder.

FU'NDAGO, f. m. a magazine to put merchandize in.

FUNDAMENTA'L, adj. fundamental.

FUNDAMENTA'R, v. a. to lay a foundation; also to establish, to erect.

FUNDAME'NTO, f. m. a foundation, a ground to work upon; also original, rise; also the principal or essential reason.

FUNDA'R, v. a. to found, to lay a foundation.

Fundár su opinión, to ground one's opinion.

Fundár mayorázgo, to settle an estate of inheritance.

FUNDERI'A, f. f. a foundery: a casting-house, a place where they melt metal.

FUNDI'BLE, adj. that may be cast.

FUNDI'BULO, f. m. a large machine for throwing of stones.

FUNDICIO'N, f. f. melting, casting metal.

FUNDIDO'R, f. m. a founder.

FUNDI'R, v. a. to cast metal.

FUNDO, f. m. land or ground; a plat of ground with an house belonging to it, a country farm, a close or field; also a foundation or bottom.

FUNE'BRE, adj. mournful, sad, belonging to a funeral.

FUNEPE'NDULO, f. m. any thing hanging by a rope.

FUNERA'L, adj. belonging to a funeral.

FUNERA'LES, f. m. pl. the pomp or procession with which the dead are carried.

FUNE'REO. adj. mournful, sad, melancholy.

FUNESTA'R, v. a. to make sad or mournful.

FUNE'STO, adj. sad, mournful.

F U ñ

FUñADO'R, f. m. in cant, a mischief-maker, one that breeds quarrels.

FUñAR, v. a. in cant, to breed quarrels.

FUñO'NA, f. f. in cant, a fray, a quarrel.

F U R

FURE'NTE, adj. raging, furious.

FU'RIA, f. f. fury, rage, madness, precipitation; also one of the furies of hell poets talk of.

FURIBU'NDO, adj. furious, raving, outrageous, mad.

FURIOSAME'NTE, adv. furiously, outrageously.

FURIO'SO, adj. furious, outrageous, raving, mad.

FURLO'N, f. m. a chariot, a coach with four seats.

FURO'R, f. m. fury, rage, outrageousness.

Furór poético, a poetical rapture.

Furór uterino, a raging distemper in some women.

FURRIE'L, f. m. a barbinger, one that appoints lodgings.

FURRIE'R, f. m. a quarter-master general.

FURRIE'RA, f. f. the woman that takes charge of all the keys in the king's palace.

FURRIE'TA, f. f. a bravading.

FURTA'R, v. a. obf. vide *HURTA'R*.

FURTIVAME'NTE, adv. by stealth, clandestinely.

FURTI'VO, adj. done by stealth.

F U S

FUSA'DO, } adj. in heraldry,
FUSALA'DO, } after the manner of form of a spindle.

FU'SCA, f. f. a duck of a dark brown colour.

FUSCA'R, v. a. obf. to blacken, or obscure.

FU'SCO, adj. dark brown.

FUSI'L, f. m. a fusil.

FUSILA'ZO, s. m. a musquet-shot.

FUSILERI'A, s. f. a company of fusileers.

FUSILE'RO, s. m. a fusileer, a foot-soldier armed with a fire-lock.

FU'SO, s. m. in blasonry, any thing made in the form of a spindle.

FUSO'RIO, s. m. that belongs to founding; also the channel through which the metal runs in casting.

FUSTA, s. f. a small light sort of vessel; also wood sawed into thin leaves.

FUSTA'GA, s. f. the cable or great rope wherewith they hoist and lower the main-sail.

FUSTA'N, s. f. fustian, a kind of cloth made of cotton.

FUSTANCA'R, v. a. to beat with a stick.

FUSTA'NQUE, s. m. in cant, a cudgel.

FU'STE, s. m. is that which gives a thing its shape within, as the ribs do to a man's body, or any thing like.

Cósa de póco or *de múcho fúste*, a thing of little or much bulk or consequence.

Fúste de sílla, the tree of a saddle.

FUSTE'RO, s. m. one that cuts or saws out wood very thin.

FUSTE'TE, s. m. a sort of yellow dye.

FUSTIBA'L, } s. m. some sort
FUSTIVA'L, } of ancient, war-like musical instrument.

FUSTIGA'R, v. a. to cudgel, to bastinado, to beat with a cudgel.

F U T

FUTIL, adj. weak, feeble, infirm.

FUTILIDA'D, s. f. weakness, infirmity, simplicity.

FUTURA'RIO, adj. belonging to a thing which is to come.

FUTURICIO'N, s. f. futurity.

FUTU'RO, adj. that is to come. The future tense.

G

G, the feventh letter in the alphabet. In Spanish it is called *ge*, pronouncing it gutteral, before the *e* or *i*, as *genero*, *gigante*, Before the vowels *a*, *o*, *u*, it is pronounced as in English, *ga*, *go*, *gu*, as *gáno*, *gózo*, *gúfto*. Sometimes, to void a guttural, we intermix the letter *u* between the *g*, *e*, or *i*; as *guerra*, war; *guia*, a guide; *feguir*, to follow; *guifa*, manner.

G A B

GABA'CHO, f. m. a bafe, ignoble, vile, mean, defpicable, contemptible, and dirty man; a word ufed to ridicule the French.

GABA'N, f. m. a great loofe coat, clofe before, ufed by travallers and country people.

GABARDI'NA, f. f. a gabardine, a coarfe frock worn by country people.

GABA'RRA, f. f. a great veffel to unload ships, like a lighter, called a gabbard.

GABA'RRO, f. m. a difeafe belonging to horfes and other beafts; alfo the bad quality of cloth.

Gabárro, a miftake in cafting accounts.

GABA'TA, f. f. a wooden porringer.

GABA'ZA, f. f. a lewd woman.

GABA'ZO, f. m. the refufe of the fugar-canes when the virtue is extracted.

GABE'LA, f. f. a duty upon any commodity.

GABELE'RO, f. m. a gatherer of that duty.

GA'BIA, f. f. the round top of a ship.

GABI'LLA, f. f. vide *GAVI'LLA*.

GABINE'TE, f. m. a cabinet; alfo the king's cabinet council; alfo a private pretty room.

GABIO'N, f. m. a gabion, a great basket filled with earth to make a fortification or intrenchment.

GABO'TE, f. m. a game ufed among children with a battledore and shuttlecock.

GABURO'NES, f. m. pl. timbers that ftrengthen the mafts in ships.

G A C

GACE'LO, f. m. a wild goat.

GACE'TA, f. f. a gazette, a newspaper.

GA'CHAS, f. f. pl. hafty-pudding made of flower, water, butter, and honey.

GA'CHO, adj. fquatted down.

GACHO'N, f. m. an infant brought up with a great deal of tendernefs and delicacy.

G A D

GA'DO, f. m. a fish fo called.

GADO'ZE, the little fish called a gudgeon.

G A F

GAFA, f. f. the hook on the handle of a crofs-bow.

GAFA'R, v. a. to fnatch away fuddenly or violently, particularly with the nails, or with any thing that is hooked.

GAFARI', f. m. a very fweet fort of pomegranate.

GAFARRO'N, f. m. fort of finging bird much like a canary bird.

GAFEDA'D, f. f. crookednefs of the fingers, the hands benumbed with cold; alfo leprofy.

GAFETES, f. m. fmall gold buckles or ftuds ufed for ornament.

GAFETI', f. m. the herb called waterhemp.

GAFE'Z, f. f. vide *GAFEDA'D*.

GA'FO, adj. benumbed, crooked jointed, fick with a fort of leprofy that makes the joints ftand bent.

G A G

GA'GATES, f. m. jet; a beautiful foffil of a fine black colour.

GA'GES, f. f pl. pay, wages, hire; foldiers pay, fervants wages.

GAGI'O, f. m. gain, or profit.

GAGIS'CO, adj. *rabano gagifco*, a raddish that divides into feveral roots.

GAGO, adj. ftuttering, ftammering, fpeaking through the nofe.

G A I

GA'ITA, f. f. a bagpipe; alfo a fort of flute, and a fmall portable organ, fuch as they play on in they ftreets.

Gaita, a clyfter; and fometimes in burlefque, the neck or head.

Eftár de gaita, to be merry.

Templár la gaita, to appeafe one.

GAITEA'R, v. n. to play upon the bagpipe.

GAITERI'A, f. f. wantonnefs, foolish behaviour; alfo gaiety.

GAITE'RO, f. m. a bagpiper.

Gaitéro, adj. merry, jocund.

G A J

GA'JO, f. m. a fmall bunch of grapes or clufter of any fruit; alfo a part of a bunch of grapes broke off.

GAJO'SO, adj. full of fmall bunches of grapes or culfters of any fruit.

G A L

GAL, f. m. a fish called a date or goldfish.

GA'LA, f. f. a rich fplendid drefs, an habit of ceremony; alfo gracefulnefs, elegance of manners.

Dia de gála, a court-day, a birthday.

Hacér gála de una cofa, to boaft of.

A la gála, chearfully, merrily, briskly.

GALAFA'TE, f. m. a fubtle and wellknown thief.

GALAGA'LA, f. f. a composition, or mixture of hair and tar wherewith they cover all that part of the ship which is under water before they sheath it, that when the worm goes through the sheathing, it may not fasten upon the side of it.
GALAME'RO, adj. dainty, greedy of fine bits.
GALA'N, adj. fine, neat, gay, welldressed, airy; subst. used, a gallant.
GALANAME'NTE, adv. finely, gayly, briskly.
GALANCE'TE, f. m. a little spark or gallant.
GALANE'Z, f. f. finery, gaiety, briskness, fine dress.
GALA'NGA, f. f. a plant so called.
GALANI'A, f. f. finery gaiety.
GALA'NO, adj. fine, airy, gay; also witty, convenient.
GALA'NTE, adj. gallant, free, noble, gay; also handsome, beautiful.
GALANTEA'DOR, f. m. one who courts a lady, a gallant.
GALANTEA'R, v. a. to court.
GALANTEME'NTE, adv. liberally, courteously, gallantly.
GALANTE'O, f. m. courtship.
GALANTERI'A, f. f. gallantry; fine show.
GALANU'RA, f. f. fine ornament.
GALA'PAGO, f. m. a snail, a periwinkle; most properly a tortoise.
GALA'PO, f. m. a frame used by ropemakers.
GALA'R, v. a. in cant, to win.
GALARDO'N, f. m. a reward.
GALADONADO'R, f. m. a rewarder.
GALARDONA'R, v. a. to reward, to requite.
GALARI'N, f. m. a multiplication of numbers; also a disappointment in calculating.
GALAVA'RDO, f. m. a long slouching fellow.
GALA'XIA, f. f. the galaxy or milky way.
GALBA'NA, f. f. a small pulse less than pease; laziness, sloth.
GALBANA'DO, adj. anointed with galbanum.
GALBANE'RO, adj. lazy, idle, slothful.
GA'LBANO, f. m. a fat juice betwixt a gum and a resin.
GALDRE, f. m. a great loose coat.
GALE'A, f. f. obf. a galley.
GALEA'ZA, f. f. a galeas, a heavy low-built vessel, with both sails and oars.
GALEA'R, v. n. obf. to take much upon one, to act great.
GALE'O, f. m. a sword-fish.
GALEO'N, f. m. a galeon.
GALEONCI'LLO, f. m. diminutive of *galeon*.
GALEO'TA, f. f. a galliot, a light vessel.
GALEO'TE, f. m. a galley-slave.
GALE'RA, f. f. a galley; it is also taken for a long waggon, as it were a land-galley.
Galéra, a house of correction for prostitutes.
Estár en gáleras, to be plagued, vexed; to suffer great pains.
GALERE'RO, f. m. the master of a long waggon.
GALERI'A, a gallery; in fortification, a passage made across the ditch.
GALERI'STA, f. m. a marine or soldier aboard a galley.
GALERI'TA, f. f. a small bird so called.
GALE'RNO, f. m. the north-west, or north-east wind, a wind which brings rain.
GALFA'RRO, } f. m. a catchpole; also a scoundrel; a great looby lazy fellow.
GALFARRO'N, }
GA'LGA, f. f. a greyhound bitch.
GA'LGAS, f. f. pl. stones cast from any place defended, upon an enemy; also the itch, or scab.
GA'LGO, f. m. a greyhound; metaph. a lank fellow.
Prov. *A gálgo viéjo echále liébre, no conéjo*, slip an old greyhound after a hare, not after a rabbit; that is, put men of experience to the most difficult tasks.
Prov. *Á la lárga el gálgo a la liébre máta*, at the long run the greyhound kills the hare. Perseverance overcomes all difficulties.
Prov. *Gálgo que muchas liébres lévanta, ningúna mata*, the greyhound that puts up many hares, kills none. He who undertakes, too much business, does none.
GALGUE'ÑO, adj. lank as a greyhound.
GA'LGULO, f. m. a fabulous bird.
GALI'BO, f. m. a table or register of the building of ships.
GALI'CO, f. m. the French pox.
GALI'MA, f. f. in cant, booty, illgotten goods.
GALI'NDO, adj. thick and gouty; said of the ancle.
GA'LIO, f. m. cheese-rennet, a plant.
GALIO'PSIS, f. f. a kind of nettle.
GALIZA'BRA, f. f. a sort of smal vessel used in the Streights.
GALLADU'RA, f. f. the seed or tread of the cock.
GALLA'RDA, f. f. the galliard, an old dance; a sort of music.
GALLARDAME'NTE, adv. pleasantly, briskly.
GALLARDEA'R, v. n. to be merry, to frolick, to be fine and gay.
GALLARDE'TES, f. m. pl. pendants, or streamers or ships.
GALLARDI'A, f. f. pleasantness, gaiety, liveliness, gracefulness, also courage, spirit, boldness; also liberality, generosity, munificence.
GALLAR'DO, adj. graceful, pleasant, gay, lively, brisk, genteel; also valiant, bold, and liberal; generous.
GALLARE'TA, f. f. a widgeon.
GALLARI'N, f. m. a manner of reckoning, which consists in doubling each number as you go on.
GALLARU'ZA, f. f. a sort of coat with a cape to it worn by country people.
GALLEA'R, v. n. to play the cock when one is but a chick; to endeavour to look like a man before one's time, or to bully

and show courage, when a man has none; to play upon one who is to take his degrees.

GALLE'GA, f. f. a plant like lentils.

GALLEGA'DA, f. f. a company of Gallicians.

GALLE'TA, f. f. a cruit or little bottle for wine, vinegar, or oil.

GALLICI'NIO, f. m. the crowing of a cock.

GALLI'LLO, f. m. the uvula, the weezle or little tongue at the entrance of the throat.

GALLI'NA, f. f. a hen; a coward.

Gallina ciéga, a wood-cock; alfo a venomous blind worm called a flow worm or blind worm; alfo the play called blind man's buff among children.

Gallina ponedéra, a hen that lays.

Gallina aſſentadéra, a hen that is fitting.

Gallina Moriſca, a Guinea hen.

Gallina de India, a turkey hen.

Gallina de rio, a moor hen.

Gallina gluéca, a broody hen.

Prov. *Viva la gallina, y viva con ſu pepita*, let the hen live though she ftill have the pip. Better a creature should live, though infirm, than die.

GALLINA'TA, f. f. a great hen; alfo hen's dung.

GALLINERI'A, f. f. a poultry, a place where the hens are fold.

GALLINE'RO, f. m. a poulterer; alfo a hen-rooft or a coop to keep hens in.

GALLINE'TA, f. f. a young hen, a pullet.

Gallinéta ciéga, the bird called a fnipe.

GALLINO'SO, adj. cowardly, fearful, pufillanimous.

GALLIPA'VO, f. m. a turkey cock.

GALLIPUE'NTE, f. m. a little oper bridge.

GALLI'TO, f. m. a young cockerel; a young ftrutting amorous beau.

GALLIU'DA, f. f. a fort of dog-fifl called a fea-hind.

GA'LLO; f. m. a cock; alfo a fort of fish fo called.

Gállo de India, a turkey cock.

Prov. *El mozo, y el gállo un año*, a fervant and a cock muft be kept but a year.

Prov. *El que ſólo ſe cóme ſu gállo, ſolo ensilla ſu cabállo*, he who eats his cock alone, faddles his horfe alone; that is, he who invites no body when he fares well, will have no body to help him upon need.

Prov. *Oyò en gállo cantár, y no ſúpo en que muladár*, he heard the cock crow, and knew not on what dunghill. Said of thofe who blurt out fome piece of learning they do not underftand, and know not where they had it.

Prov. *Cáda gállo cánta en ſu muladár, y la gallina por tódo el lugár*, every cock crows on his own dunghill, and the hen all about the town. Men generally talk where they have authority, but women's tongues run every where.

GALLOBO'SQUE, f. m. a moor-cock.

GALLOCRE'STA, f. f. the herb called clary.

GALLO'FA, f. f. a piece of bread for a beggar; alfo any fort of green herbs, as fallad, &c.

Gallófa, the idle life of beggars; alfo a little tail.

GALLOFEA'R, v. n. to beg.

GALLOFE'RO, } f. m. a beggar.
GALLO'FO, }

GALLO'N, f. m. a turf.

GALLONA'DA, f. f. a wall made with turf.

GA'LLOS, f. m. pl. sharp, witty jefts, and repartees the profeffors ufe to play upon one another without offence, in the Spanish univerfities, when they confer degrees.

GALLU'DA, f. f. a fort of fish.

GALO'N, f. m. a galloon of any fort, filk, filver, or gold.

GALONEADU'RA, f. f. the work done with galloons of filver, gold, or filk.

GALONEA'R, v. a. to lace, to adorn with gold, or filver textures fewed on.

GALO'CHA, f. f. a wooden shoe; alfo a coarfe woollen cap.

GALOPA'R, v. n. to gallop.

GALO'PE, f. m. the gallop of a horfe.

GALOPEADO'RA, f. f. in cant, a whore.

GALOPEA'R, v. n. to gallop as a horfe does.

GALOPE'O, f. m. a gallop.

GALOPI'N, f. m. a cabin-boy or fwabber; alfo a fcullion, a kitchen-drugde.

GALOPO, f. m. vide *GALOPIN*.

G A M

GA'MA, f. f. a doe, a fallow-deer.

GAMA'RRA, f. f. a martingal.

GAMARTU'LI, f. m. a fort of deformed thing that lives in the fea, but has not the shape of any fish.

GAMA'RZA, f. f. the herb called oxeye.

GA'MBA, f. f. a leg. Not ufed.

GAMBA'DA, f. f. a skip, a caper cut in the air.

GAMBALU'A, f. m. a tall, thin, weack man.

GA'MBARO, f. m. a crab-fish.

GAMBAX, f. m. a coat worn in ancient times.

GAMBE'TA, f. f. a quick and fudden motion of the feet in dancing.

Gambétas de mar, the little fish called many feet.

GAMBI'NO, f. m. a pent-houfe to keep off the rain.

GAMBO'X, f. m. a child's cap.

GAMBU'XA, f. f. a child's biggin that wraps about the head.

GAME'LLA, f. f. that part of the yoke which lies on the ox's neck.

GAMETRI'A, f. f. a fuperftitious tranfpofition of words, as in compofing an anagram.

GA'MMA, f. m. in mufick is the gamut; the Greek letter fo called.

GA'MO, f. m. the fallow deer.

GAME'SNO, f. m. diminutive of *gámo*, a fawn.

GAMO'N, f. m. the plant afphodil.

GAMONA'L, f. m. the place where the afphodil grows.
GAMONI'LLA, f. f. the flower of afphodil.
GAMONITA'L, f. m. a bed of afphodil.
GAMONI'TO, f. m. a fpot of ground where the plant afphodil grows.
Gamonito, f. m. the plant afphodil.
GAMU'ZA, f. f. shamois leather, and the wild goat it is taken from.
GAMUZA'DO, adj. of the colour of shamois leather.

G A N

GA'NA, f. f. will, defire, appetite, inclination, ftomach.
De buéna gána, with a good will, with all my heart.
Tenér gána, to have a mind.
Comér con gána, to eat with an appetite.
GANADERI'A, f. f. a multitude of flocks or herds.
GANADE'RO, f. m. a herdfman, a drover, a grafier, any one that looks to cattle.
GANADI'LLO, *GANADI'TO*, f. m. diminutive of *ganádo*.
GANA'DO, f. m. cattle of any fort.
Ganádo ovejúno, sheep.
Ganádo vacúno, kine, black cattle.
Ganádo mayór, kine, oxen, cows.
Ganàdo porcùno, *Ganàdo de cérda*, fwine.
Que buen ganàdo! what a good herd!
Ganàdo, lice; burlefque.
GAÑADO'R, f. m. one who gains.
GANA'FA, f. f. an earthen pot to make fire in, not quite round, but a little flatted on the fides, fo that it looks like an open mouth.
Parecia riéndofe ganáfa, when she laughed she looked like a firepan, becaufe she had a monftrous great mouth.
GANA'NCIA, f. f. profit, gain.
Hijò de ganáncia, a baftard child.
GANANCIO'SO, adj. profitable, gainful.
GANAPA'N, f. m. a porter that carries burdens.
GANAPIE'RDE, f. m. a game at cards fo called.
GANA'R, v. a. to get, to gain, to win, to conquer.
Ganàr el barlovento, (a fea-term) to get the wind; alfo to be fuperior to one in fomething.
Ganár el pléito, to carry one's caufe.
Ganàr el terréno, to get ground; alfo to gain one's friendship or good will.
Ganàr la boa, to prevail upon or with one, to make him yield.
Ganàr la garúpa, to over-reach one.
Ganàr la vida, to get one's life.
Ganàr tierra, to obtain a good fuccefs in bufinefs.
GANCHE'RO, f. m. he who guides the timber floathing in the water.
GA'NCHO, f. m. any fort of hook; alfo a branch in a ftag's horn, and a crook or sheep's hook.
Gàncho, f. m. an allurer, entirer, enveigler; alfo a pimp.
GANCHO'SO, adj. hooked, branched.
GANDALI'N, f. m. a fervant.
GANDA'YA, f. f. lazinefs, flothfulnefs; alfo roguery.
GANDI'DO, adj. deceived, corrupted, depraved.
GANDI'R, v. a. to eat, to devour, to confume.
GANDUJA'R, v. a. to shrink up, to crouch.
GANFO'RRO, adj. wicked, roguish, villainous.
GA'NGA, f. f. a water-fowl, fomewhat lefs than a hen; alfo a fnuffling in the nofe, or fpeaking through the nofe.
Prov. *Andár a caça de gángas*, to go a shooting water-fowls. To labour in vain.
GA'NGO, f. m. the barnacle of a horfe.
GANGO'SO, adj. one that fnuffles or fpeaks through the nofe.
GANGRE'NA, f. f. gangrene, mortification.
GANGRENA'RSE, v. r. to be troubled with a gangrene or mortification.
GANGRENO'SO, adj. of, or belonging to a gangrene.
GANGUEA'R, v. n. to fnuffle, to fpeak through the nofe.
GANGUI'L, f. m. a great bark ufed for fishing.
GANIVE'TE, f. m. a pen-knife; alfo a shepherd's or kitchen-knife.
GANO'SO, adj. willing, that has a good ftomach.
GA'NSA, f. f. a goofe.
GANSAÑO'TE, f. m. a grashopper.
GANSARO'N, f. m. a young goofe; alfo a tall lean man.
GA'NSO, f. m. a gander.
GA'NTES, f. m. a fort of linen fo called.
GANZU'A, f. f. a picklock, an inftrument to pick locks.
GANZUA'R, v. a. to pick a lock.

G A Ñ

GAÑA'N, f. m. a hired ploughman, or herdfman; a ruftick.
Comér cómo un gáñán, to eat like a ploughman.
GAÑANI'A, f. f. a company of herdfmen.
GAÑI'L, f. m. vide *GAÑO'N*.
GAÑI'R, v. n. to yelp, to bark, to howl as a dog or a fox does when hurt.
GAÑIVE'TE, f. m. a shepherd's knife; alfo a pen-knife.
GAÑO'N, f. m. the throat, the gullet, the crap, crop, or gorge; a devouring fellow.
GAÑ'OTE, f. m. the throat, the windpipe.
GAÑOSAME'NTE, adv. willingly, with a good ftomach.

G A O

GA'O, f. m. in cant, a loufe.

G A R

GARABATA'DA, f. m. the throwing of a hook.

GARABATEA'R, v. n. to throw the hook to catch any thing.

Garabateár, v. a. to fcrible, to write ill or unskilfully as children do.

GARABATI'LLO, f. m. a little hook.

GARABA'TO, f. m. a hook to hang meat on, a pothook, or any fuch fort of hook.

Mozo de garabáto, a thief, a robber.

GARABATO'SO, adj. enticing, alluring, wheedling, coaxing.

GARABE'RO, f. m. in cant, the thief who ufes a hook to open doors, chefts, &c.

GARA'BO, f. m. in cant, the hook the thiefs make ufe of.

GARA'FA, f. f. vide *GARRA'FA*.

GARAMBAI'NA, f. f. a fuperfluous finery in drefs; alfo grimaces or ridiculous geftures.

GARAMO'N, } f. m. a ftallion
GARAñO'N, } horfe, or afs; a lafcivious man.

GARA'NTE, f. m. a guarantee.

GARANTI'A, f. f. the action of guarantying.

GARA'NZAS, f. f. pl. a fort of herb ufed to dye red.

GARAPI'ñA, f. f. a freezing or congealing of any liquor by ice; alfo a fort of gold and filver laces.

Bizcochos de garapiña, a kind of fine and delicate bifcuit.

GARAPIñA'R, v. a. to congeal any liquid by ice.

GARAPIñE'RA, f. f. a veffel of copper ufed for the *garapiña*.

GARAPI'TA, f. f. a thick net to catch the fmalleft fish.

GARAPI'TO, f. m. a little infect like the tick in sheep.

GARAPU'LLO, f. m. a little dart ufed among fchool-boys, made with a pin and paper ftuck at top inftead of feathers.

GARATRO'NIO, f. m. a fort of precious ftone.

GARATU'SA, f. f. wantonnefs.

Dar garatúsa, to take in all the cards at the game called *chilindron*, and leave the reft without any.

GARAVANCI'LLOS, f. m. the plant called milk-vetch.

GARAVA'TO, f. m. vide *GARABA'TO*, any fort of hook.

Hacér garavátos y efcaravájos, to make pot-hooks and hangers in writing.

GARAVE'RO, f. m. a thief that reaches things with a hook.

GARAVI'TO, f. m. a hut, a shelter from the weather.

GARA'VO, f. m. in cant, a hook.

GARBA, f. f. a bundle of sheaves tied together.

GARBANZA'L, f. m. a field where the peafe grow.

GARBA'NZO, f. m. a fort of peafe.

GARBANZUE'LO, f. m. a kind of diftemper in the feet of beafts.

GARBA'R, } v. a. to form or
GARBEAR, } make the *garba*.

Garbeár, in cant, to gripe, to lay hold of, to take away.

GARBI'AS, f. f. pl. a kind of fritters.

GARBEJE'AR, v. a. to make odd geftures.

GARBILLA'DO, adj. fanned like corn; garbled.

GARBILLADO'R, f. m. a winower of wheat.

GARBILLA'R, v. a. to fan corn, to cleanfe any thing by shaking it, to garble.

GARBI'LLO, f. m. a fieve to winnow corn with.

GARBI'N, f. m. vide *GARVI'N*.

GARBI'NO, f. m. the fouthweft wind.

GARBO, f. m. the bulk of any thing, the form, the fashion, the countenance, the behaviour, the air or mien.

GARBO'SO, adj. of a good air, or mien, of an elegant behaviour.

GARBU'LLO, f. m. a confufed huddle of people, as when fcrambling for any thing.

GARCE'RO, f. m. the perfon who catches herons.

GA'RCES, f. m. vide *GA'BIA*.

GARCE'TAS, f. f. the antlers of a deer; alfo heron's feathers, formerly worn; alfo a great head of hair, or rather falfe locks formerly worn as a token of nobility.

GA'RDA, f. f. in cant, a change.

GA'RDO, f. m. in cant, a lad.

GARDADE'RO, f. m. obf. a keeper of the wardrobe.

GARDA'R, v. a. in cant, to truck.

GARDARO'PA, f. m. vide *GUARDARO'PA*.

GARDI'LLO, f. m. in cant, a boy.

GARDECO'RPS, f. m. an old-fashioned garment like a great loofe coat: a furtout.

GARDI'NGO, f. m. obf. the captain of the guard.

GARDU'ñA, f. f. a fort of fmall fox.

GARDU'ñO, f. f. a fubtle, cunning, artful thief.

GA'RFA, f. f. a crooked nail, claw, or talon.

GARFA'DA, } f. f. a catching
GARFEA'DA, } any thing with claws or talons.

GARFEA'R, v. a. to hook, to catch, to lay hold of with a hook or grapple.

GARFI'ñA, f. f. in cant, theft.

GARFIñA'R, v. a. in cant, to fteal.

GA'RFIO, f. m. a hook, a grapple, the fluke of an anchor.

GARGAGEA'R, v. n. to fpit out thick phlegm, to fpit glanders.

GARGAGE'O, f. m. a fpitting of thick phlegm.

GARGAGIE'NTO, adj. that is full of phlegm, that fpits naftily.

GARGAGI'LLO, f. m. a little fniveling, impudent boy.

GARGAJA'L, f. m. a place full of fpittle.

GARGAJA'ZO, f. m. augment, of *gargájo*.

GARGAJEA'R, v. n. vide *GARGAGEA'R*.

GARGAJIE'NTO, adj. vide *GARGAGIE'NTO*.

GARGAJI'LLO, ſ. m. vide *GARGAGI'LLO.*
GARGA'JO, ſ. m. a clod of phlegm, a glander.
GARGAJO'SO, adj. that is hawking and ſpitting of phlegm.
GARGAMI'LLON, ſ. m. in cant, the body.
GARGA'NTA, ſ. f. the throat.
Hacér gargánta, among muſicians, to ſing ſweet and fine.
Pondré la gargánta, I will pawn my neck.
Gargánta de mónte, a narrow paſs on a mountain.
Gargánta de piérna, the ham of the leg.
Gargánta del piè, the ancle.
GARGANTA'DA, ſ. f. a piece of bread of any other thing that is hawked up.
GARGANTEA'DOR, ſ. m. the perſon who quavers or ſhakes notes in ſinging.
GARGANTEADU'RAS, ſ. f. pl. among ſailors, the ſutures by which the ſails are patched up.
GARGANTEA'R, v. a. to qua-ver with the voice; in cant, to confeſs upon the rack.
GARGANTE'O, ſ. m. a quavering or ſhaking of the voice.
GARGANTE'Z, } ſ. f. greedi-
GARGANTE'ZA, } neſs.
GARGANTI'LLA, ſ. f. a necklace.
GARGANTO'N, ſ. m. a glutton.
GARGANTONERI'A, ſ. f. gluttony.
GA'RGARA, ſ. f. the noiſe made in washing or gorgling the throat.
GA'RGARI'SMO, ſ. m. a gargariſm, a washing of the throat.
GARGARIZA'R, v. n. to gargle, to wash the throat.
GARGAVE'RO, ſ. m. vide *GARGUE'RO.*
GARGO'L, adj. rotten; only applied to eggs.
GARGO'LA, ſ. f. linſeed; alſo a groove in a board for another to join in it.
Gargola, ſ. f. ſpouts in great houſes made in the ſhape of lions, bears, or other beaſts' heads, which the rainwater runs through.
GARGUE'RO, ſ. m. the gullet.
GARIO'FILO, ſ. m. a clove-tree.
GARI'TA, ſ. f. a ſentinel's box. In cant, a houſe.
GARITE'RO, ſ. m. one that keeps a gaming houſe; alſo a gameſter; and, in cant, a concealer of thieves.
GARI'TO, ſ. m. a gaming-houſe.
GARITO'N, ſ. m. in cant, a chamber.
GA'RLA, ſ. f. in cant, prattle, tattling.
GARLADO'R, ſ. m. who prattles or talks too much.
GARLA'R, v. n. to prate, to tattle.
GARLI'TO, ſ. m. a bow-net, or wicker-wheel to catch fish in; alſo a pannier or basket to carry corn in; alſo a ſnare or any thing by which one is entangled.
GA'RLO, ſ. m. chat, talk.
GARLO'CHA, ſ. f. dart, javelin, arrow, shaft.
GARLO'N, ſ. m. a prating fellow; in cant, an informer.
GARLO'PA, ſ. f. a joiner's tool called a long plane, ſerving to plane boards.
GARNA'CHA, ſ. f. an ancient ſort of upper garment or gown, worn only by dignified perſons.
Caballéro de la garnácha, a footman.
GARNIE'L, ſ. m. a pouch, a hawkingbag.
GARO, ſ. m. a kind of lobſter; alſo pickle.
Gáro, in cant, a town, or village.
GA'RRA, ſ. f. a clutch, a claw, a talon; it is alſo a high ſort of veſſel; alſo the and of a perſon.
Gente de la gárra, thieves.
Echár la gárra, to lay hold of, to faſten on.
GARRA'FA, ſ. f. a kind of bottle.
GARRAFA'DO, adj. grappled, hooked.
GARRAFA'L, adj. uncommonly big.
GARRAFA'R, v. a. to grapple, to catch hold of.
GARRAFIñA'R, v. a. to ſnatch any thing with the claws.
GARRA'MA, ſ. f. a cant word for ſtealing; alſo a duty formerly paid.
GARRAMA'R, v. a. to levy the aforeſaid duty; in cant, to ſteal.
GARRA'NCHA, ſ. f. in cant, a ſword.
GARRA'NCHO, ſ. m. a dung-fork; a ſcraper to ſcrape dirt; a thorn.
GARRAñO'N, ſ. m. a ſtallion horſe or as.
GARRAPA'TA, ſ. f. a tick, or filthy inſect that ſticks cloſe to the skin of sheep, dogs, and other creatures; a very short man; a thief-taker, a thief-catcher.
GARRAPATEA'R, v. a. to ſcribble, or write careleſly.
GARRAPA'TO, ſ. m. an inſect ſo called.
GARRA'R, v. a. (a ſea-term) to drag the anchor when it gives way.
GARREA'R, v. a. to drive: that is, when an anchor does not hold faſt, and the ship drags it away.
GARRIDAME'NTE, adv. gaily, finely, airily, neatly.
GARRIDE'Z, ſ. f. gayneſs, airineſs, neatneſs.
GARRI'DO, adj. gay, airy, neat, clever, pleaſant, weel-shaped.
GARRI'LLAS, ſ. f. pl. little claws or talons; alſo the fur of the feet of ſables or ſuch like creatures.
GARRI'R, v. n. to be fine, pleaſant, gay.
GARRO'BA, ſ. f. the fruit called a carobe.
GARROBI'LLA, ſ. f. a ſort of ſerge of a light murrey colour.
GARRO'BO, ſ. m. the carobe-tree.

GARROCHA.

GARRO'CHA, f. f. a fort of dart or goad to prick the bulls with at the bull-feafts.

GARROCHA'R, v. a. to punch and fret the bull with the *garró-cha*.

GARROCHO'N, f. m. the fpear with which they that ride at bulls in the bull-feafts are armed.

GARRO'FA, f. f. vide *ALGARRO'BA*.

GARROFA'L, adj. big in its kind.

GARRO'N, f. m. the upper part of a bird's talons where they join to the toe.

GARROTA'ZO, f. m. a ftroke with a ftick or cudgel.

GARRO'TE, f. m. a cudgel; alfo the short ftick with which carriers wind the cord that binds their pack.

Dar garróte, to ftrangle; alfo to rack.

Guárdate de juan garróte, have a care of a cudgel.

Tréffo cómo un garróte, as ftiff as a ftake.

GARROTI'LLO, f. m. a short cudgel; alfo a quinzy in the throat.

GARROVA'L, f. m. vide *ALGARROVA'L*.

GARRO'VO, f. m. vide *ALGARRO'BO*.

GARRU'CHA, f. f. a pulley.

GARRU'CHOS, f. m. pl. pullies; alfo ropes to faften the fails with.

GARRU'DO, adj. that has talons like a bird of prey or wild beaft.

GARRULO, adj. prating, babbling, talkative; alfo chattering or chirping as birds.

GARU'LLA, f. f. a company of poor mean people.

GARULLO'N, f. m. in cant, a goalkeeper.

GARRU'VIA, f. f. peafe for pigeons.

GARTI'JA, f. f. vide *LAGARTI'JA*.

GARU'A, f. f. a fort of thick fog, a thick, but fmall mizling rain.

GARVANZA'L, f. m. a field where the peafe called *garvánzos* grow.

GARVA'NZO, f. m. a fort of peafe.

GARVI'N, f. m. a cap made of a fort of network.

GARU'LLA, f. f. in cant, grapes.

GA'RVO, f. m. vide *GA'RBO*.

GARYOPHYLA'TA, f. f. the gilliflower.

GARYOPHYLE'A, f. f. an herb fo called.

GA'RZA, f. f. the bird called a heron.

GARZE'RA, f. f. a place where herons breed.

GARZE'TA, f. f. a plume of herons feathers; alfo a way of parting the hair which was on one fide of the forehead.

GA'RZO, f. m. agarick; a drug of ufe in phyfic and in dying.

Gárzo, adj. blue-eyed.

GARZO'N, f. m. a young able man.

GARZONEA'R, v. n. to play the youth, to act as a young fellow.

GARZONI'A, f. f. manners of a young perfon.

Andár en garzonías, to act like a young fellow.

GARZO'TA, f. f. a fmall kind of heron fo called.

G A S

GASA'JA, f. f. obf. a kind of reception, an obliging entertainment.

GASAJA'DO, adj. vide *AGASAJA'DO*.

GASA'JO, f. m. vide *AGASA'JO*.

GASANHO'TE, f. m. a locuft, a great grafhopper.

GASA'POS, f. m. green peafe in the cod.

GASPA'CHO, f. m. a fort of foop or foupe maigre made with oil, vinegar, water, falt, and fpice.

GASSA, f. f. gauze.

GASTADO'R, f. m. a fpendthrift; alfo a pioneer.

GASTAMIE'NTO, f. m. fpending or wafting.

GASTA'R, v. a. to fpend, to wear; to wafte; to fpoil.

Gaftár tiémpo en bálde, to labour in vain.

Gaftár la cortesía, either to be impertinently civil, or to oblige others to be uncivil.

Gaftár la salúd, to impair one's health by living diforderly.

Gaftár los azéros, to wear out the edge; to dull the brain with too much ftudy.

Gaftár de bólsa agéna, to fpend of another man's purfe.

No gaftár lá comida, not to digeft one's meat.

Gaftá se una mercaduría, to fell well, to be in vogue.

Prov. *Lo múcho se gáfta, y lo póco báfta*, much is fpent, and little fuffices.

GA'STO, f. m. expence, charge, coft, confumption.

G A T

GA'TA, f. f. a she cat; alfo the ftem of a galley, and the top of a maft.

Hacér de la gáta de juan hurtádo, or de la gáta muérta, to counterfeit, to play the hypocrite.

Prov. *No éches la gáta en a cáma, ò no la acozés después de echáda*, do not lay the cat on you bed, or do not kick her off when laid; that is, take not a mean woman to wife, or if your do, ufe her not ill afterwards.

Prov. *Azótan a la gáta, si no hila nuéftra áma*, they whip the cat if our miftrefs does not fpin. One fuffers for the faults of another.

Prov. *Hacér fiéftas a la gáta, y faltáros ha à la cára*, make much of the cat, and she will fly in your face. If you are too kind to unworthy perfons, they will foon be ungrateful.

Ir a gátas, to creep on all four like a cat.

GATA'DA, f. m. a fcratching as cats do; alfo a cheat, a fraud.

Dar gatáda, to cheat, to steal, and get off as cats do.

GATAFU'RA, s. f. a kind of pie made with herbs and cream.

GATATU'MBA, s. f. pretence, dissimulation, fiction.

GATA'ZO, s. m. augm. of *gáto*.

Dar gatázos, to steal, to deceive, to cheat.

GATEAMIE'NTO, s. m. a scratching like a cat.

GATEA'R, v. n. to creep on all fours or rather to climb like a cat; also to steal and run away.

GATE'AR, s. f. a hole for a cat to creep in and out; also the herb catmint.

GATERI'A, s. f. a parcel of cats.

GATE'SCO, adj. of, or belonging to a cat.

GATICI'DA, s. m. the man who kills cats.

GATI'CO, s. m. a little cat.

GATIFE'RO, adj. that has the likeness of a cat.

GATI'LLO, s. m. a little cat, a kitten; also the trigger of a gun, and the instrument to draw teeth with; also a lump of flesh that grows on the neck of some mules so called; it is also a little boy who picks pockets.

GATI'LLO CA'STO, s. m. vide *AGNO CA'STO*.

GATI'LLOS, s. m. pl. the herb cammock, or ground-furze.

GA'TO, s. m. a cat; also a pilfering fellow or small thief; also a purse, because they used to make them of cats-skins; an artful subtle thief; also an engine used to lift up burdens.

Gáto montés, a cat-a-mountain.

Gáto de algália, a civet-cat.

Gáto cervál, a cat with a skin mottled like a deer.

Gáto paut, a monkey.

Gáto de agúa, a trap of a loose board with one end hanging over a kettle, or a pan of water, to catch mice; so called, because it does the part of a cat.

Ojó de gáto, cat's eye, a sort of [pre]cious stone.

Echár el gatò a las bárbas, to shake off any danger upon another.

Vivir cómo gátos y pérros, to live like cats and dogs, always at variance.

No hacér mal a un gáto, to be peaceable and harmless, not to hurt a cat.

Vendér gáto por liébre, to sell a cat instead of a hare; to put a cheating commodity upon a man.

Andár cómo gátos por Hebréro, to be like cats in February; to be caterwawling.

Veámos quien lleva el gáto al agúa, let us see who will carry the cat to the water; that is, let us see who will have the best on't.

Prov. *Por fálta de gáto está la cárne en el garábato*, the meat is on the hook, because there is no cat. Applied to persons who are not lewd for want of opportunity.

Prov. *Al gáto por ser ladrón, no le éches de tu mansión*, do not turn the cat out of your house for being a thief, because it is the nature of them all, and it will make you and your servants careful to lay up your meat.

GATU'NO, adj. cattish.

GATUPE'RIO, s. m. a confused mixture of liquors.

G A U

GAUDEA'MUS, s. m. mirth, joy, kind entertainment.

GAUDE'TE, s. m. idem.

G A V

GAVA'CHO, a nick-name by which they call the French in contempt.

GAVA'N, s. m. vide *GABA'N*.

GAVA'NCO, s. m. a dog-brier.

GAVE'LA, s. f. vide *GABE'LA*.

GAVE'TA, s. f. a draw in a cabinet, or the like.

GA'VIA, s. f. the round-top on a ship's mast; also a cage or such a place where they shut up mad people.

GAVIE'RO, s. m. the sailor who has the care of the *gábia*.

GAVIE'TA, s. f. the place on the smaller masts where sailors get to keep a look out.

GAVIE'TE, s. m. a particular beam or wooden engine used on board ships to shift an anchor upon occasion.

GAVI'LA, s. f. a sheaf of corn, a brush to burn, or the like.

GAVILA'N, s. m. a sparrow-hawk, also the herb called groundsel; or the down of thistle-blossoms.

Gavilánes de Espáda, the two cross-bars in the great Spanish sword-hilts.

Gaviláes de la plúma, the nib of a pen.

GAVILANCI'LLO, s. m. a little sparrow-hawk.

GAVI'LLA, s. f. a faggot, a bavin, a bundle of small wood; also a wheat-sheaf; a pack of knaves.

GAVILLA'DA, s. f. in cant, is what a thief picks up or gathers.

GAVILLADO'R, s. m. one that makes faggots or binds up any thing in that nature; a binder of corn at harvest.

GAVILLA'R, v. a. to make faggots, to bind any thing in that nature, to bind corn.

GAVILLE'RO, s. m. the place where the faggots or bavins are put.

GAVIO'N, s. m. a hand-barrow, to carry any thing between two; also the broad brims of a hat.

GAVIO'TA, s. f. a sea-gull, a sea-cob.

G A Y

GA'YA, s. f. a belt, or girdle of different colours.

Gáya, s. f. in cant, a whore.

GAYA'DO, s. m. a coat made of pieces of various colours.

GAYADU'RA, s. f. trimming, making fine or gay.

GAYA'N, s. m. a ruffian, a blustering fellow.

GAYA'R, v. a. to trim, make fine, or gay with many colours.

GAYA'TA, f. f. a shepherd's hook; alfo an old man's walking-ftaff.

GA'YO, adj. fine, gay.

Gáyo, f. m. the bird called a jay.

GAYO'MBA, f. f. broom fcented.

GAYO'N, f. m. in cant, a pimp, a pander.

GA'YTA, f. f. a bagpipe; ironically, a clyfter.

GAYTEA'R, v. n. to play on the bagpipe; alfo to cry.

GAYTERI'A, f. f. gaudinefs in drefs.

GAYTE'RO, f. m. a bagpiper.

Prov. *Al gaytéro de Bujaláuce, un maravedi porqué tánga, y diez porqué acábe*, give the bagpiper of *Bujaláuce* a *maravedi* to play, and ten to give over. This was fome bagpiper that played very ill, and would never give over.

G A Z

GA'ZA, f. f. gauze, the fine thin fort of web.

GAZAFATO'N, f. m. the defect in pronouncing of words, which though innocent in themfelves makes them found amifs, or the fubject to be mifinterpreted.

GAZA'PA, f. f. a lie.

GAZAPATO'N, f. m. a foolifh thing faid, done, or contrived.

GAZAPE'LA, f. f. contention, ftrife, quarrel, broil.

GAZAPE'RA, f. f. a coney-borough, a place where rabbits make their holes in the ground.

GAZAPI'LLO, f. m. a little fucking rabbit.

GAZA'PO, f. m. a rabbit, a young coney.

GAZE'LA, f. f. a creature much like a wild goat.

GAZE'TA, f. f. a gazette, a paper of news, a paper of public intelligence.

GAZETE'RO, f. m. who makes or compofes, or fells the Gazette.

GAZETI'STA, f. m. one who reads the Gazette; alfo one whofe employment it is to hear, to tell news, or to talk about them; a newfmonger.

GAZI'ES, f. m. pl. the Turkish or Moorish flaves who embrace the Chriftian religion.

GAZMIA'R, v. a. to be gluttonous; alfo to complain, or refent.

GAZMO'L, f. m. a little callous wart growing on the tongue of birds, what we generally call the pip, of which they frequently die.

GAZMOñA'DA, } f. f. an affec-
GAZMOñERI'A, } tation of virtue, hypocrify.

GAZMOñERO, } f. m. one who
GAZMOñO, } affects virtue or piety, an hypocrite.

GAZNA'R, v. n. vide *GRAZNA'R*.

GAZNATA'DA, f. f. a blow given on the throat or wind-pipe.

GAZNA'TE, f. m. the throat.

GAZNATI'CO, f. m. a fmall throat.

GAZOFILA'CIO, f. m. a treafury, or place to keep treafures, or wealth.

GAZPACHE'RO, f. m. the perfon who makes or carries the foop to the people working in the fields.

GAZPACHO, f. m. a fort of foop made with oil, vinegar, water, falt, and fpice.

GAZUZA, f. f. a sharp appetite.

G E F

GE'FE, f. m. vide *XEFE*.

G E L

GELASINO, adj. an epithet given by medical people to the fore teeth when entirely feen in thofe that laugh or grin.

GELA'NO, f. m. a dimple in the cheek when one laughs.

GELATI'NA, f. f. a congealed fubftance.

GE'LDRE, f. m. the herb woad ufed in dying.

GE'LFE, f. m. in cant, a black flave.

GELI'Z, f. m. an overfeer of filk.

GELOSI'A, f. f. vide *CELOSI'A*.

G E M

GEMA'L, f. m. vide *XEMA'L*.

GE'ME, f. m. vide *XE'ME*.

GEME'LA, f. f. the flower that grows from a jeffamin ftaff grafted in the orange-tree.

GEME'LOS, f. m. pl. twins, two born at a birth.

GEMI'DO, f. m. groan, lamentation.

GEMIDO'R, f. m. one that groans or laments.

GEMINACIO'N, f. f. repetition.

GEMINA'R, v. a. to double.

GE'MINIS, f. m. a fign of the zodiack called by aftronomers Gemini: alfo a fort of plafter made of wax, &c.

GE'MINO, adj. double, two-fold.

GEMI'R, v. n. to groan, to wail, to lament.

G E N

GENCIA'NA, f. f. the plant gentian.

GENEALOGI'A, f. f. genealogy, hiftory of the fucceffion of families.

GENEALO'GICO, adj. belonging to genealogy.

GENEALOGI'STA, f. m. a genealogift.

GENERA'BLE, adj. that can be generated.

GENERACIO'N, f. f. generation, family, lineage.

GENERA'L, adj. general, univerfal; fubft. ufed, a general of an army, &c.

GENERALA'TO, f. m. the charge, office, or dignity of a general.

GENERALIDA'D, f. f. generality, univerfality.

GENERALI'SSIMO, f. m. a generaliffimo or fupreme general of an army.

GENERALME'NTE, adv. generally, universally.

GENERA'R, v. a. to ingender.

GENERATI'VO, adj. generative.

GENERICAME'NTE, adv. generically, of the sort, or genus.

GENE'RICO, adj. generical, of, or belonging to the sort of genus.

GE'NERO, s. m. a kind, a sort, a manner, a stock, a lineage; also a gender.

GENEROSAME'NTE, adv. generously, nobly.

GENEROSI'A, obs. generosity, nobleness of birth.

GENEROSIDA'D, s. f. generosity, nobleness.

GENERO'SO, adj. generous, noble, of a good breed; also strong, vigorous

Vino generóso, a strong generous wine.

Generóso, magnanimous, open of heart; also courageous, stout, and liberal or magnificent.

GE'NESIS, s. m. the first book in the Holy Bible.

GENE'STA, s. f. the plant broom.

GENETHLIA'CA, s. f. genethliacks, the vain and superstitious practice of calculating nativities, or predicting future events from the stars.

GENETHLI'ACO, s. m. genethliatick, one who pretends to calculate nativities.

Genethlíaco, adj. genethliacal, belonging to genethliacks.

GENGI'BRE, s. m. ginger.

GENIA'L, adj. agreeable to the inclination.

GENIALME'NTE, adv. according to the genius, condition, taste, or inclination.

GENITA'LES, s. m. pl. genitals, parts belonging to generation.

GE'NIO, s. m. a man's angel, or spirit; natural disposition, genius.

GENITI'VO, s. m. the genitive case.

GENITO'R, s. m. a father.

GENITU'RA, s. f. procreation.

GENI'ZARO, s. m. a janizary; any man whose father is of one nation and his mother of another.

GE'NOLI, s. m. a bright red colour, used by painters, and found in mines of gold and silver.

GENTA'LLA, s. f. mob, rabble.

GE'NTE, s. f. people, nation; in cant, the ears.

Génte bahína, ò báxa, the mob, or rabble.

Génte de la hámpa, licentious, debauched people.

Génte del gordillo, the most vile and mean populace.

Génte de modo y de traza, gentlemen.

Génte de pelo ò de peluza, the rich and opulent people.

Génte de trato, tradesmen.

Génte principal, the nobility or gentry.

Ser génte, ò gentes, to be a man above the vulgar, or of distinction.

Irse al hílo de la génte, to follow the multitude of the people.

Hacér génte, to raise soldiers.

Iréme dónde no me véan las géntes, I will go where no people shall see me. I will abscond, I will fly into a desart.

Prov. *Ande yo caliénte, y ríase la génte*, so I be warm, let the people laugh. It is no matter what the world says, so a man keeps himself warm.

Prov. *Génte de cósta tódas ladrónes*, the people of the seacoasts are all thieves.

GENTECI'LLA, s. f. diminutive of *génte*.

GENTI'L, adj. genteel, handsome, comely, graceful; also a heathen, or pagan.

Gentil hombre, a nobleman; also a noble person sent as an express to a king with good news.

Gentil dáma, a fine lady.

Gentil necedád, a pretty piece of nonsense.

GENTILE'ZA, s. f. genteelness, comeliness, gracefulness, generosity, good behaviour.

GENTILHO'MBRE, s. m. a gentleman, a gentleman-usher, a genteel man, a comely, graceful person.

Gentilhómbre de la bóca, a prince's taster.

Gentilhómbre de la cámara, a gentleman of the bed-chamber.

Gentilhómbre de la artillería, a conductor of the artillery.

GENTI'LICO, adj. of, or belonging to the Gentiles or Pagans.

GENTILIDA'D, s. f. } paganism.
GENTILI'SMO, s. m. }

GENTILIZA'R, v. n. to observe the ceremonies or rites of gentiles.

GENTILME'NTE, adv. genteelly, handsomely, gracefully.

GENTI'O, s. m. a great number, of people.

GENTUA'LLA, s. f. the lowest, meanest sort of people.

GENUFLEXI'ON, s. f. genuflection, bending the knee, kneeling.

GENUI'NO, adj. pure, genuine.

GEO

GEODESI'A, s. f. the art or science of measuring the ground or surfaces, and finding the contents of all plane figures.

GEODE'TICO, adj. geodetical, relating to the art of measuring surfaces.

GEOGRAPHI'A, s. f. geography, the description of the earth, the knowledge of the earth.

GEOGRA'PHICO, adj. that belongs to geography.

GEOGRA'PHO, s. m. a geographer, one who describes the earth, according to the dispositions of its different parts.

GEOMANCI'A, s. f. the act of foretelling by figures, geomancy.

GEOMA'NTICO, s. m. a geomancer, a fortune-teller, a caster of figures.

GEO'METRA, s. f. geometrician, a measurer of the earth.

GEOMETRI'A, s. f. a geometry, the art of measuring the earth.

GEOMETRICAME'NTE, adv. geometrically.

GEOME'TRICO, adj. geometrical.

GEO'RGICA, f. f. Virgil's book of Georgicks or country affairs.

GEO'TICO, adj. belonging to the earth.

G E R

GERA'RCHA, f. m. hierarch, highprieft.

GERARCHI'A, f. f. hierarchy, order in the church, priefthood; an hierarchy, of angels.

GERA'RCHICO, adj. of, or belonging to an hierarchy or priefthood.

GE'RGA, f. f. ferge.

GERGO'N, f. m. a ftraw-bed.

GERGUI'LLA, f. f. cloth made of filk and wool mixed together.

GERIFA'LTE, f. m. the hawk called a gerfaulcon.

GERIGO'NZA, f. f. gibberish, all that is obfcure or difficult to apprehend.

GERI'NGA, f. f. a clyfter, a fyringe, a fquirt to caft water.

GERINGA'R, v. a. to fyringe.

GERIPLIE'GA, f. f. vide *GIRAPLIE'GA*.

GERMA'NA, f. f. in cant, a wench.

GERMANE'SCO, adj. belonging to the cant language.

GERMANI'A, f. f. the cant ufed among gypfies, beggars, and all forts of vagabonds and rogues.

GERMA'NO, f. m. in cant, a ruffian, a pimp.

GERMINA'R, v. n. to fprout, to fpring, to bud out.

GEROGLY'PHICO, f. m. an hieroglyphick.

GERRICO'TE, f. m. a diet-drink made with almonds and chicken or mutton broth.

GE'RTAS, f. f. pl. in cant, ears.

GERU'NDIO, f. m. a gerund.

G E S

GESOLRENT, f. m. a key in mufic.

GE'STAS, f. f. plur. obf. the famous and remarkable actions of great men.

GESTEA'R, v. a. to make geftures or grimaces.

GESTE'RA, f. f. a cheating woman that makes faces to deceive.

GESTE'RO, f. m. gefticulator.

GESTICULACIO'N, f. f. a ridiculous gefture.

GESTICULA'R, adj. belonging to a ridiculous gefture.

GESTI'LLO, f. m. a little odd motion of the face; alfo a little face.

GE'STO, f. m. the face; alfo an odd motion of the face; alfo likenefs, refemblance.

Eftár de buen gefto, to be merry, genteel, and good tempered.

Hacér geftos, to make ugly faces.

Ponerfe a gefto, to drefs and trim one's felf.

No hacér buen gefto a una cofa, not to show a good countenance, to show a dislike.

Prov. *De ruin gefto nunca buen hecho*, from a bad face there is never a good action; that is, the countenance shows the difpofition.

G E T

GE'TA, f. f. a great lip, as the blacks have; alfo a mushroom, whence great lips were fo called.

Eftár con tánta géta, to exprefs a refentment by the looks.

GETO'N, f. m. a great blubberlipped fellow; alfo a great mushroom.

G E Z

GEZERI'NA, adj. fem. as, *cota gezerina*, a coat of mail.

G I A

GIALUMI'NA, f. f. a fort of mineral ftone.

G I B

GI'BA, f. f. a bunch on the back, crookednefs.

GIBA'DO, adj. crooked, one that has a bunch on his back.

GIBA'O. *La dánza de pie gibáo*, a fort of prancing and playing tricks, which they teach horfes.

GIBA'R, v. a. to prefs or bow down.

GIBO'SO, adj. crooked; alfo hilly or uneven ground.

G I F

GIFERA'DA, f. f. a blow or cut made or given with a *giféro*.

GIFERI'A, f. f. butchery.

GIFE'RO, f. m. a butcher, and a butcher's knife.

G I G

GIGANTAZO, f. m. a great giant.

GIGA'NTE, f. m. a giant.

Gigánte, adj. giant-like; as.

Tiéne fuérzas de gigante, he is as ftrong as a giant.

GIGANTE'A, f. f. vide *GIRA'SOL*.

GIGANTE'O, adj. of, or belonging to a giant.

GIGANTICI'DA, f. m. a giant-killer.

GIGA'NTICO, adj. of, or belonging to a giant.

GIGANTI'LLA, f. f. a figure of pafteboard, reprefenting a short or bulky woman carried about in the proceffions.

GIGANTIZA'R, v. n. to grow giant like.

GIGANTO'N, f. m. a great giant.

GIGO'TE, f. m. minced pies.

G I J

GI'JAS, f. f. vigour, fatnefs, ftrength.

G I L

GILBARBE'RA, f. f. a prickly shrub, called butchers-broom or kneeholm.

GILE'CO, f. m. a coat, fuch as the flaves wear.

GILGUE'RO, f. m. a gold-finch.

G I M

GIME'LGAS, f. f. pl. a name given on board ships to fome poles ufed to reinforce the mafts when damaged.

GIMIO, f. m. vide *XIMIO*.

GIMNA'SIO, f. m. an academy, a fchool, college, or hall in an univerfity.

GIMNOSOPHI'STA, f. m. one of thofe philofophers who formerly taught morality in India.

G I N

GINE'BRA, f. f. a Moorish inftrument made with feveral round fticks to make a noife; any confufion.

GINEBRA'DA, f. f. a fort of puff-pafte cake.

GINE'CRE, f. m. the juniper-tree.

GINE'STA, f. f. vide *GENE'STA*.

GINESTA'DA, f. f. a fort of mash made with milk, rice, dates, and raifins.

GINE'TA, f. f. a cane about as high as a man's chin with a fmall fpear at the end of it, which Spanish captains ufed inftead of our leading-ftaff; and commonly walked with it, when they were not upon duty, as a token of their employ.

Ginéta, a badger.

Lánça ginéta, a light horfeman's lance.

Silla ginéta, the great faddle.

Cabalgár a la ginéta, to ride with the ftirrups very short.

GINE'TE, f. m. properly a light-horfeman, but ufed for any horfeman.

Ginéte de Salamánca, a fort of earthen pitcher.

Ginéte de Xerés, a fort of fmall bread made at Xeréz.

GINGLA'R, f. m. the pendulum of a clock.

GINJO'L, f. m. the fruit of the jububtree.

GINO'LLOS, f. m. pl. obf. the knees.

G I ñ

GIñETO'N, f. m. a long weapon like a leading-ftaff.

G I R

GI'RA, f. f. a merry-making, a feaft where friends meet to be merry and drink about.

GIRABANDE'RA, f. f. the flourishing of colours.

GIRA'FA, f. f. a beaft called in Latin *camelo-pardalis*.

GIRA'LDA, f. f. an image of a woman of gilt brafs, fet on the top of the great tower of Seville, where it turns with the wind.

GIRALDE'TE, f. m. or *GIRALDI'NA*, f. f. a short upper garment, which lapped about the body.

GIRA'NDULA, f. f. a wheel ftuck full of fire-works, which turning fwiftly round, fends forth a great light and fire.

GIRAPLIE'GA, f. f. the medicinal compofition called *hiera picra*.

GIRA'R, v. a. to turn.

GIRASO'L, f. m. the plant and flower heliotrope, or turnfol.

GIRE'L, f. m. a fort of caparifon-cloth for a horfe.

GIRGUE'RO, f. m. a goldfinch.

GIRIFA'LTE, f. m. the hawk called a gerfaulcon.

GIRIGA'YE, f. m. ftuff, nonfenfe.

GIRIGO'NZA, f. f. vide *GERIGO'NZA*.

GI'RO, f. m. a circular rapid motion.

Gíro, adj. pretty, perfect, complete.

GIRO'FE, f. m. obf. a gilliflower, the great clove-gilliflower.

GIRO'FINA, f. f. a kind of fauce.

GIRO'N, f. m. a gore in a garment. In heraldry, a *girón*, being like a gore.

GIRONA'DO, adj. made with, or confifting of many gores of feveral colours.

Gironádo, f. m. a ragged perfon.

GIRO'PHLE, f. m. an aromatick tree fo called.

GIRPEA'R, v. a. to dig round a vinetree.

G I S

GI'STE, f. m. the froth of beer.

G I T

GITANAME'NTE, adv. fraudulently, gipfy-like.

GITANEA'R, v. a. to flatter, to deceive, to play the gipfy.

GITANERI'A, f. f. a cheating trick; the life of gipfies.

GITA'NO, f. m. a gipfy.

GITA'R, v. a. to caft accounts with counters.

GITO'N, f. m. a beggar that wanders about from place to place on pretence of being a poor ftranger.

GITO'NES, f. m. pl. counters ufed to caft accounts with.

G L A

GLACIA'L, adj. glacial, made of ice, icy.

GLADIATO'R, f. m. a gladiator, fuch as were formerly ufed in Rome.

GLADIO'LO, f. m. the herb cornflag.

GLANDI'FERO, adj. of, or belonging to trees that produce acorns.

GLA'NDULA, f. f. a kernel in the flesh.

GLANDULO'SO, adj. full of kernels.

GLA'SSE, f. m. a filk, called fo from its fmoothnefs or finenefs refembling glafs.

GLA'STO, f. m. the herb woad, with which they dye cloth.

GLA'UCIO, f. m. an herb of a feagreen colour.

G L E

GLE'BA, f. f. a clod of earth.

G L I

GLIMPLO'AS, f. f. the streamers merchant-ships carry at their top-mastheads.

G L O

GLO'BO, f. m. a globe, a round ball, the globe of the earth.
GLOBO'SO, adj. round, like a globe.
GLO'RIA, f. f. glory, fame, honour, renown.
Prov. *Gloria vána flórece, y no grána*, vain-glory blossoms, but never bears fruit.
GLORIARSE, v. r. to boast, to glory, to brag.
GLORIE'TA, f. f. a fine bed of flowers in a garden.
GLORIFICACIO'N, f. f. glorifying, honouring, extolling.
GLORIFICADO'R, f. m. he who confers glory.
GLORIFICA'R, v. a. to glorify, to honour, to extol.
GLORIOSAME'NTE, adv. gloriously, famously, honourably, magnificently.
GLORIO'SO, adj. glorious, great, honourable, famous, magnificent.
GLO'SA, f. f. / *GLO'SSA*, f. m. } a gloss, an exposition, a comment.
GLOSSADO'R, f. m. a commentator.
GLOSSA'R, v. a. to comment, to expound, to explain.
GLOTO'N, f. m. a glutton.
GLOTONA'ZO, f. m. a great glutton.
GLOTONCI'LLO, f. m. a little glutton.
GLOTONEA'R, v. n. to play the glutton, to mind one's belly too much.
GLOTONERI'A, f. f. gluttony, excess in eating.
GLOTONI'A, f. f. gluttony.

G L U

GLUTINOSIDA'D, f. f. viscosity, the quality of being glutinous.
GLUTINO'SO, adj. sticking, glutinous.

G N O

GNOMO'N, f. m. the gnomon of a sun-dial, whose shadow shows the hour. The hand or pin of a dial.
GNOMO'NICA, f. f. gnomonicks, a science which teaches to find the just proportion of shadows for the construction of all kinds of sun and moon dials.
GNOMONI'CO, adj. belonging to the art of making dials.
GNO'STICOS, f. m. pl. gnosticks, a sect of hereticks.

G O B

GOBERNACIO'N, f. f. government.
GOBERNADO'R, f. m. a governor.
GOBERNA'LLE, f. m. the rudder of a ship.
GOBERNA'R, v. a. to govern.
GOBIE'RNO, f. m. government; in cant, the bridle of a horse. *Mugér de gobiérno*, a housekeeper and servant, who superintends the servants in a family.
GO'BIO, f. m. the little fish called a gudgeon.

G O C

GO'CE, f. m. the profit or gain of an office, a salary.
GO'CHO, f. m. a hog.

G O D

GODE'ÑO, adj. in cant, good, valuable, rich.
GODERI'A, f. f. in cant, jollity, drunkenness.
GODI'BLE, adj. merry, joyful, pleasant.
GO'DO, adj. in cant, good, rich.

G O F

GOFERI'A, f. f. rudeness, unmannerliness, want of breeding.
GO'FO, adj. rude, unmannerly, uncivil, ill-bred.

G O J

GO'JA, f. f. a sort of basket or pannier.

G O L

GO'LA, f. f. the mouth of the throat; also the armour to cover the throat. In architecture, cymatium; an ogee.
GO'LDRE, f. m. a quiver to carry arrows in.
GO'LES, f. f. pl. in heraldry, gules; that is, red.
GOLE'TA, f. f. in architecture, ogee.
GOLFA'NO, f. m. the herb nenuphar, or water-lily.
GOLFI'LLO, f. m. a little gulph.
GOLFI'N, f. m. a dolphin.
GO'LFO, f. m. a gulph of the sea, or great bay; sometimes taken for the channel of a river, sometimes for the deepest part of any water, sometimes for the main ocean; also an abyss, a chaos, a confusion.
GOLGO'NZO, f. m. one that is full of gestures, a busy body; one that has a smattering in every thing.
GOLHI'N, f. m. a mountebank, or talkative fellow.
GOLI'LLA, f. f. a little band starched, stiff, and sticking out under the chin like a ruff; also the person who wears such neckcloth.
Ajustarle a uno la gullila, to blame, to reprehend, to taunt one.
GOLILLE'RO, f. m. one who makes golillas.
GOLLE'RO, f. m. the thief who steals in a crowd of people, a pick-pocket.
GOLLE'TE, f. m. the narrow neck of a bottle, or any such vessel.
GOLLORI'AS, f. f. dainty bits, as sweetmeats or the like.
GOLMAGEA'R, v. n. to eat slily so as not to be perceived by others.
GOLMAJERI'A, f. f. vide *GOLOSI'NA*.

ÇOLMA'JO, adj. gluttonous, greedy, desirous, longing after.
ÇOLONDRE'RA, s. f. in cant, a band of soldiers.
ÇOLONDRE'RA, s. f. in cant, a company of soldiers.
ÇOLONDRE'RO, s. m. a man who inrolls as a soldier, that he may play the thief with greater safety.
GOLONDRE'RO, s. m. a soldier that is good at stealing and bad at fighting. In cant, a shoplifter.
GOLONDRI'NA, s. f. a swallow.

Prov. *Una golondrina no háce veráno*, one swallow does not make a summer.

GOLONDRINE'RO, s. m. a young swallow.
GOLONDRI'NO, s. m. a person who never settles in any place.
Golondríno, s. m. a young swallow; there is also a fish of this name.
GOLO'NDRO, s. m. idem.
Golóndro, s. m. a sudden desire.
Andár en golòndros, to spend one's time, or be employed about folly, which may prove hurtful, as boys who busy themselves in looking after swallows nests, and often fall and break their bones.
GOLO'RIA, s. f. in cant, a fraud or cunning imposition.
GOLOSAME'NTE, adv. greedily gluttonously.
GOLOSA'ZO, s. m. greedy.
GOLOSEA'R, v. n. to play the glutton, to be liquorish, to delight in eating dainties.
GOLOSI'LLO, s. m. a little liquorish lad.
GOLO'SINA, s. f. gluttony, delight in eating, liquorish; also any dainty that is eaten only out of wantonness.
GOLOSINA'R, *GOLOSINEA'R*, v. n. vide *GOLOSMEA'R*.
GOLOSI'SMO, s. m. gluttony, greediness.
GOLOSMEA'R, v. n. to eat slily, so as not to be perceived by others.
GOLO'SO, adj. liquorish, greedy, of fine bits.
GOLOZINA'R, v. n. vide *GOLOSEA'R*.
GOLPA'ZO, s. m. a great stroke or blow.
GO'LPE, s. m. a blow, a stroke.
Gólpe de génte, a great number of people.
Gólpe de água, a great fall of water, a great shower of rain.
Cerradúra de gólpe, a spring-lock.
Cerrár de gólpe, to clap to a door.
Entrár de gólpe, to rush in.

Prov. *De un sólo gólpe no se derruéca un róble*, an oak is not knocked down at one blow. Rome was not built in a day.

Prov. *Dar gólpe en el dinéro*, to make a great hole in a sum of money.

GOLPEADE'RO, s. m. the place that is beaten very much.
GOLPEADO'R, s. m. a hammerer.
GOLPEADU'RA, s. f. beating, hammering.
GOLPEA'R, v. a. to beat, to strike, to hammer.
Páño golpeádo, cloth that is very hard wove.
GOLPECI'LLO, s. m. a little stroke or blow.
GOLPE'O, s. m. the action of beating or giving blows.
GOLUSMIE'RO, adj. gluttonous, greedy.

G O M

GO'MA, s. f. gum.
Góma Arábiga, s. f. gum Arabick.
GOMA'RRA, s. f. in cant, a pullet.
GOMARRE'RO, s. m. in cant, a stealer of hens.
GOMARRO'N, s. m. in cant, a chick or capon.
GOMECI'LLO, s. m. a little favourite, a white boy.
GO'MENA, s. f. a cable.
GO'MIA, s. m. a gormandizing fellow, a great eater, a glutton; also a word women use to fright children.
Gómia, s. f. a great serpent; what devours, consumes, destroys any thing.
GOMITADU'RA, s. f. vomiting.
GOMITA'R, v. a. to vomit.
GO'MITO, s. m. vide *VO'MITO*.
GOMO, *de lána*, a wool-pack.
GOMO'SO, adj. gummy, full of gum.

G O N

GONCE, s. m. a door-hinge.
GO'NDOLA, s. f. a boat.
GONORRE'A, s. f. or *GONORRHE'A*, a sort of venereal distemper; a morbid running of venereal hurts, a clap.

G O R

GORA'R, obs. v. n. to sit upon eggs.
GORBIO'N, s. m. taffety, stripped and wrought; also a thick twist used in embroidery; also the herb euphorbium, and the gum coming from it.
GORDA'L, adj. large, of the bigger size.
GORDA'ZO, adj. fat, big, of a large size.
GORDIFLO'N, s. m. a pursy fellow, that is all greasy, and not solid fat.
GORDI'LLO, adj. fattish.
GO'RDO, adj. fat, gross, thick; dull witted.
Háblar górdo, to speak like a bully, to bully.
Ser de entendimiénto górdo, to be a stupid heavy fellow.
Téner la lengua górda, to be in liquor.
Górdo, s. m. fatness.
GORDOLO'BO, s. m. the plant called petty-mullen, wool-blade, torch-weed, high-taper, hungwort.
GORDO'N, adj. that is very fat.
GORDO'R, s. m. *GORDU'RA*, s. f. fatness, grossness, thickness.
GORGA, s. f. food for birds, especially hawks.
GORGEADO'R, s. m. a warbler.
GORGEAMIE'NTO, s. m. a warbling.
GORGEA'R, v. n. to warble as birds do; to endeavour to talk as little children do.
GORGE'O, s. m. warbling, melodious sound of birds singing.

GORGERIA

GORGERI'A, f. f. a finging or warbling of birds.
GORGO'JO, f. m. a little worm that devours corn, called the weevils; a little boy.
GORGOJO'SO, adj. full of weevils.
GORGORA'N, f. m. the filk called grógram.
GORGORITA'S, f. f. pl. the gurgling of water, or any liquor, when a man gargles his throat, or when it runs out of a clofe neck or hole, and wants air to flow freely.
GORGORITEA'R, v. n. to gurgle the water in the throat.
GORCOTE'RO, f. m. a pedlar who fells fmall things, as fciffors, knives, &c.
GORGUE'RA, f. f. a fort of ruff, formerly worn by women.
GORGU'Z, f. m. the head of a dart or of a club.
GORIGO'RI, f. m. a fplendid entertainment made for the ecclefiafticks.
GO'RJA, f. f. the throat, and particularly, that part where guttural founds are formed.
Eftár de górja, to be merry.
GORGA'L de málla, the gorget or armour that covers the throat.
GORMADO'R, f. m. one who vomits by overcharging the ftomack.
GORMA'R, v. a. obf. vide *VOMITA'R*.
GO'RRA, f. f. a cap, a bonnet; a cloth or velvet cap.
Média górra, a cap whofe brims fell down and covered the neck and ears, formerly worn by lawyers and counfellors.
Górra de mogicón, the cap that was raifed and ftood up before like a hat.
Hablárfe de górra, to have fo much acquaintance with a man, as to take off one's cap to him, but not to converfe with him.
Ser dúro de górra, to be fparing in taking off one's cap or hat.
Metérfe de górra, to intrude, to thruft one's felf into company without any more invitation or acquaintance than bare moving the that.
Eftárfe de górra, to ftay in a place where they would be rid of a a man, without taking notice of what is faid to affrom him.
GORRA'DA, f. f. a falutation made by pulling off the cap, hat, or bonnet.
GORRE'RO, f. m. a cap-maker; alfo a parafite, one who goes to entertainments without being defired.
GORRETA'DA, f. f. the act of pulling off one's cap or bonnet to a perfon out of civility.
GORRE'TE, f. m. a kind of round cap of many colours.
GORRI'LLA, f. f. a little cap.
GORRI'LLO, f. m. diminutive of *gorro*.
GORRI'N, *GORRI'NO*, f. m. a pig not four months old.
GORRIO'N, f. m. a fparrow; a bird fo called.
GORRIONCI'LLO, f. m. a young fparrow.
GORRI'STA, f. m. one who lives at other men's coft, who fpunges on others; a mumper.
GORRO, f. m. a cap, a bonnet worn by men, moftly under the wig.
GORRO'N, f. m. a great cap; alfo an intruder, a fpunger, or a mumper; a filkworm that will not work, like the drones among bees; a fort of pancake; alfo that part of a hinge that does not move; alfo a whoremafter or whoremonger.
GORRO'NA, f. f. a common whore, a proftitute.
GORRONA'ZO, f. m. augment, of *gorón*, a parafite.
GORRULLO'N, f. m. in cant, a goaler.
GORUE'NDO, adj. obf. fatiated, fatisfied with eating.
GORVIO'N, f. m. vide *GURVIO'N*.
GORU'LLO, f. m. any little knob or lump.

GOT

GO'TA, f. f. a drop; alfo the gout.
Gota corál, f. f. the falling-fickneſs.
Gota feréna, f. f. an humour in the eye called *gutta ferena*.
GOTEA'DO, adj. fpotted with drops.
GOTEA'R, v. n. to fall drop by drop.
GOTE'RA, f. f. the droppings of water; alfo a fpout or eaves of a houfe from whence the water drops; alfo the fringes of a bed.
GOTERO'N, f. m. a great drop
GOTERONCI'LLO, f. m. a drop of a larger fize than the common drops.
GO'THICO, f. m. an order of architecture fo called.
GOTO'SO, adj. gouty, belonging to the gout.

GOV

GOVERNA'R, v. a. vide *GOBERNAR*, and all its derivatives.

GOX

GO'XE, f. m. a fort of basket or pannier.

GOY

GOYO, f. m. obf. enjoyment; rejoicing.

GOZ

GOZA'R, v. a. to obtain, to poffefs, to enjoy.
Gozár del tiempo, ò de la fortuna, to make good ufe of time or fortune.
Gozár una muger, to obtain the greateft favours from a woman.
GOZNE, f. m. an iron hinge of a door.
GO'ZO, f. m. joy, gladnefs.
Nueftro gozo en el pózo, our joy in the well; that is, our joy is vanished, is loft; faid when we have rejoiced, and find no caufe for it.
GOZO'SO, adj. joyful.
GOZQUE, f. m. a cur-dog.

GOZQUE'JO, *GOZQUI'LLO*; f. m. a little cur-dog.

G R A.

GRACEJA'R, v. n. to joke or jest, to be merry and facetious.

GRACE'JO, f. m. mirth, good humour, facetiousness; also an agreeable lisping.

GRA'CIA, f. f. grace, favour, comeliness, beauty, thanks, also a jest, and a gift.

De gracia, gratis.

Tenér gracia, to have a good grace, a good air, or carriage, to be pleasant, witty, or diverting.

Gracia de Dios, the grace of God.

Gracia dei, an herb like hyssop.

La gracia de una persóna, a man's name.

Caér en gracia, to please, to be acceptable.

Caér de su gracia, to lose the favour one had.

Dar gracia a una cosa, to make a thing graceful, handsome, or acceptable.

Estár en gracia del principe, to be in the prince's favour.

Dar grácias, to give thanks, either as we commonly do for any kindness, or to say grace after meals.

Decir grácias, to jest, to talk wittily.

GRACIA'BLE, adj. that is gracious in words and actions.

GRACIADEI, f. f. a plant so called.

GRACIOSAME'NTE, adv. gratis, freely without any cost; also pleasantly, wittilly.

GRACIOSI'CO, adj. diminutive of *gracioso*.

GRACIOSIDA'D, f. f. gracefulness, prettiness, elegancy.

GRACIO'SO, adj. that costs nothing, given freely; also witty, pleasant.

Graciόso, f. m. an actor that plays a kind of merry Andrew.

GRA'DA, f. f. a step, a stair, a round of a ladder; the grate of a monastery, where the nuns come to speak to their friends.

GRADACIO'N, f. f. gradation.

GRADA'R, v. a. to make smooth the earth after it is ploughed.

GRADA'TIM, adv. step by step.

GRADERI'A, f. f. the joining of the stairs.

GRADIE'L, f. m. bastard zafran.

GRADI'ILA, f. f. a little step.

GRA'DO, f. m. degree, dignity, office, preferment, step. In architecture, the small moulding on the upper part of the column; also free will.

Encarecér en súmo grádo, to extol in the highest manner.

Grádo para subir a mas, a way, step, or means to preferment.

Hacér una cosa de buen grado, to do a thing with a good will.

Harálo mal de su grádo, he shall do it, though ever so much against his will.

Grádos en létras, the degree taken at the university.

Grádos ecclesiasticos, the several degrees of orders in the church.

Grádos de altúra, ò de longitúd, degrees of latitude, or of longitude.

Grádos de consanguinidád, degrees of consanguinity.

GRADUACIO'N, f. f. an estimation or measuring of things by degrees.

GRADUA'DO, f. m. one that has taken his degrees at the university.

GRADUA'L, f. m. the gradual, read in the mass immediately after the epistle.

Graduáles psálmos, the gradual psalms, so called, because they follow one another gradually.

GRADUALME'NTE, adv. gradually, by degrees.

GRADUA'NDO, f. m. he who is near to take his degrees.

GRADUA'R, v. a. to prefer to a degree, to promote, to graduate, to take a degree in the schools; also to measure.

GRAFINA'R, v. a. to scratch.

GRAFIOLES, f. m. pl. a kind of biscuit made in the shape of an S.

GRAGE'A, f. f. a sort of very small round comfits.

GRAGEA'R, v. n. to cry like a crow or daw.

GRA'JA, f. f. the hen-daw.

GRAJA'DO, f. m. the top of the rudder.

GRA'JO, f. m. jack-daw.

GRAJU'NO, belonging to a jack-daw.

GRA'MA, f. f. grass; the herb vervain.

GRAMA'LLA, f. f. a gown or robe of scarlet cloth or crimson velvet with gold embroidery, worn by magistrates.

GRAMALLE'RA, f. f. a chain hanging in the chimney to fasten the pots to.

GRAMA'R, v. a. to knead the dough over again, as bakers do after it is weighed.

GRAMA'TICA, f. f. grammar, the art of speaking or writing in any language.

GRAMMATICA'L, adj. belonging to a grammar, grammatical.

GRAMMATICA'STRO, f. m. a low grammarian, a mere verbal pedant.

GRAMA'TICO; f. m. a grammarian.

GRAMI'L, f. m. an instrument used by joiners and carpenters to mark, or draw lines upon wood, and called a gage.

GRAMONI'LIA, f. f. a small sort of vervain.

GRAMO'SO, adj. grassy, full of vervain.

GRAN, adj. great, big, large; the same as *gránde*, and used generally for it when placed before the substantive; as, *grán nómbre*, *gran ruído*, *gran cása*, &c. whereas *gránde* is used after the substantive; as, *hómbre gránde*, *ruído gránde*, *cása gránde*, &c.

GRA'NA, f. f. scarlet, the scarlet-dye. The cochineal is also called by this name.

Grána de paraýso, grains of paradise, cardamum.

GRANA'DA, f. f. a pomegranate.

Granáda, f. f. a grenade, or grenado; a little hollow globe or ball, which filled with fine powder, as soon as kindled into many shatters to the damage of all that stand near.

Granáda real, a large grenado.
Génte granáda, the top of the people, the better sort, people of fashion.
GRANADE'RA, f. f. the pouch in which the soldiers put the granadoes.
GRANADE'RO, f. m. one that sells pomegranates; also a grenadier, or soldier armed with a sword, a hachet, a firelock flung, and a pouch full of hand-granadoes.
GRANADI'LLO, f. m. a fine sort of speckled Indian wood.
GRANADI'NO, f. m. a little pomegranate.
GRANA'DO, f. m. a pomegranatetree.
Granádo, adj. of the best sort.
GRANA'LLA, f. f. grain, seed, or the dust or flakes of metal.
GRANA'R, v. n. to kern as corn does, to grow to grain; in cant, to grow rich.
GRANA'TE, f. m. a kind of coarse ruby.
GRANAZO'N, f. m. a growing of the grain, in corn, &c.
GRANCANO'N, f. m. a large type used in printing.
GRANDA'ZO, adj. very big.
GRA'NDE, adj. great, big, large.
Gránde de Espáña, a grandee of Spain.
GRANDECI'LLO, adj. pretty big.
GRANDEME'NTE, adv. greatly.
GRANDE'ZA, f. f. greatness, grandeur, largeness, bigness.
GRANDILLO'N, augm. of *gránde*.
GRANDI'LOQUE, that speaks great, or grand.
GRANDIOSAME'NTE, adv. very magnificently, or splendidly.
GRANDIOSIDA'D, f. f. greatness, magnificence.
GRANDIO'SO, adj. magnificent.
GRANDO'N, adj. augm. of *gránde*.
GRANDO'R, f. m. a greatness, bigness.
GRANDU'RA, f. f. obf. idem.
GRANE'L, f. m. a heap of grains.
GRANE'RO, f. m. a granary, a place to keep corn.
GRANGEADO'R, f. m. a purchaser, a gatherer of wealth.
GRANGEA'R, v. a. to purchase, to gather wealth; also to farm.
Grángeár, v. a. to cultivate or till the ground carefully.
GRANGE'RA, f. f. a good housewife; also a farmer's wife.
GRANGERI'A, f. f. purchasing, gathering of wealth; also a farm.
GRANGE'RO, f. m. a good husband, one that gathers wealth; also a farmer.
GRANGUA'RDIA, f. f. the vanguard, a military term.
GRA'NJA, f. f. a farm.
GRANICA'R, v. n. vide *GRANIZA'R*.
GRANI'CO, vide *GRANI'ZO*.
GRANI'DO, in cant, ready money.
GRANJEA'R, v. a. vide *GRANGEA'R*.
GRANJERI'A, f. f. vide *GRANGERI'A*.
GRANJE'RO, f. m. vide *GRANGE'RO*.
GRANI'LLA, f. f. diminutive of *grána*.
GRANI'LLO, f. m. a little grain, kernel, or stone in fruit; also a little pimple on the flesh.
GRANI'TO, f. m. idem.
GRANIZA'R, v. n. to hail.
GRANI'ZO, f. m. hail.

Prov. *Saltár cómo granízo en albárda*, to skip like hail upon a pack-saddle; that is, to be fiery, to be soon moved, to fly out; because the hail beating upon a pack-saddle, which is stuffed rebounds.

GRA'NO, f. m. grain, corn, a stone in a grape or such fruit; also all sorts of grain, and a grain in weight; a pimple on the skin the grain of leather or the like. In cant, a ducat of eleven rials.

Prov *Gráno a gráno hinche la gallína el pápo*, grain by grain the hen fills her craw; that is by degrees the most important affairs are done.

Prov. *Gráno a gráno se acába el montón de antáño*, grain by grain the last year's heap is spent; that is, a continual expence, though ever so small, consumes the greatest wealth.

Prov. *Gráno a grano, allégа pára tu áño*, grain by grain, gather for the year. Lay up, though it be but little at a time, it will help out the year.

GRANO'SO, adj. full of grains, of small pimples, of little kernels, or small stones, like those in grapes or such fruit.
GRANO'TA, f. f. in cant, barley.
GRANT, adj. obf. for *grande*.
GRANU'JA, f. f. the husk of a grape.
GRANUJA'DO, adj. full or covered with grains.
GRANULACIO'N, f. m. the act of pouring melted metal into cold water, so that it may congeal into small grains.
GRANULA'DO, adj. granulated, said of gun-powder and of some salts when bearing a resemblance to grain.
GRANULA'R, v. a. to form into small masses like grains.
Granularse, v. r. to form itself into small grains.
GRA'NZAS, f. f. pl. the husks that remain after sifting or winnowing, or any coarse gross settlement of any thing at the bottom.
GRANZO'N, f. m. hard straw.
GRAñON, f. m. corn or wheat boiled broken or unbroken.
GRA'O, f. m. the strand, or beach, an open road before a town, where ships may anchor, but is not an harbour.
GRA'PA, f. f. a cramping-iron to hold stones fast.
GRA'PON, f. m. augment. of *grápa*.
GRA'SSA, f. f. grease, fat.
GRASSIENTO, adj. greasy, oily, fat, unctuous, filthy, dirty bulky, fat of body.
GRASSO, adj. fat. greasy.

GRASSO'NES, s. m. pl. a meagre dish so called.
GRASSUELO, adj. fattish, a little fat, or greasy.
GRASSU'RA, s. f. fat, grease.
GRATAME'NTE, adv. graciously, thankfully.
GRATIFICACIO'N, s. f. gratification, reward, return for kindness.
GRATIFICADO'R, s. m. one who returns a kindness.
GRATIFICA'R, v. a. to gratify, to reward, to return a kindness.
GRATI'L, s. m. the ropes which fasten the sail to the yard.
GRA'TIS, adv. gratis, for nothing, without any costs.
GRATITU'D, s. f. gratitude, thankfulness.
GRA'TO, adj. grateful, thankful; also acceptable.
GRATONA'DA, s. f. a sort of stewed meat.
GRATUITAME'NTE, adv. gratis, without cost, freely, only for goodwill.
GRATU'ITO, adj. gratuitous, without cost, done out of good-will.
GRATULACIO'N, s. f. congratulation, or wishing one joy, rejoicing in one's behalf.
GRATULATO'RIO, adj. congratulatory.
GRAVA'DO, adj. engraved; also troubled, oppressed, sick.
GRAVADO'R, s. m. an engraver, a carver.
GRAVADU'RA, s. f. engraving, also oppression, trouble, sickness.
GRAVA'MEN, s. m. grievance, trouble, oppression.
GRAVA'R, v. a. to engrave; to burden, to wrong, to blame, to accuse, to trouble, to molest, to oppress.
GRAVAZO'N, s. f. carving, engraving.
GRA'VE, adv. grave, sober, serious; also stately, proud, weighty, of consequence.
Religióso gráve, a grave, sober, religious man.
Negócio gráve, a business of consequence, a weighty affair.
Dolór gráve a grievous pain.
Ponérse gráve, to take state upon one's self.
GRAVEAR, v. a. to gravitate.
GRAVEDA'D, s. f. gravity, staidness, trouble; also stateliness, and pride.
GRAVEDO'SO, adj. elate, proud, haughty.
GRAVEME'NTE, adv. gravely, heavily, grievously.
GRAVE'ZA, s. f. grievousness, weight, trouble.
GRAVITA'R, v. a. to load any creature according to its strength.
GRAVOSAME'NTE, adv. grievously, painfully, calamitously, miserably, oppressively, in a tyrannical or haughty manner.
GRAVO'SO, adj. troublesome, offensive.
GRAZNADO'R, adj. noisy, vociferous, said of geese, ducks, crows, rooks, &c.
GRAZNA'R, v. n. to make a noise, to be vociferous, like geese, ducks, crows, &c.
GRAZNI'DO, s. m. the noise or vociferousness of some birds, such as geese, ducks, crows, &c.

G R E

GRE'BA, s. f. vide *GRE'VAS*.
GRECI'SMO, s. m. a Grecism.
GRE'DA, s. f. fuller's earth, chalk, clay.
GREDA'L, s. m. the place where fuller's earth is found.
GREDO'SO, daubed with fuller's earth, chalky, clayish.
GREGA'L, s. m. the north-east wind.
Gregàl, adj. of the same flock, or company.
GREGALIZA'R, v. n. to sail towards the north-east.
GREGA'RIO, s. m. a common soldier.
Gregário, gregarious, going in company with others of the same kind; said of animals and birds.
GREGORIA'NO, adj. belonging to Gregory.
GREGORILLO, s. m. a kind of linnen used by women to cover their necks, breast, and shoulders, a handkerchief.
GREGUERI'A, s. f. a confusion of voices, and undistinguishable noise.
GREGUE'SCOS, s. m. pl. a sort of wide breeches.
GREGUESQUILLOS, s. m. pl. diminutive of *greguéscos*.
GREGUIZA'R, v. to speak in imitation of the Greek dialect.
GREIS, s. m. obs. vide *GRASSA*.
GREMIA'L, s. m. a rich piece of silk held by two priests betwixt the bishop and the people when he says mass in pontificalibus.
GREMIO, s. m. the lap; also protection, favour. It is also a company of any trade; as the company of goldsmiths is called *grémio de los platéros*, and so of others.
Grémio de la iglésia, the bosom of the church.
GRE'ÑA, s. f. the hair of the head clotted and tangled, for want of combing.
Greñas, pl. clotted locks of hair, as we see in pictures of witches, or the like.
Andár la greña, to pull off the hairs in fighting, as women do.
GREÑO, s. m. in cant, a slave, a black.
GREÑU'DO, adj. that has clotted hair.
GREPHIE'R, s. m an officer not unlike to our lord high-stewarp of the houshold.
GRE'SCA, s. f. disturbance, noise, fray.
GRE'VAS, s. f. pl. armour for the legs.
GRE'UGE, s. m. grievance, complaint.
GREY, s. f. a flock, a herd of cattle; people committed to one's charge.

G R I.

GRI'A, s. f. a nit, the spaw of a louse.
GRIBA'R, v. a. a sea-term, to force out of the way, as a ship by a strong current.
GRI'DA, s. f. proclamation made by a crier.
GRIE'TA, s. f. the disease in a horse called the scratches; also chaps in the hands caused by the cold or sharp winds, or by hard working, and chaps in the earth caused by drought.

GRIFALTO, f. m. a kind of hawk; alfo a piece of ordnance fo called.

GRI'FO, } a griffin; alfo the fon
GRIFO'N, } of a black woman and a mulatto. It is likewife a cock for water.

GRILLA'R, v. a. to broil on a gridiron; alfo to make a noife like a cricket.

GRILLIMO'N, f. m. as *cofrádes de grillimón*, the brotherhood of gaol-birds.

GRILLO, f. m. a cricket, a field infect fo called.

Andár a cáza de grillos, to go to crickethunting: to fpend one's time ill.

Grillos, f. m. pl. fetters for the legs; alfo crickets.

Havéisme échado grillos y cadénas, you have fettered and chained me: that is, you have obliged me, I am become your flave.

Grillónes, f. m. pl. great fetters; great crickets.

GRI'MA, f. f. the ftrange faces a man makes in a fright, or on fuch occafion; the fright itfelf, or the hair ftanding up on a fright.

GRI'MAL de ójo, f. m. the corner of the eye.

GRIMA'ZOS, f. m. pl. fo the painters call odd figures of men in painting, ftanding in unnatural poftures.

GRIMO'SO, adj. one that makes ugly faces, or whofe hair ftands an end when frighted.

GRIMPO'LA, f. f. a man of war's pendant.

GRIñO'N f. m. a veil ufed by nuns.

GRI'S, f. m. dark brown or fad colour.

GRISEA'R, v. a. to make of a dark brown colour.

GRI'SES, f. m. pl. a fort of little creatures that have good furs.

GRI'TA, f. f. a crying out, shrieking, hollowing, shout.

GRITADO'R, f. m. a bawling fellow.

GRITA'R, v. n. to halloo, to cry out, to bawl, to shriek.

GRITERI'A, f. f. a cry, a shout.

GRITI'LLO, f. m. a little noife.

GRI'TO, f. m. a shriek, a shout; a cry. In cant, corn.

GRI'TON, f. m. a bawling fellow.

Griton, f. m. a fort of pheafant with black wings and tail, and a dark-coloured body.

GRO

GROñO'N, f. m. a grumbling fellow.

GROPE'RA, f. f. the crupper.

GRO'POS, f. m. pl. cotton that is put into ink.

GRO'SA, f. f. in cant, a common ftrumpet.

GRO'SCA, f. f. a fort of venomous ferpent.

GROSE'LLA, f. f. a goosberry.

GROSSERAME'NTE, adv. coarfely, clownishly, unmannerly.

GROSSERI'A, f. f. clownishnefs, unmannerlinefs, coarfenefs.

GROSSE'RO, adj. unmannerly, clownish, rude, unpolished.

GROSSE'ZA, f. f. corpulence.

GROSSISSIMO, adj. fuperlative of *gruefto*. The fame as *gruefsiffimo*.

GROSSO'R, f. m. thicknefs fatnefs.

GROSSULE'RA, f. f. a tripe-woman.

GROSSU'RA, f. f. thicknefs, fatnefs, groffnefs; alfo the offal of a beaft, as head, feet, and entrails.

Dia de groffúra, Saturday, on which in Spain they eat the offal, but no other flesh.

GRO'TA, f. f. vide *GRU'TA*.

GRU

GRU'A, f. f. the bird called a crane; alfo the crane to draw up weights with.

GRUE'RAS, f. f. pl. the holes that are made in the pullies that lift up the fails.

GRUE'RO, adj. belonging to the birds of prey who catch the cranes.

GRUE'SSA; f. f. twelve dozen, a grofs.

GRUESSI'LLO, adj. thickish, or a little thick.

GRUESSE'RO, f. m. a wholefale dealer, one that fells in grofs.

GRUE'SSO, adj. thick, grofs; alfo dull.

GRUI'R, v. n. to imitate the crane's noife.

GRU'LLA, f. f. a crane.

GRULLA'DA, f. f. a number of people with weapons like the watch.

GRU'LLO, f. m. the cock crane. In cant, a catchpole.

GRULLA'DA, f. f. a company of people going together or following one another, as cranes do.

GRUME'TE, f. m. a grument, the meaneft fort of failor.

GRU'MO, f. m. a bunch or lump of any thing; a hillock; a fmall clufter of grapes; alfo a cabbage; alfo clotted blood.

GRUMO'SO, adj. coagulated, curdled congealed.

GRUñE'NTE, f. m. in cant, a fwine.

GRUñI'DO, f. m. grunt, the cry of a hog, pig, or boar.

GRUñIDO'R, f. m. one that grunts like a hog, a grunting old man, one that grumbles, and does not fpeak his meaning.

GRUñI'R, v. n. to grunt, as a hog does; to grumble, to mutter.

GRUPA, f. f. the crupper of a horfe.

GRUPA'DA, f. f. the beating of the waves of the fea; alfo a gang or company.

GRUPE'RA, f. f. the crupper that goes under a horfe's tail.

GRU'PO, f. m. a heap of things of the fame kind.

GRUTA, f. f. a den, cave, a hollow place under ground.

GRUTE'SCO, f. m. grotefque, a fort of painting, reprefenting a cave, or den, with fuch creatures as are generally found in them; any wild fort of fancy.

GRY

GRYLLA'R, v. n. to make a noife as the crickets do.

GRYLLE'RA, f. f. the place where the crickets hide themselves.
GRYLLETE, f. m. a small fetter put round the foot of a prisoner.
GRYLLO, f. m. a cricket.
GRYLLOTA'LPE, f. m. a voracious insect so called.
GRYPHO, f. m. a griffin, a fabulous animal so called.
Gryphos, f. m. curled hair.
Grypho, adj. an appellative of a type used in printing, by us called Italicks.

GUA

GUA'BAS, f. f. pl. vide *[illegible]CA'YAS.*
GUABI'NA, f. f. a sort of sea-fish.
GUACAMA'YO, f. m. a sort of parrots.
GUACA'S, f. f. so the Indians in Peru call their idols and their temples, or places of worship.
GUACATA'NE, f. m. an herb in New Spain.
GUACHAPEA'R, v. n. to clink or clatter, as an iron plate does when loose.
Guachapeár la herradúra, said when a horse-shoe is loose and clatters.
GUA'CHARO, f. m. one that is always weeeping and wailing.
GUACHARRA'DA, f. f. the sudden fall of any thing upon mud or water.
GUACHICHI'L, f. m. a bird in New Spain so called.
GUACU'MAS, f. f. a sort of fruit in the West Indies.
GUA'DA, f. f. a running water, as a river, or broock.
GUADAFIO'NES, f. m. pl. manacles for the hands; also gauntlets and long gloves.
GUADAMACI'L. f. m. gilt leather for hanging, or such uses.
GUADAMACILERI'A, f. f. a giltleather-maker's shop.
GUADAMACILE'RO, f. m. a giltleather-maker.
GUADA'ñA, f. f. a scythe to mow with.
GUADAñADO'R, f. m. a mower.
GUADAñERO, f. m. one who mows.
GUADAPE'RA, f. f. a chokepear, a wild pear.
GUADAPE'RO, f. m. a wild peartree.
GUADARNE'S, f. m. the place where the arms are kept.
GUADATINA'JAS, f. m. a sort of beast in the West Indies like a hog.
GUADIXE'ñO, f. m. a poniard or dagger.
GUADO'CH, f. m. a ceremony the Moors use of washing themselves, and saying certain prayers in a set posture.
GUADRAMA'ñA, f. f. cheat, fraud.
GUAIPI'N, f. m. a kind of cloth used by the West Indians to cover their neck.
GUALATI'NA, f. f. a sort of sauce made with apples almonds, and rice.
GUA'LDA, f. f. the herb woad, used for dying.
GUALDE'RAS, f. f. pl. the sides of the carriages of cannon.
GUA'LDO, adj. yellow.
GUALDRA'PA, f. f. a covering, in the nature of a caparison cloth; a draggled tail or dirty skirt of a garment that hangs in rags; a dragglerail woman.
GUALDRAPEA'R, v. a. to confuse or intermix against the natural order.
GUALDRAPE'RO, f. m. one who is full of rags, a ragged fellow.
GUALDRAPI'LLA, f. f. diminutive of *gualdrápa*.
GUALDRAPO'SA, f. f. a little draggle-tail woman.
GUA'LPA, f. f. the name in Peru for a hen.
GUANA'CO, f. m. a beast in the West Indies like a great sheep.
GUANAVA'NA, f. f. a sort of fruit growing in Cuba.
GUANI', *GUANI'N*, adj. so the Spaniards in the West Indies call low gold.
GUA'NO, f. m. so the Indians of Peru call the dung of certain seafowl, whereof they fetch quantities from little islands near the coast, to manure their ground.
GUA'NTA, f. f. in cant, a brothel, a bawdy-house.
GUANTA'DA, f. f. a blow with a glove properly; thence applied to a stroke with the open hand.
GUA'NTE, f. m. a glove.
Guánte de hiérro, a gauntlet.
Assentár el guánte, to draw on the glove tight to fit the hand; to strike with the hand and glove on; to box one.
Sálve el guánte, an expression used when a man gives another his hand familiarly with the glove on; as we say, sheep's skin keeps out no kindness.
GUANTERI'A, f. f. the street where the glovers live, or a shop where they sell gloves.
GUANTE'RO, f. m. a glover.
GUAñI'R, v. n. to grunt, to gruntle like a hog.
GUAPAME'NTE, adv. valiantly, courageously.
GUAPA'ZO, adj. valiant, strong, stout, brave, courageous.
GUAPEA'R, to show strength or courage.
GUAPETO'N, f. m. a very courageous man.
GUAPE'ZA, f. f. courage, spirit, resolution.
GUA'PO, adj. bold, valiant, courageous, brave, resolute.
GUA'RDA, f. f. m. a guard.
Guárda mayor, the chief guard.
Guárda postigo, in cant, a ruffian's boy or servant.
GUARDABRA'ZO, f. m. an old armour to guard the arm.
GUARDACA'BO, f. m. a hollow piece of iron so called on board a ship, used to save extremities of cables from being born.
GUARDACADE'NAS, f. m. pl. a contrivance of boards to keep certain chains from being worn by friction on board ships.
GUARDACO'YMAS, f. m. a servant to the father of a whore.
GUARDA'MAS, f. m. and old gentleman-usher to wait on the ladies at court. In cant, a pimp.
GUARDA'DO, adj. secret.
GUARDADO'R, f. m. a keeper, one that keeps, preserves, or watches, a saving person.

GUARDA-FUE'GOS, s. m. a little skreen to set between one and the fire or to hold in the hand.

GUARDA'JA, s. f. a lock of hair.

GUARDAINFA'NTE, s. m. a farthingale worn formerly, over which the women had a large petticoat.

GUARDAJO'YAS, s. m a casket to keep jewels in; also the master of the jewels in the king's family.

GUARDA'IZAS, s. m. vide *GUARDACOINAS*.

GUARDALA'DO, s. m. a low wall or rail to lean against on the sides of a bridge, or the like.

GUARDAMANCE'BOS, s. m. a rope or cable on board a ship, to which the boys hold fast when managing the sails.

GUARDAMANGE'R, s. m. the king's pantry, and the officer that has the chief care of it.

GUARDAMA'NO, s. f. the guard of a sword.

GUARDAME'A, s. m. the person set to guard any place that people may not piss in it.

GUA'RDA MUGE'R, s. f. one of the queen's waiting-women.

GUARDAPIE'S, s. m. a sort of garment formerly worn by great ladies, an over-petticoat.

GUARDAPO'LVO, s. m. any cloth that is spread to keep off the dust; a woman's dust-gown.

GUARDAPOSTI'GO, s. m. in cant, ruffian's servant.

GUARDAPUE'RTA, s. f. the foremost of two doors when there are two to the same entrance into a room or hall.

GUA'RDA, an interj. take care, beware.

GUARDA'R, v. a. to keep, to preserve, to secure, to guard, to save, to lay up; also to defend, to protect, to shield, to look after.

Guardár la cáma, to be sick a-bed.

Guardár la cápa, to defend one's self.

Guardár la cára, to cover the face.

Guardár la rópa, to keep one's self safe from danger.

Quien guárda halla, he who saves finds.

Guardár fiéstas, to keep holidays.

Guardárse, to be upon one's guard.

Guardársela a uno, to remember an ill turn.

GUARDARI'O, s. m. a bird called king's fisher.

GUARDARNE'S, s. m. an officer in the king of Spain's houshold who has charge of the bridles, sadles, and other horse-furniture.

GUARDARO'PA, s. f. a wardrobe, the place where the cloaths are kept; also the keeper of the wardrobe.

GUA'RDAS, s. f. pl. guards; customhouse-waiters; officers to receive toll; turnkeys in prison; the wards in a lock.

Guárdas del rey, the king's guards.

GUARDASO'L, s. m. an umbrella.

GUARDATIMO'NES, s. m. the guns that are placed near the stern.

GUARDAVE'LA, s. m. the rope with which the sails are tied.

GUA'RDIA, s. f. a guard; keeping, looking after; also a protection, defence.

Cuérpo de guárdia, the corps-de-guard.

GUA'RDIAS, s. f. the watch aboard a ship, half the ship's company, which do all the work by turns.

GUARDIA'N, s. m. a guardian, a warder, one that has the care or charge of any thing. The guardian of the Franciscans, the superior of the monastery.

Guardián de návio, the boatswain.

GUARDIANI'A, s. f. the dignity of the guardian of the Franciscans

GUARDI'LLA, s. f. the window at the top of the house that affords light to a garret.

GUARDI'N, s. m. the twine or small ropes they make of oakam aboard ships.

GUARDI'ÑA, s. f. the fur of a little beast.

GUARDO'SO, adj. frugal, close, saving, sparing, miserable, niggard, covetous.

GUARECE'R, v. a. to protect, to defend; also to escape a danger, and to heal; also to recover, to restore from sickness or disorder.

GUARENTI'GIA, s. f. warranty, security, an obligation, an execution.

GUARGUE'RO, s. m. the gullet.

GUARI'DA, s. f. a place of resort, a place of refuge, a retiring place.

Guarída, s. f. protection, help, aid, succour, assistance, relief, refuge.

GUARI'R, v. n. obs. to recover after a sickness, to heal.

GUARI'SMO, s. m. arithmetic, casting accounts.

Guarísmo, adj. belonging to arithmetick.

GUARNECE'R, v. a. to furnish, to provide, to garrison, to lace a garment.

GUARNECIMIE'NTO, s. f. furnishing, providing, garrisoning; also lacing.

GUARNE'S, s. m. a heap made by the many rounds of a cable.

GUARNICI'ON, s. f. a garrison; also the lacing, embroidery or other trimming of a garment; the hilt of a sword; the furniture of a horse.

Prov. *Guarniciónes y crin dan vénta al rocín*, furniture and mane make the horse sell. The furniture sets him off, and the mane makes him look mettlesome.

GUARNICIONE'RO, s. m. armourer, embroiderer, upholsterer; also a horse's furniture-maker.

GUARNIMIE'NTO, s. m. dress, ornament, embroidery.

GUARNI'R, v. a. obs. for *GUARNECE'R*.

GUA'RTE, interj. take heed, have a care.

GUAY, interj. alas! woe me!

Tenér muchos guáyes, to be much afflicted.

GUAYA, s. f. lamentation, sorrowful complaint, mourning.

Hacer la guáya, to lament, to mourn, to express sorrow.

GUAYES, s. m. pl. grief, sorrow, trouble.

GUAYACO, s. m guaiac, a tree

GUAYADOR, s. m. one that wails and laments.

GUAYAPI'L, f. m. a kind of American wood.
GUAYA'PO, f. m. a pitiful fellow; a beggar.
GUAYA'R, v. n. to wail, to lament.
GUAYA'VO, f. m. a tree fo called.

GUB

GU'BIA, f. f. a long flender chiffel, called a googe.

G[illegible]E

GUEDE'JA, f. f. a lock of hair.
Guedéja enhetráda, a lock of hair clotted or tangled together.
GUEDEJA'R, v. a. to adorn or fet off the head with locks of hair.
GUEDEJI'LLA, f. f. a little lock of hair.
GUEDE'JO, *GUEDEJU'DO*, adj. that wears much hair.
GUE'LTRE, f. m. in cant, money.
GUE'RCA, f. f. in cant, juftice.
GUE'RCO, f. m. hell; a bier for a dead body; a melancholy perfon.
GUERME'CES, f. m. pl. a ficknefs which birds of prey have in their heads and throat.
GUE'RO, f. m. addle-egg.
GUE'RRA, f. f. war; oppofition, contrariety; the profeffion of arms.
Guérra campál, open war; a great hatred among fome men.
Hijo habido en buéna guérra, a baftard.
Guérra galána, is two ships cannonading one another at a diftance.
GUERREA'DOR, f. m. a warrior; a troublefome fellow.
GUERRE'AR, v. a. to make war, to wrangle, to contend.
GUERRE'RO, adj. warlike, martial; fubft. ufed, a warrior.
GUERRI'LLA, f. f. a little war.
GUERTE'RA, f. f. *orden de la guértera*, the order of the garter.
GUE'RTO, f. m. obf. vide *HUE'RTO.*
GUE'SA, f. f. vide *HUE'SA.*
GUE'SCA, f. f. vide *UE'SCA.*
GUE'SSO, f. m. vide *HUE'SSO.*
GUE'SPED, f. m. vide *HUE'SPED.*
GUEX, f. m. obf. a beggar.

G U I

GUI'A, f. f. a guide; alfo guiding. In agriculture, the prime or chief ftock of vineyard, by which the reft are fet in order.
Cárta de guía, a pafs, a fafe conduct to travel without impediment.
GUIABA'RA, f. f. the herb called hartshorn.
GUIABE'LLA, f. f. the herb called crow's foot.
GUIADO'R, f. m. a guide.
GUIAMIE'NTO, f. m. a guiding, conducting.
GUIA'R, v. a. to guide, to lead, to conduct; alfo to teach, to inftruct.
Guiár la dánça, to lead up the dance, to draw others after one in any bufinefs, to make others follow one's opinion.
GUI'DO, adj. in cant, good.
GUI'JA, f. f. a pebble.
GUIJARRA'L, f. m. a quarry of ftones.
GUIJARRA'ZO, f. m. a ftroke of a pebble-ftone.
GUIJARRE'ÑO, adj. like a pebble-ftone, as hard as a pebble-ftone.
GUIJARRI'LLO, f. m. a little pebble-ftone.
GUIJA'RRO, f. m. a pebble-ftone.
GUIJARRO'SO, adj. full of pebbles.
GUIJE'ÑO, adj. gravelly, or full of pebbles.
GUIJO'SO, adj. vide *GUIJE'ÑO.*
GUIJUE'LO, f. m. the columbine flower.
GUI'LLA, f. f. obf. harveft, product of land.
GUILLO'TE, f. m. he that hath the ufe and profit of a thing, but not the property or right.
Guillóte, f. m. a clown, a country fellow; alfo an idle fellow that will not work, but goes about fpunging where he can.
Guillótes, f. m. pl. are alfo a fort of very large nails or rather iron pins, to faften timber together.
GUIMBALE'TE, f. m. the helm of a ship; alfo the handle of the pump.
GUINCHA'DO, adj. in cant, purfued, followed.
GUINCHA'R, v. a. to purfue and endeavour to catch one that runs away.
GUI'NCHO, f. m. a fea-bird fo called.
GUI'NDA, f. f. a common cherry.
Guínda garrafal, a very large fort of cherry.
Guínda de tavérna, a drunkard.
GUINDA'L, f. m. a cherry-tree.
GUINDALE'RA, f. f. the place where the common cherry-trees are, a cherry garden.
GUINDALE'ZA, *GUINDALE'TA*, f. f. a great cord in a ship, called the tackle, which ferves to hoift goods aboard. It is alfo the rope of any crane.
GUINDAMA'YNA, an interj. hoift the fail, let it down amain.
GUINDA'R, v. a. to hoift up, to crane up, to draw up with a pulley; in cant, to abufe.
GUINDA'STE, f. m. the rope of a crane; the tackle of a ship.
GUINDILLE'RO, f. m. a plant and flower in the Weft Indies.
GUI'NDO, f. m. a common cherry-tree.
GUI'NDOLA, f. f. a triangular engine ufed on board ships to take weighty things in them.
GUINE'A, f. f. an English gold coin called a guinea.
GUINE'O, f. m. a black of Guinea; alfo the name of a dance.
GUIÑA'DA, f. f. a winking with the eyes.
GUIÑADU'RA, f. f. a winking with the eyes.
GUIÑA'PO, f. m. a rag; a ragged perfon.
GUIÑA'R, v. n. to wink with the eyes, to make figns with the eyes; at fea, to fail unfteadily, winding from fide to fide; in cant, to run away.

GUIÑARO'L, s. m. in cant, he who beckons or make signs to another with his eyes.
GUIÑO, s. m. a wink with the eye.
GUIÑO'SO, s. m. a starting horse, or other beast.
GUIÑO'N, s. m. a wink with the eye.
EUIO'N, s. m. the royal standard.
GUIRIGA'Y, s. m. a confused and difficult language, gibberish.
GUIRNA'LDA, s. f. a garland.
GUI'SA, s. f. fashion, manner, quality, guise.
GUISADI'LLO, s. m. a little dish of dressed meat.
GUISA'DO, s. m. meat dressed; satisfaction, content.
Guisádo, in cant, a whore; a bawdy-house.
GUISADO'R, s. m. a cook.
GUISAMIE'NTO, s. m. preparation, disposition.
GUISANDE'RO, s. m. the person who seasons and dresses the victuals.
GUISA'NTES, s. m. pl. common pease.
GUISA'R, v. a. to dress meat; also to manage, to regulate, to adjust, to dispose something.
GUI'SO, s. m. seasoning, sauce, pickle.
GUISO'TE, s. m. a seasoning after the country fashion.
GUI'TA, s. f. a small cord; also a child's cross-bow.
GUITA'RRA, s. f. a guitar.
GUITARRE'RO, s. m. an instrument-maker that makes guitars.
GUITARRI'LLA, s. f. a little guitar.
GUITARRI'STA, s. m. who plays on the guitar.
GUITARRO'N, s. m. a great guitar.
GUI'TO, adj. that stumbles or plunges.
GUITO'N s. m. a lazy beggar, that goes about in the habit of a pilgrim only to live idle.
GUITONEA'R, v. n. to wander, to stroll about like a lazy beggar.

GUITONERI'A, s. f. strolling or wandering about like a lazy beggar.
GUIZGA'R, v. a. to incite, to stimulate.
GUI'ZNA, *GUI'ZNE*, s. f. a wink with the eye upon another by way of a private sign.

G U L

GU'LA, s. f. gluttony; also the throat.
GULES, s. m. pl. in heraldry, gules, red colour.
GULI'LLA, s. f. vide *GOLI'LLA*.
GULLO'NA, s. f. a kind of a lark.
GULLO'RIA, s. f. a small bird so called.
Gulloria, s. f. immoderate desire, unlawful appetite, indecent excess.

G U M

GU'MENA, s. f. a cable of a ship.

G U R

GU'RA, s. f. in cant, justice.
GURA'PAS, s. f. a cant word among rogues for the gallies.
GURBIO'N, s. m. a thick twist used in embroideries; also the plant called *euphorbium*.
GU'RDO, adj. silly, ignorant, foolish.
GU'RO, s. m. in cant, a catch-pole, a bailiff.
GURO'N, s. m. in cant, a gaol-keeper.
GURRA'R, v. n. to clear one ship from another.
GURRUMI'NA, s. f. a too great submission to the wife.
GURRUMI'NO, s. m. the person who makes too great a submission to his wife, who is uxorious.
GURULLA'DA, s. f. a gang of people; in cant, the officers of justice.
GURU'PA, s. f. the cruper, the upper part of the buttocks of a horse.
GURUPE'RA, s. f. the crupper of a horse.

G U S

GUSANE'RA, s. f. the place where the worms breed.
GUSANIE'NTO, adj. full of worms.
GUSANI'LLO, s. m. a small worm; that sort of silver our embroiderers call purl, because it works and winds like a worm.
GUSA'NO, s. m. a worm.
Gusáno de madéra, a worm that breeds in wood.
Gasáno de séda, a silk-worm.
Gusáno con cuérnos, a hornet.
GUSARA'PA, s. f. a little worm or insect that breeds in water.
GUSARAPI'LLO, s. m. a little worm.
GUSARA'PO, s. m. a water-insect with six legs so called.
GU'SE, s. m. obs. a poor pilgrim.
GUSTADU'RA, s. f. tasting, assaying; also pleasing, liking.
GUSTA'R, v. a. to taste, to assay, to like, to please.
GUSTI'LLO, s. m. a little taste.
GU'STO, s. m. taste, assay, liking, pleasure, satisfaction.
A gústo, to satisfaction, to content.
Libro de gústo, a pleasant book.
Dáma de buén gústo, commonly taken in an ill sense for a lewd woman, though the plain meaning is only a lady of a good fancy.

Prov. *Sóbre gústo no hay dispúta*, there is no disputing of tastes, or fancy.

Prov. *Al gústo estragádo, lo dúlce le es amargo*, a depraved palate thinks sweet things bitter.

Prov. *Comér á gústo, y vestir al úso*, eat to please the palate, and clothe in the fashion.

GUSTOSAME'NTE, adv. pleasingly, to one's palate, to one's liking.
GUSTO'SO, adj. relishing, well tasted, pleasant, savoury.

G U T

GUTURA'L, adj. of, or belonging to the throat.
GUTURALIDA'D, s. f. gutturality, the quality of being guttural with regard to pronunciation.
GUTURALME'NTE, adv. gutturally.

G U Z

GUZMA'NES, s. m. pl. young noblemen who served in the fleet as common soldiers; a sort of cadets.
GUZPATADE'RO, s. m. in cant, a thief that makes holes in walls to creep through.
GUSPA'TARO, s. m. in cant, a hole.

G Y M

GYMNA'SIO, s. m. a school, or college where sciences are taught.
GYMNASTICAME'NTE, adv. gymnastically, fitly for strong exercise.
GYMNA'STICO, adj. gymnastick, pertaining to athletical exercises.
GYMNOSOPHI'STA, s. m. a gymnosophist, or sort of Indian philosopher.

G Y R

GYRA'R, v. n. to turn round, to circulate; also in commerce, to trade in bills of exchange.
GYRA'SOL, s. m. the plant called heliotrope, turnsol, or sun-flower.
GYRO, s. m. turning round, whirling; in commerce, a circulation of bills of exchange.
Gyro, circumference; also a wound; a threatening; a bravado.
No hay que echar gyros, do not play the bully.
Tomár otro gyro, to change a resolution.

H

H an aſpiration never pronounced before a vowel in the beginning of words in Spaniſh.

H A

HA, is the voice of calling, as *hoe*; ſometimes an affirmation; alſo.

El ha, he has.

Ha, ha, ha, expreſſion of laughter.

H A B

HA'BA, ſ. f. a bean.

Hábas, in cant, the nails of the hand.

HABA'R, ſ. m. a field of beans.

HABASPANO'SAS, ſ. f. pl. horſebeans.

HABASCO'N, ſ. m. an American root of a hot nature, in ſhape and bigneſs like a carrot.

HABE'R, v. a. to have, to hold, to enjoy, to eccupy, to poſſeſs.

Habér, v. imperf. to happen, to ſucceed.

Habérſe, v. r. to behave, to act, to conduct one's ſelf.

Mas vale ſaber que haber, learning is better than riches.

Habér, ſ. m. pl. ſubſtance, wealth, riches.

He perdído tódos mis habéres, I have loſt all my ſubſtance.

HABERI'A, ſ. f. the cuſtom paid for goods that are exported.

Haberlas, ſ. f. pl. wages, pay.

HABERI'O, ſ. m. the beaſts or any utenſil uſed by countrymen in their labour; alſo proviſions.

HABICHUE'LAS, ſ. f. pl. French beans.

HABI'DO, p. p. of *habér*.

HA'BIL, adj. capable, handy, dexterous, active.

HABILENTE'ZA, ſ. f. obſ. ability, capacity.

HABILIDA'D, ſ. f. ability, dexterity, handineſs; capacity.

HABILITACIO'N, ſ. f. fitneſs, hand-ſomeneſs, ableneſs; alſo habilitation, qualification.

HABILITADO'R, ſ. m. one that makes capable, fit, or able. This word is uſed in the *cortes*, for thoſe that are commiſſioned to declare who are to be allowed to ſit there, and who not.

HABILITA'R, v. a. to capacitate, to make able, fit, or capable.

HABITA'BLE, adj. that may be dwelled in; alſo inhabited.

HABITACIO'N, ſ. f. habitacion; dwelling-place; alſo dwelling, or inhabiting.

HABITA'CULO, ſ. m. habitation, dwelling-place.

HABITADO'R, *HABITA'NTE*, ſ. m. inhabitant, a dweller.

HABITA'R, v. n. to inhabit, to dwell.

HABITI'LLO, ſ. m. diminutive of *hábito*.

HA'BITO, ſ. m. habit, uſe, cuſtom; habit or apparel; the badge of the knighthood worn by a knight.

HABITUACIO'N, ſ. f. cuſtom, habit.

HABITUA'DO, adj. habituated, accuſtomed, uſed.

HABITUA'L, adj. accuſtomed, habitual, cuſtomary, inveterate.

HABITUALIDAD, ſ. f. cuſtom, uſe, habit.

HABITUA'RSE, v. r. to grow accuſtomed.

HABITU'D, ſ. f. habitude, uſe, cuſtom.

HA'BLA, ſ. f. ſpeech, talk, a conference.

HABLADO'R, ſ. m. a talkative perſon, a prating fellow.

Prov. *Al mal habladór, diſcréto oidór* for a bad talker, a diſcreet hearer; that is, one that cannot ſpeak to be well underſtood, needs a perſon of diſcretion to hear him, to gueſs what he ſays.

HABLADORCI'LLO, ſ. m. one who ſpeaks much without any ſubſtance, a talkative perſon.

HABLADURI'A, ſ. f. an impertinent, diſcourſe, or ſaying.

HABLA'R, v. a. to ſpeak, to talk.

Hablár a borbotónes, to ſpeak very faſt.

Hablar a halto, ù à tiento, to talk upon uncertain matters.

Hablár al aire, to talk vainly, or out of the ſubject.

Hablár a la mano, to interrupt one when he is ſpeaking.

Hablár alto, to talk big.

Hablár a tontas y a locas, to prattle, to tattle, to chatter.

Hablár con el diablo, to be very ſly or cunning.

Hablár con lengua de plata, to ſpeak with a ſilver tongue; that is, to bribe one with money.

Hablár de hilván, to ſpeak too faſt.

Hablár griego ò algarabia, to ſpeak with ſuch confuſion that one cannot be underſtood.

Hablár por ciſras, to talk myſteriouſly.

Hablár de grácia, to talk without book.

Hablár de talanquéra, to talk from a high place, or ſcaffold; that is, to talk big, and find fault with thoſe that are in danger, from a ſafe place.

Hablár de pápo, to talk after a lofty ſtately manner.

Prov. *Hábla la bocá con que pága la cóca*, the mouth utters what a man afterwards pays for. We ſay, little ſaid, is ſoon amended.

Prov. *Cáda qual háble en lo que ſábe*, let every one talk of what he underſtands.

Prov. *Hábla de liſonjéro ſiémpre es vána y ſin provécho*, a flatterer's talk is always vain and unprofitable.

Prov. *Hábla póco y bien, tenérte han por alguien*, talk little and well, and you will be counted ſomebody; that is, you will be eſteemed.

Prov. *Hablár ſin penſár, es tirár ſin encarár*, to talk without thinking, is to ſhoot without taking aim. To let one's tongue run without reflecting on what one ſays, is like ſhooting at random.

Prov. *Quién múcho hábla en álgo aciérta*, he who talks much hits on ſomething. Says by chance

something to the purpose one time or other.

Prov. *A múcho hablár múcho errár*, talking is the cause of much erring.

HABLATI'STA, s. m. a prating fellow.

HABLI'ILA, s. f. idle talk, an idle story, a fable.

H A C

HA'CA, s. f. nag, gelding, little horse.

Prov *Háca perezósa cabe cása tróta*, a jade trots near home.

HACANE'A, s. f. the same as *háca*, with this difference, that *hacanéa* signifies a curious choice pal, of a considerable price; whereas *háca* is any small horse indifferently.

HA'CE, s. f. vide *HA'Z*.

HACECI'LLO, s. m. a little bundle, fagget, sheaf, or the like.

HACECI'TO, s. m. a little fagget of small wood.

HACEDE'RO, adj. that may be done.

HACEDO'R, s. m. the Creator; also a maker, one who makes any thing; also nimble, agile, quick.

HACENDA'DO, adj. rich, wealthy.

HACE'NDAR, v. a. to give estates.

Hacendárse, v. r. to buy estates, to purchase them.

HAÇENDI'LLA, s. f. a little estate, some goods, little business.

HACENDOCI'LLO, adj. careful, agile.

HACENDO'SO, adj. careful, diligent.

HACENDUE'LA, s. f. vide *HACENDI'LLA*.

HACE'R, v. a. to make, to create; also to form of materials.

Hacér, to commit, to put in act.

Hacér al caso, to come to the purpose.

Hacér los árboles, the trees to grow.

Hacér limosnas, to give alms.

Hacér, to contain, to hold as a vessel.

Hacér gasto, to spend.

Hacér humo, to smoke.

Hacér noche, to be night.

Hacér la comida, to dress the meat.

Hacér uno ausente, to believe one absent.

Hace frio, it is cold.

Hace dia, it is day.

Esto hace bien aquí, this fits well here.

Hacér gente, to raise men, soldiers.

Hacér un caballo al fuego, to accustom a horse to see the fire of arms.

Hacér pedazos, to pull to pieces.

Hacér chunga, *chacóta*, *chanza*, to ridicule.

Hacérse atrás, to go back.

Hacér agua, to take water in for a ship.

Hacér aguas, to make water.

Hacér aire, to punish, to chastise one.

Hacér alarde, to muster; also to boast of.

Hacér alto, to stop on a marchin, any business.

Hacér a pluma y a pelo, to be ready to admit or receive any thing.

Hacér bodoques, to be buried.

Hacér mala obra a uno, to hurt one, to harm, to mischief.

Hacér buénas ò malas migras, to agree with one or not.

Hacér cara, *frente*, *ò rostro*, to face, to resist.

Hacér correrias, to make incursions.

Hacér cortesías, to be polite in saluting; also to be lame.

Hacér cosquilla, to suffer, to bear with patience.

Hacér de tripas corazón, to pluck up a spirit.

Hacér el pico, *plato*, *ò papo a uno*, to maintain, to keep up one's family.

Hacér fiesta, to keep a holiday.

Hacér fiestas, to endear, to fondle.

Hacér gracia, to sell at the lowest price.

Hacér harmonia, to wonder at.

Hacér las partes de uno, to make any business for another.

Hacér lugar, to make room.

Hacér mercéd or *mercedes*, to grant a favour.

Hacér milagros, to make wonders.

Hacér noche, to stay all the night.

Hacér oréjas de mercadér, to play the deaf.

Hacér pié, to find the bottom of a river, to ford a river; also to settle.

Hacér plaza, to make way; also to publish something secret.

Hacér quaresma, to fast all the lent.

Hacerse; to accustom one's self.

Hacérse a la vela, a sea-term, to sail.

Hacérse capáz, to enable one's self.

Hacérse de manga, to agree with another in order deceive one.

Hacérse de miel, to behave genteelly.

Hacérse de pencas, to refuse what one desires to grant.

Hacérsela, to try how to deceive another.

Hacérse lenguas, to praise, to extol any thing with singular expressions.

Hacér sombra, to protect, to defend.

Hacér piernas, to strut; also to stand to what one says.

Hacér pinitos, to endeavour to walk after sickness, walk as children do.

Hacér sus necessidades, to ease one's self, to go to stool.

Hacér ventaja, to exceed, to surpass.

Hacér una bestia, to fatten a beast

HA'CHA, s. f. axe, hatchet; a torch, a flambeau.

Hácha de ármas, a battle-axe.

Hácha de cera, a flambeau, a torch.

HACHA'ZO, s. m. a stroke with an axe or with a flambeau.

HACHEA'R, v. n. to cut any wood with the hatchet.

HACHE'RO, s. m. one that works with an axe; also a great candlestick to hold a torch or flambeau.

HACHE'TA, s. f. a little hatchet.

HA'CHO, f. m. a brush to light a fire with, a bundle o ffmall wood.
HACHO'N, f. m. a link to light with.
HACHUE'LA, f. f. a little axe, or hatchet; alfo a fmall torch, or flambeau.
HA'CIA, adv. towards; in a direction to.
HACIE'NDA, f. f. an eftate in the country; wealth, riches, fortune; alfo the work of a fervant-maid, bufinefs.
HACIMIE'NTO, f. m. thanks giving.
HACI'NA, f. f. a ftack of wood or corn, a rick of hay, or the like.
HACINADO'R, f. m. one who makes the faggots.
HACINA'R, v. a to pile, to heap, to put up things confufedly; to grow wealthy.
HACI'NO, f. m. a niggard, a fcraping fellow.

H A D

HADA, f. f. vide *HADAS*.
HADA'DO, adj. fated, doomed, decreed by fate.
HADADO'R, f. m. a fortune-teller.
HADA'LLA, f. f. a fort of fickle.
HADA'R, v. a. to tell fortunes.
HA'DAS, f. f. pl. inchanted nymphs or ladies, fo called in romances.
HA'DO, f. m. fate, deftiny.
HADRO'LLA, f. f. cheat in felling upon tick.
HADROLLE'RO, f. m. a tallyman.

H A I

HAI'Z, f. m. the ftate or fituation of any planet.

H A L

HA'LA, interj. vide *HO'LA*.
HALACUE'RDAS, f. m. a drugge in a ship, a galley-flave that does all vile and abject fervice.
HALAGADO'R, f. m. a fawning perfon.
HALAGA'R, v. a. to make much of, to cherish, to fawn upon, to ftroak, to appeafe.
HALA'GO, f. m. making much of, ftroaking, fawning on, cherishing.
HALAGüEñAME'NTE, adv. kindly. tenderly, lovingly, fawningly.
HALAGUE'ñO, adj. kind, loving, fawning, cherishing.
HALAGüE'RO, adj. kind, tender, loving; flattering, or fawning, that makes much of others.
HALA'R, v. a. to push, to pluck, to hale; properly a fea-term.
HALCO'N, f. m. a faulcon.
HALCONCI'LLO, f. m. a fmall hawk.
HALCONEA'R, v. n. to look up as it where in contempt.
HALCONE'RA, f. f. a place to keep hawks in, a mew.
HALCONE'RO, f. m. a faulconer.
HALCONE'TE, f. m. vide *FALCONE'TE*.
HALCYO'N, f. m. the bird called the king-fisher.
HA'LDA, f. f. a skirt of a garment, that hangs down; alfo the skirt of a moutain.
HALDA'DA, f. f. a skirt full of any thing.
HALDEA'R, v. a to shake the gown in going along, to drag on the ground.
HALDU'DO, adj. that has long skirts hanging.
HALE'CHE, f. m. a kind of herring or anchovy.
HALIE'TO, f. m. a kind of eagle or faulcon.
HALI'FA, f. m. the fucceffor in the office, dignity, or government.
HALIFA'DO, f. m. the dignity, office, or employment.
HA'LITO, f. m. breathing.
HALLADO'R, f. m. who finds or invents.
HALLA'R, v. a. to find; to invent; to meet, to light upon.
Hállarfe en úna párte, v. r. to be prefent in a place.
No hallárfe en úna tiérra, not to like, not to be well at eafe in a country.
Hallárfe con dinéros, to have money.
HALLA'ZGO, f. m. the reward given for finding a thing loft; alfo the thing itfelf.
HALLU'LLO, f. m. bread baked under the ashes.
HALO'N, f. m. a circle round the fun or moon of a pale red; a meteor fo called.
HALUCINA'R, v. n. to dazzle, to overpower with light, to overpower the mind.

H A M

HAMA'CA, f. f. a hammock, hung up to lie in.
HAMADRI'ADES, f. f. pl. the nymphs of the woods.
HA'MBRE, f. f. hunger, famine, fcarcity; a greedy defire of any thing.
Morir de hámbre, to ftarve with hunger.
Matár la hámbre, to fatisfy one's hunger.
Tomár por hámbre, to take a town by ftarving it; methaph. to make an advantage of a man's wants.
Hámbre canina, an infatiable greedinefs or defire of eating.
Prov. *A la hámbre no hay pan málo*, there is no bread bad to hunger. Hungry dogs will eat dirty puddings.
HAMBREA'R, v. n. to hunger.
HAMBRIE'NTO, adj. hungry.
HAMBRO'N, f. m. one that is always hungry.
HAME'CES, f. f. pl. a difeafe in hawks for want of regular feeding.
HA'MPA, f. f. a quarrel, a fcolding bout among whores.
Génte de la hámpa, bafe people, rogues and whores.
HAMPO'N, adj. puffed up windy; proud, elate.

HAN.

HANE'GA, f. f. a bushel.

Hanéga de tiérra de fembradúra, as much as a bushel of wheat will sow.

HANEGA'DA, f. f. idem.

HA'NZO, f. m. obf. mirth, pleafure.

HAO

HA'O, a voice of calling, as *ho hey*.

HAQ.

HAQUI'LLA, f. f. a little nag.

HAR

HARAGA'N, f. m. a lazy fellow, a fluggard, a drone.

HARAGANEA'R, v. n. to be lazy.

HARAGANERI'A, f. f. floth, lazinefs.

HARAGANI'A, f. f. floth, lazinefs.

HARA'LDO, f. m. a herald at arms, to denounce war or peace.

HARAPIE'ZO, f. m. properly the skirt or hanging part of any garment; vulgarly, rag, clout.

Llevár de los harapiézos, to drag one another by the coat.

HARA'PO; f. m. vide *HARAPIE'ZO*.

HARBA'R, v. a. to do any thing in hafte, to write unintelligibly.

HA'RDA, f. f. a fquirrel.

HARDI'LLA, f. f. idem.

HARI'JA, f. f. duft of meal.

HARI'NA, f. f. meal.

Prov. *Cernír nóche y día, y no echár harína*, to fift night and day, and shake out no flour; that is, to be very bufy and do nothing.

Prov. *Derramár harína y allegár ceníza*, to fcatter meal, and gather ashes; that is, to fave at the tap, and let it run out at the bung.

HARINA'L, f. m. a bin to keep meal in, a meal-trough.

HARINE'RO, f. m. the perfon who fells meal.

HARINI'LLAS, f. f. a fort of game at dice.

HARINO'SO, adj. mealy.

HARMA'DA, f. f. wild rue, a plant fo called.

HARMONI'A, f. f. harmony, concord; correfpondent fentiment.

HARMONICAME'NTE, adv. harmonically, mufically.

HARMO'NICO, adj. of, or belonging to an harmony.

HARMONIOSAME'NTE, adv. harmonioufly, mufically.

HARMONIO'SO, adj. fweet, harmonious.

HARNE'RO, f. m. a fieve with fmall holes, ufed to shake chopped ftraw, or to fift horfes oats; alfo a fieve for meal.

HA'RO, f. m. a hoop, any thing circular, by which fomething elfe is bound, fuch as casks and barrels.

HARO'N, f. m. a lazy, idle fellow, a drone, alfo the herb cukoopit.

Harón, adj. refty, dull, that foon tires.

HARONEA'R, v. n. to be refty, to be lazy or flothfull.

HARONI'A, f. f. reftinefs, lazinefs, floth.

HA'RPA, f. f. a harp, an inftrument ftrung with whire and ftruck with the finger.

Hárpa, any triangular point; alfo the sharp nails.

Hárpa, f. f. a ravenous bird of the vulture kind.

HARPA'DO, adj. torn or rent with hooks.

Cára harpáda, a face that is flashed and full of fcars.

HARPADO'R, f. m. a harper, one that plays upon the harp.

HARPADU'RA, f. f. the notching of any thing.

HARPA'R, v. a. to cut, to tear in shivers; to cut the face and flash it.

HARPE'O, f. m. a drag or hook to take up things out of a well, &c.

HARPI'A, f. f. harp, a bird feigned by the poets. A catchpole, a greedy whore.

HARPIE'DO, f. m. in cant, a fool.

HARPILLA'R, v. a. to touch the harp, to play upon it.

HARPILLE'RA, f. f. the coarfe cloth, or canvas in which goods are packed.

HARPI'STA, f. m. the perfon who plays on the harp.

HARPO'N, f. m. a trout-fpear with three or four teeth; a grapple of a ship or any iron hook; fometimes it is taken for an anchor.

HARPONA'R, v. a. to ftrike with a trout-fpear, to hook, to grapple.

HARPY'A, f. f. vide *HARPIA*.

HARRAPIE'ZO, f. m. a rag which hangs on the cloaths.

HARRA'PO, f. m. vide *HARRAPIE'ZO*.

HA'RRE, interj. a word carriers and fuch people ufe to their beaft to make them go.

HARREA'R, v. a. to drive beafts as carriers do.

HARRI'A, f. f. a drove of mules or affes.

HARRIE'RO, f. m. a carrier.

HARRITRA'NCO, f. m. a certain bit of rope or cable ufed on board ships.

HARRUQUE'RO, f. m. vide *HARRIE'RO*.

HARTA'R, v. a. to fill, to fatisfy with meat.

HARTA'ZGO, f. m. fatiety, fulnefs of meat or drink.

HA'RTO, adv. enough.

HARTO'N, f. m. in cant, bread.

HARTU'RA, f. f. fatiety, fulnefs.

HAS

HA'STA, adv. till, even, up to.

Hásta quándo? till when?

Hásta palácio, as far as the court.

Hásta que, until.

Hásta quanto ? how much ?
Hásta tánto, ſo much.
Hásta el bórde, up to the brink.
Hásta, ſ. f. the ſtaff of a ſpear, fork, &c.
Hástas, ſ. f. pl. the horns of beaſts.
Hástas hómes, in old Spanish ſignified, to arms, to arms; that is, men take up your ſpears.
HASTA'DO, ſ. m. a pikeman.
HASTA'R, v. a. to prolong, to augment, to grow.
HASTIA'L, ſ. m. the inſide wall of a vault.
HASTIA'R, v. a. to loath, to diſdain, to ſcorn, to ſet light by, to take no account of.
HASTI'L, ſ. m. the wood of a ſpear, pike, lance, or any ſuch thing.
HASTI'LLA, ſ. f. a chip, a ſplinter; alſo a quarter of timber; alſo a particle of any thing.
HASTILLA'ZO, ſ. m. the blow with a ſplinter or chip.
HASTI'O, ſ. m. loathing, want of appetite.
HASTIO'SO, adj. that has a loathing to meat, that has loſt appetite.

H A T

HATA'CA, ſ. f. a great ladle, a melting ladle; alſo a ſpatula.
HATACADE'RA, ſ. f. the rammer of a gun.
HATARA'YA, ſ. f. a ſmall fiſhing-net, a caſting-net.
HATERI'A, ſ. f. the proviſion given to the ſhepherds, for the whole week.
HATE'RO, ſ. m. the ſervant of the ſhepherds who brings proviſion.
HATI'LLO, ſ. m. a ſmall flock or herd; alſo a bundle or parcel of cloaths.
HA'TO, ſ. m. flock, herd; alſo apparel or goods; by country folks it is ſometimes taken for a company of people; as, *algúno hay en el háto*, there is ſome one in the company.

H A U

HAUTE, ſ. m. in heraldry, a coat of arms, or that part of it where the arms of a family are painted.

H A V

HAVE'R, v. a. vide *HA'BER*.

H A Y

HAY, ſ. m. the name of a beaſt in Braſil.
HA'YA, ſ. f. a beech-tree; alſo a hedge.
HAYA'L, ſ. m. a grove of beech-trees.

H A Z

HA'Z, ſ. f. the face, the ſuperficies of any thing, the outſide of any thing, or the right ſide, the front; a band of men; a faggot, or bruſh; ſmall wood.
Hàz de la tiérra, the face of the earth.
Hàz de úna cósa, the outſide of a thing, the right ſide of a garment; or the like.
Hàz del hómbre, a man's face.
Hàz de leña, a faggot, a bavin.
En hàz y en paz de tódos, with the knowledge and good liking of all men.
Cára con dos hàces, a deceitful falſe countenance.
Hàz, the imperative of *hacér*, do thou.
HA'ZA, ſ. f. properly the field where the corn is new reaped, and lies to harden; but it is alſo taken for a field that is ſowed.
HAZA'DA, ſ. f. a ſpade, an inſtrument or digging.
HAZADI'TA, ſ. f. a ſpaddle, a ſmall ſpade.
HAZADO'N, ſ. m. a large and heavy kind of ſpade.
HAZADONA'DA, ſ. f. a blow given to the earth the *nazadón*.
HAZADONA'ZO, ſ. m. a blow given with the *házadon*.
HAZADONE'RO, ſ. m. the labourer that digs or opens the ground; alſo a pioneer.
HAZALE'JA, ſ. f. a towel.
HAZA'ñA, ſ. f. an exploit, a great action, a feat.
HAZAñERI'A, ſ. f. a vain oſtentation.
HAZAñE'RO, adj. one that makes a great noiſe of a little matter.
HAZAñOSAME'NTE, adv. bravely, boldly, courageouſly, ſtoutly.
HAZAñO'SO, adj. one that performs great exploits.
HAZCO'NA, ſ. f. a little ſpear.
HA'ZE, ſ. f. obſ. a faggot or bundle.
HAZI'NO, ſ. m. a miſer, a poor wretch, alſo a ſilly fellow.

H E

HE', ſ. f. faith; ruſtic.
Hé; as, *he aqui*, ſee here.
He lo aqui, here it is.

H E B

HEBDO'MADA, ſ. f. a week.
HEBDOMADA'RIAMENTE, adv. weekly, done once a weeck.
HEBDOMADA'RIO, ſ. m. he who by courſe attends his week.
Hebdomadário, adj. done or recurring every week.
HEBE'N, adj. belonging to a kind of white grapes; alſo, uſeleſs, good for nothing.
HEBI'LLA, ſ. f. a buckle of a shoe, a claſp.
HEBILLA'GE, ſ. m. a ſet of buckles.
HEBILLAR, v. a. to buckle or button any thing.
HE'BRA, ſ. f. a needlefull of thread, ſilk; or the like; the ſtring of a root, or any ſmall ſtring of a herb, flower, or ſuch like; a fibre.
Hébra de açofrán, one ſingle thread of ſaffron.
Hébra de hilo, ò ſeda, a needlefull of thread or ſilk.
Cortár la hébra, to cut the thread;

to put a ſtop to one's diſcourſe or proceedings.

Cortár la hébra de la vida, to cut the thread of life.

Hébras, pl. metaph. the ſun-beams.

HEBRA'ICO, adj. of, or belonging to Hébrew.

HEBRAI'SMO, ſ. m. an expreſſion according to the Hebrew.

HEBRE'O, ſ. m. a Jew.

HEBRE'RO, the month of February, commonly *Febrero*.

HEBRI'TA, ſ. f. a ſmall needle-full of thread, a ſmall fibre.

HEBRO'SO, adj full of fibres.

H E C

HE'CATE, ſ. f. Hecate, a poetical name of the moon.

HECATO'MBE, ſ. m. a hecatomb, or ſacrifice of an hundred beaſts of the ſame ſpecies.

HE'CES, pl. of *héz*.

HE'CHA, ſ. f. time, vide *ECHA*.

HECHIZA'R, v. a. to bewitch.

HECHIZE'RA, ſ. f. a witch.

HECHIZERI'A, ſ. f. witchcraft.

HECHIZE'RO, ſ. m. a wizard.

HECHI'ZO, ſ. m. witchcraft; alſo any thing that is or may be done.

Ruydo hechízo, a falſe alarm.

HE'CHO, adj. done, performed, made.

Hécho, ſ. m. action, deed, fact, exploit.

Hécho y derécho, completely.

Hómbre de hécho, a man of metal, or of his word, that will do what he ſays.

El hécho de una cauſa, the matter of fact.

Hécho un león, enraged like a lion.

Dicho y hécho, no ſooner ſaid than done.

En hécho de verdád, in truth.

De hécho, out of hand, without delay.

Llevár lo tódo a hécho, to make no diſtinction in what one does or ſays.

Dádlo por hécho, look upon it as done.

Hombre mal hécho, an ill-ſhaped man.

HECHU'RA, ſ. f. the making, the faſhion, the form given to any thing.

Pagár la hechúra de úna cóſa, to pay for the making or faſhion of a thing.

Ser hechúra de otro, to be another man's creature.

HECIE'NTO, adj. obſ. of, or belonging to dregs or lees.

H E D

HEDENTI'NA, ſ. f. a confuſion of ſereral ſtinks.

HEDE'R, v. n. to ſtinck, to emit an offenſive ſmell commonly a ſmell of putrefaction.

Hedér grájos, to ſtink of jackdaws; this they ſay of the negroes.

Hedér a pérros muértos, to ſtink like a dead dog, like carrion.

Ya hiéde, it is troubleſome, it is offenſive.

Dexelo que no le hiéde la bóca, leave it for it does not ſtink in the mouth; a ſaying of women that keep chandlers ſhops or ſuch like, when any body will not give them their price for a thing.

No hagais cóſa que hiéda, do nothing that may ſtink; that is, do no ſcandalous action.

HEDIE'NTE, adj. ſtinking.

HEDIONDE'Z, ſ. f. ſtink, ſtench.

HEDIO'NDO, adj. ſtinking.

HEDO'R, ſ. m. a ſtink, a ſtench.

HE'DOS, ſ. m. pl. a poetical name for the conſtellation, called the ſeven ſtars.

HEDRA'R, v. a. to dig the vineyards a ſecond time.

H E G

HEGI'RA, ſ. f. hegira, a term in chronology; the epocha or account of time, uſed by the Mahometans.

H E L

HE'LA, an interj. behold her.

HELA'DA, ſ. f. hoar-froſt.

HELA'DO, ſ. m. ſugar ſo made that it looks like ice.

HELA'R, v. n. to freeze.

Helárſe, v. r. to be affected with great cold; alſo to be congealed and dried with froſt, as plants

HE'LE, an interj. behold him.

HELE'CHO, ſ. m. the plant called fern.

Helécho de róble, polypody of the oak.

HELE'NA, ſ. f. thoſe lights that appear like flames round the maſts in a ship on the going off of a ſtorm, called by the ancient Romans Caſtor and Pollux.

HEL'GA, ſ. f. a ſtaple, ſuch as the bolt of a lock ſhoots into, or the like.

HELGA'DO. ſ. m. the ſpace betwixt teeth that do not join cloſe; an open interval, as is between the two points of a ſtaple.

HELGADU'RA, ſ. f. idem.

HELI'ACO, adj. heliack, emerging from the luſtre of the ſun, or falling into it.

HE'LICE, ſ. f. a conſtellation called the great bear; alſo a ſpiral line.

HELIOSCO'PIO, ſ. m. the herb called ſea-lettuce, wolfs-milk or milk-thiſtle. It is alſo a ſort of teleſcope fitted ſo as to look on the body of the ſun withoutt offence to the eyes.

HELIOTRO'PIO, ſ. m. heliotrope, turn-ſol, ſun-flower. It is alſo a precious ſtone of a green colour, ſtreaked with red veins.

HE'LO, interj. behold it.

HELXI'NE, ſ. f. a kind of ivy bearing no berries, barren or creeping ivy; alſo the tendril of vine.

H E M

HEMA'TITES, ſ. m. a ſtone of a dark red colour.

HEMATOSO

HEMATO'SO, adj. turning chyle into blood.

HE'MBRA, f. f. a female, a woman, the female of any kind. A horfe's tail is alfo fo called, when very flender and thin.

Hémbra de corchéte, the eye of the hooks and eyes, &c.

Linda hémbra, a fine woman.

Mála hémbra, a wicked woman.

HEMBRI'CO, f. m. in architecture, is a rounded fillet, or narrow edge of ftone on the top of a column.

HEMBRI'LLA, f. m. a kind of corn, whofe grain is very fmall.

HEMBRU'NO, adj. belonging to a female.

HEME'NCIA, f. f. vehemence, earneftnefs.

HEMENCIO'SO, adj. vehement.

HEMI'NA, f. f. a meafure of liquids fo called.

HEMIONI'TE, f. f. a plant called fpleenwort or miltwort.

HEMISPHE'RICO, adj. hemifpherical, half round, containing half the globe.

HEMISPHE'RIO, f. m. the hemifphere, half the fphere or globe, as much as we can difcover.

HEMISTI'CHIO, f. m. a half verfe.

HEMORRHAGI'A, f. f. hemorrhage, a violent flux of blood.

HEMORRHOIDA'L, adj. belonging to the veins in the fundament.

HEMORRHOI'DAS, f. f. the hemorrhoids or piles.

EMORRHO'O, f. f. a kind of fmall fnake.

H E N

HENCHIMIE'NTO, f. m. a filling.

HENCHI'R, v. a. to fill.

Henchirle a uno la cabéza de viénto, to fill a man's head full of wind; that is, chimeras and folly.

Henchir las medidas, to fatisfy a man fully, to content him, to pay him to his fatisfaction.

Henchir el ójo, to pleafe, to give content, to be to liked.

Henchir la pánza, to fill the belly, to eat heartily.

Henchir lo vacio, to perform what is wanting.

Henchir la silla, ò el puefto, to deferve, to be worthy of a poft.

Henchir el entendimiénto, to pleafe the underftanding.

HENDEDO'R, f. m. the perfon who cleaves any thing.

HENDEDU'RA, f. f. crak, flit.

HENDE'R, v. a. to cleave afunder, to fplit.

Hendéros he la cabeza, I will break your head.

Hendérse la cabeza de dolor, the head to be ready to fplit with pain.

Hendér un cabello, to fplit a hair, to be very fharp.

Hendér por la génte, to make one's way through a throng of people

Hendérse, v. r. to cleave afunder, to fplit.

HENDI'BLE, adj. that may be cracked, fplit, and clove afunder.

HENDIMIE'NTO, f. m. cleaving afunder, fplitting, cracking.

HENDRI'JA, f. f. a cranny, a little chink.

HENI'L, f. m. a hay-loft to keep hay in.

HE'NO, f. m. hay.

HENO'GIL, f. m. a garter.

HEÑIR, v. a. to knead dough.

H E P

HEPATI'CA, f. f. the herb liverwort.

HEPATI'CO, adj. hepatick, belonging to the liver.

HEPTA'GONO, f. m. a figure with feven angles.

HEPTAMERO'N, f. m. a work of feven days, or feven parts.

H E R

HE'R, v. a. ruftick, for *Hácer*.

HERA'LDICO, adj. belonging to an herald.

HERA'LDO, f. m. an herald at arms.

HERBA'GE, f. m. grafs, pafture, herbage.

HERBAGE'RO, f. m. the perfon who rents the pafture.

HERBA'JAR, v. n. to put the fheep to grafs.

HERBA'X, f. m. a kind of cloth of wool.

HERBAZA'L, f. m. the place where the grafs is to feed the cattle.

HERBE'RA, f. f. an herb-woman.

HERBE'RO, f. m. a man that fells herbs; alfo the gullet or throat.

HERBOLA'RIO, f. m. an herbal; alfo an herbalift or botanift.

HERBO'SO, adj. full of grafs.

HERCU'LEO, adj. Herculean, fo arduous as not to be done, fubdued, or overcome, but with fuch ftrength of body or mind as Hercules had.

HERCU'LES, f. m. epilepfy, a difeafe fo called.

HEREDA'BLE, adj. hereditable, inheritable.

HEREDA'D, f. f. inheritance, eftate, farm.

Prov. *Quien pequéña heredád tiéne a paffos la mide*, he who has a fmall eftate, meafures it by paces; that is, a fhort horfe is foon curried.

HEREDA'BO, f. m. he who has inherited; he who has an eftate.

HEREDAMIE'NTO, f. m. inheritance.

HEREDA'R, v. a. to inherit.

Prov. *Quien no hereda no médra*, he who does not inherit, does not thrive; it is good to be akin to an eftate.

Prov. *Quien heréda no húrta*, he who inherits, does not fteal. This they fay of one that has inherited fome ill quality from his parents.

HEREDE'RO, f. m. an heir.

Herederos, f. m. pl. they call thofe fo that fell wine of their own growth.

HEREDITA'RIO, adj. of, or belonging to an inheritance.

HEREDITARIAME'NTE, adv. hereditarily, by inheritance.

HERE'GE, f. m. an heretick, one that obftinately holds erro-

neous opinions in matters of faith.

HEREGIA, f. f. herefy, obftinate error in matters of faith.

HEREJO'TE, f. m. augm. of *herége*.

HERE'NCI'A, f. f. inheritance.

HERESIA'RCA, f. m. an herefiarch, an arch-heretick, one that ftarts and propagates a new herefy.

HERETICA'L, adj. belonging to an herefy.

HERETICA'R, v. n. to be erroneous or obftinate in matters of faith.

HERE'TICO, adj. of, or belonging to an heretick.

HE'RIA, f. f. wandering or ftrolling.

HERI'DA, f. f. a wound.

Herida de las álas, the clapping of the wings.

Herida, in falconry, it is when the hawk brings down the partridge at the firft flight, which they call *cogér de herida*.

HERI'DO, adj. bloody, cruel.

HERIDO'R, f. m. one that wounds or ftrikes.

HERIMIE'NTO, f. m. a wounding or ftriking.

HERI'R, v. a. to wound, to ftrike.

Herir de púnta, to thruft with a weapon; to touch one to the quick; to murder one's reputation.

Herir la cuérda, in mufic, to touch or ftrike the ftring, and make it found.

HERMA'NA, f. f. a fifter. In cant, a shirt.

Prima hermáno, a coufin-german.

Hermánas, in cant, the ears.

HERMANA'BLE, adj. brotherly.

HERMANABLEME'NTE, adv. brotherly.

HERMANA'L, adj. belonging to brother.

HERMANA'R, v. a. to match, to pair.

Hermanárfe, v. r. to join in friendship, or league, like fworn brothers and fifters.

HERMANA'ZGO, f. m. brotherhood.

HERMANDA'D, f. f. brotherhood.

La fánta hermandád, a brotherhood, formerly inftituted in times of great confufions to fupprefs robbers, and continued to this day.

HERMANEA'R, v. a. to ufe one like a brother.

HERMANI'CO, *HERMANI'LLO*, *HERMANI'TO*, f. m. a little brother.

HERMA'NO, f. m. a brother.

Hermáno del trabájo, a loving name to call a porter by.

HERMAPHRODI'TA, f. m. an hermaphrodite.

HERMOSAME'NTE, adv. beautifully.

HERMOSE'AR, v. a. to beautify.

HERMOSI'TO, adv. pretty, little and beautiful, indifferent beautiful.

HERMO'SO, adj. beautiful.

HERMOSU'RA, f. f. beauty.

HE'RNIA, f. f. burfting, rupture.

HERNI'STA, f. m. the furgeon that chiefly profeffes to cure ruptures.

HERO'E, f. m. a hero, a demigod.

HEROICAME'NTE, adv. heroically.

HEROICIDA'D, f. f. the heroical virtue, or bravery.

HERO'ICO, adj. heroical, brave, worthy, renowned, notable.

Heróico verfo, heroick verfe.

HEROI'NA, f. f. heroine.

HEROI'SMO, f. m. heroifm, the quality, or qualities, which conftitute a hero.

HE'RPES, f. m. a kind of inflammation.

HERRA'DA, f. f. pail, bucket.

HERRADE'RO, f. m. the place where the cattle are marked with the iron.

HERRA'DO, adj. shod, bound with iron.

HERRADO'R, f. m. a fmith that shoes horfes.

Herradór de pípas, he that puts iron hoops about casks.

HERRADU'RA, f. f. a horfe-shoe.

HERRA'GE, f. m. iron-work.

HERRAMENTA'L, f. m. the ftreet where the farriers live, or the farrier.

HERRAMIE'NTA, f. f. an iron-tool.

HERRA'R, v. a. to put iron on any work; alfo to shoe the beafts.

Herrár los çapátos, to drive the shoes full of hob-nails.

Herrár efclávos, to mark flaves with a hot iron.

HERRE'N, f. m. maflin, a mixture of grain, which they commonly give to cattle.

HERREñA'L, f. m. a field fowed with maflin, or a mixture of feveral forts of grain.

HERRERI'A, f. f. a fmith's shop; alfo fmith's work; alfo a great noife and confufion.

Herrerías, f. f. pl. iron-works, where they melt and caft the iron into bars.

HERRE'RO, f. m. a blackfmith.

HERRERUE'LO, f. m. vide *FERRERUE'LO*.

Herreruélos cabállos, horfe that ferved with firelocks, piftols, and battle-axes; a fort of heavy horfe.

HERRE'TE, f. m. a tag of a point, lace, or the like.

HERRO'JO, f. m. an iron bolt.

HERRO'N, f. m. a fort of fport; quoits.

HERRONA'DA, f. f. a ftroke of a cock's fpur, or the talons of any bird; a hawk's pouncing.

HERRU'MBRE, f. f. the drofs, fcales, or ruft of iron.

HERRUMBRO'SO, adj. of, or belonging to fcales or drofs.

HERVATU', f. m. the herb called hog's-fennel, fulphurwort, or hair-ftrong.

HERVE'RO, f. m. the throat, the gullet.

HERVIDE'RO, f. m. the fwarming of lice, maggots, or the like.

Hervidéro, f. m. the noife which the water makes when it boils.

HERVIE'NTE, adj. fervent, hot, boiling.

HERVIR, v. n. to boil; to swarm.
Hervir en gusanos, to swarm with lice.
Hervir la sangre, to be hot, eager, zealous.
HERVOR, s. m. boiling, heat, fervour.
HERVOROSO, adj. fervorous, hot, zealous, eager.

H E S

HESITACIO'N, s. f. doubt, hesitation.
HESITA'R, v. a. to hesitate.

H E T

HETERO'CLITO, adj. declined irregularly, or out of the common rule.
HETERODO'XO, adj. that is contrary to the received opinion, heterodox.
HETEROGENE'O, adj. of another kind.
HETERO'SCIOS, s. m. pl. the heteroscians; those whose shadows fall only one way, as the shadows of us who live north of the tropick fall at noon always to the north.
HE'TICA, s. f. a consumption.
HE'TICO, adj. hetick, hectical.
Caballo hético, a raw-bone horse.
HETISI'A, s. f. vide *HE'TICA*.
HETRI'A, s. f. obs. signifies a medley, confusion, disorder.

H E X

HEXACO'RDO, s. m. an hexachord, or sixth in music.
HEXA'GONO, s. m. a figure in geometry with six angles.
HEXAMETRO, s. m. a hexameter, a verse of six feet.
HEXA'PEDA, s. f. a measure consisting of six feet.
HEXA'PODO, s. m. an animal of six feet.
HEXA'STICO, s. m. a poem of six lines.

H E Z

HE'Z, s. f. the dregs of oil, the lees of wine, the grounds, or sediment of any other liquor;
La hez del pueblo, the scum of the people, the worst of the mob.

H I

HI, for *HIJO*, s. m. as, *hi de puta*, son of a whore.
Hi de puta, an interjection of approbation.

H I B

HIBU'RA, s. f. a sort of medicinal bark.

H I C

HICOCE'RVO, s. m. a stag bearded like a goat; a chimera, a vain fancy.

H I D

HIDALGAME'NTE, adv. genteelly, gentleman-like.
HIDALGA'RSE, v. r. to play the gentleman, to affect gentility.
HIDA'LGO, s. m. a gentleman, a person wellborn.
Hidálgo de solár, a gentleman of an ancient house.
Hidálgo de executória, a gentleman that has proved his gentility in open court, and has authentick deeds and decrees of court to show for it.
Hidalgo de privilégio, he that has been ennobled by the king for his good services, or that has bought his gentility.
Hidálgo de devengár quiniéntos súeldos, this is understood three several ways; first, that if a gentleman had wrong done him by another, he might have a fine of 500 *súeldos* laid upon his adversary, to make him satisfaction; whereas he who was not an *hidálgo*, could have but 300 allowed him; secondly, some will have it to be a title given to those gentlemen who were at the battle of Clavijo, when the Spaniards routed a vast army of Moors and delivered themselves from the tribute they before paid
[illegible]
Hidalgo [illegible], they call the inhabitants of [illegible], a [illegible], who are exempt from the [illegible], on account of sending some person every night to be upon a guard in the castle of [illegible]; one of these [illegible], that is, [illegible] the watch, and another answers with a horn, and therefore they are called *hidalgos* [illegible], gentlemen by virtue of the horn.
Hidalgo como un gavilan, as much a gentleman as a hawk; that is, as generous, as noble, as bold, and daring.
Hidalgo de [illegible], a gentleman within the town only; so they call one who can only prove that his father had the privilege of gentility for twenty years past; who therefore enjoys the said privilege only within his town, but not out of it.
HIDALGO'N, s. m. aug. of *hidalgo*.
HIDALGO'TE, s. m. a gentleman of low degree.
HIDALGUE'JO, } s. m. a poor, paltry, or silly gentleman.
HIDALGUE'TE, }
HIDALGUIA, s. f. gentry; gentility.
HIDEPUTA, s. m. son of a whore.
HI'DRA, s. f. a monster with seven heads, destroyed by Hercules.
HI'DRIA, s. f. a pitcher to hold water or other liquor.
HIDROGRAPHI'A, s. f. hydrography, the description of waters.
HIDROMANCI'A, s. f. hydromancy, divination by water.
HIDROPESI'A, s. f. the disease called the dropsy.
HIDRO'PICO, adj. dropsical.

H I E

HIE'DRA, s. f. ivy.

HIE'L, s. f. the gall; adversity.
Hiel de la tiérra, the lesser centaury, an herb so called.
No tenér hiél, to have no gall, to be all meekness.
Dar a bebér hiél, to give a man gall to drink, to afflict, to trouble, to thwart him.
HIE'LO, s. m. frost.
HIE'LTRO, s. m. obs. vide *FIE'LTRO*.
HIE'MA, s. m. the yolk of an egg; the bud of a tree; the first wine that comes from the grape; the end or top of the finger; the dead of winter.
HIERARCHA, s. m. a hierarch, the chief of a sacred order.
HIERARCHI'A, s. f. hierarchy, the ecclesiastical state, order, or government.
HIERA'RCHICO, adj. hierarchical, belonging to sacred or ecclesiastical government.
HIERBA, s. f. herb, one of those plants whose stalks are soft and have nothing woody in them, herbage, grass, herbs collectively, pasture, the common herbage of fields in which cattle feed.
HIERNALME'NTE, adv. after the mander of a son-in-law.
HIERNA'R, v. n. to force one to be a son-in-law.
HIERNO, s. m. a son-in-law.
HIEROGLIPHICAMENTE, adv. hieroglyphically, emblematically.
HIEROGLI'PHICO, s. m. an hieroglyphick, representation of things.
HIE'RRO, s. m. iron: an iron tool, a sword.
Lo haré de mi hiérro, I will set my mark on it.
Hiérro de fuégo, a marking-iron for cattle, or the like.
Hiérros de pózo, an iron with three hooks to put down into a well to fetch up any thing that is dropt in.
Tenér a uno en hiérros, to keep a man in irons or fetters.
Quien á hiérro máta, a hierro muére, he who kills by the sword, dies by the sword.
Prov. *Llevár hiérro a Biscáya*, to carry iron to Biscay; that is, to carry coals to Newcastle.
Cargádo de hiérro, cargádo de miédo, loaded with iron, loaded with fear: that is, he who loads himself with armour and weapons against danger; discovers he is much afraid.
Prov. *Quándo el hiérro esta encendido, entónces ha de ser batido*, you must strike whilst the iron is hot.
HIE'RTO, adj. vide *YE'RTO*.
HIESSAL, s. m. vide *HYESSAL*.
HIESSO, s. vide *HYESSO*.

HIG

HI'GA, s. f. a little hand made of jet, which they hang about children to keep them from evil eyes; a superstitious custom.
Higa, s. f. a manner of scoffing at people, which consists in showing the thumb between the first and second finger, closing the fist, and pointing at the person whom we want to give this hateful mark of contempt.
Dar úna higa, to put one's hand forth in contempt of another.
HIGADE'LA, s. f. the herb liverwort.
HIGADI'LLA, s. m. a little liver.
HIGADI'LLO, s. m. the liver of birds in general.
HI'GADO, s. m. the liver.
Tener higado, to have courage or resolution.
Echár los higados, to labour unreasonably to oompass any thing; also to spew one's heart up.
Tenér málos higados, to be ill inclined.
Prov. *Lo que es buéno pára el higado, es málo pára el bázo*, what is good for the liver is bad for the melt. That which does good to one, hurts another.
HI'GO, s. m. a fig. It is also taken for the piles or hemorrhoids.
HIGUE'RA, s. f. a fig-tree: they also give this name to the plant called *palma Christi*.
Higuéra loca, the sycamore-tree; the wild fig-tree.
Higuéra del infiérno, the herb called spurge.
HIGUERA'L, s. m. an orchard of figtrees.
HIGUE'RO, s. m. a large tree in New Spain.

HIJ

HI'JA, s. f. a daughter.
Hija dálgo, a gentlewoman.
HIJA'DA, s. f. the flank.
Mal de hijáda, a pleurisy.
HIJADEA'R, v. a. to pant, to blow hard in the flank, as a horse does.
HIJA'R, s. m. the hollow that is in the animal's side.
HIJA'STRA, s. f. a step-daughter.
HIJA'STRO, s. m. a step-son.
HIJE'ZNO, s. m. the young of any bird.
HIJI'TO, s. m. diminutive of *hijo*.
HI'JO, s. m. a son.
Hijo de la gallina blanca, a white-boy, a favourite, a darling; also a fortunate man.
Hijo legitimo, a son lawfully begotten.
Hijo naturál, espúrio, or *bastardo*, a bastard son.
Hijo primogénito, the first begotten son.
Hijo adoptivo, an adoptive son.
Hijo espirituál, a spiritual son.
Hijo postumo, a posthumous son; one born after his father's death.
Hijos, are also the young shoots that sprout out of trees.
HIJODA'LGO, s. m. vide *HIDALGO*.
HIJUE'LA, s. f. a little daughter; also a kind of mattrass or mattress; it is also a small linen cloth used by the priest at the altar to wipe the chalice.
Hijuélas, small trenches cut in the fields for water to run out.
HIJUE'LO, s. m. a little son.

HIL

HI'LA, s. f. lint made of linen, such as surgeons use; also a row, a rank.
HILA'CHA, s. f. a ravelling thread.

HILA'DA, f. f. a row, a rank; alfo a fpinning.
HILADILLO, f. m. coarfe filk fpun.
HILA'DO, f. m. what has been fpun confidered in the lump or altogether.
HILADO'R, f. m. a man that fpins.
HILANDE'RA, f. f. a fpinfter.
HILA'NDRIAS, f. f. pl. vide *FILA'NDRIAS*.
HILA'R, v. a. to fpin.
HILARA'CHA, f. f. a ravelling thread.
HILA'ZA, f. f. the thread in any thing that is wove; any threads; fmall ftrings; alfo the lees of wine or the like.
HILE'RA, f. f. a rank.
HILI'CO, } f. m. a little thread.
HILILLO, }
HILLA'DA, f. f. vide *HILADA*.
HI'LO, f. m. thread; alfo a line, row, or rank. —
Hilo de acarréto, pack-thread.
Hilo bramánte, pack-thread.
Hiló de cánamo, a hempen thread.
Hilo de génte, a row or parcel of people going one after another.
Hilo de pérlas, a ftring of pearls.
Hilo de pláta, filver thread.
Andár al hilo de la génte, to go after the multitude, to follow the people, to do as others do.
Colgár de un hilo, to hang by a thread; that is, to have fmall hopes.
Prov. *Por el hilo fe fáca el ovillo*, the thread leads to the bottom. We may guefs at a great deal by a little.
Prov. *El hilo por lo mas delgádo quiebra*, the thread breaks in the thinneft place. All misfortunes fall upon the weakeft; the weakeft goes to the wall.
HILVA'N, f. m. the bafting of cloth together before it is fewed.
HILVANA'R, v. a. to bafte down before fewing.

H I M

HIMNO, f. m. a fong of piety.

H I N

HINCAPIE, f. m. a thing to reft or ftand faft againft; to fix the foot againft; alfo the action of fetting the foot faft againft any thing.
HINCA'R, v. a. to thruft in, to ftick faft in, to drive in, to faften.
Hincárfe de rodíllas, v. r. to kneel down.
HINCAROME'RO, f. m. a ftick with a sharp point to thruft into the ground for planting of rofemary, or any other thing.
HI'NCHA, f. f. hatred, envy, enmity.
HINCHADAME'NTE, adv. proudly, haughtily, puffed up with pride.
HINCHA'DO, adj. metaph. proud, haughty.
HINCHADU'RA, f. f. a fwelling.
HINCHAMIE'NTO, f. m. idem.
HINCHA'R, v. n. to fwell, to puff up.
Hinchárfe, v. r. to be fwelled or inflated.
HINCHAZO'N, f. m. fwelling; pride.
HINCHAZONCI'LLA, f. f. a little fwelling.
HINCHI'R, v. a to fill.
HINIE'STRA, f. f. a window.
HINO'JO, f. m. the plant fennel; alfo a knee.
Hinójo marínoi, f. m. famphire.
HINTE'RO, f. m. a trough to knead dough in.

H I E

HINIE'STA, f. f. a broom.

H I P

HIPA'R, v. n. to hickup.
HI'PO, f. m. the hickup.
Hipo, f. m. anger, enmity, rage.
Tiéne un hipo con fuláno, he is angry with fuch a one.
HIPOCENTAU'RO, f. m. a monfter imagined by poets to be half a man and half a horfe.
HIPOCRY'PHO, f. m. a fabulous monfter feigned by poets to be half an horfe and half a griffin.
HIPOMA'NES, f. m. an amatory poifon mentioned by Roman writers.
HIPOPO'TAMO, f. m. hippopotamus, the river-horfe, an animal found in the Nile.

H I R

HIRA'RA, f. f. a beaft in Brafil like a civet-cat.
HI'RCO, f. m. an he-goat.
HIRSU'TO, adj. hairy.
HIRVIE'NTE, adj. boiling hot, fervent.

H I S

HI'SCA, f. f. bird-lime.
HISCA'L, f. f. a three-ftrand rope.
HISPANISMO, f. m. a Spanicifm, a Spanish idiom.
HISPA'NO, f. m. a Spaniard.
HISTO'RIA, f. f. a hiftory; alfo a hiftory-piece; a picture reprefenting any memorable event.
Meterfe en hiftórias, to meddle with any thing we underftand not, or that does not belong to us.
HISTORIADO'R, f. m. hiftorian, hiftriographer.
HISTORIA'L, f. m. obf. an hiftorian.
Hiftoriál, adj. of, or belonging to hiftory.
HISTORIA'R, v. a. to compofe or write hiftories; to paint hiftory-pieces.
HISTORICAME'NTE, adv. hiftorically, in the manner of hiftory.
HISTO'RICO, f. m. an hiftorian.
Hiftórico, adj. of, or belonging to an hiftory.
HISTORIO'GRAPHO, f. m. an hiftoriographer, one that writes hiftories.
Hiftoriógrapho, adj. belonging to writing of hiftories.
HISTRIO'N, f. m. an actor, a player.
HISTRIO'NICO, adj. belonging to an actor.

HISTRIONISA, f. f. an actress.

HIT

HITA, f. f. a nail without a head.
HITO, adj. black; speaking of hair.
Hito, f. m. a mark, the white to shoot at; the pin to quoit at.
Jugár al hito, to play at quoits.
Mudar hito, to change once mind.
Dar en el hito, to hit the mark in shooting, or to pitch upon the pin at quoits.
Mirar de hito en hito, to look earnestly upon.
Tirár èn dos hitos, to aim at two things, that if one fails the other may hit; to have two strings to one's bow.

HIZ

HIZA'R, v. a. to hoise.

HOB

HOBA'CHO, } f. m. a great jade of a beast
HOBACHO'N, } unfit for service; a great lazy fellow.

HOC

HO'CE, f. f. vide *HO'Z*.
HOCECI'LLA, f. f. a sickle.
HOCICA'DA, f. f. a blow with the snout.
HOCICA'R, v. a. to muzzle, to turn up with the snout, to strike or rub with the snout; ironically, to kiss.
HOCI'CO, f. m. the snout of any beast, or great sticking-out lips in man or woman.
HOCICU'DO, adj. that has a snout.
HOCI'NA, f. f. } a hook or bill to
HOCI'NO, f. m. } lop trees; it is also on orchard on the side of a smal narrow bottom between two hills.
HOCIQUI'LLO, f. m. a little snout.

HOG

HOGA'ñO, adv. this year.

Prov. *Enlos nidos de antáno no hay paxaros hogàño*, in the nest of last year there is no bird this year; applied to those who are in pursuit of any thing at an unseasonable time; not much unlike our saying, you are come a day after the fair.
HOGA'R, f. m. the hearth, the chimney, or any place to make fire.
HOGA'ZA, f. f. a loaf, a cake.
HOGUE'RA, f. f. a bonfire.

HOJ

HO'JA, f. f. a leaf of a tree or herb; a thin plate of metal; a sword-blade; a sheet of paper; a leaf of a book.
Hója de láta, tin, such as we make lanthorns, pots, and other things of.
Hója de milán, idem.
Hója de óro, leaf-gold to gild with.
Hója rayáda, a leaf full of fibres.
Ser tódo hója sin fruto, all leaf and no fruit; all shew and no substance; all talk and no doing.
Al caér de la hója, at the fall of the leaf; in autumn.
Temblár como hojá en arbol, to quake like a leaf on the tree.
Vino de tres ó quátro hójas, wine three or four years old.
Volvér la hója, to turn over a new leaf, to take another course.

Prov. *Tras esta hója buelve ótra*, after this leaf another comes up; that is, after ill luck comes up good.
HOJALDRA'R, v. a. to make puff-paste.
HOJA'LDRE, f. m. puff-paste.
HOJARA'SCA, f. f. the withered leaves fallen from the trees; also any thing useless; and among bullies, the sword.
HOJEA'R, v. a. to turn over the leaves of a book.
HOJECE'R, v. n. to bear leaves.
HOJI'CA, f. f. a little leaf, or swordblade.
HOJO'SO, adj. full of leaves, leafy.
HOJUE'LA, f. f. a pancake or a fine puff-paste cake; also a little leaf.
Hojuéla de pláta, leaf-silver; also tinsel.

HOL

HO'LA, interj. a voice of call, as ho, hey.
HOLA'N, f. m. cambrick, Holland.
HOLA'NDA, f. f. Holland cloth or linen.
HOLANDI'LLA, f. f. a sligt sort of Holland.
HOLGADAME'NTE, adv. quietly, merrily; also spaciously, largely.
HOLGA'NZA, f. f. rest, ease, pleasure.
HOLGA'R, v. a. to rest, to be idle, to take one's pleasure to make merry, to rejoice, to be glad.
Holgár de fiésta, to keep holiday, not to work.
Irse a holgár, to go abroad to divert one's self.
Holgárse de úna cósa, to be glad, to rejoice at any thing.
Andár holgádo en la haciénda, to be well to pass, to have plenty.
Trahér holgádo el vestído ó el zapáto, to wear one's cloaths or shoes big enough not to be pinched in them.
HOLGAZA'N, f. m. an idle fellow.
HOLGAZANEA'R, v. n. to be idle, slothful, to be a vagabond.
HOLGAZAMAME'NTE, adv. idly.
HOLGAZANERI'A, f. f. idleness.
HOLGAZA'R, v. a. vide *HOLGAZANEA'R*.
HOLGI'N, adj. belonging, to a witch.
HOLGO'N, f. m. a merry fellow.
HOLGO'RIO, f. m. mirth, merry-making, rest, ease, joy, pleasure, diversion.
HOLGUE'TA, } f. f. rest, ease,
HOLGU'RA, } merry-making, joy, pleasure, diversion.
HOLLADU'RA, f. f. a treading, or trampling.

HOLLA'R, v. a. to tread, to trample.

Hollár á ótro, to use a man ill, to trample on him.

Hollárse bien úna persóna, to make much of one's self.

Camino holládo, the beaten road.

HOLLE'JA, s. f. the skin a snake casts.

HOLLE'JO, s. m. the skin, husk, or cod of fruit that is not pared; as grapes, currants, goosberries, or the like.

HOLLI'N, s. m. soot.

HOLLINIE'NTO, adj. sooty.

HOLOCAU'STO, s. m. a burnt-offering or sacrifice.

H O M

HOMARRA'CHE, s. m. one that is disguised in ridiculous or hideous habit, and goes about joking upon every body, and telling them their faults.

HOMBRA'CHO, s. m. a great lusty man.

HO'MBRE, s. m. a man.

Hómbre buéno, a yeoman, one below a gentleman.

Hómbre de mónte y ribera, a man for the mountain and the shore; that is, a man fit for any business.

Mi hómbre, so some women among the meaner sort call their husbands.

Ser muy hómbre, to be much a man, to be brave.

Es ya hómbre, he is now a man, he is grown a man.

No sería hómbre pára hacér tal cósa, you are not a man enough to do such a thing, you have not the courage. It is calling a man coward.

No téngo hómbre, I have no man, I have no body to take my part, to assist or defend me.

No hay hómbre con hómbre, there are not two men left together, they are all dispersed and scattered; also there are not two of the same mind, they are all at variance, they all differ, or disagree.

Ricos hómbres, were formerly men of the first rank and quality, before is was grown so frequent to distinguish them by the titles now used of dukes, earls, &c.

Hómbre de cápa y espáda, a man that wears a cloak and sword; that is; one of the better sort.

Hómbre de pélo en pécho, a man of worth, a staid, sober man.

Hómbre apercebído vále por dos, a man prepared is worth two.

Hombre apercebído médi combatido, a man that is prepared, has half the battle over.

HOMBREA'R, v. n. to push with the shoulders; also to make one's self equal to another.

Hombreár, v. a. (speaking of youth) to behave like a man.

HOMBRECI'LLO, s. m. pl. the plant called hop, used to brew beer.

Hombrecillo, s. m. a little dwarf; a pitiful fellow.

HOMBRI'LLO, s. m. a shoulder-strap in a shirt.

HO'MBRO, s. m. a shoulder.

Hómbro con hómbro, shoulder by shoulder; cheek by jowl.

Llevár en hómbros, to carry on the shoulders.

Arrimár el hómbro, to support.

Levantádo de hómbros, high-shouldered; looked upon to betoken haughtiness and courage.

Derrocádo de hómbros, low in the shoulders, which they count a sign of a slovenly and faint-hearted fellow.

HOMBRO'N, s. m. a great big man.

HOMBRU'NO, adj. manish.

Muger hombrúna, a great manly woman.

HO'ME, s. m. obs. vide *HO'MBRE*.

HOMECI'LLO, s. m. obs. murder; from the Latin *homicidium*; but in the ancient laws called *de la partida*; it is also taken for a quarrel, fray, or contention.

HOMENA'GE, } s. m. homa-
HOMENA'IE, } ge.

Tórre del homenáge, the chief, or highest tower.

HOMICIA'NO, s. m. obs. a murderer.

HOMICI'DA, s. m. a murderer.

HOMICI'DIO, s. m. murder, killing of a man.

HOMILI'A, s. f. an homily, a more familiar speech to the people than a sermon.

HOMILIA'RIO, s. m. the book of homilies.

HOMILI'STA, s. m. a composer of homilies.

HOMINICA'CO, s. m. a little mean coward.

HOMOGENEIDA'D, s. f. uniformity, similitude, homogeneity, participation of the same principle or nature; similitude of kind.

HOMOGE'NEO, adj. of one kind, homogeneal or homogeneous, of the same nature or principles.

HOMO'LOGO, adj. like one another in reason or name; homologous, having the same manner or proportion.

H O N

HONCIGUE'RA, } s. f. a gin to
HONCIJE'RA, } catch birds.

HO'NDA, s. f. a sling to cast stones.

HONDAME'NTE, adv. deeply.

Hondaménte, sagaciously, accurately, dexterously.

HONDA'RRAS, s. f. pl. the dregs or lees of any thing.

HONDA'ZO, s. m. a cast of a sling.

HONDEADO'R, s. m. a slinger.

HONDEA'R, v. a. to sling.

HONDE'RO, s. m. a slinger.

HONDI'LLOS, s. m. the seating of breeches.

HO'NDO, adj. deep.

HONDO'N, s. m. the bottom; also the lees of any thing; also a very deep place; any hole or cavity.

Prov. *Adó sacán y no pon, présto llegan al hondón*, where they take out, and do not put in, they soon come to the bottom.

HONDONA'DA, s. f. depth, profundity.

HONDONE'RO, adj. that is deep.

HONDU'RA, s. f. depth.

HONESTA'D, s. f. honesty.

HONESTAME'NTE, adv. modestly, decently.

HONESTA'R, v. a. to honour, to give reputation to; alſo to excuſe any action.
HONESTIDA'D, ſ. f. modeſty, decency, probity of life.
HONE'STO, adj. modeſt, courteous, well-behaved, virtuous; ſpeaking of the price in buying and ſelling, reaſonable, moderate, middling.
HONGA'R, ſ. m. a ſpot of ground where mushrooms grow.
HO'NGO, ſ. m. mushroom.
Hóngo de árbol que ſirve de yéſca, ſpunk that grows in trees, uſed inſtead of tinder.
Hóngo pece, a ſea-fiſh ſo called.
HONGO'SO, adj. full of mushrooms.
HONO'R, ſ. m. honour.
Prov. *El dar es hónor, y el pedir dolòr*, to give is an honour, to aſk is a ſorrow.
Prov. *Entonces perdi mi honór, quándo dixe mal y oi péor*, I then loſt my honour, when I ſpoke ill, and heard worſe. This is common among women, who giving ill language, provoke others to ſay what is to their diſhonour.
HONORA'BLE, adj. honourable.
HONORABLEME'NTE, adv. honourably.
HONORARI'O, adj. honorary, that may be honoured, pertaining to honour.
Empleo honorário, an honorary employment, conferring honour without gain.
HONORIFICAME'NTE, adv. honourably, with honour.
HONORIFICE'NCIA, ſ. f. worſhip, honour.
HONORI'FICO, adj. honourable.
HO'NRA, ſ. f. honour, reſpect, reverence, due veneration; alſo dignity, reputation, fame; chaſtity among women; any favour granted.
Hónras, pl. the payement or the laſt honours to the dead; funerals.
HONRADAME'NTE, adv. honeſtly.
HONRADE'Z, ſ. f. integrity, probity, honeſty.
HONRA'DO, adj. honourable, honeſt, good, and juſt.
HONRADO'R, ſ. m. one that honours others.
HONRA'R, v. a. to honour, to reſpect; to favour, to protect, to raiſe to greatneſs; to praiſe.
HONRI'LLA, ſ. f. impertinent niceties in point of honour.
HONROSAME'NTE, adv. honourably.
HONRO'SO, adj. honourable.
HONRU'DO, adj. tenacious of honour.
HONSA'RIO, ſ. m. obſ. one who digs.
HONTANA'LES, ſ. m. pl. feaſts dedicated to the fountains or wells.

H O P

HO'PA, ſ. f. a tunick or cloſe coat, wore down to the ankles by the Romans.
HOPALA'NDA, ſ. f. a tunick or cloſe coat with a long train to it.
HOPEA'R, v. n. to wag the tail.
HO'PO, ſ. m. a tuft, or ſuch like thing; as a fox-tail, or ſuch other. In cant, the welt of the cloak.
Sudár el hópo, to ſweat at the tail; that is; to labour under ſome great difficulty.
Seguír el hópo to purſue one.
Vólver el hópo, to eſcape, to fly.

H O Q

HO'QUE, ſ. m. a bribe.

H O R

HO'RA, ſ. f. an hour; alſo a particular time.
Hóra, adv. now.
Hóras canónicas, the ſet time for the clergy to ſay their office.
Hóras, pl. any little prayer-book, but particularly that in which is the office of the bleſſed Virgin.
A la hóra, now, directly.
Llegár la hóra, to die.
HORADA'R, v. a. to pierce, to bore.
Mugér horadáda, a woman that has been debauched.
HORA'DO, ſ. m. a hole in a wall.
HORA'RIO, adj. horary, continuing for an hour.
HO'RCA, ſ. f. a gallows, a prong, a fork, a forked ſtick; a crafty, doublehearted knave.
Señor de hórca y cuchíllo, an abſolute lord in a country.
Hórca de ájos, a rope of garlick.
Prov. *Moſtrár priméro la hórca que el lugár*, to ſhow the gallows before the town; that is, to thwart and vex a man before doing him a kindneſs.
HORCAJADI'LLAS, as, *Ir a horcajadillas*, to ride aſtride.
HORCAJADU'RA, ſ. f. the forked part of a man, the part where he begins to be forked.
HORCA'JO, ſ. m. a fork, a prong.
HORCA'R, v. a. vide *AHORCA'R*.
HORCA'TE, ſ. m. a fork with two prongs.
HORCHA'TA, ſ. f. a diſh made of the ſeeds of musk-melons and pompkins with almonds mashed, the juice of which being extracted and ſweetened with ſugar, is very agreeable.
HO'RCO, ſ. m. a rope of onions.
HORCO'N, ſ. m. a great fork.
HORDIA'TE, ſ. m. barley unhusked, and ſodden in water; barley-broth.
HORIZONTA'L, adj. horizontal.
HORIZO'NTE, ſ. m. horizon, the line that terminates the view.
HO'RMA, ſ. f. a ſhoe-maker's laſt.
Halládo ha hórma de ſu çapáto, he has found a laſt to his ſhoe; that is, he has met with his match.
HORMENTO, ſ. m. leaven.
HORME'RO, ſ. m. one who makes laſts for ſhoes.
HORMI'GA, ſ. f. an ant, a piſmire. In cant, a die.
HORMI'GO, ſ. m. a ſort of meſs they make to eat on faſting days.
HORMIGO'N, ſ. m. a ſort of plaſter.

HORMIGUEA'R, v. n. to smart as the blood does in one's body like the stinging of ant's.
HORMIGUE'RO, s. m. in cant, the thief who steals a thing of little value.
Hórmiguéro, s. m. an ant-hill; a concourse of people.
HORMIGUI'LLA, s. f. diminutive of *hormiga*, a small ant.
HORMIGUI'LLO, s. m. a distemper in beasts, which destroys and wastes their hoof.
HORMI'LLA, s. f. a little last.
HORNABE'QUE, s. m. a horn-work, a kind of angular fortification.
HORNA'CHO, s. m. a cave.
HORNACHUE'LA, s. f. a hole in a wall.
HORNA'DA, s. f. an oven full.
HORNA'GE, s. m. the value or price given for baking meat, bread, &c.
HORNAGUEA'R, v. a. to dig the ground in order to make turf, or fossile coals.
HORNAGUE'RA, s. f. turf or fossile coals.
HORNA'ZA, s. f. a furnace to melt metal in.
HORNA'ZO, s. m. a sort of rich cake.
HORNEA'R, v. a. to set bread in the oven.
HORNECI'NO, s. m. a bastard child.
HORNE'RA, s. f. a woman baker. Prov. *No seais hornéra, si tenéis la cabéça de mantéca*, do not undertake to be a baker, if your head is made of butter; do not take upon you any business you are unfit for.
HORNERI'A, s. f. the trade or art of a baker.
HORNE'RO, s. m. a baker.
HORNI'JA, s. f. a bavin to heat the oven.
HORNI'LLA, s. f. a kind of chafing-dish.
HORNI'LLO, s. m. a little oven; in fortification, a furneau, the chamber of a mine.
HO'RNO, s. m. an oven; in cant, a dungeon.
Hórno de cal, a lime-kiln.
Hórno de vidrio, a glass-house, where glass is made.
HOROSCO'PO, s. m. horoscope.
HORQUI'LLA, s. f. a little fork or prong; a rest for a musket; also the cleaving of the ends of hair when it is too long.
HORRE'NDO, adj. horrid, dreadful, ugly, hideous, frightful.
HO'RREO, s. m. a granary.
HORRE'RO, s. m. a granary-keeper.
HORRI'BLE, adj. horrible, frightful, dreadful, ugly.
HORRIBLEME'NTE, adv. horribly, dreadfully.
HO'RRIDO, adj. horrid, dreadful, hideous.
HORRI'FICO, adj. dreadful, terrible.
HORRI'SONO, adj. that has a dreadful sound.
HO'RRO, adj. free, that has been a slave and is made free.
Ir hórros en el juégo, to save one's stakes in play.
HORRO'R, s. m. horror, terror, fright, dread.
HORRORO'SO, adj. dreadful, horrible, frightful.
HORRU'RA, s. f. filth, nastiness; also the dross of metal.
HORTA'L, s. m. a kitchen-garden.
HORTALI'ZA, s. f. all garden-ware, wholesome herbs to be eaten, or for the pot.
HORTELA'NO, s. m. a gardener
HORTE'RA, s. f. a wooden dish; also a round piece of wood spinners clap on the spindle to make it weigh, that it may turn the better.
HORTI'GA, s. f. a nettle.
Hortíga muérta, a nettle that cannot sting; the herb archangel.
HORTIGA'R, v. a. to nettle, to sting with a nettle.
HORTIGUI'LLA, s. f. an herb called dogs mercury, French mercury.

HOS

HOS'CO, adj. brown, dark coloured, dun coloured; also louring of countenance, stern aspect.
Tóro hósco, a fierce looking bull.
HOSPEDA'BLE, adj. hospitable.
HOSPEDABLEME'NTE, s. m. hospitably.
HOSPEDADO'R, s. m. one who receives or entertains guests in an hospitable manner.
HOSPEDA'GE, s. m. the act of hospitality, of lodging or entertaining of guests.
Buén or *mal hospedáge*, good, or bad entertainment.
HOSPEDA'L, s. m. vide *HOSPITA'L*.
HOSPEDAMIE'NTO, s. m. the act of hospitality, of lodging, or entertaining of guests.
HOSPEDA'R, v. a. to entertain, to lodge as a guest.
HOSPEDERI'A, s. f. a place to entertain strangers.
HOSPEDE'RO, s. m. one who receives or entertains guests in an hospitable manner.
HOSPI'CIO, s. m. a lodging for friends only in travelling; a little house of any religious order to entertain their brethren that travel.
HOSPITA'L, s. m. an hospital.
Hospitál, adj. hospitable.
HOSPITALE'RO, s. m. f. one who has the care of the hospital and the poor in it.
HOSPITALIDA'D, s. f. hospitality.
HOSPITALME'NTE, adv. kindly, hospitably.
HO'SPITE insalutato, an adverbial phrase; without taking leave, with a French leave.
HOSQUI'LLO, adj. diminutive of *hósco*.
HOSTA'L, s. m. obs. an inn.
HOSTALE'RO, s. m. an inn-keeper.
HO'STE, s. m. obs. an army.
HOSTERI'A, s. f. an inn.
HO'STIA, s. f. the sacrifice offered, the wafer consecrated at mass.
HOSTIA'RIO, s. m. the box to keep the wafers that are to be consecrated.
HOSTIGAMIE'NTO, s. m. driving or forcing away, egging, beating on, chastising.
HOSTIGA'R, v. a. to drive or force away, to egg, beat, or spur on; to chastise.
HOSTI'GO, s. m. a driving or

forcing away, beating, spurring on, chastising; also as much of a wall as the rain and wind beats on.

HOSTI'L, adj. hostile, like an enemy.

HOSTILIDA'D, f. f. hostility.

HOSTILIZA'R, v. n. to commit hostilities.

HOSTILME'NTE, adv. hostilely, like an enemy.

H O T

HO'TO, f. m. confidence on, reliance on.

Prov. *En hóto del cónde, no mátes el hómbre; que se morirá el cónde, y te pedirán el hómbre*; do not kill the man, confiding on the earl, for the earl will die, and you will be called to account for the man; that is, do no ill action confiding in the favour of a great man, for the great man may die and you will pay for all.

H O Y

HO'Y, adv. to day. Write *oy*.

Hóy de mañána, this morning.

HO'YA, f. f. a grave to bury the dead; also any pit or deep place.

HOYA'DA, f. f. profundity, cavity, hollowness.

HO'YO, f. m. pit, hole, den.

Prov. *Hácer un hóyo pára tapár ótro*, to make a pit to fill up another; to rob Peter to pay Paul.

HOYO'SO, adj. pitted, full of holes.

HOYUE'LO, f. m. a little pit, hole, or dent.

Jugár al hoyuélo, to play at chuck-farting.

H O Z

HO'Z, f. m. a sickle to reap corn; also a narrow bottom hemmed in betwixt two hills.

Entrárse de hóz y de cóz, to come into a place abruptly, without saying by your leave.

HOZADU'RA, f. f. a grubbing or rutting the ground, as hogs do.

HOZA'R, v. n. to grub, to rut in the ground with the snout, as hogs do.

H U C

HU'CHA, f. f. a box with a slit to put money in; such as servants put up in public houses at Christmas, or are carried about to beg for the prisoners.

HUCHOHO', f. m. the word used by falconers to call down the hawk to the lure, when she rakes.

HU'CLA, f. f. obs. confidence, or trust reposed in another.

H U E

HUE'BRA, f. f. an acre of land, or as much as can be ploughed in a day by two oxen.

Huébra, f. f. a couple of mules; in cant, a pack of cards.

HUEBRA'R, v. a. obs. to plough the land.

HUEBRE'RO, f. m. the servant who ploughs the land.

HUE'CA, f. f. the hollow of the bone where the joint is.

HUE'CO, adj. hollow; also haughty, full of pride.

Hablár huéco, to talk loud, to make much noise, as hollow things do; to talk as old people do that have lost their teeth.

Ponérse huéco, to grow vain or proud.

HUELFA'GO, f. m. the sickness among beasts and birds, which makes them breathe with much difficulty.

HUE'LGA, f. f. a merry-making, a merry-bout, a play day.

HUE'LGO, f. m. the breath, a man's wind.

Tomár huélgo, to take breath, to rest.

HUE'LLA, f. f. the print of a man's foot or of a beast, track, footstep.

Sacar por la huélla, to find out by the track.

HUE'LLO, f. m. the place where the foot treads.

Este lugár tiéne mal huéllo porqué es mui desigual, this place is very bad for walking, because the ground is uneven.

HUEQUESI'TO, adj. diminutive of *huéco*.

HUE'RCO, f. m. a bier on which they carry the dead to the grave. Obs. It is also taken for one that is always lamenting.

HUE'RFANA, f. f. a female orphan.

HUE'RFA'NO, f. m. an orphan.

HUE'RO, adj. addle, said of an egg.

HUE'RTA, f. f. a kitchen-garden.

Prov. *Huérta con palomár, paráyso terrenál*, an orchard with a pigeon-house, is an earthly paradise.

HUE'RTO, f. m. an orchard, a kitchen-garden.

Huértos pensiles, gardens on the tops of houses, high terrass-walks.

Prov. *Huerto sin água, cósa sin texádo mugér sin amór, y marido descuydádo*, a garden without water, a house untiled, a wife without love, and a careless husband, are four things stark-nought.

Prov. *Huérto, y tuérto, y mózo, y pótro, y mugér que mira mal, quiérense sabér tratar*, an orchard, a man that has but one eye, a servant, a colt, and a squinting woman, require art to manage them.

HUE'SPED, f. m. host, landlord; guest.

HUE'SPEDA, f. f. hostess, landlady; a female guest.

Prov. *Huéspeda hérmósa, mal para la bólsa*, a beautiful landlady is bad for the purse.

HUE'SSA, f. f. grave, ditch, pit.

Prov. *El muérto en la huéssa, el vivo a la mésa*, the dead man in the grave, and the living at the table. Though we be never so much concerned for the death of friends, they must go to the grave, and we must eat and drink. we must live by the living, and not by the dead.

HUESSE'LO, f. m. a little bone.

HUE'SSO, f. m. a bone.

Huésso de frúta, the stone of any fruit, as peaches, &c.
Huésso de espinázo, the back-bone.
Huésso de la gargánta, the knot of the throat.
Huesso yugál, the end of the cheek-bone towards the eye.
Róete esse huésso, pick that bone.
Estár pudrído hásta los huéssos, to be rotten to the bone.
Costál de huéssos, a bag full of bones; one that is nothing but skin and bones.
Molér los huéssos, to tire a man out with importunity.
Huéssos, s. m. pl. in architecture, pillars or other supports set up at distances to bear up the timber-work or otherwise strengthen a structure; also the rafters or timbers in a roof.
HUE'STE, s. m. an host, an army.
HUEVA'R, v. a. to lay eggs.
HUEVECI'CO, s. m. a small egg.
HUEVE'RO, s. m. one who sells eggs.
HUE'VO, s. m. an egg.
Huévo huéro, an addle egg.
Huévo enpolládo, an egg with chicken.
Huévos de pescádo, the spawn of fish, the roe.
Huévos mexidos, the yolks of eggs without any of the white, beaten or mixed with white wine, orange-flower water, and sugar, and then kept over the fire only till the raw taste of the egg be gone.
Huévos y tórreznos, collops and eggs.
Huevos rebuéltos, buttered eggs.
Huévos de faltriquéra, yolks of eggs preserved in a shell of sugar, like their own shell, to carry in their pocket.
Ponér huévos; to lay eggs.
Yazér sóbre huévos, to sit upon eggs.
Empollár los huévos, to sit to hatch eggs.
Pareeérse cómo un huévo a ótro, to be as like as two eggs.
Un huévo, y esse huéro, but one egg, and that addle. Of those who have but one child, and that sickly or good for nought.

H U I

HUI'DA, s. f. flight, running away.
HUIDE'RO, } adj. that flies, or *HUIDI'ZO*, } runs away.
HUIDO'R, s. m. one who runs away.
HUI'R, v. n. to fly, to run away.
Huírse, to escape, to fly.
Huír el róstro ò la cára de alguno, to hide one's self from one.

H U L

HULA'NO, vide *FULA'NO*.
HU'LE, s. m. a sort of linen burnished with many colours.

H U M

HUMANA'DO, adj. civilized, and humbled.
HUMANA'L, adj. humane, that has humanity.
HUMANAME'NTE, adv. humanely, civilly, courteously.
HUMANA'R, v. a. to tame, to make humane, to make courteous, to civilize.
Humanárse, v. r. to humble one's self, to be courteous and affable.
HUMANIDA'D, s. f. human nature; civility, courtesy; human frailty; humanity; the schools under philosophy.
HUMANI'STA, s. m. one who professes, learning and humanity.
HUMA'NO, adj. humane, human; civil, courteous, friendly, affable.
HUMARE'DA, s. f. smoke.
HUMA'ZO, s. m. smoke; the whiff boys give one another when they fall asleep, snatching a firebrand out of the fire, and holding it under the nose of him that sleeps.
HUMEA'R, v. n. to smoke.
HUMEDA'D, s. f. dampness, moisture.
HUMEDECE'R, v. a. to moisten, to dampen.
HUME'DO, adj. moist, damp, wet.
HUME'RO, s. m. the funnel of a chimney; the place where they smoke bacon or the like.
HUMILDA'D, s. f. humility; also lowness, meanness of condition.
Humildád de garabáto, a false submission.
HUMI'LDE, adj. humble, modest, submissive; also low, mean.
HUMILDEME'NTE, adv. humbly.
HUMILDOSAME'NTE, adv. obs. humbly, submissively.
HUMILDO'SO, adj. obs. humble, submissive.
HUMILIACIO'N, s. f. humiliation, the act of humbling one's self.
HUMILLADE'RO, s. m. a little chapel or altar set up on the highways or other places, where the people stop to pray, or at least kneel or bow.
HUMILLADO'R, s. m. one who humbles, bows, or kneels down to.
HUMILLA'R, v. a. to humble.
HUMI'LLO, s. m. diminutive of *humo*.
HU'MO, s. m. smoke. It is sometimes taken for the hearth, and the hearth for the house; so that to say, *tántos humos*, so many smokes, signifies so many houses.
Vendér húmo, to impose upon a man, and get his money under pretence of doing him a kindness with one's interest, when either we cannot, or will not do it.
Tenér múchos húmos, to be very haughty, proud, or conceited.
Irse en húmo, to vanish away in smoke, when we expect great matters and nothing comes.
Subír el húmo a las narízes, to take snuff, to be offended, to be in a huff.
No lo hágo a húmo de pájas, I do it not lightly, or inconsiderately.
Prov. *Húmo y gotéra, y mugér gritadéra, echan el hombre de su*

cása fuéra, smoke and the rain coming in at the tiles, and a scolding wife, turn a man out of his house.

Prov. *Cérca le ánda el húmo tras las llàma*, the smoke is near the flame. There is no smoke without some fire.

Prov. *De no hay húmo, no hay bien ningúno*, where there is no smoke, there is no good. The smoke signifies the fire, without which there is no good living.

HUMO'R, f. m. humour; that is, the humours of the body; also humour, temper, and moisture.

Hómbre de humour, a merry man, a pleasant and jocular person.

HUMORA'DO, adj. that has humours.

HUMORA'L, adj. belonging to an humour.

HUMORA'ZO, f. m. augm. of *humór*.

HUMO'SO, adj. smoky.

H U N

HU'NA, f. f. the round-top of a ship.

HUNDI'DO, adj. sunk, drowned.

HUNDIMIE'NTO, f. m. casting, melting; also sinking. drowning.

HUNDI'R, v. a. to run, melt, or cast metal; to sink, to drown.

Hundírse úna cósa, is not only to sink, but to vanish, to be lost without knowing how.

Hundír la cása a vóces, to make such a noise, as if they would bring the house down.

H U R

HU'RA, f. f. a sort of scurf on children's heads.

HURACA'N, f. m. a hurricane, a violent whirlwind.

HURA'ñO, adj. one that lives obscure ly flying all company, and is afraid of every man; coy, disdainful.

HURGAMANDE'RA, f. f. in cant, a wench, a whore.

HURGA'R, v. a. to rake, to grabble, to poke, to stir about, to stir or remove with a fork or such like instrument.

Peór es hurgárlo, it is worse to stir it; the more you stir it; the more it will stink.

HURGO'N, f. m. a fire-fork or poker; also a wound with a sword.

HURGONA'ZO, f. m. a blow with a poker.

HURGONEA'R, v. a. vide *HURGA'R*.

HURGONE'RO, f. m. vide *HURGO'N*.

HURO'N, f. m. a ferret to catch rabbits; also an enquirer, searcher, or examiner.

Prov. *Andár a cáza con hurón muérto*, to go a coney-catching with a dead ferret; to undertake business with improper methods; to follow women in old age.

HURONEA'R, v. n. to ferret, to catch rabbits with a ferret.

HURONE'RA, f. f the place where the ferret lives.

HURRA'CA, f. f. a magpie.

HU'RTA, f. f. a water-pot to water the gardens.

HURTADAME'NTE, adv. by stealth, privily.

A hurtadillas, adv. by stealth, privily.

HURTADO'R, f. m. stealer, thief, robber.

HURTA'R, v. a. to steal.

Hurtár el cuérpo, to slip aside, to shun danger.

Prov. *Quien úna vez húrta fiél núnca*, he who once steals, is never trusty. Once a thief, always a thief.

HURTI'LLO, f. m. a little theft, a petty larceny.

HU'RTO, f. m. a theft, a robbery.

A húrto, adv. slily, clandestinely. *Se fué a húrto de la campaña*, he stole away from the company like a thief.

H U S

HUSA'DA, f. f. a distaff full of flax.

HUSI'LLO, f. m. a little spindle, a little screw; also a wine-press.

HUSMEADO'R, f. m. one who smells about.

HUSMEADORCI'LLO, f. m. diminutive of *husmeadór*.

HUSMEA'R, v. a. to smell about as dogs do, or epicures when they get the scent of a dainty; to guess, to imagine, to suspect.

HU'SMO, f. m. smell, scent.

HU'SO. f. m. a spindle.

Derécho cómo un húso, as straight as a spindle; we say, as an arrow.

Prov. *Guáy del huso, quándo no ánda la bárba de súso*, alas for the spindle, when the beard is not over it. By the spindle, is meant the woman, and by the beard the man.

H Y A

HYA'DAS, f. f. the constellations called the seven stars or hyades.

H Y B

HYBIE'RNO, f. m. obs. winter, Vide *INVIE'RNO*.

HYBLE'O, adj. fertile, abundant, odoriferous, full of flowers.

H Y D

HYDRA, f. f. a serpent with many heads.

Hydra, f. f. a snake that lives in the waters.

HYDRAU'LICO, adj. belonging to hidraulical machines that play by water-works.

HY'DRIA, f. f. a small earthen pan.

HYDROCE'PHALO, f. m. a dropsy in the head.

HYDROGOGI'A, f. f. the art of levelling the waters.

HYDROGRAPHI'A, f. f. the description of the waters, navigation.

HYDROGRA'PHICO, adj. of a description of the waters.

HYDROMANCI'A, f. f. devining by water.

HYDROMA'NTICO, adj. belonging to, a diviningbi waters.

HYDROMETRI'A, s. f. the art of measuring the waters.
HYDROPE'SIA, s. f. the dropsy.
HYDROPHILA'CIO, s. m. a cavity in the earth full of water.
HYDRO'PHOBO, s. m. he who is afraid of water.
HYDRO'PICO, adj. dropsical, troubled with the dropsy.
HYDROSTA'TICA, s. f. the science or knowledge of the gravity of bodies in water.
HYDROTECHNI'A, s. f. the art of raising the water.

H Y E

HYEMA'L, adj. wintery, belonging to winter.
HYE'NA, s. f. vide *HIE'NA*.
HYESSA'L, s. m. the place from whence the chalk is taken.
HYESSE'RA, s. f. the place where chalk is made.
HYESSERI'A, s. f. a binding or thing made of plaster.
HYESSE'RO, s. m. who makes chalk.
HYE'SSO, s. m. chalk.

H Y G

HYGRO'METRO, s. m. hygrometer; an instrument to measure the degree of moisture.

H Y M

HYMENE'O, s. m. marriage.
HYMNO, s. m. an hymn, a spiritual song.

H Y P

HYPECO'O, s. m. a plant so called.
HYPE'RBATO'N, s. m. a figure, when the words are transposed from grammatical order.
HYPE'RBOLA, s. m. an hyperbola, a section of a cone made by a plane.
HYPE'RBOLE, s. m. an hyperbole; a figure in rhetorick, by which any thing is increased or diminished beyond the exact truth.
HYPERBO'LICO, adj. hyperbolick, hyperbolical.
HYPERBOLIZA'R, v. n. to make use of hyperboles.
HYPE'RICO, s. m. St. John's wort.
HYPERMETRI'A, s. f. a figure when a verse has one syllable above measure.
HYPOCONDRI'A, s. f. melancholy.
HYPOCO'NDRICO, adj. belonging to hypocondria.
HYPOCO'NDRIOS, s. m. pl. the part of the belly and ribs under the short ribs.
HYPOCRA'S, s. m. a kind of drink so called.
HYPOCRESI'A, s. f. hypocrisy.
HYPO'CRITA, s. m. an hypocrite.
HYPOCRITO'N, s. m. a great hypocrite.
HYPO'STASIS, s. f. a theological term which means a person or supposition.
HYPOSTATICAME'NTE, adv. hypostatically.
HYPOSTA'TICO, adj. hypostatick.
HYPOTENU'SA, s. f. the hypothenuse; the line that subtends the right angle of a right-angled triangle; the subtense.
HYPOTHE'CA, s. f. a pledge security given in contracts or bargains, generally consisting in a real estate; a mortgage.
HYPOTHECA'R, v. a. to make a mortgage.
HYPOTHECA'RIO, adj. belonging to a mortgage or pledge.
HYPO'THESIS, s. f. a supposition, a system formed upon some principles not proved; an argument to dispute on.
HYPOTHE'TICO, adj. conditional, suppository.
HYPOTIPO'SIS, s. f. a rethorical figure so called.

H Y S

HYSSOPA'DA, s. f. the act of sprinkling with the *hyssopo*.
HYSSOPEA'R, v. a. to sprinkle with the *hyssopo*.
HYSSOPI'LLO, s. m. diminutive of *hyssopo*.
HYSSO'PO, s. m. hyssop, a plant so called.
Hyssopo, s. m. a machine used in Roman Catholick churches to sprinkle about the holy water,

I

I, the ninth letter in the alphabet, and the third vowel.

I, alone by way of abbreviation, signifies *illustrissimo*, most illustrious.

I, vowel, in Spanish, is pronounced as we pronounce it in the words *hill*, *history*, &c. not as in *hide*, *tide*, or the like.

I B E

IBE'RIA, s. f. one of the antient names of Spain.

I B I

IBIS, s. f. a bird so called.

I C A

ICA'CO, s. m. a kind of sloe, or wild plum-tree.

I C H

ICHNEUMO'N, s. m. a rat of Egypt.

ICHNOGRAPHI'A, s. f. ignography; the plan of any structure; the draught of it on the ground.

ICHNOGRA'PHICO, adj. belonging to a ground-plot.

I'CHOR, s. m. the smallest and thinnest sort of humour flowing from sores, &c.

I C O

ICONOLOGI'A, s. f. the art of representing any appearance of life by engraving.

I C T

ICTERICIA, s. f. the yellow jaundice.

ICTERICIA'DO, adj. that has the yellow jaundice.

ICTE'RICO, adj. belonging to the yellow jaundice.

I D A

IDA, s. f. a going or departure.

Prov. *La ida del cuérvo*, the going of the crow; that is, going never tho return again.

Idas en casa de uno, frequent visits.

I D E

IDE'A, s. f. idea, notion, conception of any thing; a plan of any thing.

Idéa, project, scheme, design.

Ideas Platónicas, Platonic ideas; notions or conceptions too refined.

IDEA'L, adj. of, or belonging to ideas.

Ideál, mental, intellectual.

IDEALME'NTE, adv. in idea or conception, ideally, mentally, intellectually.

IDEA'R, v. a. to form ideas or notions, to conceive any thing in the mind.

Andar ideándo, to talk vainly.

I'DEM, adv. the same

IDE'NTICO, adj. identical, that has the same substance implying the same thing.

IDENTIDA'D, s. f. identity, the very same being.

IDENTIFICA'R, v. a. to make things of the same substance.

I D I

IDIO'MA, s. m. an idiom, the proper or peculiar manner of speech or language of any nation.

IDIOPATHI'A, s. f. idiopathy, a primary disease, that neither depends on, nor proceeds from another.

IDIO'TA, s. m. an idiot, an unlearned person, a fool.

IDIOTEO, adj. of, or belonging to the propriety of any thing.

IDIOTE'Z, s. f. ignorance, idiotism.

IDIOTI'SMO, s. m. ignorance, idiotism.

Idiotismo, s. m. in grammar, a propriety of speech out of the common rules.

I D O

IDO'LATRA, s. m. an idolater; also one who loves to adoration.

IDOLATRA'R, v. a to commit idolatry, to idolatrize; also to love to adoration.

IDOLATRI'A, s. f. idolatry.

IDOLI'LLO, s. m. diminutive of *idolo*.

IDOLI'SMO, s. m. idolatry.

IDOLO, s. m. an idol.

IDONEIDA'D, s. f. aptitude or fitness of any thing.

IDO'NEO, adj. fit, apt, capable.

I D U

IDUS, s. m. the ides of every month; a term anciently used among the Romans.

I D Y

IDYLIO, s. m. a little poem or copy of verses on a pastoral subject.

I G L

IGLE'SIA, s. f. a church, a congregation of Christians.

Iglésia catédral, a cathedral church or bishop's see.

Iglésia colegiál, a collegiate church, which has a dean and prebends.

Iglésia parroquiál, a parish church.

Iglésia rurál, a church that stands alone in the country.

Ser de la iglésia, to be a clergyman.

No le vále la iglésia, the privilege of the church will not avail him.

Iglésia me llamo, my name is Church. This is the answer those who have taken sanctuary in the church give, when they ask them any questions.

Prov. *Quien quiére medrár, iglésia, ó már, ó cása reál*, he that will thrive, must follow the

church, the sea, or the king's service.

I G N

IGNA'RO, adj. ignorant.
IGNA'VIA, f. f. idleness, sloth.
I'GNEO, adj. belonging to fire.
IGNICIO'N, f. f. a term of chemistry; the application of fire to the materials and its operation.
IGNI'FERO, adj. that has fire, emitting fire.
IGNIPOTE'NTE, adj. hot, or powerful in fire.
IGNI'TO, adj. that has fire.
IGNI'VOMO, adj. that vomits out fire.
IGNOMI'NIA, f. f. reproach, shame, disgrace, ignominy.
IGNOMINIOSAME'NTE, adv. infamously, ignominiously.
IGNOMINIO'SO adj. ignominious, reproachful, shameful.
IGNORACIO'N, f. f. ignorance, stupidity.
IGNORA'NCIA, f. f. ignorance.
Ignoráncia, f. f. unconsciousness of any fact.
IGNORA'NTE, adj. ignorant.
IGNORANTEME'NTE, adv. ignorantly.
IGNORA'R, v. a. to be ignorant, not to know.
IGNO'TO, adj. unknown.

I G R

IGRE'JA, f. f. obf. a church.

I G U

IGUA'L, adj. equal, even, level; also constant.
IGUA'LA, f. f. a contract or agreement made in buying or selling.
IGUALACI'ON, f. f. the making any thing equal.
IGUALADO'R, f. m. one that makes things even.
IGUALA'R, v. a. to make equal.
Igualárse con ótro, v. r. to stand in competition and make one's self equal to another.
Igualár mercaduría, to bargain and agree for a commodity.
IGUALDA'D, f. f. equality.
IGUALME'NTE, adv. equally.
IGUA'NA, f. f. so they call the alligators in some parts of the West Indies.

I J A

IJA'DA, f. f. the flank.
Mal de ijáda, the cholick, a pain in the flank.
Tenér su ijáda, to have a blind side.
Ijáda de pescádo, the belly-piece of a fish.
IJADEA'R, v. n. to pant as a horse does after running.
IJA'RES, f. m. the flanks of any beast.

I L A

ILACIO'N, f. f. inference.
ILA'PSO, f. m. obf. a fall.

I L E

ILE'CEBRA, f. f. enticement, allurement.
ILEGA'L, adj. illegal, unlawful.
ILEGALIDA'D, f. f. unlawfulness.
ILEGALME'NTE, adv. unlawfully, illegally.
ILEGITIMA'MENTE, adv. unlawfully.
ILEGITIMIDA'D, f. f. illegitimacy.
ILEGI'TIMO, adj. illegal, unlawful; unlawfully begotten, not begotten in wedlock.
ILE'SO, adj. unhurt.

I L I

ILI'ACO, adj. cholick.
ILICITAME'NTE, adv. illegally, unlawfully.
ILI'CITO, adj. unlawfully.
ILIMITA'DO, adj. unlimited, without bounds.
I'LION, f. m. one of the intestines so called.

I L U

ILUMINACIO'N, f. f. illuminating, lighting. Also colouring of prints, adorning with leaf or shell-gold, or silver.
ILUMINADO'R, f. m. one that colours prints, or adorns them with leaf or shell gold or silver; also one who gives light; an illuminator.
ILUMINA'R, v. a. to colour prints, to adorn them with leaf or shell-gold or silver; to illuminate, to lighten.
ILUMINATI'VO, adj. illuminative, having the power of giving light.
ILUSION, f. f. false apparition or representation; a deceit.
ILUSIVO, adj. illusive, false, deceitful.
ILU'SO, adj. deceived, false.
ILUSO'R, f. m. one who deceives.
ILUSO'RIO, adj. that can cheat.
ILUSTRACI'ON, f. f. illustration, explanation exposition, elucidation; also light.
ILUSTRA'DO, adj. made famous, remarkable.
ILUSTRADO'R, f. m. he that extols or magnifies.
ILUSTRA'R, v. a. to illustrate, to make famous, remarkable, or conspicuous.
ILU'STRE, adj. illustrious, famous, honourable, noble.
ILUSTREME'NTE, adv. illustriously.
ILUSTREZA, f. f. obf. the quality that makes illustrious.
ILUSTRI'SSIMA, f. f. a title given in Spain to the bishops, &c.

I M A

IMA'GEN, f. f. an image.
Imágen celeste, a constellation.
IMAGINA'BLE, adj. imaginable.
IMAGINACIO'N, f. f. the imagination.
No me pássa por la imaginación, I have no such thought.
IMAGINA'R, v. n. to imagine, to conceive, to fancy, to paint in the mind; also to scheme, to contrive.
IMAGINARIAME'NTE, adv. in imagination.

IMAGINA'RIO adj. that may be imagined.
Imaginario, f. m. a ftatuary, one that makes images or ftatues.
IMAGINATI'VA, f. f. the power or faculty of thinking, or of forming ideal pictures; the fancy.
IMAGINATI'VO, adj. thoughtful, penfive.
IMAGINERI'A, f. f. imagery, work of images.
IMAGINE'RO, f. m. a carver, an image-maker.
IMAGINE'TA, f. f. a little picture or image.
IMA'N, f. m. the load-ftone, the one th at attracts iron.

I M B

IMBECIL, adj. weak, frail.
IMBECILIDA'D, f. f. weaknefs of either mind or body.
IMBECILME'NTE, adv. weakly.
IMBE'LE, adj. not warlike, not fit for war, weak.
IMBIE'RNO, f. m. vide *INVIE'RNO*.
IMBORNA'LES, f. m. pl. vide *EMBORNALES*.
IMBUI'R, v. a. to inftruct, to furnish, to feafon, to handfel.

I M I

IMITA'BLE, adj. that can be imitated.
IMITACIO'N, f. f. imitation.
IMITADO'R, f. m. one that imitates others.
IMITA'R, v. a. to imitate, to endeavour to refemble.

I M M

IMMACULA'DO, adj. immaculated, unfpotted.
IMMADU'RO, adj. unripe, immature.
IMMANEJA'BLE, adj. intractable, that cannot be managed.
IMMANE'NTE, adj. unchangeable, unalterable.
IMMARCESSI'BLE, adj. unperishable, that will not fade, perish, or decay.
IMMATERIA'L, adj. immaterial.
IMMATU'RO, adj. unripe, immature.
IMMEDIACIO'N, f. f. mediation.
IMMEDIATAME'NTE, adv. immediately, directly, prefently.
IMMEDIATE, adv. prefently, immediately.
IMMEDIA'TO, adj. near, immediate.
IMMEMORA'BLE, adj. that cannot be remembered.
IMMEMORABLEME'NTE, adv. out of mind.
IMMEMORIA'L, beyond memory, immemorial.
IMMENSAME'NTE, adv. immenfely, largely.
IMMENSIDA'D, f. f. immenfity, unmeafurablenefs.
IMME'NSO, adj. immenfe, vaft, unmeafurable.
IMMENSURA'BLE, adj. that cannot be meafured.
IMME'RITO, adj. undeferved.
IMMERSIO'N, f. f. a finking in water.
IMMINE'NTE, adj. at hand, imminent, approaching.
IMMOBI'BLE, adj. immoveable.
IMMO'BIL, adj. immoveable, not to be moved.
IMMOBILIDA'D, f. f. immoveablenefs.
IMMOBILME'NTE, adv. immoveably.
IMMO'BLE, adj. that cannot be moved.
IMMODERACIO'N, f. f. immoderation, out of meafure, excefs.
IMMODERAME'NTE, f. f. immoderately.
IMMODERA'DO, adj. immoderate, exceffive, exceeding the due mean.
IMMODESTAME'NTE, adv. immodeftly.
IMMODE'STIA, f. f. immodefty.
IMMODE'STO, adj. immodeft, unchafte, impure, obfcene.
IMMO'DICO, adj. fuperfluous.
IMMOLACIO'N, f. f. immolation, facrifice.
IMMOLADO'R, f. m. a facrificer.
IMMOLA'R, v. a. to facrifice.
IMMORTA'L, adj. immortal.
IMMORTALIDA'D, f. f. immortality.
IMMORTALIZA'R, v. a. to immortalize, to make immortal, to perpetuate, to exempt from death.
IMMORTALME'NTE, adv. immortally.
IMMORTIFICACIO'N, f. f. want of moderacion, unreafonablenefs, excefs.
IMMORTIFICA'DO, adj. not mortified, not fubdued.
IMMO'TO, adj. that cannot be moved, immoveable.
IMMOVI'BLE, adj. immoveable.
IMMOVIBLEME'NTE, adv. immoveably.
IMMUDA'BLE, adj. immutable, unchangeable.
IMMUNDI'CIA, f. f. filth, dirt, uncleanlinefs.
IMMU'NDO, adj. unclean, filthy.
IMMU'NE, adj. exempt, free.
IMMUNI'DAD, f. f. immunity, exemption, freedom, liberty.
IMMUTABILIDA'D, f. f. immutability.
IMMUTA'BLE, adj. unchangeable.
IMMUTACIO'N, f. f. a change.
IMMUTA'R, v. a. to change, to alter.

I M P

IMPACIE'NCIA, f. f. impatience, vehemence of temper, heat of paffion; eagernefs.
IMPACIENTA'R, v. n. to lofe one's patience.
IMPACIE'NTE, adj. impatient, furious with pain, eager, ardently defirous, incapable to bear.
IMPACIENTEME'NTE, adv. impatiently.
IMPA'CTO, adj. dashed, beaten againft, driven, thruft, put into.
IMPALPA'BLE, adj. impalpable, not to be felt.
IMPA'R, adj. odd, uneven, unequal.
IMPARCIA'L, adj. impartial, equitable, free from regard or

party

party, indifferent, definterefled, equal in diftribution of juftice, juft; alfo retired from fociety, not fociable.

IMPARCIALME'NTE, adv. impartially.

IMPARCIALIDA'D, f. f. impartiality.

IMPARTI'BLE, adj. that cannot be divided, infeparable.

IMPARTI'R, v. a. to impart, to give part to others, to make partaker of, communicate, employ, beftow.

IMPASSIBILIDA'D, f. f. impaffibility, the quality of not being able or fubject to fuffer.

IMPASSI'BLE, adj. impaffible, that cannot fuffer.

IMPASSIBLEME'NTE, adv. impaffibly.

IMPAVIDAME'NTE, adv. undauntedly.

IMPA'VIDO, adj. undaunted.

IMPECABILIDA'D, f. f. impeccability.

IMPECA'BLE, adj. that cannot fin.

IMPEDIME'NTO, f. m. impediment, hindrance, impeachment, obftruction, oppofition.

IMPEDIMIE'NTO, f. m. hinderance, obftruction, impediment.

IMPEDI'R, v. a. to hinder, to obftruct.

IMPEDITI'VO, adj. that can hinder, obftruct, embarrafs.

IMPELE'R, v. a. to force, to thruft on, to urge, to compel.

IMPENETRABILIDA'D, f. f. impenetrability, the quality of not being to be pierced.

IMPENETRA'BLE, adj. impenetrable, not to be pierced.

IMPENETRABLEME'NTE adv. impenetrably.

IMPENITE'NCIA, f. f. impenitency, obduracy, want of remorfe for crimes, final difregard of God's threatenings or mercy.

IMPENITE'NTE, adj. impenitent.

IMPENSADAME'NTE, adv. unexpectedly.

IMPENSA'DO, adj. unexpected, unthought for.

IMPERA'NTE, adj. ruling, reigning, commanding.

IMPERA'R, v. n. to reign, to fway, to command.

IMPERATI'VO, adj. commanding; alfo the imperative mood.

IMPERATO'RIA, f. f. a plant called mafter-wort.

IMPERATO'RIO, adj. of, or belonging to an emperor.

IMPERCEPTIBILIDA'D, f. f. imperceptibility, the quality of not being perceiveable.

IMPERCEPTI'BLE, adj. imperceptible, not to be perceived.

IMPERCEPTIBLEME'NTE, adv. imperceptibly.

IMPERFECCIO'N, f. f. imperfection.

IMPERFE'CTO, adj. imperfect.

IMPERIA'L, adj. imperial.

Imperiáles, f. f. pl. gamaffes or buskins of coarfe cloth.

IMPERI'CIA, f. f. unskilfulnefs.

IMPE'RIO, f. m. empire, fovereignty.

IMPERIOSAME'NTE, adv. imperiously, haughtily.

IMPERIO'SO, adj. imperious, haughty.

IMPERITAME'NTE, adv. unskilfully.

IMPERI'TO, adj. unskilful.

IMPERSCRUTA'BLE, adj. that cannot be penetrated.

IMPERSONA'L, adj. impersonal, that has no perfon.

IMPERSONALME'NTE, adv. imperfonally.

IMPERSUASI'BLE, adj. that cannot be perfuaded.

IMPERTE'RRITO, adj. undaunted, fearlefs.

IMPERTINE'NCIA, f. f. impertinency, that which has not relation to the matter in hand; alfo folly, rambling thought; alfo plaguing and molefting with inceffant folicitation.

IMPERTINE'NTE, adj. impertinent; alfo importunate, meddling, trifling.

IMPERTINENTEME'NTE, adv. impertinently.

IMPERTURBA'BLE, adj. that can be difturbed.

IMPE'RVIO, adj. inacceffible.

IMPE'TRA, f. f. fome conceffion obtained in law, fo called.

IMPETRA'BLE, adj. that may be obtained.

IMPETRACIO'N, f. f. obtaining, getting by intreaty.

IMPETRA'R, v. n. to obtain, to get by intreaty.

I'MPETU, f. m. force, violence, vehemence.

IMPETUOSAME'NTE, adv. impetuoufly, violently.

IMPETUOSIDA'D, f. f. impetuofity, forciblenefs.

IMPETUO'SO, adj. impetuous, forcible, violent, vehement.

IMPIAME'NTE, adv. wickedly impioufly, ungodly.

IMPIEDA'D, f. f. impiety, ungodlinefs, wickednefs.

IMPI'O, adj. impious, ungodly, wicked.

IMPI'REO, adj. vide *EMPI'REO*.

IMPLACABILIDA'D, f. f. implacablenefs.

IMPLACABLE, adj. implacable, not to be appeafed.

IMPLACABLEME'NTE, adv. implacably.

IMPLATICA'BLE, adj. impracticable.

IMPLICACIO'N, f. f. implying; alfo intangling, perplexing.

IMPLICA'NCIA, f. f. entangling, perplexing.

IMPLICA'R, v. a. to imply; alfo to intangle, to perplex.

IMPLICIDA'D, f. f. implicitnefs, implication; alfo intangling or perplexing.

IMPLICITAME'NTE, adv. implicitly.

IMPLI'CITO, adj. implicit, intangled, intricate.

IMPLORACIO'N, f. f. an imploring, or entreating.

IMPLORADO'R, f. m. one who implores or entreats.

IMPLORA'R, v. a. to implore, to intreat.

IMPLU'ME, adj. unfeathered.

IMPOLU'TO, adj. free of any ftain, not polluted.

IMPONDERA'BLE, adj. that cannot be enlarged, amplified, augmented.

IMPONE'R, v. a. to impoſe, to lay upon, to put on; to accuſe; to teach, or inſtruct.

IMPORTA'BLE, adj. obſ. one term; that cannot be borne or tolerated.

IMPORTA'NCIA, ſ. f. importance, moment, weight.

IMPORTA'NTE, adj. important, of moment, of weight.

IMPORTANTEME'NTE, adv. importantly.

IMPORTA'R, v. imp. to be of importance, moment, or weight, alſo to amount in caſting accounts.

IMPORTUNACI'ON, ſ. f. importuning.

IMPORTUNADAME'NTE, adv. out of ſeaſon, importunely.

IMPORTUNAME'NTE, adv. importunely.

IMPORTUNA'R, v. a. to importune, to ſue earneſtly, to preſs hard.

IMPORTUNIDA'D, ſ. f. importunity.

IMPORTU'NO, adj. importune, troubleſome, vexatious; alſo unſeaſonable.

IMPOSICIO'N, ſ. f. an impoſition, a tax.

IMPOSSIBILIDA'D, ſ. f. impoſſibility.

IMPOSSIBILITA'R, v. a. to diſable, to make impoſſible.

IMPOSSI'BLE, adj. impoſſible.

IMPOSSIBLEME'NTE, adv. impoſſibly.

IMPO'STA'S, ſ. f. pl. figures ſtanding upon banniſters at certain diſtances, for ornament.

IMPOSTO'R, ſ. m. an impoſtor.

IMPOSTU'RA, ſ. f. deceit, fraud, juggle, or impoſition, impoſture.

IMPOTE'NCIA, ſ. f. impotence, weakneſs, want of ability.

IMPOTE'NTE, adj. impotent, weak.

IMPOTENTEME'NTE, adv. impotently, weakly.

IMPRACTICA'BLE, adj. impracticable.

IMPRECACIO'N, ſ. f. imprecation, curſe.

IMPREGNACIO'N, ſ. f. impregnation, the act of admitting corpuſcles in itſelf.

IMPREGNA'R, v. a. to impregnate, or get with child.

Impregnárſe, v, r. to remain impregnated.

IMPRE'NTA, ſ. f. a printinghouſe; the art of printing.

IMPRESCINDI'BLE, adj. that cannot be ſeparated or divided.

IMPRESCRIPTI'BLE, adj. that is without preſcription.

IMPRESSIO'N, ſ. f. an impreſſion, the mark made by preſſing one thing upon another; the impreſſion of a book; an edition.

IMPRESSIONA'R, v. a. to make an impreſſion, to perſuade one.

IMPRE'SSO, p. p. of *imprimir.*

IMPRESSO'R, ſ. m. a printer.

IMPRESTA'BLE, adj. that cannot be lent.

IMPRIMACIO'N, the firſt drawing or ſketch of painters.

IMPRIMADE'RA, ſ. f. a tool uſed in printing canvas for the uſe of painters.

IMPRIMA'R, v. a. to put in order the cloth for painting on it.

IMPRIMI'R, v. a. to print, to imprint, to preſs on.

IMPROBABILIDA'D, ſ. f. improbability.

IMPROBA'BLE, adj. improbable.

IMPROBABLEME'NTE, adj. improbably.

IMPROBA'R, v. a. to reprove.

IMPROBIDA'D, ſ. f. improbity, diſhoneſty.

I'MPROBO, adj. naught, wicked.

IMPROPERA'R, v. a. to reproach, to upbraid.

IMPROPE'RIO, ſ. m. a reproach.

IMPROPRIAME'NTE, adv. improperly.

IMPROPRIEDA'D, ſ. f. impropriety.

IMPRO'PRIO, adj. improper.

IMPRO'SPERO, adj. unproſperous, unhappy, unfortunate.

IMPROVIDAME'NTE, adv. improvidently.

IMPRO'VIDO, adj. unprovided.

IMPROVISAME'NTE, adv. unexpectedly, ſuddenly, unawares.

IMPROVI'SO, adj. unforeſeen, unexpected.

IMPRUDE'NCIA, ſ. f. imprudence, indiſcretion.

IMPRUDE'NTE, adj. imprudent, indiſcreet.

IMPRUDENTEME'NTE, adv. imprudently, indiſcreetly.

IMPUDE'NCIA, ſ. f. impudence.

IMPUDE'NTE, adj. impudent.

IMPUDENTEME'NTE, adv. impudently.

IMPUDICAME'NTE, adv. immodeſtly, lewdly.

IMPUDICI'CIA, ſ. f. immodeſty, lewdneſs.

IMPU'DICO, adj. immodeſt, lewd.

IMPUE'SIO, adj. impoſed, laid on, laid to a man's charge.

IMPUGNACIO'N, ſ. f. oppoſition.

IMPUGNADO'R, ſ. m. impugner, oppoſer.

IMPUGNA'R, v. a. to impugn, to oppoſe.

IMPUGNATI'VO, adj. that can oppoſe, that may be impugned.

IMPULSA'R, v. a. to excite, to force, or puſh on.

IMPULSIO'N, ſ. f. an impelling, or puſhing on, exciting.

IMPULSI'VO, adj. that can be forced.

IMPU'LSO, ſ. m. impulſe, natural inclination, propenſion.

IMPULSO'R, adj. that excites or puſhes on.

IMPU'NE, adj, unpuniſhed.

IMPUNEME'NTE, adv. freely, without puniſhment.

IMPUNIDA'D, ſ. f. impunity.

IMPUNI'DO, adj. unpuniſhed.

IMPURAME'NTE, adv. impurely, uncleanly, foully, unchaſtely.

IMPURE'ZA, ſ. f. impurity, foulneſs.

IMPURIDA'D, ſ. f. impurity, uncleanneſs, unchaſteneſs.

IMPU'RO, adj. impure, unclean, unchaſte.

IMPUTA'BLE, adj. that can be imputed.

IMPUTACIO'N, ſ. f. imputation.

IMPUTADO'R, ſ. m. he that imputes or lays to another's charge.

IMPUTA'R, v. a. to impute, to lay to one's charge.

I N

IN, a particle used in compounding of words which generally gives a contrary sense to the compounded words; as, *capáz*, capable; *incapáz*, incapable.

I N A

INACABA'BLE, adj. that cannot be finished.
INACCESSIBILIDA'D, s. f. want of access.
INACCESSI'BLE, adj. inaccessible.
INACCESSIBLEME'NTE, adv. inaccessibly.
INACCE'SSO, adj. that cannot be approached.
INACCIO'N, s. f. cessation of doing any thing, inaction.
INADVERTE'NCIA, s. f. inadvertency, heedlessness, inconsiderateness.
INADVERTIDAME'NTE, adv. inconsiderately.
INADVERTI'DO, adj. inconsiderate, rash, heedless.
INAFFECTA'DO, adj. that is not affected.
INAGOTA'BLE, adj. that cannot be exhausted; incomprehensible.
INAGUANTA'BLE, adj. insufferable, not to be borne.
INAJENA'BLE, adj. that cannot be alienated.
INALIENA'BLE, adj. not to be alienated.
INALTERA'BLE, adj. unchangeable, unalterable.
INAMISSI'BLE, adj. not to be lost.
INANE, adj. empty, void, vain.
INANICIO'N, s. f. inanition, languor caused by want of food.
INANIMA'DO, adj. inanimate, that has no life nor soul.
INA'NIME, adj. inanimate, that has no life nor soul.
INAPAGA'BLE, adj. that cannot be quenched.
INAPEA'BLE, adj. inconceivable, incomprehensible; that cannot dismount from the horse.
INAPELA'BLE, adj. that cannot be appealed.
INAPETE'NCIA, s. f. want of appetite.
INAPETE'NTE, adj. that has no appetite.
INAPLICACIO'N, s. f. misapplication.
INAPLICA'DO, adj. misapplied.
INAPRECIA'BLE, inestimable, invaluable.
INARTICULA'DO, adj. inarticulated.
INA'UDITO, adj. unheard of, strange.
INAUGURACIO'N, s. f. divining by the flight of birds; also inauguration, or investiture by solemn rites.
INAUGURA'R, v. a. to conjecture, to divine, to foretel.
INAVERIGUA'BLE, adj. that cannot be averred or proved.

I N C

INCANSA'BLE, adj. t[illegible] cannot be tired, indefatigable.
INCANSABLEME'NTE, adv. indefatigably.
INCAPACIDA'D, s. f. incapacity.
INCAPA'Z, adj. incapable.
INCARDINACIO'N, s. f. profit obtained by the government of any church.
INCARNA'DO, adj. incarnate, made flesh.
INCASA'BLE, adj. incapable of marrying.
INCA'STO, adj. dishonest, unchaste.
INCAUTAME'NTE, adv. carelessly, uncircumspectly, incautiously, unwarily, heedlessly.
INCA'UTO, adj. not wary, careless, not circumspect.
INCENDIA'RIO, s. m. an incendiary, one that fires houses; metaph. one that raises tumults or broil[illegible] or sets folks together by the [illegible]
INCE'NDIO, s. m. a conflagration, a great fire.
INCENDIO'SO, adj. fiery, set on fire, full of fire.
INCENSACIO'N, s. f. the action of perfuming, as offering incense.
INCENSA'R, v. a. to perfume, as priests do the altars when they offer incense.
INCENSU'RABLE, adj. that cannot be censured.
INCENSA'RIO, s. m. a censor, a thurible.
INCENTI'VO, s. m. an incentive, that which excites or stirs up; also exciting, or stirring up.
INCEPTO'R, s. m. a beginner.
INCERTIDU'MBRE, } s. f. uncertainty.
INCERTITU'D, }
INCESSA'BLE, adj. incessant, unceasing, unintermitted, continual.
INCESSABLEME'NTE, } adv. incessantly.
INCESSA'NTE, }
INCESSANTEME'NTE, }
INCE'STO, s. m. incest, carnal copulation between kindred.
INCESTUOSAME'NTE, adv. incestuously.
INCESTUO'SO, adj. incestuous.
INCHOA'R, v. a. obs. to commence, to begin.
INCHOATI'VO, adj. begun, or perfected.
INCIDE'NCIA, s. f. chance, casualty.
INCIDE'NTE, adj. incident.
INCIDENTEME'NTE, adv. accidentally.
INCIDI'R, v. n. to happen, to fall out.
INCIE'NSO, s. m. incense, perfumes exhaled by fire in honour of God; also, a reverence to adoration; flattery.
INCIERTAME'NTE, adv. uncertainly.
INCIER'TO, adj. uncertain.
INCINERACI'ON, s. f. the action of reducing any thing to ashes.
INCINERA'R, v. a. to reduce to ashes.
INCIPIE'NTE, adj. beginning.
INCIRCUMCI'SO, adj. uncircumcised.
INCIRCUMSCRI'PTO, adj. uncircumscribed, boundless, unlimited.
INCISIO'N, s. f. an incision.
INCISI'VO, adj. that can cut or divide.

INCI'SO, adj. cut, carved, engraved; alſo cut or chopped off.
INCISO'RIO, adj. that can cut.
INCITADO'R, ſ. m. inciter, ſtirrer up.
INCITAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. inciting, ſtirring up.
INCITA'NTE, adj. inciting, ſtirring up.
INCITA'R, v. a. to incite, to ſtir up.
INCITATI'VO, adj. inciting, ſtirring up.
INCLEME'NCIA, ſ. f. inclemency, unmercifulneſs.
Expuéſto a las inclemencias del cielo, expoſed to the inclemency of the air.
INCLEME'NTE, adj. inclement, unmerciful.
INCLINACIO'N, ſ. f. inclination; alſo bowing or inclining out of reſpect.
INCLINA'R, v. a. to incline, to addict; alſo to bow, to bend.
Inclinár la cabéza, to bow the head in token of reſpect, or let it ſink through weakneſs.
Inclinárſe la paréd, to incline and threaten ruin.
Inclinárſe a úna parcialidád, to incline or be affected to a party.
INCLUI'R, v. a. to include.
INCLU'SA, ſ. f. an hoſpital for foundlings.
INCLUSIO'N, ſ. f. ſhutting, encloſing.
INCLUSIVAME'NTE, adv. incluſively.
INCLUSI'VE, adv. idem.
INCLU'SO, p. p. included.
I'NCLYTO, adj. illuſtrious, famous, renowned.
INCOBRA'BLE, adj. irrecoverable, irretrievable.
INCO'GNITO, adj. unknown.
INCOGNOSCI'BLE, adj. that cannot be known.
INCOMBUSTI'BLE, adj. that cannot be burnt.
INCOMBU'STO, adj. unburnt.
INCOMMERCIA'BLE, adj. that cannot traffick, or be in commerce.
INCOMMENSURA'BLE, adj. that cannot be reckoned or meaſured.
INCOMMUTA'BLE, adj. that cannot be altered.
INCOMODAME'NTE, adv. inconveniently.
INCOMODA'R, v. a. to incommode, to diſturb.
INCOMODIDA'D, ſ. f. inconveniency, or diſturbance.
INCO'MODO, adj. inconvenient, troubleſome; ſubſt. uſed, inconvenience, diſturbance.
INCOMPARA'BLE, adj. incomparable.
INCOMPARABLEME'NTE, adv. incomparably.
INCOMPARA'DO, adj. uncompared, unparalleled.
INCOMPARTI'BLE, adj. indiviſible.
INCOMPASSI'VO, adj. wanting of compaſſion.
INCOMPATIBILIDA'D, ſ. f. oppoſition, contrariety.
INCOMPATI'BLE, adj. incompatible.
INCOMPATIBLEME'NTE, adv. incompatibly.
INCOMPETE'NCIA, ſ. f. incompetency, unfitneſs.
INCOMPETE'NTE, adj. incompetent, unfit, improper.
INCOMPETENTEME'NTE, adv. incompetently, unfitly.
INCOMPONI'BLE, adj. that cannot be compounded.
INCOMPORTA'BLE, adj. unſufferable.
INCOMPOSSIBILIDA'D, ſ. f. the difficulty of compounding one thing with another.
INCOMPREHENSIBILIDA'D, ſ. f. incomprehenſibility.
INCOMPREHENSI'BLE, adj. incomprehenſible.
INCOMPUE'STO, adj. not compounded; diſordered, undreſſed.
INCOMUNICA'BLE, adj. incommunicable.
INCONCERNIE'NTE, adj. diſagreeing.
INCONCUSSAME'NTE, adv. perpetually, unaltered.
INCONCU'SSO, adj. without diſpute, doubt, or oppoſition.
INCONFIDE'NCIA, ſ. f. miſtruſt.
INCONFIDE'NTE, adj. miſtruſtful.
INCONGRUE'NCIA, ſ. f. incongruity.
INCONGRUE'NTE, adj. diſagreeing.
INCONGRUENTEME'NTE, adv. diſagreeably.
INCONGRUIDA'D, ſ. f. incongruity.
INCO'NGRUO, adj. diſagreeing, incongruous.
INCONNEXIO'N, ſ. f. want of conformity.
INCONNE'XO, adj. wanting conformity.
INCONOCI'DO, adj. unknown.
INCONQUISTA'BLE, adj. unconquerable.
INCONSEQüE'NCIA, ſ. f. inconſequence.
INCONSEQüENTE, adj. inconſequent, not following from the premiſes.
INCONSIDERACIO'N, ſ. f. inconſiderateneſs, raſhneſs.
INCONSIDERADAME'NTE, adv. inconſiderately, raſhly.
INCONSIDERA'DO, adj. inconſiderate, raſh.
INCONSIDERA'NCIA, ſ. f. vide *INCONSIDERACI'ON.*
INCONSIGUE'NTE, adj. vide *INCONSEQUENTE.*
INCONSOLA'BLE, adj. inconſolable.
INCONSOLABLEME'NTE, adv. inconſolably.
INCONSTA'NCIA, ſ. f. inconſtancy.
INCONSTA'NTE, adj. inconſtant.
INCONSTANTEME'NTE, adv. inconſtantly.
INCONSU'LTO, adj. fooliſh, raſh, indiſcreet, unadviſed.
INCONSU'TIL, adj. that is done without ſeams.
INCONTAMINA'DO, adj. unpolluted, undefiled.
INCONTEXTA'BLE, adj. that cannot be denied, inconteſtable.
INCONTINE'NCIA, ſ. f. incontinency, unchaſtity.
INCONTINE'NTE, adj. incontinent, unchaſte.
Incontinente, adv. immediately.
INCONTINENTEME'NTE, adv. incontinently, unchaſtly.
INCONTRASTA'BLE, adj. firm

ftable, not to be oppofed or overturned.
INCONTROVERTI'BLE, adj. not to be controverted, indifputable, undeniable.
INCONVENCI'BLE, adj. that cannot be perfuaded.
INCONVENIE'NCIA, f. f. inconvenience.
INCONVENIE'NTE, adj. inconvenient.
INCONVENIENTEME'NTE, adv. inconveniently.
INCONVERSA'BLE, adj. intractable, unfociable.
INCONVERTI'BLE, adj. that cannot be controverted, out of all doubt, manifeft.
INCO'RDIO, f. m. a venereal tumour.
INCORPORACI'ON, f. f. the act of incorporating.
INCORPORA'L, adj. incorporeal.
INCORPORA'R, v. a. to incorporate, to make or to receive into one body.
Incórporárfe, v. n. to incorporate.
INCORPOREIDA'D, f. f. having no body.
INCORPO'REO, adj. incorporeal, that has no body.
INCORRECTAME'NTE, adv. uncorrectly.
INCORRE'CTO, adj. uncorrect.
INCORREGIBILIDA'D, f. f. obftinacy, incorrigiblenefs.
INCORREGI'BLE, adj. incorrigible.
INCORREGIBLEME'NTE, adv. incorrigibly.
INCORRUPCI'ON, f. f. incorruption, exemptnefs from corruption.
INCORRUPTIBILIDA'D, f. f. incorruptibity.
INCORRUPTI'BLE, adj. incorruptible.
INCORRU'TO, adj. incorrupt, not corrupted.
INCRASSA'R, v. n. a phyfical term: to ripen, to draw to a head.
INCREA'DO, adj. uncreated.
INCREDIBILIDA'D, f. f. incredibility.
INCREDULIDA'D, f. f. incredulity.
INCRE'DULO, adj. incredulous.
INCREI'BLE, adj. incredible, not to be believed.
INCREIBLEME'NTE, adv. incredibly.
INCREME'NTO f. m. increafe, augmentation.
INCREPACIO'N, f. f. rebuke, chiding, reproving.
INCREPA'R, v. a. to rebuke, to reprove.
INCRUE'NTO, adj. without blood.
INCRUSTACIO'N, f. f. pargetting, rough cafting.
INCRUSTA'R, v. n. to make a rough cafting or pargetting.
I'NCUBO, f. m. a devil or evil fpirit, which is faid to take human form, and have to do with women; alfo the nightmare.
INCULCA'R, v. a. to inculcate.
INCULPA'BLE, adj. blamelefs.
INCULPABLEME'NTE, adv. blamelefsly.
INCULPA'DO, adj. blamelefs.
INCULTAME'NTE, adv. without ornament or drefs.
INCULTIVA'BLE, adj. not to be cultivated, not fufceptible of cultivation.
INCULTO, adj. unpolished, undreffed, not adorned.
INCULTURA, f. f. negligence, want of care; alfo ground uncultivated.
INCUMBE'NCIA, f. f. reliance upon.
IMCUMBI'R, v. n. to belong, to be one's duty to do fomething.
INCURA'BLE, adj. incurable.
INCU'RIA. f. f. negligence.
INCURIO'SO, adj. not curious.
INCURRI'R, v. a. to incur; alfo to become liable to punishment or reprehenfion.
INCURSIO'N, f. f. an incurfion.
INCU'RSO, p. p. of *incurrir*.
Incurfo, f. m. the charge or falling on of an enemy.
INCUSA'R, v. a. obf. to accufe, to blame.

IND

INDA'BLE, adj. that cannot be given.
INDAGACIO'N, f. f. a fearching, or feeking out.
INDAGA'R, v. a. to fearch out, to inquire into.
INDEBIDAME'NTE, adv. unlawfully.
INDEBI'DO, adj. not due.
INDECE'NCIA, f. f. indecency.
INDECE'NTE, adj. indecent.
INDECENTEME'NTE, adv. indecently.
INDECI'BLE, adj. that cannot be faid, not explained.
INDECIBLEME'NTE, adv. fo as it cannot be expreffed.
INDECISAME'NTE, adv. irrefolutely.
INDECISIO'N, f. f. want of refolution, determination, or decifion.
INDECI'SO, adj. not decided, not refolved.
INDECLINA'BLE, adj. not to be declined.
INDECO'RO, f. m. irreverence, want of decorum.
INDECOROSAME'NTE, adv. indecently, irreverently.
INDECORO'SO, adj. that is irreverent, indecent.
INDEFE'NSO, adj. undefended.
INDEFE'SSO, adj. indefatigable; not to be tired.
INDEFICIE'NTE, adj. that cannot fail.
INDEFINI'BLE, adj. that cannot be defined.
INDEFINI'DO, adj. undefined.
INDELE'BLE, adj. not to be effaced, not to be blotted.
INDELEBLEME'NTE, adv. fo as it cannot be blotted out.
INDELIBERACIO'N, f. f. inadvertency.
INDELIBERADAME'NTE, adv. inadvertently.
INDELIBERA'DO, adj. carelefs, rash, precipitate; without deliberation.
INDE'MNE, adj. not demnified.
INDEMNIDA'D, f. f. indemnity.
INDEMNIZA'R, v. a. to fave from damage or lofs.
INDEPENDE'NCIA, f. f. independency.
INDEPENDE'NTE, adj. independent.

INDEPENDENTEME'NTE, adv independently.

INDETERMINA'BLE, adj. not to be determined, or decided.

INDETERMINACIO'N, s. f. want of decision, or determination.

INDETERMINADAME'NTE, adv. without resolution, or determination.

INDETERMINA'DO, adj. undecided, not resolved.

INDEVOCIO'N, s. f. want of devotion.

INDEVO'TO, adj. undevout.

I'NDEX, s. m. a discoverer, a shewer; an index; also the forefinger.

INDICACIO'N, s. f. declaration, pointing out, shewing.

INDICA'R, v. a. to show, point at, or declare.

INDICATI'VO, adj. that shews.

INDICCIO'N, s. f. vide *INDICIO'N*.

I'NDICE, s. m. discovery, token, mark; also the needle of a dial.

INDICIADO'R, s. m. one who gives a proof.

INDICIA'R, v. a. to give a token, proof, or sign.

INDI'CIO, s. m. a token, a circumstantial proof.

INDICIO'N, s. f. an indiction, a term of fifteen years. It is also a tax, and the imposing or authorizing that tax.

I'NDICO, s. m. indigo.

INDIE'STRO, adj. that is not dextrous.

INDIFERE'NCIA, s. f. indifferency.

INDIFERE'NTE, adj. indifferent.

INDIFERENTEME'NTE, adv. indifferently.

INDIGE'NCIA, s. f. indigence, want.

INDIGE'NTE, indigent, poor.

INDIGESTI'BLE, adj. not to be digested.

INDIGESTIO'N, s. f. indigestion, want of digesting well in the stomach.

INDIGE'STO, adj. undigested; also hard of digestion.

INDIGNACIO'N, s. f. indignation, wrath.

INDIGNAME'NTE, adv. unworthily.

INDIGNA'R, v. a. to offend, to provoke, to make one angry.

Indignárse, v. r. to be provoked, to be offended.

INDIGNIDA'D, s. f. unworthiness, indignity.

INDI'GNO, adj. unworthy.

INDILIGE'NCIA, s. f. want of diligence, negligence, carelessness.

INDIRE'CTA, s. f. an indirect manner of speaking.

INDIRECTAME'NTE, adv. indirectly.

INDIRECTO, adj. indirect, out of course, dishonest.

INDISCIPLINA'BLE, adj. that cannot be disciplined.

INDISCIPLINA'DO, adj. undisciplined.

INDISCRECIO'N, s. f. indiscretion, want of judgment, foolish act.

INDISCRETAME'NTE, adv. indiscreetly.

INDISCRE'TO, adj. indiscreet.

INDISCULPA'BLE, adj. culpable, void, of an excuse.

INDISPENSA'BLE, adj. indispensable, not to be dispensed with.

INDISPENSABLEME'NTE, adv indispensably.

INDISPONE'R, v. a. to indispose, to put out of order.

INDISPOSICION, s. f. indisposition, sickness.

INDISPUE'STO, adj. indisposed, not well.

INDISPUTA'BLE, adj. indisputable.

INDISPUTABLEME'NTE, adv. indisputably.

INDISSOLU'BLE, adj. indissoluble, not to be dissolved.

INDISSOLUBLEME'NTE, adv. indissolubly.

INDISTINTAME'NTE, adv. undistinctly.

INDISTI'NTO, adj. undistinct.

INDISTRIBUI'DO, adj. undistributed.

INDIVIDUACIO'N, s. f. the explanation of any thing with all its circumstances.

INDIVIDUA'L, adj. individual.

INDIVIDUALIDA'D, s. f. vide *INDIVIDUACIO'N*.

INDIVIDUALME'NTE, adv. individually.

INDIVIDUA'R, v. a. to treat of any thing in particular.

INDIVI'DUO, s. m. an individual.

Individuo, adj. individual, that cannot be divided.

INDIVISI'BLE, adj. that cannot be divided.

INDIVI'SO, adj. undivided.

INDO'CIL, adj. dull, hard to learn.

INDOCILIDA'D, s. f. unwillingness to learn.

INDOCTAME'NTE, adv. unlearnedly.

INDO'CTO, adj. unlearned.

I'NDOLE, s. f. disposition, genius, natural propensity.

INDOLE'NCIA, s. f. indolence, carelessness, sloth, feeling no pain.

INDOLE'NTE, adj. insensible of pain or affliction.

INDOMA'BLE, adj. untameable.

INDOMABLEME'NTE, adv. untameably.

INDOMITAME'NTE, adv. untamedly, fiercely.

INDO'MITO, adj. untamed, fierce, wild.

INDOMESTICA'BLE, adj. that cannot be tamed.

INDOME'STICO, adj. fierce, intractable, untamed.

INDOTACIO'N, s. f. want of dowry or portion.

INDO'TO, adj. vide *INDO'CTO*.

INDUBITA'BLE, adj. not to be doubted of, undoubted.

INDUBITABLEME'NTE, adv. undoubtedly.

INDUBITADAME'NTE, adv. idem.

INDUBITA'DO, adj. manifest, clear, undoubted, evident.

INDUCCIO'N, s. f. induction, persuasion.

INDU'CIA, s. f. obs. a truce.

INDUCIDO'R, s. m. f. he that induces, or persuades.

INDUCIMIE'NTO, s. m. inducement, persuasion.

INDUCI'R, v. n. to induce, to persuade, to prevail upon.
INDUCTI'VO, adj. that has the power to persuade, or induce.
INDULGE'NCIA, f. f. indulgence, pardon.
INDULGE'NTE, adj. indulgent, favourable.
INDULGENTEME'NTE, adv. indulgently.
INDULTA'R, v. a. to pardon.
INDU'LTO, p. p. suffered, pardoned.
Indúlto, f. m. pardon granted by a superior; a grant; a duty or impost.
INDUME'NTO, f. m. garment, vesture, apparel, attire.
INDU'STRIA, f. f. industry.
Hacér úna cósa de indústria, to do a thing on purpose or designedly.
INDUSTRIA'L, adj. belonging to industry.
INDUSTRIA'R, v. a. to instruct.
INDUSTRIOSAME'NTE, adv. industriously.
INDUSTRIO'SO, adj. industrious, diligent, laborious; also ingenious.

I N E

INEBRIA'R, v. a. to intoxicate, to make drunk.
Inebriárse, v. r. to grow drunk, to be intoxicated; also to be affected by any violent commotion of the mind.
INE'DIA, f. f. hunger, lack of meat.
INEFABILIDA'D, f. f. what cannot be expressed, ineffability, unspeakableness.
INEFA'BLE, adj. ineffable, unspeakable.
INEFABLEME'NTE, adv. ineffably, unspeakably.
INEFICA'CIA, f. f. inefficacy, want of power.
INEFICA'Z, adj. wanting efficacy, of no force, or strength.
INEGUALDA'D, f. f. inequality.
INENARRA'BLE, adj. not to be related.
INE'PCIA, f. f. unaptness, folly, impertinence.
INEPTAME'NTE, adv. unaptly, foolishly, impertinently.
INEPTITU'D, f. f. unaptness.
INE'PTO, adj. unapt, foolish, impertinent.
INE'RCIA, f. f. sloth, idleness.
INE'RME, adj. unarmed.
INERRA'NTE, adj. fixed, immoveable.
INE'RTE, adj. ignorant, wanting art, or skill; also slothful, dull, spiritless.
INESCRUTA'BLE, } adj. unsearchable, past finding out.
INESCUDRIñA'BLE, }
INESPERADAME'NTE, adv. unexpectedly.
INESPERA'DO, adj. unexpected.
INESTIMABILIDA'D, f. f. any thing that cannot be esteemed.
INESTIMA'BLE, adj. inestimable, too valuable to be rated, transcending all price.
INEVITA'BLE, adj. inevitable; not to be shunned.
INEVITABLEME'NTE, adv. inevitably.
INEXCUSA'BLE, adj. inexcusable, not to be excused; also necessary, needful.
INEXCUSABLEME'NTE, adv. inexcusably; also necessarily, indispensably.
INEXHA'USTO, adj. not exhausted, or not to be exhausted.
INEXISTE'NCIA, f. f. the existence of one thing which is united with another thing.
INEXISTE'NTE, adj. that exists united with another.
INEXORA'BLE, adj. inexorable, not to be won by prayer or intreaty.
INEXPE'RTO, adj. unexperienced.
INEXPIA'BLE, adj. that cannot be expiated, satisfied or pardoned.
INEXPLICA'BLE, adj. not to be explicated, or explained.
INEXPUGNA'BLE, adj. impregnable.
INEXTINGUI'BLE, adj. unquenchable.
INEXTRICA'BLE, adj. that cannot be extricated, cleared, or disengaged.

I N F

INFACU'NDO, adj. not eloquent, rude of speech.
INFALIBILIDA'D, f. f. infallibility.
INFALI'BLE, adj. infallible, certain, incapable of mistake.
INFALIBLEME'NTE, adv. infallibly; certainly.
INFAMACIO'N, f. f. defamation, abuse of any one's character.
INFAMADO'R, f. m. a defamer.
INFAMA'R, v. a. to defame, to censure publicly.
INFAMATI'VO, adj. that can defame or detract.
INFAMATO'RIO, adj. defaming.
INFA'ME, adj. infamous.
INFAMEME'NTE, adv. infamously.
INFA'MIA, f. f. infamy.
INFA'NCIA, f. f. infancy.
INFANCI'NO, f. m. oil of green olives.
INFA'NDO, adj. so wicked, villainous, or profane, as not fit to be spoken.
INFA'NTA, f. f. a king's daughter; they are called *infantas*, except the eldest, if she be heiress, who is called *princésa*, princess.
INFANTA'DO, } f. m. the title and dignity of an *infánte* or *infánta*.
INFANTA'ZGO, }
INFA'NTE, f. m. the title by which all the king's sons are called, except the eldest, who is called *príncipe*, prince. It also signifies a foot-soldier, and formerly a child.
INFANTERI'A, f. f. the infantry, the foot of an army.
INFANTICI'DA, f. m. one who kills infants.
INFANTICI'DIO, f. m. the murder of infants.
INFANZO'N, f. m. obf. a man of a great estate, a good family, and lord of manors.
INFANZONA'DO, adj. belonging to *infanzón*.

INFATIGA'BLE, adv. indefatigable, not to be tired.
INFATIGABLEME'NTE, adv. indefatigably.
INFATUA'R, v. n. to grow foolish, simple.
INFAUSTAME'NTE, adv. unhappily.
INFA'USTO, unfortunate, unhappy.
INFECCIO'N, f. f. infection, contagion, mischief by communication.
INFECTA'R, v. a. to infect.
INFE'CTO, adj. infected.
INFECUNDIDA'D, f. f. unfruitfulnefs.
INFECU'NDO, adj. unfruitful.
INFELI'CE, adj. unhappy.
INFELICIDA'D, f. f. unhappineſs.
INFELI'Z, adj. unhappy, infortunate.
INFELIZME'NTE, adv. unhappily.
INFERE'NCIA, f. f. inference, confequence.
INFERIO'R, adj. inferior, lower, meaner.
INFERIORIDA'D, f. f. inferiority.
INFERIORME'NTE, adv. inferiorly.
INFERI'R, v. a. to infer, to reduce a confequence.
INFERNA'CULO, f. m. a play among children, fo called.
INFERNA'DO, adj. made hellish.
INFERNA'L, adj. infernal, hellish.
INFERNA'R, v. a. to caſt in hell.
INFESTACIO'N, f. f. infeſting, annoying.
INFESTA'R, v. a. to infeſt, to annoy.
INFE'STO, adj. offenſive, troublefome, annoying, hoſtile.
INFIBULACIO'N, f. f. a fewing or binding up a wound. Ufed by furgeons.
INFICIO'N, f. f. infection.
INFICIONA'R, v. a. to infect.
INFIDELIDA'D, f. f. infidelity.
INFIE'L, adj. unfaithful, infidel.
INFIELME'NTE, adv. unfaithfully.
INFIE'RNO, f. m. hell. In religious houſes, where they do not eat flesh they call the chamber where fervants or ſtrangers eat it *infierno*.
Infiérno, f. m. grave, fepulchre.
I'NFIMO, adj. loweſt, meaneſt, baſeſt.
INFINIDA'D, f. f. infinity, vaſt number or quantity.
INFINITAME'NTE, adv. infinitely.
INFINITI'VO, f. m. the infinitive mood among grammarians.
INFINI'TO, adv. infinitely.
Infinito, adj. infinite, without bounds, unmeafurable, numberleſs.
INFI'NTA, f. f. obf. a feint.
INFINTOSAME'NTE, adv. obf. with diffimulation.
INFINTO'SO, adj. obf. feigning, not acting truly.
INFIRMA'R, v. a. to weaken, to enfeeble, to leffen an opinion of.
INFLACIO'N, f. f. fwelling, puffing up.
INFLAMA'BLE, adj. that may be inflamed.
INFLAMACIO'N, f. f. inflammation.
INFLAMA'R, v. a. to inflame, to fet on fire; to kindle defire, to fire with paſſion.
INFLA'R, v. a. to blow up, to fill with wind; to puff up with pride.
INFLEXIBILIDA'D, f. f. inflexibility, ſtiffneſs, obſtinacy.
INFLEXI'BLE, adj. inflexible, that will not bow.
INFLEXIO'N, f. f. the act of bending or turning; alfo the modulation of the voice; in grammar, the variation of a noun or verb.
INFLUE'NCIA, f. f. influence, perfuaſion, power of directing.
INFLUI'R, v. a. to have an influence.
INFLU'XO, f. m. influence.
INFORMACIO'N, f. f. information, intelligence given, inſtruction; alfo ſtrict examination.
INFORMA'NTE, f. m. the informant, the deponent, he that gives an information.
INFORMA'R, v. a. to to inform; alfo to inſtruct, to acquaint.
INFO'RME, f. m. deformed, monſtrous, mishapen.
INFORMIDA'D, f. f. deformity.
INFORTU'NA, f. f. misfortune.
INFORTUNADAME'NTE, adv. unfortunately.
INFORTUNA'DO, adj. unfortunate.
INFORTU'NIO, f. m. misfortune.
INFOSU'RA, f. f. repletion, furfeit, fpeaking of beaſts.
INFRACCIO'N, f. f. a breaking any thing, breach, violation.
INFRACTO'R, f. m. infringer.
INFRASCRIPTO, adj. that is written beneath.
INFRUCCIO'N, f. f. the rent which is paid to the lord of the manor.
INFRUCTI'FERO, adj. unfruitful.
INFRUCTUOSAME'NTE, adv. unfruitfully.
INFRUCTUO'SO, adj. unfruitful.
I'NFULAS, f. f. pl. an epifcopal mitre, or a kind of covering for for the head, which bishops and abbots of the Roman church wear on folemn occaſions.
INFUNDI'R, v. a. to infuſe, to pour in; alfo to inſpire into or with.
INFUSIO'N, f. f. infuſion.
INFU'SO, adj. infuſed.

I N G

INGENERA'BLE, adj. that cannot be generated.
INGENIA'R, v. a. to contrive, to deſign, to invent, to play the engineer.
Ingeniárſe, v. a. to endeavour.
INGENIE'RA, f. f. a trap to catch birds.
INGENIE'RO, f. m. an engineer.
INGE'NIO, f. m. wit, ingenuity,

nuity ; any manner of engine or invention , to perform that with eafe, which before was dificult.
Ingenio de açúcar , a fugar-work ; the mill and other neceffaries to get it from the cane.
INGENIOSAME'NTE , adv. ingenioufly, wittily.
INGENIOSIDA'D , f. f. ingenuity.
INGENIO'SO , adj. ingenious, witty.
INGE'NITO , adj. unbegotten.
INGE'NTE , adj. vaft , large , big.
INGENUAME'NTE, adv. ingenuoufly.
INGENUIDA'D, f. f. ingenuity; in law, natural liberty.
INGE'NUO, adj. real, fincere, ingenuous ; in law, naturally free.
INGERI'R , v. a. vide *INXERI'R.*
INGERI'RSE , v. r. to intrude, to thruft one's felf in.
INGLE, f. f. the groin.
INGLE'TE, f. m. a diagonal line.
INGLOSSA'BLE , adj. that cannot be gloffed or commented on.
INGOBERNA'BLE , adj. ungovernable.
INGRATAME'NTE, adv. ungratefully.
INGRATITU'D , f. f. ingratitude.
INGRA'TO, adj. ungrateful.
INGREDIE'NTE , f. m. an ingredient.
INGRE'SSO , f. m. entering or going in, entrance.
INGUINA'RIO , adj. of, or belonging to the groin.
INGUSTA'BLE, adj. that has no tafte.

I N H

INHA'BIL , adj. unapt, unfit, uncapable, unhandy.
INHABILIDA'D , f. f. inability, unhandinefs, incapacity, unhandinefs.
INHABILITACIO'N , f. f. rendering unfit or incapable.
INHABILITA'R , v. a. to difable, to render unfit or uncapable.
INHABITA'BLE , adv. not to be inhabited.
INHABITA'DO , adj. not inhabited.
INHERE'NCIA , f. f. the intimate reception of the accident into the fubftance.
INHE'RENTE , adj. inherent.
INHIBICIO'N , f. f. inhibition, prohibition.
INHIBI'R, v. a. to forbid, to prohibit; to inhibit.
INHIBITO'RIO , adj. forbidden, vith-held, ftopped, ftayed.
INHIE'STO, adj. raifed, reared up, ftanding upright, fet up an end.
INHONESTAME'NTE , adv. bafely, vilely, dishoneftly, immodeftly, indecently.
INHONE'STO , adj. bafe, vile, dishoneft, immodeft, indecent.
INHOSPITA'BLE , adj. inhofpitable, harbourlefs, defert.
INHOSPITA'L , adj. inhofpitable.
INHOSPITALIDA'D , f. f. inhofpitality, rudenefs to ftrangers, giving no entertainment.
INHUMANAME'NTE , adv. inhumanly, barbaroufly.
INHUMANIDA'D , f. f. inhumanity, barbarity.
INHUMA'NO , adj. inhuman, barbarous, cruel.

I N I

INICIA'L , adj. initial , beginning.
INICIA'R , v. a. to initiate.
INIMICI'CIA , f. f. enmity.
INIMITA'BLE , adj. that cannot be imitated.
ININTELLIGI'BLE , adj. unintelligible.
INIQUAME'NTE , adv. wickedly.
INIQUIDA'D , f. f. iniquity wickednefs.
INI'QUO, adj. wicked, unrighteous.

I N J

INJU'RIA , f. f. injury, wrong; reproach, ill language.
INJURIADO'R , f. m. one that injures, wrongs, or reproaches.
INJURIA'R , v. a. to injure, to wrong, to reproach.
INJURIOSAME'NTE , adv. injurioufly, wrongfully, reproachfully.
INJURIO'SO , adj. injurious, wrongful, reproachful.
INJUSTAME'NTE, adv. unjuftly
INJUSTI'CIA, f. f. injuftice.
INJU'STO , adj. unjuft.

I N L

INLEGI'BLE , adj. that cannot be read.

I N N

INNACI'BLE , adj. that cannot be borne.
INNA'TO, adj. innate, unborn.
INNAVEGA'BLE , adj. that cannot be failed on, innavigable.
INNE'GABLE , adj. that cannot be denied.
INNO'BLE , adj. not noble.
INNOCE'NCIA, f. f. innocence.
INNOCE'NTE , adj. innocent.
INNOCENTEME'NTE, adv. innocently.
INNOMINA'DO , adj. that is not to be named.
INNO'TO, adj. not known.
INNOVACIO'N , f. f. innovation.
INNOVADO'R , f. m. innovator.
INNOVA'R , v. a. to innovate.
INNUMERA'BLE , adj. that cannot be numbered, innumerable.
INNU'PTO , adj. unmarried.

I N O

INOBEDIE'NCIA , f. f. difobedience.
INOBEDIE'NTE , adj. difobedient.
INOBSERVA'NCIA , f. f. the want of obfervation, inadvertency.
INOBSERVA'NTE , adj. not obfervant.
INOCE'NCIA , f. f. innocence.
INOCE'NTE, adj. innocent, guilt-

lefs, harmlefs; alfo an infant, a fool.

INOCENTEMENTE, adv. innocently.

INOFFICIO'SO, adj. bequeathing more than the effects amount to; faid of a will.

I'NOPE, adj. poor.

INO'PIA, f. f. fcarcity, want, poverty.

INOPINA'BLE, adj. unexpected, unawares, fudden; alfo that is not admitted as an opinion.

INOPINADAME'NTE, adv. unexpectedly.

INOPINA'DO, adj. unexpected, not thought of.

INORDENA'DO, adj. without order.

INO'RME, adj. vide *ENO'RME*.

INORMEME'NTE, adv. heinoufly.

INQ.

INQUIETACI'ON, f. f. uneafinefs, inquietude.

INQUIETADO'R, f. m. difturber.

INQUIETAME'NTE, adv. unquietly, turbulently.

INQUIETA'R, v. a. to difquiet, to difturb.

INQUIE'TO, adj. unquiet, reftlefs, turbulent.

INQUIETU'D, f. f. unquietnefs, reftleffnefs.

INQUILI'NO, f. m. a tenant of a houfe; one who is in poffeffion of any thing in the name of another.

INQUI'NA, f. f. corruption.

INQUIRIDO'R, f. m. an inquirer.

INQUIRI'R, v. a. to enquire.

INQUISICIO'N, f. f. inquifition, fearch, inquiry.

Hacér inquificion, to burn ufelefs papers or any other thing.

INQUISIDO'R, f. m. an inquifitor, one that has an employment in the inquifition.

Inquifidór generál, f. m. the inquifitor-general.

INQUISITI'VO, adj. inquifitive, fearching, enquiring, active to pry into any thing.

INS

INSACIABILIDA'D, f. f. unfatiablenefs.

INSACIA'BLE, adj. infatiable.

INSACIABLEME'NTE, adv. infatiably.

INSANABLE, adj. that cannot be cured, incurable, irremediable.

INSA'NIA, f. f. madnefs.

INSA'NO, adj. mad.

INSCRIBI'R, v. a. to infcribe, to write upon; alfo to enroll, to regifter.

INSCRIPTIO'N, f. f. infcription, title written upon any thing; regifter.

INSCRI'PTO, adj. infcribed writ upon; regiftered, enrolled.

INSCULPI'R, v. a. to engrave.

INSECA'BLE, adj. that cannot be dried or drained.

INSECCIO'N, f. f. incifion.

INSE'CTO, f. m. an infect.

INSENSA'TO, adj. fenfelefs.

INSENSIBILIDA'D, f. f. infenfibility.

INSENSI'BLE, adj. infenfible.

INSENSIBLEME'NTE, adv. infenfibly.

INSEPARA'BLE, adj. infeparable.

INSEPARABLEME'NTE, adv. infeparably.

INSEPU'LTO, adj. unburied.

INSERCIO'N, f. f. infertion.

INSERI'R, v. a. to infert, to ingraft.

INSERTA'R, v. a. to infert, to ingraft.

INSE'RTO, adj. inferted.

INSI'DIA, f. f. fnare.

INSIDIA'R, v. n. to lay fnares

INSIDIOSAME'NTE, adv. treacheroufly, craftily, deceitfully.

INSIDIO'SO, adj. full of wiles, deceitful, crafty, fubtle.

INSIGNE, adj. notable, famous, renowned.

INSIGNEME'NTE, adv. famoufly.

INSIGNIA, f. f. fign, token, mark of honour; colours among foldiers; coats of arms among gentry; the robes or other diftinctions of honour among magiftrates.

INSIMULA'R, v. a. to accufe of a crime.

INSINUACIO'N, f. f. infinuation.

INSINUA'R, v. a. to infinuate.

Infinuárfe, v. r. to infinuate one's felf into.

INSIPIDE'Z, f. f. want of relifh.

INSI'PIDO, adj. infipid, unfavoury, without relifh, foolifh, void of fenfe.

INSIPIE'NCIA, f. f. ignorance, folly.

INSIPIE'NTE, adj. foolifh.

INSISTE'NCIA, f. f. earneftnefs, urgency, importunity.

INSISTI'R, v. n. to infift, to urge a matter, to ftick to a thing, to prefs it home, to ftand upon it.

INSOCIA'BLE, adj. unfociable.

INSOLA'R, v. a. to infolate, to dry in the fun, to expofe to the action of the fun.

INSOLDA'BLE, adj. that cannot be cemented, not to be foldered.

INSOLE'NCIA, f. f. infolence, impudence, petulancy, contempt.

INSOLE'NTE, adj. infolent.

INSOLENTEME'NTE, adv. infolently.

INSO'LIDUM, adv. wholly, entirely.

INSO'LITO, adj. unufual.

INSOLU'BLE, adj. that cannot pay, infolvent; alfo infoluble, not to be refolved or feparated.

INSOLVE'NTE, adj. infolvent.

INSO'MNE, adj. that cannot fleep.

INSONDA'BLE, adj. that cannot be fathomed or founded.

INSONO'RO, adj. untuneable.

INSOPORTA'BLE, adj. infupportable, not to be borne.

INSPECCIO'N, f. f. infpection, looking on.

INSPECTO'R, f. m. infpector.

INSPIRACIO'N, f. f. infpiration.

INSPIRADO'R, f. m. who infpires.

INSPIRA'R, v. a. to infpire.

INSTABILIDA'D, f. f. inftability, unfteadinefs.
INSTA'BLE, adj. unftable, unfteady.
INSTALACIO'N, f. f. inftalment, inftallation.
INSTALA'R, v. a. to inftal.
INSTA'NCIA, f. f. inftance, earneftnefs, preffing, urging; alfo profecution, procefs of a fuit; alfo a preffing argument.
Primera inftancia, the firft hearing of a caufe.
INSTANTANEAME'NTE, adv. inftantaneoufly, momentally.
INSTANTA'NEO, adj. inftantaneous, momentary.
INSTA'NTE, f. adj. inftant, preffing, urging; alfo an inftant, a moment.
INSTANTEME'NTE, adv. preffingly.
INSTA'R, v. a. to infift, to prefs, to urge.
INSTAURACI'ON, f. f. inftauration, renewing, repairing.
INSTAURA'R, v. a. to renew, to repair.
INSTAURATI'VO, adj. that may be eftablished or renewed.
INSTIGACI'ON, f. f. inftigation.
INSTIGADO'R, f. m. one who inftigates or prompts on.
INSTIGA'R, v. a. to inftigate, to fet on.
INSTILACIO'N, f. f. inftilling.
INSTILA'R, v. a. to put or pour in by little and little, to inftil drop by drop; alfo to infinuate any thing imperceptibly into the mind.
INSTI'NTO, f. m. natural inftinct, defire or averfion; alfo impulfion, inftigation, incitement.
INSTITO'R, f. m. a merchant's factor, the foreman of a ship.
INSTITUCIO'N, f. f. inftitution, inftruction; alfo a decree, an ordinance.
INSTITUIDO'R, f. m. one who inftitudes or eftablishes.
INSTITUI'R, v. a. to inftitute, to inftruct, to decree, to ordain.
INSTITU'TO, f. m. inftitute, decree, ordinance.
Inftitúto, adj. inftituted, decreed, ordained.
INSTRIDE'NTE, adj. preffing together.
INSTRUCCIO'N, f. f. inftruction. In architecture, the middle part of the work.
INSTRU'CTO, adj. inftructed.
INSTRUCTO'R, f. m. inftructor.
INSTRUIDO'R, f. m. inftructor, teacher.
INSTRUI'R, v. a. to inftruct.
INSTRUMENTA'L, adj. inftrumental.
INSTRUMENTALME'NTE, adv. inftrumentally.
INSTRUME'NTO, f. m. inftrument, tool; authentic writing.
INSUA'VE, adj. unpleafant.
INSUBSISTE'NTE, adj. that cannot fubfift or endure.
INSUDA'R, v. n. to fweat at a thing.
INSUFICIE'NCIA, f. f. infufficiency defect.
INSUFICIE'NTE, adj. infufficient.
INSUFRI'BLE, adj. infufferable.
INSUFRIDE'RO, adj. idem.
INSUFRI'DO, adj. impatient, that will not fuffer any thing.
I'NSULA, f. f. an ifland.
INSULA'NO, f. m. an iflander.
INSULA'R, adj. belonging to an ifland.
INSULI'LLA, f. f. a little ifland.
INSULSAME'NTE, adv. foolishly, dully, ftupidly.
INSU'LSO, adj. infipid, dull, void of wit.
INSULTA'R, v. a. to infult.
INSU'LTO, f. m. infult, villainous act, offence, wrong.
INSU'ME, adj. dear, coftly.
INSUPERA'BLE, adj. invincible.

INT

INTA'CTO, adj. untouched.
INTEGE'RRIMO, adj. fuperl. very fincere, very true.
INTEGRA'L, adj. of, or belonging to the whole.
INTEGRAME'NTE, adv. intierly, wholly.
INTEGRIDA'D, f. f. integrity, uprightnefs; honefty; alfo purity, entirenefs.
I'NTEGRO, adj. entire, whole; alfo righteous, upright.
INTELECCIO'N, f. f. the underftanding.
INTELECTI'VO, intellective, having no power to underftand.
INTELE'CTO, f. m. intellect, underftanding.
INTELECTUA'L, adj. intellectual.
INTELECTUALIDA'D, f. f. the power or faculty of underftanding.
INTELECTUALME'NTE, adv. with underftanding.
INTELIGE'NCIA, f. f. intelligence, knowledge, underftanding, skill; alfo a fecret correfpondence or friend-ship; alfo a fpirit, an unbodied mind.
INTELIGE'NTE, adj. intelligent, underftanding, knowing.
INTELIGI'BLE, adj. intelligible, that may be underftood.
INTEMPERA'NCIA, f. f. intemperance.
INTEMPE'RIE, f. f. intemperature, excefs of fome quality either in men or weather.
INTEMPE'STA, adj. unfeafonable; applied by the poets to the night.
INTEMPESTIVAME'NTE, adv. unfeafonably.
INTEMPESTI'VO, adj. that is unfeafonable.
INTENCIO'N, f. f. intention, defign, purpofe.
Hombre de intención, a fly man.
INTENCIONADAME'NTE, adv. defignedly, on purpofe, with a good or bad intent.
INTENCIONA'DO, adj. that has a defign or intention.
Bien ò mal intencionádo, that has a good or ill intention.
INTENCIONA'L, adj. that belongs to the intention or defign.
INTENCIONALME'NTE, adv. with defign, on purpofe.
INTENDE'NCIA, f. f. care, adminiftration; alfo the charge of an intendant.
INTENDE'NTE, f. m. fteward, fuperintendant; an intendant, as

officer of the higheft clafs, who overfees any particular branch of the public bufinefs.

INTENSAME'NTE, adv. intenfely, efficacioufly.

INTENSIO'N, f. f. a ftraining, or ftretching; alfo activity, ardour, efficacy.

INTENSI'VO, adj. intenfive, that may be intended or ftretched out.

INTE'NSO, adj. intenfe, ftrained, ftretched; fet out to the full, vehement.

INTENTA'R, v. a. to attempt, to intend, to defign.

INTE'NTO, f. m. defign, intention.

INTENTO'NA, f. f. a great purpofe, fcheme, or defign.

INTERCADE'NCIA, f. f. the intermiffion or unequal beating of the pulfe.

INTERCADE'NTE, adj. changeable, various, intermitting.

INTERCALACIO'N, f. f. clapping between.

INTERCALA'R, v. a. to infert, to clap between.

Intercalár, adj. that is added, put be tween.

INTERCEDE'R, v. n. to intercede, to pray for another.

INTERCEPTA'R, v. a. to intercept.

INTERCESSIO'N, f. f. interceffion.

INTERCESSO'R, f. m. interceffor.

INTERCESSO'RIAMENTE, adv. with interceffion.

INTERCESSO'RIO, adj. that intercedes or prays for another.

INTERCOLU'MNIO, f. m. the fpace between columns or pillars.

INTERCOSTA'L, adj. that belongs to the part between the ribs.

INTERCUTA'NEO, adj. that is between the skin and flesh.

INTERDECI'R, v. a. to forbid, to interdict.

INTERDICCIO'N, f. f. prohibition, forbiddance.

INTERE'S, f. m. intereft, profit, advantage; alfo the value of any thing.

INTERESSA'BLE, adj. profitable; that feeks his intereft.

INTERESSA'DO, adj. that has an intereft or share in a thing; that feeks his intereft.

INTERESSA'L adj. that yields an intereft or profit; that does all for his intereft.

INTERESSA'R, v. n. to intereft, to gain a part or intereft in a thing.

Intereffarfe en una cofa, to concern or intereft one's felf in a thing.

INTERE'SSE, f. m. vide *INTERE'S.*

I'NTERIN, adv. mean while.

INTERINA'RIO, adj. that has a charge in commendam.

INTERI'NO, adj. idem.

INTERIO'R, adj. inward.

INTERIORIDA'D, f. f. inwardnefs.

INTERIORME'NTE, adv. inwardly.

INTERLINEA'L, adj. interlineal.

INTERLOCUCI'ON, f. f. interlocution, interpofition of fpeech.

INTERLOCUTO'R, f. m. interlocutor.

INTERLOCUTO'RIO, adj. that is inferted or clapped between.

Interlocutória fententia, a judge's opinion by the bye, not pronounced as judgment upon the bench.

Interlocutório auto, an appeal.

INTERLU'NIO, f. m. the time when the moon is invifible.

INTERME'DIO, f. m. the fpace between.

INTERMINA'BLE, adj. that cannot be done or finished.

INTERMISSI'ON, f. f. intermiffion, intervenient time.

INTERMITE'NCIA, f. f. difcontinuation of the fever for a while.

INTERMITE'NTE, adj. intermittent, difcontinuing for a while.

INTERMITI'R, v. a. to intermit, to difcontinue, to ceafe at times, to interrupt.

INTERNA'L, adj. internal, inward.

INTERNAME'NTE, adv. inwardly.

INTERNA'R, v. n. to penetrate inwardly.

INTERNECIO'N, f. f. obf. a great flaughter, a carnage.

INTE'RNO, adj. inward.

INTERNO'DIO, f. m. the fpace between two joints.

INTERNU'NCIO, f. m. a meffenger between parties.

INTERPELACIO'N, f. f. fummoning, calling upon.

INTERPELA'R, v. a. to fummon, to call upon.

INTERPRE'SA, f. f. furprize; act of taking any thing unawares.

INTERPOLACIO'N, f. f. new dreffing.

INTERPOLA'R, v. a. to intermix.

INTERPONE'R, v. a. to interpofe, to fet between.

INTERPOSICIO'N, f. f. interpofition, placing between.

INTERPRENDE'R, v. a. to furprife, to take unawares.

INTERPRETACIO'N. f. f. interpretation, expofition.

INTERPRETA'R, v. a. to interpret, to explain, to tranflate, to decypher, to give a folution.

INTERPRETATI'VO, adj. that can be interpreted.

INTE'RPRETE, f. m. interpreter, expounder, one that explains difficult matters, or puts them out of one language into another; a tranflator.

INTERPUE'STO, p. p. interpofed, placed between.

INTERRE'GNO, f. m. an interregnum, the fpace between two reigns, when kings do not immediately fucceed one another, but the throne is fome time vacant.

INTERROGACIO'N, f. f. interrogatory, queftion; the note of interrogation.

INTERROGA'NTE, f. m. he who puts the queftions or interrogates; alfo the mark in writing that shows the asking of a queftion.

INTERROGA'R, v. a. to interrogate, to queftion.

INTERROGATIVO, adj. interrogative, denoting a queftion.

INTERROGATO'RIO, f. m. an interrogatory or queſtion.
Interrogatório, adj. of, or belonging to interrogation.
INTERROMPE'R, v. a. to interrupt.
INTERRUMPIMIE'NTO, f. m. interruption.
INTERRUMPI'R, v. a. to interrupt.
Interrumpir la poſſeſſion, to put by the poſſeſſion.
INTERRUPCIO'N, f. f. interruption.
INTERRU'PTO, p. p. interrupted.
INTERSECCIO'N, f. interſection of two lines in a point.
INTERSTI'CIO, f. m. diſtance or ſpace between; time between one act and another.
INTERVA'LO, f. m. interval, diſtance, ſpace, pauſe in muſic.
INTERVENCI'ON, f. f. intervention, coming between.
INTERVENI'R, v. n. to intervene, to come between, to mediate between two perſons.
INTERVENIE'NTE, adj. intervening, that comes between.
INTESTA'DO, adj. inteſtate, without leaving a will.
INTESTINA'L, adj. inteſtine, belonging to the inward parts.
INTESTI'NO, adj. inteſtine, inward; ſubſt. uſed, entrail, bowel.
Guérra inteſtína, an inteſtine or civil war.
Inteſtínos, f. m. pl. the bowels.
INTI'MA, f. f. intimation.
INTIMACIO'N, f. f. intimation, notification.
INTIMAME'NTE, adv. inwardly, affectionately, from the heart.
INTIMA'R, v. a. to intimate, to notify.
Intimárſe, v. r. to inſinuate one's ſelf into the affection of another.
INTIMIDA'D, f. f. intimacy.
INTIMIDA'R, v. a. to make afraid.
I'NTIMO, adj. intimate, inward, affectionate, fixed in the heart; alſo an intimate, a particular friend.
INTITULA'R, v. a. to intitle.
INTITULA'TA, f. f. title, inſcription.
INTOLERA'BLE, adj. intolerable, inſufferable.
INTOLERA'NCIA, f. f. impatience.
INTO'NSO, adj. unshaved; alſo ignorant, foolish, unpolished.
INTRANSITA'BLE, adj. impaſſable.
INTRATA'BLE, adj. intractable.
INTREPIDAME'NTE, adv. undauntedly.
INTREPIDE'Z, f. f. intrepidity, fortitude, magnanimity, bravery.
INTRE'PIDO, adj. undaunted.
INTRINCADAME'NTE, adv. intricately.
INTRINCA'R, v. a. to intangle, to perplex, to fill full of difficulties.
INTRINSECAME'NTE, adv. inwardly.
INTRI'NSECO, adj. inward; alſo familiár; alſo a reſerved perſon.
INTRODUCCIO'N, f. f. an introduction; alſo an innovation.
INTRODUCIDO'R, f. m. who introduces.
INTRODUCI'R, v. a. to introduce.
INTRODUCTO'R, f. m. he who introduces.
INTRO'ITO, f. m. the introit or beginning of the maſs; alſo the introduction or prologue.
INTRUSIO'N, f. f. intruſion.
INTRU'SO, adj. intruded.
INTRUICIO'N, f. f. a beholding or looking upon; a view; the clear knowledge of any thing.
INTUITIVAME'NTE, adv. clearly, manifeſtly.
INTUITIVO, adj. that belongs to the clear knowledge of a thing.

INU

INU'LTO, adj. unrevenged.
INUNDACIO'N, f. f. inundation, overflow.
INUNDA'NCIA, f. f. obſ. overflow.
INUNDA'R. v. a. to overflow.
INURBANIDA'D, f. f. incivility, clownishneſs, ruſticity.
INURBA'NO, adj. uncourteous, uncivil, ruſtick, clownish.
INUSITADAME'NTE, adv. againſt cuſtom.
INUSITA'DO, adj. not uſed.
INU'TIL, adj. unprofitable, uſeleſs.
INUTILIDA'D, f. f. unprofitableneſs.
INUTILIZA'R, v. a. to render uſeleſs and unprofitable.
INUTILME'NTE, adv. unprofitably.

INV

INVADEA'BLE, adj. that cannot be waded or forded over.
INVADI'R, v. a. to invade.
INVALIDACIO'N, f. f. invalidity, want of ſtrength or force.
INVALIDAME'NTE, adv. of no force.
INVALIDA'R, v. a. to invalidate, or weaken the force or power.
INVA'LIDO, adj. invalid, of no force.
INVARIA'BLE, adj. invariable; unalterable, unchangeable.
INVARIABLEME'NTE, adv. unalterably.
INVARIACIO'N, f. f. firmneſs, unchangeableneſs.
INVARIADAME'NTE, adv. without any change.
INVARIA'DO, adj. unchangeable.
INVASIO'N, f. f. an invaſion.
INVASO'R; f. m. an invader.
INVECTI'VA, f. f. an invective.
INVENCIBLE, adj. invincible.
INVENCIBLEME'NTE, adv. invincibly.
INVENCIO'N, f. f. invention, device, contrivance; alſo a lie.

Invención de la cruz, the feast of the Invention or finding of the Holy Cross.
INVENCIONE'RO, s. m. an inventor; also a liar.
INVENDI'BLE, adj. that cannot be sold.
INVENTA'R. v. a. to invent, to devise, to find out.
INVENTARIA'R, v. a. to make an inventory of goods.
INVENTA'RIO, s. m. an inventory of goods.
INVENTI'VO, adj. that may be invented.
INVE'NTO, s. m. invention, the finding out of any thing new.
INVENTO'R, s. m. inventor, contriver, framer.
INVERECU'NDO, adj. immodest shameless.
INVERISI'MIL, that has not the appearance of truth.
INVERISIMILITU'D, s. f. the want appearance of truth.
INVERNA'DA, s. f. the winter-season.
INVERNADE'RO, s. m. a wintering-place.
INVERNA'R, v. n. to winter.
INVERNIE'GO, *INVERNIZO*, adj. that has the qualities of winter.
INVEROSI'MIL, adj. vide *INVERISI'MIL*.
INVERSIO'N, s. f. an inversion.
INVE'RSO, p. p. of *invertir*.
INVERTI'R, v. a. to invert.
INVESTIDO, adj. invested, as a town that is to be besieged, for invested of a dignity; also attacked, set or fallen upon.
INVESTIDU'RA, s. f. the investiture of a dignity.
INVESTIGA'BLE, adj. unsearchable.
INVESTIGACIO'N, s. f. a search.
INVESTIGADO'R, s. m. a searcher.
INVESTIGA'R, v. a. to search, to look out, to seek into.
INVESTIGATIVA, s. f. the power of investigation.
INVESTI'R, v. a. to invest a town, to fall upon.
INVETERADAME'NTE, adv. inveterately.
INVETERA'DO, adj. inveterate, grown old in wickedness.
INVETERA'RSE, v. n. to grow old in wickedness.
INVIA'R, v. a. to send.
INVI'CTO, adj. unconquered.
INVI'DIA, s. f. envy.
INVIDIA'R, v. a. to envy.
INVIDIO'SO, adj. envious.
INVIE'RNO, s. m. winter.
INVIGILA'R, v. a. to wach dilligently.
INVINCI'BLE, adj. invincible.
INVINCIBLEME'NTE, adv. invincibly.
INVIOLA'BLE, adj. inviolable.
INVIOLABLEME'NTE, adv. inviolably.
INVIOLA'DO, adj. unviolated.
INVIRTUO'SO, adj. obs. that wants virtue.
INVISIBILIDA'D, s. f. invisibility.
En un invisible, adv. in a moment.
INVISI'BLE, adj. invisible.
INVISIBLEME'NTE. adv. invisibly.
INVITATO'RIO, s. m. the entrance or beginning of a psalm.
INVOCACIO'N, s. f. invocation, calling upon.
INVOCA'R, v. a. to invoke, to call upon.
INVOCATO'RIO, adj. that calls upon or invokes.
INVOLUNTARIAME'NTE, adv. involuntarily, without the concurrence of the will.
INVOLUNTARIEDA'D, s. f. a doing things contrary to the will.
INVOLUNTA'RIO, adj. not voluntary.
INVULNERA'BLE, adj. invulnerable.

INX

INXERI'R, v. a. to graft.
INXERTA'R, v. a. idem.
INXE'RTO, p. p. of *inxertar*.
Inxerto, s. m. a graft.

INY

INYECCIO'N, s. f. an injection.

IPS

IPSO FACTO, adv. directly.
IPSO JU'RE, adv. with or by right, or justice itself.

IR

IR, v. n. to go.
Ir a la párte, to go a part, to be shares in a thing.
Irle a úna persóna algúna cósa, to concern.
Ir a la máno, to hinder, to obstruct, to with-hold.
Irse de bóca, to be lavish of one's tongue.
Irse en la lúmbre, to boil over.
Irse, to die.
Irse, to leak.

IRA

IRA, s. f. anger, wrath.
IRACU'NDIA, s. f. wrath, indignation.
IRACU'NDO, adj. passionate, hasty, wrathful, angry, raging, furious.
IRASCE'NCIA, s. f. anger, wrath.
IRASCI'BLE, adj. that can be provoked to anger, irascible.

IRE

IRENA'RCHA, s. m. a judge among the ancient Romans.

IRI

IRI'NO, s. m. the ointment of the flower-de-lis.
I'RIS, s. m. the rainbow; metaph. any thing of various colours, the iris of the eye, the circle round the pupil of the eye; also a plant so called.

IRO

IRONI'A, f. f. irony, a figure in speaking, when one means a contrary thing to what he says.
IRONICAME'NTE, adv. ironically.
IRO'NICO, adj. of, or belonging to irony, ironical, expressing one thing and meaning another.

IRR

IRRACIONA'BLE, adj. irrational, void of reason.
IRRACIONA'L, adj. irrational, void of reason.
IRRACIONALME'NTE, adv. irrationally.
IRRADIACIO'N, f. f. illumination.
IRRADIAR, v. a. to shine bright.
IRRECONCILIA'BLE, adj. irreconcilable.
IRRECUPERA'BLE, adj. irrecoverable.
IRRECUSA'BLE, adj. inexcusable.
IRREDUCI'BLE, adj. that cannot be tamed, not to be reduced.
IRREFRAGA'BLE, adj. irresistible, not to be withstood; irrefragable, not to be confuted.
IRREFRAGABLEME'NTE, adv. irresistibly, unquestionably.
IRREGULA'R, adj. irregular.
IRREGULARIDA'D, f. f. irregularity.
IRREGULARME'NTE, adv. irregularly.
IRRELIGIO'N, f. f. irreligion, want of religion, contempt of religion, impiety.
IRRELIGIOSAME'NTE, adv. irreligiously.
IRRELIGIOSIDA'D, f. f. want of religion.
IRRELIGIO'SO, adj. irreligious.
IRREMEDIA'BLE, adj. not to be remedied.
IRREMEDIABLEME'NTE, adv. irremediably, without cure.
IRREMISSI'BLE, adj. unpardonable.
IRREMISSIBLEME'NTE, adv. unpardonably.
IRREPARA'BLE, adj. irreparable.
IRREPARABLEME'NTE, adv. irreparably.
IRREPREHENSI'BLE, adj. unblameable.
IRRESISTI'BLE, adj. irresistible.
IRRESOLU'BLE, adj. that cannot be resolved.
IRRESOLUCIO'N, f. f. want of resolution.
IRRESOLU'TO, adj. irresolute, not determined, that wants resolution.
IRREVERE'NCIA, f. f. irreverence.
IRREVERE'NTE, adj. irreverent.
IRREVOCABILIDA'D, f. f. any thing that cannot be recalled.
IRREVOCA'BLE, adj. irrevocable, not to be recalled.
IRREVOCABLEME'NTE, adv. irrevocable.
IRRISI'BLE, adj. ridiculous.
IRRISIO'N, f. f. derision, scoffing.
IRRISO'RIO, adj. scoffing, deriding.
IRRITA'BLE, adj. that may be irritated, or provoked.
IRRITACIO'N, f. f. provocation, exasperation.
IRRITADO'R, f. m. provoker.
IRRITAME'NTE, adv. in vain, to no purpose, fruitless.
IRRITA'R, v. a. to irritate, to provoke; also to render fruitless, vain, or unsuccessful.
IRRI'TO, adj. vain, fruitless.
IRRUPCIO'N, f. f. eruption, breaking out.

ISA

ISA, f. f. a cant word for a harlot kept by ruffians.
ISAGO'GE, f. f. introduction.

ISC

ISCHIO'N, f. m. the huckle-bone, the hip.

ISL

ISLA, f. f. an island.
ISLA'DO, adj. made an island or in the form of an island.
ISLA'N, f. m. a sort of veil laced round, used by women.
ISLE'ÑO, f. m. an islander.
ISLE'O, f. m. a small island.
ISLE'TA, } f. f. a little island.
ISLI'LLA, }
ISLO'TE, f. m. a great rock, or small island in the sea.

ISO

ISO, adv. in cant, yea, yes.
ISOGO'NO, adj. of equal angles.
ISOPRI'METRO, adj. applied to figures that have the same circumference with those they are compared.
ISOPLE'URO, f. m. a rectangle triangle.
ISO'SCELES, adj. in geometry, the appellative of a particular triangle.
I'SPIDA, f. f. a bird so called.

IST

I'STHMO, f. m. neck of land, narrow part of a country between two seas.
ISTRIA'R, v. a. to flute, as columns or other works in structure are: that is, hollowed with half rounds from to bottom.

ITE

I'TEM, adv. also, item; a word used when any article is added to the former.
ITERA'BLE, adj. that may be repeated or reiterated.

ITERACIO'N, f. f. repetition.

ITERA'R, v. n. to repeat, to reiterate.

I T I

ITINERA'RIO, f. m. a journal kept in travelling; an account or inftruction to travel by, with the diftances of places and directions how to go to them; alfo prayers for travellers.

I V A

I'VA, f. f. ground-pine, herb-ivy, or field-cyprefs.

I X I

I'XIA, f. f. an herb fo called.

I Z A

I'ZA, interj. a term ufed by feamen when they are haling at a rope; in cant, a common whore.

IZA'GA, f. m. a place full of rushes.

IZA'R, v. a. to hoife; that is, to hale up any thing aboard a ship.

I Z Q

IZQUIE'RDA, f. f. the left-hand.

IZQUIERDE'AR, v. n. to degenerate.

IZQUIE'RDO, adj. left-handed.

J

J

J, the tenth letter of the Spanish alphabet; it is a consonant, and gutturally aspirated before all the vowels.

J A B

JABALI, s. m. a. wild boar.
JABALI'NA, s. f. obs. a javelin; also the female of a wild boar.
JABARDEA'R, v. n. to keep many bee-hives.
JABA'RDO, s. m. a small cluster of bees.
JABO'N, s. m. vide *XA'BON*.

J A C

JA'CA, s. f. obs. vide *HA*.
JACERI'NA, s. f. a coat of mail.
JACI'NTO, s. m. a precious stone called a hyacinth; also a flower of the same name.
JA'CO, s. m. a coat of male.
JACTA'NCIA, s. f. boasting, pride; vanity; haughtiness.
JACTANCIO'SO, adj. boasting of.
JACTA'RSE, v. r. to boast of.
JACULATO'RIA, s. f. a short and ardent prayer.

J A D

JADE, s. m. a sort of precious stone brought from America.
JADEA'R, v. n. to pant, to be out of breath.
JADE'O, s. m. panting.

J A E

JAECE'RO, s. m. a maker of furnitures for horses, or of equipages.
JAE'N, adj. a sort of grape.
JAE'Z, s. m. a furniture of a horse, an equipage; also likeness; and in cant, cloaths.
Jaéz de cáma, furniture for a bed.
Cósas déste jaéz, things of this sort.

J A H

JAHARRA'R, v. a. to plaster a wall.
JAHA'RRO, s. m. plaster.

J A L

JALBEGA'R, v. a. to whitewash with plaster.
JALBE'GUE, s. f. whitewashing; the paint used by women.
JALDA'DO; adj. of a bright yellow colour.
JA'LDE, adj. yellow.
JALDO, adj. vide *JALDADO*.
JALDRE, s. m. the general colour of birds.
JALE'A, s. f. jelly.

J A M

JAMA'S, adv. never.
JA'MBAS, s. f. pl. the jambs of a door, the two posts on the sides of it; so called by artists.
JAMERDA'NA, s. f. the place where they throw the ordure of sheep.
JAMERDA'R, v. n. to throw the ordure of sheep in a place destined to it.
JAMO'N, s. m. a gammon of bacon, a ham.

J A N

JANGA'DA, s. f. pieces of timber in a ship so called, joined together to save the people in case of ship-wreck.
JANGO'MA, s. f. a fruit in the East Indies.
JANIPA'BA, s. m. a beautiful tree in Brasil.

J A Q

JA'QUE, s. m. check, at the game of chess; in cant, a ruffian, a bully.
Jaques, adj. an appellation given to some coins.
JAQUE'CA, s. f. vide *AXAQUE'CA*.
JAQUE'L, s. m. a checker or chess-board.
JAQUE'TA, s. f. a sort of jacket made close before, and open on the sides.
JAQUETI'LLA, s. f. a little jacket.
JAQUIMA'LLA, s. f. a coat of mail.

J A R

JA'R, v. n. in cant, to make water.
JA'RA, s. f. vide *XA'RA*, an arrow, a shaft to shoot out of a cross-bow.
JARAMA'GO, s. m. vide *XARAMA'GO*.
JARANDI'LLA, s. f. vide *XARANDI'LLA*.
JARARA'NDA, s. m. an odoriferous tree in Brasil.
JARA'VE, s. f. vide *XARA'VE*.
JA'RDIN, s. m. a garden; in cant, a shop or fair.
JARDINERI'A, s. f. gardening.
JARDINE'RO, s. m. a gardener.
JA'RES, s. m. pl. the small guts.
JARE'TA, s. f. pl. vide *XARE'TA*.
JARE'TE, s. m. vide *XARE'TE*.
JA'RO, adj. an appellation of a boar when it resembles a wild boar.
JARO'CHO, s. m. vide *XARO'CHO*.
JARO'PE, s. m. vide *XARO'PO*.
JA'RRA, s. f. a pitcher, a pot with a great belly and two handles.
JARRA'ZO, s. m. a blow with a pot.
JARREA'R, v. n. to drink often.
JARRETA'R, v. a. to hough, or hamstring.
JARRE'TE, s. m. the hough, or bending of the leg under the knees; or any defect, or blemish.
JARRETE'RA, s. f. a garter, the order of the Garter.
JARRI'LLO, s. m. a little pot.
JA'RRO, s. m. a pot or pitcher.
Dar besítos al járro, to kiss the pot often, to drink.

Echárse el járro a péchos, to lay the pitcher to one's mouth, and drink without measure.

Dar pára tripas ál járro, to give money to fetch wine.

No dar un járro de água, not to give a pitcher of water; to be so covetous as not to give another water.

JARRO'N, f. m. a great pot, or jar.

JARRONCI'LLO, f. m. a small pot, or an urn.

JARRU'MA, f. f. an herb in the West Indies.

JA'RZIAS, f. f. pl. vide *XA'RZIAS*.

J A S

JASADO'R, f. m. a sacrificer, one that shashes meat.

JASADU'RA, f. f. sacrificing, flashing of meat.

JASA'R, v. a. to sacrifice, to flash flesh.

JASMI'N, f. m. vide *JAZMI'N*.

JA'SPE, f. m. the jasper-stone.

JASPE'ADO, adj. speckled, or coloured like jasper, or adorned with jasper-stone.

J A T

JATANCI'A, f. f. boasting.

JATANCIO'SO, adj. given to boasting.

JATA'R, v. a. to boast, to brag.

J A U

JA'ULA, f. f. a cage, or goal.

JAULE'RO, f. m. a cage-maker.

JAULI'LLA, adj. diminutive of *jaula*, a small cage: also a kind of net-cap so called.

JAULO'N, f. m. a great cage; a goal.

J A V

JAVALE'NA, f. f. a boar-spear. Obf.

JAVA'LI, f. m. a wild boar.

JAVE'GA, f. f. vide *XAVE'GA*.

JAVELI'N, f. m. a wild boar.

JAVI'ES; as, *uvas javíes*, a small sort of grapes like currants.

J A Y

JAYA'N, f. m. a giant, a great rawboned fellow; in cant, a pimp of quality.

JAYANA'ZO, f. m. a great giant.

J A Z

JAZMI'N, f. m. jasmin.

J E M

JE'ME, f. m. vide *XE'ME*.

J E R

JEREPEMO'NGA, f. f. a sort of seasnake in Brasil.

JE'RGA, f. f. vide *XE'RGA*.

JERGO'N, f. m. vide *XERGO'N*.

JERGUERI'TO, f. m. vide *XERGUERITO*.

JERIGO'NZA, f. f. vide *GERIGO'NZA*.

JERI'NGA, f. f. vide *XERI'NGA*.

JERINGA'R, v. a. vide *XERINGA'R*.

J E S

JESUSCA'R, v. n. to repeat many times the name of Jesus, as bigots do by way of interjection.

J I G

JIGO'TE, f. m. vide *GIGO'TE*.

J I M

JIME'LGA, f. f. vide *XIME'LGA*.

J O

JO, the word carters, and such people, use in Spain to their horses to make them stop.

J O A

JO'A, *JO'BA*, f. f. a sailors word; an addition made to certain timbers.

J O C

JOCOSAME'NTE, adv. jocosely, waggishly, in jest, in game.

JOCOSE'RIO, adj. belonging to a merry and serious style mixed together.

JOCO'SO, adj. jocose, merry; waggish, given to jest.

JOCUNDIDA'D, f. f. waggery, merriment.

JOCU'NDO, adj. jocund, pleasant, airy, gay.

J O F

JOFA'INA, f. f. vide *ALJOFA'INA*.

J

JOGLA'R, f. m. obf. vide *JUGLA'R*.

JOGLERI'A, f. f. obf. vide *JUGLERI'A*.

J O

JOLIE'Z, f. f. festivity, merriment, gaiety.

JOLI'TO, f. m. rest, lying still without motion; a dead calm; a featerm.

J O

JONJOLI', f. m. a seed so called.

R

JORDA'N, f. m. any thing that grows young.

JO'RFE, f. m. a wall of stone without mortar.

JORGI'NA, f. f. a witch.

JORGOLI'NO, f. m. in cant, an assistant, or servant to a bawd or pimp.

JORNA'DA, f. f. a journey, a day's work, a battle; an act in a play.

JORNA'L, f. m. day-wages; a day book.

Prov. *Jornál de obréro éntra por la puérta, y sále por el humero*,

work-man's day wages comes in at the door, and goes out at the chimney; it is so small, that it is all spent in eating.

Prov. *Jornàl de escardadóra, si del cóme, no cena*, a weeder's day's wages, if it affords her a dinner, it will not afford a supper, it is so small.

JORNALE'RO, f. m. a day-labourer.

JORO'BA, f. f. a bump, a hump; alſo a vexatious ſollicitation.

JOROBA'R, v. a. to vex, to plague, to moleſt.

JO'RRO, as, *Llevár la náve a jórro*, to tow a ship along.

J O S

JOSTRA'DO, adj. as, *Viróte jostrádo*, a shaft that has a round head or plate at the end, like a foil.

J O V

JO'VEN, } f. m. a youth.
JOVENE'TO, }

JOVENCI'LLO, f. m. a boy.

JOVENI'L, adj. vide *JUVENI'L*.

JOVENTU'D, f. f. vide *JUVENTU'D*.

JOVIAL, adj. jovial, merry, pleaſant.

JOVIALIDA'D, f. f. jovialneſs, gaiety, merriment.

J O Y

JO'YA, f. f. a jewel; any precious thing; the aſtragal of a column; a reward, a preſent.

Joyas, f. f. pl. all the clothes and apparel belonging to a woman.

JOYA'NTE, adj. as, *Séda joyánte*, very fine gloſſy ſilk.

Pólvora joyánte, the fineſt shining gunpowder.

JOYEL; f. m. a jewel.

JOYE'RA, f. f. a milliner, or a woman that keeps a shop and ſells gloves, ribbons, laces, and all women's attire.

JOYERI'A, f. f. the jewellers ſtreet, or shop, or a toy shop.

JOYE'RO, f. m. a jeweller.

JO'YO, f. m. cockle, darnel.

Jóyo ſylvéſtre, wild darnel.

JOYUE'LA, f. f. a ſmall jewel.

J U A

JUA'N, f. m. in cant, a box in a church to put in alms.

Juán platerón, in cant, money, or ſilver.

Juán marchiz, in cant, a large knife.

Juán doràdo; in cant, gold coin.

Juán diaz; in cant, a padlock.

Juán turáſe; in cant, a dye.

Juán pérez, cold beef cut in bits, and heated with a little water, onion, ſalt, pepper, clove and coriander ſeed.

Juán Bóbo, John Fool, as we ſay Tom Fool.

JUANE'RO, f. m. in cant, a thief that robs the boxes that are in churches to put in alms.

JUANE'TE, f. m. the top-gallant-maſt of a ship.

Juanéte, is alſo the knuckle-bone of the thumbs and great toes when it ſticks out more than ordinary, as it does in ſome ill-shaped hands and feet. Thence applied to ſignify any ſticking-out bone, or other excreſcence.

JUANETU'DO, adj. that has corns in the toes; that is full of protuberances.

JUARDA, f. f. a ſtain.

J U B

JUBERTA'R, v. a. a ſea term, to hoiſe the boat into the ship or galley.

JUBETERI'A, f. f. the ſtreet where the doublet-makers live; a shop where they ſell doublets and other cloaths.

JUBETE'RO, f. m. a doublet-maker or ſeller.

JUBILACIO'N, f. f. feſtivity, joy.

JUBILA'DO, f. m. one that for his long ſervice is exempted from the duties of his profeſſion.

JUBILA'R, v. a. to exempt a man from the duty of his profeſſion on account of his long ſervice.

JUBILE'O, f. m. jubilee.

JU'BILO, f. m. joy, content, ſatisfaction.

JUBO'N, f. m. a doublet.

Jubón de azótes, a whipping at the cart's tail.

Prov. *Buén jubón me téngo en Fráncia*. I have a good doublet in France; this they ſay when a man boaſts of having what he has not.

JUBONCI'LLO, f. m. a little doubled.

J U D

JUDA'ICO, adj. Jewish.

JUDAI'SMO, f. m. the jewish nation, or religion.

JUDAIZAR, v. n. to play the Jew, to judaize, to conform to the Jews.

JUDAS, f. m. a traitor.

JUDERI'A, f. f. the quarter where the Jews anciently lived in Spain.

JUDI'A, f. f. kidney-bean, or Frenchbean.

JUDICACIO'N, f. f. the act of judging.

JUDICA'NTE, f. m. a judge.

JUDICA'R, v. a. obſ. to judge.

JUDACATI'VO, adj. belonging to a judge.

JUDICATU'RA, f. f. judicature, judgement, the power of the judge; alſo the court of juſtice.

JUDICIA'L, adj. belonging to judgment, or to a court of juſtice.

JUDICIALME'NTE, adv. judicially.

JUDICIA'RIO, f. m. an aſtrologer.

JUDICIOSAME'NTE, adv. judiciouſly, skilfully, wiſely.

JUDICIO'SO, adj. judicious, wiſe, prudent.

JUDIE'GO, adj. belonging to a Jew, or to the Jews.

JUDIHUE'LO. f. m. a little, or a pitiful Jew; metaph. ſneaking fellow; alſo a ſmall ſort of kidneybean.

JUDI'O, f. m. a Jew; alſo an injurious and contemptous name.

Judio, adj. relating to Jews.

J U E

JUE'GO, ſ. m. play, ſport, paſtime, game.
Juégo de axedréz, the game of cheſs.
Juégo del abejón, vide *ABEJO'N*.
Juégo de cañas, a ſport uſed by gentlemen in the nature of a skirmish, caſting canes or reeds at one another inſtead of darts.
Juégo de palábras, jeſting.
Juégo de ſortija, the ſport of riding at the ring.
Juégo de táblas, the games at tables.
Juego de pelóta, tennis.
Juégo de los ciéntos, the game of picquet at cards.
Juégo de mános, juggling, ſlight of hand.
Juégo de mános, es juégo de villános, playing with the hands, is ſport for clowns; all rude handling, though in jeſt, unfit for gentlemen.
Hacér del juégo máña: to make the beſt of one's game; that is, to protract time, when a man knows he shall have the worſt, or be caſt in a ſuit.
JUEGUECI'LLO, ſ. m. dimin. of *juégo*.
JUE'VES, ſ. m. Thurſday.
Juéves de compádres, the Thurſday three weeks before Lent, when goſſips meet to be merry.
Juéves de comádres, the Thurſday fort-night before Lent, when goſſips meet to be merry.
Juéves pára tódos, the Thurſday immediately before Lent, when men and women meet together to be merry.
JUE'Z, ſ. m. a judge.
Juéz de alzádas, a judge of appeal.
Juéz del crimen, or juez criminál, a judge in criminal cauſes.
Juéz de regíſtro, a judge, or officer appointed to examine the entries ships make to and from the Weſt-Indies.
Juéz ordinário, a judge that has the trying of common cauſes.
Juéz delegádo, a judge delegate.
Juéz metropolitáno, a ſupreme judge.
Juéz arbitro, an arbitrator.
Juéz de biénes confiſcádos, a peculiar judge appointed for goods forfeited to the king.
Juéz de puértos, a judge to try cauſes in a ſea-port town relating to ſea affairs.
Juéz de méſtos, y cañádas, a country judge among shepherds and peaſants to decide their quarrels about their sheep and encloſures.
Juéz de náypes, he that is choſen to give judgment when a diſpute ariſes at cards.
Prov. *Juéz cadañero, eſtrécho cómo ſendéro*, a judge for a year is very nice, becauſe he muſt be accountable at the year's end.

J U G

JUGA'DA, ſ. f. the action of playing a card.
JUGADE'RA, ſ. f. a weaver's shuttle.
JUGA'DO, adj. played away.
Trahér la vida jugáda, to go in danger of one's life.
JUGADO'R, ſ. m. a gameſter.
Jugadór de mános, a juggler.
JUGA'R, v. n. to play.
Jugár al bodóque, to play at a certain game with bowls on the ground, which, with little boards fitted for that purpoſe with handles, they shove forward through a ring.
Jugár la camiſa, to play away all, even to one's shirt.
Jugàr de antubión, to prevent one that deſigns to do a miſchief.
Jugár las ármas, to exerciſe one's weapon.
Jugár de mános, to juggle, alſo to have much action with the hands in talking.
Jugár náypes, pelóta, &c. to play at cards, at tennis, &c.
Jugár los kíries, ſaid of a clergyman, to play away the alms that is given him for praying.
Jugár de oréja, to whiſper into one's ear.
Jugár de pica, to toſs a pike.
Jugár el ſol ántes que ſálga, to play away the ſun before it riſes; loſing a day's wages before it is earned.
JUGARRE'TA, ſ. f. the act of playing without knowing any thing of the game.
JUGLA'R, ſ. m. a jeſter, a buffoon.
JUGLARE'SA, ſ. f. a jeſting merry woman.
JUGLERI'A, ſ. f. buffoonry.
JUGO, ſ. m. the juice of any thing.
JUGO'SO, adj. juicy, full of juice.
JUGUE'TE, ſ. m. a child's play-thing a toy.
JUGUETEA'R, v. n. to play, to jeſt.
JUGUETO'N, ſ. m. one that is always jeſting or playing.

J U I

JUI'CIO, ſ. m. judgement; alſo prudence, wiſdom.
Juicio, the ſentence againſt a criminal.
Eſtár en ſu juicio, to be full of reaſon.
Eſtár fuera de juicio, to be mad.
Pedir en juicio, to go in law.
Perder el juicio, to grow mad.
Quitár en juicio, to enrage one.
JUICIOSAME'NTE, adv. judiciouſly.
JUICIO'SO, adj. prudent, wiſe, quiet.

J U J

JU'JUBA, ſ. f. vide *AZOFE'YFA*.

J U L

JULE'PE, ſ. m. a julep; an extemporaneous form of medicine made of ſimple and compound water ſweetened.
JU'LIO, ſ. m. the month of July; and a Roman coin worth about ſix pence.
JU'LO, ſ. m. a word uſed by carriers to quiet their beaſts when they are unruly.

J U M

JUME'LAS, ſ. f. pl. two

pieces of wood or metal exactly alike.
JUMENTA'L, adj. belonging to a beast of burthen.
JUMENTI'LLO, s. m. diminutive of *jumento*.
JUME'NTO, s. m. any beast of burden; more particularly an ass.

JUN

JUNCA'DA, s. f. a medecine for horses that have a cold, made with the pith of rushes.
JUNCA'L, s. m. a place where rushes grow.
JU'NCIA, s. f. the plant called galingal; all sorts of rushes; the herb gentian.
JUNCIA'NA, s. f. boast, the act of boasting.
JUNCIE'RA, s. f. a kind of earthen pot so called.
JU'NCO, s. m. a rush, junk, a sort of boat in the East Indies.
Júnco marino, salt marsh-rush.
Júnco oloróso, galingal.
Júnco amarqocádo, the plant called water-torch, or cat's tail.
JUNCO'SO, adj. rushy, full of rushes.
JU'NIO, s. m. the month of June.
JUNQUI'LLO, s. m. a little rush; also the sweet rush called camels-meat.
JU'NTA, s. f. a meeting, an assembly. It is also the joining or putting together of any two things.
Júnta de médicos, a consultation of physicians.
Júnta de tiérra, as muck land as a yoke of oxen can plough in a day.
JUNTA'DO, adj. joined, assembled.
JUNTADU'RA, s. f. vide *JUNTURA*.
JUNTAME'NTE, adv. jointly, together.
JUNTAMIE'NTO, s. m. obs. vide *JUNTA*.
JUNTA'R, v. a. to join, to assemble, to meet, to put together.
Juntárse, v. r. to meet together, to assemble; also to come near.
Juntárse, to copulate, to come together, as different sexes do.
Juntár meriendas, to put money together for any purpose, speaking of several persons.
JUNTE'RA, s. f. the plane joiners use to shoot joints; that is, to shoot the edges of two boards true that are to be glued together, called a jointer.
JUNTI'LLAS; as *a pies juntillas*, with the feet close together. It generally signifies positively, obstinately, unmoveably.
JU'NTO, p. p. of *juntár*, close to, joined, put together, near, hard by.
JUNTU'RA, s. f. a joint, joining, putting together; also a carpenter's tool.

JUR

JU'RA, s. f. an oath.
JURADERI'A, s. f. the office of a *jurado*.
JURA'DO, s. m. a magistrate not unlike an alderman.
Jurádo, adj. sworn.
JURADO'R, s. m. a swearer.
JURAMENTA'DO, adj. sworn, that has taken an oath.
JURAMENTA'RSE, v. r. to take an oath.
JURAME'NTO, s. m. an oath.
JURA'R, v. n. to swear.
JURGI'NA, s. f. a witch.
JURIDICAME'NTE, adv. in course of law, legally, juridically.
JURI'DICO, adj. juridick, according to course of law, legal; also a courtday.
JURISCONSU'LTO, s. m. a counsellor at law.
JURISDICIO'N, s. f. jurisdiction, also a territory, a liberty.
JURISPERI'CIA, s. f. knowledge in the law, study of the law.
JURISPERI'TO, s. m. one that is skilful in the law.
JURISPRUDE'NCIA, s. f. jurisprudence, knowledge of the laws.
JURI'STA, s. m. a lawyer by profession.
JU'RO, s. m. revenue; right.
Júro de heredád, a revenue of inheritance, or any annuity settled upon an estate.
Ser de júro, to be according to right and custom.

JUS

JUSA'NO, adj. obs. inferior; lower or below.
JUSBA'RBA, s. f. kneeholm, butchers broom.
JUSE'LLO, s. m. a kind of broth or mess so called.
JUSSIO'N, s. f. a command.
JU'STA, s. f. a just, a tilt; in cant, justice.
JUSTADO'R, s. m. a tilter.
JUSTAME'NTE, adv. justly, righteously.
JUSTA'R, v. n. to tilt.
JUSTEDA'D, s. f. justice.
JUSTI'CIA, s. f. justice, right; also the officers of justice, and for the execution of it.
El justícia, a supreme magistrate.
Encontrár con la justícia, to meet with the officers of justice.
Hacér justícia de un ladrón, to execute a thief.
Tenéos a la justítia, stand.
JUSTICI'AR, v. a to execute according to sentence of law.
JUSTICIA'ZGO, s. m. the office or dignity of a judge or justice.
JUSTICIE'RO, adj. a severe judge, one that executes justice strictly.
JUSTIFICACIO'N, s. f. justification.
JUSTIFICADAME'NTE, adv. justifiably.
JUSTIFICADO'R, s. m. a justifier.
JUSTIFICA'R, v. a. to justify.
JUSTIFICATI'VO, adj. justifiable, defensible by law or reason.

JUSTILLO, f. m. a fmalls short waiftcoat without fleeves.
JUSTO, adj. juft, righteous, upright; alfo exact, fit.
Véftido júfto, a fit garment, or a ftreight one.
Cuénta júfta, a juft account.
Pagár júftos por pecadóres, the righteous to fuffer for the ungodly.
En júfto y en creénte, immediately, with hafte.
En júftos ò en verenjuftos, with reafon or without it.

J U V

JUVENIL, adj. youthful.
JUVENTUD, f. f. youth.

J U Z

JUZGADO, f. m. the court or judgment-feat.
Juzgado, adj. adjudged.
Paffár en cófa juzgáda, to be denied the privilege of appeal.
JUZGADOR, f. m. obf. a judge.
JUZGAMUNDOS, f. m. a backbiter, a cenfurer.
JUZGAR, v. a. to judge; alfo to be of opinion.
Juzgár mal de úna cófa, to have an ill opinion of a thing.
Juzgár én derécho de fu dédo, to give judgment partially.

K

KALE'NDA, f. f. the calends of every month, which were wont to be on the first day; also the time of paying use-money, whence Horace calls them *tristes* and *celeres calenda*.

KALENDA'R, v. a. to mark out the calendar, or rather to make an almanack.

KALENDA'RIO, f. m. a calendar, or almanack.

KALI, f. m. vide *ALKALI*.

KAR

KA'RMES, f. m. kermes, a small worm so called.

KYN

KYNORRHO'DON, f. m. the wild rose, or sweet briar rose; also the flower of the red lily.

KYR

KYRIA'R, v. n. to sing the responses in the church-service.

KYRIELEISA'R, v. n. to sing the *kyrieleisón*, or Lord have mercy on us.

KYRIELE'ISON, f. m. Lord have mercy upon us; a form of prayer used in the liturgy, and taken out of the psalms.

KY'RIES, f. m. that part of the liturgy which contains the *kyrieleisón*; also repetition or abundance of any thing.

L

L, the twelfth letter of the Spanish alphabet. When double it is pronounced as the French *l mouillée*, as the in words *llàma*, *llèga*.

L A

LA, the article of the feminine gender.

L A B

LABA'RO, f. m. the labarum or Roman ftandard, on which the emperor Conftantine embroidered the crofs and name of Chrift.
LA'BE, f. m. a fpot or blemish.
LABERI'NTHO, f. m. a labyrinth, a place fo intricate, that there is no finding the way out without a clue.
LA'BIA, f. f. prating, talkativenefs; alfo a fmooth, deceitful way of talking, tongue-padding.
LABIA'L, adj. belonging to the lips.
LA'BIO, f. m. a lip.
LABO'R, f. f. work, women's work; as, fewing, embroidering, or the like.
Hacér labór, to few as women do.
Ir a la labór, to go to fchool; as girls do, to few, embroider, &c.
Labór de cámpo, tillage, husbandry.
Prov. *Hacér la labór de la Judía, que trasnochába la nóche, y holgába, de dia*, work like the Jewish woman, who fate up all night, and was idle all the day. To invert the right order.
LABORA'NTE, f. m. a journeyman.
LABORA'R, v. n. to labour.
LABORATO'RIO, f. m. laboratory, a chemift's work-room.
LABORCI'CA, f. f. a fmall work.
LABOREA'R, v. n. to work in the fields.
LABORE'RA, f. f. the woman who works.
LABORI'O, f. m. the work which is done in the fields, gardens, &c.
LABORIO'SO, adj. laborious.
LABRA'DOR, f. m. a husbandman, a farmer.
Prov. *Al labradór defcuidádo ratónes le cómen lo fembrádo*, the mice eat up what the carelefs husbandman fows. The vermin deftroy his feed when he does not plough and harrow as he ought.
LABRADO'RA, f. f. a country woman.
Labradóra, in cant, the hand.
LABRADORE'SCO, adj. belonging to a labourer.
LABRANDE'RA, f. f. a woman that works at her needle.
LABRA'NTE, f. m. a hewer of ftone.
LABRANTI'N, f. m. a fmall fpot of ground cultivated by the owner of it.
LABRANTI'O, adj. fit only for corn.
LABRA'NZA, f. f. tillage, husbandry; alfo a farm or fome tilled land.
LABRA'R, v. a. to work at any trade or employment; to till, to few, to build.
Labrár féda, to keep filk-worms to make filk.
Labrár la béftia, to mark a beaft with an hot iron.
Labrár cáfa, to build a houfe.
LABRIE'GO, f. m. a husbandman, a labourer.
LABRU'SCA, f. f. a wild vine.

L A C

LACA, f. f. lac.
LACARGA'MA, f. f. the herb wildbuglofs.
LACA'YO, f. m. footman, lackey.
LACAYUE'LO, f. m. diminutive of *lacáyo*.
LACEA'R, v. a. to adorn with knots.
LACERA'DO, adj. ragged, poor, wretched: alfo a mifer that will not allow himfelf neceffaries.
LACERA'R, v. a. to rend, to tear in pieces, to mangle, to difmember.
Lacerár, v. n. obf. to live wretchedly.
LACE'RIA, f. f. poverty, mifery, want; alfo avarice, niggardlinefs.
LA'CIO, adj. lank, not ftiff, fading.
LACONICA'MENTE, adv. concifely, shortly.
LACO'NICO, adj. concife, short, compendious.
LACONI'SMO, f. m. a short way of fpeaking.
LA'CRA, f. f. obf. a deplorable thing, or cafe; alfo a fcar.
LACRA'R, v. a. to be full of wounds or ftripes.
LA'CRE, f. m. fealing-wax.
LACRYMO'SO, adj. deplorable; full of tears.
LACTA'NCIA, f. f. the time that a child fucks.
LA'CTEO, adj. milky, like milk.
LACTICI'NIO, f. m. any thing made of milk.
LACTI'FERO, adj. milky, like milk, full of milk.
LACTU'MEN, f. m. fcabs that break out on children who furfeit themfelves by fucking too much.

L A D

LA'DANO, f. m. a gum made of the fat dew that is gathered from the leaves of álada.
LADE'AR, v. n. to wave or move from fide to fide.
LADE'RA, f. f. the fide of a hill.
LADI'LLA, f. f. a crab-loufe.
LADI'LLO, f. m. a little fide.
LADINAME'NTE, adv. knowingly in the language, fluently.
LADI'NO, adj. that fpeaks Spanish or any other tongue perfectly well; alfo fly, cunning, fagacious.
LA'DO, f. m. fide.
Ir ládo a ládo con ótro, to walk cheek by jowl with another.
No apartárfe del ládo de ótro, to be always

always in the company of another.

Hacérse a un lădo, to ſtand aſide.

Andár de lădo, to go ſideling.

LA'DRA, ſ. f. the barking of a dog.

LADRADO'R, ſ. m. a dog that barks much.

Prov. *Pérro ladradór póco mordedór*, a dog that barks much ſeldom bites.

LADRA'R, v. a. to bark; to threaten.

Ladrár el eſtómago, is to be hungry, to crave meat.

LADRI'DO, ſ. m. the barking of a dog.

LADRILLA'L, ſ. m. a brick-kiln, a place where bricks are made.

LADRILLA'R, v. a. to lay a floor with bricks or tiles, to tile the ſide of a wall.

LADRILLA'ZO, ſ. m. a ſtroke with a brick or tile.

LADRILLE'JO, ſ. m. a little brick, or tile of ſuch as are uſed for floors or walls; trick of youth, which is to hang a piece of brick or tile to a door with a line to it, which reaches to a place where one is hid, who pulling, knocks at the door in the night; and when the people look out, they can ſee no body; by which means they diſturb them without being diſcovered.

LADRILLE'RO, ſ. m. a brick-maker.

LADRI'LLO, ſ. m. a brick or tile, ſuch as is laid in chimneys. In cant, a thief.

LADRILLO'SO, adj. covered with bricks.

LADRO'N, ſ. m. a thief, a houſebreaker.

Ladrón, a canal of water for mills; a thief in a candle.

Prov. *Piénſa el ladròn quo tódos ſon de ſu condición*, the thief thinks that all men are like him; knaves are moſt apt to ſuſpect others.

LADRONCILLO, ſ. m. a little thief.

LADRONE'RA, ſ. f. a place where thieves are concealed or entertained; alſo a trench to turn away the water from a mill.

LADRONERI'A, *LADRONI'A*, ſ. f. thievery.

LADRONI'CIO, ſ. m. a theft.

L A G

LAGA'ñA, ſ. f. a bleer in the eye.

LAGAñO'SO, adj. bleer-eyed.

LAGA'R, ſ. m. the wine-preſs, the place grapes are preſſed in.

LAGARE'JO, ſ. m. as, *hacérſe lagaréjo la úva*, it is for the grape to be bruiſed in carrying, or the like; and becauſe that makes wet and dirt, therefore the ſame word is uſed to ſignify any ſtopping of water, or any dirty wet place.

LAGARE'TA, ſ. f. a veſſel the wine runs into out of te preſs.

LAGARTA'DO, adj. like a lizard.

LAGARTE'RA, ſ. f. the hole where the lizards hide themſelves; alſo among ſoldiers, a very old and weak caſtle or tower.

LAGARTE'RO, adj. applied to the birds that catch the lizards.

LAGARTEZNA, *LAGARTI'JA*, ſ. f. a lizard.

LAGARTIJE'RO, adj. vide *LAGARTE'RO*.

LAGA'RTO, ſ. m. an alligator; ſometimes taken for a lizard. In cant, a robber who often changes his diſguiſe.

It is alſo uſed for the croſs which is the badge of the order of the knight-hood of Santiago.

LA'GO, ſ. m. a lake.

LAGOTEA'R, v. n. to fawn, to flatter, to coax, to wheedle in order to deceive.

LAGOTERI'A, ſ. f. flattery, fawning.

LAGOTE'RO, ſ. m. a flatterer, one who fawns or wheedles; a ſycophant.

LA'GRYMA, ſ. f. a tear. Thence the bleeding or dropping of a vine when cut.

Lágrymas de moyſen, a cant word for good round ſtones.

Lágrymas de david, a plant whoſe ſeed is as hard as a ſtone.

LAGRYMA'L, ſ. m. the corner of the eye.

LAGRYMA'R, v. n. to weep, to ſhed tears; it is alſo for the vine to bleed after cutting.

LAGRYMI'LLA, ſ. f. a little tear.

LAGRYMO'SO, adj. full of tears; alſo lamentable.

LAGU'NA, ſ. f. a lake; a moraſs. In a book it ſignifies a chaſm, or the interruption of the ſenſe by leaving out ſome words: a blank.

LAGUNAJOS, ſ. m. pl. deep ſloughs or pits in a piece of ground full of water.

LAGUNA'R, ſ. m. a timber-roof.

LAGUNO'SO, adj. full of dithes or holes, uneven, rugged, pitted.

L A I

LAICA'L, adj. belonging to the laity.

LA'ICO, ſ. m. a layman.

L A M

LAMA, ſ. f. dirt, mire, ouze, or mud in rivers, or ſuch places; alſo brocade or cloth of gold.

LAMBICA'R, v. a. to diſtil from a limbeck or ſtill; to ſtrain.

Lambicár el celébro, to ſtrain one's brain.

LAMBRI'JA, ſ. f. a worm; generally meaning that ſort that infeſt children.

LAMEDA'L, ſ. m. a puddle, a ſlough, a dirty place.

LAMEDO'R, ſ. m. ſyrup; alſo one that licks.

LAMEDU'RA, ſ. f. a licking.

LAMENTA'BLE, adj. lamentable, deplorable.

LAMENTACIO'N, ſ. f. lamentation.

LAMENTADO'R, ſ. m. one that bewails or laments.

LAMENTA'R, v. n. to lament, to bewail.

Lamentárſe, v. r. to complain.

LAME'NTO, ſ. m. lamenting, mourning, bewailing.

LAMENTO'SO, adj. lamentable, mournful.

LAME'R, v. a to lick.
LA'MIA, f. f. a common whore.
Lámia, f. f. a fish called a break-net, being the biggeft fort of dog-fish; ufed alfo by poets for a witch or hag.
LAMI'N, f. m. obf. a dainty liquorish fellow.
LA'MINA, f. f. a plate of any metal. It is alfo taken for any picture painted on copper.
LAMINE'RO, f. m. the perfon who makes plates of any fort of metal.
LAMINI'CA, f. f. a little plate.
LAMINO'SO, adj. obf. dainty, liquorish.
LAMPACEA'R, v. a. to caulk ships, tha is, to drive oakum into the feams to ftop the water.
LAM'PARA, f. f. a lamp; a fpot of oil.
LAMPARA'DA, f. f. the quantity of oil that fills a lamp.
LAMPARE'RO, f. m. one that looks after the lamps.
LAMPARI'LLA, f. f. a little lamp; alfo a very coarfe woollen ftuff they make fummer-cloaks of.
LAMPARI'N, f. m. the cafe in which the glafs-lamp is fixed.
LAMPARO'NES, f. m. pl. the diftemper called the king's evil; alfo the farcy in a horfe.
LAMPA'ZO, f. m. any fort of dock; alfo the fpots that come out in any part of the body.
Paños de lampázo, hangings that are wrought with herbage.
LAMPI'ñO, adj. beardlefs, fmooth.
LAMPIO'N, f. m. a great lamp to hang in a great hall, porch, or the like place.
LAMPRE'A, f. f. a lamprey.
LAMPREA'R, v. a. to drefs a certain dish.
LAMPREGUE'LA, f. f. a little lamprey.
LAMPSA'NA, f. f. corn-fallad.
LAMPU'GA, f. f. a fort of fish.

LAN

LA'NA, f. f. wool.
Lána búrda, coarfe wool.
Lána carmonáda, carded wool.
Lána peynáda, combed wool.
Llevar a úno con cuérda de lána, to draw a man with a twine-threard.
Vos lavaréis la lána, you shall wash the wool; that is, you shall do the hardeft labour.
A cófta de lánas, to fpend of another man's purfe.
Lána de fu mónte, wool in its natural colour.

Prov. *Póca lána y éffa en zárzas*, little wool, and that on the briers; that is, little good, and that fo divided, that nothing can be made of it; a fmall ftock, and that fquandered.

Prov. *Quién tráta en lána oro mána*, they that deal in wool, flow in gold. The wool-trade is rich and profitable.

Prov. *Ir por lána, y bolvér trafquiládo*, to go for wool, and return shorn: to go about to get great matters, and lofe what one has.

LANA'DA, f. f. the fpunge for fcowering the cannon after firing.
LANA'R, adj. belonging to wool.
LA'NCE, f. m. a caft of a net in fishing, or a draught of fish; a caft at dice, an accident.
Comprár de lánce, to buy a cheap penny-worth by accident.
Lánce forzófo, an accident that is unavoidable.

Prov. *El mejor lánces de los dádo es no jugarlos*, the beft caft at dice is not to play.

LANCE'OLA, f. f. an herb called plantane.
LANCE'RA, f. f. a rack to lay fpears on.
LANCE'RO, f. m. one that makes or fells fpears or lances, or a foldier that fights with a lance.
LANCE'TA, f. f. a furgeon's lancet.
LANCETA'DA, f. f. a prick, or gash with a lancet.
LANCETA'ZO, f. m. a prick with a lancet.
LA'NCHA, f. f. the pinnace of a ship; alfo a broad flat ftone.
LANCHA'DA, f. f. a boat's full lading.
LANCHA'ZO, f. m. a ftroke with a great flat ftone.
LANCI'LLA, f. f. a little lance.
LA'NDRE, f. f. a peftilential fort of fwelling, or glandules, rifing fometimes in the groin, fometimes under the arm-pits, and fometimes in the throat, where they foon choak the patient. In cant, it is money tied in the corner of a handkerchief, or fuch like place.

Prov. *De hómbre fláco y fin hámbre, guárdate dél como de lándre*, from a lean man without hunger, guard yourfelf as againft a plague. That is, a rich man with a meagre countenanee, in a great fign of a covetous difpofition.

LANDRECI'LLA, f. f. that part of the thigh called the pope's eye; any fmall boily fwelling, fcurfinefs, fcab, or leprofy.
LANERI'A, f. f. the shop where wool is fold.
LANE'RO, f. m. one that deals in wool.
Lanéro, f. m. the houfe where the wool is kept.
LANGARU'TO, f. m. a long flim fellow.
LANGU'STA, f. f. a great grashopper, a locuft; alfo a lobfter.
LANGOSTI'N, f. m. a craw-fish, a little fea-lobfter.
LANGOSTO'N, f. m. a great lobfter.
LANGUIDE'Z, f. f. faintnefs.
LA'NGUIDO, adj faint, languishing, veak, drooping.
LANIFI'CIO, f. m. working of wool, fpinning or carding.
LANI'LLA, f. f. a fort of ftuff.
LANTE'JA, f. f. a lentil.
LANTEJUE'LAS, f. f. gold or filver fpangles.
LANTE'RNA, f. f. a lanthorn.
Lantérnas, pl. in cant, the eyes.
LANTERNE'RO, f. m. one that makes or fells lanthorns.
LANUDO, adj. woolly.
LANZA, f. f. a lance, a long fpear.
Lanza de coche ò caro, the pole of a coach or cart.
Lanza, a foldier anciently armed with a fpear; alfo a meteor, fo

called, becaufe it has the figure of a lance.
Lanza gineta, a light horfeman's fpear.
Lanza en riftre, the lance in the reft.
Echar la lanza, to wound with a fpear; alfo to oppofe one; alfo to challenge one.
Medir lanzas, to be equal to another.
Meter la lanza hafta el regaton, to prefs a man very hard.
Quebrar lanzas, to begin to fpeak about any bufinefs, to negotiate.
LANZA'DA, f. f. a wound of a fpear or lance.
Lanzá da de moro zurdo, a great wound of a fpear.
LANZADE'RA, f. f. a weaver's shuttle.
LANZAMIE'NTO, f. m. a launching or darting.
Lanzamiéntos de un navio, that part of the ship that hangs over, either at head or ftern, beyond the length of the keel.
LANZA'R, v. a. to launch, to dart, to caft as a lance; alfo to turn out, and to vomit.
LANZO'N, f. m. a short thick lance, ufed by thofe that guard the wineyards or fields.
LANZUE'LA, f. f. a little lance.

L A Ñ

LA'ÑA, f. f. cramping iron to bind ftones together in building.
LAÑA'R, v. a. to bind ftones with cramping irons, to open fish to falt them.

L A P

LA'PA, f. f. a shell-fish; alfo a hollow under a bank's fide; alfo the purping-wine.
Lápa, f. f. the fcum of any thing.
LAPACHA'R, f. m. a place where much shell-fish is found; alfo a muddy place.
LAPICE'RO, f. m. a pencil ufed to draw with or paint with.
LA'PIDA, f. f. a flat fquare ftone on which infcriptions are written.
LAPIDA'RIA, f. f. the art of a lapidary.
LAPIDA'RIO, f. m. a lapidary, a cutter and polisher of precious ftones.
LAPI'DEO, adj. belonging to a ftone.
LAPIDO'SO, adj. ftony, full of ftones.
LAPIS LA'ZULI, f. f. a ftone fo called.
LAPI'Z, f. f. a black ftone ufed for drawing.
LAPIZA'R, f. m. a ftony place.
Lapizár, v. a. to draw or delineate with a black ftone.
LA'PSO, f. m. a fall.

L A Q

LAQUE', f. m. a running-footman.

L A R

LARDA'R, v. a. to bafte meat in roafting.
LARDE'RO, adj. as, *Martes lardéro*, Shrove-Tuefday, becaufe the kitchens are then fat, taking leave of flesh before Lent.
LA'RDO, f. m. lard, the fat of bacon.
LARDO'N, f. m. an explanation or annotation in the margin.
LARDOSI'LLO, adj. fat, greafy.
LA'RES, f. m. pl. the houshold gods of the heathens.
LARGA, f. f. delay.
Ir à la larga, to go flowly on.
LARGAME'NTE, adv. flowly, in length.
LARGA'R, v. a. to let go, to loofe, to let flip. In the fea-phrafe, to eafe a rope, or to veer out.
LARGARI'A, f. f. length, longitude.
LA'RGO, adj. long, large; alfo liberal.
Hacérfe a lo lárgo, to keep aloof off, to put out to fea.
Hombre lárgo como pelo de huevo, a covetous man, a mifer.
Largo de lengua, foolish, imprudent.
Lárgo de manos, a bully, a bravo.
Lárgo de uñas, a thief, a robber.
Gaftar lárgo y tendido, to fpend a great deal of money.
Lárgo en razonár, tedious in talk.
Effe es cuénto lárgo, that is a long tale.
Dárfe tánto en áncho cómo en lárgo, to give one another as good as they bring.
LARGOMI'RA, f. m. a telefcope, any fort of fpying-glafs.
LARGO'N, adj. very long.
LARGO'R, f. m. length.
LARGUEA'DO, adj. that has paffed by at nine-pins without carrying; alfo ftriped as filk, or ftuff.
LARGUEA'R, v. n. to pafs by at ninepins without carrying.
LARGUE'ROS, f. m. pl. the two poles or boards that form the fides of a loam or any other like thing.
LARGUE'ZA, f. f. liberality.
LARGUI'LLO, adj. longish.
LARGU'RA, f. f. length.
LARI'NGE, f. f. the throat, the top of the wind-pipe, by which we fetch breath and form the voice.
LA'RO, f. m. a fea-mew, cob, or gull.

L A S

LASA'ÑA, f. f. a kind of pancake or fritter.
LASCIVAME'NTE, adv. lafcivioufly, incontinently.
LASCI'VIA, f. f. lafcivioufnefs, wantonefs, lewdnefs, luft.
LASCI'VO, adj. lafcivious, wanton, lewd, luftfull.
LASSAMIE'NTO, f. m. wearinefs, fatigue.
LASSITU'D, f. f. fatigue, wearinefs.
LA'SSO, adj. weary.
LASTA'R, v. a. to fuffer, or endure for another, or for what is paft.
LA'STIMA, f. f. compaffion, pity; alfo grief, misfortune.
Llorar láftimas, to complain of misfortunes.
LASTIMADO'R, f. m. one that

moves to compassion, or that offends, or hurts.
LASTIMA'R, v. a. to hurt, to grieve, to wound, to affront.
Lastimárse, v. r. to hurt one's self, to take pity on.
Me he lastimádo el brázo, I have hurt myself in the arm.
LASTIME'RO, adj. vide *LASTIMO'SO.*
LASTIMOSAME'NTE, adv. compassionately, pitifully.
LASTIMO'SO, adj. dismal, to be pitied, moving to compassion.
LASTO, s. m. the charge one is at in recovering the money paid for another.
LASTRA'R, v. a. to ballast a ship.
LA'STRE, s. m. ballast for a ship.
LASTRO'NES, s. m. pl. that flat stones that come off the top of the quarry which are not of much use for building.

L A T

LA'TA, s. f. the stick or latch, which is laid across the other two forked ones stuck upright in the ground in vineyards to support the vines.
Láta, s. f. tin, such as candlesticks and other things are made of.
Oro de láta, gold beaten into thin plates.
LATAME'NTE, adv. broadly, widely, extensively.
LATERA'L, adj. belonging to the side.
LATI'DO, s. m. the beating of the heart, the pangs of any violent pain.
LATIGA'ZO, s. m. a lash with a whip.
LA'TIGO, s. m. a lash of a whip.
LATIGUEA'R, v. n. to smack a whip.
LATI'N, s. m. latinity.
Prov. *Con Latin, rocín, y florin, andarás el múndo*, Latin, a horse, and money, will carry you through the world.
LATINA'JO, s. m. dog Latin, or lawyer's Latin.
LATINAME'NTE, adv. in Latin.
LATINEA'R, v. a. to make Latin.
LATINIDA'D, s. f. the Latin tongue, the idiom of Latin.
LATINI'SMO, s. m. Latinism.
LATINIZA'R, v. a. to translate from Latin to any other language.
LATI'NO, adj. Latin.
Vela latina, a triangular sail.
LATINO'SO, adj. belonging to the Latin tongue.
LATI'R, v. n. to beat as the heart does, to ach violently, to throb as in great pain.
LATITA'R, v. n. to lie hid.
LATITU'D, s. f. breadth, latitude.
LA'TO, adj. large, wide, broad, extensive, ample.
LATO'N, s. m. fine brass, latten.
LATONE'RO, s. m. that works brass, a brazier.
LATRI'A, s. f. the adoration, worship, honour, and servitude due to God alone.
LATRI'NA, s. f. a necessary house.
LATROCI'NIO, s. m. a theft.

L A U

LAU'D, s. m. a lute; ironically, a hunch-backed man.
LAUDA'BLE, adj. laudable, worthy of praise.
LAU'DANO, s. m. the gum laudanum.
LAUDA'R, v. a. to praise, to commend.
LAUDATO'RIA, s. f. encomium, or commendation of any brave and noble exploit.
LAUDATO'RIO, adj. praiseworthy, commendable, laudable.
LA'UDE, s. f. a tombstone with an inscription on it.
Láudes, pl. praises, or the lauds; that part of the divine service which priests say in the morning next to the mattins.
LAUDE'MIO, s. m. in law; a tax or money paid so called.
LAUNA, s. f. a lamina of metal.
LA'UREA, s. f. a garland of laurel.
LAUREA'DO, s. m. who takes ad egree in the university.
Laureàdo, s. m. a poet laureat.
LAUREA'R, v. a. to crown with laurel.
Laureár, v. a. to give a degree in the university, or receive one.
LAUREDA'L, s. m. a grove of laurel or bay-trees.
LAURE'L, s. m. laurel, bay-tree.
LAURE'OLA, s. f. the herb laury.
LAURI'NO, adj. belonging to laurel.
LA'URO, s. m. a laurel-tree a reward or prize.

L A V

LAVA'CIAS, s. f. pl. suds, or water for washing of linen, or the like.
LAVA'CRO, s. m. a bath, a washing place, a font or baptistery.
LAVADE'RO, s. m. a washing-place.
LAVADO'R, s. m. a washer.
LAVADU'RA, s. f. washing.
LAVA'JA'L, s. m. a puddle, a slough a place full or mire.
LAVA'JO, s. m. idem.
LAVAMA'NOS, s. m. a little cistern of water to wash the hands.
LAVA'NCO, s. m. a kind of wild duck.
LAVANDE'RA, s. f. laundress.
Prov. *La buéna lavandéra su camísa la priméra*, the good laundress washes her own smock first.
LAVANDERI'A, s. f. the laundry.
LAVANDE'RO, s. m. a man-washer, or the laundress's husband.
LAVA'NDULA, s. f. lavender.
LAVA'R, v. a. to wash.
Lavár sus mános de úna cósa, to wash one's hands; that is, not to be consenting to a thing.
No se lavará con quánta água llíva el rio, all the water in the river will not wash him clean; said

when a man has committed a foul fact.

LAVATI'VA, f. f. a kind of clyster.

LAVATO'RIO, f. m. a laver to wash at a bath a cistern; also the action of washing.

LAVA'ZAS, f. f. pl. suds, or water of washing of linen.

L A X

LA'XA, f. f. a broad stone for pavements; also a leash for dogs. At sea, a shoal.

LAXA'R, v. a. to loosen, slacken, untie.

LAXA'TIVO, adj. that can loosen, slacken, or untie; also laxative.

L A Y

LA'YA, f. f. the genius, quality, or species of any thing.

L A Z

LAZA'DA, f. f. a slip-knot; also a snare; sometimes taken for a riddle.

LAZARE'TO, f. m. the house or hospital where persons perform quarantaine.

LAZARI'LLO, f. m. the person who leads the blind man.

LA'ZARO, f. m. a poor beggar.

LAZDRA'DO, adj. obs. torn, tattered.

LAZO, f. m. a knot, a snare; flourish in writing.

Armár lázo, to lay a snare.

Caér en el lázo, to be catched, to fall into the snare.

Tenér el lázo a la gargánta, to have the rope about the neck; to be in imminent danger.

L E

LE, an oblique case of the pronoun which corresponds to the third person in the masculine gender in the singular, and in the plural *los* and *les*.

L E A

LEA'L, adj. loyal, faithful.

Prov. *No vive mas el leál de quánto quiére el traidór*, a fair honest man lives no longer than a treacherous villain pleases; because a treacherous person may at any time take an honest man who suspects nothing at a disadvantage.

LEALME'NTE, adv. loyally, faithfully, honestly.

LEALTA'D, f. f. loyalty, fidelity, trustiness.

L E B

LEBE'CHE, f. m. the south-west wind.

LEBRA'DA, f. f. a particular way of dressing a hare.

LEBRASTO'N, f. m. an old hare; a cunning subtle man.

LEBRATI'LLO, f. m. a leveret, a young hare.

LEBRE'L, f. m. a greyhound.

LEBRI'LLO, f. m. an earthen pan.

LEBRILLE'JO, f. m. a little earthen pan.

LEBRO'N, f. m. a great coward, a great hare.

LEBRONA'ZO, f. m. idem.

LEBRU'NO, adj. belonging to a hare.

L E C

LECCI'ON, f. f. reading, lecture, lesson, instruction.

LECHA'DA, f. f. the wetting or moistening of lime.

Lecháda de trápos, the matter of which paper is made; that is, the rags beaten in a mill till they are like a milky paste.

LECHA'L, adj. sucking; made of, or belonging to milk.

LE'CHE, f. f. milk.

Léche de gallína, a white field onion.

Léche de mantéca, buttermilk.

Léche de péz, the milt or soft row of a fish.

LECHECI'LLAS, f. f. pl. the sweet-bread of any beast.

LECHE'RA, f. f. a milk-woman, or milk-maid.

LECHE'RO, f. m. a milk-man.

Lechéro, adj. milky, belonging to milk.

LECHETRE'ZNA, f. f. the herb spurge.

LECHI'GA, f. f. a bier to carry dead bodies on.

LECHIGA'DA, f. f. a litter of pigs; also a herd of ruffians.

LECHI'NO, f. m. a match of lint used by surgeons.

LE'CHO, f. m. a bed.

Un lecho de úna cósa, y un lécho de ótra, a layer of one thing, and a layer of another.

Estár la már en lécho, the sea to be very calm and smooth.

LECHO'N, f. m. properly a sucking pig; any hog.

Lechón de viúda, a widow's hog; that is a pampered fellow.

LECHONCI'LLO, f. m. a sucking pig.

LECHU'GA, f. f. a lettice.

Lechúga créspa, curled, or ragged-leafed, or endive-leafed lettuce.

Lechúga merciana, the cabbage-lettuce.

Lechúga parrída, broad-leafed lettuce.

Lechúga Romána, the Roman lettuce.

LECHUGUE'RO, f. m. who sells lettuces.

LECHUGUI'LLA, f. f. a little lettuce; also the scolloping of a ruff.

Mángas de lechuguilla, fine ruffled linen sleeves, worn by women.

Cuéllo de lechuguilla, a ruff-band.

LECHUGUI'NO, f. m. a young lettuce.

LECHU'ZA, f. f. an owl.

LECHU'ZO, adj. that sucks; said of the mule before it is taken from the dam.

LECTO'R, f. m. a reader; also one of the lesser orders in the church.

Lectór en teología, a professor of divinity.

LECTORA'L, adj. applied to the canon whose office is to explain the holy scriptures.

LECTORI'A, f. f. the office or dignity of a reader in the church.
LECTU'RA, f. f. a lecture.

L E D

LEDAME'NTE, adv. obf. merrily, joyfully.
LE'DO, adj. obf. pleafant, merry.
LE'DRO, adj. in cant, mean, of fmall value, low.
Brácio ledro, in cant, the left hand.

L E E

LEEDO'R, f. m. a reader.
LEE'R, v. a. to read; alfo to teach a fcience.
Leér philofophía, to teach philofophy.
Leér a úno la cartílla, to read a man his primer; that is, to tell him what he muft truft to.

L E G

LEGACI'A, f. f. an embaffy.
LEGA'DO, f. m. an ambaffador; now ufed only for the pope's legate.
LEGA'JO, f. m. a bundle of papers.
LEGA'L, adj. legal, belonging to the law.
LEGALIDA'D, f. f. lawfulnefs.
LEGALIZACIO'N, f. f. a certificate.
LEGALIZA'R, v. a. to declare in form that the inftrument is true, to certify.
LEGALME'NTE, adv. lawfully, legally.
LEGAME'NTE, adv. laymanlike.
LEGA'MO, f. m. thick flime or mud.
LEGAÑA, f. f. vide *LAGAÑA*.
LEGAÑOSO, adj. vide *LAGAÑOSO*.
LEGA'R, v. a. to will, to bequeath by will, to fend.
LEGATA'RIO, f. m. one that has legacies left him.
LEGA'TO, f. m. a legacy.
LEGE'NDA, f. f. a legend.
LEGENDA'RIO, f. m. the book of legends.
LEGI'BLE, adj. legible, that may be read.
LEGIO'N, f. f. a legion; any great number.
LEGIONA'RIO, f. m. a foldier belonging to a legion.
LEGISLADO'R, f. m. legiflator, law-giver.
LEGISLA'R, v. n. to make or eftablish laws.
LEGISPERI'TO, f. m. a perfon skilful in the law.
LEGISTA, f. m. a lawyer.
LEGI'TIMA, f. f. the fon's share of the inheritance of his father's goods.
LEGITIMACIO'N, f. f. legitimation.
LEGITIMAME'NTE, adv. legally, lawfully.
LEGITI'MA'R, v. a. to legitimate, to make legal or lawful.
LEGITIMIDA'D, f. f. a legitimacy.
LEGI'TIMO, adj. lawful, legitimate.
LE'GO, f. m. a lay-brother.
LEGO'N, f. m. a fpade.
LEGONCI'LLO, f. m. a hoe to hoe gardens.
LE'GRA, f. f. a furgeon's inftrument with which he lays open the fcull to fearch whether it be found.
LEGRA'R, v. a. in furgery; to lay open the fcull, to fearch whether it be found.
LE'GUA, f. f. a league, commonly three miles.
Tréga léguas, fwallow-leagues; fo they call a horfe that rides much.

Prov. *Por do quiéra hay fu légua de mal camino*, whatfoever way you go, there is a league of bad way; a bufinefs is crofs and difficult every way.

LEGU'MBRE, f. f. pulfe of all forts; as peafe, beans, vetches, &c.

L E I

LEI'BLE, adj. that can be read.

L E J

LEJA'NO, adj. far off.
LE'JOS, adv. far.

L E L

LELILE'S, f. m. pl. the cries of the Moors when they join battle.
LELO, adj. foolish, ftupid.

L E M

LE'MMA, f. f. an argument or fubject.

L E N

LENCERI'A, f. f. the linen-drapers ftreet; alfo linen-cloth made of flax.
LENCE'RO, f. m. a linen-draper.
LENDRE'RA, f. f. a fmal toothed comb to take the nits out of the hair.
LENDRE'RO, f. m. a place full of nits.
LENDRO'SO, adj. full of nits.
LE'NGUA, f. f. tongue; language; alfo an interpreter; the little wire or tongue of the balance, which shows what way it inclines; alfo the clapper of a bell.
Lengúa del água, the edge of the water.
Léngua de buéy, the herb buglofs.
Léngua de ciervo, hart-tongue, an herb.
Léngua de cordero, the herb lambs-tongue.
Léngua de cabállo, the herb-horfes-tongue, or laurel of Alexandria.
Léngua de perro, the herb hounds-tongue.
Léngua ferpentína, the herb adders-tongue.
Poner léngua en alguno, to talk ill of one.
Irfe de léngua, to be lavish of one's tongue.
Hacérfe lénguas en un negócio, to talk eagerly or zealoufly in an affair.
Venir con la léngua de un pálmo, to

come with the tongue hanging out a ſpan; that is, in haſte, panting, and the tongue hanging, as a dog when he runs.

Prov. *Quien léngua ha, a Róma va*, he that has language, may go to Rome.

Prov. *La léngua del mal amígo mas córta que el cuchíllo*, a falſe friend's tongue; is sharper than a knife.

LENGUA'DO, ſ. m. the fiſh called a ſoal.

LENGUA'GE, ſ. m. language.

LENGUARA'Z, adj. one who ſpeaks many languages; alſo an ill tongue, a malicious, venomous tongue.

LENGUA'Z, adj. full of tongue, talkative.

LENGüEA'R, v. a. to ſpy out, to be inquiſitive.

LENGüECILLA, ſ. f. a little tongue.

LENGüE'TA, ſ. f. a little tongue, the uvula in the throat; the iron point of an arrow; the beard of a fishing-hook; the little iron at the end of goads; the little braſs plates that fall upon ſome of the holes of an hautboy, and ſome other ſorts of wind-muſic.

LENGUETA'DA, ſ. f. the action of licking with the tongue.

LENGUE'ZUE'LA, ſ. f. a little tongue.

LENIDA'D, ſ. f. lenity, mildneſs of temper.

LENIE'NTE, adj. that ſoftens, aſſwages or appeaſes.

LENITI'VO, adj. that can ſoften, appeaſe, or mitigate.

LENIZA'R, v. a. to ſoften, to aſſwage, mitigate, or appeaſe.

LENOCI'NIO, ſ. m. pimping, pandering, practice of bawdry.

LENTAME'NTE, adv. ſlowly.

LENTE, ſ. f. a lens, a galſs ſpherically convex on both ſides.

LENTE'JA, ſ. f the pulſe called lentils.

Lent'ja de água, the herb duckmeat.

LENTICULA'R, adj. that has the likeneſs of the lentils; doubly convex.

LENTI'SCO, ſ. m. the lentisk or maſtick-tree.

LENTITU'D, ſ. f. ſlowneſs.

LE'NTO, adj. ſlow, negligent.

LENTO'R, ſ. m. ſlowneſs.

LENZUE'LO, ſ. m. a little cloth, a handkerchief.

L E Ñ

LE'ÑA, ſ. f. wood.

Cargár de léña, to cudgel one.

Léña enligáda, twigs daubed with birdlime.

Prov. *Llevár léña al mónte*, to carry wood to the mountain; that is, to carry coals to Newcaſtle.

LEÑADO'R, ſ. m. a carrier or cleaver of wood.

LEÑE'RO, ſ. m. a dealer in wood, and the place where wood is felled.

LEÑO, ſ. m. a block, any large timber, a trunk of a tree; a blockbead; a ship, a boat.

LEÑO'SO, adj. woody, having properties of wood.

L E O

LEO'N, ſ. m. a lion.

Prov. *No es tan brávo el léon cómo le pintan*, the lion is not ſo fierce as he is painted.

LEO'NA, ſ. f. a lioneſs.

Leónas, pl. in cant, hoſe, ſtockings.

LEONA'DO, adj. the colour we call murrey.

LEONCI'LLO, ſ. m. a little lion, a lion's whelp.

LEONE'RA, ſ. f. a cage or place to keep lions in.

LEONE'RO, ſ. m. a keeper of lions; one that keeps a gaming-houſe.

LEONI'NO, adj. that belongs to a lion.

LEOPA'RDO, ſ. m. a leopard.

L E P

LEPO'R, ſ. m. a grace, mirth, wit, drollery, pretty conceit, complaiſance.

LEPRA, ſ. f. the leproſy.

LEPRO'SO, adj. a lazar, one that has the leproſy.

L E R

LE'RDO, adj. ſlow, lazy, dull; in cant, cowardly.

L E S

LESIO'N, ſ. f. damage, hurt.

LE'SNA, ſ. f. an awl.

LE'SO, adj. hurt, wounded.

LE'STE, ſ. m. eaſt, eaſt-wind.

L E T

LETANI'A, ſ. f. litany.

LETHA'L, adj. deadly, mortal.

LETHA'RGO, ſ. m. a lethargy.

LETI'CIA, ſ. f. joy, mirth, gladneſs.

LETIFICA'R, v. a. to make joyful or glad.

LETO'R, ſ. m. vide *LECTOR*.

LE'TRA, ſ. f. a letter; alſo the hand in writing; alſo a ſtanza.

Létra, a type with which books are printed; alſo the motto of a device.

Létra por létra, punctually, exactly, without leaving a letter.

Létra de cámbio, a bill of exchange.

La létra con ſangre éntra, the letter is imprinted with blood; that is, with labour and pains; he that will learn muſt labour.

Hómbre de létras, a learned man.

Prov. *Létras no embótan lánza*, learning does not make a man the worſe ſoldier.

LETRADO, ſ. m. a learned man, or a lawyer.

LETRE'RO, ſ. m. an inſcription.

LETRI'LLA, ſ. f. diminutive of *letra*. A poetical compoſition ſo called.

LETRI'NA, ſ. f. a privy.

LETRO'NES, ſ. m. pl. great letters; alſo the papers in great letters ſet up at the gates of churches, to declare any perſon excommunicated.

LETUA'RIO, ſ. m. an electary.

LETU'RA, ſ. f. reading.

L E V

LE'VA, ſ. f. raiſing of ſoldiers;

also, weighing anchor; sometimes quarrel, dispute.

Tocár a léva, to sound or beat the general to march.

LEVA'DA, s. f. a bout, or turn at fencing; also the flourish made with the foil before fencing.

LEVADI'ZO, to be lifted.

Puénte levadiza, a draw-bridge.

LEVA'DOR, s. m. a crafty thief.

LEVADU'RA, s. f. leven for bread.

LEVANTADO'R, s. m. who raises or elevates.

LEVANTADU'RA, s. f. raising, lifting.

LEVANTAMIE'NTO, s. m. insurrection, rebellion.

LEVANTA'R, v. a. to raise, to lift; also to build, to construct.

Levantár, to make insurrections; also to impute, to accuse.

Levantár, to defend, to protect; also to give elevation of rank or fortune.

Levantár una cósa en álto, to raise a thing high.

Levantár un péso, to lift a weight.

Levantár un edifício, to raise a structure.

Levantár la caza, to rouse, start, or spring game.

Levantár fálso testimónio, to accuse falsly.

Levantár gente de guérra, to raise soldiers.

Levantár al cerco, to raise the siege.

Levantár la tábla, to take away after dinner.

Levantárse, v. r. to rise up; also to recover; also to grow more or greater in any respect.

Levantár á úno hacia arriba, to put a man in a great passion.

Levantár de cascos, to inspire pride or vanity.

Levantár el campo, to raise the camp.

Levantár el espíritu, to encourage, to raise up the spirit.

Levantár la vóz, el grito, ò el bramo, to make a great noise, to be in a passion, or furious.

Levantár los talónes, to fly, to escape, running away.

Levantárse a las estrellas, to grow very haughty.

Levantárse con algo, to take possession of any thing.

Levantárse de la cáma, to raise out of bed.

Levantárse a mayóres, to take upon one, to grow haughty.

Levantárse el puéblo, to mutiny, to rebel.

Levantárse del juégo, to give over play.

LEVA'NTE, s. m. the Levant, the East.

Estár de levánte, to be unsettled.

Levantísco, adj. of or belonging to the Levant.

LEVA'R, v. a. to raise, to lift.

Levár ferro, to weigh anchor.

Levárse, v. r. in cant, to remove, to be gone.

LE'VE, adj. light; of no moment.

LEVEDA'D, s. f. lightness.

LEVEME'NTE, adv. lightly.

LEVI'TA, s. m. a levite or priest according to the Mosaical or Levitical law.

LEVI'TICO, s. m. the book of Leviticus.

LEX

LEXA'NO, adj. distant, that is far off.

LEXEDUMBRE, s. m. obs. excrement, dung, filth, nastiness.

LEXI'A, s. f. lye to wash in.

Prov. *Perdída es la lexia en la cabeza del ásno*, it is losing the lye to wash an ass's head with it. There is no washing the blackmoor white. Instructions are lost upon a dunce.

LEXICON, s. m. a lexicon, a dictionary.

LE'XOS, adv. far off.

Léxos, adj. pl. in painting, are the figures that appear small, representing a distance.

Tenér buénos léxos, to look better at a distance than near at hand.

LEXU'RA, s. f. distance.

LEY

LEY, s. f. a law; also fidelity, honesty.

Léy del encáge, a discretional law.

Oro ò pláta de léy, gold or silver that is standard.

Mercadería de léy, a good legal commodity, in which there is no cheat.

Tenér léy con su señór, to be faithful to his master.

A léy de buéno júro, by the faith of an honest man; a kind of oath.

Prov. *A lá van léyes donde quiéren réyes*, the laws go which way kings please; that is, monarchs make the laws speak what they please.

Prov. *Por tu léy, y por tu réy, y y por tu gréy*, you shall venture your life for your religion, for your king, and for your country.

LEYE'NDA, s. f. the action of reading; also what is read.

LIA

LI'A, s. f. a withe of osier-twigs to bind with.

LI'AS, s. f. pl. the dregs of wine, the lees.

LIA'ZA, s. f. a bundle of osiers.

LIADU'RA, s. f. a binding.

LI'AR, v. a. to bind any thing with cords.

LIB

LIBACIO'N, s. f. a sacrifice offered, or the tasting of what is offered.

LIBA'R, v. a. to offer in sacrifice; also to taste, to assay.

LIBELA'R, v. a. to draw petitions, declarations; also to libel or scandalize.

LIBELA'TICO, adj. that denies his religion for fear of tortures.

LIBE'LO, s. m. petition, memorial, declaration.

Libélo, s. m. a scandalous invective.

LIBERA'L, adj. liberal, bountiful, free, generous; also quick, active, diligent.

Artes liberáles, the liberal arts, or sciences.

LIBERALIDA'D, s. f. liberality, bounty, generosity.

LIBERALME'NTE, adv. liberally, bountifully, generoufly.
LIBE'RRIMO, adj. fuperl. very free.
LIBERTA'D, f. f. liberty, freedom.
LIBERTA'DO, adj. impudent.
LIBERTADO'R, f. m. who makes or fets free.
LIBERTA'R, v. a. to fet free, to enfranchife.
LIBERTI'NO, f. m. the fon of one that has been a flave and made free.
LIBE'RIO, f. m. one that has been a flave, and made free.
LI'BI'DINE, f. f. luft, defire.
LIBIDINO'SO, adj. luftful, luxurious, unchafte.
LI'BRA, f. f. a pound weight; alfo the conftellation called *Libra*.
Libra carnicéra, the butchers pound, which is double the common pound.
LIBRACIO'N, f. m. the motion of a body in its center, to put itfelf in equilibrium.
LIBRA'DO, adj. delivered, freed; alfo affigned or ordered, fpeaking of monney.
El mejór libràdo, he that has efcaped or fared beft.
LIBRADO'R, f. m. a deliverer, a difcharger; alfo he that gives bills or warrants to receive money.
LIBRAMIE'NTO, f. m. freeing, difcharging.
LIBRANCI'STA, f. m. the perfon who has bills, notes, or order to receive money.
LIBRA'NZA, f. f. a bill, note, warrant, or order to receive money.
LIBRA'R, v. a. to deliver, to fet free, to give a bill, note, warrant, or order for monney. In nunneries, to give a nun leave to talk at the grate.
LIBRA'ZO, f. m. a great book.
LIBRE, adj. free, clear, bold.
LIBRE'A, f. f. a livery.
LIBRE'AR, v. a. to fell any thing by pounds.
LIBREME'NTE, adv. freely.
LIBRERI'A, f. f. a library.
LIBRE'RO, f. m. a bookfeller.

LIBRE'TA, f. f. a little pound weight; alfo a loaf one pound weight.
LIBRE'TE, f. m. a little book.
LIBRI'LLA, f. f. a little pound.
LIBRI'LLO, f. m. a little book; alfo a little earthen pan.
LI'BRO, f. m. a book.
Libro de cáxa, a shop-book, a merchant's book.
Libro de memória, a pocket-book, a notebook.
Libro agujerádo, a file on which loofe papers are kept.
Libro de máno, a manufcript book.
Hacér libro nuevo, to turn over a new leaf, take new meafures, to begin a new courfe of life.
No havér eftudiádo mas que en el libro de fu aldéa, not to know how to read in any book but his own.
Prov. *Libro cerrádo no fáca letrádo*, a book that is shut makes no fcholar.

L I C

LICE'NCIA, f. f. licence, leave.
LICENCIA'DO, f. m. a licentiate.
LICENCIA'R, v. a. to licence, to difcharge, to give leave.
LICENCIOSAME'NTE, adv. licentioufly, lewdly.
LICENCIO'SO, adj. licentious, lewd.
LICIO'N, f. f. a leffon, reading.
LI'CITAME'NTE, adv. lawfully.
LI'CITO, adj. lawful.
LICO'R, f. m. liquor.

L I D

LID, f. f. contention, ftrife, debate, combat.
LIDIADO'R, f. m. contender, debater, combatant.
LIDIA'R, v. a. to contend, to debate, to ftrive, to combat.

L I E

LIEBRASTO'N, f. m. a leveret, a young hare.
LIE'BRE, f. f. a hare; a coward.
Liébre de már, a fish called a fea-hare.
Tomár una liébre, to take a hare; to fall down in the dirt.
Prov. *Levantár la liébre para que ótro médre*, to ftart the hare that another may thrive; as we fay one man beats the bush, another runs away with the hare.
Prov. *Por múcho que córra la liébre, mas córre el gálgo pués la prénde*, though the hare runs never fo well, the greyhound runs better, fince he takes her. None ought to boaft of what they can do, where others outdo them.
LIE'NDRE, f. f. a nit.
LIE'NTO, adj. moift, damp, lank, pliant, flow.
LIE'NZO, f. m. linen cloth; alfo a picture.
Liénzo liftádo, ftriped linen.
Liénzo de nárizes, a handkerchief.
Liénzo de murálla, a fide of a wall, or a curtain of a wall.

L I G

LI'GA, f. f. garter; alfo bird-lime; alfo an alliance; alfo allaying of metals.
LIGUDU'RA, f. f. a binding.
LIGAGA'MBA, f. f. obf. a garter.
LIGA'LLO, f. m. a company of shepherds.
LIGAME'NTO, f. m. a band, or binding.
LIGA'R, v. a to bind; to bewitch; to allay metals.
Ligárfe, v. r. to be united, to be in league with others.
LIGAZO'N, f. m. binding, tying union.
Ligazónes de un navio, the ribs of a ship.
LIGERAME'NTE, adv. lightly, nimbly, actively.
LIGERE'ZA, f. f. lightnefs, nimblenefs, activity.
LIGE'RO, adj. light, nimble, active.
Cabállos ligéros, the light-horfe.
Creér de ligéro, to be credulous, to believe on light grounds.
LIGERUE'LO, adj. lightish.

Uvas ligeruélas, a ſort of early grapes that are firſt ripe.
LI'GULA, ſ. f. a little tongue; alſo a latchet of a shoe, a shoe-tie, a tenon, the tongue of a pipe, a ſpoon, ſcummer, or ladle.
LIGUSTRI'NO, adj. of, or belonging to a tree called privet or primeprint.
LIGU'STRO, ſ. m. a flover ſo called.

L I L

LI'LA, ſ. f. a thin woollen ſtuff of divers colours.
LILA'C, ſ. m. an African shrub ſo called.
LILA'ILA, ſ. f. a thin woollen-ſtuff.
LILA'O, ſ. m. a vain oſtentation in words and actions.

L I M

LI'MA, ſ. f. in cant, the shirt.
Lima, ſ. f. a citron, or citron-tree; alſo a file as ſmiths uſe; thence the correcting of any writing, as it were filing of it.
LIMA'DA, ſ. f. a ſort of dog-fish.
LIMADAME'NTE, adv. curiouſly, exquiſitely.
LIMA'DO, adj. filed, curious.
LIMADU'RA, ſ. f. filing-pin-duſt.
LIMA'R, v. a. to file; to correct, to refine.
LIMA'ZA, ſ. f. a ſnail.
LI'MBO, ſ. m. the place where the ſouls of the patriarchs were till the coming of Chriſt.
LIME'RA, ſ. f. citron, ſweet lemontree.
Liméra, ſ. f. a woman who ſells lemons.
LIME'RO, ſ. m. the man who ſells lemons; alſo the lemon-tree.
LIME'TA, ſ. f. a bellied glaſs vial.
LIMETI'LLA, ſ. f. a ſmall glaſs vial.
LIMI'STE, ſ. m. ſuperfine cloth.
LIMITACIO'N, ſ. f. limitation, confinement.
LIMITADAME'NTE, adv. circumſcribedly, ſcantily.
LIMITA'DO, adj. ſcanty.
Hómbre limitádo, a narrow-ſouled man.
LIMITA'NEO, adj, bounding, circumſcribing.
LIMITAR, v. a. to limit, to circumſcribe, to bound.
LI'MITE, ſ. m. limit, bound.
LI'MO, ſ. m. mud, dirt.
LIMON, ſ. m. a lemon.
Limón de cárro, the pole that goes between the oxen in the wain.
LIMONA'DA, ſ. f. limonade.
LIMONA'DO, adj. lemon colour.
LIMONA'R, ſ. m. a lemon orchard.
LIMONCI'LLO, ſ. m. a little lemon.
LIMO'SNA, ſ. f. alms.
Prov. *El dar limósna núnca mengua la bólſa*, giving alms never empties the purſe.
LIMOSNADO'R, ſ. m. one that gives alms.
LIMOSNE'RO, ſ. m. an almoner, one that gives much alms.
LIMO'SO, adj. dirty, miry.
LI'MPIA, ſ. f. the act of cleaning any thing.
LIMPIADE'RA, ſ. f. a brush.
LIMPIADIE'NTES, ſ. m. a toothpicker.
LIMPIADE'RO, adj. any thing to make clean with.
LIMPIADO'R, ſ. m. who cleans or purifies any thing.
LIMPIADU'RA, ſ. f. whatever is taken of in cleaning a thing.
LIMPIAME'NTE, adv. cleanlily, neatly.
LIMPIA'R, v. a. to clean, to cleanſe.
Limpiárſe, v. r. to clear one's ſelf of any accuſation.
LIMPIE'DUMBRE, } ſ. f. cleanlineſs,
LIMPIE'ZA, } neatneſs, purity.
Prov. *Limpiéza no en la bólſa*, cleanlineſs not in the purſe. A pure very clean is a ſign of no money in it.
LI'MPIO, adj. clean, neat, pure, bright.
Perſóna límpia, one that has no taint in his blood, as not deſcended from Moors or Jews.
No ſer água límpia, to have ſome blemish.
Límpio de pólvo y de paja, no way defiled, without any incumbrance.
LIMPIO'N, ſ. m. one that cleanſes privies, a goldfinder.

L I N

LINA'GE, ſ. m. a lineage, ſtock, or family.
Prov. *No digas ax! que deshonrarás tu linàx*, do not ſay oh! for you will diſgrace your famly; that is, do not cry out when in pain, becauſe it is ſcandalous in a man.
LINAGI'STA, ſ. m. who writes lineages or deſcents of families.
LINAJU'DO, ſ. m. one that boaſts much of his family.
LINA'LOE, ſ. m. lignum aloes.
LINA'R, ſ. m. a field of flax.
LINA'RIA, ſ. f. an h erb ſo called.
LINA'ZA, ſ. f. the ſeeds of flax.
LINDAME'NTE, adv. finely, curiouſly.
LINDA'R; v. n. to limit, to bound.
LINDA'ZO, ſ. m. a great beau.
LI'NDE, } ſ. m. limit, boundary.
LINDE'RO, }
LINDE'ZA, ſ. f. fineneſs, curiouſneſs, beauty.
LI'NDO, adj. fine, urious, dainty, beautiful. Spoken of a man without any addition, it ſignifies a beau, a fop.
Lindo hómbre, a fine man.
LINEA, ſ. f. line, extenſion, limit.
Linea, rank, birth; alſo kind.
Tirár lineas, to intend, to pretend ſomething.
Linea récta, a ſtraight line.
LINEA'L, adj. of or belonging to a line.
LINEAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. lineament.
LINEA'R, v. n. to draw lines.
LINE'RO, ſ. m. one that deals in flax.
LINGUE'TE, ſ. m. an iron bar ſo called, uſed on board a ship.

LINIMENTO, s. m. an ointment or liniment.
LINO, s. m. flax, or linen.
LINTEL, s. m. the piece that lies across the two jambs of the door.
LINTERNA, s. f. a lanthorn.
LINTERNERO, s. m. a maker of lanthorns.

L I Ñ

LIÑOS, s. m. (*Cabéros de la viña*) the rows or ranks in which vines are planted.

L I O

LIO, s. m. a bundle, a fardle, a pack.

L I Q

LIQUABLE, adj. that may be liquefied.
LIQUACION, s. f. the melting or liquefying of any thing.
LIQUAR, v. a. to melt or make liquid, to liquefy.
LIQUECER, v. a. to melt.
LIQUIDACION, s. f. melting, or making liquid; also clearing.
LIQUIDAMBAR, s. m. an odoriferous medicinal liquor so called.
LIQUIDAMENTE, adv. clearly, plainly; like a fluid.
LIQUIDAR, v. a. to make liquid, to melt, to dissolve; also to clear any thing that is dubious or difficult.
LIQUIDO, adj. liquid.
LIQUOR, s. m. liquor.
LIRA, s. f. a lyre, a harp; also the constellation of that name; it is also a poetical composition of five verses in a stanza, two long and three short, or broken.

L I R

LIRICO, adj. lyrick.
Poéta lírico, a lyrick poet.
Vérsos liricos, lyrick verses.
LIRIO, s. m. a lily.
Lírio cardeno, the flower-de-luce.
LIRON, s. m. a dormouse.
LIRONCILLO, s. m. a little dormouse.
LIRONDO, adj. that has no mixture or addition.

L I S

LIS, s. f. (*flor de lis*) a flower-de-luce.
LISAMENTE, adv. smoothly, plainly.
LISIAR, v. a. to hurt, to wound.
LISO, adj. smooth, plain. In cant, sattin.
Hómbre líso, a plain dealer, a man without fraud.
LISONJA, s. f. flattery. There is also a sort of flower of this name.
Lisónjas de óro, a sort of gold embroidery.
LISONJEADOR, s. m. a flatterer.
LISONJEAR, v. a. to flatter.
LISONJERO, s. m. a flatterer.
LISTA, s. f. a list of names, or of cloth; a ribband.
LISTAR, v. a. to strip.
LISTO, adj. ready, quick, diligent.
LISTON, s. m. a broad ribband.
LISTONCILLO, s. m. a little ribband.
LISTONERIA, s. f. a bundle or knot of ribbands.
LISURA, s. f. smoothness, also ingenuity, sincerity.

L I T

LITE, s. f. strife, contention, a suit of law.
LITERA, s. f. a horse-litter, a kind of vehiculary bed carried by horses.
LITERAL, adj. literal.
LITERALISTA, s. m. who understands the literal sense.
LITERALMENTE, adv. literally.
LITERARIO, adj. belonging to letters.
LITERATO, adj. learned.
LITERATURA, s. f. learning, knowledge.
LITHARGYRIO, s. m. litharge.
LITHOCOLA, s. f. cement wherewith stones are joined together, stonesglue.
LITIGAR, v. a. to go law, to contend.
LITIGADOR, s. m. a wrangler.
LITIGANTE, s. m. one that is at law.
LITIGIO, s. m. strife, contention.
LITIGIOSO, adj. contentious, litigious.
LITISPENDENCIA, s. f. a demur in law.
LITURGIA, s. f. the liturgy, the publick form of divine service.

L I V

LIVIANAMENTE, adv. lightly.
LIVIANDAD, s. f. lightness, a foolish action, impudence; also lewdness.
LIUIANEZA, s. f. the same as *liviandád*.
LIVIANO, adj. light, inconstant; also lewd, dissolute.
Liviános, s. m. pl. the lights of any creature.
LIVORADO, adj. obs. marked black and blue by bruises.

L I X

LIXA, s. f. a seal fish, the skin of which is used in polishing wood.
LIXAR, v. a. to polish, to smooth.
LIXO, s. m. obs. mud.
LIXOSO, obs. adj. muddy, dirty.

L L A

LLAGA, s. f. a wound, a sore.
Prov. *Sánan llágas, y no málas palabras*, wounds heal, but not ill words.
LLAGAR, v. a. to wound.
LLAGOSO, adj. full of wounds, or sores.
LLAMA, s. f. a flame.
LLAMADA, s. f. a call; also the chamade or beat of a drum, which declares a surrender.

Llámas, s. f. a sort of cattle peculiar to the kingdom of Peru.

LLAMADO'R, s. m. one that calls; alſo the knocker or the hammer which hangs at the door for ſtrangers to ſtrike.

LLAMAMIE'NTO, s. m. a call or calling; in phyſick, the drawing the humour to a place.

LLAMA'R, v. a. to call; to knock at the door.

Llamárſe por tal nómbre, to bear ſuch a name.

LLAMARA'DA, s. f. a blaze of fire.

LLAMATI'VO, adj. that calls; applied only when ſpeaking of ſalt things, becauſe they are apt to provoke, excite, or as it were, call perſons to drink.

LLA'NA, s. f. a maſon's or plaiſterer's trowel; alſo a page of a book's leaf.

LLANA'DA, s. f. an even piece of ground.

LLANAME'NTE, adv. plainly.

LLANE'ZA, s. f. plainneſs, ſincerity, plain dealing, familiarity.

LLA'NO, adj. plain, ſimple, ſincere, honeſt without difficulty.

Hómbre lláno, a downright honeſt man.

Carnéro lláno, a wether-mutton.

LLA'NTA, s. f. a colewort; alſo the binding irons about the wheels of carts or coaches called the ſtreeks.

LLANTEA'R, v. n. to bewail, to bemoan.

LLANTE'N, s. m. the herb plantain.

LLA'NTO, s. m. mourning, weeping.

LLANU'RA, s. f. plainneſs, a plain.

LLA'RES, s. m. pl. (*olláres*) pot-hangers.

LLA'VE, s. f. a key.

Prov. *Lláve en cínta hácu buéna a mi y a mi vecína*, the key in the girdle makes me and my neighbour good; that is, when things are locked up, the opportunity of ſtealing is taken away.

LLAVE'RO, s. m. the key-hole; alſo a chain or ſtring to hang keys at.

Llavéro, s. m. he who keeps the keys of a town, priſon; or any other place.

L L E

LLE'CO, s. m. land that is not broke up.

LLEGA'DA, s. f. the arrival, or coming to a place; alſo a gathering.

LLEGA'R, v. a. to arrive, to come to a place; to gather; alſo to touch.

Acábo de llegár, I am juſt come.

No llégues a éſto, do not touch this.

LLE'NA, s. f. a filling.

Prov. *A gran lléna gran vacía*, great filling muſt have great emptying.

LLENAME'NTE, adv. copiouſly, abundantly.

LLENA'R, v. a. to fill.

Llenárſe to eat and drinck well; alſo to be angry.

LLE'NO, adj. full.

Lléno, s. m. plenty, abundance.

Hombre lléno, a very learned perſon.

De lléno, entirely.

Dar de lléno, to hit a thing full.

LLENU'RA, s. f. plenty, copiouſneſs, abundance.

LLEVA'DA, s. f. the action of carrying.

LLEVADE'RO, adj. ſupportable, to be borne.

LLEVADO'R, s. m. one that carries.

LLEVA'R, v. a. to carry; alſo to produce, and to bear or ſuffer.

Llevár, to exceed; alſo to draw to one's opinion.

Llevár, to guide, and to manage.

Llevár a cueſtas, to carry on the back; alſo to ſuffer, to bear.

Llevárſe de la cólera, to fall in a paſſion.

Llevár adelante, to go on conſtantly.

Llevár con ſigo, to be in company, to go ſomewhere.

Llevárſe los ojos, to draw the attention of all the people preſent.

Llevár en buélo, to carry away in paſſing by, or to carry hanging, or as a bird that ſeizes his prey and flies away with it.

Llevár de la riénda, to lead by the bridle.

Llevár a jórro, to tow, as veſſels do one another on the water.

Llevár (la tiérra) trigo, to bear wheat.

No llevár (el eſtómago) algúna comída, not to bear ſome ſort of meat.

No llevárſe bien con una perſóna, not to agree well with ſome perſon.

No levár camino, to be unlikely.

Llevár ventája, to have an advantage.

Llevár à otro tantos años, to be ſo many years older than another.

Llevár tánto de pena, to be fined ſo much.

LLEUDA'R, v. a. to put yeſt in dough that it may ferment.

L L O

LLORADE'RA, s. f. a woman hired to cry at a funeral, a mourner.

LLORADE'RO, adj. lamentable.

LLORADO'R, s. m. a weeping fellow.

LLORADUE'LOS, s. m. a ſnivelling perſon that cries at every turn.

LLORA'R, v. n. to cry, to weep.

LLO'RO, s. m. crying, weeping.

LLO'RON, s. m. a child that cries much, or a great crying lubber.

LLORO'SO, adj. mournful, full of tears.

LLOVEDI'ZO, adj. that falls in rain.

LLO'VER, v. imp. to rain.

Prov. *Llovér ſóbre mojado*, to rain upon the wet; to add ſin to ſin, affliction to affliction, pleaſure to pleaſure.

LLOVI'DO, s. m. ſo they call thoſe that go over to the Weſt-Indies without leave, as if they dropt out of the clouds.

LLOVIO'SO, adj. vide *LLUVIO'SO*.

LLOVI'ZNA, s. f. a ſmall mizzling rain.

LLOVIZNA'R, v. n. to mizzle, to rain very ſmall.

L L U

LLUE'CO, adj. broody, one that ſtands hollow, as if he was afraid of falling.
LLUVECI'TA, ſ. f. a ſmall mizzling rain.
LLUVI'A, ſ. f. rain.
LLUVIO'SO, adj. rainy.

L O A

LO', the article of the neuter gender.
LO'A, ſ. f. praiſe, commendation.
LOA'BLE, adj. commendation, praiſe-worthy.
LOABLEME'NTE, adv. commendably, praiſe-worthily.
LOADO'R, ſ. m. who praiſes or commends.
LOA'R, r. a. to praiſe.

L O B

LO'BA, ſ. f. a ſhe wolf; a wide caſſock without ſleeves; a ridge between two furrows; a ſtock-lock for a door.

Prov. *Quiéres ver lóba parída cáſa tu hija*, would you ſee a ſhe-wolf that has whelped, then marry your daughter. The ſhe wolf that has whelped is ſaid to carry all ſhe can get to her den for her whelps; when a woman has a child, ſhe is like a ſhe-wolf to her father, getting from him all that ever ſhe can.
LOBA'DO, ſ. m. a ſwelling about the jaws, or in other parts; in a horſe the faſhions.
LOBAGA'NTE, ſ. m. in ſome parts they give this name to a lobſter.
LOBANI'LLO, ſ. m. a ſwelling called a carbuncle, a bile, a puſh.
LOBATO'N, ſ. m. in cant, a ſheep-ſtealer.
LOBE'RA, ſ. f. a wolf's den; alſo a furred caſſock.
LOBE'ZNO, } ſ. m. a wolf's
LOBI'LLO, } whelp.
LOBI'SMO, ſ. m. great hunger or greedineſs like a wolf's.
LOBI'TO, ſ. m. a little wolf.
LO'BO, ſ. m. a wolf, in cant, a thief.
Lóbo marino, a ſea calf.
Lóbo cervál, the beaſt called an ounce.

Prov. *El lóbo, y la vulpéja ámbos ſon de úna conſéja*, the wolf and the fox are both of a gang: that is, both contrivers of miſchief, and not to be truſted. To expreſs any two perſons are equally wicked.

Prov. *Dar vóces al lobo*, to call out to the wolf; that is, to labour in vain, becauſe the louder you call the wolf, the faſter he runs away.

Prov. *Con un lóbo no ſe máta ótro*, one wolf is not to be killed with another; that is, you muſt not employ a knave againſt another knave.

Prov. *Comprár del lóbo cárne*, to buy fleſh of a wolf; to buy dear.

Prov. *De lo contádo cóme el lóbo*, the wolf eats of what is counted. Shepherds know how many ſheep they have, and yet the wolf ſteals them; that is, thieves will ſteal, though they know it will be miſſed; much more if they think it will not.

Prov. *El lóbo piérde los diéntes, mas no las miéntes*, the wolf loſes his teeth, but not his inclination. Whicked men in age loſe the ability or power of doing ill, but not the will.

Prov. *El lóbo hárto de cárne ſe méte fráyle*, the wolf when full of meat, turns friar. When a wicked man can ſin lo longer, he pretends to be good.

Prov. *Lóbo hambriénto no tiéne aſſiento*, a hungry wolf cannot be ſtill in a place. Hunger or want make all craatures reſtleſs.

Prov. *Quándo un lóbo come a ótro, no hay que comér en el ſóto*, when one wolf eats another, there is nothing elſe to eat in the wood. When ſharpers prey upon one another, there is no game abroad.

Prov. *Un lóbo no muérde a ótro*, one wolf does not bite another. Knaves do not hurt one another.
LOBRE'GO, adj. dark, diſmal.
LOBREGUE'Z, ſ. f. darkneſs, diſmalneſs.
LOBU'NO, adj. wolfiſh.

L O C

LOCA'L, adj. local, of place; as, *movimiénto locál*, local motion.
LOCALIDA'D, ſ. f. locality.
LOCAME'NTE, adv. madly; immoderately.
LOCA'RIAS, ſ. m. a fool.
LO'CO, adj. mad, ſubſt. uſed, a madman.
Lóco atreguádo, one that is mad by fits.
Lóco perenál, one that is always mad.
Cáſa de lócos, a mad-houſe.

Prov. *Mas ſábe el lóco en ſu cáſa, que el cuérdo en la agéna*, the madman knows more in his own houſe, than a wiſeman in another body's; that is, every man knows his own buſineſs beſt.

Prov. *Los únos y los otrós, tódos ſómos lócos*, one or other of us, we are all mad; that is, we have all our failings and our follies.
LOCUCIO'N, ſ. f. elocution; ſpeech.
LOCU'RA, ſ. f. madneſs.

Prov. *Conocerás la locúra en cantár, y jugár, y corrér múla*, you'll perceive a man's madneſs by his ſinging, playing, and riding. Theſe things illtimed are ſufficient proofs of an empty ſkull.

Prov. *Quién enférma de locúra, ò ſána tárde ò núnca*, he that runs mad is cured late or never.

Prov. *Si la locúra fuéſſe dolóres, en cáda cáſa darián vóces*, if madneſs were pain, they would cry out in every houſe.
LOCUTO'RIO, ſ. m. the ſpeaking room where nuns come to the grate to talk to their friends.

L O D

LODAZA'L, ſ. m. a place full of dirt and mire.
LO'DO, ſ. m. mud, mire, dirt.
Ponér un negocio en lódo, to lay

a buſineſs in the mire; to ſpoil it.

Prov. *Mas vále ganár lódo que predér en óro*, it is better to get dirt than to loſe gold; better be dirty than neglect one's buſineſs which brings in money.

LODO'SO, adj. muddy, miry, dirty.

L O G

LOGARI'THMICO, adj. belonging to logarithms.

LOGARI'THMOS, ſ. m. pl. logarithms, or artificial numbers, which perform multiplication by addition, and diviſion by ſubtraction.

LO'GICA, ſ. f. logick, the art of reaſoning.

LO'GICO, ſ. m. a logician.

LOGRA'R, v. a. to get, to gain, to purchaſe, to get good of a thing, to attain its end.

Lográrſe, v. r. to obtain one's deſire.

LOGREA'R, v. a. to lend money to uſe.

LOGRERI'A, ſ. f. uſury.

LOGRE'RO, ſ. m. an uſurer.

LO'GRO, ſ. m. uſury, intereſt, gain; alſo the good ſucceſs, or attaining the end of a thing.

L O M

LO'MA, ſ. f. a ridge or top of a hill.

LOMA'R, v. a in cant, to give.

LOMBA'RDA, ſ. f. a cannon.

LOMBARDA'DA, ſ. f. a ſhot of a cannon.

LOMBARDA'R, } v. a. to can-
LOMBARDEA'R, } nonade.

LOMBARDE'RO, ſ. m. a gunner.

LOMBRIGUE'RA, ſ. f. a plant ſo called.

LOMBRI'Z, ſ. f. a worm.

LOMI'LLO, ſ. m. dim. of *lómo*.

LOMINHIE'STO, adj. obſ. long-backed and upright.

LO'MO, ſ. m. the loins, the ridge of the back; a ridge between two furrows; a loin of any meat.

Béſtia de buénos lómos, a ſtrong-backed beaſt.

Jugár de lómo, to be in good caſe.

Traginár al lómo, to carry burdens on beaſts backs.

L O N

LO'NA, ſ. f. ſail cloth.

LONGA, ſ. f. a note in muſick ſo called.

LONGANIMIDA'D, ſ. f. long ſufferance or forbearance.

LONGA'NIMO, adj. that ſuffers long, forbearing; alſo generous, liberal.

LONGANI'ZA, ſ. f. a great ſauſage.

Prov. *Mas dias hay que longanizas*, there are more days than ſauſages; that is, we muſt live within compaſs, that we may not ſpend all too ſoon.

LONGANIZE'RO, ſ. m. a ſauſage-maker or ſeller.

LONGA'RES, ſ. m. in cant, a coward.

LONGIMETRI'A, ſ. f. a part of geometry which treats of the menſuration of diſtances.

LONGI'NQUO. adj. far off, at a great diſtance; ſtrange, long.

LONGITU'D, ſ. f. length; the longitude.

LONGITUDINA'L, adj. that belongs or pertains to the longitude.

LONGITUDINALME'NTE, adv. according to longitude.

LONGUI'SO, ſ. m. in cant, a coward.

LONGU'RA, ſ. f. length.

LO'NJA, ſ. f. a long piece, a ſlice, a ſliver, a good cut; alſo an exchange where merchants meet; any walk like a cloiſter. In falconry, the leaſe or leach, being the ſlender long leather thong faſtened to the jeſſes, by which the hawk is held faſt on the fiſt, being wound about the fingers.

LONJE'RO, ſ. m. one who keeps a grocery ſhop, a grocer.

LONJI'STA, ſ. m. a merchant.

L O O

LOOCH, ſ. m. a lohock, an electary.

LOO'R, ſ. m. praiſe, commendation.

L O Q

LOQUACIDA'D, ſ. f. talkativeneſs.

LOQUA'Z, adj. talkative.

LOQUEA'R, v. n. to play the madman.

LOQUE'RO, ſ. m. he who takes care of, or keeps the mad people.

LOQUE'SCA, ſ. f. the behaviour of madmen or mad people.

LOQUE'SCO, adj. maddiſh.

LOQUI'LLO, } ſ. m. a little
LOQUI'TO, } madman.

L O R

LORI'GA, ſ. f. a coat of mail, cuiraſs.

LORIGA'DO, adj. armed with a coat of mail or cuiraſs.

LORIGO'N, ſ. m. a ſtrong coat of mail.

LORIGUI'LLA, ſ. f. a little coat of mail.

LO'RO, adj. couloured.

Lóro, ſ. m. a kind of parrot.

L O S

LO'S, the maſculine article of the plural number.

LO'SA, ſ. f. a flat ſtone, ſuch as is uſed in pavements.

LOSA'NGE, ſ. m. flattery.

LOSA'R, v. a. to pave with broad ſtones.

LOSI'LLA, ſ. f. idem.

Cogér á uno en loſilla, to enſnare, to put a trick upon a man, to cheat him.

L O T

LOTERI'A, ſ. f. a lotery.

LO'TO, ſ. m. the lote or mettle-tree.

L O Z

LO'ZA, ſ. f. earthen ware.

Ande la lóſa, let us be merry, let us make good cheer.

LOZANEA'R, v. n. to be elegant well bred.

LOZANI'A, f. f. the green and beauty of the plants; alfo elegance.
LOZA'NO, adj. wanton lufty, brisk, gay; alfo green, beautiful, handfome, (fpeaking of plants.)

L U A

LU'A, f. f. obf. a glove.

L U B

LUBRICA'N, f. m. the dawning of the day, the twilight.
LUBRICAME'NTE, adv. flipperily.
LUBRICIDA'D, f. f. flipperinefs.
LU'BRICO, adj. flippery.

L U C

LU'CAS, f. f. pl. in cant, cards
LUCE'RNA, f. f. a candle, a lamp, any fort of light.
Lucérnas, f. f. pl. in cant, the eyes.
LUCE'RNO, f. m. in cant, a candleftick.
LUCE'RNULA, f. f. a kitchen-garden plant fo called.
LUCE'RO, f. m. the ftar called Venus, or any fhining large ftars.
Lucéros, pl. in cant, the eyes.
LU'CHA, f. f. a wreftling.
LUCHADO'R, f. m. a wreftler.
LUCHA'R, v. a. to wreftle.
LUCIDAME'NTE, adv. brightly, glorioufly, gayly.
LUCI'DO, adj. bright, gay, glorious handfome, fine.
LUCIE'NTE, adj. bright, fhining.
LUCIE'RNAGA, f. f. a glow-worm.
LUCI'FERO, adj. that brings light.
LUCI'FUGO, adj. that flies from the light.
LUCI'LLO, f. m. a tomb.
LUCIMIE'NTO, f. m. fplendour, gallantry.
LU'CIO, adj. the fish called a pike
Lúcio, adj. bright, fhining, or tranfparent.
Cáfcos lucios, an empty skull, as if it where tranfparent.
LU'CIR, v. n. to shine, to be gay, to appear handfomely or creditably.
LU'CO, f. m. a grove of trees.
LUCRATI'VO, adj. that gains or profits.
LU'CRO, f. m. gain, profit.
LUCTUO'SA, f. f. the fees paid to the church at a funeral.
LUCTUO'SA, adj. mournful.
LUCUBRACI'ON, f. f. ftudying or working by candle-light.
LUCUBRA'R, v. n. to ftudy, or do, or make any thing by candle-light.

L U D

LU'DA, f. f. in cant, a woman.
LUDI'BRIO, f. m. a mock, a mocking-ftock or make-game; fcorn, fport.
LU'DIO, f. m. in cant, a wicked man.
Lúdios, pl. in cant, doits or farthings.
LU'DIR, v. n. to rub one thing againft another.

L U E

LUE'GO, adv. prefently, immediately, by and by; alfo then.
LUENGAME'NTE, adv. longly, tedioufly.
LUE'NGO, adj. long diftant.
LUEñE, adv. obf. diftant, far off.

L U G

LU'GANO, f. m. a fort of little fparrow.
LUGA'R, f. m. a place; a town, a village; an employment, a citation or quotation.
Lugár, opportunity, time; alfo the place where one fits.
Lugár común, the little-houfe where people eafe themfelves.
En lugár, inftead; in the room of.
Hacér lugár, to make way.
En lugár de otro, inftead of another.
Dar lugár a una cofa, to give way to, to permit or fuffer a thing.
No ha lugár effo, has cannot be done.
Hacér lugár, to make room.
LUGARCI'LLO, *LUGARE'JO*, *LUGARILLO*, f. m. a little town or village.
LUGARO'N, f. m. a great place, a great village.
LUGARTENIE'NTE, f. m. a lieutenant, a deputy.
LUGU'BRE, adj. mournful, lamentable.

L U I

LUI'R, v. n. to rub two things together fo as to fpoil them.

L U M

LUMADE'ROS, f. m. in cant the teeth.
LUMBARA'DA, *LUMBRADA*, f. f. excefs of light.
LUMBRA'L, f. m. vid. *UMBRA'L*.
LUMBRA'RIA, f. f. a lamp in country chapels.
LU'MBRE, f. f. fire, light.
Movérfe a lúmbre de pajas, to do things without confideration, to turn with every wind.
LUMBRECI'LLA, f. f. a little fire.
LUMBRE'RA, f. f. a fmall window, a sky-light.
LUMBRO'SO, adj. lightfome.
LUMINACI'ON, f. f. colouring and gilding of prints, or making gold letters in books; alfo illumination.
LUMINADO'R, f. m. one who illuminates, or gives light.
LUMINA'R, f. m. any ftar.
LUMINA'R, v. a. to to colour prints, or to make gold letters in books; alfo to illuminate.
LUMINA'RIA, f. f. an illumination, as is ufed upon occafion of pubilck joy; a bonfire. In cant, a window.
LUMINO'SO, adj. lightfome.

L U N

LU'NA, f. f. the moon; filver in chemiftry.
Lúna lléna, the full moon.
Lúna creciénte, the increafe of the moon.

Lúna menguánte, the decreafe of the moon.
Lúna con cuérnos, the new moon when its horns are sharp.
Lúna, de eſpéjo, a looking-glaſs.
Eſtá lúna ſóbre el hórno, a man is at the height of his madneſs.
Prov. *A la lúna el lóbo al aſno eſpúlga*, the wolf picks tke aſs's fleas by moon-light; that is, preys upon him. At night sharpers prey upon their cullies.
LUNACIO'N, ſ. f. a crooking or bending like the moon; alſo the revolution of the moon.
LUNA'DA, ſ. f. a gammon of bacon.
LUNA'R, ſ. m. a mole on the skin; alſo the moonlight; alſo the ſtone called *ſelenites*.
Lúnar, adj. belonging to the moon.
LUNA'RIA, ſ. f. the herb moonwort.
LUNA'RIO, ſ. m. an almanack that shews the moons.
LUNA'TICO, adj. lunatick, mad at the full moon.
LU'NES, ſ. m. Monday.
LUNE'TA, ſ. f. a ſmall round or halfround window.
Lunetás de pávo, the ſpots in a peacock's tail which look like eyes.
LU'NULA, ſ. f. a little moon, a half moon, that the Roman ſenators wore on their shoes a C, to diſtinguish them from others.

L U

LUPANA'R, ſ. m. a brothel, a bawdyhouſe.
LU'PIA, ſ. f. a diſtemper in beaſts with ſore kernels.
LUPI'NO, adj. of or belonging to a wolf.
Lupíno, ſ. m. the bean called lupine.

L U Q

LUQUE'TE, ſ. m. vid. *ALUQUE'TE.*

L U S

LUSTRACIO'N, ſ. f. luſtration, purification by water.
LUSTRA'L, adj. that hath power to purify or make holy.
LUSTRA'R, v. a. to expiate or purify by ſacrifice.
LU'STRE, ſ. m. luſtre, brightneſs, the glittering or gloſs of any thing; pomp, honour, ſplendor.
LU'STRO, ſ. m. the ſpace of five years, as uſed among the Romans.
LUSTROSAME'NTE, adv. brightly.
LUSTRO'SO, adj. gloſſy, bright, shining.

L U T

LUTA'DO, adj. vid. *ENLUTA'DO.*
LU'TEO, adj. made of clay or dirt.
LUTI'CO, ſ. m. diminut, a little mourning.
LU'TO, ſ. m. mourning.

L U X

LU'XO, ſ. m. riot, exceſs, profuſeneſs, waſtefulneſs.
LUXU'RIA, ſ. f. riot, lewdneſs.
LUXURIA'R, v. n. to be riotous or lewd.
LUXURIOSAME'NTE, adv. riotouſly, lewdly.
LUXURIO'SO, adj. riotous, lewd

L U Z

LU'Z, ſ. f. light.
Luces, (pl. of *luz*) often uſed for candles.
Entre dos lúces, in the twilight.
Dar luz en un negócio, to give an inſight into an affair.
LU'ZO, ſ. m. the fish called a pike.

L Y C

LYCE'O, ſ. m. the public ſchool or univerſity where ſciences are taught.

L Y M

LYMPHA, ſ. f. water.
LYMPHA'TICO, adj. belonging to water.

L Y N

LYNCE, ſ. m. the lynx, a kind of wolf, very quick-ſighted; one who ſees readily; in cant, the thief who is ſet upon the watch while the others act their villanies.
LYNCU'RIO, ſ. m. a precious ſtone ſo called.

L Y R

LYRA, ſ. a harp.
LY'RICO, adj. lyrick; as *verſo lyrico*, *poeſia lyrica*, lyrick verſe, lyrick poetry.

M

M, the thirteenth letter of the Spanish alphabet, sometimes it stands for *mercéd*, and sometimes for *magestád* and *maestro*.

MAC

MA'CA, s. f. the damage done the fruit by a blow; any spot; any cheat or fraud.
MACA'NA, s. f. a kind of wooden weapon so called.
MACARE'NO, s. m. a bravado, a braging boasting fellow.
MACARRONE'A, s. f. a sort of arbitrary language.
MACARRO'NES, s. m. a fine paste so called.
MACARRO'NICOS vérsos, a sort of verses so called.
MACA'RSE, v. r. to be corrupted or rotten by a bruise, as fruits, &c.
MACE'AR, v. a. to beat with a club or beetle.
Macéar en úna cósa, to hammer at a thing.
MACE'R, s. m. a plant so called.
MACERACIO'N, s. f. steeping or soaking in liquor to soften.
MACERA'R, v. a. to soften or mollify by steeping or soaking in liquor; also to mortify, to harass with corporal hardships.
MACERI'NA, s. f. a saucer for a chocolate dish.
MACE'RO, s. m. mace-bearer.
MACE'TA, s. f. a flower-pot to set flowers or young trees in; also the handle of any tool.
MACHA'CA, s. m. a troublesome, restless, absurd, talkative, importunate fellow.
MACHACA'R, v. a. to pound in a mortar, to bruise; to molest, to plague by sollicitation.
MACHACO'N, augment. of *machaca*.

MACHA'DO, s. m. a hatchet.
MACHA'R, v. a. to pound or bruise in a mortar.
MACHAMARTI'LLO, adv. as, *hécho a machamartíllo*, hammered out.
MACHETA'ZO, s. m. a blow or wound given with the *machéte*.
MACHE'TE, s. m. a great knife peasants wore at their girdle, also a short sword.
MACHI'N, s. m. clown, one working in the iron-mines.
MA'CHINA, s. f. an engine; also a great quantity of any thing, as we say, a world of such a thing; also a contrivance.
MACHINACIO'N, s. f. a machination, artifice, contrivance, malicious scheme.
MACHINADO'R, s. m. he who contrives or devises, taken in an ill sense.
MACHINA'R, v. a. to devise, contrive, or imagine.
MACHINA'RIA, s. f. mechanics.
MACHINE'TE, s. m. an axe or hatchet.
MACHI'NICA; s. f. mechanics.
MACHINI'STA, s. m. an engineer.
MA'CHO, s. m. the male of any creature; particularly used for a he goat and the male of mules.
Mácho de herréro, a smith's slegde or great hammer; also the log on which a smith's anvil is fixed.
Mácho de sílla, a he mule to ride on.
Víno mácho, strong wine.
Enciénso mácho, the best sort of frankincense.
Máchos y hémbras, hooks and eyes; mortisses and tenants; spiggots and faussets, or any such thing as go within one another.
MACHO'N, s. m. a kind of pillar so called.
MACHO'RRA, s. f. a barren ewe; and by extension a barren woman or any other creature.
MACHO'TA, s. f. } a kind of
MACHO'TE, s. m. } beetle or mallet used to castrate bulls.
MACHUCADO'R, s. m. one that bruises or batters.

MACHUCADU'RA, s. m. a bruising or battering.
MACHUCA'R, v. a. to bruise, to batter.
MACHU'CHO, adj. ripe, judicious, seasonabie, fit.
MACHUE'LO, s. m. a little he mule.
MACI'AS, s. m. a nick-name given to any passionate lover.
MACILE'NTO, adj. lean, lank.
MA'CIS, s. f. the spice mace.
MACIZAME'NTE, adv. firmly, solidly.
MACIZA'R, v. a. to make solid or massy.
MACI'ZO, adj. massy, solid, heavy, weighty.
MA'CO, adj. in cant, mischievous.
MACO'CAS, s. f. pl. a sort of great figs.
MACO'LLA, s. f. a bundle made of spikes of corn.
MA'CULA, s. f. stain, spot, blemish.
MACULA'R, v. a. to stain, spot, or blemish.
MACULO'SO, adj. full of stains, spots, or blemishes.

MAD

MADA'MA, s. f. madam.
MADAMISE'LA, s. f. a woman affected and studied with overmuch care in her dress or manners.
MADE'JA, s. f. vide *MADE'XA*.
MADE'RA, s. f. wood, timber; also the parings of a horse's hoof; also fruit before it comes to any perfection.
Madéra del aire, a horn of any beast.
MADERA'DA, s. f. a great parcel of timber.
MADERA'GE, } s. m. the wo-
MADERAME'N, } od and the wood-work of a building.
MADERAMIE'NTO, s. m. covering with timber, planking; the timber-work of a house.
MADERA'R, v. a. to timber, to plank.
MADERERI'A, s. f. the place where the wood is gathered or sold.

MADERE'RO, f. m. a wood-monger.
MADERI'LLO, f. m. diminutive of *madéro*.
MADERI'STA, f. m. who guides the float of timber.
MADE'RO, f. m. a piece of timber, a beam, a rafter, a quarter, a gibbet.
MADE'XA, f. f. a skein of thread, filk, worfted, or the like.
Madéxa de cabéllos, a lock of hairs.
Madéxa fin cuénta, a lazy flatternly perfon.
Sabér vendér fus madéxas, to be sharp, to underftand one's bufinefs.
MADEXI'TA, f. f. a little skein of thread, &c.
MADEXUE'LA, f. f. diminutive of *madéxa*.
MADO'NA, f. f. madam.
MADRA'STRA, f. f. a ftepmother. In cant, a chain, a gaol.
La madráftra y entenáda, fiémpre fon en barája, the ftepmother and ftepdaughters are always at variance.
MA'DRE, f. m. a mother.
Mádre de río, the channel of a river.
Mádre, the matrix, the womb.
Mádre, the common fewer in a ftreet; the great drain or trench in the fields, into which all the fmall ones run, which are therefore called *hijuelas*, or little daughters.
Mádres, fo the founders call the moulds in which they caft any thing.
Mádre de périas, mother of pearl.
Mal de mádre, among women the fits of the mother, the hyfterical paffion.
Mádre, the lees and fcum concreted upon liquors.
Salir de mádre, to overflow.
MADRECI'LLA, f. f. the womb of birds.
MADREPE'RLA, f. f. mother of pearl.
MADRESE'LVA, f. f. the plant woodbine or honey-fuckle.
MADRIGA'DO TO'RO, a town bull, that bulls all the cows.
Madrigálos, fo they call men that are expert and fecret in their affairs.
MADRIGA'L, f. m. a madrigal, a fort of very irregular verfes.
MADRIGUE'RA, f. f. a coney-borough; a cellar or other fuch place, where many ordinary people are.
MADRI'NA, f. f. a godmother; alfo the woman who protects any child.
Madrína de la bóda, one of the witneffes at a wedding that attends the bride.
MADRI'Z, f. f. the matrix, the womb; alfo a metropolis.
MADRO'NA, f. f. the mother who fhews too much indulgence and fondnefs to her children.
MADROÑA'L, f. m. } a place
MADROÑE'RA, f. f. } where *madróños* grow.
MADROÑE'RO, f. m. vide *MADROÑO*.
MADRO'ÑO, f. m. a fort of fruit like a ftraw-berry.
MADRUGA'DA, f. f. early in the morning.
MADRUGADO'R, f. m. an early rifer.
MADRUGA'R, v. n. to rife early in the morning.
Prov. *Madrúga y verás; trabája, y habrás*, rife early and you will fee; take pains and you will have wealth.
Prov. *No por mucho madrugár amanéce mas aina*, early rifing makes it not day the fooner; when a man is never the better for taking much pains.
MADRUGO'N, f. m. an early rifing.
MADRUGUE'RO, adj. that rifes early in the morning.
MADURACIO'N, f. f. a making ripe, or bringing to perfection; alfo the fuppuration of excrementious or extravafated juices into matters.
MADURAME'NTE, adv. ripely, in due time, difcreetly.
MADURA'R, v. a. to ripen.
MADURATI'VO, f. m. a poultice or plaifter to bring a fore to a head.
MADURE'Z, f. f. ripenefs, difcretion.
MADU'RO, adj. ripe, difcreet.
Prov. *Quien come las madúras, coma las dúras*, let him that eats the ripe, eat the hard; that is, let him that has the profit, take the pains.

M A E

MAE'SSE, f. m. vide *MAE'STRO*.
MAE'STRA, f. f. a miftrefs that teaches.
No hay mejór maéftrá que neceffidád, y pobréza, there is no better miftrefs than want of poverty.
MAESTRA'L, f. m. the north-weft wind.
Maeftrál, adj. of or pertaining to a mafter.
MAESTRALIZA'R, v. n. a fea-term, to incline the needle of the compafs to the weft.
MAESTRAME'NTE, adv. dexteroufly mafterly.
MAESTRA'NTE, f. m. a breaker of horfes.
MAESTRA'NZA, f. f. all the feveral trades or handicrafts that belong to the building of fhips, as carpenters, caulkers, &c.
Capitán de maeftránzas, an officer that has the command of thofe workmen.
Superintendénte de maeftránzas, an overfeer of them.
MAESTRA'ZGO, f. m. mafterfhip commonly ufed for the mafter fhip of one of the military orders of knighthood.
MAE'STRE, f. m. the great mafter of a military order.
Maéftre de cámpo, a colonel of foot.
Maéftre efcuéla, f. m. a fchoolmafter, a dignity in the church.
Maéftre corál, f. m. a juggler.
Maéftre fála, f. m. a gentleman fewer.
MAESTREA'R, v. n. to play the mafter, the teacher; to prune trees; to adulterate any thing.
MAESTREDA'TA, f. m. a notary, a recorder.
MAESTRI'A, f. f. mafterfhip.
MAE'STRO, f. m. a mafter.

Maéſtro de capílla, the maſter of the muſic, who beats time, and gives the muſicians their parts in the church.
Maéſtro de ceremónias, a maſter of the ceremonies, either to the king, or in the church.
Maéſtro de obras, a maſter-builder.
Maéſtro de altas obras, a maſter of high works, a nick-name for an executioner or hangman.
Maéſtro de fuégos artificiáles, an engineer for fireworks.
Maéſtro de guárdia, obſ. a major.

M A G

MA'GA, ſ. f. an enchantreſs.
MAGACE'N, ſ. m. a magazine, a ſtore-houſe, a warehouſe.
MAGAÑA, ſ. f. the defect in the inſide of the large guns when they are not well caſt.
MAGA'NTO, adj. lean, poor in fleſh; a lean, pale-faced, ill-looked fellow.
MAGA'RZA, ſ. f. the herb motherwort, feverfew.
MAGE'NCA, ſ. f. a digging or cut that is made in the vineyards.
MAGENCA'R, v. a. to dig the vineyards.
MAGESTA'D, ſ. f. majeſty; alſo ſuperiority, authority, dignity, grandeur, power.
MAGESTUOSAME'NTE, adv. majeſtically, ſtately.
MAGESTUOSIDA'D, ſ. f. magnificence, grandeur, majeſty.
MAGESTUO'SO, adj. majeſtick, ſtately.
MAGI'A, ſ. f. the magick art.
MA'GICA, ſ. f. art magick.
MA'GICO, ſ. m. a magician.
Mágico, adj. magical.
MAGISTE'RIO, ſ. m. maſterſhip, the dignity or poſt of a maſter; alſo gravity, ſeriouſneſs.
Magiſtério, magiſtery; it is a term made uſe of by chymiſts to ſignify ſometimes a very fine powder, and ſometimes reſins and reſinous ſubſtances; or that preparation of body, wherein the whole or moſt part is by addition changed into a body of another kind.
MAGISTRA'DO, ſ. m. a magiſtrate.
MAGISTRA'L, adj. belonging to the maſter.
MAGISTRALME'NTE, adv. deſtrouſly, artfully.
magnanimouſly.
MAGNA'NIMO, adj. magnanimous.
MAGNAMINIDA'D, ſ. f. magnanimity.
MAGNA'TES, ſ. m. pl. great men, chief nobility, or perſons in great employment.
MAGNE'TICO, adj. belonging to the load-ſtone.
MAGNETI'SMO, ſ. m. the virtue or power of attraction, magnetiſm.
MAGNIFICAME'NTE, adv. magnificently, nobly, bountifully.
MAGNIFICA'R, v. a. to magnify.
MAGNIFICE'NCIA, ſ. f. generoſity, bounty, magnificence.
MAGNI'FICO, adj. magnificent, generous bountiful.
MAGNITU'D, ſ. f. magnitude.
MA'GNO; adj. great. Only uſed in ſpeaking of great princes.
MA'GO, ſ. m. a magician, a conjurer; a wiſe man, a philoſopher.
MAGRECE'R, v. n. to grow lean.
MA'GRO, adj. lean.
MAGRU'JO, adj. lean.
MAGUE'R, adv. obſ. although.
MAGU'JO, ſ. m. a tool uſed on ſhipboard to drive the old caulking in the beams of the ſhip.
MAGULLADU'RA, ſ. f. bruiſe.
MAGULLAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. bruiſe, contuſion.
MAGULLAR, v. a. to bruiſe, to batter.

M A H

MAHERIMIE'NTO, ſ. m. preſſing, taking, up or chuſing of ſoldiers.
MAHE'RIR, v. a. to preſs, to take up, to make choice of men for ſoldiers.
MAHOMETI'SMO, ſ. m. Mahometaniſm.

M A I

MAI'DO, ſ. m. a mewing as of cats.
MAIMO'N, ſ. m. a kind of cake.
ſmall piece of timber nailed to the inſide of a ſhip, to which they belay the ſheets and tacks.
MAIMONE'TES, ſ. m. pl. timbers ſo called on board ſhips.
MAINE'L, ſ. m. a baniſter of a ſtaircaſe.
MAITINA'NTE, ſ. m. one who riſes to ſay the morning-prayers after twelve at night.
MAITI'NES, ſ. m. pl. the mattins or morning-prayers.
MAI'Z, ſ. m. Indian wheat to make bread of.
MAIZA'L, ſ. m. the place where the Indian wheat grows.

M A J

MAJA'DA, ſ. f. a ſheep-fold, a place for the ſheep and ſhepherds to retire to at night.
MAJADEA'R, v. n. to lie out all night.
MAJADERI'A, ſ. f. folly, a fooliſh ſaying or action.
MAJADE'RO, ſ. m. a wooden peſtle to pound with; alſo a coxcomb, a blockhead.
MAJADERUE'LO, ſ. m. a little wooden veſſel to pound with; alſo a little coxcomb or blockhead.
MAJADO'R, ſ. m. one that pounds, bruiſes or beats in a mortar; alſo the peſtle to do it with.
MAJADU'RA, ſ. f. a pounding, bruiſing, or beating in a mortar.
MAJAGRA'NZAS, ſ. m. one that beats the droſs of any thing, or the husk of corn; alſo a ſilly foollish fellow.
MAJAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. bruiſing, pounding; alſo warineſs.
MAJA'NO, ſ. m. a heap of ſtones.
MAJA'R, v. a. to pound, to bruiſe,

to beat in a mortar ; alſo to vex, to plague , to importune.

MAJARRA'NA, ſ. f. freſh pork.

MA'JO, ſ. m. a boaſter , a bragger.

MAJOLA'R, v. a. to put thongs to the ſhoes to tie them with, [illegible]

MAJUE'LA, ſ. f. hawthorn-berry.

MAJUE'LO, ſ. f. a leather point, or throng , or ſtrap.

Majuélo ; ſ. m. a vineyard new painted.

M A L

MA'L, adv. ill : as , *mal hécho*, ill done.

Mál, ſ. m. ſickneſs, harm , hurt.

Mál de coſtádo, pleurify.

Mál cadúco, the falling ſickneſs.

Mál de hijáda, a pain in the ſide.

Mál criádo, ill-bred.

Hacér mal a un cabállo, to manage a horſe.

Prov. *Del mal el ménos*, of two evils chuſe the leaſt.

Prov. *Quién cánta ſus máles eſpánta*, he that ſings frights his misfortunes ; that is , eaſes and diverts them.

MALA, ſ. f. the poſtman's bundle, a mail.

La mála de Fráncia, the French mail.

Malas, adv. as *andár a malás*, to be fallen out.

MALAGORA'R, v. n. to foretell or forebode ſome evil.

MALAME'NTE, adv. evilly.

MALANDRI'N, ſ. m. a knave , a robber , a baſe fellow.

MALATI'A, ſ. f. ſickneſs.

MALA'TO, adj. ſick , unhealthy.

MALAVENI'DO, adj. contentious , full of ſtrife.

MALAVENTURA'DO, adj. unfortunate , unlucky ; alſo a miſer.

MALBARATADO'R, ſ. m. who ſells or buys ill , who makes a bad market.

MALBARATA'R, v. a. to ſell or buy ill , to make an ill market ; to ſpoil , to diſcompoſe, to diſorder.

MALCASA'DO, adj. diſcontented with matrimony.

MALCA'SO, ſ. m. ill ſtep , bad proceding ; treaſon.

MALCOCINA'DO, p. p. ill dreſ- [illegible] to ſignify a place where they ſell boiled puddings and offal of meat.

MALCOCINA'R, v. a. to dreſs meat ſcurvily.

MALCOMI'DO, adj. hungry.

MALCONTE'NTO, ſ. m. a malecontent , a diſaffected perſon who is always complaining without cauſe.

MALCRIA'DO, adj. ill-bred , unmannerly.

MALDA'D, ſ. f. wickedneſs , lewdneſs , miſchief.

MALDADOSAME'NTE, adv. wickedly , lewdly , miſchievouſly.

MALDADO'SO, adj. wicked , lewd , miſchievous.

MALDECIMIE'NTO, ſ. m. ſlanderous ſpeech , detraction , ill report , ſlander.

MALDECI'R, v. a. to curſe.

MALDICIE'NTE, ſ. m. a curſer, one that has an ill tongue.

MALDICIO'N, ſ. f. a curſe.

MALDI'TO, adj. accurſed.

MALEA'NTE, ſ. m. a mocker , a ſcorner.

MALEA'R, v. a. to bring forth before time ; alſo , to do ill , to ſpoil , to bear ill-will.

MALECO'N, ſ. m. a kind of dyke againſt water.

MALEDICE'NCIA, ſ. f. ſlander detraction , ill report.

MALEFICIA'R, v. a. to corrupt, to vitiate , to adulterate ; alſo to bewitch , to injure by witchcraft.

MALEFI'CIO, ſ. m. an ill action , a crime ; alſo witchcraft.

MALE'FICO, ſ. m. an evil doer , an offender, a criminal ; alſo a wizard.

MALE'TA, ſ. f. a mail , a cloakbag , a portmanteau. In cant , a whore.

MALETERO, ſ. m. one that makes cloak-bags or ſells them.

MALETO'N, ſ. m. a great mail, a cloak-bag or portmanteau.

MALEVOLE'NCIA, ſ. f. ill-will.

MALE'VOLO, adj. ill-affected , that bears ill-will.

MALE'ZA, ſ. f. a thicket , a place full of briars.

[illegible] ill-uſage of a landlord to his tenants. Obſ.

MALGASTA'R, v. a to laviſh , to miſpend.

MALHADA'DO, adj. unlucky , unfortunate.

MALHE'CHO, ſ. m. an ill action ; adject. uſed , ill done.

MALHECHO'R, ſ. m. a malefactor.

MALHERI'DO, adj. dangerouſly, wounded.

MALHO'JO, ſ. m. chats , ſmall ſticks , leaves or ſprigs that fall from trees , all things that be of no value or eſtimation , riffraff.

MALI'CIA, ſ. f. malice.

Aunque malicia eſcuréſca verdád, no la puéde apagár, though malice darkens truth , it cannot put it out.

MALICIA'R, v. a. to corrupt, to vitiate , to adulterate.

Maliciar, v. n. to ſuſpect.

MALICIOSAME'NTE, adv. maliciouſly.

MALICIO'SO, adj. malicious.

MALIGNAME'NTE, adv. ſpitefully , maliciouſly , enviouſly.

MALIGNA'NTE, adj. envious , ſpiteful , malicious.

MALIGNIDA'D, ſ. f. malignity, ill diſpoſition or inclination , perverſeneſs.

MALI'GNO, adj. ill inclined , perverſe.

MALI'LLA, ſ. f. at the game of *hómbre* is the ſecond beſt card ; and is the duce of the black ſutes when trumps, and the ſeven of the red.

MA'LLA, ſ. f. armour of mail.

Málla de red, the meaſh of the net.

MALLA'R, v. a. to dreſs in armour.

MALLE'RO, ſ. m. an armourer or ſmith that forges armour.

MA'LLO', f. m. a great hammer.
MALMARIDA'DA', f. f. a woman that is ill-married, that has a bad husband.
MALMETE'R, v. a. to caufe enmity between people; to fpoil, to wafte.
MALMIRA'DO, adj. unadvifed, inconfiderate, rash.
MA'LO, adj. naught, wicked, bad; alfo fick.
Ser málo, to be wicked.
Eftár málo, to be fick.
MALOGRA'R, v. a. to fpoil, to confume, to wafte.
Malográrfe, v. r. to come to an ill end, or to no good, not to attain to the intended end, to mifcarry to fall out crofly.
MALO'GRO, f. m. difappointment, coming to an ill end, or tono good, mifcarrying, failing of the defigned end.
MALPARA'DO, adj. in a bad cafe, ill-conditioned, mifufed.
MALPARA'R, v. a. to mifufe.
MALPARI'R, v. n. to mifcarry as women do.
MALPA'RTO, f. m. mifcarriage.
MALQUERE'R, v. a. to bear an ill will.
MALQUERE'NCIA, f. f. ill will.
MALQUERIE'NTE, f. m. one that bears an ill will.
MALQUISTA'R, v. a. to perfuade one to bear an ill will with another.
Malquiftárfe, v. r. to be troublefome or infupportable.
MALQUI'STO, adj. ill beloved.
MALROTA'R, v. a. to deftroy, demolish, lay wafte, ruin, or overthrow.
MALSI'N, f. m. an informer, a talecarrier, a pick thank.
MALSINA'R, v. a. to infor m, to carry tales, to play the informer.
MALSINDA'D, } f. f. an information, a tale, or lie.
MALSINERI'A, }
MALTALLA'DO, adj. mifshapen, ill proportioned.
MALTRAHE'R, v. a. to ill ufe, to abufe, to mifufe.
MALTRATA'DO, adj. ill apparelled.
MALTRATAMIE'NTO, f. m. an abufe, ill ufage.
MALTRATA'R, v. a. to mifufe.
MALTRA'TO, f. m. ill ufage, abufe.
MA'LVA, f. f. the herb mallows.
MALVADAME'NTE, adv. wickedly.
MALVA'DO, adj. wicked.
MALVA'R, f. m. a place where mallows grow.
MALVASI'A, f. f. the wine called malmfey.
MALVAVI'SCO, f. m. marsh-mallows.
Malvavifco falvâge, jagged marsh-mallows.

M A M

MA'MA, f. f. a dug, a pap, a teat; or, as children fay, mammy to their mother.
MAMA'DA, f. f. the time which a child fucks.
MAMADE'RA, f. f. a nipple-glafs ufed to women's breafts.
MAMADO'R, f. m. one who fucks.
MAMALU'CO, f. m. a fool, a blockhead, a ninny, a booby.
MAMA'NTE, f. m. obf. a fucking babe.
No quedará mamánte ni piánte, there shall not be left fo much as a chicken, or a fucking babe; to fignify that all living creatures shall be deftroyed.
MAMANTO'N, adj. applied to all beafts that fuck.
Mamantónes, f. m. pl. young fucking lambs or kids that have never grazed.
MAMA'R, v. a. to fuck.
MAMA'RIO, adj. that belongs to the breaft.
MAMARRA'CHO, f. m. a fcurvy figure, a bafe piece of painting, an ill image, a maulkin; alfo a Jack-pudding.
MAMELU'COS, f. m. pl. a kind of foldiers formerly in Egypt.
MAMI'LA, f. f. a little breaft or teat.
MAMILA'R, adj. belonging to the breaft.
MAMO'LA, f. f. a chuck under the chin.
Hacér la mamóla, to cheat, to deceive.
MAMO'N, f. m. a milk-fop, an over-grown fucking looby; alfo a young fucking beaft, as a kid, lamb, &c.
MAMO'NA, f. f. a pinch given on the face with all our fingers and the thumb.
MAMO'SO, adj. that fucks much.
MAMOTRE'TO, f. m. a great volume of frivolous matters.
MAMPA'RA, f. f. a fcreen or fence of boards, &c. to keep out the wind; a rail before a door.
MAMPARA'R, v. a. to fence off, to parry with the hand; to protect, to defend.
MAMPA'RO, f. m. a parrying with the hand.
Mampáros, f. m. pl. the divifions of the cabbins in a ship.
MAMPESA'DA, } f. f. the night-mare; alfo weighing by the hand.
MAMPESADI'LLA, }
MAMPIRLA'N, f. m. a wooden ftep or ftair.
MAMPO'RRO, f. m. a blow given with the hand or a ftick, but without hurting.
MAMPOSTERI'A, f. f. work made with ftones and mortar.
MAMPOSTE'RO, f. m. a workman in ftone and mortar.
MAMPUE'STO, f. m. ftone and mortar.
MAMUJA'R, } v. a. to fuck without inclination; alfo to fpeak haftily, fo as not to be underftood.
MAMULLA'R, }

M A N

MAN, f. m (for máno) a hand.
Buéna mán dérécha, good luck, fuccefs.
MANA', f. f. manna, which the Ifraelites fed on in the defart.
MANA'DA, f. f. flock, herd, drove of cattle.
MANADE'RO, f. m. a ftream, a place where water flows; alfo a shepherd.

MANANTIA'L, f. m. a fpring, a fountain.
Aguà manantiàl, running water.
MANA'R, v. a. to flow, to run as water does.
MANATI', } f. m. a fish in the
MANA'TO, } Weft Indies.
MANCA'R, v. a. to maim.
MANCE'BA, f. f. a young girl; a wench; alfo taken in an ill fenfe for a kept wench.
MANCEBI'A, f. f. youth; but now always taken in a bad fenfe for a bawdy-houfe.
MANCEBI'TO, f. m. youth or lad.
MANCE'BO, f. m. a youth, a young man; alfo a bachelor.
MANCE'RA, f. f. the plough-tail that is held in the hand.
MANCERI'NA, f. f. vide *MACERINA*.
MA'NCHA, f. f. a fpot, a ftain, a blot, a blemish.
MANCHA'R, v. a. to fpot, to ftain, to blemish.
MANCHE'GA, f. f. a garter made of worfted of various colours.
MANCI'LLA, f. f. a fpot or blemish; alfo pity, compaffion.
MANCILLADE'RO, adj. that ftains or fpots, or cafts a blemish.
MANCILLAMIE'NTO, f. m. the fpot or blemish on the reputation.
MANCILLA'R, v. a. to fpot, to ftain, to blemish.
MANCIPA'RSE. v. r. to give up his right and title to a thing.
MA'NCO, adj. lame of an hand or arm; alfo deficient.
MANCOMU'N. adv. jointly.
MANCOMUNA'RSE, v. r. to be united, to be joined, to execute any thing with others.
MANCOMUNIDA'D, f. f. union, communion, conjunction.
MA'NDA, f. f. a legacy.
MANDADE'RA, f. f. vide *DEMANDADE'RA*.
MANDADERI'A, f. f. obf. an embaffy, a meffage.
MANDADE'RO, f. m. obf. an embaffador, a meffenger; ufed now for a porter.
MANDA'DO, f. m. a command; alfo an errand, a meffage.
Hacèr los mandàdos, to go on errands or meffages; to fubject to one.
MANDADO'R, f. m. a commander.
MANDAMIE'NTO, f. m. commandment.
Los diez mandamièntos, the ten commandments.
MANDA'R, v. a. to command, alfo to bequeath.
Mandàr al timonèro, to cond; that is, to ftand upon deck a shipboard and direct the men at the helm how to fteer.
Prov. *Mandàd y hacèd, y ferès bièn fervido*, command, and do, and you'll be well ferved.
Mandàrfe, v. r. to execute with expedition, to perform quickly.
MANDA'RRIA, f. f. a heavy iron hammer ufed by ship carpenters to drive iron pins.
MANDATA'RIO, f. m. the perfon to whom any thing is bequeathed.
MANDA'TO, f. m. a command; this name is given to the maundy, or washing of the feet on Maunday Thurfday.
MANDERE'CHA, f. f. the right hand.
MANDI'L, f. m. an apron; alfo a hair-cloth to rub down horfes; alfo a pimp or pander, in cant.
MANDILA'DA, f. f. a company of mean people that wear aprons. In cant, a company of ruffians or bullies.
MANDILANDI'N, f. m. in cant, vide *MANDI'L*.
MANDILE'JO, f. m. a ragged apron.
MANDILE'TE, f. m. a pimp, a pander.
MANDILO'N, f. m. idem; alfo a coward.
MA'NDO, f. m. command, authority, power; in cant, banishment, exportation.
MANDO'BLE, f. m. a two-handed blow; alfo a fevere reprehenfion.
MANDO'N, f. m. a perfon that is always commanding.
MA'NDRA; f. f. a sheep fold; any place for sheep and shepherds to take shelter in.
MANDRACHE'RO, f. m. one that keeps a gaming houfe.
MANDRA'CHO, f. m. a gaming-houfe.
MANDRA'GORA, f. f. the herb and root mandrake.
MANDRA'GULA, f. f. idem; alfo any thing that hangs dangling.
MA'NDRIA, f. m. a pitiful fellow, a coward, an unpolished perfon, in cant, a fool, a blockhead.
MANDRO'N, f. m. the ftroke a ftone or ball gives thrown out of the hand; alfo an underhand caft.
MANDUCA'R, v. a. to eat.
MANE'A, f. f. the fetlock of a horfe.
MANEA'R, v. a. to fetter a beaft.
MANECI'LLAS, f. f. pl. clafps of a book.
Manecìllas de càbrito, kid's feet.
MANEJA'BLE, adj. that can be managed.
MANEJAMIE'NTO, f. m. handling, managing.
MANEJA'R, v. a. to handle, to manage.
Manejàrfe, v. r. to move one felf, to beftir.
MANE'JO, f. m. handling, managing.
MANEO'TAS, f. f. pl. fetters for a horfe.
MANE'RA, f. f. manner, way, form; alfo a fleeve or cut in a garment to put the hand hrough t
MANE'RO, adj. that is fit or proper to be carried in hand.
MANERUE'LO, adj. diminut. of *mànero*.
MANEZUE'LA, f. f. a little hand.
MA'NFLA, f. f. in cant, a bawdy-houfe, or the whore.
MA'NFLOTA, f. f. idem.
MANFLOTE'SCO, f. m. in cant, a rogue that frequents bawdy-houfes.
MA'NGA, f. f. a fleeve; alfo a portmanteau; alfo a deep net wide at top and narrow at bot-

tom; a bag of the fame shape to ftrain any thing through.

Mánga de cruz, a cafe of filk that hangs under a crucifix, which can be pulled over to keep it clean.

Mánga de pica, the fpear of a pike.

Mánga de broquél, the handle of a buckler.

Mánga perdida, a hanging fleeve.

Mánga de arcabucéros, a fmall body of mufqueteers, a divifion, a platoon.

Mánga de navio, the breadth of the ship taken in the wideft part upon the firft deck in the clear, from ftarboard to larboard.

Ir de manga, or *hácer un negocio de mánga*, to take bribes.

Aunque me cortáron las fáldas me dexáron las mángas; though they have cut off my skirts, they left me the fleeves; ufed upon occafion of loffes.

Mánga ó bómba marina, the fea-pump; meteor appearing like a column, very high and dangerous for fhips.

MANGAJA'RRO, f. m. a fleeve without shape, fo long that it covers the hands.

MANGANI'LLA, f. f. a juggling trick.

MA'NGO, f. m. an haft, helve, or handle.

Mángo, f. m. the mango, a kind of cucumber ufed in pickle.

MANGONA'DA, f. f. a bob, a thruft with the arm, a flap with a fleeve.

MANGONEA'R, v. n. to wander, to ftroll idly about.

MANGORRE'RO, adj. common in every hand.

Cuchillo mangorréro, a knife that has a bad haft.

MANGO'TE, f. m. a great haft or handle.

MANGUE'RA de la bómba, the pumpdale, aboard a ship, being as it were a trough, in which the water runs along the deck, and out at the skupper-holes.

MANGUE'RO, f. m. the chief commander of any detachment.

MANGUE'TA, f. f. a little fleeve; a clyfter.

MANGUI'LLA, f. f. a little fleeve.

MANGUI'LLO, f. m. a muff.

MANGUITE'RO, f. m. one who makes muffs.

MANGUITO, f. m. a muff.

MANI'A, f. f. madnefs, fury, rage.

MANI'ACO, adj. mad, furious, outrageous; alfo unhandy, aukwardly.

MANIA'TICO, adj. that is mad or raging or furious.

MANJA'R, f. m. food, any meat.

Manjár blánco, bramanger ol blancmanger.

Manjár de los náypes, a fute of cards, as clubs, fpades, &c. So, *los quatro manjáres*, the four futes.

MANIATA'R, v. a. to handbind.

MANIBLA'X, f. m. in cant, a fervant to a whore or bully.

MANICO'RDIO, f. m. vide *MONACHO'RDIO.*

MANI'DA, f. f. lodgings, dwelling-houfe, place of refidence, abode.

MANIFACE'RO, adj. turbulent, quarrelfome, that meddles with other people's matters.

MANIFACTU'RA, f. f. manufacture.

MANIFESTACIO'N, f. f. manifeftation, making known.

MANIFESTADO'R, f. m. who makes plain or manifeft.

MANIFESTAMIE'NTO, f. m. manifeftation, declaration.

MANIFESTA'R, v. a. to manifeft, to make known.

MANIFIESTAME'NTE, adv. manifeftly.

MANIFIE'STO, adj. manifeft, known, evident.

MANIFIE'STO, f. m. a manifefto, a public proteftation before publishing the war againft any crawn.

MANI'JA, f. f. the place where the hand is fixed to any inftrument in working it; alfo the fetlocks of a horfe.

Manija, f. f. a great iron ring to faften any thing to.

MANI'LLA, f. f. a bracelet.

MANIO'BRA, f. f. any work done with the hands particulary.

MANIO'TA, f. f. the rope with which the fore legs of the beafts are tied.

MANI'PULO f. m. a band or fmall company of men; a handful, a fmall parcel; alfo the maniple which the prieft puts on his left arm when he goes to fay mafs; alfo a wheat-sheaf.

MANIQUI', f. m. a layman, a moveable artificial figure turned into feveral poftures at the will of the artificer; made ufe of by painters, &c.

MANI'R, v. a. to keep meat till it grows tender.

MANIRO'TO, adj. liberal, bountiful; alfo prodigal.

MANIROTU'RA, f. f. prodigality, liberality.

MANIVACI'O, adj. empty-handed.

MANIZQUIE'RDA, f. f. the left hand.

MANJOLA'R, v. a. to carry birds of prey in a cage or in the hand without fluttering.

MANLIE'VE, f. m. a law word, the fraud or cheat put upon perfons, leaving them fome cheft or box locked up, as if there were fomething of great value in it, whereas there is nothing but rubbish.

MA'NO, f. f. a hand. Alfo a hand in writing.

Máno de béftia, the fore foot of a beaft.

Máno de rélox, the hand of a clock or watch that shews the hours.

Máno de mortéro, a wooden peftle.

Máno de almiréz, an iron peftle for a mortar.

Máno de papél, a quire of paper.

Máno de certéra, a fure hand at throwing.

Mános de carnéros, sheeps trotters.

Libro de mano, a manufcript book.

Ir a la mano, to hinder.

Tomár la máno, to be beforehand with another.

Venir a las manos, to come to handy blows.

Eftár máno fóbre mano, to be idle.

Trahér la máno blánda, to carry a gentle hand.

Tenér mano, to have an intereſt in, or influence over one.

Eſtá en mi máno, it is in my power.

Ser á uno manos y pies, to be as neceſſary to one as hands and feet.

Lavár ſus manos, to waſh one's hands; to have no ſhare in a buſineſs.

Alzár la mano de una coſa, to deſiſt.

Dar de mano, to put by, to leave off.

Tenér la coſa a mano, to have a thing at hand.

No ſabér qual es ſu mano derecha, not to know which is one's right hand.

Aſſentár a uno la mano, to ſtrike one.

Dar la mano, to aſſiſt; alſo to give precedence.

Darſe las manos, to ſhake hands.

Eſtárſe con las manos en el ſeno, to be idle.

Comérſe las manos tras úna cóſa, to like a thing ſo well as to be ready to eat one's fingers after it; to be very eager after a thing.

Ganár por la mano, to be beforehand.

Trahér éntre manos, to be about a thing.

Ponér la mano en algúno, to ſtrike one.

Echár mano, to draw one's ſword.

Echar mano de un hómbre, to lay hold of a man.

Dar una mano de coces, to kick one.

Meteré la mano en el fuégo, I would venture to put my hand into the fire upon the truth of what I aſſert.

Venir con mano armáda, to come with an armed force.

Volvér con las manos en la cabéza, to go away with a broken head.

Darſe manos a trabajár, to work with great application.

Quedárſe ſoplándo los manos, to be left empty handed

Ir mano a mano, to go hand in hand.

Dárle una buena mano, to give a good lecture.

De mano a boca, from hand to mouth.

Manos a la labór, fall to work.

Rebolvér a una mano, to turn one way.

Venir a la mano, to come to the lure.

Irſe de entre las manos, to ſlip away from betwixt one's hands, to eſcape.

Dar a manos llenas, to give bountifully.

Alzár las manos a Dios, to lift up one's hands to God, to beg ſomething.

Hablár por la mano, to talk by the hand, forming letters with the fingers, by which they underſtand one another.

Prov. *Quién a mano agéna aſpéra, mal yánta y peór cena*, he who expects it from another hand, dines ill, and ſups worſe.

MANO'BRE, ſ. m. the perſon who works the chalk with his hands.

MANO'JO, ſ. m. a bunch, a little bundle, a handful.

MANO'PLA, ſ. f. a gauntlet.

MANOSEA'R, v. a. to handle.

MANOSE'O, ſ. m. the act of handling any thing.

MANOTA'DA, ſ. f. a blow with the hand, a ſtroke with the fore-foot of a beaſt.

MANOTEA'R, v. a. to ſtrike with the hand.

MANOTE'O, ſ. m. a blow with the hand.

MANQUEA'R, v. n. to feign being maimed, to act the cripple.

MANQUEDA'D, ſ. f. lameneſs.

MANQUE'RA, ſ. f. lameneſs.

MANQUI'LLO, ſ. f. a little lame perſon.

MANSAME'NTE, adv. tamely, gently, meekly.

MANSEDA'D, ſ. f. meekneſs, lenity.

MANSEDU'MBRE, ſ. f. meekneſs, gentleneſs, tameneſs.

MANSIO'N, ſ. f. a menſion a reſting place, a place of abode; the place that any thing ſtands or reſts upon.

MAN'SO, adj. tame, gentle, meek, mild.

Mánſo, ſ. m. the bell-wether that leads the flock.

MANSUE'TO, adj. mild, tame, of a peaceable diſpoſition.

MA'NTA, ſ. f. a blanket, a horſe-cloth. In a military ſenſe, a gallery, or paſſage made acroſſ the ditch of a town, to ſecure the mines from the enemies fire, or any ſuch covering againſt an enemy.

Mántas, pl. in falconry, are the principal feathers in the hawk's wing called ſarcel feathers.

MANTEADO'R, ſ. m. he that toſſes in a blanket.

MANTEAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. a toſſing in a blanket.

MANTEA'R, v. a. to toſs in a blanket.

MANTE'CA, ſ. f. butter.

Mantéca de puérco, hog's lard.

MANTECA'DA, ſ. f. a ſlice of bread and butter.

MANTECA'DO, ſ. m. a cake made of honey, meal, and oil; a wafer.

MANTECO'N, ſ. m. a nice dainty fellow, a milk-ſop.

MANTECO'SO, adj. fat, greaſy, buttery.

MANTEI'STA, ſ. m. one clothed as a ſcholar.

MANTE'LES, ſ. m. pl. a table-cloth. In old Spaniſh is was alſo a robe of ſtate.

MANTELERI'A, ſ. f. a parcel of tablecloths and napkins.

MANTELE'RO, ſ. m. one that makes or ſells table-cloths.

MANTELE'TE, ſ. m. a ſhort rochet worn by cardinals.

MANTELI'LLO, ſ. m. a little table-cloth.

MANTELLI'NA, ſ. f. a manteel.

MANTENEDO'R, ſ. m. maintainer, ſupporter; in tilting and ſuch exerciſes, the principal actor or challenger who is to run againſt all others.

MANTENE'NCIA, ſ. f. defence, ſupport.

MANTENE'R, v. a. to maintain, to ſupport, to feed, to ſuſtain.

Mantenér

Mantenér su palábra, to keep one's word.

Manténer júsla ò tornéo, to be the chief man or the challenger at a tilting.

Mantenér téla, to take upon one to answer all doubts that shall be proposed in company.

MANTENIE'NTE, s. m. a downright stroke with both hands.

MANTENIMIE'NTO, s. m. nourishment, all necessary food.

MANTE'O, s. m. a woman's under petticoat.

Mantéo, s. m. a garment worn upon a gown, the habit or hood that graduates wear in the universities.

Mantéo de ármas, the painted coat which heralds wear.

MANTEQUE'RA, s. f. a churn to make butter in.

MANTEQUE'RO, s. m. the person who sells butter.

MANTEQUI'LLA, s. f. a little cake of butter.

MANTE'RA, s. f. one that makes or sells women's veils, &c.

MANTI'LLA, s. f. a mantle.

Mantilla, s. f. a little cloak women wear on their heads.

Mantillas, s. f. pl. a child's blankets for dressing an infant.

Conocér a úno désde las mantillas, to know a man from his blankets; that is, from his cradle.

MANTI'LLO, s. f. a little veil.

Mantillo de niño, a child's mantle.

MA'NTO, s. m. a veil women wear covering their head and upper part of their body; and hanging down; it was anciently a man's cloak, whence the name has remained to those worn by knights of all military orders in Spain upon solemn occasions, which we call mantles.

Mantónes, s. m. pl. the small feathers in a hawk's wing; after the six great ones great the sarcel feathers, and the four next to them, called the flags.

MANUA'L, adj. handy, that can easily be carried in the hand or is fit to be used with the hand.

Hómbre manuál, a man that is easily led any way.

Libro manuál, a manual, a book fit to carry in the hand.

MANU'BRIO, s. m. the handling of any instrument; also the place for the hand.

MANUCODIA'TA, s. f. a bird so called.

MANUE'LA, s. f. craftiness, subtilty; also a wooden lever.

MANUE'LLA, s. f. a timber so called on board a ship.

MANUMISSIO'N, s. f. manumission, giving liberty to a slave.

MANUMISSO, p. p. of manumitir.

MANUMISSO'R, s. m. one who gives liberty to the slave.

MANUMITI'R, v. a. to manumit, to give a slave his liberty; to discharge, to dismiss.

MANUSCHRISTI, s. m. an electary and a plaster so named.

MANUSCRI'TO, adj. that is written, subst. used, a manuscript.

MANUTENCIO'N, s. f. protection, support.

MANUTENE'R, v. a. to maintain, to protect, to support.

MANUTI'SA, s. f. a small flower like a pink.

MANZA'NA, s. f. an apple.

Manzána de vaca, a cow's udder.

MANZANA'L, } s. m. an apple
MANZA'NAR, } orchard.

MANZANE'RO, s. m. a fruiterer.

MANZANI'LLA, s. m. a little apple; also a knob, such as are on chairs, beds, or such things; it is also the herb chamomile.

Manzanilla bastarda, the herb mandlin.

Manzanilla loca, the herb ox-eye, or Mayweed.

MANZA'NO, s. m. an apple-tree.

MANZE'R, s. m. the child of a whore that no man has fathered.

M A Ñ

MA'ÑA, s. f. handiness, dexterity; also a habit, or custom; also cunning, cheat, stratagem.

A todo hay maña, sino à la muerte, there is a remedy for all things but death.

Prov. *Quién malas mañas tiéne en cuna, ò las piérde tarde ò nunca*, he who gets ill habits in the cradle, loses them late or never.

MAÑA'NA, s. f. the morning; also tomorrow.

MAÑANEA'R, v. n. obs. vide *MADRUGA'R*.

MAÑANI'CA, } s. f. the morn-
MAÑANI'TA, } ing early.

MAÑEA'R. v. n. to be handy or crafty.

MAÑE'GO, s. m. a sort of little basket.

MAÑE'RA, s. f. a barren woman.

MAÑE'RO, adj. dextrous, tractable.

MAÑOSAME'NTE, adv. handily; also cunningly, craftily.

MAÑO'SO, adj. handy; also cunning, crafty.

MAÑERUE'LO, s. m. a little horse, a small nag or pad.

MAÑUE'LA, s. f. a crafty trick.

Mañuélas, s. m. a sly cunning fellow.

M A O

MAO'NA, s. f. a sort of large heavy ship.

M A P

MA'PA, s. f. a map, on which the world or any part thereof is described.

MAPA'LIA, s. f. a cottage; also a sheep-pen.

M A Q

MAQUI'LA, s. f. the portion of corn or meal that a miller takes for grinding.

Hacienda de maquilas, an estate gathered out of small matters.

MAQUILANDE'RO, s. m. the vessel with which the miller measures his portion of the corn or meal that is due for grinding.

MAQUILA'R, v. a. to measure the portion of corn or meal due to the miller for grinding.

MAQUILE'RO, f. m. the perfon who meafures at the mills.

MAQUILO'N, f. m. he that meafures at the mill.

MAR

MA'R, f. m. and f. the fea.

Ir de már a már, to go in great ftate be very fine.

MARAGU'TO, f. m. a fmall triangular fail in a galley.

MARA'ña, f. f. a skein of filk fo entangled, that it cannot be wound off. The plot in a play, or any confufed knavish contrivance; any intricacy.

Maráña, f. f. in cant, a whore.

MARAñADO'R, f. m. an entangler.

MARAñA'R, v. a. to entangle, to perperplex.

MARAVE'DI, f. m. a fmall coin fo called.

MARAVI'LLA, f. f. a wonder; alfo an herb fo called.

Hacér una cófa a las mil máravillus, to perform any thing prodigioufly well.

Por maravilla fe vée éffo, that is rarely feen.

MARAVILLA'R, v. n. to aftonish, to caufe admiration.

MARAVILLOSAME'NTE, adv. wonderfully, marveloufly.

MARAVILLO'SO, adj. wonderful.

MARBE'TE, f. m. a piece of paper or ticket to mark cloth with.

MA'RCA, f. f. in cant, a whore.

Márca, f. f. a mark, a note; alfo a territory; alfo the meafure, or fize of fome things.

Efpáda de márca, a fword of due fize, meafured and marked by authority.

Páño de márca, a cloth that has its due length and breadth.

Papél de márca mayór, the larger fort of paper.

MARCADO'N, f. m. in cant, a thief, that changes good things for bad.

MARCADO'R, f. m. a marker.

MARCA'R, v. a. to mark; alfo taking notice of a fufpected perfon.

MARCEA'R, v. a. to shear sheep.

MA'RCHA, f. f. a march, a journey of foldiers; alfo the fignal with the drum to march.

Sobre la márcha, haftily, fuddenly.

MARCHA'L, f. m. any plain or meadow overflown.

MARCHAMA'R, v. a. to mark any thing, efpecially goods in in the cuftom-houfe.

MARCHAME'RO, f. m. one who mark the things in the Cuftom-houfe.

MARCHAMO, f. f. the mark put upon goods or any merchandife in the cuftom-houfe.

MARCHA'R, v. n. to march.

MARCHA'ZO, f. m. a bully, a bragadocio.

MARCHITA'BLE, adj. fading, that will fade or wither.

MARCHITA'R, v. n. to fade, to wither.

MARCHI'TO, adj. withered, faded.

MARCHITU'RA, f. f. withering, fading.

MARCIA'L, adj. martial, warlike.

MA'RCO, f. m. a frame.

Márco de pláta, ó de óro, a mark of gold or filver.

Márco de zapatéro, the inftrument shoe-makers make ufe of, to take the meafure of one's foot.

MARE'A, f. f. the tide; alfo a gentle breeze blowing from the fea.

MAREA'DO, adj. fea-fick, damaged by fea-water; puzzled; wearied with impertinence.

Navío mal mareádo, a foul ship; a ship that is ill ftowed, which makes her not fail fteady.

MAREADO'R, f. m. a troublefome fellow, that troubles one's head with impertinences; in cant, a cheat that cogs the dice.

MAREAMIE'NTO, f. m. fea-ficknefs.

MAREA'NTES, f. m. pl. in cant, failors.

MAREA'R, v. a. to turmoil and trouble one with impertinence; alfo to guide a ship.

Mareárfe, v. r. to be fea-fick.

MARE'Q, f. m. fea-ficknefs.

MARE'RO, adj. of, or belonging to the fea.

MARE'TA, f. f. a violent ftrong tide; alfo a wind that rifes by degrees and blows violently; alfo fwimming or dizzinefs in the head.

MARFI'L, f. m. ivory.

MARFU'Z, f. m. a falfe deceitful perfon.

MA'RGA, f. f. mourning; coarfe hempen-cloth, coarfe canvafs.

MARGARI'TA, f. f. a pearl, a jewel.

MA'RGEN, f. m. the margin in a book; the extreme part of any thing.

Márgen, brink or border.

MARGENA'R, } v. a. to note in
MARGINA'R, } the margin.

MARGINA'L, adj. belonging to the margin.

MARGOMA'R, v. a. to embroider, to weave with divers colours.

MARHOJA'DO, adj. that has mofs on it.

MARHOJADO'R, f. m. a gatherer of mofs.

MARHO'JO, f. m. vide *MALHO'JO*.

MARIA'L, adj. belonging to the bleffed virgin mary.

MARIA'L, f. m. vide *MARCHA'L*.

MARIA'NO, adj. belonging to the bleffed virgin Mary.

MARI'CA, f. f. a magpye.

MARICO'N, f. m. an effeminate fellow, a coward.

MARIDA'BLE, adj. marriageable.

MARIDA'GE, f. m. marriage, matrimony; alfo the union of any thing.

MARIDA'R, v. a. to marry.

MARIDA'LLO, f. m. a little husband, or a pitiful fellow of a husband; alfo a little pan to keep fire in, ufed by women to keep their hands warm.

MARI'DO, f. m. an husband.

MARIMA'CHO, f. m. a mafculine woman, a Tom-boy.

MARIMA'NTA, f. m. a hobgoblin.

MARIMARICA, f. m. an effeminate fellow, a coward.
MARIMORE'NA, f. f. quarrel, contention, broil.
MARI'NA, f. f. the sea-shore.
MARINA'GE, f. m. the art of a mariner or of sea affairs.
MARINERI'A, f. f. marinership, sea affairs.
MARINE'RO, f. m. a sailor, a mariner, a seaman.
MARINE'SCO, adj. belonging to mariners.
MARI'NO, adj. belonging to the sea.
MARIO'N, f. m. a fish so called.
MARIPO'SA, f. f. a butterfly.
MARIPOSI'LLA, f. f. a little butterfly.
MARISCA'L, f. m. a marshal; also a farrier, a shoer of horses.
Mariscál de campo, a field-marshal.
MARISCALI'A, f. f. the dignity or authority of a marshal.
MARISCA'R, v. a. to gather shell-fish, as poor people do on the sea-shore; to scrape, to pick up a poor living. In cant, to beg, to steal, or to play the knave.
MARI'SCO, f. m. all sort of shell-fish. In cant, any thing that is stolen.
MARI'SMA, f. f. a lake made by the water of the sea.
Marísma, f. f. sometimes, but seldom used for the sea-shore; but rather a sort of weed that grows on the shore.
MARITA'L, adj. belonging to an husband.
MARI'TIMO, adj. maritime, of the sea, or near the sea.
MARLO'TA, f. f. a sort of loose coat.
MARLOTA'R, v. a. vide *MALROTA'R*.
MARMI'TA, f. f. a kettle or pot.
MARMITO'N, f. m. a sc[illegible]n.
MA'RMOL, f. m. marble.
MARMOLE'JO, f. m. a small marble pillar.
MARMOLE'ÑO, adj. of marble.
MARMOLERI'A, f. f. work, structure, or building of marble.
MARMO'REO, adj. of marble.
MARMO'TA, f. f. the marmot or marmotto.

MARO'MA, f. m. a cable.
Andár sóbre la maróma, to walk or dance upon the rope.
MARQUE'S, f. m. a marquis.
MARQUE'SA, f. f. a marchioness.
MARQUESA'DO, f. m. a marquisate.
MARQUESI'TA, f. f. a stone found in the copper-mines, called *marcasite*.
Marquesíta de plómo, the herb lead-wort, good to cure horses backs that have been wrung by the saddle.
MARQUESO'N, f. m. a huffing fellow that looks big.
MARQUESO'TA, f. f. lead ore; also a large high feather, such as formerly they wore sticking in their caps.
MARQUIARTI'FE, f. f. in cant, bread.
MARQUIDA, } f. f. in cant, a
MARQUI'SA, } wench a whore.
MA'RRA, f. f. obf. want; also a hoe to hoe the ground with.
MARRA'GA, f. f. a kind of cloth woven with flax, and goat's hair to make rugs.
MARRA'JO, f. m. a sly fellow; also a sort of sea-fish.
MARRA'NA, f. f. a sow or fresh pork.
MARRA'NO, f. m. a porker, a hog of a year old. By this name they also called the Jews, or those of them that pretend to be converted, and are only counterfeits.
MARRA'R, v. a. obf. to want, to miss, to err; to geld swine.
MA'RRAS, adv. in time past, lately, some time since.
MARREGO'N, f. m. a straw-bed.
MA'RRO, f. m. obf. want, a coit, or a game like coits.
MARRO'N, f. m. a coit.
MARROQUI', f. m. Turky leather.
MARROTA'R, v. a. vide *MALROTAR*
MARRU'BIO, the herb horehound.
Marrúbio négro, black horehound.

MARRULLERI'A, f. f. craft, subtilty, cunning; guile, fraud, deceit.
MARRULLE'RO, adj. crafty, knavish, cunning, deceitful, fraudulent, subtle.
MARSO'PA, f. f. a fish so called.
MA'RTA, f. f. the beast that bears the rich sable fur; and thence the fur itself.
MARTAGO'N, f. m. a kind of lily; also a sly cunning man.
MA'RTE, f. m. Mars, the God of war, and the planet, also the bird called a marten.
MARTELA'DO, adj. vide *AMARTELA'DO*.
MARTE'L, f. m. a horseman's mace.
MARTE'LO, f. m. love, affection.
MA'RTES, f. m. Tuesday.
MARTILLA'DA, f. f. a blow with a hammer.
Prov. *Dormir a las martilládas, y despertár a las dentilladas*, to sleep with the noise of hammering, and awake at the noise of the teeth; taken from the smith's dog, who sleeps while they hammer in the shop, and wakes when there is eating; thence applied to one that shuns labour, and is diligent at eating.
MARTILLA'DO, f. m. in cant the highway.
MARTILLADO'R, f. m. one that works with a hammer.
MARTILLA'R, v. a. to hammer; in cant, to go, to walk.
MARTILLE'JO, f. m. a small hammer.
MARTI'LLO, f. m. a hammer; in cant, the way.
Martíllo de orėjas, the hammer with two fangs to draw nails.
MARTI'NA, f. f. a fish in the sea of Valencia, pleasant to eat, but not wholesome.
MARTINE'TE, f. m. a high standing feather in the hat; also the jack that strikes the string in the virginal; also a small bird like a heron.
MARTINGA'LA, f. f. a martingal for a horse.

MARTINIEGA, ſ. f. a poll-tax paid at Martinmaſs.
MA'RTYR, ſ. m. a martyr.
MARTY'RIO, ſ. m. martyrdom.
MARTYRIZAR, v. a. to put to martyrdom, to torment.
MARTYROLO'GIO, ſ. m. martyrology, a catalogue of ſaints and martyrs.
MARZA'DGA, ſ. f. a tribute paid in March.
MARZA'L, adj. of, or belonging to the month of March.

M A S

MAS, adv. more, but, moreover.
Mas que no haceis lo que yo hágo, I'll undertake you ſhall not do what I do.
Mas deſe cáiga la cáſa, quet the houſe fall.
De mas déſtó, beſides this.
Lo demás, the reſt, the remainder.
A lo mas, at moſt.
A mas andár, with all ſpeed.
MASCABA'DO, adj. applied to the coarſeſt ſort of ſugar.
MASCADA, ⎰ ſ. f. a chewing.
MASCADU'RA, ⎱
MASCA'R, v. a. to chew.
Maſcár a dos carillos, to chew with both jaws; to play Jack on both ſides; to run with the hare and hold with the hound.
MA'SCARA, ſ. f. a mask for the face; alſo a maſquerade.
Quitárſe la máſcara, to lay aſide the mask; to diſcover what was before concealed.
MASCARA'DO, adj. maſqued.
MASCARI'LLA, ſ. f. a mask.
MASCARO'N, ſ. m. a mask with a frightful face; an ugly face, or thoſe deformed faces we ſee on walls, ſerving for ſpouts, or the like.
MASCARONCI'LLO, ſ. m. a little ugly mask or face.
MASCULINIDA'D, ſ. f. the quality that conſtitutes the male.
MASCULI'NO, adj. maſculine.
MASCU'LO, ſ. m. the male of any ſpecies.

MASE'RA, ſ. f. the cloth that covers the bread carried to the bakehouſe.
MASMO'RRA, ſ. f. priſon, dungeon.
MASMORRI'LLA, ſ. f. dimin. of *mazmorra*.
MA'SSA, ſ. f. dough, paſte; alſo a maſs, a lump.
Máſſa de óro ù ótro metál, a rude maſs of gold or other metal.
Máſſa de cal, mortar.
Máſſa de haciénda, the whole maſs or groſs of what a man is worth.
Trahér las mános en la máſſa, to have one's hand in the dough, to be engaged in an affair.
MASSA'R, v. a. to make bread, to make the dough.
MASSELU'CAS, ſ. f. in cant, cards.
MASSE'RA, ſ. f. the cloth to cover bread when carried to the bake-houſe.
MASTELE'RO, ſ. m. the top maſt of a ship.
MASTICA'R, ⎰ v. a. obſ. to
MASTIGA'R, ⎱ chew.
MASTI'L, ſ. m. the maſt of a ship.
Máſtil de gábia, the top-maſt.
MASTILLE'JO, ſ. m. a little maſt.
MASTI'N, ſ. m. a maſtiff, a shepherd's dog, or a mongrel.
Maſtín, in cant, a bailiff.
MASTI'NA, ſ. f. a maſtiff-bitch.
MA'STO, ſ. m. the tree on which another is grafted.
MASTRA'NZO, ſ. m. the herb wildmint.
MASTUE'RZO, ſ. m. the herb garden creſſes.

M A T

MA'TA, ſ. f. a buſh, a shrub.
Seguír a úno háſta la máta, to follow one to the bush; that is, till you can follow no longer; as the hare is loſt in the bushes.
Tódo lo véo mátas y por rozár, I find it all bushes, and not trod down; that is, the buſineſs is all difficulties, and no way made into it.

Saltár de la máta, to leap out of the bush, to appear on a ſudden, when concealed before.
MATACA'N, ſ. m. a kind of hare; alſo a venomous compoſition to kill dogs.
MATACANDE'LAS, ſ. f. an extinguisher to put out candles; alſo a great ſort of moth that flies into the candle.
MATACANDI'L, ſ. m. a water inſect ſo called.
MATACHI'N, ſ. m. a merry-andrew or harlequin.
Matachín, ſ. m. a ſword-dancer.
Danza de matachines, a dance with ſwords.
MATADE'RO, ſ. m. a ſlaughter-houſe, the place where they kill cattle.
Venírſe al mataderó, to run into the mouths of one's enemies; to run into the hands of juſtice after committing ſome offence.
MATADO'R, ſ. m. a murderer. At the game of *hombre*, one of the three chief cards, ſpadille, manille, and baſto.
MATADU'RA, ſ. f. a gaul on a horſe's back, or the like.
Dárle en las matadúras, to touch in the part that is gauled.
MATAFUE'GOS, ſ. m. a fireman.
MATALAHU'GA, ſ. f. vide *ANI'S*.
MATALO'N, ⎰ adj. lean, weak, that pa-
MATALO'TE, ⎱ ces ill. Said of horſes and mules.
MATALOTA'GE, ſ. m. the victuals put on board of a ship.
MATALO'BOS, ſ. m. the herb wolfsbane.
MATA'NZA, ſ. f. a ſlaughter.
MATA'R, v. a. to kill; to put out a candle; to gaul or wring a horſe's back; to tire a man, to kill hi[illegible]with importunity or impertine[illegible]ce.
MATARRA'TA, ſ. f. a game at cards ſo called.
MATASA'NOS, ſ. m. a quack.
MATASIE'TE, ſ. m. a roaring bully, a boaſting lyar.
MA'TE, ſ. m. a mate at cheſs.
Dar máte, to give mate.
MATEA'RSE, v. r. to bring forth

fprigs, shoots, or shrubs; to fpring up in ftalks.

MATE'RIA, f. f. matter, fubftance; an affair; the matter or filth of a fore; a copy to write by; a theme, a fubject to difcourfe on.

MATERIA'L, adj. material, fubftantial.

Hómbre materiál, a dull fellow.

Materiáles, f. m. pl. materials, neceffaries for building, or any other work.

MATERIALIDA'D, f. f. materiality.

MATERIALME'NTE, adv. materially.

MATERNA'L, adj. motherly, belonging to the mother.

MATERNIDA'D, f. f. the dignity or title of a mother.

MATE'RNO, adj. vide *MATERNA'L*.

MATHEMA'TICA, f. f. the mathematicks.

MATHEMATICAME'NTE, adv. mathematically.

MATHEMA'TICO, f. m. a mathematician.

MATIGUE'LO, f. m. a little doll ftuffed with ftraw.

MATI'Z, f. m. a mixture of many colours.

MATIZA'R, v. a. to colour, to give a thing feveral colours.

MATO'N, f. m. affaffin, murderer, ruffian, bravo, cutthroat.

MATORRA'L, f. m. a place full of bushes or shrubs.

MATO'SO, adj. full of shrubs or bushes.

MATRA'CA, f. f. a wooden rattle as children make a noife with, and in fome places they are ufed to call people together.

Dár matráca, to banter, to fcoff, to jeer one.

MATRAQUEA'R, v. a. to jeer, to fcoff, to banter, to hifs at.

MATRAQUE'RO, } f. m. one
MATRAQUI'STA, } that is good at bantering, or reflecting upon another.

MATRE'RO, adj. fagacious, penetrating, judicious; alfo fly, or crafty, or fubtle.

MATRICA'RIA, f. f. the herb feverfew.

MATRICI'DA, f. m. one that murders his mother.

MATRICI'DIO, f. m. murdering of one's mother.

MATRI'CULA, f. f. a roll of names, a lift.

MATRICULA'DO, adj. enrolled, entered upon the lift.

MATRI'CULAR, v. a. to matriculate, to enroll, to enter upon the lift, to regifter one's name in an univerfity.

MATRIMONIA'L, adj. matrimonial, belonging to wedlock.

MATRIMONIA'R, v. a. to contract matrimony.

MATRIMO'NIO, f. m. matrimony, wedlock.

Prov. *Matrimónio, ni feñorío, no quiére fúria, ni brio*, matrimony nor government require haftinefs.

MATRI'Z, f. f. the matrix; alfo the mother church.

MATRO'NA, f. f. a matron, a grave modeft woman; alfo a midwife, a woman who affifts women inchildbirth.

MATRONA'L, adj. belonging to a matron.

MATU'TE, f. m. a cheat or fraud in the cuftoms.

MATUTEA'R, v. a. to introduce a fraud in the cuftoms.

MATUTE'RO, f. m. a fmuggler, one who defrauds the cuftoms.

MATUTINA'L, adj. belonging to the morning.

MATUTI'NO, adj. of, or belonging to the morning.

M A U

MAU, f. m. the noife a cat makes.

MA'ULA, f. f. sharping cheating trick, an impofition, a cheat.

MAULERI'A, f. f. a shop, where remnants of filk, &c. are fold, alfo the art of tricking or cheating.

MALUE'RO, f. m. a piece broker, that fells remnants of filk, cloth, &c. as alfo linen cloths and all fmall wares for taylors; a sharping, tricking, or cheating fellow.

MAULLADO'R, f. m. a mewing cat.

MAULLA'R, v. n. to mew like a cat.

MAULLI'DO, } f. m. the mewing
MAU'LLO, } of a cat.

MAUSO'LEO, f. m. a maufoleum, a fumptuous, or ftately monument, or fepulchre.

M A X

MAXI'LLA, f. f. the cheek-bone or jaw-bone; alfo the cheek.

MA'XIMA, f. f. a general principle; a particular opinion.

MAXIMAME'NTE, adv. chiefly.

MA'XIMO, adj. greateft.

MAXMORDO'N, f. m. a man, dull, heavy fellow, who knows not how to do is own bufinefs without troubling others.

M A Y

MA'YA, f. f. queen of May.

MAYA'R, v. n. to mew like a cat.

MA'YO, f. m. the month of May; alfo a May-pole.

Lárgo cómo un Máyo, as tall as a May-pole.

Hásta paffádo Máyó, no te quítes el fáyo, do not leave off your coat till May be paft.

MAYO'R, adj. bigger, greater; alfo elder.

Mayór generál, a major-general.

MAYORA'L, f. m. the chief herdfman or shepherd; in cant, the chief juftice.

MAYORA'NA, f. f. the herb marjoram.

MAYORA'ZGO, f. m. their to an eftate; alfo the eftate of an inheritance.

MAYORDOMA'ZGO, f. m. vide *MAYORDOMI'A*.

MAYORDOMEA'R, v. a. to do the office of a fteward.

MAYORDOMI'A, f. f. ftewardship.

MAYORDO'MO, f. m. a fteward.

Mayordómo de rey, fteward of the houfe-hold.

MAYORI'A, f. f. chiefnefs, principalnefs, greatnefs above others.

MAYORI'STA, s. m. the boy who is in the highest class at the grammar school.
MAYORME'NTE, adv. chiefly.
MAYU'SCULA, s. f. a capital letter.

MAZ

MA'ZA, s. f. a mace, a club, a beettle; in cant, a bad woman.
MAZACO'TE, s. m. a kind of morter to plaster houses.
MAZA'DA; s. f. a blow given with a mace; also an ill malicious word.
Dar una mazáda, to hurt one'.
MAZAMO'RRA, s. f. rotten biscuit; also the soup given to the galleyslaves.
MAZAPA'N, s. m. a kind of sweet paste made with sugar and almonds.
MAZARI', s. m. a tile of that sort as are used in chimneys and floors.
MAZMO'RRA, s. f. a dungeon, a prison.
MAZMORRI'LLA, s. f. a leather thong.
MAZNA'R, v. a. to bruise, press or squeeze with the fingers or hands.
MA'ZO, s. m. a hammer, a mallet.
Mázo de cintas, a bundle of ribbands.
Mázo de orillos, a bundle of lists.
MAZONA'DO, adj. in blasonry, representing walls, towers, &c.
MAZONERI'A, s. f. masons art or work.
MAZO'RCA, s. f. as much fla as is put upon the distaff at once; also an ear of corn.
MAZORRA'L, adj. aukward, rude, unpolished.

M E

ME, an irregular case of the pronoun *yo*, and serves for the dative and accusative, placed sometimes before the verb, and sometimes after.

M E A

ME'A, s. f. a word which children use when they want to make water.
MEA'DA, s. f. as much as is pissed at once.
MEADE'RO, s. m. a pissing-place.
MEA'DOS; s. m. pl. urine.
MEA'JA, s. f. the tread in an egg; also the smallest sort of coin formely in Spain.
MEAJA'L, adj. belonging to *meája*.
MEA'R, v. n. to piss.
MEAU'CA, s. f. a kind of duck.

M E C

MECEDE'RO, s. m. a cradle.
MECEDO'R, s. m. a stirrer; also one that rocks another in a cradle.
MECEDU'RA, s. f. a mixing, or stirring together; also rocking in a cradle.
MECE'NAS, s. m. a favourer of learning.
MECE'R, v. a. to mix or stir together, to rock in a cradle.
Mecér el oj, to twinkle with the eyes.
ME'CHA, s. f. a tent for a wound; the wick for a candle; a soldier's march; a bit of bacon to lard with.
Mécha de candil, a wick for a lamp.
MECHA'NICA, s. f. the mechanick art; also a mean base action.
MECHANICAME'NTE, adv. mechanically.
MECHA'NICO, s. m. a mechanick.
MECHA'NICO, adj. mechanick.
MECHANI'QUEZ, s. f. mechanicalness; also meanness.
MECHA'R, v. a. to lard fowls or other meat.
MECHE'RA, s. f. the needle or skewer with which fowls are larded.
MECHE'RO, s. m. the nosel of a lamp in which the wick burns.
MECHINA'LES, s. m. pl. the holes left in a wall as it is building for to fixing the scaffold against it, called the puddock holes.
MECHO'N, s. m. a great tuft of hair, or wick of a lamp, or the like.
MECHONCI'LLO, s. m. a little tuft of hair, or wick of a lamp.
MECHU'SA, s. f. in cant, the head.

M E D

ME'DA, s. f. a stack of wood or corn, a rick of hay or the like.
MEDA'LLA, s. f. a medal.
MEDALLO'N, s. m. a great medal.
MEDA'R, v. a. to pile, to heap, to put up things confusedly; to grow wealthy.
MEDE'RO, s. m. a stack of wood, a rick of hay, or the like.
ME'DIA, s. f. a stocking.
MEDIACIO'N, s. m. mediation or distance between any two objects; also a reconciliation between two persons.
MEDIADO'R, s. m. *MEDIANE'RO*.
MEDIA'NA, s. f. the flesh that is near the neck of the animal.
MEDIANAME'NTE, adv. indifferently, meanly.
MEDIANERI'A, s. f. intercession, mediation.
MEDIANE'RO, s. m. a mediater, one that interposes to adjust differences.
MEDIANI'A, s. f. mediocrity.
MEDIANI'STA, s. m. the student who is in one of the middle classes.
MEDIA'NO, adj. indifferent, in a mean betwixt two; also ordinary houshold bread, neither quite white, nor very brown.
Mediános, s. m. a game at cards among sharpers.
MEDIA'NTE, adj. by means of.
MEDIA'R, v. a. to mediate, to interpose.
MEDIATAME'NTE, adv. immediately, forthwith.
MEDIA'TO, adj. that is not immediate, as the son is to the father, but that has something between, as the grandson and the grandfather, the father of the son being between.

MEDIATO'R, f. m. a mediator.
MEDICA'BLE, adj. that can be cured or healed.
MEDICAME'NTO, f. m. a medecine.
MEDICA'R, v. a. to apply medicines.
MEDICA'STRO, f. m. a quack.
MEDICI'NA, f. f. medicine, phyfick.
MEDICINA'L, adj. medicinal.
MEDICINA'R, v. a. to cure, to apply medicines.
ME'DICO, adj. that belongs to phyfick.
Médico, f. m. a phyfician.
MEDI'DA, f. f. meafure.
Hallar la medida de fu zapáto, to meet with one's match.
Henchirle a úno las medidas, to give a man his bellyful, to tell him more than he defires to hear.
MEDI'DO, adj. moderate.
MEDIDO'R, f. m. a meafurer.
MEDIE'RO, f. m. the perfon who fells ftockings.
ME'DIO, adj. belonging to the middle.
Médio, f. m. a mean; the middle; the half.
Média lúna, a half-moon, in fortification.
Médio cañon, a demi-cannon.
Médio día, noon-day.
Hallar un médio, to find a mean or method, or the means to do a thing.
Entrár de por médio, to part a fray, to accommodate a difference, to interpofe.
MEDIO'CRE, adj. moderate, indifferent, mean.
MEDIOCRIDA'D, f. f. mediocrity.
MEDI'R, v. a. to mefure.
Medir la pica con el enemigo, to come to fight with the enemy.
Medirfe, v. r. to moderate one felf; to weigh one's words and actions.
MEDITACIO'N, f. f. meditation.
MEDITA'R, v. n. to meditate.
MEDITERRA'NEO, adj. in the middle of the land.
ME'DRA, f. f. thriving.
MEDRA'R, v. n. to thrive.
MEDROSAME'NTE, adv. fearfully.
MEDROSI'A, f. f. fearfulnefs, timidity.
MEDROSI'LLO, adj. fomewhat fearful, timorous.
MEDRO'SO, adj. fearful.
MEDU'LA, f. f. marrow.
MEDULA'R, adj. belonging to marow.
MEDULO'SO, adj. ful of marrow.

M E G

MEGI'DO, adj. mixed with water and fugar.
ME'GO, adj. tame, courteous, civil gentle.
Corderilla mega, a tame sheep.

M E J

MEJO'R, adj. comp. better.
MEJO'RA, f. f. improvement, growing better.
MEJORAMIE'NTO, f. m. bettering, mending.
MEJORA'NA, f. f. vide *MAYORA'NA*.
MEJORA'R, v. n. to mend, to grow better.
Mejorárfe, v. r. to put onefelf in a better ftation or degree.
MEJORI'A, f. f. mending, growing better.

M E L

MELA'DA, f. f. a toaft and honey.
MELA'DO, adj. of a honey colour; daubed with honey.
MELADU'CHA, f. f. a kind of baftard apple fo called.
MELANCHOLI'A, f. f. melancholy.
MELANCHOLICAME'NTE, adv. melancholily.
MELANCHOLI'CO, adj. melancholy.
MELANCHOLIZA'R, v. a. to make melancholy.
MELAPI'A, f. f. kind of apple, or apple-pear.
MELA'R, v. a. to boil fugar a fecond time.
MELA'ZA, f. f. the moloffes or dregs of fugar or honey.
MELCO'CHA, f. f. a cake made with honey for children.
MELCOCHA'DA, adj. of a colour like honey, or rather like a cake made with honey, between white and yellow.
MELCOCHE'RO, f. m. one that makes or fells cakes made with honey for children.
MELECI'NA, f. f. a medicine; alfo a clyfter.
MELECINAMIE'NTO, f. m. medicine, phyfick.
MELECINA'R, v. a. to heal, cure, or help by medicines.
MELE'NA, f. f. a great head of hair or periwig.
MELENU'DO, adj. that has much hair.
MELE'RO, f. m. one who fells honey; alfo the place where honey is kept.
MELGA'CHO, f. m. a feal-fish, the skin whereof is ufed for polishing wood.
MELI'FERO, adj. that has the tafte and colour of honey.
MELIFLUAME'NTE, adv. mellifluoufly, fweetly.
MELIFLUIDA'D, f. f. fweetnefs.
MELI'FLUO, adj. mellifluous, fweet; that affects fweet words, that has a fweet tongue.
MELI'OTO, f. m. the herb melilot.
MELI'NDRE, f. m. a fort of dainty little fritters made with honey; fqueamishnefs, daintinefs, nicenefs, coynefs.
MELINDREA'R, v. n. to be coy, precife, fqueamish, nice, dainty.
MELINDRE'RO, f. m. nice, precife, coy, dainty.
MELINDRI'LLO, f. m. a kind of thin lace fo called.
MELINDRIZA'R, v. n. to be coy, precife, fqueamish, nice, dainty.
MELINDRO'SO, adj. nice, precife, coy, dainty.
ME'LLA, f. f. a gap, a notch in a knife, fword, or other thing; a flaw; a gap of a tooth that is wanting in the mouth.
MELLA'R, v. a. to gap, notch, or flaw; to beat out a tooth before.
MELLI'ZA, f. f. a fort of cake made with honey and flower.

MELLI'ZO, f. f. a twin.
MELLO'N, f. m. a great heap of ftraw.
MELOCO'TON, f. m. the melocoton peach.
Melocóton, a yellow quince or the quincetree in which the peach is grafted.
MELODI'A, f. f. melody, fweet mufik.
MELODRA'MA, f. m. a dialogue in mufick.
MELO'JA, f. f. metheglin; wine boiled till the third part is confumed, which makes it very rich.
MELO'N, f. m. a melon.
MELONA'R, f. m. the ground where melons grow.
MELONCE'TE, f. m. a muskmelon.
MELONE'RO, f. m. one who fells melons.
MELOSIDA'D, f. f. fweetnefs.
MELO'SO, adj. honeyed, fweet; that gives fweet words.
MELO'TE, f. m. the conferve made with honey.
ME'LSA, f. f. the melt; a phlegm tick man.

MEM

MEMBRA'DAS, f. f. in blafonry, the claws of eagles and other birds.
MEMBRA'NA, f. f. parchment; a membrane or thin skin or film.
MEMBRANO'SO, adj. full of membranes or thin skins or films.
MEMBRA'NZA, f. f. obf. remembrance.
MEMBRA'RSE, v. r. to remember.
MEMBRE'TE, a little fcroll or leaf of paper, a bill, a fchedule.
MEMBRI'LLA, f. f. a green quince.
MEMBRI'LLAR, f. m. an orchard of quince-trees.
MEMBRI'LLO, f. m. a quince, or the tree.
MEMBRU'DAMENTE, adv. ftrongly, manfully, ftoutly.
MEMBRU'DO, adj. large limbed, ftrong made, raw-boned.

MEME'NTOS, f. m. pl. certain parts of the mafs fo called.
ME'MO, adj. ignorant, foolifh, fimple, dull.
Hacérfe mémo, to feign one felf ignorant or dull of apprehenfion, when any thing is fpoke that one is unwilling to anfwer or underftand.
MEMORA'BLE, adj. memorable, worth remembrance.
MEMORA'NDA, adj. that is to be remembered.
MEMORA'R, v. a. to remember.
MEMO'RIA, f. f. the memory. Alfo a token to remember by.
Memória, fame, glory; alfo a monumental record.
Memória, a bill of cofts or expences; alfo a memorandum.
Memórias, compliments, expreffions of civility.
Memória de gallo ò de grillo, a bad memory.
De memória, by heart.
Libro de memória, a pocket book to take memorandums.
MEMORIA'L, f. m. a memorial, a petition, a remembrance.
MEMORIO'N, f. m. a great memory.
MEMORIO'SO, one that as good memory.

MEN

ME'NA, f. f. a little fish fo called.
MENADO'R, f. m. one that turns the wheel to wind up the filk.
MENA'GE, f. m. the moveables or furniture of a houfe.
MENA'R, v. a. to wind the filk in the wheel.
MENCIO'N, f. f. mention.
MENCIONA'R, v. a. to mention.
MENDICACIO'N, f. f. beggary.
MENDICA'NTE, f. a beggar; a mendicant friar.
MENDICIDA'D, f. f. beggary.
MENDIGA'R, v. a. to beg.
MENDI'GO, f. m. a beggar.
MENDIGUE'Z, f. f. beggary.
MENDOSAME'NTE, adv. falfely, by lying.
MENDO'SO, adj. falfe, lying.
MENDRU'GO, f. m. a piece of broken bread.

MENDRUGUI'LLO, f. m. a little piece of bread.
MENEA'R, v. a. to ftir, to wag, to move, to wield; alfo to manage, to govern, to conduct.
Menéarfe, v. r. to do any thing in a hurry.
MENE'O, f. m. motion, ftirring, wagging.
MENESTE'R, f. m. want, need; alfo office, bufinefs, employment.
Meneftéres, pl. the natural neceffities; alfo the tools of a workman.
Es meneftér, it is neceffary.
No hé meneftér de ti, I want thee not, I need not thy help.
MENESTERO'SO, adj. needy.
MENE'STRA, f. f. fpoon meat.
MENESTRA'L, f. f. a handicraftfman.
MENGA'JO, f. m. a rag.
ME'NGUA, f. f. defect, decreafe, what in wanting of a thing; fhame, difgrace.
MENGUADAME'NTE, adv. ignominioufly, without honour or credit.
MENGUA'DO, f. m. a fool, a filly fellow.
Hómbre menguádo, a madman, that is impaired in his underftanding.
Menguánte de la lúna, the wane, or decreafe of the moon after the full.
Menguánte de la mar, the ebbing of the fea.
MENGUA'R, v. n. to diminish, to decreafe.
MENI'NO, f. m. a page at court fo called.
MENI'QUE, adj. little; faid of the little finger.
MENJUI', f. m. a gum or refin diftilling from a tree in India.
MENJU'RGES, f. m. flops, washes, any daubs women ufe to their faces.
MENOLO'GIO, f. m. the calendar of the months.
MENO'NIA, f. f. a bird fo called.
MENO'R, adj. comp lefs than another; alfo under age.
Al MENORE'TE, adv. at the leaft, at leaft.

MENORIA

MENORI'A, f. f. minority, nonage.
MENORI'STA, f. m. the ftudent who learns among the minors.
ME'NOS, adj. lefs.
MENOSCABADO'R, f. m. he who makes any thing worth.
MENOSCABA'R, v. a. to diminish, to impair, to leffen.
MENOSCA'BO, f. m. diminution, impairing, leffening.
MENOSPRECIADO'R, f. m. one who defpifes, contemns, or undervalues.
MENOSPRECIA'R, v. a. to defpife, to contemn, to undervalue.
MENOSPRE'CIO, f. m. contempt, undervaluing, fpurn.
Vendér a meno précio, to fell under the value.
MENSA'GE, f. m. meffage, errand.
MENSAGERI'A, f. f. embaffage, meffage.
MENSAGE'RO, f. m. meffenger.
MENSTRUACIO'N, f. f. the monthly courfes of a woman.
MENSTRUA'L, adj. menftrual, monthly.
MENSTRUALME'NTE, adv. monthly, as women's courfes are.
MENSTRUA'R, v. n. to have the monthly courfes.
ME'NSTRUO, f. m. women's monthly courfes; alfo all liquors are called *menftrua*, which are ufed as diffolvents, or to extract the virtues of ingredients by infufion or decoction.
Ménftruo, adj. menftrual, monthly, happening once a month.
MENSTRUO'SO, adj. with the monthly courfes.
MENSUA'L, adj. of or belonging to a month.
MENSUALME'NTE, adv. monthly.
MENSU'RA, f. f. meafure.
MENSURA'BLE, adj. that may be meafured.
MENSURA'DOR, f. m. the perfon who meafures.
MENSURA'R, v. a. to meafure.
ME'NTA, f. f. the herb mint.
MENTA'L, adj. mental, of the mind.
Oración mentál, mental prayer.
MENTALME'NTE, adv. mentally.
MENTA'R, v. a. to mention.
ME'NTE, f. f. the mind; it is alfo the addition to moft adjectives, which makes them adverbs.
MENTECATERI'A, f. f. folly, ignorance, inattention.
MENTECA'TO, f. m. a fool, a madman.
ME'NTHA, f. f. mint.
MENTIDE'RO, f. m. a place where many people meet, and difcourfing together are apt to tell many lies.
MENTI'R, v. a. to lie; alfo to differ one thing from another.
Mentir fin fuelo, to tell great lies.
MENTI'RA, f. f. a lie.
MENTIRI'LLA, f. f. a little lie.
MENTIROSAME'NTE, adv. lyingly, falfly.
MENTIRO'SO, adj. a liar.
MENUCE'LES, f. m. pl. trifles.
MENUDAME'NTE, adv. particularly; often; by little and little.
MENUDEA'R, v. a. to repeat ftrokes very thick; alfo to walk quick, taking short fteps.
MENUDE'NCIAS, f. f. pl. fmall matters.
MENUDI'CO, adj. very little or fmall.
MENUDI'LLOS, f. m. pl. the giblets of a fowl.
MENUDI'TO, adj. very fmall.
MENU'DO, adj. fmall, little.
A menúdo, often.
Menúdos de beftia, the pluck of any beaft.
Menúdos, fmall brafs money.
Hombre menúdo, a man that looks into every little thing, one that fplits a hair.

M E O

MEOLLA'DA, f. f. fried brains.
MEO'LLO, f. m. the crumb or foft or bread; the kernel of a nut; the pith of any thing; the brain; no longer ufed in this laft fenfe.
MEON, f. m. who piffes often.

M E Q

MEQUETRE'FE, f. m. a bufy body.

M E R

MERAME'NTE, adj. purely.
MERA'R, v. a. to mix one liquor with another.
MERCACHI'FLE, f. m. the perfon who carries all his goods, a pedlar.
MERCADA'NTE, f. m. a merchant.
MERCADEA'R, v. n. to buy, to market, to play the merchant.
MERCADE'R, f. m. a merchant; alfo a shopkeeper.
Mercadér, in cant, the thief who frequents the places where merchandife goods are.
MERCADERI'A, f. f. merchandife, goods, ware.
MERCA'DO, f. m. a market.
MERCADURI'A, f. f. merchandife, goods, ware.
MERCANCI'A, f. f. trade, traffick; alfo goods, merchandife, commodities.
MERCA'NTE, f. m. a merchant, a trader.
MERCANTI'L, f. trading.
Navio mercantil, a trading ship.
MERCA'R, v. a. to buy.
MERCE'D, f. f. courtefy, favour, kindnefs, reward.
La mercéd de Diós, is properly God's mercy. Waggishly they give this name to bacon and eggs, becaufe they are commonly to be had when every thing elfe to eat is wanting.
Mercéd, is a term of civility ufed in Spain to every polite perfon, as *fignora* is in Italy.
Mercéd, a religious order fo called, inftituted for the redemption of captives like the Trinitarians.
Dárfe en mercéd, to furrender at difcretion, at the enemies mercy.
Servír a un feñór a mercéd, to ferve a great man without any falary and to be rewarded at his pleafure.
MERCENA'RIO, f. m. an hirel-

ing; alſo a friar of the order *de la mercéd*.

MERCERI'A, ſ. f. mercery, grocery.

MERCE'RO, ſ. m. a mercer, ſuch as they call ſo in the country, who ſe'ls all ſorts of goods.

MERCHA'N, *MERCHA'NTE*, ſ. m. obſ. a merchant.

MERCULI'NO, adj. belonging to Wedneſday.

MERCURIA'L, ſ. m. the herb mercury; alſo belonging to mercury, full of mercury; that is, active, lively, cunning.

MERCU'RIO, ſ. m. one of the planets names.

MERDELLO'N, adj. filthy, naſty.

MERDO'SO, adj. beshit.

ME'RE, adv. merely.

MERECEDO'R, ſ. m. who deſerves.

MERECE'R, v. a. to deſerve, to merit.

MERECIE'NTE, adj. deſerving.

MERECIDAME'NTE, adv. deſervedly, meritoriouſly.

MERECIMIE'NTO, ſ. m. deſert, merit.

MERENDA'R, v. n. to eat an afternoon's luncheon, betwixt dinner and ſupper.

MERENDE'RO, adj. applied to the crows who devour the ſeed on ploughed land.

MERENDO'NA, ſ. f. an afternoon's luncheon.

MERETRI'CIO, adj. of or belonging to a whore.

MERETRI'Z, ſ. f. a whore.

MERGANSA'R, ſ. m. a kind of very fierce gooſe.

ME'RGO, ſ. m. a bird called a puffin.

MERIDIA'NO, ſ. m. the circle called the meridian, in which the ſun makes its courſe.

MERIDIONA'L, adj. belonging to the meridian.

MERIE'NDA, ſ. f. an afternoon's luncheon.

MERINDA'D, ſ. f. the place where the *merino*, has his authority.

MERI'NO, ſ. m. a governor of a ſmall province; alſo he who has the care of the paſture of the cattle.

MERITAME'NTE, adv. deſervedly.

MERITA'R, v. a. to merit.

MERITI'SSIMO, adv. ſuperl. very deſerving.

ME'RITO, ſ. m. deſert, merit.

MERITORIME'NTE, adv. meritoriouſly.

MERITO'RIO, adj. meritorious.

ME'RLA, ſ. f. a black bird.

MERLU'ZA, ſ. f. a cod-fish.

ME'RMA, ſ. f. the portion of any thing conſumed.

MERMA'R, v. n. to conſume.

MERMELA'DA, ſ. f. marmalet, marmalade, the pulp of quinces boiled into a conſiſtence with ſugar.

ME'RO, ſ. m. a fish ſo called.

Mero, adj. pure, genuine.

M E S

ME'S, ſ. m. a month.

ME'SA, ſ. f. a table.

Méſa fránca, an open table, where all perſons are welcome.

Venirſe a méſa puéſta, to ſit down to table without taking pains to earn one's meat.

Ponér la méſa, to lay the cloth for dinner.

Méſa de cambladór, a banker's shop or counter.

Alzár la méſa, to take away after dinner.

Prov. *Buéna méſa, mal teſtaménto*, a good table, a bad will; too much expence in eating and drinking impoveriſhes a man, ſo that he makes a poor will when he dies.

MESA'DA, ſ. f. the portion of money paid monthly for goods, work, or maintenance.

MESARA'ICAS VE'NAS, veins that aſcend from the abdomen to the liver.

MESENTE'RIO, ſ. m. meſentery.

MESE'RO, ſ. m. one who, after having ſerved his apprenticeship, is paid ſo much monthly.

MESI'LLA, ſ. f. a little table.

ME'SMO, pron. vide *MI'SMO*.

MESNA'DA, ſ. f. obſ. the guards upon duty; a company; a family; a meſs; the old laws of Spain ſay, they are men that may promiſe for themſelves, but not be bound for others.

MESNADE'RO, ſ. m. the chief or the king's guards.

MESNADE'ROS, ſ. m. obſ. ſignifies the inferior gentry, ſometimes the king's guards, and all that receives pay or wages of him.

MESO'N, ſ. m. an inn.

El meſón de la eſtrélla, the ſtar-inn; metaph. the open air, where a man lies under the canopy of heaven.

MESONA'GE, ſ. m. a place or ſtreet where there are many inns.

MESONE'RA, ſ. f. an hoſteſs.

MESONE'RO, ſ. m. an inn keeper.

Prov. *Nádie ſeria meſonéro, ſi no fuéſſe por dinéro*, no man would be an inn-keeper, but for money. Profit makes men undertake any thing.

MESONI'STA, ſ. m. the perſon who aſſiſts in the inn.

MESSADU'RA, ſ. f. the act of plucking or tearing off the hair.

MESSA'NA, ſ. f. the mizen-maſt.

MESSA'R, v. a. to pluck or tear off the hair.

MESSEGUE'RO, ſ. m. an harveſtman; one that keeps corn.

MESSI'AS, ſ. m. the Meſſiah.

MESSIA'ZGO, ſ. m. the dignity of the Meſſiah.

ME'STA, ſ. f. a monthly fair among herdſmen; alſo the laws to be obſerved by all that keep or deal in cattle.

MESTA'L, ſ. m. uncultivated ground.

MESTE'ÑO, adj. belonging to a monthly fair.

MESTI'ZO, ſ. m. a mungrel, a man born of Indian and Spanish parents.

ME'STO, ſ. m. a ſort of oak.

MESTU'RA, ſ. f. vide *MISTU'RA*.

MESTURA'R, v. a vide *MISTURA'R*.

MESTURE'RO, ſ. m. the perſon

who discovers a secret that he was entrusted to conceal.

MESU'RA, s. f. modesty, composed behaviour; also a bow, courtesy, or obeysance one person makes to another.

Prov. *Quién no tiéne mesúra tóda la villa es súya*, he who has no modesty, has all the town for his own; that is, an impudent fellow intrudes every where.

MESURADAME'NTE, adv. modestly, courteously.

MESURA'DO, adj. modest, grave, courteous.

MESURA'R, v. a. to make one behave modestly.

Mesurárse, v. r. to behave modestly.

MET

ME'TA, s. f. limit, bound.

METACA'RPO, s. m. the palm of the hand.

METAGO'GE, s. f. a figure in rhethorick so called.

META'L, s. m. metal.

Metál, the sound of the human voice.

Metál, the quality of any thing.

Metál campanil, bell-metal.

Metál rico, rich metal; rich ore.

Metál póbre, poor metal, poor ore.

METALA'RIO, s. m. the artificer that works in the metals.

METALE'PSIS, s. f. a figure in rhethorick whereby a word is changed from its natural signification.

META'LICO, adj. of, or belonging to the metal.

META'LLA, s. f. the bits of gold that fill up the vacancies that the gilder has left.

METAMORPHO'SIS, s. f. metamorphosis, transmutation, changing of one thing into another.

META'NEA, s. f. a figure in rhetorick, when a man recalls what he has said, and turns it another way.

META'PHO'RA, s. f. a metaphor; the application of a word to an use, to which in its original import it cannot be put.

METAPHORICAME'NTE, adv. not litterally.

METAPHO'RICO, adj. metaphorick.

METAPHY'SICA, s. f. metaphysicks.

METAPHY'SICO, adj. belonging to metaphysicks.

METATHE'SIS, s. f. a transposition.

METEDO'R, s. m. he who incorporates one thing with another; also a smuggler.

Metedór, a clout to turn a child dry.

METEDURI'A, s. f. the action of incorporating one thing with another; also introducing contrbanda goods.

METEMPSYCO'SIS, s. f. transmigration of souls from one body to another.

METEMUE'RTOS, s. m. the person who carries on the stage the things that are used in the play.

METE'ORO, s. m. the meteor; bodies in the air or sky that are of flux and transitory nature.

METEOROLO'GICO, adj. pertaining or relating to the meteors.

METE'R, v. a. to put in; also to smuggle. In cant, to eat.

Metér paz, to part a fray.

Metér ziẑáña, to sow discord.

Metér en baráto, to brawl, to endeavour to carry a thing by noise.

Metér agúja, y sácar réja, to put in a needle and take out a quil; that is, to steal a goose and leave a feather.

Metérse en lo que no le tóca, to meddle in what does not concern one.

Metérse dónde no le llâman, to go where one is not called, to meddle in other men's business.

Meterse en la párte, to join with others in trade or the like.

Metérse en su contrário, to gain ground upon one's adversary.

METHODICAME'NTE, adv. methodically, orderly.

METHO'DICO, adj. methodical, orderly, regular.

ME'THODO, s. m. method, regularity, order.

METICULO'SO, adj. fearful, timorous.

METIMI'ENTO, s. m. the act of fixing, grafting, or including or shutting one thing in another.

METONI'MIA, s. f. a figure in rhetorick, when we name the cause instead of the effect, the subject for the adjunct, the thing containing for the thing contained.

ME'TOPA, s. f. a term in architecture; the empty space in the frieze betwixt the triglyphs.

METRA'LLA, s. f. pieces of iron and nails, &c. with which they charge the large gun.

METRE'SA, s. f. a sweet-heart, a young girl in love with a youth.

METRE'TA, s. f. a vessel or measure containing about twelve gallons, a kilderkin, firkin, or rundlet.

METRICAME'NTE, adv. metrically, according to metre.

ME'TRICO, adj. metrical, according to metre, keeping time and measure.

METRIFICADO'R, s. m. who makes or composes.

METRIFICA'R, v. r. to make metre, to versifiy.

METRI'STA, s. m. vide *ME'TRIFICADO'R*.

ME'TRO, s. m. metre, rhime, verse, measure.

METRO'POLI, s. f, a metropolis, a chief city.

METROPOLITA'NO, s. m. a metropolitan.

Metropolitáno, adj. of or belonging to the metropolis.

MEX

MEXI'LLA, s. f. the cheek.

MEZ

ME'ZCLA, s. f. mixture, the art of mixing.

MEZCLADAME'NTE, adv jointly, in conjunction.

MEZCLADO'R, s. f. a miugler-one who mixes; also an entangler.

MEZCLADU'RA, } vid. *MEZ-*
MEZCLAMIE'NTO, } *CLA.*
MEZCLA'R, v. a. to mix, to mingle; alſo to broil, to entangle.
MEZQUINAME'NTE, adv. with miſery, covetouſly.
MEZQUINDA'D, ſ. f. miſery, covetouſneſs.
MEZQUI'NO, ſ. m. a miſer, a covetous perſon.
MEZQUI'TA, ſ. f. a moſque, or Mahometan church.

MIA

MI, *MI'A*, *MI'O*, mine, uſed as in Engliſh, my, or mine; thus *mi cáſa*, my houſe; *mi mugér*, my wife. But when the queſtion is asked, who is this? the anſwer is, *mio*, or *mia*, mine.
MIA'JA, ſ. m. a crumb, a little piece.

MIC

MI'CA, ſ. f. a ſhe-monkey; an ugly woman.
MICHO, ſ. m. a cat; an endearing name for a cat.
MI'CO, ſ. m. an ape.
MICROCO'SMO, ſ. m. microcoſm, little world, man.
MICROSCO'PIO, ſ. m. a miſcroſcope.

MIE

MIE'DO, ſ. m. fear.
Vivir bién deſtierra miédo, good living banishes fear.
MIE'L, ſ. m. honey.
Miél virgen, virgin-honey.
Miél roſáda, honey of roſes.
Miél ſóbre hojuélas, honey upon pancakes; metaph. one good luck upon the back of another.
Prov. *Hacéos miél, y coméros han moſcas*, turn honey, and the flies will eat you; that is, if you are too ſweet tempered, people will inſult you.
MIE'LGA, ſ. f. the cuttle-fiſh.
Miélga, ſ. f. a rake to rake ground with.
Miélgas, ſ. f. pl. the herb trefoil.
MIEMBRECI'TO, ſ. m. a ſmall limb or member.
MIE'MBRO, ſ. m. a limb, a member.
MIE'NTES, ſ. m. pl. an old word; ſignifying the mind or reflections.
Parár miéntes, to take notice of, to reflect on any thing.
MIE'NTRAS, adv. whilſt.
MIE'RA, ſ. f. oil of juniper.
MIE'RCOLES, ſ. m. Wedneſday.
Miercoles corvillo, Aſh-Wedneſday.
Miércolos de cenìza, idem.
MIE'RDA, ſ. f. turd, dung, ordure.
MIERLA, ſ. f. vide *MERLA.*
MIE'Z, ſ. m. harveſt.

MIG

MI'GA, ſ. m. a crumb.
MI'GAS, a diſh ſo called.
MIGA'JA, ſ. f. a bit, a crumb; a ſmall portion or ſhare of any great thing that is to be divided.
MIGAJA'DA, ſ. f. a ſmall bit.
MIGAJO'N, ſ. m. a great piece of the crumb of bread without cruſt.
MIGAJUE'LA, a little bit.
MIGA'R, v. a. to crumble bread.
MIGRATO'RIO, adj. paſſing, moving from one place to another.

MIJ

MI'JO, ſ. m. the grain called millet.
Mijo del ſol, the herb groundſel.

MIL

MIL, ſ. m. a thouſand.
Mil véces, a thouſand times.
MILAGRE'RO, ſ. m. the perſon who eaſily believes miracles.
MILA'GRO, ſ. m. a miracle.
Prov. *Hágaſe el milágro, y hágalo el diabló*, ſo the miracle be wrought, no matter if the devil do it.
MILA'GROSAME'NTE, adv. miraculouſly.
MILAGRO'SO, adj. miraculous.
MILANE'S, ſ. m. in cant, a piſtol.
MILA'NO, ſ. m. a kite.
Milános, pl. ſo children call the flowers of thiſtles which fly about when blown upon.
MILE'NTA, ſ. f. a thouſand. Vulgar.
MILE'RO, ſ. m. a bird called a titmouſe.
MILE'SIMO, adj. thouſandth.
MILI'CIA, ſ. f. warfare; alſo the militia.
MILICIA'NO, adj. of, or belonging to the militia.
MILITA'R, v. n. to ſerve as a ſoldier.
MILITA'L, adj. of, or belonging to ſoldiery or warfare.
MI'LITE, ſ. m. a ſoldier.
MILITA'NTE, adj. militant, ſerving as a ſoldier.
Igléſia militánte, the church militant, the church of God upon earth that fights under his banner.
MILITARME'NTE, adv. according to military diſcipline.
MI'LITE, ſ. m. a ſoldier.
MI'LLA, ſ. f. a mile, a thouſand paces.
MI'LLAR, ſ. m. a thouſand; alſo between three and four pounds or cocoa.
MILLARA'DA, ſ. f. the quantity of one thouſand of any thing.
MILLO'N, ſ. m. a million, then hundred thouſand.

MIM

MIMA'R, v. a. to coax, to flatter, to wheedle.
MIMBRA'L, ſ. m. a place where oziers grow.
MIMBRE, ſ. m. ozier.
MIMBREA'R, v. n. to work with oziers.
MIMBRE'RA, ſ. f. the place in which oziers grow.
MIMBRERA'L, ſ. m. the ſtock on which oziers grow, or the place where they grow.
MIMBRO'SO, adj. that is built with oziers.
MI'MO, ſ. m. a jeſter, a mimick.

MIMO'SO, adj. coy, affected, mimick.

M I N

MI'NA, f. f. a mine dug under ground, either to undermine a place, or to dig out metal.
Mina mayór, in cant gold.
Mina menór, in cant, silver.
Mina lúdia, in cant, copper.
MINADO'R, f. m. a miner.
MINA'R, v. a. to undermine.
Mináſe, v. r. in cant, to be gone.
MINE'RA, f. f. } what is the
MINE'RO, f. m. } vein of metal in the mine.
MINERA'L, f. m. mineral dug out of a mine.
Minéro, a miner.
MINIATU'RA, f. f. miniature, painting in little.
MI'NIMO, adj. the leaſt.
Mínimo, f. m. a friar of the religious order of the Minimes who never eat fleſh.
MI'NIO, f. m. vermillion.
MINISTE'RIO, f. m. miniſtry, ſervice, diſcharge of duty.
MINISTRA'R, v. a. to ſerve, to attend.
MINISTRI'L, f. m. a minſtril, a muſician.
MINI'STRO, f. m. a miniſter, an officer, a ſervant.
MINORA'R, v. a. to leſſen.
MINORATI'VO, adj. that ſhortens or leſſens any thing.
MINORIDA'D, f. f. minority.
MINOTAU'RO, f. m. a minotaure, feigned by poets to be half man and half bull.
MINTRO'SO, adj. obſ. that tells lies.
MINU'CIAS, f. f. pl. a ſort of ſmall tithes of fruit; trifles.
MINU'SCULA, f. f. ſmall letter.
MINU'TA, f. f. a minute in writing; alſo a pocket-book or memorandum, a minute-book.
MINUTA'R, v. a. to make minutes of any thing.
MINU'TO, f. m. a minute.
MINU'TO, adj. minute, ſmall, very little.

M I Ñ

MIÑA'RSE, v. r. in cant, to go away, to remove.

M I O

MI'O, pron. poſſ. mine.

Prov. *Lo mío, mío, y lo túyo de entrámbos*, what is mine is my own, and what is yours is for both of us.

M I R

MI'RA, f. f. the aim of a gun; alſo intention, deſign.
Miras de proa, a ſea term; the chaſeguns, two guns in the forepart of the ship fired upon thoſe that are purſued.
Eſtár a la mira, to be in ſight or looking on, to obſerve with particular care.
Poner la mira, to aim at one thing, to endeavour to get it.
MIRABE'L, f. m. a ſort of yellow honey-ſuckle.
MIRA'BLE, adj. wonderful, admirable.
MIRABOLA'NO, f. m. the mirabolan; a medicinal fruit ſo called.
MIRACULOSAME'NTE, adv. miraculouſly, wonderfully.
MIRACULO'SO, adj. wonderful, miraculous.
MIRA'DA, f. f. a look, a view, a caſt of the eyes over a thing.
MIRADE'RO, f. m. a place to look out at.
MIRA'DO, adj. alſo conſiderate.
Hómbre mirádo, a man that conſiders what he does.
MIRADO'R, f. m. the leads, or a turret on the top of a houſe; a balcony to look about.
MIRADU'RA, f. f. the action of looking.
MIRA'GLO, f. m. obſ. v. *MILAGRO*.
MIRAMAMOLI'N, f. m. the title given by the Moors to their great emperors.
MIRAMIE'NTO, f. m. regard, conſideration, reflection.

MIRA'R, v. a. to look, to behold, to regard, to obſerve, to conſider.
Mirár al través, to ſquint, to caſt a ſide look.
Mirár por encíma, to look at any thing without attention.
Mirárſe a los piés, is for one to know his defects.
Mirárſe en alguno, to love one, to cheriſh him.
Mirár ſobre hombro, to look with contempt or anger.
Mirár de hito en hito, to look directly and ſtedfaſtly on a thing.

Prov. *Quien adelánte no mira atrás ſe halla*, he who does not look before him, finds himſelf behind; that is, if a man has not a a forecaſt, he will fail in his buſineſs, and be behindhand.
MIRASO'L, f. m. the ſun-flower.
MIRIÑA'QUE, f. m. moveable goods of ſmall value.
MI'RLA, f. f. a black-bird; but, in cant, an ear.
MIRLA'DO, adj. preciſe, formal.
MIRLAMIE'NTO, f. m. greavity, formality, preciſeneſs.
MIRLA'RSE, v. r. to draw up the mouth, to be formal, to play the hypocrite, to be grave.
Mirlárſe, v. r. to affect gravity in words or actions.
MI'RLO, f. m. a gravity and affectation in the face; alſo a blackbird.
MIRO'N, f. m. a looker on, eſpecially uſed for lookers on at play.
MIRRAU'STE, f. m. a ſort of ſauce made of pounded almonds for boiled fowl.
MIRUE'DANOS, f. m. pl. ſtrawberries.

M I S

MISCELA'NEA, f. f. a miſcellany.
MISERA'BLE, adj. miſerable, covetous, wretched.
MISERABLEME'NTE, adv. miſerably, covetouſly, wretchedly.
MISERAME'NTE, adv. wretchedly, miſerably.

MI'XTO, adj. mixed, mingled.
MISERE'RE, f. m. the proceffion in which is fung the pfalm. *Miferere mei.*
MISE'RIA, f. f. mifery, wretchednefs, covetoufnefs.
MISERICO'RDIA, f. f. mercy, pity, compaffion.
MISERICORDIOSAME'NTE, adv. mercifully.
MISERICORDIO'SO, adj. merciful.
MI'SERO, adj. miferable, wretched, covetous, poor, diftreffed.
MISE'RRIMO, adj. very wretched miferable.
MI'SMO, prep. perfonal, the fame.
MI'SSA, f. f. the mafs, the fervice in the Roman church.
Miffa rezáda, a private mafs.
Miffa mayor, high mafs.
Miffa del gállo, the mafs faid at midnight on Chriftmas Day.
Miffa del álva, the mafs faid at break of day.

Prov. *Van a miffa los zapatéros, ruégan a Dios que muéran carneros,* the shoe-makers go to mafs and pray to God that sheep may die, that fo leather may be cheap; every man prays to God for his own advantage, though is be to the detriment of another.

Prov. *Buéno es miffa miffár, y cáfa guardár*, it is good to go to mafs, and to keep houfe; that is, it is good to ferve God, but not to neglect the care of the family upon pretence of being at church all day.

Prov. *No éntra en miffa la campána y a tódos lláma*, the bell does not go to mafs, and yet it calls others; fome preach much fanctity and practife none.

Prov. *Oyr miffa y dar cebáda, no impide jornáda*, to hear mafs, and give a horfe oats, does not hinder a journey.

Prov. *No fabér de la miffa la média*, not to know half the mafs; that is, to be very ignorant.

MISSACANTA'NO, f. m. a prieft that fays his firft mafs; in cant, a cock.
MISSA'L, f. m. a miffal, a mafs book.
MISSA'RIO, f. m. a boy that ferves at mafs.
MISSIO'N, f. f. a miffion, commonly of priefts to preach and teach.
MISSIONE'RO, *MISSIONA'RIO*, f. m. a miffionary, one fent to propagate religion.
MISSI'VO, adj. miffive, fent, to be fent.
MISSI'VA, f. f. a letter.
MISTE'LA, f. f. a cordial water.

M I T

MITA'D, f. f. the moiety, the half.
MITA'N, f. m. a flight fort of Holland.
MITHRIDA'TICO, adj. belonging to mithridate.
MITHRIDA'TO, f. m. mithridate, an antidote fo called.
MITIGACIO'N, f. f. mitigation, moderation.
MITIGADO'R, f. m. affwager, pacifier.
MITIGA'R, v. a. to mitigate, to affwage, to pacify.
MITIGATI'VO, adj. that will mitigate or affwage.
MITO'TE, f. m. an Indian dance fo called.
MI'TRA, f. f. a bishop's mitre; it is alfo waggishly applied to fignify a fort of cap made of pafteboard, which they put on the heads of bawds convicted, when led to punishment by the Inquifition.
MITRA'DO, adj. wearing a mitre; faid of certain privileged abbots.

M I X

MIXTIFO'RI, f. m. a crime which the fecular or ecclefiaftical tribunal can chaftife.
MIXTILI'NEO, adj. in geometry, applied to a figure that defcribes a ftraight line and a curve on one fide.
MIXTIO'N, f. m. mixture.
MIXTU'RA, f. f. mixture; alfo bread made of feveral kinds of corn.
MIXTU'RAR, v. a. to mix, to mingle.

M I Z

MI'Z, a word ufed to call cats.
MIZ, *MI'ZO*, f. m. a cat.
Mizo, f. m. in cant, one wanting one of his limbs, or one that is left-handed.

M O A

MO'A, f. f. in cant, money.

M O B

MO'BIL, adj. moveable.
Primér mobil, the *primum mobile* of the heavens.
MOBILIDA'D, f. f. mobility.
MO'BLE, adj. vide *MOVI'BLE.*

M O C

MOÇADE'RO, f. m. an old name for a handkerchief.
MOCADO'R, f. m. a handkerchief.
MOCA'NTE, f. m. in cant, a handkerchief.
MOCARRO, f. m. fnot.
MOCEA'R, v. a. to act like young people.
MOCEDA'D, f. f. youth; an unlucky trick of youth.
MOCETO'N, f. m. a lufty young fellow.
MOCETO'NA, f. f. a lufty young wench.
MOCHA'DA, f. f. a blow given with the head.
MOCHA'R, v. a. to cut fmooth, to cut off the horns, or the like.
MOCHA'ZO, f. m. the blow given with the butt end of a musket.
MO'CHE, adv. ufed in the phrafe, *a tróche móche*, without confideration, rashly, hand over head.
MOCHE'TA, f. f. a term in architecture; the edge of any work, particularly the columns.

MOCHE'TE, f. m. the taffel of a fparrow hawk.
MOCHI'L, f. m. a boy that follows the camp.
MOCHI'LA, f. f. a fcrip, a budget, a wallet, a falfe cover of a faddle, a portmanteau.
Mochila de gráno, the husk of a feed in fruit.
MOCHILE'RO, f. m. a boy or fervant, that carries the wallet or budget, a boy that follows the camp.
MOCHI'N, f. m. the executioner or hangman.
MO'CHO, adj. bare, fmooth.
Carnéro mócho, a sheep that has no horns, that has the horns cut.
Arból mócho, a tree without branches.
Mócho de arcabúz, the but end of a musket.
Páffe mócha por cornúda, let a beaft without horns go for one with horne. If we cannot have what we will, we muft take what we can.
MOCHUE'LO, f. m. a horn owl.
MOCIO'N, f. f. motion; alfo tendency of the mind; alfo an infpiration.
MOCI'TO, f. m. a little young lad.
MO'CO, f. m. fnot.
Mócos de herréro, the large flakes that fly off when the fmith hammers iron.
Mócó de candíl, the knob that grows on the top of the fnuff of a lamp or candle, for want of fnuffing.
Efcogído a móco de candíl, chofen by candle light; that is, carefully examined.
MOCO'SO, adj. fnotty.

M O D

MO'DA, f. f. ufe, cuftom, fashion.
MODA'L, adj. belonging to ufe, cuftom, or fashion.
MODE'LO, f. m. a model to build or do any thing by, a pattern.
MODERACIO'N, f. f. moderation.
MODERADAME'NTE, adv. moderately.
MODERA'DO, adj. moderate.
MODERADO'R, f. m. a moderator.
MODERA'R, v. a. to moderate
MODERATO'RIO, adj. which can moderate or bring into order.
MODERNAME'NTE, adv. newly, of latter times.
MODE'RNO, adj. modern, of the latter times.
MODESTAME'NTE, adv. modeftly, decently, compofedly.
MODE'STIA, f. f. modefty.
MODE'STO, adj. modeft, decent, compofed.
MODIFICACIO'N, f. f. bringing into meafure, modification.
MODIFICADO'R, f. m. the perfon who brings into meafure or compafs.
MODIFICA'R, v. a. to bring into meafure or compafs.
MODI'LLO, f. m. a particular manner.
MODILLO'N, f. m. a modillion; in architecture, a certain fupport or moulding.
MO'DIO, f. m. a bushel.
MODI'STA, f. m. the perfon who obferves and follows the new fashions.
MO'DO, f. m. the mean or manner; alfo ufed for decency, behaviour.
MODO'RRA, f. f. lethargy; alfo the dead of night when all are afleep.
Quárto de la modórra, the fecond watch in the night, being the dead of night when all people are afleep.
MODORRA'R, v. n. to be drowfy, fleepy, or lethargick.
Moderrárfe, v. r. to grow flabby and ready to rot; faid of fruits.
MODORRI'LLA, f. f. a difeafe among the sheep; alfo the third watch of the night.
MODO'RRO, f. m. one that has a lethargy; a flow, heavy, foolish fellow.
MODRE'GO, f. m. a dunce, a block head, a dull fellow.
MODULACIO'N, f. f. fweetnefs, an agreeable harmony in the voice or inftrument.
MODULA'R, v. n. to fing with harmony.
MO'DULO, f. m a module, a term in architecture, fignifying a part or quantity by which to calculate, adjuft, and compofe the reft of the members of an order.
MODU'RRIA, f. f. folly, ignorance.

M O E

MOE'DA, f. f. an old grove of oaks, a foreft.

M O F

MO'FA, f. f. fcoff, jeer, mock, mockery.
MOFADO'R, a fcoffing jeering perfon.
MOFADU'RA, f. f. a mocking or jeering.
MOFA'R, v. a. to fcoff, to mock, to jeer.
MOFLE'TES, f. m. pl. puffed up cheeks.

M O G

MO'GA, f. f. in cant, money.
MOGA'TE, f. m. a coarfe fort of glazing upon earthen ware.
Hacér úna cófa de médio mogáte, to do a thing by halves; taken from the pans which are glazed only within, and not without, which they call *médio mogáto*, or half glazing.
MOGA'TO, f. m. vide *MOGIGA'TO*.
MO'GE, f. m. broth of any kind.
MOGE'LES, f. f. pl. on board ships, certain boxes fo called.
MOGICO'N, f. m. a fift clenched; a box on the ear.
MOGIGA'NGA, f. f. a Jack-pudding, any ridiculous perfon or feaft.
MOGIGA'TO, f. m. a fly knave, like a cat, who, when you fpeak lovingly to her, cringes, and, when you leaft think of it, claws you.
MOGOLLO'N, f. m. a lump, a clod, a shapelefs piece; alfo a fpunger, an interloper.

Comer de mogollón, to ſpunge upon others.

MOGO'TES, ſ. m. pl. the horns of a young deer ſprouting out.

MOGRO'LLO, ſ. m. who eats and drinks at the expence of others; adject, uſed, unpolite uncivil.

MOH

MOHA'DA, ſ. f. moſſineſs, mouldineſs.

MOHARRA'CHE, } ſ. m. one
MOHARRA'CHO, } who is diſguiſed in a ridiculous dreſs, and under that figure goes about joking upon every body, and telling them their faults.

MOHA'TRA, ſ. f. is a cheating way of ſelling goods upon truſt for much more than the value; and having one ready to buy them again much under the real value; any extorſion in uſury; it is alſo pawnbroking.

MOHATRA'R, v. a. to ſell above price and buy under; to uſe extortion; to take pawns.

MOHATRE'RO, ſ. m. an extortioner that buys and ſells; a pawnbroker.

MOHECE'R, v. n. to grow mouldy, to be covered with moſs.

MOHI'NA, ſ. f. a mule that has all the face and muzzle black, and has jadiſh tricks; alſo fretfulneſs, peeviſhneſs, anger, diſguſt.

MOHINDA'D, ſ. f. peeviſhneſs, fret-fulneſs, anger.

MOHINI'LLO, adj. ſomewhat peeviſh or fretful.

MOHI'NO, adj. peeviſh, fretful, out of humour; with a black face and muzzle.

MO'HO, ſ. m. mouldineſs, ruſt of iron or any other metal; alſo moſs that grows upon trees, rocks, walls, or the like.

MOHO'SO adj. mouldy, covered with moſs; alſo ruſty.

MOJ

MOJA'DA, ſ. f. the act of wetting or ſoaking.

MOJADU'RA, ſ. f. a wetting.

MOJA'MA, ſ. f. the fleſh of the tunny-fiſh ſalted and dried.

MOJA'R, v. a. to wet, to dip into.

Mojár en la ſálſa, to dip in the ſauce.

MOJARRI'LLA, ſ. m. the perſon who is always jeſting and in a good humour.

MOJO'N, ſ. m. a land-mark. Ironically, a fancy, a gueſs.

MAJO'NA, ſ. f. a tribute or tax paid by the meaſure which is called *mojóna*, from whence is takes its name.

Mojóna, a meaſure in Caſtile, uſed both for liquids and dry things.

MOJONA'R, v. a. to ſet land-marks.

MOJONE'RA, ſ. f. the place where the land-mark ſtands.

MOJONE'RO, ſ. m. a ſort of an exciſeman or cuſtom-houſe officer.

MOL

MO'LA, ſ. f. a fleſhy, and ſometimes a ſpungy ſubſtance, without bones or bowels; often black like concrete blood, and ſometimes hard, naturally brought into the world inſtead of a *fœtus*.

MOLA'DA, ſ. f. the quantity of colour; ground at one time.

MOLAMATRI'Z, ſ. f. vide *MO'LA*.

MOLA'R, adj. of, or belonging to a mill-ſtone.

MOLDA'R, } v. a. to caſt in
MOLDEA'R, } a mould.

MO'LDE, ſ. m. a mould to caſt any figure in.

Libro de mólde, a printed book.

Venir de mólde, to fit as if it had been caſt in a mould.

MOLDEA'R, v. a. vide *MOLDA'R*.

MOLDU'RAS, ſ. f. pl. joiners or maſons work.

MO'LE, ſ. f. a maſs, a lump, a confuſed heap.

MOLE, adj. ſoft, ſmooth.

MOLEBU'TO, ſ. f. the fiſh called a lump.

MOLEDO'R, ſ. m. a grinder; a troubleſome perſon.

MOLEDU'RA, ſ. f. a grinding.

MOLENDE'RO, ſ. m, a grinder; the man who makes the chocolate or grinds the cocoa.

MOLE'R, v. a. to grind; alſo to chew.

Molér, to moleſt, to trouble with long ſpeeches.

Molér en almiréz, to pound in a mortar.

Molér a úno, to beat a man till his bones are bruiſed, to tire and plague a man with impertinence.

MOLESTADO'R, ſ. m. a troubleſome perſon.

MOLESTAME'NTE, adv. troubleſomely.

MOLESTA'R, v. a. to moleſt, to trouble.

MOLE'STIA, ſ. f. trouble, diſquiet, pain, grief.

MOLE'STO, adj. troubleſome.

MOLE'TA, ſ. f. a ſtone to grind colours on.

MOLI'CIE, ſ. f. ſofteneſs; effeminacy.

MOLIE'NDA, ſ. f. griſt; any thing to be ground.

Moliénte y corriénte, ſaid of a mill that is in good caſe to grind, the water running, the ſails going in good order, and no way defective.

MOLIFICA'R, v. a. to mollify, to ſoften.

MOLIMIE'NTO, ſ. m. grinding, pounding; wearineſs.

MOLINE'JO, ſ. m. a little mill.

MOLINE'RA, ſ. f. a miller's wife.

MOLINE'RO, ſ. m. a miller.

MOLINE'TE, ſ. m. the capſtan of a ship, which ſerves principally to hoiſt anchor.

Molinéte, ſ. m. a little mill, a coffeemill, &c.

MOLINI'LLO, ſ. m. a little mill, a chocolate-mill.

MOLI'NO, ſ. m. a mill.

Molino, in cant, torment.

Molino de viénto, a wind-mill.

Molino de ſangre, the mill moved by men or beaſts.

MO'LLA, ſ. f. the crumb of bread.

MOLLA'R, adj. ſoft, tender; eaſy to be deceived.

MOLLEA'R, v. a. y n. to grow ſoft, to deſiſt, to give over.

MOLLE'DO, ſ. m. the crumb or

ſoft

soft part of the bread; also any brawny fleshy part.

Mollédo del brázo, the brawn of the arm.

MOLLE'JA, f. f. the sweet-bread of a beast; also the gizzard of a fowl.

MOLLEJO'N, f. m. augm. of *mollèja*, a fat lazy fellow.

MOLLEJUE'LA, f. f. a little kernel in the flesh.

MOLLENTA'R, v. a. to soften.

MOLLE'RA, f. f. the mould of the head, the part between the forehead, temples and crown.

Poner sal en la molléra, to correct any one's folly or simplicity, as to bring him to a sense of his duty.

Sér duro de molléra, to be strong-headed, obstinate, stubborn.

Tener yà dura la molléra, to be too old to be taught.

MOLLERO'N, f. m. in cant, a head-piece.

MOLLE'TAS, f. f. pl. a pair of snuffers, nippers used to snuff lamps.

MOLLE'TE, f. m. manchet, fine small white bread; fat cheeks.

MOLLE'ZA, f. f. softness; effeminacy.

MOLLI'CIO, adj. soft, tender.

MOLLI'NA, f. f. a mizzle, a soft shower of rain.

MOLLIZNA'R, } v. n. to rain
MOLLIZNE'AR, } softly and small.

MOLO'NDRO, } f. m. a dull
MOLONDRO'N, } heavy fellow, good for nothing.

MOLO'SSO, f. m. a foot in Latin poetry consisting of three long syllables.

MOLTU'RA, f. f. vide *MAQUI'LA*.

M O M

MOMARRA'CHE, f. m. he who is disguised in a ridiculous or hideous habit, goes about joking upon every body, and telling them their faults.

MOMENTANEAME'NTE, adv. every moment.

MOMENTA'NEO, adj. momentary, that lasts but a moment.

MOME'NTO, f. m. moment, instant of time; also consequence, importance, weight, value.

Moménto, force, impulsive weight.

MOMERI'A, f. f. mumming, in masquerade; also mummery, entertainment in which maskers play frolicks.

MO'MIO, adj. as, *cárne mómia*, mummy, human flesh dried up; thence taken for any lump of lean flesh.

MOMO, f. m. an antick, a ridiculous gesticulation, a comical trick.

Hacerce momo, to hold all stakes.

Ser momo, to act as if one was above all.

MOMPERA'DA, adj. fine, shining, well calendered; said of a particular sort of linen.

M O N

MO'NA, f. f. a she monkey.

Móna triste, or *móna alégre*, a merry, or a sad monkey; so they call a man that is merry or sad when in drink, because some monkeys are so upon like occasions.

Prov. *Aunque la móna se vista de séda, móna se quéda*, though a monkey put on silk clothes, she is still a monkey, A hog in armour is still but a hog.

MONACHA'L, adj. belonging to a monk.

MONACHA'TO, f. m. the institution of monks.

MONACHI'SMO, f. m. the profession or order of a monk; monachism, the state of monks, the monastick life.

MONACHO'RDIO, f. m. a musical instrument that has but one string.

MONACI'LLO, f. m. an acolyte, a boy kept to serve at the altar; a boy bred by monks, a little monk.

MONA'DA, f. f. a foolish gesture, a ridiculous action.

MO'NAGO, f. m. a monk.

MONAGUI'LLO, f. m. diminutive of *mónago*, the same as *monacillo*.

MONA'RCHA, f. m. a monarch.

MONARCHI'A, f. f. a monarchy.

MONA'RCHICO, adj. belonging to a monarch or monarchy.

MONA'STE'RIO, f. m. a monastery, a house of religious people, whether men or women.

MONA'STICO, adj. monastick belonging to monks or to a monastery.

MO'NDA, f. f. the bits of twigs, that are cut of in pruning.

MONDADIE'NTES, f. m. a toothpicker.

MONDADU'RAS, f. f. pl. pickings, parings; cleansings.

MONDAORE'JAS, f. f. an ear-picker.

MONDA'R, v. a. to pick, to cull, to pare, to cleanse.

MONDE'JO, f. m. a sort of forced-meat made of the paunch of a hog or sheep.

MO'NDO, adj. clean, peeled, pared naked, bare.

MONDO'NGA, f. f. a name given to the servants of the queen's ladies.

MONDO'NGO, f. m. hogs puddings.

MONDONGONIZA'R, v. n. to make hogs puddings.

MONDONGUE'RO, f. m. a man that makes or sells hogs puddings.

MONDONGUI'L, adj. of, or belonging to hogs puddings.

MONE'DA, f. f. money, coin of any sort.

Monéda forèra, a duty, or tax paid every seven years, as an acknowledgment of the king's regal authority.

Monéda de bellón, brass money; small change.

Monéda négra, a base sort of coin they had formerly with much mixture of brass among the silver.

Monéda blánca, silver coin.

Monéda corriente, current coin.

Monéda fálsa, false money.

MONEDA'R, } v. a. to coin
MONEDEA'R, } or mint money.

MONEDE'RO, s. m. a coiner of money.
MONERI'A, s. f. a monkey trick.
MONE'SCO, adj. of, or belonging, or like to a monkey.
MONETA'RIO, s. m. a place where all the ancient coins are kept.
MONFI'ES, s. m. pl. robbers on the hills or mountains.
MO'NGE, s. m. a monk.
MONGI'A, s. f. a monastery.
MONGI'L, s. m. a sort of mourning weed for a woman; also the habit of any nun.
Mongil, s. m. the estate or condition of a nun.
Mongil altibáxo, a long woman's gown or garment all of a piece.
MONGI'O, s. m. the state and condition of nuns.
MO'NJA, s. f. a nun.
MONICIO'N, s. f. advice; ban or publication of matrimony.
MONJE, s. m. vide *MO'NGE*.
MONIGO'TE, s. m. a name given to the lay friars by the common people.
MONI'LLO, s. m. a little monkey.
Monillo, a kind of woman's doublet without sleeves or lappets.
MONIPO'DIO, s. m. conspiracy, plot.
MONIPO'LIO, s. m. monopoly, the ingrossing of a commodity to sell out as one pleases.
MONI'S, s. f. a kind of paste made of eggs and sugar as the biskets are done; also any nice little thing.
MONI'TO, s. m. a little paste.
MONITO'R, s. m. a monitor who admonishes.
MONITO'RIA, s. f. a letter of admonition.
MONITO'RIO, adj. advising, calling.
MO'NO, s. m. an he ape.
Móno, adj. polite, refined, delicate.
MONOCERO'TE, s. m. a beast like a horse of a red colour; some take it for an unicorn.
MONO'CULO, adj. that has but one eye.
MONOMA'CHIA, s. f. a single combat.
MONOPA'STOS, s. f. a pulley with one wheel in it.
MONOPO'LIO, s. m. monopolizing; also an agreement among merchants for selling any commodity at a high rate.
MONO'STROPHE, s. f. a song containing but one stanza.
MONOSYLA'BO, adj. monosyllable, having only one syllable.
MONSEñO'R, s. m. a tittle of honour given to prelates in Italy, newly introduced into Spain.
MONSI'UR, s. m. sir.
MO'NSTRUO, s. m. a monster.
MONSTRUOSAME'NTE, adv. monstrously.
MONSTRUOSIDA'D, s. f. monstrousness.
MONSTRUO'SO, adj. monstrous.
MO'NTA, s. f. amount in rekoning.
Mónta, the intrinsick value of any thing.
MONTADE'RO, } s. m. the per-
MONTADO'R, } son who mounts a horse.
Montadór, s. m. a horse-block.
MONTADU'RA, s. f. the necessary preparation for the cavalry.
MONTAGES, s. m. pl. gun-carriages.
MONTA'ñA, s. f. a mountain.
Montáña de pinos, in cant a bawdy-house.
MONTANE'RA, s. f. small acorn, such as hogs feed on.
MONTAñE'RO, } s. m. a mo-
MONTAñE'S, } untaineer, a man or any other thing of the mountain; an highlander.
Montañés, adj. mountainous, wild.
Prov. *El montañés por defendér úna necedád dice tres*, the mountaineer to defend one foolish saying, says three more.
MONTAñE'TA, s. f. a little mountain.
MONTA'ñO, adj. hilly, mountainous, full of mountains.
MONTAñO'SO, adj. mountainous, hilly.
MONTANTA'DA, s. f. boast, brag; also a multitude.
MONTA'NTE, s. m. a two-handed sword.
MONTANTEA'R, v. a. to govern or manage the two-handed sword; also to play the bully, to boast.
MONTANTE'RO, s. m. the person armed with the two-handed sword.
MONTAñUE'LA, s. f. a hill, a little mountain.
MO'NTA'R, v. n. to amount in reckoning; also to mount an horse.
Montár la púnta, to weather the cape; a sea term.
Montár la guárda, or *la trinchéra*, to mount the guard or the trenches; a military term.
Prov. *Tánto mònta córtar, cómo desatàr*, cutting is as good as untying.
MONTARA'Z, adj. mountaineer, that lives on the mountains; that belongs to the mountains, wild.
MONTA'S, adv. indeed, although.
MONTAZGA'R, v. n. to pay the duty to the king for the passing of the flocks of cattle from one place to another.
MONTA'ZGO, s. m. a duty paid to the king for the passing of the flocks of cattle.
MO'NTE, s. m. a hill, a mountain, a wood.
Hombre de mónte y ribéra, a man fit for any thing.
Andár de mónte, to live like an out-law absconding on the mountains.
Prov. *De mónte málo, si quiéra un pálo*, of an ill wood, take, though it be but one stick; that is, get what you can, though ever so little, of an ill man or a miser.
Mónte de piedad, so they call a charitable institution, where they lend money to those that are in want, without any interest, only leaving a pawn to the value.
MONTE'A, s. f. the draught or sketch an architect makes on paper of the structure he is to build; the cutting of stones in order to make an arch.
MONTEA'R, v. a. to hunt wild beasts on the mountains; to m[illegible] a draught or sketch of any structure.

MONTECI'LLO, f. m. a little mountain.
MONTE'RA, f. f. a cap, fuch as hunters or countrymen wear.
MONTERE'RO, f. m. one who makes the hunters caps.
MONTERE'Y, f. m. a kind of pie fo called.
MONTERI'A, f. f. hunting of noble game, as wild boars, ftags, &c.
MONTE'RO, f. m. a huntfman.
Montéros de Efpinofa, a particular guard the king of Spain has, all of one family or rather a family of gentlemen, who have the honour to be about his perfon, and to lie in the next room to him, on account that one of their predeceffors, who was the king's huntfman, and born in the town of Efpinofa, faved the king's life.
MONTE'S, adj. living in the mountains.
Gato montes, a wild cat.
MONTE'SA, adj. fem. the appellative of a certain order of knights.
MONTESI'NO, adj. of, or belonging to the mountain.
MONTO, f. m. vide *MONTA*.
MONTO'N, f. m. a heap, a pile.
Montón de léña, a wood-pile.
Montón de héno, a ftack of hay.
Prov. *Que montón de trigo, fi no eftavieffe comido!* what a heap of corn, if it were not eaten! When a man looks back upon what he might have had, if he had not wafted it.
MONTONCI'LLO, f. m. a little heap.
MONTUO'SO, adj. hilly, mountainous.
MONTURA, f. f. the allotting or chufing out fuch horfes or mules as are to go poft.
MONUME'NTO, f. m. a monument, a tomb; particularly ufed for the fepulchre fet up in churches on Maunday-Thurfday, in memory of our Saviour's fepulchre.
MONZO'N, f. m. a fea term, the tradewinds, which at one feafon of the year blow conftantly one way.

M O Ñ

MO'ÑA, f. f. the artificial figure of a woman reprefenting the fashions; vulgarly, drunkennefs.
MO'ÑO, f. m. the knot that binds up the hair of a woman; alfo the creft of any bird.
Móño, an ornament of falfe hair women wore formerly on their heads, fticking out on both fides the face; whence *páta de móño*, one of thofe fticking out wings of it.
MO'ÑUDO, adj. that has the *móño*.

M O Q

MOQUEA'R, v. n. to blow out fnot.
MOQUE'RO, f. m. the handkerchief with which the nofe is wiped.
MOQUE'TE, f. m. a blow with the fift upon the nofe.
MOQUETEA'R, v. a. to blow out fnot.
Moqueteár, to ftrike in the face with the fift.
MOQUE'TERO, adj. fnotty.
MOQUI'LLO, f. m. diminutive of *moco*; alfo the pip in poultry.
MOQUI'TA, f. f. the drop that hangs atthe nofe in winter.
MOQUI'TO, f. m. a little fnot.

M O R

MO'RA; f. f. a mulberry; alfo delay.
Móra, the herb nightshade, or death's herb.
MORABI'TO, f. m. a Moorish eremite or anchorite, or religious man.
MORA'CHO, adj. blush, violet coloured.
MORA'DA, f. f. a dwelling-place.
MORADI'LLA, f. f. a little dwelling-place.
MORA'DO, adj. purple.
MORADO'R f. m. a dweller, an inhabitant.
MORA'L, f. m. a mulberry-tree.
MORA'L, adj. moral.
MORALIDA'D, f. f. morality.
MORALE'JA, f. f. a moral doctrine or inftruction.
MORALI'STA, f. m. a profeffor of morality.
MORALIZA'R, v. n. to moralize.
MORALME'NTE, adv. morally.
MORA'NZA, f. f. obf. vide *MORADA*.
MORA'R, v. n. to dwell, to inhabit.
MORATO'RIA, f. f. a protracting, prolonging, or delaying of fentence by the king, &c.
MORBIDE'Z, f. f. foftnefs.
MO'RBIDO, adj. weak, infirm, fickly.
MO'RBO, f. m. difeafe, ficknefs.
Mórbo cadúco, the falling-ficknefs.
Mórbo Gallico, the pox, the French difeafe.
MORBO'SO, adj. fick, infirm.
MORCE'LLA, f. f. a fpark of fire from the candle.
MORCI'LLA, f. f. a hog's pudding.
MORCILLE'RO, f. m. a man that makes or fells black puddings.
MORCI'LLO, f. m. the brawny part of a man's arm or leg.
Morcíllo cabállo, a black horfe.
MORCO'N, f. m. a great pudding made of the large gut that is clofe at one end; any mishapen great lump, or a great fat unwieldy fellow.
MORDACIDA'D, f. f. mordacity, biting language.
MORDA'NTE, f. m. a tool ufed in printing.
MORDA'Z, adj. corrofive, acrimonious; rough to the palate; mordacious, biting in words, fatirical.
MORDA'ZA, f. f. a gag for the mouth.
MORDAZME'NTE, adv. railingly, sharply.
MORDEDO'R, f. m. a biter.
MORDEDU'RA, f. f. the bite of a dog or other creature.
MORDE'R, v. a. to bite.
Hacér a úno mordér en el ájo, to make a man bite the garlick, to fret, vex, or perplex one.
MORDICACIO'N, f. f. the pricking or pain arifing from a bite.

MORDICA'R, v. a. to bite, to nibble.
MORDIENTES, f. f. pl. in cant, sciffars.
MORDIHUI', f. m. a small insect so called.
MORDIMIE'NTO, f. m. a bite of a dog or any other creature.
MORDISCA'R, v. a. to nibble as fish do at a bait.
MORDI'SCO, f. m. a biting or nibbling of a bait, as fish do.
MORDI'CON, f. m. the same.
MORE'L, adj. a dark brown colour.
MORE'NA, f. f. a brown loaf.
Moréna, in Don Quixote I think it means a sword, that Moors are killed with.
MORENI'LLO, } adj. of a brown
MORENITO, } colour.
MORE'NO, adj. brown of a dark colour.
MORE'RA, f. f. a mulberry-tree.
MORERI'A, f. f. the Moors quarter, where formerly the Moors lived.
MORFE'X, f. m. a water-fowl so called.
MORIBU'NDO, adj. ready to die.
MORIGERACI'ON, f. f. moderation in living.
MORIGERA'R, v. a. to give good breeding, to make submissive, to humour.
MORI'LLO, f. m. a little Moor; also an andiron for a chimney.
MORI'R, v. n. to die.
MORI'SCO, f. m. a man descended from Moors, or converted from them.
MORI'SMA, f. f. a multitude of Moors; the Moorish religion.
MORISQUE'TA, f. f. a fraud, a trick, a deceit.
MORLA'CO, adj. that affects folly and ignorance.
MORLE'S, f. m. a sort of linen so called.
MORLO'N, adj. vide *MORLA'CO*.
MORMU'LLO, f. m. a murmuring noise, the noise of many people talking, or of water running.
MORMURA'R, v. n. vide *MURMURA'R*.
MO'RO, f. m. a Moor, a native of Africa.
Moro, adj. that has no water in it; said of wine.
MOROCA'DA, f. f. a blow given by the sheep with the head.
MORO'N, f. m. a little hillock.
MORONDA'NGA, f. f. an heap of rubbish or useless things.
MORO'NDO, adj. bald or bare, as a man without hair, and a tree without leaves.
MORONI'A, f. f. vide *ALBORONI'A*.
MOROSAME'NTE, adv. slowly, heavily.
MOROSIDA'D, f. f. morosenefs; also slowness.
MORO'SO, adj. slow, heavy, dull: also morose, or ill-natured.
MORQUE'RA, f. f. the herb thyme.
MO'RRA, f. f. the upper part of the head.
Morra, f. f. a game made with the fingers, what the Romans called *micare digitis*.
MORRA'DA, f. f. a blow on the head.
MORRA'L, f. m. a little sack or bag tied to the horse's head, out of which he eats his corn; also a muzzle.
MORRA'LLA, f. f. a heap of rubbish.
MORRI'LLO, f. m. a round small stone, or any little round thing.
MORRI'ÑA, f. f. mortality among cattle; also melancholy.
MORRIO'N, f. m. a head-piece, a morrion.
MO'RRO, adj. that mews or purs like a cat.
Mórro, f. m. a great rock in the sea; also the poll of the head.
Baxár el mórro, to bow down one's head; metaph. to subit, or to consider.
MORRO'N, f. m. a great rock.
MORRO'NCHO, adj. tame, tractable.
MORRU'DO, adj. that has a snout.
MORTA'JA, f. f. a shrowd for a dead body.
Prov. *A los muértos la mortája, a los vivos la hogáza*, the shrowd for the dead, and the loaf for the living.
MORTA'L, adj. one term. mortal, deadly, at death's door.
MORTALIDA'D, f. f. mortality, being subject to death.
MORTALME'NTE, adv. deadly, mortally.
MORTANDA'D, f. f. a great slaughter in battle or destruction of people by sicknefs; also a plague.
MORTECI'NO, adj. that dies of itself.
MORTERA'DA, f. f. a fauce so called.
MORTE'RETE, f. m. a very small sort of cannon.
MORTE'RO, f. m. a stone morter to pound any thing in; a mortar used in war to cast bombs.
MORTERUE'LO, f. m. a small sort of instrument like a morar, with a hand or pestle, which boys use to play upon to make a noise.
Morteruélos, a hog's liver dissolved with hog's lard, salt, pepper, cloves, and coriander-seed; then baked till it consolidates.
MORTICI'NIO, f. m. carrion, a dead carcase.
MORTI'FERO, adj. deadly, mortal, that causes death.
MORTIFICACI'ON, f. f. mortification; also the act of subduing the body by hardships and maceration; any vexation or trouble.
MORTIFICA'R, v. a. to mortify.
MORTUO'RIO, f. m. a burial, a funeral.
MORTUE'CO, f. m. a ram that serves the whole flock.
MORU'LA, f. f. dimin. of *móra*, a little delay.
MORU'SA, f. f. money. Burlesque.

M O S

MOSAI'CO, adj. Mosaick, a curious inlaying.
Mosáico, belonging to Moses.
MO'SCA, f. f. a fly.
Mósca de burro, a stupid lumpish person.
Estár con mósca, to be in trouble and pain.

Mósca en leche, a fly in the milk; so they call a brown complexioned woman in a white dress.

Mósca muerta, an humble cunning fellow.

Móscas blancas, snow.

Andár cómo móscas a la miél, to flock like flies about honey; that is, to attend or be diligent for one's profit.

MOSCA'DA, s. f. a nutmeg.

MOSCA'RDA, s. f. a horse-fly, a wasp.

MOSCARDO'N, s. m. augment. of *moscarda*.

MOSCARE'TA, s. f. a small bird who lives upon flies.

MOSCATE'L, adj. muscadine; as, *vino moscatel*, muscadine wine; *uvas moscatéles*, muscadine grapes.

MOSCE'LLA, s. f. a spark of fire; a word little used.

MOSCHI'NO, *MOSCHI'L*, } adj. of, or belonging to a fly.

MOSC'ON, s. m. a great fly.

MOSQUEADO'R, s. m. a flap to kill flies.

MOSQUEA'R, v. a. to drive away flies with a fly-flap.

Mosqueárse, v. r. to drive away one's embarrassements, to keep others from giving us trouble.

MOSQUE'O, s. m. a driving away of flies; also a whipping by the minister of justice.

MOSQUE'RO, s. m. a bough or any thing hanged for the flies to settle on.

MOSQUERUE'LA, s. f. a kind of sweet-scented pear.

MOSQUE'TA, s. m. a musk-flower, a rose.

Mosquetáda clavellina, a musk gilliflower.

MOSQUETA'ZO, s. m. a musquetshot.

MOSQUE'TE, s. m. a musquet, a match-lock.

MOSQUETERI'A, s. f. the body of musqueteers.

MOSQUETERI'L, adj. belonging to the musqueteers.

MOSQUETE'RO, s. m. a musqueteer.

Mosquetéro, he who stands in the pit for want of a seat.

MOSQUITE'RO, s. m. a covering for a bed made of some thin stuff to keep off the gnats.

MOSQUI'TO, s. m. a gnat.

MOSTA, s. f. vide *ALMOSTA*.

MOSTA'CHO, s. m. whisker, the beard grown long on the upper lip.

MOSTACHO'N, s. m. a sort of diet-bread.

MOSTACHO'SO, adj. adorned with mustachoes or wiskers.

MOSTA'JO, s. m. little tree like a laurel.

MOSTA'ZA, s. f. mustard; also a very small kind of shot.

Hacér la mostáza, among boys, to fight till the blood runs out of their nose.

Subírse la mostáza á las narices, to fall in a great fury.

MOSTA'ZO, s. m. the mustard-seed plant.

MOSTEA'R, v. n. to distil, to make new wine.

MOSTE'LA, s. f. a bundle of vine-twigs.

MOSTELE'RA, s. f. the place where the bundles of wine-twigs are put.

MOSTI'LLO, s. m. a sort of cake made with must and spice.

MO'STO, s. m. must, new wine.

Mósto torcido, new wine from the press when hard squeezed.

Mósto de tintin, wine that runs from the grapes with light pressing.

MOSTRA'BLE, adj. that may be shewn.

MOSTRADO'R, s. m. a counter of a shop; the hand of a clock; one that shows.

MOSTRA'NZA, s. f. obs. vide *MUESTRA*.

MOSTRA'R, v. a. to show.

Mostrárse, v. r. to show one's self.

MOSTRE'NCO s. m. a stray, any beast that is strayed, which, if no owner appears in a year after crying, falls to the king or the lord of the manor; they give this name to a man that has no certain place of abode. It is also a misshapen man, beast, or other thing.

MOT

MO'TA, s. f. a mote, a little tuft, such as they pick out of cloth.

MOTACI'LA, s. f. the bird called a water-wagtail.

MOTA'R, v. a. in cant, to steal.

MOTAZE'N, s. m. the clerk of the market, who is to see that none but good provisions be sold; also an officer to see the streets be kept clean.

MO'TE, s. m. a motto; also reflection.

MOTEA'R, v. a. to spot with various colours.

MOTEJADO'R, s. m. one that jeers scoffs, or reflects upon another.

MOTEJA'R, v. a. to jeer, scoff, to reflect upon.

MOTE'TE, s. m. a motet, a song made for the church upon some hymn or anthem.

MOTILA'R, v. a. to shear, to poll, to crop the hair.

MOTILO'N, s. m. a lay-brother of a religious order.

MOTI'N, s. m. mutiny, uproar, insurrection.

MOTIVA'R, v. a. to give occasion, or to be a motive of doing any thing.

MOTI'VO, s. m. motive, end, design.

MOTOLI'TA, s. f. vide *AGUZANIE'VE*.

MOTOLI'TO, adj. easy to be deceived or beguiled.

MOTO'NES, s. m. pl. the pullies in a ship, in which all the ropes do run.

MOTO'R, s. m. a mover.

MOTRI'L, s. m. vide *MOCHI'L*.

MOTRI'Z, s. f. who moves.

MOTUPROPRI'O, s. m. of his own will by his own motion.

MOV

MOVEDI'ZO, adj. moveable, unstable; also untimely born.

MOVEDO'R, s. m. a mover.

MOVEDU'RA, s. f. a miscarriage, or bringing forth before time; also a moving.

MOVE'R v. a. to move, to stir; also to miscarry.

MOVI'BLE, adj. moveable, that may be moved.

Fiéstas movibles, the moveable feasts, that do not fall every year upon the same day of the month.
MOVIMIE'NTO, f. m. motion.

MOY

MOYA'NA, f. f. a small sort of culverin.
MO'YO, f. m. obs. a bushel.
MOYUE'LO, f. m. a middling sort of bread betwixt the best and the worst.

MOZ

MOZA, f. f. a tool used by washer-women to beat linen in washing.
MOZALBE'TE, } f. m. a young
MOZALBI'LLO, } man; an old man who affects to be young.
MOZALLO'N, f. m. a robust, strong, young man.
MOZARA'BES, f. m. pl. Christians that lived among the Moors after Spain was conquered.
Officio amissa mozy arabe, officeandmass celebrated in a paticular manner.
MOZCO'RRA, f. f. a whore.
MOZNA'DO, adj. in blasonry, applied to the lion that has neither teeth, tongue, nor claws.
MO'ZO, adj. young; substantively used, servant, boy, bachelor.
Mózo, f. m. in cant, a hook.
MOZO'N, f. m. augm. a robust young man.
MOZUE'LO, adj. quite young.

MU

MU, f. f. an expression used to quiet children; also the lowing of an ox or cow.

MUC

MUCE'TA, f. f. a rocket.
MUCHA'CHA, f. f. a girl.
MUCHACHA'DA, f. f. childhood.
MUCHACHEA'R, v. n. to act in a childish or boyish manner.
MUCHACHERI'A, f. f. boyishness.
MUCHACHE'Z, f. f. childhood.
MUCHA'CHO, f. m. a boy.
MUCHEDU'MBRE, f. f. a multitude a great number.
MU'CHO, adj. much.
MUCILA'GO, f. m. a kind of viscous liquor made by apothecaries.

MUD

MU'DA, f. f. the moulting of birds.
Múda, f. f. an ointment used to beautify women's fàces.
Múda, f. f. the action of moving.
MUDA'BLE, adj. mutable, changeable.
MUDABLEME'NTE, adv. changeably.
MUDA'DO, adj. removed from one house to another.
MUDAME'NTE, adv. silently, secretly.
MUDAMIE'NTO, f. m. change, removal from one house to another.
MUDA'NZA, f. f. change; a particular step or motion in dancing.
MUDA'R, v. a. to change.
Mudárse, v. r. to remove house.
MUDE'Z, f. f. dumbness.
MU'DO, adj. dumb.

MUE

MUE', f. m. vide *MUE'R*.
MUE'BLE, adj. moveable.
Muebles, f. m. pl. g oods moveables.
Prov. *Al muéble sin raìz, présto se le quiébra la cervìz*, a moveable without a root soon breaks its neck; that is, money or goods, without an estate real, or some way to improve them, are not lasting.
MUE'CA f. f. a scoff.
MUE'LA, f. f. a mill-stone, a grind-stone.
Muéla, one of the teeth called the grinders.
Muéla cordál, an eye-tooth.
Muéla de máno, a hand-mill.
Muélas de gállo, cocks grinders. So they call a man that has no teeth.
Prov. *A quién duéla la muéla, que la éche fuéra*, let him that has the tooth ach pull it out; that is, let every man bear the inconveniencies which are for his own advantage.
Prov. *Entre dos muélas moldres núnca métas tus pulgáres*, never put your thumbs betwixt two grinders.
Prov. *Pedir muélas al gállo*, to askthe cock for teeth.
MUE'LLE, adj. soft.
Muélle, f. m. a mole built in the sea to make a harbour, or defend it from being choaked up by the sand, or to secure it from any particular wind.
Muélle, f. m. is also that little iron in a lock which falls upon the bolt and holds it fast, either shut or open, but rises when the key turns to let the bolt slip forwards or backwards; it is called the ketch of the spring.
MUELLEME'NTE, adv. softly.
MUE'R, f. m. a kind of silken stuff so called.
MUERDA'GO, f. m. a green shrub called misletoe.
MUE'RMO, f. m. a cold in any beast, which makes them breathe hard and snort; the snuffing and snorting of a dog.
MUERMO'SO, adj. troubled with a cold, snuffling or snorting.
MUE'RTE, f. f. death; murder.
Prov. *A la muérte no hày cósa fuérte*, nothing is strong against death; no remedy against death.
Prov. *Quién da lò que tiéne antes de la muérte, meréce que le den con un mázo en la frénte*, he who gives away what he has before his death, deserves to be knocked on the head with a mallet.
Prov. *Mas vàle dexár en la muérte al enemigo, que pedir en la vida al amigo*, it is better at one's death to leave an enemy, than in one's life to ask of a friend.
MUE'RTO, p. p. of *morir*.
Muérto, f. m. dead man.
MUE'SCA, f. f. notch, a dent.
MUE'SSO, f. m. the bit that is put into the horse's mouth.
Muésso, f. m. vulgar. What is our own.
MUE'STRA, f. f. show, muster of soldiers; pattern; rough draught, the dial-plate of a watch.
Perro de muéstra, blood-hound; a setting-dog.

MUF

MU'FLA, f. f. a concave thing like half a bowl, which ferves to cover the refiner's furnace, having a hollow tunnel or neck to it, through which the crucibles are put down into the furnace to effay filver or gold.

MUFLI'R, v. a. in cant, to eat.

MUG

MUGA, f. f. (the fame as *MOHO'N*) a boundary, a limit.

MUGE'R, f. f. a woman, a wife.

Mugér de fu cása, a houfewife.

Mugér dé gúfto, a lady of pleafure.

Mugér de púnto, a woman that ftands upon her honour.

MUGERCI'LLA, f. f. a little woman; commonly ufed in an ill fenfe for an ill woman.

MUGERIE'GAS, adv. as, *Cabalgár a mugeriégas*, to ride fideways like a woman.

MUGERIE'GO, adj. womanish, belonging to a woman; always among women; fubftantively ufed, the women of a place.

MUGERI'L, adj. womanifh, belonging to a woman.

Hómbre mugeríl, an effeminate man.

MUGERILME'NTE, adv. womanishly.

MUGI'DO, f. m. the lowing of an ox, cow, &c.

MUGI'L, f. m. a fish called a mullet.

MUGI'R, v. n. to low like a cow.

MU'GRE, f. f. greafinefs, naftinefs.

MUGRIE'NTO, adj. greafy, nafty.

MUGRO'N, f. m. a shoot or fprout of a vine.

MUHA'RRA, f. f. the point of any iron thing, and in particular the extremity or point of the ftandard which the enfign bears.

MUI

MUI, a particle joined to a poffeffive noun wich makes it a fuperlative; as, *Mui grande*, very big.

MUL

MU'LA, f. f. a she-mule; alfo a fort of country shoes with thick foles.

Múla de madéra, a wooden carriage for a gun, or the like.

MULADA'R, f. m. a dunghill.

Prov. *Oyó cantar, y no fábe en que muladar*, he heard crowing, and knows not on whofe dunghill. Said to men that have a confufed notion of things heard fomething, but know no where, or from whom.

MULA'R, adj. belonging to a mule.

MULA'TA, f. f. the daughter of a black and a white.

MULATE'RO, f. m. a muletier.

MULA'TO, f. m. a mulatto, the fon of a black and a white.

MULE'RO; f. m. the fervant who takes care of the mules.

MULE'TA, f. f. a crutch for a lame perfon; alfo a little mule; alfo a fupport to any thing.

Tenér mulétas, to be old.

MULE'TADA, f. f. a herd of mules.

MULE'TO, f. m. a little he-mule, a mule-colt.

Cerrado como muléto, fo they call a mifer; alfo a very filent perfon.

MULI'LLA, f. f. a little mule.

Mulilla, f. f. a fort of shoes with thick foles and of a red colour.

MU'LLA' f. f. a digging or turning up the vineyards.

MULLIDO'R, f. m. the perfon who digs the vineyards.

MULLI'R, v. a. to make foft.

Mullir la tiérra, to turn up the earth that it may lie light and foft.

Mullír la cáma, to beat a bed to make it foft.

MULO, f. m. a mule.

Prov. *Múlo cójo y híjo bobo lo fúfre tódo*, a lame mule, and a foolish fon endure any thing; they are not fo vicious and unlucky as thofe that are not fo.

MULTA, f. f. a mulct, a fine.

MULTA'R, v. a. to fine; to amerce

MULTIFO'RME, adj. that as many fhapes or forms.

MULTILA'FERO, adj. that has many fides.

MULTIPLICABLE, adj. that can be multiplied.

MULTIPLICACIO'N, f. f. multiplication.

MULTIPLICADO'R, f. m. who multiplies.

MULTIPLICA'R, v. a. to multiply.

MULTIPLICE, adj. manifold.

MULTIPLICIDA'D, f. f. multiplicity.

MULTIPLICO, f. m. the effects of multiplying.

MULTITU'D, f. f. multitude.

MUN

MUNDANA'L, adj. of, or belonging to the word.

MUNDA'NO, *MUNDIA'L*, adj. worldly.

MUNDIFICA'R, v. a. to cleanfe.

MUNDIFICATIVO, adj. cleanfing, abfterg[l]ing.

MUNDILLO, f. m. a kind of waggon ufed to warm a bed.

MUNDI'NOVI, *MUNDINUE'VO*, f. m. a box carried about by Savoyards with a fhew of many reprefentations in it.

MUN'DO, f. m. the world.

Un múndo de génte, a world of people, a great number.

Echárfe al mundo, to appear in the a world, to make a figure in it, to be very fine.

Dexár el mundo, to leave the word, to betake one felf to a religious life.

Echár del múndo, to perfecute a man fo that he cannot live in the world.

Nuévo Múndo, the New World, commonly meant of America.

Prov. *Tras efte múndo vendrá otro*, after this world, another will come; that is, the times will change.

Prov. *Efte múndo es gólfo recóndo y quién no fabé nacár vafe a lo hóndo*, this world is a round fea or gulph, and he that cannot fwim, goes to the bottom; that is, the world is difficult to live in, and if a man has nos skill and art, he finks on is loft.

MUNICIO'N, f. f. ammunition.

Municiónes de boca, all forts of victuals.

Municiones de guerra, all forts of arms offenfive and defenfive.

Munición, the charge of a gun.
De munición, adv. haftily.
MUNICIONA'R, v. a. to provide, to ftock with ammunition.
MUNICIPA'L, adj. municipal, concerning the freedoms, franchifes, or liberties.
MUNI'CIPE, f. m. one of the town whofe inhabitants are free, and has a right to the privileges and offices here.
MUNICI'PIO, f. m. any city or town corporate, that has fome privileges and liberties.
MUNIFICE'NCIA, f. f. munificence, generofity.
MUNI'FICO, adj. liberal, generous, munificent.
MUNITO'RIA. f. f. the art of fortifying a place.

M U Ñ

MUÑECA; f. f. a doll for children to play with.
Muñeca de la máno, the hand-wrift.
Meneár las muñécas, to be hard at work.
MUÑE'CO, f. m. a little figure with a man's fhape; alfo a beau, a fparkish man, or a fhort-bodied man.
MUÑEQUEA'R, v. n. to play the wrift, as in fencing.
MUÑEQUE'RO, f. m. one that makes or fells dolls.
MUÑEQUE'RA, f. f. any ornament put on the wrift.
MUÑEQUERI'A, f. f. a ftudied affectation in drefs.
MUÑIDO'R, f. m. the beadle of a company.
MUÑI'R, v. a. to warn an affembly.
MUÑO'NES, f. m. pl. the brawny part of a man's arm next to the wrift; alfo the trunnions of a gun.

M U Q

MUQUICIO'N, f. f. in cant, a dinner.
MUQUI'R, v. a. in cant; to dine, to eat.

M U R

MU'R f. m. a moufe.

Prov. *Elmúe que 'no fabe mas de un horádo prefto la cóge e áto*, the cat foonecatches a moufe that knows but one hole. Men that have but one fhiftare foon left in the lurch.
MURADA'L, f. m. vide *MULA'DAR*.
MURAL, adj. one term, belonging to a wall.
MURA'LLA, f. f. a folid great wall, as that of a town caftle, or the like; a common wall is *paréd*.
MURA'R, v. a. to wall in, to build walls about a place.
MU'RCEO, f. m. in cant, bacon.
MURCIA'R, v. a. in cant, to fteal.
MURCIE'GALO, *MURCIE'LAGO*, *MURCEQUILLO*, f. m. a bat, a rere-moufe.
MURCIGALLE'RO, *MURCIGLE'RO*, in cant, an houfebreaker.
MURCIO f. m. in cant, a thief.
MURECILLO, f. m. a finew, a mufcle; alfo a little wall.
MURE'NA, f. f. a fea-fish like an eel.
MU'RICE, f. m. a fhell-fish fo called.
MURMUGEA'R, v. n. to mutter, to fpeak low.
MURMU'LLO, f. m. murmur, noife.
MURMURACIO'N, f. f. murmuring, railing at others.
MURMURADO'R, f. m. the perfon who rails at, or cenfures another.
MURMURA'R, v. n. to murmur, to cenfure, to find fault with.
MURMU'RIO, f. m. vid. *MURMU'LLO*.
MU'RO, f. m. a wall, alvays taken for a great wall; flght walls being called *parades* figuratively, a shield.
MU'RRIA, f. f. a fort of hypochondriac humour, a heavinefs in the head.
MU'RRIO, adj. melancholy, heavy, dull.
MURTA, f. f. myrtle; in cant, an olive.
MURTO'NES, f. m. pl. the fruit of the myrtle,

M U S

MU'SA, f. f. a mufe.
Entender la múfa a uno, to difcover the malice of one.
MUSARA'ÑA, f. f. a venemous fmall creature shaped between a moufe and a fpider, very dangerous to cattle, and called a shrew.
Mufarañas, pl. are alfo ftrange things people fancy they fee in the air.
MUSCICA'PA, f. f. a bird who lives upon flies.
MU'SCO, f. m. a little creature like a moufe, whofe skin fmells like musk.
Múfco, f. m. mofs which grows upon trees, walls, rocks by the fea fide, and the brink of rivers.
MU'SCULO, f. m. a mufcle in the body.
MUSCULO'SO, adj. of, or belonging to mufcles.
MUSE'O, f. m. the place dedicated to learning, a ftudy, a library.
MUSERO'LA, f. f. a muzzle for a horfe, dog, or other beaft.
MUSGA'ÑO, f. m. a fmall kind of mice who live in the fields; alfo a shortlegged and blak fpider.
MU'SGO, f. m. the mofs of trees.
Múfgo, f. m. a fort of motion of the fnout and ears made by unlucky beafts when they defign mifchief.
MU'SICA, f. f. mufick.
Múfica de técla, all forts of mufick played by the fingers ftriking the claves or keys, as organs, harpfichords, &c.
Múfica elementár, elementary mugick, teaches to know the quality and quantity of notes.
Múfica fyntáctica, fyntactical mufick, treats of founds, concords, and difcords, and of every thing ferving for the producing of harmony.
MUSICA'L, adj. one term. mufical belonging to mufick.

MUSICO

MU'SICO, f. m. a muſician.
Múſico, adj. of, or belonging to muſick.
MUSLI'LLO, f. m. a little thigh.
MU'SLO f. m. the thigh.
MUSMO'N, f. m. an animal generated by a sheep and a she goat.
MUSSITA'R, v. n. to mutter between one's teeth.
MUSTE'LA, f. f. a ſea-lamprey.
MUSTIAME'NTE, adv. peeviſhly doggedly, angrily.
MU'STIO, adv. peeviſh, out of humour.

MUT

MUTABILIDA'D, f. f. mutability.
MUTACION, f. f. change.
MUTILACIO'N, f. f. cutting off, diſmembering.
MUTILA'R, v. a. to diſmember, to cut off.
MUTUA'L, adj. mutual.
MUTUAME'NTE, adv. mutually.
MU'TUO, adj. mutual.

MYR

MYRABOLA'NOS, f m. pl. a kind of plums.
MYRRHA, f. f. myrrh.
MYRRHADO, adj. that belongs to, or is mixed with myrrh.
MYRTO, f. m. a myrtle-tree.

MYS

MYSTE'RIO, f. m. a myſtery.
MYSTERIOSAME'NTE, ad myſteriouſly.
MYSTERIO'SO, adj. myſterious, obſcure.
MYSTICA, f. f. the rule that teaches us to contemplate the divine perfections.
MYSTICAME'NTE, f. f. myſtically, obſcurely.
MYSTICO, adj. hidden, myſtical.
MYSTICON, f. m. one who affects ſanctity, an hypocrite.

MYT

MYTHOLOGI'A, f. f. mythology an explication of fables.
MYTHOLO'GICO, adj. that belongs to mythology.

N

N, The fourteenth letter of the Spanish alphabeth. It is pronounced as in English, but when there is a little mark upon it as (ñ), then it is pronounced as the two letters *gn* in French, in the words *Espagne*, *cocagne*, &c.

NA'BA, f. f. a turnip.

NA'BAL, f. m. a field of turnips.

NA'BAL, adj. belonging to a turnip.

NABA'R f. m. a turnip-field.

NABA'TO, f. m. in cant the back-bone.

NABERI'A, f. f. many turnips together, alfo ftewed turnips.

NABI'LLO, f. m. a little turnip.

NABI'NA, f. f. turnip-feed.

NABIZA, f. f. a little turnip that is growing with a large one.

NA'BLA, f. f. a pfaltery, a mufical inftrument with ftrings, played on with both hands.

NA'BO, f. m. a turnip.

N A C

NA'CAR, f. m. mother of pearl.

NA'CARA f. f. a fea-cockle.

NACARA'DO, adj. of the colour of mother of pearl.

NACARDI'NA, f. f. an electary fuppofed good to ftrengthen the memory.

NACE'LA, f. f. a fmall skiff, or boat. In architecture, a fmall round with a fquare to it at the bottom of the capital of a pillar.

NACE'NCIA, f. f. obf. vide *NACIMIENTO*.

NACE'R, v. n. to be born, to fpring up, to fprout out.

Nacér, to rife, faid of the fun.

Prov. *No con quién náces, fino con quién páces*, mind not whom you were born with, but with whom you feed; that is, thofe are the beft kindred who maintain you; or, that is your beft country where you get your bread.

Prov. *Defnúdo nací defnúdo me hállo, ni pierdo ni gáno*, naked I was born, and naked I am; I am neither winner nor lofer. A comfort to be contented in afflictions.

NACI'DO, adj. born, fprung up, fprouted out.

Prov. *Aun no es nacido y ya eftornúda?* he is not born yet, and does he fneeze already? applied to thofe who fret and vex for things they only conceit, or rejoice at their own fancies.

NACIMIE'NTO, f. m. birth, fpringing up, fprouting out.

NACIO'N, f. f. nation, birth, nativity, fpringing out.

Ciégo de natión, blind from his birth.

NACIONA'L, adj. national, belonging to a nation.

NACIONALIDA'D, f. f. the properties of a nation.

NACIONALME'NTE, adv. nationally.

N A D

NA'DA, f. f. nothing, no, not.

Cómo quién no dice náda, a phrafe ufed to exaggerate any thing.

Un no náda, as much nothing, next to nothing.

Prov. *De la mála te guárda, y de la buéna no fies náda*, take heed of a bad woman, and never truft a good one.

Prov. *A quién no tiéne náda, náda le efpanta*, he that has nothing, is frighted at nothing.

NADADE'RAS, f. f. pl. corks or bladders to learn to fwim with.

NADADE'RO, f. m. a fwimming-place.

NADADO'R, f. m. a fwimmer.

NADADU'RA, f. f. a fwimming.

NADA'L, f. m. the Nativity of Chrift.

NADA'R, v. to fwim.

Nadár a fomorgújo, to dive under water.

Nadár, nadár, y a la orilla abogár, to fwim well, and be drowned at the fhore; to work through the greateft difficulties, and fail in the conclufion of any bufinefs.

NADERI'A, f. f. a trifle.

NA'DIE, f. m. no body.

Prov. *Quién vive bién a nádie ha meneftér*, he that lives well, ftands in need of no body.

Prov. *No diga nádie a nádie buñoléro*, let no man call another fritter-maker; that is, let no man give another an ill name, for he knows not what may be faid of him.

Prov. *Nádie diga défta água no beberé*, let no man fay, I will not drink of this water; that is, let no man fay, he will not do this or that, for no man knows what he may come to.

NADI'R, f. m. the point in the heavens oppofite to the zenith, being that which is perpendicularly under our feet.

NA'DO, adj. obf. (for *nacido*) born.

A nádo, adv. fwimming.

NAFA, f. f. orange-flower water.

N A G

NA'GUAS, f. f. a petticoat whith a long train.

NAGUE'LA, f. f. a poor thatched cottage.

N A I

NAI'E, f. m. a coarfe unpolifhed diamond.

NAI'PES, f. m. pl. playing cards.

NAI'RE, f. m. the perfon who takes care of, and teaches the elephants.

N A L

NA'LGA, f. f. a buttock.

Nálga de tozíno, f. f. a gammon of bacon.

NALGA'DA, f. f. a blow on the buttocks, a thruft with the buttocks; alfo the flefh about the buttocks.

NALGATO'RIO, f. m. the hinder part of the thigh.

NALGU'DO, adj. that has great buttocks.

NALGUEA'R, v. n. to beat the buttocks.

N A N

NANTA'R, v. n. obf. to augment, to increafe.

N A O

NA'O, f. f. a ship.

Cárga la nào traéfro, fi quiéres que dé de la vela, load your ship aft, if you would have her fail well.

NAO'CHERO, f. m. obf. a failor or mafter of a ship.

N A P

NA'PAS, f. f. pl. in cant, the buttocks.

NAPE'AS, f. f. nymphs of the woods.

NAPE'LO, f. m. vide *ANAPE'LO*..

NAPHTA, f. f. the naphtha, a mineral fluid.

N A Q

NAQUERACO'ZA, f. f. a fort of fong or dance, very ancient.

N A R

NARA'NJA, f. f. an orange.

NARANJA'DA, f. f. a conferve made with oranges.

NARANJA'DO, adj. orange-colour.

NARANJA'L, f. m. an orange-garden.

NARANJE'RO, adj. of, or belonging to an orange; f. m. he who fells oranges.

NARANJA'ZO, f. m. a blow with an orange.

NARANJI'LLA, f. f. a little orange.

NARA'NJO, f. m. an orange-tree.

NARCI'SSO, f. m. the daffodil-flower; alfo a beau.

NARCO'TICO, adj. that quiets, caufes reft, ftupifies, and makes fenfelefs.

NARDI'NO, adj. made of fpikenard and other ingredients.

NA'RDO, f. m. fpikenard.

Nárdo ruftico, the herb fole-foot.

NA'RES, f. f. the noftrils.

NARI'CES, f. f. pl. the noftrils, called alfo *Las ventanas de las narices.*

NARICI'SSIMO, adj. fuperl. that has a very great nofe.

NARIGA'L, f. m. the nofe.

NARIGA'NTE, adj. that has a great nofe.

NARIGO'N, f. m. a great nofe.

NARIGU'DO, adj. that has a great long nofe.

NARIGUE'TA, } f. f. a little
NARIGUI'LLA, } short nofe.

NARI'Z, f. f. the nofe.

Naríz sima, a nofe that has the bridge fallen.

Naríz róma, a flat nofe with the end turning up.

Naríz de puénte, the sharp point of the piles of a bridge, which cuts the water.

Hacérfe las narízes, to break one's nofe.

Subírfe el humo ò la moftáza a las narízes, to take pet, to be angry, or as we fay, to take fnuff.

Prov. *Tapár la naríz y comer la perdíz*, ftop your nofe, and eat the partridge; that his, a partridge muft be kept till it fmells ftrong.

NARIZADO, adj. that has a great long nofe.

NARRACIO'N, f. f. a narration a relation.

NARRA'R, v. a. to tell, to recount, to relate.

NARRATI'VA, f. f. narrative, relation.

NARRATI'VO. adj. that belongs to a narration.

NA'RRIA, f. f. a rake to rake the ground.

Nárria, f. f. a fledge drawn by horfes without wheels.

NARVA'L, f. m. a fea unicorn.

N A S

NA'SO, f. m. the nofe. Burlefque.

NA'SSA, f. f. a bow-net, or wicker-wheel, to catch fish in; alfo a pannier or basket to carry corn in.

NASSO'N, f. m. an augment, of *NASSA*.

NASTU'RCIO, f. m. a kind of gardencreffes.

Naftúrcio montéz, wild creffes.

N A T

NA'TA, f. f. cream.

Nátas, pl. cuftard, milk thickened with yolks of eggs and a little flour, and fweetened with fugar; fome add orange flower water.

NATA'L, f. m. the birth or nativity.

Natál, adj. belonging to the birth-day.

NATALI'CIO, adj. that belongs to the birth-day.

NATA'TIL, adj. that fwims or floats on the water.

NATERO'N, f. m. cream-cheefe.

Naterón, f. m. curds.

NATI'LLAS, dim. of vid. *NA'TAS.*

NATI'O, adj. native, natural.

NATIVIDA'D, f. f. nativity, birth; ufed only in expreffing of feftivals; as *la Natividad de Nueftra Señora*, the nativity of our Lady.

A nativitáte, adv. from the day that one was born.

NATI'VO, adj. native.

NA'TURA, f. f. nature; the privy parts of a woman.

NATURA'L, f. m. the natural difpofition or inclination.

Naturál, adj. natural.

Natural de tal párte, born in fuch a place.

Hijo naturál, a natural fon, a baftard.

Prov. *Por mas que defmiénta cáda quál, fiémpré vuélve al naturál*, let a man diffemble never fo much, nature will always prevail.

NATURALE'ZA, f. f. nature; alfo a man's naturral difpofition, and his native country.

NATURALIDA'D, f. f. a naturalization.

NATURALI'STA, f. m. a naturalift, or who fearches into the nature of things.

NATURALIZACIO'N, f. f. a naturalization.

NATURALIZA'R, v. a. to naturalize.

Naturalizárfe, v. r. to accuftom onefelf to any thing.

NATURALME'NTE, adv. naturally.

N A U

NAUCHE'L, } f. m. a pilot or
NAUCLE'RO, } master of a ship.

NAUFRAGA'R, v. a. to be ship-wrecked.

NAUFRA'GIO, f. m. a ship wreck.

NA'UFRAGO, adj. ship wrecked.

NAUMA'CHIA, f. f. a sea-fight.

NA'USEA; f. f. loathing of meat.

NAUSEA'R, v. a. to loath, to nauseate.

NA'UTA, f. m. a sailor.

NA'UTICA, f. f. navigation.

NA'UTICO, adj. belonging to a sailor or navigation.

N A V

NA'VA, f. f. a plain.

NAVA'JA, f. f. a razor.

Navajás del puérco, a boar's tusks.

NAVAJA'DA, f. f. a cut with a razor.

NAVAJE'RO, f. m. the case for razors; also a rag to clean the razor in shaving.

NAVAJI'LLA, } f. f. a little
NAVAJUE'LA, } razor.

NAVA'JO, f. m. a pice of flat ground where the rain gathers.

NAVAJO'N, f. m. a sort of dagger shaped like a razor.

NAVA'L, adj. naval, belonging to ships.

Batálla navál, a sea-fight.

NAVA'RRO, f. m. in cant, a young goose.

NAVA'ZO, f. m. a piece of flat ground where the rain gathers.

NA'VE, f. f. a ship.

Náve tafuréa, a ferry-boat, a ship for transporting horses.

Náve de iglésia, the isle of a church.

NAVECI'CA, } f. f. a small
NAVECI'LLA, } ship; a small
NAVECI'TA, } isle of a church.

NAVEGA'BLE, adj. navigable, that may be failed in.

NAVEGACIO'N, f. f. navigation failing.

NAVEGADO'R, } f. m. a fai-
NAVEGA'NTE, } lor.

NAVEGA'R, v. n. to fail.

Navegár con póco páño, to make little fail.

Navegár con viénto en pópa, to fail before the wind.

NAVE'TA, f. f. a little ship; also a drawer in a cabinet, or the like; as also a vessel the frankincense is carried in for the censor in the church, commonly made in the shape of a boat.

NAVICHUE'LO, f. m. a little ship.

NAVIDA'D, f. f. Christmas, the Nativity of Christ.

NAVIDE'ÑO, adj. what is belonging to the birth or nativity.

NAVI'O, f. m in cant, the body.

Navio, f. m. a ship.

Navio planúdo, a flat-bottom vessel.

Navio de altó bórdo, a three-decked ship

Navio de pozo, a two-decked ship

Navio latino, a ship that has triangular or shoulder-of-mutton fails.

Navio de dos ródas, a ship that has the head and the stern alike.

Navio ráso, a ship that has low fides.

Navio de guérra, a man of war.

Navio mercánte or *mercántil*, a merchant ship.

Navio mal mareádo, a ship that is foul.

Navio veléro, a ship that is a good failer.

Navio de gábia, a ship that has a round top at the mast.

Prov. *Quién no tuviére que hacér árme navío ò tóme mugér*, he that has no thing to do, may fit out a ship or a take a wife; that is, either a ship or a wife will find a man work enough.

NA'VO, f. m. vide *NABO*.

N A Y

NA'YADES, f. f. the nymphs of the springs and rivers.

N A Z

NAZARE'NO, adj. of Nazareth, Nazarene, a sort of people among the Jews.

NAZARE'O, adj. idem.

NAZO'RA, f. f. obf. cream.

NA'ZULA, f. f. obf. cheese.

N E B

NE'BEDA, f. f. the herb nep, or calamint.

NEBLI', f. m. the hawk called a goshawk, the kite.

NEBLI'NA, f. f. a mist.

NEBRI'NA, f. f. the fruit of the juniper-tree.

NEBULO'SO, adj. clowdy misty foggy.

N E C

NECEA'R, v. n. to play the tool.

NECEDA'D, folly, a foolish saying, or action.

NECESSA'RIA, f. f. a necessary house, privy.

NECESSARIAME'NTE, adv. necessarily, of necessity.

NECESSA'RIO, adj. necessary.

NECESSIDA'D, f. f. necessity.

Prov. *Hacér de la necessidád virtud*, to make a virtue of necessity.

Prov. *La necessidád caréce de ley* necessity has no law.

NECESSITA'R, v. a. to necessitate, to force, to oblige.

NECIAME'NTE, adv. foolishly.

NE'CIO, f. f. a fool.

Prov. *Mas sábe el nécio en su cása, que el cuérdo en la agena*, a fool knows more in his own house, than a wise man in another's; that is, every man understands his own business best.

Prov. *A càda nécio agráda su porráda*, every fool is pleased with his own blunder.

Prov. *Nécios, y porfiados hacen ricos los letrádos*, fools and obstinate men make lawhers rich.

Prov. *Si el nécio no fuésso al mercádo, no se venderia lo málo*, if the fool did not go to market, what is naught would not be fold.

Prov. *Mas vále ser nécio que porfiádo*, it is better to be thought a fool than to be obstinate.

NE'CTAR, f. m. the liquor the poets feign the gods drink; any pleasant drink.

N E F

NE'FA, f. f. a fweet water they fprinkle in the air to fpread a perfume.

NEFANDAME'NTE, adv. heinoufly, abominably, deteftably, unutterably.

NEFA'NDO, adj. heinous, abominable, deteftable, not to be named.

NEFARIAME'NTE, adv. wickedly, villainoufly.

NEFA'RIO, adj. wicked, villainous.

NE'FAS, f. m. wickednefs, villany.

NEFA'STO, adj. belonging to certain inaufpicious days.

N E G

NEGACIO'N, f. f. a denial.

NEGADO'R, f. m. the perfon who denies.

NEGAMIE'NTO, f. m. a denial.

NEGA'R, v. a. to deny, to refufe.

Negár a piés juntillos, to ftand ftiffly in the negative.

Negárfe, v. r. to excufe onefelf.

NEGATI'VA, f. f. negative.

NEGATIVAME'NTE, adv. negatively.

NEGATI'VO, adj. negative, ftill denying.

NEGLIGE'NCIA, f. f. negligence, careleffnefs.

NEGLIGE'NTE, adj. negligent, carelefs.

NEGLIGENTEME'NTE, adv. negligently, carelefsly.

NEGOCIACIO'N, f. f. negociation, management of bufinefs; trade.

NEGOCIADO'R, f. m. one that negociates or manages.

NEGOCIA'NTE, f. m. a merchant or dealer.

NEGOCIA'R, v. a. to negociate to do bufinefs, to trade.

NEGO'CIO, f. m. affair, bufinefs, trade.

Hómbre de negócios, a merchant.

NEGOCIO'SO, adj. diligent in doing bufinefs.

NEGOZUE'LO, f. m. a little bufinefs.

NE'GRA, f. f. a black woman; in cant, a kettle.

Cállár cómo négra en báño, to be as filent as a black in a bath.

NEGREA'R, v. n. to grow black, to look black.

NEGRECE'R, v. n. to black, to grow black.

NEGREGUEA'R, v. n. to grow black, or to look blackifh, to caft a black.

NEGREGU'RA, f. f. blacknefs.

NEGRE'TA, f. f. a blackifh fort of wild duck.

NEGRI'LLA, f. f. a kind of black feafifh.

NEGRI'LLO, f. m. a little black boy; adject. ufed blackifh.

Negrillo, f. m. a kind of black elm.

NEGRI'TO, adj. blackifh.

NE'GRO, adj. black.

Négro, f. m. a black man; in cant, a fharper.

Négra ventúra, bad luck.

No fe fi es blánco ni négro, I know not whether he is white or black; that is, I know nothing of him.

Prov. *Aunque négros, fomos génte*, though we are blacks, we are men. We muft not defpife any body, though ever fo mean.

NEGROMANCI'A, f. f. necromancy, the black art.

NEGROMA'NTICO, f. m. negromancer, a conjurer.

NEGRO'R, f. m. blacknefs.

NEGRU'RA, f f. blacknefs.

NEGRU'ZCO, adj. dun coloured.

NEGUIJO'N, f. m. the worm in the teeth, which rots them, and turns them black.

NEGUI'LLA, f. f. the plant *nigélla*, or gith; moft ufed for the weed cockle growing amongft corn; alfo a denial of any fact.

N E M

NE'MA, f. f. the feal upon a letter.

NE'MESIS, f. f. the name of the goddefs of punifhment.

NE'MINE DISCREPA'NTE, adverbially fpoke, fignifies unanimity, general confent, when all concur in one opinion.

NEMO'N, f. m. the gnomon of a fundial, fo corruptly pronounced and written.

NEMORO'SO, adj. of, or belonging to a wood.

N E N

NE'NE, f. m. a little infant, a childifh word.

NENUFA'R, f. m. the water lily.

N E O

NEOME'NIA, f. f. the feftival of the Jews at the beginning of every month.

NEO'PHYTO, f. m a neophyte a new convert.

N E P

NE'PHRITICO, adj. a phyfical term, fignifying the pain of the ftone in the kidney, or gravel; alfo a kind of jafper ftone.

NEPO'TE, f. m. a nephew, the fon of a brother or a fifter, principally ufed to mean a relation to the pope when his minifter of ftate.

N E Q

NEQUA'QUAM, adv. by no means, in no manner.

N E R

NERE'IDS, f. f. fea-nymphs.

NERVECI'CO, f. m. a little finew.

NERVIA'R, v. a. to bind by ftrings, nerves, or finews.

NERVI'NO, adj. made of finews.

NE'RVIO, f. m. finew, nerve.

NERVIOSIDA'D, f. f. fulnefs or ftrength of finews.

NERVIO'SO, adj. vide *NERVOSO.*

NERVOSAME'NTE, adv. with efficacy, vigoroufly, effectually, with activity.

NERVOSIDA'D, f. f. v. *NERVIOSIDA'D.*

NERVO'SO, adj. full of finews or nerves, finewy.
NERVU'DO, adj. full of finews, or that has great finews, finewy.

NES

NESCIE'NCIA, f. f. ignorance, want of knowledge.
NESCIE'NTE, adj. ignorant, not knowing.
NE'SGA, f. f. a gore, as is put into a garment or a woman's fmock.
NE'SPERA, f. f. vide *NI'SPERO*.

NET

NETEZUE'LO, f. m. a little grandfon; diminutive of *nieto*.
NE'TO, f. m. the pedeftal of any column.
Néto, adj. neat, clean, pure; ufed only by traders to exprefs fo much of a commodity exclufive of the tare.

NEU

NE'UMA, f. f. a figure in rhetorick, by which any on expreffes himfelf rather by actions than words.
NEUTRA'L, adj. neuter, of neither fide.
NEUTRALIDA'D, f. f. neutrality.
NE'UTRO, adj. neuter, of the neuter gender, that ftands neuter.

NEV

NEVA'DA, f. f. a fall of fnow.
NEVA'R v. n. to fnow.
NEVA'SCA, f. f. a fall of fnow.
NEVATI'LLA, f. f. the bird called a wag-tail.
NEVE'RA, f. f. a fall of fnow.
NEVERI'A, f. f. the place where the ice is fold.
NEVE'RO, f. m. the perfon who fells the ice.
NEVI'SCA, f. f. a fall of fnow.
NEVO'SO, adj. fnowy, full of fnow.

NEX

NE'XO, f. m. a knot, a tying, joining, or binding together.
Néxo, prep. in cant, no.

NIA

NI, prep. neither.
NIA'RA, f. f. a chaff-houfe.

NIC

NICEROBI'NO, adj. the appellative of a precious ointment ufed by the ancients.
NI'CHO, f. m. a niche, or hollow made in a wall.
NICOCI'ANA, f. f. the herb tobacco.

NID

NI'DA'DA, f. f. neft-full.
NIDA'L, f. m. the neft-egg or other things belonging to the neft.
NIDIFICA'R, v. n. to build nefts.
NIDI'LLO, f. m. a little neft.
NI'DO, f. m. a neft. In cant, a houfe.

Prov. *En los nidos de antáño nó hày páxaros ogáño*, there are no birds this year in laft year's nefts; that is, things are changed the cafe is altered fince laft year.

Prov. *No hállar nídos donde fe piénfa hallár páxaros*, all hopes of obtaining the thing, we looked after, are vain and fruitlefs.

NIE

NIE'BLA, f. f. a mift, a fog.
Niébla, in cant, the morning.
NIE'GO, f. m. a term in falconry; a young hawk newly taken out of the airy; a brancher.
NIE'L, f. m. plate chafed or engraven; any turned or emboffed work.
NIELA'R, v. a to froft, or make froft-work on metal.
NIE'RVECITO, f. m. dimin. a little nerve.
NIE'SPER, f. f. vid. *NI'SPERO*.
NIE'TA, f. f. a grandaughter.
NIETECI'CA, *NIETECI'LLA*, *NIETECI'TA*, } f. f. a little grandaughter.
NIETECI'CO, *NIETECI'LLO*, *NIETECI'TO*, } f. m. a little grandfon.
NIE'TO, f. m. a grandfon.
Vino niéto, the third preffing of the grape.
NIE'TRO, f. m. a meafure of liquids.
NIE'VE, f. f. fnow.

NIG

NIGROMANCI'A, f. f. necromancy; the art of revealing future events by communication with the dead.
NIGROMA'NTE, f. m. who exercifes necromancy.
NIGROMA'NTICO, f. m. a necromancer; one who by charms can converfe with the ghofts of the dead.
NI'GUA, f. f. a fort of fmall worm.

NIM

NIMIAME'NTE, adv. too much.
NIMIEDA'D, f. f. excefs.
NI'MIO, adj. too much, fuperfluous.

NIN

NIN, conj. obf. for *ni*.
NINGU'N, *NINGU'NO*, } adj. none, no body.
NININA'NA, f. f. any foolifh unmeaning thing; hum, the humming of a tune.

NIñ

NIñA, f. f. a little girl, a female infant.
Niña del ójo, the fight of the eye.
NIñA'DO, f. f. a childifh action.
NIñA'TO, f. m. a calf taken out of the bolly of the cow.
NIñEA'R, v. n. to play the child.
NIñERI'A, f. f. a childifh thing, a trifle.
NIñERO, f. m. he that is fond of

children, or that delights in puerilities.
NIÑE'TA, s. f. a little girel, or the sight of the eye.
NIÑI'TA, *NIÑI'TO*, s. f. a little infant, a little girl.
NIÑ'ICO, *NIÑI'TO*, s. m. a little male infant, a little boy.
NIÑE'Z, s. f. infancy, childhood.
NIÑO, s. m. an infant, a male child.
Nino de la piédra, a foundling, a child that has been exposed by its parents.

N I O

NIO'TO, s. m. the dog fish.

N I P

NI'POS, s. m. pl. in cant, money.

N I Q

NIQUISCO'CIO, s. m. a trifle, a useless thing.

N I S

NISPE'RO, s. m. a medlar, or a medlar-tree.

N I T

NI'TIDO, adj. clear, neat, shining.
NI'TOS, s. m. pl. a word used when one asks what do you eat: the other answers, *nitos*; as if he was eating something, so called, which word havinh no meaning, makes the questioner understand that he is not to know it.
NITRA'L, s. m. the place where nitre is dug out.
NITRERI'A, s. f. the place where the nitre is found.
NI'TRO, s. m. nitre, salt-petre.
NITRO'SO, adj. of, or belonging to nitre.

N I V

NIVE'L, s. m. a carpenter's level to lay his work level by.
NIVELA'R, v. a. to level.

N O

NO adv. no.
No nàda, nothing, next to nothing.
No sino, an expression denoting a surety or certainty of the thing treated of.
No solo, not only.

N O B

NOBILIA'RIO, s. m. the book in which all the noblemen's titles and privileges are written.
NOBILI'SSIMO, adj. very noble, very famous.
NO'BLE, adj. noble.
NOBLECE'R, v. a. obs. to make noble, to grow noble.
NOBLEME'NTE, adv. nobly.
NOBLE'ZA, s. f. nobility.

N O C

NOCHARNIE'GO, adj. v. *NOCTU'RNO*.
NO'CHE, s. m. night; in cant, the sentence of death.
Bóca de nóche, night-fall.
Nóche buéna, Christmas night; that is, the night between the eve and Christmas-day.
Nóche buéna, a rich cake, such as they make to eat on Christmas-night.
Prima nóche, the close of the evening.
Média nóche, midnight.
Nóche Toledana, a Toledo night; a night when a man cannot sleep a wink.
Hacér nóche úna cósa, to hide a thing, that it cannot be seen.
Hacér nóché en un lugár, to pass the night in a place.
Quedárse a buénas nóches, to be left in the dark; to be disappointed.
La nóche es capa de pecadóres, night is a cloak for sinners; it hides ill actions.

Prov. *De nóche tódos los gátos son párdos*, at night all cats are grey.
NOCHIE'LO, adj. an in-dyed black colour.
NOCHI'ZO s. m. the wild nuts.
NOCI'BLE, adj. that may hurt.
NOCIMIE'NTO, s. m. a hurt.
NOCIO'N, s. f. notion, idea.
NOCIONAL, adj. belonging to an idea or notion.
NOCIR, v. a. obs. to hurt, to injure.
NOCI'VO, adj. hurtful.
NOCTILU'CA, s. f. a glow-worm.
NOCTIVA'GO, adj. that wanders in the night.
NOCTURNA'L, adj. belonging to night.
NOCTU'RNO, adj. of, or belonging to night.

N O D

NODACIO'N, s. f. knottiness.
NO'DO, s. m. a knot.
NODRI'ZA, s. f. a nurse.

N O E

NOE'MA, s. f. a figure in rhetorick, when one thing is meant, and another spoken.

N O G

NOGA'DA, s. f. a sauce made with pounded walnuts, bread, garlick, salt and oil, all incorporated like paste, to eat poor Jack with.
NOGA'L, s. m. a walnut-tree.
NOGUE'RA, s. f. a walnut-tree, not so much used as *nogál*, and more properly an orchard of walnut-trees.
NOGUERA'DO, adj. of a walnut colour.
NOGUERA'L, s. m. the place where the walnut-trees grow.

N O L

NOLICIO'N, s. f. nolition.
NO'LITO, s. m. freight or passagemoney in a ship or ferry-boat.

N O M

NOMBRADAME'NTE, adv. namely, by name; famously, remarkably.
NOMBRADI'A, s. f. renown.
NOMBRADO, adj. famous, renowned.

NOMBRAMIE'NTO, f. m. a naming.
NOMBRA'R, v. a. to name, to mention.
NOMBRE, f. m. a name; fame, renown. Among foldiers, the word, the parole.
Dar el nómbre, to give the watch-word.
NOMENCLATO'R, f. m. one that knows the name of things or men, and calls them by them.
NOMENCLATU'RA, f. f. nomenclature.
NOMINA, f. f. a catalogue of names of men or things; alfo a fpell or charm in letters or characters.
NOMINACIO'N, f. f. nomination, naming.
NOMINADO'R, f. m. one who nominates or appoints.
NOMINA'L, adj. that belongs to a name.
NOMINA'R, v. a. to name.
NOMINATI'VO, f. m. the nominative cafe.
NO'MINO, f. m. the perfon who is capable of any honourable employment in the republick.

N O N

NO'N, for *no*; alfo odd, that is an odd thing. Vide *NO'NES*.
NO'NA, f. f. the ninth, particularly the hour of *none* in the divine office, becaufe it was to be faid at three in the afternoon which, according to the reckoning of the ancients, was the ninth hour.
NONA'DA, f. f. that is next to nothing.
NONADI'LLA, f. f. dimin. of *NONA'DA*.
NO'NES, f. m. pl. odd, a number that is not even, as 3, 5, 7, 9, &c. in cant, *nónes* is *no*.
Páres ò nónes, even or odd.
Andár de nónes, to have an employment, office, or calling.
NONAGENARIO, adj. that is ninety years old.
NONAGE'SIMO, adj. ninetieth.
NONAGONA'L, adj. belonging to the number nine.
NONA'GONA, f. m. a figure in geometry confifting of nine angles.
NONNA'TO, adj. applied to the child cut out of the mother's womb.
NO'NO, adj. ninth.
NON PLUS U'LTRA, f. m. the extremity, the utmoft pitch, the full extent.
NON OBSTANTE, notwithftanding.

N O Q

NO'QUE, f. m. a tan-pit.
NOQUE'RO, f. m. a tanner.

N O R

NORABUE'NA, or *NORAMA'LA*, for *en hóra buéna*, or *en hòra mála*, in a good or bad hour; *dar la nóra buéna*, to congratulate; alfo a courteous way of approving or confenting, as when one asks, fhall I have, or fhall I do this, or the like, the other anfwers, *en hóra buéna*, in a good hour. *Dar la noramala*, is juft the contrary.
NORD, f. m. the north.
NORDE'STE, f. m. north-eaft.
NORDESTEA'R, v. n. to vary towards the north-eaft.
NO'RIA, f. f. a well.
NORIA'L, adj. bolonging to a well.
NO'RMA, f. f. a rule, a direction, a level.
NORNORDE'STE, f. m. the northnorth-eaft.
NORTE, f. m. the north-ftar.
NORTEAR, v. n. to obferve the north for directions of the voyage.

N O S

NOS, pron. we. The ftile ufed by the king fpeaking of himfelf.
NOSOMA'NTICA, f. f. the art of curing by inchantment.
NOSOTRO'S, pron. we.

N O T

NO'TA, f. f. a note, a mark, infamy.
NOTA'BLE, adj. notable, remarkable.
NOTABLEME'NTE, adv. notably.
NOTACIO'N, f. f. noting, marking.
NOTA'DO, adj. fcandalous, infamous.
NOTA'R, v. a. to note, to mark.
Notár cartás, to indite letters.
NOTARI'A, f. f. the profeffion or practice of clerkship.
NOTA'RIO, f. m. a notary.
NOTECI'LLA, f. f. a little note.
NO'THO, f. m. a baftard, an illegitimate child.
NOT'ICIA, f. f. notice, knowledge.
NOTICI'AR, v. a. to give notice, to declare.
NOTICIO'SO, adj. that has notice or knowledge; alfo learned.
NOTIFICACIO'N, f. f. a notification, or making known.
NOTIFICAR, v. a. to notify, to make known; alfo to acquaint, to give intelligence.
NO'TO, adj. noted, known, notorious.
Nóto, f. m. the fouth wind.
NOTORIAME'NTE, adv. notorioufly.
NOTORIEDA'D, f. f. notorioufnefs.
NOTO'RIO, adj. publickly known, notorious.
NOTU'RNO, of, or belonging to the night.

N O V

NOVACIO'N, f. f. innovation; a law-word.
NOVA'L, adj. applied to new cultivated ground; and alfo to the fruit it produces.
NOVA'R, v. a. to renew any contract or obligation.
NOVA'TO, f. m. fo they call, in the univerfities the fcholar that is but entered.
NOVA'TOR, f. m. the inventor of any new thing or fect.
NOVECIE'NTOS, adj. nine hundred.
NOVEDA'D f. f. novelty.
NOVE'L, adj. new, without experience.
Caballéro novél, a knight without device.

NOVE'LA, ſ. f. a novel; uncertain or falſe intelligence.
NOVELA'DOR, ſ. m. who writes novels.
NOVELERI'A, ſ. f. a narration of fables or novels.
NOVELE'RO, adj. that likes to hear news; alſo inconſtant, changing; in cant, the ſervant of a pimp.
NOVE'NO, ſ. f. a devotion of nine days; alſo nine days prayers for the dead.
NOVENA'RIO, ſ. m. idem.
NOVE'NO, adj. the ninth.
NOVE'NTA, ſ. m. ninety.
NOVENTE'NO, adj. ninetieth.
NOVEZUE'LO, adj. dimin. of nuevo.
NO'VIA, ſ. f. a bride.
NOVICIA'DO, ſ. m. novitiate, the time ſpent in a religious houſe by way of trial; the houſe or apartment in a monaſtery for novices.
NOVI'CIO, ſ. m. a novice, one that is in his year of trial to be received to a religious life.
NOVICIO'TE, ſ. m. a ſtout novice.
NOVIE'MBRE, ſ. m. the month of November.
NOVI'LLA, ſ. f. a young heifer.
NOVILLA'DA, ſ. f. a drove of he and bullocks.
NOVILLE'JA, ſ. m. a young heifer.
NOVILLE'RO, ſ. m. the place where the heifers are put; alſo heifer-keeper.
Novilléro, a child who runs away.
NOVI'LLO, ſ. m. a ſteer, a young ox or bullock; alſo a cuckold.
Irſe a novíllos, ſaid of any young fellow that is gone as it were to ſeek his fortune in the world, and returns very ſoon, as if he had only gone to the next fair to ſee a bull-feaſt.
NOVILU'NIO, ſ. f. the new-moon.
NO'VIO. ſ. m. a bridegroom.
NOVI'SSIMOS, ſ. m. pl. the four laſt things that happen to man; which are death, judgment, hell, and heaven.

N O X

NO'XA, ſ. f. injury, hurt, damage.

N U B

NUBA'DA, ſ. f. a ſudden plaſh of rain that falls as a cloud is paſſing.
NUBA'DO, adj. applied in pointing to a repreſentation of clouds; alſo watered as camblets are.
NUBA'DOS, pl. watered camblets.
NUBARRA'DA, ſ. f. vide *NUBADA*.
NUBARRA'DO, adj. vide *NUBADO*.
NUBARRO'N, ſ. m. a large cloud that is ſeparate from the other clouds.
NU'BE, ſ. f. a cloud. It is alſo a cloud or film in the eye.
Núbe, in cant, a cloak.
NUBECILLA, ſ. f. a little cloud.
NUBILO'SO; adj. cloudy.
NUBLA'DA, ſ. f. a ſudden great ſhower of rain that falls as a cloud is paſſing.
NUBLA'DO, adj. cloudy, overcaſt.
Nubládo, ſ. m. a cloud; an impending misfortune. In cant, a cloak.
Nublárſe, v. r. to overcaſt, to grow cloudy.
NU'BLO, adj. cloudy, cloudineſs.
Núblo en el pan, or *trigo*, a blight in corn.
NUBLO'SO, adj. cloudy.

N U C

NU'CA, ſ. f. the nape of the neck.
NUCI'R, v. a. obſ. to damage, to hurt, to injure.
NU'CLEO, ſ. m. the kernel of a nut, any other fruit.

N U D

NUDAME'NTE, adv. nakedly.
NUDI'LLO, ſ. m. dimin. of *nuda*
NU'DO, ſ. m. a knot; a knotty queſtion.
Núdo de la máno, a knuckle.
Nudo ciégo, a blind or intricate knot that is hard to untie.
Núdos en árboles, knots in trees.
NU'DO, adj. naked.
NU'DOSO, adj. knotty, full of knots.
NUDRESCEDO'R, ſ. m. obſ. the perſon who nouriſhes.
NUDRESCE'R, v. a. obſ. to nouriſh.
NUDRIME'NTO, ſ. m. obſ. nouriſhment.
NUDRI'R, v. a. obſ. to nouriſh to bring up.

N U E

NUEGA'DOS, ſ. m. a ſweet paſty, made with honey and nuts, or elſe with almonds, ſmall nuts, pine-apple kernels, and toaſted hemp-ſeed.
NUE'RA, ſ. f. a daughter-in-law, a ſon's wife.
NUE'S, ours. A churliſh way of ſpeaking.
NUESSO, adj. vide *NUESTRO*.
NUESTRA'MO, for *Nueſtro amo*; our maſter; in cant, a clerk, or a notary that goes with the *alguaciles*, and writes down the crimes of thoſe that are apprehended.
NUE'STRO, adj. our.
NUE'VA, ſ. f. news.
NUEVAME'NTE, adv. newly lately.
NUE'VE, ſ. m. nine.
Las nuéve, nine of the clock.
NUE'VO, adj. new.
NUE'Z, ſ. f. a nut.
Nuéz de la gargánta, the nut or knot in the throat.
Nuéz de balléſta, the nut of the croſs-bow.
Nuéz de eſpécia, the well known ſpice called nutmeg.
NUE'ZA, ſ. f. herb briony.

N U G

NUGATO'RIO, adj. vain, trifling, of no force, ſlight, impertinent, nugatory.

N U L

NULAME'NTE, adv. in no wiſe, by no means.
NULIDA'D, ſ. f. nullity; alſo any vice or defect of a perſon.

NULO, adj. none; without force of no account or moment.

N U M

NUME'N, f. f. a deity.
NUMERA'BLE, adj. that can be numbered.
NUMERACIO'N, f. f. numeration, a numbering.
NUMERADO'R, f. m. one who numbers, a numerator.
NUMERA'L, adj. numeral, belonging to numbers.
NUMERA'R, v. a. to number, to reckon, to tell.
NUMERA'RIO, adj. that is of the number, belonging to the number.
NUMERICAME'NTE, adv. numerically.
NUME'RICO, adj. numerical.
NU'MERO, f. m. a number.
NUMEROSAME'NTE, adv. numerously.
NUMEROSIDA'D, f. f. number, a great number.
NUMERO'SO, adj. numerous; also harmonious.
NUMI'SMA, f. m. money.
NU'MO, f. m. an ancient coin so called.
NUMULA'RIO, f. m. who trafficks with money.

N U N

NU'NCA, adv. never.
NUNCIATU'RA, f. f. the dignity of a nuncio or legate.
NU'NCIO, f. m. the pope's nuncio, equivalent to an ambassador, only distinguished by this name, from those of other princes.
Cása del núncio, an hospital at Toledo for mad people.
NUNCUPATI'VO, *NUNCUPATO'RIO*, } adj. nuncupative, nuncupatory, verbally pronounced.

N U P

NUPCIA'L, adj. belonging to a mariage, nuptial.
NU'PCIAS, f. f. pl. marriage, wedding.

N U S

NU'SCO, adv. with us. *Con núsco*, for *con nosótros*, with us.

N U T

NU'TRIA, f. f. an other.
NUTRI'CIO, adj. that affords nourishment.
NUTRICIO'N, f. f. nutrition, food.
NUTRIMENTA'L, adj. that belongs to nourishment, or that can nourish.
NUTRIME'NTO, f. m. nutriment, nourishment.
NUTRI'R, v. a. to nourish.
NUTRITI'VO, adj. nourishing.
NUTRI'Z, f. f. a wet-nurse.

N Y M

NYMPHA, f. f. a nymph; a pretty young lady.
NYMPHO, f. m. an effeminate man.

Ñ A

ÑAGA'ZA, f. f. vid. *AÑAGA'ZA*.
ÑAQUE, f. m. a heap of rubbish; any useless things.
ÑIQUIÑAQUE, f. m. a word of contempt for any trifling thing.

Ñ O

ÑOCLOS, f. m. a sort of biscuits made of flower, sugar, butter, eggs, wine and annise-seed, made in the shape of a walnut.
ÑOÑA, adj. old, in the second infancy.
ÑO'RA, f. f. a well.

Ñ U

ÑUBLA'DO, adj. obf. cloudy.
ÑUBLA'R, v. n. obf. to grow cloudy.
ÑUBLO, f. m. obf. v. *NU'BLO*.
ÑUDI'LLO, f. m. a little knot.
ÑU'DO, f. m. a knot.
ÑUDO'SO, adj. full of knots.

O

O, the fourth of the vowels.
O, a particle, or adverb of admiration.
O que hermósa creatura! O what a beautiful creature!
O, a particle of indignation; as, *O velláco*! O thou knave!
O, a particle of desire; as, *O si llegasse el dia!* O that the day would come!
O, a particle of grief; as, *O que gran lástima*! O what a pity!
O, a particle of exclamation; as, *O gran Diós*! O great God.
O is used ironically; as, *O que lindo!* O fine!
O, a conjunction disjunctive; as, *O rico o póbre*, either rich or poor.

O B C

OBCECA'DO, adj. blinded.

O B D

OBDURACIO'N, f. f. stubbornness, inflexibility.

O B E

OBEDECE'R, v. a. to obey.
OBEDICIMIE'NTO, f. m. } obedience.
OBEDIE'NCIA, f. f. } obedience.
A la obediéncia, a phrase used in taking leave, your most obedient.
OBEDIENCIA'L, adj. obedient, that obeys.
OBEDIE'NTE, adj. obedient.
OBEDIENTEME'NTE, adv. obediently.
OBEJARU'CO, f. m. vide *ABEJERUCO*.
OBELI'SCO, f. m. an obelisk; also a mark or note in a book in the form of a cross.
OBE'LO, f. m. the same as *obelisco*.
OBE'NQUES, f. m. } the shrouds of a ship.
OBENCADU'RA, f. f. } the shrouds of a ship.
OBESIDA'D, f. f. morbid, fatness used by physicians.
OBE'SO, adj. obese, loaden with flesh, very fat.

O B I

O'BICE, f. hindrance, impediment obstruction.
OBISPA'DO, f. m. bishoprick, episcopal dignity.
OBISPA'L, adj. belonging to a bishop.
OBISPALI'A, f. f. certain towns belonging to the bishop; also the bishop's palace.
OBISPA'R, v. n. to make a bishop; ironically, to be exposed to public shame, which is done by riding on an ass, with a paper cap like a mitre on the head, answerable to our carting.
OBISPI'LLO, f. m. a mock bishop made among scholars at their breaking-up, as we chuse a king at Christmas.
Obispillo de puérco, a great sausage made of swine's flesh.
Obispillo de áve, the rump of a bird.
OBI'SPO, f. m. a bishop.
Obíspo de anillo, a titular bishop.
O'BITO, f. m. the decease or death of a person.

O B J

OBJECIO'N, f. f. an objection.
OBJETA'R, v. n. to object.
OBJETI'VO, adj. objective.
OBJE'TO, f. m. an object.

O B L

OBLACIO'N, f. f. oblation, sacrifice, offering.
OBLA'DA, f. f. an offering of bread laid on the graves of the dead.
Prov. *Quién lleva las obladas que taña las campánas*, let him that has the offering ring the bells; they that have the profit take the pains.
OBLA'TA, f. f. an offering of money made to a church; also the wafer when consecrated.
OBLE'A, f. f. a wafer.
OBLIGACIO'N, f. f. obligation; duty; a bond.
OBLIGA'R, v. a. to oblige, to force, to constrain.
OBLIGATI'VO, adj. that obliges
OBLIGATO'RIO, adj. obligatory.
OBLIQUAME'NTE, adv. obliquely, not directly.
OBLIQUA'R, v. a. to make oblique.
OBLIQUI'DAD, f. f. obliquity, diviation from rectitude.
OBLI'QUO, adj. oblique.
OBLO'NGO, adj. oblong, longer than broad.

O B N

OBNO'XIO, adj. exposed to any danger, subject, liable.

O B O

O'BOLO, f. m. an obole, a weight consisting of the sixth part of a drachm.

O B R

OBRA, f. f. work.
Obra prima, curious work.
Obra de dos leguas, about two leagues.
Obra, action, deed.
Obra romana, a perfect work.
Obras, the writings of an author; also any building or repairing.
Obras muertas, ò vivas de un navio, all that part of a ship that is in the water.
La obra del escorial, long work.
Prov. *Obra de común, óbra de ningún*, every body's business is no body's business.
OBRA'DA, f. f. a day's work; also an acre of land.
OBRADO'R, f. m. a workman, also a place to work in.
OBRA'GE, f. m. work, workmanship; also the workhouse.
OBRAGE'RO, f. m. an overseer of workmen.
OBRA'R, v. a. to work; also to act, to produce.
Obrár, to go to stool.
OBRECICA, } f. f. little work
OBRECI'LLA, } f. f. little work
OBRECI'TA, } f. f. little work

OBREPTI'CIO, *OBRETI'CIO*, adj. obreptitious, under-hand dealing.
OBRERI'A, f. f. a workshop.
OBRE'RO, f. m. a workman.
Prov. *Gran obréro, gran roméro*, a great workman is a great pilgrim; becaufe he is fent for from all parts.
Prov. *Obréros a no vér, dinéros a perdér*, not to fee workmen is to lofe one's money; becaufe they neglect their work.
OBRI'LLA, f. f. diminut. of *obra*.
OBRY'ZO, adj. pure, faid of gold.

OBS

OBSCENAME'NTE, adv. obfcenely, in an impure and unchafte manner.
OBSCENIDA'D, f. f. obfcenity, impurity of thoughts, actions, or language.
OBSCE'NO, adj. obfcene, impure, unchafte, immodeft.
OBSCURAME'NTE, adv. obfcurely, darkly.
OBSCURA'R, *OBSCURECE'R*, v. a. to darken, to grow dark.
Obfcurecér, v. a. to darken, to make dark.
OBSCURECIMIE'NTO, f. m. *OBSCURIDA'D*, f. f. obfcurity, darknefs.
OBSCU'RO, adj. obfcure, dark.
OBSEQüE'NTE; adj. obfequious.
OBSEQUIA'R, v. a. to court, to flatter, to be obfequious.
OBSE'QUIAS, f. f. obfequies, funeral rites.
OBSE'QUIO, f. m. obedience, compliance, obfequioufnefs.
OBSEQUIOSAME'NTE, adv. obfequioufly, with obedience.
OBSEQUIO'SO, adj. compliant, obfequious, obedient.
OBSERVACIO'N, f. f. obfervation.
OBSERVADO'R, f. m. one that obferves, an obfervator.
OBSERVA'NCIA, f. f. obfervance, refpect, ceremonial, reverence.
Obfervància, religious rite, attentive practice, careful obedience.
OBSERVA'NTES, f. m. pl. the ftricteft order of the Francifcan friars.
OBSERVA'R, v. a. to obferve, to keep, to regard, to take heed.
OBSERVATO'RIO, f. m. obfervatory, a place built for aftronomical obfervations.
OBSESSIO'N, f. f. the obfeffion of devils, antecedent to poffeffion.
OBSE'SSO, adj. molefted by the devils.
OBSIDIA'NA, f. f. an ancient precious ftone fo called.
OBSIDIONA'L, adj. obfidional, belonging to a fiege.
OBSOLE'TO, adj. obfolete, out of ufe.
OBSTA'CULO, f. m. obftacle, hindrance.
OBSTA'NTE, adj. which hinders.
Non obftánte, adv. notwithftanding.
OBSTRA'R, v. a. to obftruct, to hinder.
OBSTINACIO'N, f. f. obftinacy.
ORSTINADAME'NTE, adv. obftinately.
OBSTINA'DO, adj. obftinate, ftubborn.
OBSTINA'RSE, v. r. to grow obftinate.
OBSTRUCCIO'N, f. f. obftruction.
OBSTRUCTI'VO, adj. obftructive.
OBSTRUI'R, v. a. to obftruct, to shut up.

OBT

OBTEMPERA'NCIA, f. f. obedience.
OBTEMPERA'R, v. a. to obey.
OBTENE'R, v. a. to obtain, to get.
OBTE'NTO, f. m. ecclefiaftical, revenue.
OBTESTACIO'N, f. f. menace; a proteft againft one.
OBTUSA'NGULO, adj. in geometry, that of the three angles one is obtufe.
OBTU'SO, adj. obtufe, blunt dull.

OBV

OBVIA'R, v. a. to obviate, to prevent, to hinder.
OBVIO, adj. obvious, met one's way.
OBYE'CTO, f. m. obf. an objection or reply.
Obyécto, adj. obf. but before.

OCA

OCA, f. f. a goofe.
OCAL, adj. an appellative given to a particular kind of pear.
OCASIO'N, f. f. occafion, opportunity, convenience; an accidental caufe.
OCASIONALME'NTE, adv. occafionally.
OCASIONA'R, v. a. to caufe, to give occafion.
OCASO, f. m. fun-fet.

OCC

OCCIDENTA'L, adj. occidental weftern.
OCCIDE'NTE, f. m. the occident, the weft.
OCCIPITA'L, adj. occipital, belonging to the hind part of the head.
OCCISIO'N, f. f. murdering, killing.
OCCI'SO, adj. killed.
OCCURRE'NCIA, f. f. occurence, incident, accidental event.

OCE

OCE'ANO, f. m. the ocean; any immenfe expanfe.

OCH

OCHA'VA, f. f. an eighth part, a drachm in weight.
OCHAVA'DO, adj. that has eight fides or angles.
OCHAVA'R, v. a. to make an octagon or a figure confifting of eight fides and angles.

OCHAVA'RIO, f. m. the eighth part.
OCHA'VO, f. m. a fmall coin fo called, the eighth part of any thing.
OCHE'NTA, adj. eighty.
OCHE'NTA'L, } adj. eighty
OCHENTO'N, } years old.
OCHO, adj. eight.
OCHOCIE'NJOS, adj. eight hundred.

O C I

OCIA'R, v. a. to entertain one that he may not do what he is about.
O'CIO, f. m. leifure, idlenefs, floth.
OCIOSAME'NTE, adv. idly, lazily.
OCIOSIDA'D, f. f. idlenefs.
OCIO'SO, adj. idle, at leifure.

O C O

OCOZOA'L, f. m. a ferpent fo called.
OCOZO'L, f. m. a tree fo called.

O C R

OCRE, f. m. ochre, a kind of earth.
OCRO'TO, f. m. vide ONOCROTA'LO.

O C T

OCTAE'DRO, f. m. a body having the figure of eight equilateral triangles.
OCTA'GONO, f. m. an octagon.
OCTAVA, f. f. an octave or the eighth day, when a feftival is kept the fecond time, or the eight days the feftivity lafts. An octave in mufic.
Octávas, f. f. in poetry, ftanzas of eight lines.
OCTAVA'R, v. n. to form octaves. A mufical word.
OCTAVA'RIO, f. m. an ecclefiaftical feaft that lafts eight days.
OCTA'VO, adj. the eighth.
OCTOSYLA'BICO, } adj. con-
OCTOSY'LABO, } fifting of eight fyllables.

OCTU'BRE, f. m. the month of October.

O C U

OCULA'R, adj. ocular, of the eye, evident.
OCULARME'NTE, adv. ocularly, evidently.
OCULI'STA, f. m. an oculift, one who profeffes to cure diftempers of the eyes.
OCULTACIO'N, f. f. concealing, hiding.
OCULTAME'NTE, adv. occultly, privily, fecretly.
OCULTA'R, v. a. to conceal, to hide.
OCU'LTO, adj. occult, hidden, concealed, fecret, privy.
OCUPACIO'N, f. f. bufinefs, employment, poffeffion.
OCUPADO'R, f. m. occupier.
OCUPA'R, v. a. to bufy, to employ; alfo to fill a place, to take up room.
OCURRI'R, v. a. to occur, to happen.

O D A

O'DA, f. f. an ode in poetry.

O D I

ODIA'R, v. a. to hate.
Odiárfe, v. r. to hate each other.
ODIO, f. m. hatred.
ODIOSAME'NTE, adv. odioufly, hatefully.
ODIO'SO, adj. odious, hateful.

O D O

ODORA'TO, f. m. vide OLFA'TO.
ODORI'FERO, adj. odoriferous, fragrant, fweet-fcented.

O D R

O'DRE, f. m. a hog's or goat's skin dreffed with the hair inward with pitch and rofin to carry wine, oil, or the like.
Hinchár un ódre, to blow a goat's-skin full of wind, to try whether it is tight to hold liquor.
ODRECI'LLO, f. m. diminut. of odre.
ODRERI'A, f. f. the place where they make and fell the skins to carry wine.
ODRE'RO, f. m. he that makes the skins to carry wine in.
ODRI'NA, f. f. an ox's hide turned into an odre.

O E D

OEDICNE'MO, f. m. a fort of water fowl who hunts rats at night.

O E N

OENA'THE, f. f. a fmall bird a little bigger than a fparrow.
OE'NAS, f. f. a fort of wild pigeon.

O E S

OESÑORVE'STE, f. m. weftnorthweft.
OESSUDUE'STE, f. m. weftfouthweft.
OE'STE, f. m. weft.
OE'STE-SUE'STE, f. m. idem.

O F E

OFENDEDO'R, f. m. v. OFENSO'R.
OFENDE'R, v. a. to offend, to injure, to make angry.
Ofendér a Diós, to offend the laws of God.
Ofendérfe, v. r. to refent an offence, to take offence.
OFE'NSA, f. f. offence.
OFENSA'R, v. a. vide OFENDE'R.
OFENSIO'N, f. f. hurt, trouble mifchief, offence.
OFENSI'VO, adj. offenfive.
OFENSO'R, f. m. an offender.
OFE'RTA, f. f. an offer.
OFE'RTO, p. p. of ofrecer.
OFERTO'RIO, f. m. the offertory, that part in the mafs where the prieft offers up the facrifice.

O F I

OFICIA'L, f. m. a handicraftſman, a tradeſman, a workman, a journeyman; alſo an officer.

Oficiàl eclefiaſtico, the perſon to whom the cognizance of cauſes is committed by ſuch as have eccleſiaſtical juriſdiction.

OFICIALA'ZO, f. m. an able work-man.

OFICIALE'JO, f. m. a little or a pitiful officer or workman.

OFICIALI'A, f. f. officialty, the charge or poſt of an official.

OFICIA'R, v. a. to officiate.

Oficiar úna miſſa, to officiate, to help to ſing maſs.

OFICI'NA, f. f. a ſhop or work-houſe.

OFI'CIO, f. m. an office, a trade, an employment. Alſo the office of the church, or the divine office.

OFICIOSIDA'D, f. f. officiouſneſs, diligence and application to work.

OFICIO'SO, adj. officious, kind, doing good offices.

O F R

OFRECEDO'R, f. m. he who makes offers.

OFRECE'R, v. a. to offer, to proffer.

Ofrecérſe, v. r. to occur.

OFRECIMIE'NTO, f. m. offer, an offering.

OFRE'NDA, f. f. offering.

OFRENDA'R, v. a. to make an offering.

O F U

OFUSCACIO'N, f. f. } dimneſs of fight, offuſcation.
OFUSCAMIE'NTO, f. m. }

OFUSCA'R, v. a. to offuſcate, to darken, to dim.

O G A

OGAñO, adv. this year.

O I

OI'BLE, adj. audible, that may be heard.

O I D

OI'DO, f. m. the ſenſe of the hearing; alſo the drum of the ear.

Hacér oìdos de mercadér, not to give attention.

OIDO'R, f. m. one who hears alſo a magiſtrate ſo called.

OIDORI'A, f. f. the charge or poſt of *oidór*.

DE'OIDAS, adv. as it is reported.

O'IR, v. a. to hear; to give attention.

Oìr vér y callar, to hear, to ſee, and to be ſilent.

O J A

OJA'L, f. m. a button-hole, a loop.

OJALADE'RA, f. f. ſhe that makes button-holes.

OJALADU'RA, f. f. the whole range of button-holes in a ſuit of cloaths.

OJALA'R, v. n. to make button-holes.

OJANÇO, f. m. that has but one eye.

OJA'R, v. a. obſ. to look attentively.

OJA'ZO, f. m. a great eye.

O J E

OJEA'DA, f. f. a caſt of an eye upon any thing.

OJEA'R, v. a. to eye, to caſt an eye upon a thing; alſo to wink.

OJE'O, f. m. a caſt of an eye; among ſportſmen, the act of looking out sharp for their game.

OJE'RAS, f. f. pl. the deep ſtreaks or furrows under the eye cauſed by ſickneſs; want of ſleep, or the like.

OJERI'ZA, f. f. ill-will, a grudge, malice.

OJERU'DO adj. that has wrinkles or furrows under his eyes.

OJETE f. m. an eyelet-hole.

OJETEA'R, v. n. to make eyelet-holes.

OJETE'RA, f. f. a piece of cloth put to give greater ſtrength to ſome part of a garment.

O J I

OJIALE'GRE, adj. gay-eyed.

OJINEGRO, adj. black-eyed.

OJIZA'INO, adj. ſquint-eyed.

OJIZA'RCO, adj. blue-eyed.

O J O

O'JO f. m. the eye; alſo the ſight.

O'JO! an interj. beware, take care

Ojo de aguja, the eye of an needle

Ojo de buéy, the herb ox-eye, may weed.

Ojo de chíbo, a ſort of fiſh.

Ojo de puénte, the arch of a bridge.

Ojo de red, the meiſh of a net.

Ojo de molíno, the channel or paſſage, that conveys the water to the mill-wheel.

Tenér ſobre el ójo, to keep a ſtrict eye upon; alſo to envy.

Tener ſángre en el ójo, to ſtand upon one's reputation, to be nice in points of honour.

Ponér los ójos en algúno, to take a kind-neſs to a man.

Dar de ójos, to fall upon one's face.

Comprar a òjo, to buy by the eye.

Abrír el ójo, to open the ege; that is, to be upon one's guard, to obſerve, to watch.

Tenér òjo en úna còſa, to have an eye upon a thing, to take care of it.

Valér un ójo de la cára, to be worth an éye; to be exceſſive dear.

Mirar de mal ójo, to look upon with an ill eye, to have no kindneſs.

Cerrár el ójo, to die.

En un abrir y cerrár de ójos, in the twinkling of an eye.

Háſta los ójos, up to the eyes; plunged in as deep as he can.

No me dixo, négro has el ójo, he did not ſay, black is your eye; that is, he ſpoke not a word to me.

Prov. *Ojos que no ven, coraçon no quebrantán*, eyes that do not ſee, do not break the heart; that the

eyes do not see, the heart does not rue.

Prov. *Ojos hai que delagáñas se enamorán*, there are eyes that fall in love with blears; one man is fond of what others loath.

Prov. *El ójo limpiale con el códo*, rub your eye with your elbow; that is, not at all.

Prov. *Lo que con el ójo se vé, con el dédo se adivina*, what the eye sees, the finger can divine; that is, things visible, plain, or easy, need no divination or conjuring, or making a mystery of them, as some people do.

Prov. *De quién pone los ójos en el suélo, no fies tu dinero*, do not trust your money to one that always looks upon the ground; do not trust those who make much outward show of sanctity.

Prov. *Lo que ójos no vén, corazón no desea*, what the eye does not see, the heart does not covet.

Prov. *Ojos que vén no envejécen*, eyes that see, do not grow old; that is, seeing and diverting oneself, keeps off old age.

Prov. *Quan léxos de ojos, tan léxos de corazón*, as far from the eyes, so far from the heart. Out of sight, out of mind.

Prov. *Quién quiére ójo sáno, átese la máno*, he that will have a sound eye, must tie up his hand; that is, must not handle it.

Prov. *Mas vén quátro ójos que no dos*, four eyes see more than two. Two heads are better than one.

OJO'TA, s. f. a sort of shoes used by women in America, made of wool or rushes.

OISLO, s. m. a nickname for a wife.

O J U

OJU'DO, adj. great-eyed.

OJUE'LO, s. m. a little eye.

Ojuélos, pl. spectacles.

O L A

OLA!, an interjection, vide *HO'LA*.

O'LA, s. f. a wave.

O L E

OLEADA, s. f. a great wave.

Oleádas, the motions of the mind.

OLEAGINOSIDA'D, s. f. oiliness.

OLEAGINO'SO, adj. full of oil.

OLEA'R, v. a. to oil, to anoint with oil, to give the sacrament of extreme unction to a dying person; also to wave or move as the waves do.

OLEA'RIO, adj. full of oil, oily.

OLEA'ZA, s. f. the water remaining after the oil is pressed out.

OLECRANO'N, s. m. a prominent bone in the elbow.

OLEDE'RO, adj. giving scent.

OLEDO'R, s. m. a smeller.

O'LEO, s. m. obs. oil.

OLEOMIE'L, s. m. an oil oozing out of a tree in Syria, mentioned by Pliny.

OLEO'SO, adj. oily, unctuous.

OLE'R, v. a. to smell.

Oler, to be like, to resemble, to appear; also to suspect any thing secret.

Olér, to peep, to observe curiously.

O L F

OLFA'TO, s. m. the smell, the sense of smelling.

O L I

OLIGARCHI'A, s. f. oligarchy, a commonwealth governed by a few.

OLIGA'RCHICO, adj. oligarchic, belonging to an oligarchy.

O'LIO, s. m. oil; only used to signify the sacrament of extreme unction, or any holy oil.

OLISCA'R, v. a. to smell about as a dog does; also to make an enquiry or examination.

OLI'VA, s. f. an olive, so called in some parts.

OLIVA'R, s. m. an olive garden.

Olivárse, v. r. to raise in bubbles; said of bread that so rises in the oven when the dough has cooled to much.

OLIVE'RA, s. f. the place where the olive-trees grow.

OLI'VO, s. m. an olive-tree.

O L L

O'LLA, s. f. a pot to boil meat in; the meat boiled in the pot; also the stomach.

Ollas de fuego, fire pots used in war to throw to the enemies.

Olla podrida, a dish so called, which consists of beef and many other things boiled together.

Olla de la garganta, the mouth of the stomach.

Prov. *Cáda día ólla, ámarga el caldo*, every-day boiled meat makes the broth taste bitter. Too much of one thing is good for nothing.

OLLA'ZA, s. f. a great pot.

OLLA'ZO, s. m. a blow given with a pot.

OLLE'JO, s. m. V. *HOLLE'JO*.

OLLERI'A, s. f. the potters street, or shop.

OLLE'RO, s. m. a potter.

OLLICA, *OLLILLA*, *OLLUELA*, s. f. dimin. of *olla*.

O L M

OLME'DA, s. f. a grove of elm-trees.

OLMI'LLO, s. m. a little elm.

OLMO, s. m. an elm-tree.

O L O

OLO'R, s. m. smell.

OLORCI'LLO, s. m. diminutive, of *olor*.

OLORO'SO, that has a scent; always taken for a good one, unless ironically spoken.

O L V

OLVIDADE'RO, *OLVIDADI'ZO*, adj. forgetful.

OLVI'DAR, v. a. to forget.

Olvidárse, v. r. to forget oneself.

OLVIDO, s. m. forgetfulness.

O L Y

OLYMPI'ADA, s. f. an olympiad, the space of four years, at the end of which were the olympick games in Greece.

OLY'MPICO, adj. olympick.
OLY'MPO, f. m. the top or summit of any thing.

O M B

OMBLI'GO, f. m. the navel; alfo the middle of any thing.
Ombligo de Vénus, the herb penny wort.
OMBLIGUE'RO, f. m. a little band they put upon the new-born children's navel.
OMBLIGUI'LLO, f. m. a little navel.
OME'GA, f. f. the end of any thing.
OMENTA'L, adj. belonging to the midriff.
OME'NTO, f. m. midriff.
OMICRO'N, f. m. the name of the letter *O* in Greek.
OMINA'R, v. a. to ominate, to foretoken.
OMINO'SO, adj. ominous, in aufpicious.
OMISSIO'N, f. f. an omiffion.
OMITIR; v. a. to omit.
OMI'SSO, adj. omitted; alfo uncareful, negligent.

O M N

OMNIMO'DO, adj. general.
OMNIPOTE'NCIA, f. f. almighty power, omnipotence.
OMNIPOTE'NTE, adj. omnipotent, almighty.
OMNIPOTENTEMENTE, adv. omnipotently.

O M O

OMOPLA'TOS, f. m. the omoplate, the shoulder blade.

O M P

OMPHACI'NO, adj. *Azeite omphacino*, oil of green olives.
OMPHACOME'LI, f. m. a fort of wine made of green grapes and good honey; it is good to ftrengthen the ftomach.

O N A

ONA'GRA, f. m. a plant or shrub fo called.
ONA'GRO, f. m. a wild afs.

O N C

ONCE, eleven.
Once mil, eleven thoufand; alfo, in cant, a coat of mail.
ONCEA'R, v. a. to weigh, or give by ounces.
ONCEJE'RA, f. f. a fort of fnare ufed to catch fmall birds.
ONCE'NO, adj. eleventh.

O N D

ONDA, f. f. a wave.
ONDE; adv. obf. wherefore.
ONDEA'R, v. a. to wave as the fea does.
ONDO'SO, adj. full of waves.

O N E

ONERO'SO, adj. onerous, burthenfome, oppreffive.

O N O

ONOBRI'CHE, f. f. a plant fo called.
ONOCRO'TALO, f. m. a bird fo called.
ONOMANCI'A, f. f. the art of divining by the name of perfons.
ONOMA'STICO, adj. belonging to the art of divining by means of perfons names.
ONOMATOPE'IA, f. f. a figure in retorick, when a name is given to a thing from the found it makes.
ONO'SMA; f. f. a plant fo called.
ONU'STO, adj. charged, loaded.

O N Y

ONY'CHE, f. f. a gem called onyx.

O N Z

ONZA, f. f. an ounce; alfo a fierce beaft, called a panted or ounce.

O P A

OPACAME'NTE, adv. obfcurely, darkly.
OPACIDA'D, f. f. shade, shadinefs.
OPA'CO, adj. opake, dark, obfcure.

O P C

OPCIO'N, f. f. option, choice election.

O P E

O'PERA, f. f. an intricate and tedious work.
Opera, an opera.
OPERACIO'N, f. f. operation.
OPERA'R, v. a. to work.
OPERA'RIO, f. m. a workman.
OPERATI'VO, adj. operative.
OPERO'SO, adj. what cofts much labour.

O P H

OPHTALMI'A, f. f. an inflamation on the eye.
OPHTA'LMICO, adj. inflamatory.

O P I

OPIA'TA, f. f. opiate, a medicine that caufes fleep.
OPILACIO'N, f. f. an obftruction; the green-ficknefs.
OPILA'R, v. a. to caufe obftructions.
O'PIMO, adj. rich, fertile, abundant.
OPINA'BLE, adj. that may be thought or fuppofed.
OPINA'R, v. n. to be of opinion.
OPINA'TICO, adj. opinionated, conceited, fond of his own opinion, pofitive opinion.
OPINIO'N, f. f. opinion.
OPINIONCI'TA, f. f. dimin. of *opinion*.
O'PIO, f. m. the well-known foporifick, called opium.
OPI'PARO, adj. opiparous, fplendid, copious, faid of a banquet

OPITULACION

OPITULACIO'N, f. f. obf. help, fuccour, affiftance.

OPO

OPOBA'LSAMO, f. m. the balfam that is made by broiling the leaves and bark of the trees, which diftil the balfam, not fo valuable as that which diftils by incifion.
OPONE'R, v. a. to oppofe, to fet againft, to contradict, to argue againft.
Oponérfe à úna cátedra ò beneficio, to vye with another for a profefforship or a benefice.
OPOPO'NACO, f. m. the juice of the herb called *panax Héraclei.*
OPORTUNAME'NTE, adv. opportunely, conveniently, feafonably.
OPORTUNIDA'D, f. f. opportunity.
OPORTU'NO, adj. opportune, convenient, feafonable.
OPOSICIO'N, f. f. oppofition.
OPO'SITO, adj. oppofite.
OPOSITO'R, f. m. an oppofer.

OPR

OPRESSIO'N, f. f. oppreffion.
OPRE'SSO, adj. oppreffed.
OPRESSO'R, f. m. an oppreffor.
OPRIMI'R, v. a. to opprefs.
OPRO'BRIO, f. m. a reproach.

OPT

OPTAR, v. a. to choofe, to felect.
OPTATI'VO, f. m. the optative in grammar.
O'PTICA, f. f. the fcience of opticks.
O'PTICO, adj. optick, belonging to opticks.
Opticos nérvios, f. m. the optick nerves, which are the inftruments of fight.
OPTIMAME'NTE, adv. very well.
O'PTIMO, adj. very good.

OPU

OPUESTAME'NTE, adv. with oppofition.
OPUE'STO, p. p. oppofite, or oppofed.
Opuéfto, f. m. the oppofite, the contrary, a competitor.
OPUGNACIO'N, f. f. an oppugning or oppofing.
OPUGNADO'R, f. m. an oppugner, or oppofer.
OPUGNA'R, v. a. to oppugn, or oppofe.
OPULE'NCIA, f. f. wealth, plenty, abundance. *Latin.*
OPULENTAME'NTE, adv. wealthy, plentifully.
OPULE'NTO, adj. wealthy, rich, plentifully.
OPUSCULI'LLO, f. m. a little work.
OPU'SCULO, f. m. a short compendious writing, or compofition

OPY

OPY'MACHO, f. m. a fmall bird who fights againft ferpents.

OQU

OQUEDA'D, f. f. hollownefs, concavity.
Oquédal, f. m. an hill covered with high trees.
OQUERUE'LA, f. f. a fault or knot in the thread.

ORA

ORACIO'N, f. f. prayer, oration, fpeech.
Prov. *Oración de pérro no va al ciélo*, a dog's prayer does not go up to heaven. The prayers of the wicked do not prevail.
La oración bréve sùbe al ciélo, a short prayer afcends to heaven.
ORACIONA'L, f. m. a prayer-book.
ORA'CULO, f. m. an oracle.
ORA'DA, f. f. a fish fo called.
ORADO'R, f. m. an orator.
ORA'R, v. n. to pray; alfo to make a fpeech.
ORA'TE, f. m. a fool.
ORATO'RIA, f. f. oratory, rhetorick.
ORATORIAME'NTE, adv. in a rhetorical ftyle.
ORATO'RIO, f. m. an oratory, a little chapel or private place of prayer.

ORB

ORBAYA'R, v. n. to fall as does the dew.
ORBE, f. m. the world; a fphere or circle; a planet; a fort of fish.
ORBEDA'D, f. f. privation of parents.
ORBICULA'R, adj. orbicular, circular.
O'RBITA, f. f. the orbit of a planet.

ORC

ORCA, f. f. a vaft fabulous fish
ORCHE'STRA, f. f. orcheftra, the place where the muficians fit at a publick shew.
ORCO, f. m. the fame as *orca.*

ORD

O'RDEN, f. m. order, method, row, rank, dignity, religious order.
Dar órden, to order, to direct.
Eftar en órden, to be ready, to be in order.
Guardar órden, to obey orders.
Ir en órden, to march in order.
Orden de religión, a religious order of friars, monks, or other perfons dedicated to the fervice of God.
Orden militár, a military order of knighthood.
Ordenes, f. m. holy orders, as priefthood, deaconship, &c.
ORDENADAME'NTE, adv. orderly.
ORDENADO'R, f. m. an orderer.
ORDENAMIE'NTO, f. m. an ordering, or an ordinance; alfo the title of a volume of the laws of Spain.
ORDENA'NZA, f. f. an ordinance, or decree; alfo the militia.
ORDENA'R, v. a. to or der, ordain, to inftitute, to appoint; alfo to give ecclefiaftical orders.
ORDEÑA'R, v. a. to milk.
ORDEÑADO, adj. mil ked.

Azeytúna ordeñáda, an olive that has been pressed.

ORDEñADO'R, s. m. he who milks the cows.

ORDIDU'RA, s. f. vide URDIDU'RA.

ORDIE'MBRE, s. m. vide URDIEMBRE.

ORDINA'L, adj. ordinal, following in order.

ORDINARAME'NTE, adv. commonly, frequently, regularly.

ORDINA'RIO, adj. ordinary, usual.

Ordinário, s. m. the daily expence; also ordinary of a place in spirituals.

ORDI'R, v. a. vide URDI'R.

ORE

ORE'ADE, s. f. nymph of the mountains.

ORE'AR, v. a. to air.

ORECE'R, v. a. to turn into gold.

ORE'GANO, s. m. the herb origanum, a sort of wild marjoram.

ORE'JA, s. f. an ear.

Oréja de ráton, the herb called mouseear.

Oréja de abád, the herb kidneywort; a pancake.

Oréja de escudilla, the ear or handle of a poringer.

Dar oréjas, to hearken, to listen, to give ear.

Cerrar las oréjas, to refuse, to give ear.

Hacér oréjas de mercadér, to take no notice of what is said.

No vále sus oréjas llénas de água, it is good for nothing.

Prov. *Consejo de oréja, no vále una arvéja*, counsel whispered in the ear is not worth a pea.

OREJEA'R, v. r. to wag the ears.

OREJE'RAS, s. f. pl. something to screen the ears from cold.

OREJO'N, s. m. a great ear, or one that has great ears; also a peach or melocotoon dried in slices.

Orejón de baluárte, an orillon, a mass of earth faced with wall, advancing beyond the shoulder of a bastion.

OREJU'DO, adj. that has great ears.

ORE'O, s. m. an airing, the pleasant temperate air.

ORE'SPE, s. m. obs. a goldsmith.

ORTEBRER'IA, s. f. the goldsmiths work or trade.

ORG

ORGANE'RO, s. m. one that makes or sells organs.

ORGA'NICO, adj. belonging to the organs.

ORGANI'ÇO, } s. m. a small
ORGANI'LLO, } organ.

ORGANI'TO, s. m. a small organ.

ORGANI'STA, s. m. an organist, one that plays on the organs, or that makes them.

ORGANIZACIO'N, s. f. organization; construction in which the parts are so disposed as to be subservient to each other.

ORGANIZA'R, v. a. to tune the organ to a voice, to organize, to proportion, to place in parts and proportions.

O'RGANO, s. m. an organ; the organs of the body.

ORGULLE'ZA, s. f. obs. } haughtiness,
ORGU'LLO, s. m. } pride, arrogance.

ORGULLOSAME'NTE, adv. haughtily, proudly, arrogantly.

ORGULLO'SO, adj. haughty, proud, arrogant.

ORI

ORI, in cant, a call; as, ho, hey, or the like.

ORICA'LCO, s. m. a fine mixture of metals, orichalch, brass.

ORIENTA'L, adj. oriental, of the east, eastern.

Pérla orientál, an oriental pearl, a bright, fair, beautiful pearl.

ORIE'NTE, s. m. the east.

ORI'FICE, s. m. obs. a goldsmith.

ORIFIS'CIO, s. m. orifice, any opening or perforation.

ORI'GEN, s. m. the origin, rise, original, beginning of any thing.

ORIGINA'L, adj. original, subst. used an original.

Pecádo originál, original sin.

Processo originál, the original proceedings in a law-suit.

ORIGINALME'NTE, adv. originally.

ORIGINA'R, v. a. to cause, to affect.

Originárse, v. r. to take its origin from.

ORIGINA'RIO, adj. originary, productive, primitive.

ORI'LLA, s. f. brink, edge, border of a thing; skirt, the sea shore, the bank of a river, a bed's side.

Orilla, a cold bleak wind.

Prov. *Nadár nadár, y a la orilla ahogar*, to swim and swim, and be drowned at the bank side; to go through all difficulties, and be disappointed in the conclusion.

ORILLA'R, v. n. to draw to the sides, brinks, or edges; used only ween they clear any place where there is a multitude of people, and they make them retire to the sides.

ORI'LLO, s. m. the list of cloth.

ORI'N, s. m. rust.

ORINA, s. f. urine.

ORINA'L, s. m. an urinal or chamberpot.

ORINA'R, v. a. to make water.

ORINECE'R, v. n. to grow rusty.

ORINIE'NTO, adj. rusty.

ORI'NQUE, s. m. the anchor cable in a ship.

ORIO'L, s. m. a little bird so called.

ORIO'N, s. m. a celestial northern constellation.

ORL

ORLA, s. f. a skirt, a border, an edging. In heraldy, an orle or border about a coat.

ORLA'DOR, s. m. one that borders or edges.

ORLADU'RA, s. f. border, edge, hem.

ORLA'R, v. a. to border, to edge.

O'RLO, s. m. a musical wind instrument like a shepherd's crook.

O R M

ORMESI', f. m. the thin filk we call farcenet.

O R N

ORNADAME'NTE, adj. with ornament, in an adorned manner.
ORNAME'NTO, f. m. ornament.
ORNA'R, v. a. to adorn.
ORNA'TO, f. m. ornament.

O R O

ORO, f. m. gold.
Oro potable, potable gold, a chemical preparation fo called.
Oro obrizo, the pureft gold.
Oro de láta, fuch gold as leather is gilt with, or the like.
Oro guadin, bafe low gold that has an allay of filver.
Oro de riél, gold in ingots.
Oro en pólvo, gold duft, as it is found in the rivers.
Oro en pafta, gold in bars or ingots.
Pometér móntes de óro, to promife mountains of gold; to promife much, and perform nothing.
Prov. *No es tódo óro lo que reluce*, all is not gold that glitters.
ORO'BIAS, f. m. pl. a fort of incenfe, or gum.
OROFRE'S, f. m. gold or filver lace.
ORONDA'DO, adj. having the appearance of waves.
ORONDADU'RA, f. f. diverfity of colours in the form of waves.
ORO'NDO, adj. haughty, full of pride.
OROPE'L, f. m. tinfel.
OROPE'NDOLA, f. f. the bird called a witwall.
OROPIME'NTE, f. m. orpiment.
OROS, f. pl. the fuit of diamonds in cards.
OROSU'Z, f. f. liquorice.

O R P

ORPHANDA'D, f. f. privation of father and mother, orphanifm.
O'RPHANO, f. m. the young one who has neither father or mother, an orphan.
O'RPHANO, adj. fatherlefs and motherlefs.

O R T

ORTE'GA, f. f. a kind of quail.
ORTE'RA, f. f. vide *HORTE'RA*.
ORTHODO'XO, adj. orthodox, found in opinion or doctrine, not heretical.
ORTHOGO'NIO, f. m. an orthogon, a rectangled figure.
ORTHOGRAPHI'A, f. f. orthography, that part of grammar that teaches how words should be fpelled.
ORTHOGRA'PHICO, adj. orthographical, relating to orthography.
ORTHO'GRAPHO, f. m. an orthographer, one who fpells according to the rules of grammar.
ORTI'GA, f. f. a nettle; alfo a fort of fifh.
ORTI'VO, adj. ortive; faid of the rifing of ftars.
ORTO, f. m. the afcenfion or rifing of any planet.

O R U

ORU'GA, f. f. an herb called rocket; alfo caterpillar; alfo a fort of worm growing upon herbs in gardens.
ORU'JO, f. m. the husk of the grapes after the wine is preffed out of them.

O R Z

O'RZA, f. f. a fort of earthen ware.
Ir a órza, to tack about, to fail againft the wind.
ORZA'R, v. n. to fail againft the wind.
ORZUE'LO, f. m. a pimple growing upon the eye-lid; alfo a fnare to catch birds with.

O S

OS, [for *vos*] you; as, *Yo os digo*, I tell you.
OSADAME'NTE, adv. boldly.
OSA'DAS, adv. *A osádas*, purpofely, defignedly; alfo boldly.
OSADI'A, f. f. boldnefs, courage.
OSA'DO, adj. bold, courageous
OSA'R, v. n. to dare.

O S C

OSCILACI'ON, f. f. ofcillation; the act of moving forwards and backwards.
OSCITA'NCIA, f. f. carelefnefs.
O'SCULO, f. m. a kifs.
OSIFRA'GA, f. f. a kind of eagle fo called.
OSINA, f. f. a bird fo called.

O S S

OSSA, f. f. a she bear.
OSSAME'NTA, f. f. the whole frame of the bones of a body.
OSSA'RIO, f. m. the charnel, the place where the bones are kept.
OSSE'RA, f. f. a bear-garden, a place to keep bears; a bear's den.
OSSE'RO, f. m. a bearherd.
OSSE'SNO, f. m. the bear's cub.
OSSI'LLA, f. f. a little she-bear.
OSSI'LLO, f. m. a little he-bear or cub.
OSSO, f. m. a bear.
OSSU'DO, adj. bony, big-boned.

O S T

OSTENSIO'N, f. f. shew.
OSTENSIVO, adj. that may be shewn, oftenfive.
OSTENTACIO'N, f. f. oftentation.
OSTENTADO, adj. proud haughty.
OSTENTA'R, v. n. to carry oneself proudly or haughtily.
OSTE'NTO, f. m. obf. a bad omen.
OSTENTO'SO, adj. fumptuous,

magnificent, of great appearance or show.
OSTEOLOGI'A, f. f. ofteology, the art of knowing the bones.
OSTIA'RIO, f. m. a box to keep the wafers in that are to be confecrated.
OSTIA'TIM, adv. from door to door.
OSTRA, f. f. an oyfter.
OSTRACI'SMO, f. m. the oftracifm, a law the Athenians had.
OSTRE'RA, f. f. an oyfter-bed.
OSTRO, f. m. the fouth wind.
OSTU'GO, f. m. hole, corner, nook or cranny.
OSY'RIDE, f. f. a plant fo called.

O T A

OTACU'STA, f. m. a fpy, a mifchief maker, a make-bate.
OTA'ñES, f. m. a lady's footman.
OTA'R, v. a. vide *OTE'AR*.
OTEADO'R, f. m. a fpy, an obferver, a watcher.
OTEA'R, v. a. to fpy, to obferve, to watch from a high place.
OTE'RO, f. m. a hill.

Prov. *Si no va el otéro a Mahóma, váya Mahóma al otéro*, if the mountain will not go to Mahomet let Mahomet go to the mountain; if we cannot do as we would, we muft do as we can.
OTHO'NA, f. f. a plant fo called.

O T O

OTO, f. m. a bird fo called.
OTOñA'DA, f. f. harveft, harveft time, autumn time, vintage time.
OTOñA'L, adj. of, or belonging to autumn.
OTOñA'R, v. a. to work at the harveft or vintage, as is done in autumn.
OTOñE'RO, adj. of, or belonging to harveft, vintage, or autumn.
OTOñO, f. m. autumn.
OTORGA'DA, f. f. a maid that is promifed by her friends to the friends of him she is to marry.
Otorgádos, f. m. pl. two that are promifed in marriage.
OTORGAMIE'NTO, f. m. a grant.
OTORGA'NTE, f. m. he that grants.
OTORGA'R, v. a. to grant.

O T R

OTRAME'NTE, adv. obf. otherwife.
OTRAVE'Z, adv. another time; again.
OTRO, adj. another.
OTROSI', adv. item, alfo.
Otro tánto, as much more.
Otrós tantós, as many more.
Otrodia, another day.

O V A

OVA, f. f. a weed.
OVACIO'N, f. f. ovation.
OVA'DO, *OVA'L*, adj. oval.
O válame Diós! O God help me.
O'VALO, f. m. in geometry, the oval figure.
OVA'R, v. n. to lay eggs.
OVA'RIO, f. m. in achitecture, an ornament refembling eggs.

O V E

OVECI'LLA, *OVECI'CA*, f. f. a little sheep.
OVECI'CO, f. m. (diminut. of *huevo*) a fmall egg.
OVE'JA, f. f. a sheep, an ewe.
Ovéja merina, a sheep that has fine wool.
Ovéja burdália, a sheep that has coarfe wool.
Ovéja corrál, a sheep of little value, that will not pafs in tale.
Oveja tampina, a shorn sheep.

Prov. *Ovéja que bála bocádo piérde*, the sheep that bleats lofes a mouthful; too much talk is lofs of time.

Prov. *Entregár las ovéjas al lóbo*, to put the sheep into the hands of the wolf; that is, to put a perfon or bufinefs into fuch hands as shall endeavour its deftruction.

Prov. *Oveja de múchos, lóbos fe la cómen*, the sheep that belongs to many is devoured by wolves; every body's bufinefs is no body's bufinefs.

Prov. *Cána ovéja con fu paréja*, every sheep with its match; that is, every one to his equal.
OVEJE'RO, f. m. a shepherd.
OVEJI'TA, *OVEJUE'LA*, f. f. a little sheep.

Prov. *Ovejuéla de Dios, el diáblo te trafquíle*, little sheep of God, the devil sheer you; meant of hypocrites.
OVEJU'NA, adj. of, or belonging to sheep, sheepish.
OVE'RA, f. f. the knots of eggs in a hen's belly; in falconry, the feathers under a hawk's tail next the way she lays her egg.
OVE'RO, adj. of the colour of eggs; fubftantively ufed, a cream-coloured horfe.
OVE'ST, f. m. the wefterly wind.

O V I

OVI'L, f. m. in cant, a bed.
Ovil, adj. belonging to a sheep or to a sheep-fold.
OVILLAR, v. a. to wind up thread or the like into a bottom.
OVILLE'JO, f. m. a dimin. of *ovillo*. Alfo, a fort of poetical compofition fo called.
OVI'LLO, f. m. a bottom of thread, yarn, &c.
Hacérfe un ovillo, to ruck up, to draw onefelf up all together like a ball or bottom of thread.
OVI'PARO, adj. oviparous, bringing forth eggs.
OVISPYLLO, f. m. the rump of a bird.

O V O

O'VOLO, f. m. a term in architecture, the fourth member of the cornice, being a round moulding.
OVO'SO, adj. that has eggs.

O X A

OX, a word or found ufed to drive away birds, or the like; as in English shue, shue.
OXALA', would to God.
OXA'LME, f. m. a fort of sine or pickle.

OXE

OXEA'R, v. n. to drive away birds.
OXE'O, f. m. a frighting, fcaring or driving away birds or the like.

OXI

OXI'MACO, f. m. a bird fo called.

OXT

OXTE, an exclamation upon any fudden pain or furprize.
Oxte púto! O whorefon! an exclamation, not only ufed in fcorn, or to affront but fometimes only by way of admiration.
OXYACANTHA, f. f. a shrub fo called.
OXYME'L, f. m. a mixture of vinegar and honey.
OXYSA'CRE, f. m. a fauce made with milk, honey, and fugar.

OY

OY, adv. to day; now.
Oy dia, now a days.
OYE'NTE, f. m. by-ftander.

P

P, one of the consonants called mutes, pronounced in Spanish as in English.

PAB

PABELLO'N, s. m. a pavillion, a tent; also a tent-bed.
Pabellón, the royal flag; also an arbour, a bower.
PABI'LO, s. m. the match of a candle.
PABLA'R, v. a. to talk.
PA'BULO, s. m. aliment, food.

PAC

PACA, s. f. a bundle, a ball, a parcel packed up.
Páca, s. f. a small beast in Brasil, like a pig.
PACA'DO, *PACA'TO*, adj. pacified, quieted.
PACCION, s. f. v. *PACTO*.
PACCIONAR, v. a *PACTA'R*.
PACEDE'RO, adj. that affords pasture to animals. Said of a field.
PACEDU'RA, s. f. pasture.
PACE'R, v. n. to feed, to graze.
Prov. *Con quién páces, y no con quién náces*, love or respect those that maintain and feed you, those that are your true friends; not those among whom you were born.
PACES, pl. of *paz*.
PACHO'N, s. m. a heavy lumpish man; also a hunting dog.
PACHO'RRA, s. f. heaviness in men, slowness, sluggishness.
PACIE'NCIA, s. f. patience.
PACIE'NTE, adj. patient; subst. used; a patient or sick man; also one that is to suffer, or is to be executed. In an ill sense, a bardash; ironically a cuckold.
PACIENTEME'NTE, adv. patiently.
PACIFICACIO'N, s. f. a pacification.
PACIFICADO'R, s. m. a pacifier, a peace-maker.
PACIFICAME'NTE, adv. peaceably.
PACIFICA'R, v. a. to pacify, to appease.
PACI'FICO, adj. peaceable.
PACO, s. m. an American animal so called.
PACTA'R, *PACTEA'R*, v. a. to make a compact or agreement.
PA'CTO, s. m. contract, agreement.

PAD

PADECE'R, v. a. to suffer, to endure.
PADECIMIE'NTO, s. m. suffering, enduring.
PADI'LLA, s. f. a little frying-pan; also a sort of shovel like a baker's peel.
PADRA'STO, *PADRA'STRO*, s. m. a stepfather; a rising ground that overlooks a town or fortress, whence it may be battered.
Padrástro, a soreness on the finger by the nail caused by the breaking of the skin.
PADRE, s. m. a father. In cant, a cloak.
Pádres, in the plural number, is always used for father and mother.
PADREA'R, v. n. to call any one father out of respect or honour; also to resemble to one's father.
PADRI'NO, s. m. a godfather.
Padríno in desafío, a second in a challenge, or in solemn challenges he that conducts the combatant into the lists.
Padríno de boda, he that gives a woman in marriage.
Padrínos, pl. gossips.
PADRO'N, s. m. pattern, example.
Padrón, s. m. a register, a roll of names; also a post or pillar on which they hang a proclamation, or engrave an inscription, as discoverers used to do in those countries they newly discovered.
PADRONAZGO, s. m. obs. v. *PATRONATO*.
PADRONE'RO, s. m. obs. vid. *PATRON*.

PAG

PA'GA, s. f. pay, payment.
PAGADE'RO, s. m. the place of payment.
Pagadéro, adj. payable, easy to pay.
PAGA'DO, adj. satisfied; contented.
PAGADO'R, s. m. a paymaster.
Prov. *Al buén pagadór no le duélen prendas*, a good paymaster is not in pain for his pawn.
Prov. *Del mal pagadór si quiéra en pája*, get what you can of an ill paymaster, though it be but a straw.
PAGADURI'A, s. f. a publick place where money is paid.
PAGAME'NTO, s. m. payment.
PAGANI'SMO, s. m. paganism.
PAGA'NO, s. m. pagan; also a peasant.
PAGA'R, v. a. to pay.
Prov. *Pága lo que débes, y sabrá lo que tiénes*, pay what you owe, and you'll know what you are worth.
PA'GE, s. m. a page; a boy.
PAGECI'CO, *PAGECILLO*, *PAGECI'TO*, s. m. a little page.
PAGE'L, s. m. a rocket fish.
PAGEZUE'LO, sub. m. idem. of page.
PA'GINA, s. f. a page or side of a leaf in a book.
PAGO, s. m. a farm rented by two or thre persons.
Págo, s. m. payment; also a township.
Pago de viñas. a territory that is all vineyards.
Cárta de págo, a receipt, an acquittance.
PAGO'TE, s. m. a servant to a pimp or whore.
PAGU'RO, s. m. a sort of little crab.

PAI

PA'ILA, s. f. a great bowl, pail or such like vessel.

PAILO'N, s. m. such large vessel.
PAIRA'R, v. n. to stand still with the canvass spread; said of ships.
PAI'S, s. m. a region, a country; also a landscape.
PAISA'GE, s. m. a landscape.
PAISA'NA, s. f. a sort of dance.
PAISANA'GE, s. m. the inhabitants of a country.
PAISA'NO, adj. from the same country.

PAJ

PA'JA, s. f a straw.
Pája trigueña, s. f. wheat-straw.
No dormirse en las pajas, not to neglect business.
Tomár la paja con él cogóte, to fall down backwards.
En quitame allá essas pajas, in a moment, in the turn of a hand.
A lúmbre de pajas, slightly.
No monta una paja, it does not signify a straw.
Prov. *De paja o de heno, el jergón lleno*, the bed whether of hay or straw, so it be filled, no matter with what; a man must fill his belly, if he has not dainties, with cold meat.
PAJA'DA, s. f. chopt hay boiled in water with bran for horses that have a cold.
PAJA'DO, adj. of a straw-colour.
PAJA'R, s. m. a straw-loft, a place to keep straw in.
Prov. *Pajár viéjo présto se enciénde*, an old straw left soon takes fire; old men are soon angry.
Prov. *Deshacér crúses en un pájar*, to part all straws that they may not lie across in a straw-loft; to be impertinently nice and scrupulous; to seek a needle in a rick of hay.
Prov. *Pajár viéjo quándo se enciénde, péor es de apagár que el vérde*, an old straw-loft is worse to quench when when angry are harder to appease than young.
Prov. *Viéjo pájar málo de encendér, péor de apagár*, an old straw-loft is bad to take fire, and worse to be quenched; old age is not so fiery as youth; but once provoked, cannot be appeased.

PAJARI'L, s. m. a sea-term; our seamen call it large, when a ship goes neither by a wind, nor before a wind; but as it were betwixt both.
PAJA'ZA, s. f. the coarse straw that is left by the horse or mule in eating.
PAJI'ZO, adj. covered or made of straw; also straw-colour.
PAJUE'LA, s. f. a match to light a fire or candle with.
PAJU'Z, s. m. stubble, chaff.

PAL

PA'LA, s. f. a spade, a shovel, a scoop, a peel to set bread into the oven; in cant, a sharper.
Pala de remo, the blade of an oar.
Pala de dientes, a row of teeth that are scarce divided, but look as if they were all one entire bone.
PALA'BRA, s. f. a word.
Palábras de mayóres, the worst of language, as calling a man rogue, thief; or the like.
Tomarle a uno la palabra, to take a man at his word.
Passar la palabra, to give the word about, as serjeants do in the ring when the adjutant give orders.
Vendér palábras, to put one off with fair words.
Dar pálabra, to give one's word, to promise.
Quebrár su palábra, to break one's word.
Tenér malas palabras con ótro, to be at hard words with another.
Esto es otro que palábras, this is more than bare words.
Prov. *No hay palábra mal dícha, si no fuésse mal entendida*, no word is ill spoken, if it were not ill understood. For the most part words are worse taken, than they were meant.
Prov. *Al buen entendedór pocas palábras*, a word to the wise.
Prov. *Palábras, y plumas el viento las lleva*, words and feathers are carried away by the wind; that is, words are but wind.
Prov. *Palábras de santo, y uñas de gato*, a saint's word, and a cat's claws. Said of hypocrites.

Prov. *No son palábras para mitia, que aún de las óbras no se fia*, my aunt is not to be taken with words; for she scarce trusts not to actions. To express that one is to be deceived with fair words.
Prov. *A dos palábras tres porrádas*, two words, and three blunders; said to those who talk much nonsense.
Prov. *A palábras locas, oréjas sordas*, for mad words, deaf ears; that is, when people talk madly they are not to be minded.
Prov. *Palábras señaládas no quieren testigos*, remarkable words require no witnesses; ill language will be remembered.
Prov. *Mas hiere mala palabra que espáda afiláda*, an ill word makes a worse wound than a cutting sword. Ill language is never forgiven.
Prov. *Mas apága buéna palábra que caldéra de água*, a good word quenches more than a kettle of water; it allays anger.
Prov. *No habria palábra mála, si no fuésse mal tomáda*, there would be no ill word, if it were not taken ill.
PALABRA'DA, s. f. ill language.
PALABRE'RO, adj. talkative.
PALABRI'LLA, s. f. a little word, an ill word of no account.
PALABRIMUGE'R, s. m. a man that values his word no more than a woman.
PALABRI'STA, s. m. a talkative man.
PALABRI'TA, s. f. dimin. of palabra.
PALAGIA'NO, *PALACIE'GO*, } s. m. a courtier.
PALACI'O, s. m. a palace. In some parts they call the hall of any house by this name.
Ser hómbre de palácio, to be civil, well-behaved.
Sabér póco de palácio, to be soon out of countenance.
Echár úna cósa a palácio, to make no account of a thing.
Hacér palácio, to lay open, to discover what was concealed.
PALA'CRA, *PALACRA'NA*, } s. f. a bit of pure gold found in the bottom of mines.

PALA'DA, f. f. as much earth as one can take in a fpade.
PALADA'R, f. m. the palate of the mouth; the fenfe of tafting.
Paladáres, f. m. a difeafe in the mouths of beafts.
PALADEA'R, v. a. to tafte or relish a thing.
PALADE'O, f. m. the act of tafting or relishing.
PALADI'N; f. m. a paladine, a great foldier, a brave man.
PALADINAME'NTE, adv. obf. boldly, openly, barefacedly.
PALADI'NO, adj. parent, in the fight of all.
PALAFRE'N, f. m. a palfry, a fine pad.
PALAFRE'NERO, f. m. a groom.
PALAMA'LLO, f. m. the hammer with which they ufed to ftrike the ball at the fport of pall-mall.
PALAME'NTA, f. f. all the oars of a galley.
PALA'NCA, f. f. a lever, a pole.
Los de la palánca, porters that carry burdens.
PALANCA'DA, f. f. a blow given with a pole.
PALANCIA'NO, f. m. obf. a courtier.
PALANGA'NA, f. f. a fort of oblong bafon.
PALANQUE'RA, f. f. an enclofure.
PALANQUE'RO, f. m. a porter that carries burthens.
PALANQUE'TA, f. f. shot called crofs-bar, being a round ball, with an iron bar ftriking acrofs the middle of it, and coming out about fix or eight inches on both fides, fired at fea for fpoiling of ropes, fails, yards and mafts.
PALANQUI'N, f. m. a porter that carries burthens on a cowl-ftaff; a fort of chair or litter ufed in the eaftern countries and carried on mens shoulder's; in cant, a thief.
PALATI'NA, f. f. a kind of neckcloth made of furs, feathers, or the like, wore by ladies.
PALATINO, f. m. a palatine, a lord that has a palatinate, or fupreme jurifdiction.
PALA'ZO, f. m. a blow with a shovel or a shovelful of any thing.
PALAZO'N, f. m. all the mafts and yards of a ship.
PA'LCO, f. m. a fmall fcaffold.
PALEADO'R, f. m. one who works with a fpade.
PALE'NQUE, f. m. the lifts to fight in, or any fuch place railed in; alfo a roller or lever to roll or lift any thing.
PALE'NTE, adj. obf. pale.
PALE'RO, f. m. ditcher, digger, delver.
PALE'STRA, f. f. a place for wreftling or other exercifes.
PALE'TA, f. f. a tack to play at billiards; alfo a little piece of board with a handle to it, to play with a bowl on the ground, and drive it through a ring.
Cábe de paléta, the lying of the balls fo near, that there is but juft room to put the tack between them.
Paléta de efpálda, the blade-bone of the shoulder.
Paléta de eftómago, the mouth of the ftomach.
PALETE'RO, f. m. a rogue that banters or keeps in play one, while another robs him or picks his pocket.
PALETI'LLA, f. f. a little billiard-tack, a little shovel; alfo the shoulderbone.
PALE'TO, f. m. a young deer with large horns.
PALETO'QUE, f. m. a jerkin with short skirts.
PA'LIA, f. f. a filk veil the prieft puts about his shoulders on feftivals.
PALIACION, f. f. palliation.
PALIADAMENTE, adv. with a palliation, in a palliated manner.
PALIA'R, v. a. to palliate, to cloak, to difguife.
PALIATI'VO, } adj. palliative,
PALIATO'RIO, } that difguifes that covers.
PALIDE'Z, f. f. palenefs.
PA'LIDO, adj. pale, wan.
PALILLE'RO, f. m. he that makes or fells toothpicks.
PALI'LLO, f. m. a little ftick; alfo a bobbin to make lace with.
Obra de palíllo, bobbin-work; alfo flight work of no ftrength, as if it were made of little fticks.
Palíllo, a tooth-picker.
PA'LIO, f. m. a canopy, a bishop's pall; alfo the goal at running.
Corrér el pálio, to run a race.
PALITO'QUE, f. m. a ftick illcut, ill-formed, and fmall.
PALI'ZA, f. f. a drubbing, a cudgelling.
PALIZA'DA, f. f. palifade; a great wooden ftake ufed in fortification; alfo the place palifadoed, or the lifts to fight in, or fuch like place.
PAL'MA, f. f. the palm of the hand, the palm-tree; victory, glory, honour.
Pálma Chrifti, a plant fo called.
Pálma de ánca, the mufcle or finew of the hip-joint.
Pálma del cáballo, the quick fole of a horfe's foot.
Trahér a úno en pálmas, to carry one on the palms of the hands; to take great care of him.
Prov. *Su álma en fu pálma*, his foul in the palm of his hand; a man may difpofe of himfelf at will.
PALMA'DA, f. f. a ftroke with the palm of the hand.
PALMADI'CA, } f. f. dimin. of
PALMADI'LLA, } *palmada*.
PALMA'R, f. m. a grove of datetrees.
Palmár, adj. that is a fpan long.
PALMATO'RIA, f. f. a ferula, fuch as they ufe at fchool to ftrike boys on the hands.
PALMEA'R, v. n. to clap with the hands; in cant, to whip.
PALME'NTA, f. f. in cant, a letter.
PALMENTE'RO, f. m. in cant, a letter-carrier.
PALMERO, f. m. obf. a pilgrim.
PALME'TA, f. f. a ferule to chaftife children with.
PALMI'LLA, f. f. a fort of coarfe cloth.
PALMI'TO, f. m. the branch of the palm-tree.
Eftár veftido como un palmíco, to have many cloaths on.
PA'LMO, f. m. a fpan.
A maravédi el pálmo, very cheap.

Jugar

Jugàr al pálmo, to play at span-farthing.

Tenér una tierra medida a palmos, to know every foot of a country.

PALMOTE'AR, v. a. v. *PALMEAR.*

PA'LO, s. m. stick, cudgel, staff, a piece of timber or of wood; also a stroke with a stick or cudgel.

Pálo de soto, a hedge-stake.

Pálo de respéto, a jury-mast, being commonly a main, or fore-yard; set up instead of a mast lost in storm or fight, to get the ship to port.

Dár de pálos, to cudgel.

Estár puésto en quátro pálos, to be set upon four poles; that is, to be hanged and quartered.

PALO'MA, s. f. a female dove.

Palóma zurrána, s. f. a wild pigeon.

Palòma torcáz, s. f. a ring-dove.

PALOMA'R, s. m. a dove-house.

Prov. *Anda la gáta en el palomár*, the cat is in the dove-house; a man is got among the women.

PALOMARE'ZA, } s. f. a poor
PALOMARIE'GA, } little pigeon.

PALOME'RA, s. f. an open place exposed to all wind and weather.

PALOMERI'A, s. f. the sport of killing doves.

PALOME'RO; adj. applied to a dart with which they kill the wild pigeons.

PALOMI'LLA, s. m. the herb fumitory; also a little dove. In horses and mules, is what we called hogbacked; that is, a rising on the back.

PALOMI'NA, s. f. idem; also pigeon's dung.

PALOMI'NO, s. m. a young pigeon.

PALOMI'TA, s. f. } a little
PALOMI'TO, s. m. } pigeon.

PALO'MO, s. m. a male dove; in cant, a dunce.

Palómo calzádo, a rough-footed pigeon.

PALO'N, s. m. in blasonry, a streamer.

PALOTA'DA, s. f. a stroke on a drum.

PALO'TE, s. m. in cant, a clumsy clownish fellow.

Palótes, s. m. pl. short small sticks, like drumsticks.

Perico el de los palótes, a fool that used to go about drumming with two little drumsticks.

PALPA'BLE, adj. palpable, to be felt; clear, evident, patent.

PALPABLEME'NTE, adv. palpably.

PALPADU'RA, s. f. } the act
PALPAMIE'NTO, s. m. } of feeling.

PALPA'R, v. a. to feel; also to know evidently.

PA'LPEBRA, s. f. the eye-lid.

PALPITACIO'N, s. f. palpitation, beating of the heart.

PALPITA'R, v. n. to beat as the heart or the pulse does; to pant as one out of breath.

PALTA, s. f. a fruit like a pear, so called.

PALTO, s. m. a kind of pear-tree so called.

PALU'DE, s. f. a marsh, a morass.

PALUDO'SO, adj. marshy, boggy.

PALUMBA'RIO, adj. an epithet applied to the hawk that catches wild pigeons.

PALU'RDO, adj. rustick, clownish uncouth.

PALU'STRE, idem.

P A M

PA'MPANA, s. f. a vine-leaf.

PAMPANA'DA, s. f. the juice or sap pressed out of the young shoots of vines; those same shoots dressed and eaten like asparagus.

PAMPANAGE, s. m. abundance of vine-leaves or tendrils.

PAMPANA'R, s. m. v. *EMPANA'DA.*

PAMPANI'LLA, s. f. a dress used by the Americans.

PAMPANI'LLO, s. m. a little vine-branch.

PA'MPANO, s. m. a tendril, a vine-branch.

PAMPANO'SO, adj. full of vine-branches.

PA'MPHILO, s. m. they give this name to a handsome fellow that is some-what foolish.

PAMPIROLA'DA, s. f. a sauce so called.

PAMPLI'LLA, s. f. a plant so called.

PAMPLI'NA, s. f. a plant so called.

PAMPOSA'DO, adj. obs. lazy, idle, unwilling to stir.

PAMPRINGA'DA, s. f. a sop in the pan.

P A N

PAN, s. m. bread, corn, a loaf; pl. *panes*, which means the corn in the field, and also loaves. See *PANES.*

Pan de léche, manchet bread.

Pan granzóso, coarse bread with the bran in it.

Pan leváudo, leavened bread.

Pan candeál or *candial*, white bread.

Pan de sémas, houshold-bread.

Pan reciente, new bread.

Pan de póya, bread made of several sorts of dough.

Pan bázo, brown-bread.

Pan cencéño, unleavened bread.

Pan de acemite, the finest white bread.

Pan de boróna, bread made of a small sort of grain, and eaten only by the poorest people.

Pan esponjóso, light spungy bread.

Pan de especias, ginger bread.

Pan de lo, a cake made of the finest flour, sugar, eggs, and orange-flower water well beaten together.

Pan cuchíllo, the herb wild purslain.

Pan y quesíllo, an herb so called.

Pan porcinó, the herb called sow-bread.

Pan de higos, a mass of figs and almonds pressed together in the form of a loaf.

Pan floreádo, bread of the finest flour.

Pan de azúcar, a sugar-loaf.

Pan de rosas, a cake of roses.

Pan de xabón, a cake or great piece of hard soap.

Pan de óro, a mass of solid gold.

Pan mal cocido, ill baked bread; metaph. an ungrateful man.
Pan perdido, loſt bread; an idle fellow.
A pan y cuchillo, at bed and board.
No ſe le cuéze el pan, his bread does not digeſt; he is reſtleſs and unquiet.
Del pan y del pálo, a bit and a knock.
No comér el pan de valde, to earn one's bread.
Comér el pan de los niños, to eat the children's bread; that is, to rob one's ward.
Con ſu pan ſe lo cóma, let him eat it with his bread; that is, let him take it for his pains; much good may it do him; ſaid when a man does any thing amiſs, and we will not concern ourſelves with it.
Pan por pan, y vino por vino, to ſpeak plain.

Prov. *A falta de pan buénas ſon tortas*, cake is good for want of bread. A hard shift to eat pie-cruſt inſtead of pread.

Prov. *Aun dura el pan de la boda*, the wedding-loaf laſts ſtill; that is, it is honey moon ſtill.

Prov. *El pan comido la, compañía deshécha*, as ſoon as the bread is eaten, the company is broke up. No longer pipe, no longer dance.

Prov. *Al enhornar ſe hácen los panos tuertos*, the loaves are made awry when they are put into the oven. Man is corrupted in his youth.

Prov. *Váya con Diós que un pan me lléva*, fare him well, he carries away a loaf of mine. So they ſay when a creditor dies or runs away; or when a man has cheated another.

Prov. *Por múcho pan núnca mal ãño*, much corn never makes a bad year. Plenty is God's bleſſing.

Prov. *A pan dúro diénte agúdo*, a sharp tooth to hard bread. Diamond muſt cut diamond.

Prov. *A póco pan tómar priméro*, where there is little bread, cut firſt. It is good to be before-hand at short commons.

Prov. *A quién no le sóbra pan, no críe can*, he that has no bread to ſpare muſt not keep a dog.

Prov. *Ara bién hóndo, cogerás pan en abóndo*, plough deep, and you will reap abundance of corn; that is, take pains and you will thrive.

PANA'CE, ſ. f. a plant ſo called.
PANACE'A, ſ. f. an univerſal remedy.
PANADEA'R, v. a. to make bread to ſell.
PANADE'RA, ſ. f. a woman baker.
PANADERI'A, ſ. f. the bakers ſtreet, a baker's shop.
PANADE'RO, ſ. m. a baker.
PANADI'ZO, ſ. m. a whitloe in a finger.
PANA'L, ſ. m. a honey-comb.
PANARI'ZO, ſ. m. a fellon, or whitloe on a finger.
PANA'RRA, ſ. m. a dullart, a dolt, a ſtupid lazy fellow.
PANCA'DA, ſ. f. a kick, a blow with the foot.
PANCA'RPIA, ſ. f. a garden made of all ſorts of flowers.
PANCE'RA, ſ. f. the armour for the belly.
PA'NCHO, ſ. m. the belly.
PANCRA'TICO, adj. relating to the pancreas.
PA'NCREAS; ſ. m. the pancreas, ſituated between the bottom of the ſtomach, and the vertebræ of the loins; it weighs commonly four or five ounces.
PANDA'RSE, v. r. obſ. to bow oneſelf.
PANDE'CTA, ſ. f. among merchants, the repertory or book where the name of all the correſpondents is found, as well as the folio wherein is their account in the great book.
Pandéctas, ſ. f. pl. a collection, or volume of the civil law, containing the whole body of it.
PANDE'O, ſ. m. a flexure in the middle of any thing.
PANDERA'RO, ſ. m a blow given with the *pandero*.
PANDERE'TE, ſ. m. dim. of *pandéro*. In cant, a cheat at cards.
PANDERETE'AR, v. n. to play upon the tabor merrily.
PANDERETE'O, ſ. m. the act of playing merrily, upon a tabor.
PANDERETE'RO, ſ. m. one that plays on the *pandéro*, or that ſells or makes them.
PANDE'RO, ſ. m. an inſtrument like a little drum, a tabor.

Prov. *No tódo es véro lo que ſuéna el pándéro*, all is not true that the timbrel ſounds; we muſt not believe all we hear.

PANDI'LLA, ſ. f. a combination of ſome to cheat others.
PANDILLI'STA, ſ. m. a cheat, one that confederates with others in order to cheat. A factious fellow, one that is loud in a faction.
PANDILLADO'R, ſ. m. a cheat at cards.
PA'NDO, adj. inclined, crooked; alſo heavy, lumpish.
PANDO'RGA, ſ. f. a mad confuſed noiſe of many inſtruments made deſignedly for ſport; alſo a fat lazy woman.
PAND'URRIA, ſ. f. a muſical inſtrument.
PANECI'LLO, } ſ. m. a ſmall
PANECI'TO, } loaf.
PANEGY'RICO, ſ. m. a panegyrick, an oration made in praiſe of any perſon.
Panegyrico, adj. relating to a panegyric or elogy.
PANEGYRI'STA, ſ. f. a panegyriſt.
PANE'LAS, ſ. m. pl. plates in heraldy, ſilver rounds in the eſcutchon.
PANE'RA, ſ. f. a bin, a basket, or other thing to keep or carry bread or corn.
PA'NES, ſ. m. pl. the corn on the ground; alſo the loaves.
Pánes en bérza, green corn.
No ſe ira a los pánes, he shall not go into the corn; ſaid when a a man or beaſt is ſecured.
PANETE'LA, ſ. f. panado, bread boiled with water, ſugar, honey, or other ingredients.
PANETERI'A, ſ. f. the place where bread is diſtributed at court.

PANIAGUA'DO, f. m. a fervant in a family allowed bread and water, meat and drink.

PA'NICO, adj. panick, with fear, without caufe.

PANI'CULO, f. m. the skin that covers the skull.

PANIE'GO, adj. bread-eater.

Tiérra paniéga, good corn-land.

PANIFICA'R, v. a. to bring forth corn.

PANI'LLA, f. f. a certain meafure of oil.

PANI'ZO, f. m. Indian wheat, or the place where it is fowed.

PANO'JA, f. f. a ftalk of any thing that grows, by fome called a catkin, by others a palm.

PANTA'LLA, f. m. a fkreen, any thing ufed to exclude light.

PANTA'NO, f. m. a pool, a morafs; alfo a great obftacle or hindrance.

PANTANO'SO, adj. boggy, marshy.

PANTHE'RA, f. f. the wild beaft called a panther.

PANTO'METRA, f. f. a compafs of proportion.

PANTOMI'MO, f. m. one that imitates the geftures of all men.

PANTORRI'LLA, f. f. the calf of the leg.

PANTORRILLE'RA, f. f. a kind of ftockings that makes the calves of the legs appear greater than what they are.

PANTORRILLU'DO, adj. one that has great calves of the legs.

PANTUFLA'ZO, f. m. a blow with a flipper.

PANTU'FLO, f. f. a flipper.

PA'NZA, f. f. the paunch, the belly.

PANZA'DA, f. f. a blow on the belly; afo a bellyful of any food.

PANZU'DO, adj. having a great belly.

P A ñ

PAñA'L, f. m. a clout to turn a child dry; the end of a man's shirt that hangs out at his breeches.

PAñAIO'N, f. m. a great clout; a flovenly fellow whofe shirt hangs out at his breeches.

PAñE'RO, f. m. a woollen-draper.

PAñE'TES, f m. pl. a fort of open breeches or drawers worn by fishermen and others.

PAñI'TO, f. m. a bit of cloth or linen.

PAñIZUE'LO, f. m. a handkerchief.

PA'ñO, f. m. cloth. In architecture, the curtain of a wall.

Páñ de narízes, a handkerchief.

Páño báxo, coarfe cloth.

Páño de cára, idem.

Páño de mános, a towel.

Páños foffegádos, obf. a grave garment.

Páño de líno, linen cloth.

Páño de lána, woollen cloth.

Páño en el róftro, a fcurf on the face.

Páño en el ójo, a blemish in the eye.

Páños de paréd, hangings.

PAñO'L, f m. the bread-room and powder-room in a ship.

PAñO'SO, adj. fcurfy.

PAñUE'LO, f. m. a little cloth, a handkerchief.

P A P

PAPA, f. m. the pope.

Papa, f. f. the pap for children.

PAPA'DA, f. f. a great double chin, a great hanging fleshy chin, a dewlap.

PAPADI'LLA, f. f. dimin. of *papáda*.

PAPA'DO, f. m. the popedom.

PAPAFI'GO, f. m. a fmall bird fo called.

PAPAGAYA'DO, adj. of the colour of, or like a parrot.

PAPAGA'YO, f. m. the general name for all parrots.

Papagáyo, a fish like a tench; in cant, a fpy or informer; alfo a kind of tulip.

Papagáyo de las Indias, an herb called popingay.

Hablár cómo papagáyo, to talk like a parrot; to talk very much, to talk nothing to the purpofe.

PAPAHI'GO, f. m. a fort of ridinghood for foul weather, or a hat or cap made to pull down about one in cold or foul weather. At fea, it is the main-fail without a bonnet.

Papahígo, f. m. a little bird that feeds on figs and grapes; a figpecker.

PAPA'L, adj. of, or belonging to the pope.

PAPALI'NA, f. f. a fort of cap with points that cover the ears.

PAPALME'NTE, adv. with the pope's authority.

PAPANA'TAS, f. m. a dunce, a perfon eafy to be deceived.

PAPANDU'JO, adj. loofe, foft.

PAPA'R, v. n. to eat; to eat any hing that is foft; alfo to neglect any thing.

Papár mofcas ò viento, to have the mouth open like a fool.

PA'PARO, a clown, a fellow that gazes and is amazed at all he fees.

PAPARRA'BIAS, f. m. a man eafily put in a paffion.

PAPARRASO'LLA, f. f. a hobgoblin; a Robin-good-fellow; or as we fay to the children, the bull-beggar, the bugbear.

PAPASA'L, f. m. a fort of fport among children; noify proceedings in law, which are nothing to the purpofe; a foolish fellow, a blockhead.

PAPAZ, f. m. a name given on the coaft of Africa to the Chriftian priefts.

PAPA'ZGO, f. m. the popedom, the papal dignity, the pontificate.

PAPE'L, f. m. paper.

Papél de farfante, the part of an actor, the cue.

Papél de eftráza, brown paper.

Papéles, f. m. is ufed for writings.

PAPELEA'R, v. a. to turn over papers in fearch of fomething written in them.

PAPELE'RA, f. f. a writing-desk.

PAPELERI'A, f. f. an heap of ufelefs papers.

PAPELE'RO, f. m. a man that fells paper.

PAPELI'TA, f. f. a little bit

of paper to annote something upon; also a cornet of paper.

PAPELI'CO, } f. m. a little
PAPELILLO, } paper.

PAPELI'NA, f. f. a sort of earthen vessel so called; also a sort of fine silk stuff.

PAPELI'STA, f. m. a man that is always busy among papers or writtings.

PAPELITO, f. m. a little paper.

PAPELO'N, f. m. large paper, old waste paper; also pasteboard.

PAPELONADA, adj. in blanfonry, scaly, in the form of scales.

PAPE'RA, f. f. a swelling in the throat.

PAPE'RO, f. m. the pipkin used to make the pap for children.

PAPIALBI'LLO, f. m. a kind of weasel.

PAPIGO'RDO, f. m. one that is fat about the throat.

PAPI'LLA, f. f. pap for children.

No piénses dárme papilla, do no think to give me pap; that is, to make a child of me, to impose upon me.

PAPI'LLO, f. m. dimin. of *papo*.

PAPIROTA'DA, f. f. a filip, or a blow on the neck or face.

PAPIRO'TE, f. m. a fillip.

PAPI'TA, f. f. pap for children.

PAPI'STA, f. m. a papist, a name given by the protestants to the Roman catholicks.

PA'PO, f. m. the throat; a great fat hanging chin; the dewlap of a beast, the maw of a bird; the puff that grows on the thistle; an old-fashioned sort of head-dress; metaph. pride, stateliness; also used for that part of a woman called Venus mount.

Hablár de papo, to talk in the throat, affecting greatness.

Hablár papo a papo, to speak plain, and face to face.

Hacér papo como mona, to fill the chops like a monkey.

Una en papo, y otra en saco, one in the mouth, the other in the pouch; that is, to eat and carry away.

Estár en papo de buytre, to be in the vulture's maw; that is, to be absolutely lost, past recovery.

PAPO'N, f. m. a great eater, a great maw; also a sort of melon.

PAPU'DO, adj. that has a great maw or dewlap.

PAPUJA'DO, adj. having much flesh about the neck.

PA'PULA, f. f. a small tumour under the chin.

PAPYRO, f. m. a plant, where with the ancients made a kind of paper to write upon.

P A Q

PAQUEBO'T, f. m. the small vessel that serves to carry the mails of letters or expresses.

PAQUETE, f. m. a small pack; a packet of letters.

P A R

PAR, f. m. a pair, a couple; also a peer; as, *un par de Inglaterra*, a peer of England.

A par de úna cósa, just by, or even with a thing.

Sin par, not to be paralleled, or equalled.

A la par, equally.

De par en par; as *la puérta está abiérta de par en par*, the door stands wide open.

PARES, pl. of *par*, vide *PARES*.

PA'RA, adv. for, to.

Para mucho, good for much, of great value.

Para poco, good for little, of small capacity.

Para que? for what? or, to what purpose?

Para que, to the end that.

Para siempre, for ever.

Para con él no vale nada, in his opinion it is worth nothing.

PARABIE'N, f. m. congratulation.

Dar un parabien, to give joy, to congratulate.

PARABIENE'RO, f. m. one who gives or wishes joy.

PARA'BOLA, f. f. a parable; in geometry, parabola; a conick section arising from a cone's being cut by a plane parallel to one of its sides, or parallel to a plane that touches one side of the cone.

PARABOLA'NO, f. m. one who uses parables.

PARABO'LICO, adj. parabolical expresse by parable.

PARACHRONI'SMO, f. m. a wrong computation of times.

PARACLE'TO, } f. m. a holy
PARACLITO, } messenger

PARA'DA, f. f. a stop, a place to stay or stop at; the parade where soldiers assemble for guards or other duty.

PARADE'RA, f. f. a mill-dam.

PARADE'RO, f. m. a stopping place; also the end of any thing.

PARADI'GMA, f. m. an example.

PARADI'LLA, f. f. a little stop.

PARADISLE'RO, f. m. the sportsman that waits for game without stirring from his place. Also a news-monger.

PARADO'R, f. m. a carrier's inn.

PARADO'XA, f. m. a paradox, a strange proposition or opinion, different from the general opinion of the world.

PARADO'XICO, adj. paradoxical, including an apparent impossibility.

PARADO'XO, adj. strange uncommon.

PARA'GE, f. m. a place; as, *En tal paráge*, in such a place.

Hómbre de paráge, a gentleman.

PARAGO'N, f. m. v. *PARANGON*.

PARAGONA'R, v. a. v. *PARANGONA'R*.

PARA'GRAPHO, f. m. v. *PARA'FO*.

PARAI'SO, f. m. paradise, any place of felicity.

PARALA'CTICO, adj. parallactick, belonging to a parallax.

PARALA'XE, } f. f. a parallax;
PARALA'XIS, } the distance between the true and apparent place of any star viewed from the earth.

PARALELOPIPEDO, f. m. a parallepipedon; a folid figure contained under fix parellelograms, the oppofite of which are equal and parallel.
PARALELI'SMO, f. m. parallelifm; the ftate of being parallel.
PARALE'LO, f. m. parallel, a line that runs equidiftant from another a parallel line; alfo any comparifon made.
PARALELOGRA'MO, f. m. a parallelogram; in geometry, a right lined quadrilateral figure, whofe oppofite fides are parallel and equal.
PARA'LIO, f. m. a plant.
PARALIPO'MENON, f. m. books in the Bible, commonly called the Chronicles.
PARALOGI'SMO, f. m. a deceitful conclufion, or captious way of reafoning or arguing.
PARALOGIZA'R, v. n. to argue in a falfe manner.
PARALYTICA'DO, adj. touched with the palfy.
PARALYTICO, adj. paralytick, troubled with the palfy.
PARAMENTA'R, v. a. to hang as aroom, to trap as a horfe, or to drefs as a man or woman.
PARAME'NTO, f. m. all hanging ornaments.
PA'RAMO, f. m. a defert, or open empty place.
PARANCE'RO, f. m. a bird catcher.
PARANGO'N, f. m. an equal, or even match; alfo the print called great primer.
PARANGO'NA, f. f. a type in printing fo called.
PARANGONA'R, v. a. to equal, to compare, to match.
PARANYMPHO, f. m. a paranymph, brideman; alfo one who brings good news.
PARA'NZA, f. f. a kind of artificial hut made by fportfmen to conceal themfelves, and wait the for paffage of game.
PARAPE'TO, f. m. a parapet or breaftwork to cover men that they may ftand behind to defend a place, out of fhot.
PARA FRASI, f. f. a paraphrafe, an expofition of a thing in other words.
PARA'R, v. a. to ftop.
Parár miéntes, to mark, to obferve.
Parár en el juégo, to bet one's money at play.
Juego del parár, the game at hazard.
Parár de tenazón, to ftop fhort in the career.
PARASI'TO, f. m. a parafite, a flatterer.
PARASO'L, f. m. an umbrella.
PARASYSMO, f. m. paroxifm.
PARATI'TLA, f. f. a fummary, an abridgment.
PA'RGAS, f. f. pl. the deftinies Clotho, Lachefis, and Atropos.
PARCAMEN'TE, adv. fcarcely.
PARCHA'ZO, f. m. a large patch.
PA'RCHE, f. m. a patch, alfo a drum.
PARCIA'L, adj. partial.
PARCIALIDA'D, f. f. partiality; alfo a party or faction.
PARCIALI'ZAR, v. a. be partial, to favour one more than another.
PARCIALME'NTE, adv. partially.
PARCIDAD, f. f. parfimony.
PARCIONE'RO, f. m. a partner, or partaker.
PARCI'R, v. a. obf. to pardon.
PARCO, adj. frugal; fober.
PARDAL, f. m. a fparrow.
Pardál, a tiger or leopard; alfo a fort of camel called camelopard.
Pardál, adj. clownifh, from the country; alfo cunning, crafty.
PARDEA'DO, adj. dark brown.
PARDEA'R, v. n. to appear dark or brown.
PARDIE'Z, an interj. fygnifying, by ten, inftead of *por Diós*, by God.
PARDILLO, } f. m. the bird called a linnet.
PARDI'SCO, }
Pardíllo, adj. of a greyifh colour.
PA'RDO, adj. grey.
Pardó, f. m. a leopard.
PARDU'SCO, adj. brownifh.
PAREA'R, v. a to pair, to match.
PARECE'R, v. n. to feem, to appear, to be like, to refemble.
Parecér en juyzio, to appear in court.
Parecér una cofa, to be found, as it were to appear.
Parecér bién ò mal, to look well or ill.
Parecer de léxos, to appear at a diftance.
Parecérfea ótro, to be like another.
Parecérfe que es afsi, to think, to be of opinion it is fo.
Prov. *Bién dya quién à los súyos paréce*, good luck betide him that is like his friends. Ufed ferioufly; when a man follows the good example of his parents; and ironically, when he copies their vices.
Prov. *Quién no paréce, peréce*, he that does not appear, perifhes, that is, if a man does not look to his bufinefs and appear in it himfelf, it will never be well done; or if he has not confidence to intrude as others do, he may ftarve.
PARECE'R, f. m. opinion, judgment; alfo the prefence, mien, and countenance.
Prov. *No hày quién yérre, finó el que fu parecér quiére*, no man errs but he that is fond of his own judgment. Pofitive men commit moft miftakes.
PARE,D, f. m. a wall of a houfe.
Paréd de cal y cánto, a folid wall of lime and ftone.
Paréd maéftra, the main wall.
Paréd dafplomáda, a wall that is not perpendicular.
Paréd en médio, the next houfe, that has only a wall between.
Paréd de piédra féca, a dry wall of ftones laid one upon another without mortar.
No dexár eftáca en pared, to take away all that is in a houfe, without leaving fo much as a pin in a wall.
Darfe de cabeçádas en las parédes; to knock one's head againft the walls; to be outrageous, not value what mifchief one does onefelf.
Dar con álgo en la pared, to dash a thing againft the wall.
Ponér piés en paréd, to fet one's feet againft the wall; that is, to ftand ftiffly to what one fays.
Pegár la bóca a la paréd, to cling one's mouth to the wall; that is, to endure one's wants without complaining
Eftár éntre quátro parédes, to live very retired; to be in prifon.

Saltár parédes, to run away over houses and walls.

Prov. *Parédes tiénen oydos*, the walls have ears.

Prov. *Tràs paréd, ni tràs séto, no digas tu secréto*, do not tell your secret behind a wall or a hedge, lest another be on the other side and hear it.

Prov. *Quién en la paréd póne móte, viénto tiéne en el cogóte*, he that writes sentences on the wall, has wind in his pole; that is, has an empty skull; is a fool.

PAREDA'ÑO, adj. parted only by a wall.

PAREDI'LLO, s. f. a little wall; also a trammel-net.

PAREDO'N, s. m. an old wal of some ruined structure.

PAREJA, s. f. a couple, a pair.

PARE'JO, adj. equal, alike.

Andár a paréjas, to go alike.

Corrér paréjas, to run or ride equal, as it were hand in hand; metaph. to be alike in any other thing.

Tenér paréjas en naipes, to be equal at cards, as to have equal points at piquet.

PAREJU'RA, s. f. equality, likeness.

PARE'NESIS, s. f. an admonition, an exortation.

PARENE'TICO, adj. monitory, exhortatory.

PARENTACIO'N, s. f. solemn exequies for our kindred.

PARENTA'L, adj. belonging to parents or kindred.

PARENTE'LA, s. f. kindred; affinity or consanguinity with any person.

PARE'NTHESIS, s. f. a parenthesis; interposition of some words in the middle of a sentence, which may be left out, and yet the sense remain perfect.

PARE'O, s. f. the act of matching two things.

PA'RES, s. m. pl. even, pairs, any even number.

Páres y nónes, even and odd.

Páres de Fráncia, peers of France.

Páres de mugér, the secandine, or afterbirth.

PARESCE'R, v. a. vide *PARECE'R*.

PARERGO'N, s. m. addition made to one thing to beautify it.

PARGAMI'NO, s. m. v. *PERGAMINO*.

PARHELIA, s. m. a parhelion; the image of the sun that appears in the clouds.

PA'RIAS, s. f. pl. an acknowledgment or tribute one prince pays to another.

PARICIO'N, s. f. the act of lying in, of bringing forth.

PARI'DA, s. f. a lying-in woman, a woman delivered of a child.

Esta parida la gata? Has the cat kittened? This question they ask when there are many lights more than needs.

PARIDA'D, s. f. parity, equality.

PARIDE'RA, s. f. a good breeder.

PARIDE'RO, s. m. the place where cattle bring forth their young.

PARI'DO, adj. delivered, brought to bed, brought forth, born; used for all beasts as well as human creatures.

PARIE'NTA, s. f. a kinswoman.

PARIE'NTE, s. m. a kinsman.

No hai pariénte póbre, no relation is poor; people in prosperity will not own they have any poor kindred.

Prov. *A son de pariéntes búsca que meriendes*, when you have made a noise of your kindréd, look for something to eat for your afternoon's luncheon; that is, though youcan boast everso much of your great and rich kindred, yet get your bread, own there is no trusting to them.

Prov. *Tenér pariéntes en la cocina*, to have kindred in the kitchen; to have friends at court.

PARIETA'RIA, s. f. the herb pellitory.

PARIFICA'R, v. a. to prove by an example.

PARIMIE'NTO, s. m. obs. a previous agreement.

PARI'R, v. a. to be delivered of a child, to bring forth young.

PA'RLA, s. f. prating, chatting.

PARLADI'LLO, s. m. an affected phrase.

PARLADO'R, s. m. a prating person.

PARLAME'NTA'R, v. a. to parley, to treat, to article.

PARLAME'NTO, s. m. a speech, an oration; also a parliament.

PARLA'R, v. n. to chat.

PARLATO'RIO, s. m. a parlour in monasteries of nuns.

PARLERI'A, s. f. prating, chatting.

PARLE'RO, s. m. a pratting or talkative fellow; also one that carries tales, that tells all he sees or knows.

PARLE'TA, s. f. a conversation.

PARLON, adj. loquacious.

PARLOTE'AR, v. n. to keep a long conversation.

PARO, s. m. a very small bird living upon insects.

PARO'LA, s. f. a word; also loquacity.

PARONI'CHIA, s. f. the herb whitloegrass.

PARO'TIDAS, s. f. pl. swellings behind the ears.

PAROXI'SMO, s. m. a paroxysm, a fit.

PARPADEA'R, v. n. to twinkle with the eyes.

PA'RPADO, s. m. the eye-lid.

PARPA'LLA, *PARPALO'TA*, } s. f. a small copper coin so called.

PARPA'R, s. m. the cry of a duck.

PARQUE, s. m. a park.

PARQUEDA'D, s. f. parsimony, niggardliness, frugality.

PA'RRA, s. f. a vine that runs up against a wall.

PARRA'L, s. m. the wall against which the vine runs up.

PA'RRAPHO, s. m. a paragraph.

PARRA'R, v. n. to extend or spread the branches.

PARRICI'DA, s. m. a parricide, one who murders his father, mother, or relation.

PARRICI'DIO, s. m. the crime of murdering one's father or mother.

PARRI'LLA, s. f. a gridiron.

PARRI'ZA, s. f. a wild vine.

PARRO, s. m. a goose.

PARRO'CHIA, s. f. a parish.

PARROCHIA'L, adj. belonging to a parish.
PARROCHIA'NO, f. m. a parishioner; alfo a cuftomer to a shop.
PA'RROCO, f. m. a curate of a parish.
PARSIMO'NIA, f. f. parfimony, niggardlinefs, frugality.
PA'RTE, f. m. part of any thing.
En tal párte, in such a place.
Párte, f. m. a paper figned by the poftmafter, fpecifying what day and hour a meffenger fets out from fuch a place, to know whether he travels as faft as he ought, or loiters by the way; fo called, becaufe it begins with thefe words, *párte a tal hóra*.
Párte por párte, diftinctly.
No foy párte pára éffo, I have no power to do that.
No téngo párte en éffo, I have no hand in that.
No me han dádo párte, they have not acquainted me.
Llamár a párte, to call afide.
Pártes en pléyto, the parties in a lawfuit, the plaintiff and defendant.
Prov. *Quién desfpárte lléva la peór párte*, he who parts a fray gets the worft.
PARTEA'R, v. a. to play the midwife.
PARTECI'LLA, *PARTECI'CA*, *PARTECI'TA*, f. f. a little part.
PARTE'NCIA, f. f. departure, fetting out.
PARTE'RA, f. f. a midwife.
PARTERI'A, f. f. midwifery.
PARTESA'NA, f. f. a partifan, fuch as lieutenants of foot marched with.
PARTI'BLE, adj. partible, divifible, feparable.
PARTICIO'N, f. f. particion, dividend.
PARTICIPACIO'N, f. f. participation, taking part with.
PARTICIPA'R, v. a. to participate, to have share with.
PARTI'CIPE, f. m. a partaker.
PARTICI'PIO, f. m. a participle.
PARTI'CULA, f. f. a particle, a fmall part.
PARTICULA'R, adj. particular.
PARTICULARIDA'D, f. f. particularity.
PARTICULARIZA'R, v. a. to particularize.
PARTICULARME'NTE, adv. particularly.
PARTI'DA, f. f. departure; part; parcel; a part of a country.
Leys de la partida, vide *LE'YES*.
PARTIDAME'NTE, adv. by parts.
PARTI'DO, p. p. departed; alfo divided or parted.
PARTI'DO, f. m. a condition, a contract, a capitulation, an agreement; alfo a party or faction; a territory.
Mugér de partido, a common ftrumpet.
PARTIDO'R, f. m. a divider; in arithmethick, the divifor; a bodkin with which women part their hair; he that cuts at cards.
PARTI'JA, f. f. a part, or partition.
PARTIMI'ENTO, f. m. parting or dividing.
PARTI'R, v. a. to divide, to depart.
PA'RTO, f. m. a birth.
Eftár de pá:to, to be in labour.
Pártos y pospártos, a country term, the early and later young cattle.
Prov. *Párto lárgo y hija al cábo*, a long labour, and a daughter at laft; a difappointment after much pains taking.
PARTU'RA, f. f. obf. a contract; a wager.
PARTURIE'NTE, f. f. the woman that has lain in, or lays in.
PA'RVA, f. f. a heap of corn new thrashed before it is winnowed.
Prov. *Eftiércay efcárda, y cogerás buéna parva*, dung and rake, or weed, and you will have a good heap of corn at harveft.
PARVEDA'D, *PARVIDA'D*, f. f. fmallnefs, paucity.
PA'RVO, adj. fmall, little.
PARVULE'Z, f. f. fmallnefs, littlenefs.
PA'RVULO, adj. fmall, little.

PAS

PASCA'SIO, f. m. a fcholar at the univerfity, who lives fo near in the country, that he goes home upon all great holidays.
PASCO, f. m. obf. pafture, food, meal.
PA'SCUA, f. f. the common name of the three feftivals of the year.
Páscua de Efpiritu Sánto, Witfuntide, Pentecoft.
Páfcua de Natividád, Chriftmas.
Páfcua de Refurección, Eafter.
Páfcua de Flóres, or *Páfcua Florida*, idem.
Prov. *Buéna páfcua dé Diós a Pédro, que núnca me dixo málo, ni buéno*, God give Peter a good feftival, for he never faid good nor bad to me; a woman's prayer for her husband, who lets her have her will in all things; applied to all thofe who let others under them do their will without controul.
Prov. *Déspues de páfcua, de refureción, ni páfsas, ni higos, ni predicación*, after Eafter no raifins, nor figs, nor fermon. Applied to fignify any thing that comes out of feafon.
PASCUA'L, adj. of, or belonging to Eafter.
PASMA'DO, adj. aftonished, ftupified.
Viá pafmáda, a vine made faft to a prop.
PASMA'R, v. a. to aftonish, to ftupify.
PA'SMO, f. m. aftonishment, ftupefaction.
PASMOSAME'NTE, adv. in an aftonishing or fuprifing manner.
PASMO'SO, adj. aftonishing wonderful.
PASPIE', f. m. a dance fo called.
PA'SQUA, f. f. vide *PA'SCUA*.
PASQUI'N, f. m. *PASQUINA'DA*, f. f. a pafquin, a libel.
PA'SSA, f. f. a raifin.
Páffas del fol, raifins of the fun.
Páffas de lexía, raifins dried with ashes.
Páffas de corinto, currants.

Esto pásta, this is the news, this is the posture of affairs, this is the truth.

Juégo de pásta pásta, juggling tricks.

PASSA'DA, f. f. a pace.

PASSADE'RA, f. f. any thing that passes or goes through another.

PASSADE'RO, adj. passable, tolerable.

PASSADI'A, f. f. v. *PASSADA*.

PASSADI'ZO, f. m. a passage, an entry.

PASSA'DO, adj. run through.

Passádo con la espáda, run through with a sword.

PASSADO'R, f. m. a bolt of a lock, the loose bolt of a door; a shaft, an arrow.

Passadór, a sea-term, an iron pin called a fid.

PASSADORCI'CO, *PASSADORCI'LLO*, *PASSADORCI'TO*, f. m. a little bolt, or such like thing that slips backwards and forwards.

PASSA'GE, f. m. passage.

PASSAGE'RO, f. m. a traveller, a passenger.

PASSAGONZA'LO, f. m. a flirt, a stroke, a swing.

PASSAJUEG'O, f. m. a term used in playing at ball.

PASSAMANE'RO, f. m. a laceman.

PASSAMA'NO, f. m. a lace of gold, silver, or silk for clothes.

Passamano, the piece on rails of the stairs on which we lay our hand as we go up or down.

PASSAMIE'NTO, f. m. passage, transit.

PASSA'NTE, f. m. one that passes by. In the university, a bachelor, who looks back in order to take his degree of licenciate.

PASSAPASSA, f. f. the art of jugling.

PASSAPO'RTE, f. m. a pass for a traveller to prevent his being stopped.

PASSA'R, v. a. to pass, to strike through.

Passár por el pensámiento, to enter into one's thoughts.

Passár de párte a párte, to run through.

Passár a nádo, to swim over.

Passár éntre renglónes, to omit, to pass over to let slip.

Passár higos ò úvas, to dry figs or grapes.

Passar por pópa, to go aft, a sea term; that is, to go towards the stern of the ship.

Passárse el papel, to sink, said of ink on paper.

Passárse el vándo contrário, to go over to the enemy.

Passárse de lárgo, to pass by without stopping.

PASSATIE'MPO, f. m. pastime, diversion, sport.

PASSAVOLA'NTE, f. m. a man hired by cheathing officers to pass muster; a cheathing fellow.

PASSAVOLE'O, f. m. a term used in playing at ball.

PASSE, f. m. the permission signed to a paper that it may have its effect.

PASSEADE'RO, f. m. a walk, a walking-place.

PASSEADO'R, f. m. a walker, one that walks much.

PASSEA'R, v. a. to walk.

PASSE'O, f. m. a walk, or walking-place.

PASSIBILIDA'D, f. f. passibility.

PASSI'BLE, adj. passible, susceptible of sufferance.

PASSI'CO, *PASSI'LLO*, *PASSI'TO*, f. m. a little step, a little passage or entry; adverbially used, softly, gently.

PASSIO'N, f. f. any passion of the mind. Generally used to express the passion or sufferings of our Saviour.

Tomár passión de algúna cósa, to be concerned or troubled at any thing.

PASSIONA'RIA, f. f. a plant so called.

PASSIONA'RIO, f. m. the book in churches, which they use to sing the passion in the Holy Week.

PASSIONE'ROS, f. m. pl. those that sing the passion in the Holy Week.

PASSI'TO, f. m. vide *PASSI'CO*.

PASSIVAME'NTE, adv. passively.

PASSI'VO, adj. passive.

PA'SSO, f. m. a step, a pace; also a passage, an entry.

Passo, adv. softly, gently.

Pásso de escaléra, a step of the stairs.

Pásso de gargánta, f. m. a note in singing.

Pásso ánte pásso, fair and softly.

Víno pásso, the droppings of the tap.

Dar pásso, to make way.

Al pásso del buéy, slowly.

A pásso tirádo, at a good round rate.

Andár en málos pássos, to follow lewd courses.

Por el pásso en que estoy, upon the word of a dying man.

Pásso, no áya mas, hush, no more of it.

Pásso de ásno, the herb called horse-foot.

Prov. *Después de comér dormir, y de cenár pá os mil*, after dinner sleep a while , after supper walk a mile.

Prov. *Quién tropiéza y no cáe, a su pá o añade*, he who stumbles, and does not fall; adds to his step or his pace. After stumbling we see a man take a larger stride, or more. It signifies, that if a man commits a mistake, provided it be not such as overthrows his business, he goes on better after wards, as being forewarned.

Prov. *No da pásso segúro, quién córre por el muro*, he goes not a step safe who runs along the top of a wall. Men raised too high are ever in danger.

Prov. *Pásso a pásso van léxos*, fair and softly goes far.

PA'STA, f. f. paste.

Hómbre de buéna pásta, a man of a good disposition.

Oro en pásta, gold in ingots.

PA'STAR, v. a. to feed sheep.

PASTE'CA, f. f. a pulley or block in a ship.

PA'STEL, f. m. a pasty; also an herb of which a blue dye.

Pastél embóte, a pasty of forced meat.

PASTELERIA

PASTELERI'A, f. f. a pastry-cook's shop, or the pastry-cooks street.
PASTELE'RO, f. m. a pastry-cook.
PASTELI'LLO, *PASTELITO*, *PASTELI'LLO*, f. m. a little pye or pasty.
PASTI'LLA, f. f. a pastile, a little cake of perfume.
Pastilla de bóca, a pastile to eat, a perfumed lozenge.
Pastilla de chocolate, a little cake of chocolate.
PASTINACA, f. f. a parsnip; also a fish like a thornback.
PA'STO, f. m. pasture, food for man or beast.
Comèr el pásto, to eat by way of ordinary, to board in a house.
PASTO'R, f. m. a shepherd.
Prov. *Abàlla pastór, las espáldas al sol*, shepherd, turn the sheep's backs towards the sun.
PASTO'RA, f. f. a shepherdess.
PASTORA'L, adj. pastoral, belonging to shepherds.
PASTORALME'NTE, adv. shepherdlike, pastorally.
PASTORCI'LLO, *PASTORCI'TO*, *PORTORCI'CO*. f. m. a little shepherd.
PASTOREA'R, v. n. to play the shepherd, to keep sheep.
PASTORE'LA, f. f. a musical composition sung, played, or danced.
PASTORI'A, f. f. the state of a shepherd; a company of shepherds
PASTORI'CIO, *PASTORI'L*, adj. belonging to shepherds.
PASTORILME'NTE, adv. like a shepherd.
PASTO'SO, adj. doughy, full.
PASTU'RA, f. f. pasture.
PASTURA'GE, f. m. pasturage.

PAT

PA'TA, f. f. a paw, a foot; also a goose.
Pata de león, the herb lion's foot.
Pata apartada, a cloven foot.
Patas arriba, with the feet up in the air.
Pata es la traviesa, a term at cards, the hands are alike, draw game.
Prov. *La rellmp,a de Horcájo, que lavàda las pátas al asno*, the over-cleanly woman of Horcajo, who whashes the asses feet. Said when any body is clean where it is needless so to be.
PATA'CA, f. f. a piece of money so called.
PATA'CHE, f. m. a small ship so called.
PATA'CO, f. m. a peasant a clown.
PATACO'N, f. m. a patacoon, a piece of eight.
PATA'DA, f. f. a kick.
PATAGO'N, f. m. a man that has large feet.
PATAGORRI'LLO, f. m. minced liver.
PATALEA'R, v. n. to move one's feet very nimbly; to be in a great passion.
PATALE'O, f. m. the noise made with the feet in dancing, or when in a passion.
PATALE'TA, f. f. a ridiculous endeavour.
PATALETI'LLA, f. f. a kind of dance.
PATA'N, f. m. a clown, a lubber.
PATANERI'A, f. f. simplicity, foolishness, ignorance.
PATARA'TA, f. f. improbable story, tale or relation.
No diga pataràtas, don't tell stories, or things improbable.
PATARATE'RO, f. m. one that tells improbable tales; a liar.
PATARRA'ES, f. m. a cable in a ship so called.
PATA'TA, f. f. the root called a potatoe.
PATATA'L, f. m. a field of potatoes.
PATEADO'R, adj. that paws or beats the ground with his feet; said of a horse.
PATEADU'RA, f. f. the act of pawing or kicking.
PATEA'R, v. n. to paw, to kick, to trample upon.
PATE'NA, f. f. a flat piece of plate; the paten or little plate that covers the chalice.
PATE'NTE, adj. manifest, plain; substantively used, a patent or a commission.
Letras paténtes, letters patent.
PATENTEME'NTE, adv. manifestly, plainly.
PATERNA'L, adj. fatherly.
PATERNALME'NTE, adv. in a fatherly manner.
PATERNIDA'D, f. f. paternity.
PATERNO, adj. fatherly, of or belonging to a father.
PATE'TA, f. m. a nickname given to lame people.
PATHE'TICO, adj. patherick, that moves the passions.
PATHOLOGI'A, f. f. pathology, that part of medicine which relates to the distempers with their differences, causes, and effects incident to the human body.
PATIABIE'RTO, adj. that has the legs opened.
PATI'BULO, f. m. the gallows
PATI'CA, f. f. a little paw, or foot of any beast.
Ponér de patìcas en la calle, to turn one out of doors.
PATI'CO, f. m. a gosling.
PATICO'JO, adj. lame.
PATIHENDI'DO, adj. cloven-footed.
PATI'LLA, f. f. a little paw or foot.
PATI'LLO, f. m. a gosling.
PATIMULE'ÑO, adj. that has a foot like a mule; said of a horse.
PATI'N, f. m. a gosling; also a little court-yard.
PATINE'JO, *PATINI'CO*, f. m. a little courtyard.
PATI'NO, f. m. vide *PATI'*
PA'TIO, f. m. a court-yard.
PATITIE'SSO, adj. that is numbed with standing in the cold, and cannot go.
PATITUE'RTO, adj. splay-footed.
PATIZA'MBO, adj. crook-legged.
PA'TO, f. m. a gander; a goose.
Antojadízo cómo páto, as fanciful as a blind goose.
Prov. *Páto y gánso, y ansarón, tres cósas suénan y úna son*, three names found like three several things, and yet are but one; said when a man talks the same thing over and over again, or uses abundance of words where a few would serve.

PA'TO, f. m. (for *páčto*) a contract, a bargain, an agreement.
PATOCHA'DA, f. f. a blunder in speaking.
PATO'N, f. m. that has large paws or feet.
PATRA'ña, f. f. a fiction, a fable, a story, a cheating trick.
PATRAñE'RO, f. m. the person who tells a fiction or fable.
PA'TRIA, f. f. a man's native country.
PATRIA'RCA, f. m. a patriarch, a chief bishop.
PATRIARCA'DO, f. m. patriarchship.
PATRIARCHA'L, adj. patriarchal.
PATRI'CIO, f. m. a patrician, of the senatorian rank.
PATRIMONIA'L, adj. patrimonial, belonging to the patrimony.
Benefício patrimoniál, a benefice impropriate.
PATRIMO'NIO, f. m. patrimony, estate, inheritance.
PA'TRIO, adj. of one's country, or of one's father.
PATRIO'TA, f. m. born in the same country, a compatriot.
PATRIOTI'SMO, f. m. patriotism, love of one's country.
PATROCINADO'R, f. m. who protects.
PATROCINA'R, v. a. to patronize, to protect, to defend.
PATROCI'NIO, f. m. patronage, protection, defence.
PATRO'N, f. m. a patron, a defender, a master; also a master of a ship; also a pattern, a sample.
Patrón, the master of the house where one is lodged; also one who has donation of ecclesiastical perferment.
PATRO'NA, f. f. the wife of the house where a soldier is lodged.
PATRONA'TO, f. m. the right of confering a benefice; also the foundation of a benefice.
PATRONA'ZGO, f. m. patronship.
PATRONI'MICO, f. m. furname taken from the father's Christian name.
PATRO'NO, f. m. vide *PATRO'N*.
PATRU'LLA, f. f. the patrol, or soldiers who go about in the night to keep peace.
PATRULLAR, v. n. to patrol, to go the rounds in a camp or garrison.
PATU'DO, adj. that has great paws or feet.
Angel patúdo, the devil.
PATULLA'R, v. n. to walk in the dirt; to be very busy.

PAU

PAULA'R, f. m. a marshy ground.
PAULI'NA, f. f. a decree of excomunication; ill language.
PAUPE'RRIMO, adj. fuperl. most miserably poor.
PA'USA, } f. f. a pause, a
PAUSA'DA, } stop, a stay, a vest.
PAUSADAME'NTE, adv. leisurely, deliberately, slowly.
PAUSA'N, f. m. vide *BAUSA'N*.
PAUSA'R, v. n. to pause, to stop, to stay, to rest.
PAU'TA, f. f. a board with catguts stretched upon it at the distance that the lines may be writ, which the boys lay under their paper, and pressing it a little; it leaves all the lines marked on the paper for them to write straight.
PAUTA'R, v. a. to mark the paper with the *paúta*.

PAV

PA'VA, f. f. a pea-hen.
PAVA'DA, f. f. a large and fat hen.
PAVA'NA, f. f. a pavin, a dance so called.
PAVELLO'N, f. m. a pavilion or tent, a pavillon over a field-bed, or any thing used in that nature; also a butterfly.
PAVE'S, f. m. a great shield that covers all the body.
PAVE'SA, f. f. the white light ashes wefee in the fire, especially wood fire, which will easily blow away with the least breath.
PAVESA'DA, f. f. a battle of targetiers, or a dance representing such a battle; at sea, it is what our seamen call the fights, being cloths which hang round about the ship to hinder men from being seen in fight.
PA'VIDO, adj. timorous, fearful.
PAVIME'NTO, f. m. pavement, floor.
PAVIO'TA, f. f. the sea-fowl called a gull.
PAVI'TO, f. m. a young turkey-cock.
PA'VO, f. m. a turkey-cock.
Pávo reál, a peacock.
PAVO'N, f. m. a peacock.
Pavón agréste, f. m. the moor-cock.
PAVONA'DA, f. f. a strutting or showing one's self, playing the fop or beau as the peacock shews his fine feathers.
PAVONA'R, v. a. to fanguine, as they do sword-hilts, or the like.
PAVONA'ZO, f. m. an azure colour so called.
PAVONÇI'LLO, f. m. a young turkey-cock.
PAVONEA'R, v. n. to play the fop or beau, to strut and shew one's self about as the peacock does his feathers.
PAVO'R; f. m. fear, dread.
PAVO'RDE, f. m. a dignitary in cathedral churches.
PAVORDI'A, f. f. the dignity of *pavórde*.
PAVOROSAME'NTE, adv. fearfully, timorously.
PAVORO'SO, adj. timorous, fearful.
PAVU'RA, f. f. vide *PAVO'R*.

PAX

PA'XARA, f. f. a female bird.
PAXAREA'R, v. n. to go a bird-catching; also to loiter, to be idle.
PAXARE'L, f. m. a kind of finch.
PAXARE'RA, f. f. the cage, or the place where birds breed.
PAXARE'RO, f. m. a bird-catcher.

PAXARI'CO, f. m. a little bird.
PAXARI'LLA, f. f. the milt of any creature, but more particularly of a fwine.
Hacér temblár la paxarilla, to put a man into fear, to make him quake.
PAXARI'LLO, f. f. a little bird.
Prov. *A chícó paxarillo*, *chíco nidillo*, a little bird muft have a little neft. Mean people muft have mean things.
Prov. *Al paxarillo que fe ha de perdér*, *alillas le han de nacér*, the little bird that is to be loft muft have little wings grow; that is, inconfiderable perfons when they grow vain and haughty will be caft down.
PAXARI'TO, f. m. a little bird.
Prov. *A cáda qual fe llevàn los paxaritos en el muladár*, the little birds on the dunghill pay equal honour to all men; that is, filly mean perfons pay equal honour to all men.
PA'XARO, f. m. a bird.
Prov. *Matár dos páxaros de un tiro*, to kill two birds with one shot, with one ftone.
Prov. *Mas vále páxaro en máno que buytre volándo*, a bird in the hand is better than a vulture flying; one bird in hand is worth two in the bush.
Prov. *Páxaro durmiénte*, *tárde le éntra cébo en el viéntre*, a fleeping bird gets meat into his belly late; that his, lazy people are long earning their bread.
PAXARO'TA, *PAXAROTA'DA*, f. f. a falfe report.
PAXARRA'CO, *PAXARRU'CO*, f. m. a large bird, whofe name we know not.

P A Y

PA'YO, f. m. a shepherd, or clown.
Veftírfe a lo páyo, to be clad like a country fellow.

P A Z

PAZ, f. m. peace.
La paz, is the pax that covers the chalice at mafs, and is fometimes given to the people to kifs.
Tomár la paz de la iglésia, to kifs the pax.
Ponér paz, or *metér paz*, to part thofe that quarrel.
La paz de Judas, treachery, kiffing a man to betray him.
Prov. *Quánto fábes no dirás*, *quánto vés no juzgarás*, *fi quiéres vivir en paz*, you muft not fay all you know, nor judge all you will live in peace.
Paz, *y paciéncia*, *y muérte con peniténcia*, peace and patience, and a penitent death.
Prov. *Póco y en paz múcho fe me haz*, a little in peace feems to me a great deal.
PAZGUA TO, adj. foolish, ftupid, that admires every thing.

P E A

PEA'GE, f. m., toll money paid for paffing over bridges, or the like.
PEAGE'RO, f. m. a toll-gatherer.
PEA'L, f. m. a fock, or that part of the ftocking that covers the foot.
PEA'NA, f. f. a pedeftal for a figure, or any fuch thing to ftand on.
PEA'ñA, f. f. a fort of inflamation in a horfe's tongue.
PEAPA', f. f. the fpelling of letters, a fort of horn-book.
Dezírfelo a úno de peapá, to tell a man the whole from the beginning to the end, to tell all one knows, to tell a thing very plain as if every word were fpelt.

P E B

PEBE'TE, f. m. perfume made in long fticks, like fticks of fealing-wax, to burn and pefume the houfe.
PEBETE'RO, f. m. the candleftick, in which the *pebetes* are fet to burn.
PEBRA'DA, f. f. a fort of fauce for a hare, or rabbit.
PE'BRE, a fort of fauce made with pepper, vinegar, faffron, cloves, and other ingredients, ufed to eat kid with.

P E C

PECA, f. f. a freckle on the face.
PECA'BLE, adj. fufceptible of fin.
PECADI'LLO, f. m. a little fin.
PECA'DO, f. m. a fin, an offence.
PECADO'R, f. m. a finner.
PECADO'RA, f. f. a woman finner.
PECAMINO'SO, adj. finful.
PECA'NTE, adj. peccant.
PECA'R, v. n. to fin, to offend.
Prov. *Málo es pecár*, *y remálo perfeverár*, it is bad to fin, and devilish to perfift in fin.
PE'CE, f. m. a fish.
PECECI'CO, *PECECI'LLO*, *PECECI'TO*, f. m. a little fish.
PECEñO, adj. of a pitch-colour.
PEÇHA, f. f. corruptly for *pécho*.
PECHA'R, v. n. to pay a tax or duty.
Pechardino de mánga, in cant, a cheat, between an inn-keeper and a rougue that makes a gueft pay double for what he has.
PECHA'ZO, f. m. a great beaft.
PECHE'RA, f. f. a piece of linen or cloth to cover the breaft.
PECHERI'A, f. f. the share of the tribute we are to pay; a poll-tax.
PECHE'RO, f. m. one that is liable to pay all taxes.
PECHI'NA, f. f. a fort of cockle-shell the pilgrims wear in their hats.
PE'CHO, f. m. the breaft, a woman's breaft; alfo tribute or tax.
Hómbre de pécho, a man of courage and valour.
Pécho por tiérra, humbly, proftrate on the ground.
Defcubrír fu péchò, to difcover one's tought.
Echárfe un cántarro a péchos, to lift up a pitcher, to drink unreafonably.
Tomár una cófa a péchos, to intereft one's felf in an affair.
Hombre de buén pécho, a well meaning man.

PECHUGA, f. f. the breast or brawny part of a bird.
PECHUGUE'RA, f. f. the whole breast; a pain in the breast; a cold settled in it.
PECILGA'R, v. a. obs. v. *PELLISCA'R*.
PACILGO, f. m. vide *PELLI'SCO*.
PECI'NA, f. f. a fish-pond.
PE'CORA, f. f. a sly cunning man; anciently cattle.
PECORE'A, f. f. pillaging of soldiers.
PECO'SO, adj. freckly.
PECTORA'L, adj. pectoral, good for the breast; substantively used, the cross bishops wear on their breast; also armour, any defence for the breast.
PECULA'DO, f. m. peculate, robbery of the public money.
PECULIA'R, adj. one term. peculiar.
PECULIARME'NTE, adv. peculiarly.
PECU'LIO, f. m. that which is peculiarly a man's own, particularly that which a father allows a son, or a master a slave to call his own.
PECU'NIA, f. f. money.
PECUNIA'RIO, adj. pecuniary.
PECUNIO'SO, adj. wealthy.

P E D

PEDACI'CO, f. m. a little piece.
PEDACI'TO, f. m. idem.
PEDA'GE, f. m. vide *PEA'GE*.
PEDAGO'GO, f. m. a pedagogue, a school-master, a tutor.
PEDA'NEO, adj. that has a limited jurisdiction. Said of a petty judge.
PEDA'NTE, f. m. a pedant.
PEDANTERI'A, f. f. pedantry, aukward ostentation of needless learning.
PEDANTE'SCO, adj. pedantick, pedentical.
PEDANTI'SMO, f. m. the ignorance or herd of pedants.
PEDA'ZO, f. m. a bit, a piece, a fragment.
Pedázo de pan, a bit of bread.
PEDERNA'L, f. m. a flint.
PEDESTA'L, f. m. a pedestal for a statue, or other thing to stand upon.
PEDE'STRE, adj. that goes on foot.
PEDICO'X, f. m. a hop, a jump upon one foot.
PEDIDO'R, *PEDIGO'N*, f. m. one that asks.
PEDIGUE'ñO, adj. one that is always asking or begging.
PEDIME'NTO, f. m. a request.
PEDI'R, v. a. to beg, to demand.
Pedir raciones, to beg.
Prov. *Pedir péras al ólmo*, to ask for pears of the elm-tree. To ask impossibilities.
PE'DO, f. m. a fart.
PEDORRE'RA, f. f. close trunk-breeches.
PEDO'RRO, f. m. a farting fellow.
PEDRA'DA, f. f. a stroke of a stone; at play, it signifies a counter, or one in reckoning.
Prov. *Esso cáe como pedráda en ójo de boticário*, that is as fit as a thump with a stone in an apothecary's eye. To express a thing is very fit, or proper, as if apothecaries deserved to be stoned.
PEDRE'A, f. f. the act of flinging many stones at.
PEDRECI'CA, *PEDRECI'LLA*, *PEDRECI'TA*, f. f. a little stone.
PEDRE'GA, *PEDREGA'L*, f. m. any stony place.
PEDREGO'SO, adj. stony, full of stones.
PEDREñA'L, f. m. a firelock.
PEDRE'RA, f. f. a quarry where stone is dug out.
PEDRERI'A, f. f. a parcel of precious stones.
PEDRE'RO, f. m. a mason.
Pedréro, a small piece of artillery so called.
PEDREZUE'LA, f. f. a little stone.
PEDRI'SCO, f. m. large hail.
PEDRO, f. m. in cant, a hairy kind of coat; also a bolt.
PEDRO'SO, adj. stony.

P E E

PEE'R, v. n. to fart.

P E G

PE'GA, f. f. the pitching of a skin to make it hold liquor; also a composition to daub the cows teats, that the calves may not suck.
Pega, f. f. a magpie.
Sabér a la pega, to taste of the pitch and rosin, as wine does that has been in the skin.
Dáme péga, sin máncha, daréte móça sin tácha, shew me a magpie all of a colour, and I will shew you a maid without a fault, neither is to be found.
PEGADI'LLO, f. m. a small plaster.
PEGADI'ZO, adj. clammy, that will stick to any thing.
PEGADU'RA, f. f. sticking together, or the place or joint where two things stick together; also pitching and rosining of skins.
PEGAJO'SO, adj. that is apt to stick to every thing, clammy, sticking.
Mal pegajóso, an infectious or contagious distemper.
PEGAMIE'NTO, f. m. sticking, clinging; daubing with pitch.
PEGA'R, v. a. to stick, to cling, to daub with pitch; also to infect.
Pegár, to beat, to bang, to cudgel.
Pegár fuégo, to set on fire.
Pegársela á alguno, to cheat any body.
PE'GASO, f. m. the horse Pegasus, that poets feigned.
PEGA'TA, f. a trick played to one.
PEGO'TE, f. m. any sticking clammy thing.
PEGUJA'L, f. m. a stock of goods, cattle, or the like, given to a son or a servant for his own use; what such a one gets by his own industry; a man's own property.

PEI

PEINA'DA, f. f. combing, dreffing of hair.
PEINA'DO, f. m. a womanish man; the curling and dreffing of hair.
PEINA'DOR, f. m. an hair-dreffer; alfo the linen put on in combing.
PEINADU'RA, f. m. combing; alfo the hairs falling in the comb.
PEINA'R, v. to comb, to drefs.
PEINA'ZO, f. m. a large comb.
PEI'NE, f. m. a comb; alfo the upper part of the foot.
PEINERI'A, f. f. the shop where they fell or make combs.
PEINE'RO, f. m. one who fells combs, or makes them.

PEL

PE'L, f. f. v. *PIEL.*
PELA, f. f. a boy richly dreffed.
PELA'DA, f. f. the sheep skin.
PELADE'RA, f. f. a difeafe fo called, that makes all the hair fall.
PELADI'LLA, f. f. a large, fmooth comfit; alfo a difeafe that makes the hair fall off.
Peladilla de arroyo, a pebble-ftone.
PELA'DO, adj. bald, pulled, that has the hair pulled off; bare.
PELADO'R, f. m. one that pulls off the hair, or makes bald.
PELADU'RA, f. f. a pilling or pulling off the hair.
PELA'GE. f. m. the head of hair, its colour or beauty.
PELA'IRE, f. m. a cloth-worker, a fuller, or one that teazes cloth with a teazel.
PELA'MBRE, f. m. pilling or pulling off hair, baldnefs.
PELAMBRE'RA, f. f. a tan-pit to take the hair off the skins.
PELAME'SA, f. f. pulling, or tearing off hair.
PELA'R, v. a. to pull off the hair, to make bald, to pull a fowl.
PELA'ZA, f. f. a fcuffle, a fray, properly among women that tear the hair.
PELE'A, f. f. fight, battle, combat.
PELEADO'R, f. m. a fighter.
PELEA'R, v. n. to fight.
Peleár de fuéra, to cannonade at a diftance, as ships do.
PELECHA'R, v. n. to breed new hair; to flock, to enrich, to give a new fleece.
PELENDE'NGUES, f. m. pl. knots of ribbands women wore on their heads about their ears.
PELIAGU'DO, adj. sharp-haired; fo they call the kid, calf, and rabbit; alfo intricate, etangled.
Hombre peliagúdo, a very fly man.
PELIBLA'NDO, adj. that has very foft hairs.
PELICA'NO, adj. grey-haired.
Pelicano, f. m. a pelican.
PELI'CO, f. m. a jerkin shepherds wear, made of sheep-skins with the wool on.
PELICO'RTO, adj. short-haired.
PELILA'RGO, adj. long-haired.
PELIFO'RRA, f. f. a whore, a proftitute, a ftrumpet.
PELIGRA'R, v. n. to be in danger.
PELI'GRO, f. m. danger.
PELIGROSAME'NTE, adv. dangeroufly.
PELIGRO'SO, adj. dangerous.
PELI'LLO, f. m. a little hair.
Echár pelillos a la mar, to forget what is paft.
PELINE'GRO, adj. black-haired.
PELIQUE'RO, f. m. a skinner, a leather-dreffer or feller.
PELITEA'DO, adj. shadowed, drawn with a pencil or coal.
PELI'TRE, f. m. the herb pellitory.
PE'LLA, f. f. a pellet, a ball, a mafs of any thing.
Pella de niéve, a fnow-ball.
Pella de mantéca, a print or a lump of butter.
Prov. *Si efta pella a la paréd no péga, aloménos dexará feñal*, if this does not ftick to the wall, yet it will leave a mark; that is, if you abufe any man very much, though all be not believed, yet fome impreffion it will make; in a better fenfe, though what one labours for, has not all the intended effect, yet will be of fome help.
PELLA'DA, f. f. a blow with a fnow ball, or the like, alfo a trowelful of mortar.
No dar pelláda, en la obra, not to work a ftroke, not to lay one trowel of mortar on the work.
PELLE'JA, f. f. a skin or hide; but properly that which has wool or hair on it. Metaph. a ftrumpet.
PELLEJERI'A, f. f. the place where skins or hides are fold; a great quantity of skins or hides.
PELLEJE'RO, f. m. a skinner, a leather-feller or dreffer, a currier.
PELLE'JO, f. m. a skin or hide, alfo a skin to carry wine or other liquor in.
Mudár el pelléjo, to change one's skin, as the fnake does; to alter one's condition.
Dexar el pelléjo en la demánda, to die in the caufe.
PELLI'CA, f. f. a quilt made of fine furs.
PELLICE'RO, f. m. v. *PELLEJERO.*
PELLI'CO, f. m. the skin wore by shep herds.
PELLISCADO'R, f. m. the perfon who pinches.
PELLISCA'R, v. a. to pinch; alfo to fteal.
PELLI'SCO, f. m. a pinch.
Dar un pellífco, to give a pinch.
PELLO'N, *PELLO'TE*, } f. m. an ancient garment that was fo called.
PELMA, f. f. *PELMA'ZO*, f. m. } any thing heavy and looking as if trodden on.
PE'LO, f. m. hair.
Pélo málo, bad hair; a bad ftate or condition, ill circumftances.
Pélo de camélto, camelot.
Pélo arriba, againft the hair or grain.
Pélo abáxo, with the hair or grain.
Pélo de cofre, red hair.
Ir a pélo, to go with the hair or with the grain; faid when bufinefs goes well.

Hacér que venga a pelo, to make a thing fit.
Ir a pospélo, to go against the hair or grain.
Estár en pélo, to be naked.
Dar la bestia en pélo, to give a beast without a saddle.
Prov. *De tal pélo ni gáto ni pérro*, neither dog nor cat red-haired.
Prov. *El pelo muda la raposa, mas el naturál no despója*, the fox changes hair, but not his nature.
Terciopélo, f. m. velvet.
Pélos à la mar, a sport among children.
PELO'N, f. m. a paltry fellow, a scoundrel; a bald man.
PELO'NA, f. f. a disease that makes the hair fall off.
PELONERI'A, f. f. poverty, meanness, baseness.
PELO'SA, f. f. in cant, a blanket or covering.
PELOSO, adj. hairy.
PELO'TA, f. f. a ball, a bullet; a wild wench.
Jugár a la pelóta, to play at ball.
Pelòta de viénto, a ball filled with wind like our foot-ball.
Estár en pelóta, to be naked.
Pelóta, a sort of garment used formerly.
PELOTA'ZO, f. m. a blow with a ball.
PELO'TE, f. m. goat-hair use to stuff chairs and other things.
PELOTEA'R, v. n. to play at ball, to play at tennis.
Peloteárse, v. r. to quarre., to fight.
PELOTERI'A, f. f. a heap of balls.
PELOTE'RO, f. m. one that sells or makes balls, or that delivers balls at the tennis-court; also a fray or scuffle, in which they pull one another by the hair; also a little insect that grabbles in filth.
PELOTI'LLA, f. f. a little ball or bullet, a pellet or little bottom of yarn, thread, or the like.
PELOTO'N, f. m. a large ball.
PELTA, f. f. a kind of shield used by the ancients.
PELTRA'BA, f. f. a cant word for a wallet.
PELTRE, f. m. pewter.
PELTRE'RO, f. m: a pewterer.
PELU'CA, f. f. a peruke or perriwig.
PELUCO'N, f. m. a large wig; also one who wears such wig.
PELU'DO, adj. hairy.
PELUQUERI'A. f. f. a shop where they make and sell wigs.
PELUQUE'RO, f. m. a perriwig-maker or dresser.
PELUQUI'N, f. m. a bag-wig.
PELU'SA, f. f. a fur, a lining of a garment of furs, also wealth.

P E N

PE'NA, f. f. pain, trouble, sorrow; punishment, a fine.
So péna de la vida, upon pain of life.
Pénas, pl. in cant, the galleys.
Pénas de cámara, fines to the king.
A pénas, hardly, scarcely, with much ado.
PENA'CHO, f. m. the crest of a helmet, a plume of feathers, or other such topping on the head.
Penácho de ciérvo, a deer's attire or horns.
PENADAME'NTE. adv. v. *PENOSAME'NTE*.
PENADI'LLO, adj. that affords drink with difficulty.
PENA'L, adj. penal, afflicting, troublesome.
PENALIDA'D, f. f. pain, trouble, affliction.
PENA'R, v. n. to punish, to fine; also to be in pain sorrow, or another.
Penárse, v. r. to be grieved, to be in affliction.
PENATES, f. m. those gods that were worshipped at home, the housholdgods.
PE'NCA, f. f. the stalk of a lettuce, colewort, thistle, or the like; also a broad piece of sole leather, with which the hangmen whip malefactors.
PENCA'R, v. a. to whip at the cart's tail.
PENCA'ZO, f. m. a stroke with a *pénca*.
PENCHICA'RDA, f. f. as; *tomàr de penchicárda*, in cant, to make a fray in a tavern in order to get off scotfree.
PENCU'RIA, f. f. in cant, a whore.
PENDA'NGA, f. f. a strumpet, a harlot.
PENDE'JO, f. m. the hair about the privy parts.
Pendéjo, f. m. a coward.
Es un pendéjo, he is a coward.
PENDE'NCIA, f. f. a quarrel, a fray a controversy.
PENDENCIA'R, v. n. to raise a quarrel or fray.
PENDENCIE'RO, f. m. a quarrelsome person.
PENDE'R, v. n. to depend.
PENDIE'NTE, adj. hanging, depending.
PENDO'JA, f. f. obf. a writing-pen.
PENDO'LA, f. f. a pen; also the pendulum of a clock or watch.
PENDOLE'RO, adj. hanging, that hangs.
PENDOLI'STA, f. m. a quick writer.
PENDO'N, f. m. a cornet, a pennon, a standard, a streamer in a ship.
Pendón de tabérna, a tavern-bush.
Acudir a pendón herído, to come in to assist where there is great need; as when a standard is in great danger of being taken by the enemy.
PENDONCI'LLO, f. m. a little banner, pennon, streamer.
PE'NDULO, adj. hanging, that hangs.
PENEDE'NCIA, f. f. obf. v. *PENITENCI'A*.
PENEDENCIA'L, f. m. obf. a religious person that does penance.
PENE'DO, f. m. obf. a rock.
PENETRABILIDA'D, f. f. penetrability, susceptibility of penetration.
PENETRA'BLE, adj. penetrable, that can be entered or penetrated.
PENETRACIO'N, f. f. penetration, piercing through.
PENETRA'R, v. a. to pierce through, to penetrate.
PENETRATI'VO, adj. piercing.

PENGUI'N, s. m. a bird found about the Streights of Magellan, and other southern countries.
PENI'NSULA, s. f. a peninsula, a place encompassed by the sea, except on one part where it joins to the continent.
PENITE'NCIA, s. f. penance, penitence, repentance.
PENITENCIA'DO, adj. penanced, that has a penance imposed on him; said of one that has been in the Inquisition, and comes out with an obligation of performing a certain penance for his offence.
PENITENCIA'L, adj. penitential.
PENITENCIA'R, v. a. to impose a penance.
PENITENCIARI'A, s. f. an office at Rome, so called from whence the bulls, pardons, indulgences, &c. are sent.
PENITENCIA'RIO, s. m. a penitentiary, one that imposes penances.
PENITE'NTE, s. m. a penitent.
PENOSAME'NTE, adv. painfully.
PENO'SO, adj. painful.
PENSA'DO, adj. thought on, considered, weighed.
PENSAMIE'NTO, s. m. a thought; in cant, an eating-house.
En un pensamiénto, quickly.
No me passa por el pensamiénto, I have no thought of it.
PENSA'R, v. a. to think; to give cattle their allowance.
Pensár no es sabér, to think is not knowledge. To sai I thought, shows ignorance.
PENSATI'VO, adj. thoughtful.
PENSE'QUE, a vulgar word, that means, I thought it.
PENSIE'R, s. m. the herb sneeze-wort; also the herb knapweed or matfellon.
PE'NSIL, s. m. garden in the air; any beautiful garden.
PENSIO'N, s. f. a pension; metaph. an incumbrance, a trouble.
PENSIONA'R, v. a. to impose any troublesome obligation.
PENSIONA'RIO, s. m. he that pays the pension; he that receives it.
PENSIONI'STA, s. m. a pensioner.
PENSO'SO. adj. thoughtful.
PENTA'GONO, s. m. a pentagon, a figure with five angles.
PENTA'METRO, s. m. a pentameter, a Latin verse of five feet.
PENTATE'U'CO, s. m. the Pentateuch, the five first books of Moses.
PENU'LTIMO, adj. the last but one.
PENU'MBRA, s. f. an imperfect shadow.
PENU'RIA, s. f. penury, want.

PEñ

PE'ñA, s. f. a rock, a stony hill, or piece of a mountain.
Péñas véras, y peñas grises, names of ancient rich garments at present unknown.
PEñASCA'L, s. m. a rocky place.
PEñA'SCO, s. m. a great or massive stone; also a sort of silk stuff wore by women in summer.
PEñASCO'SO, adj. rocky.
PEñATA, s. f. the bird, called, fieldfare.
PEñI'SCOLA, s. f. a peninsula, or a small place, more than a rock and less than an island.
PEñO, s. m. obs. a pledge.
PEñOL, s. m. a great rock; also the end of the ship's yard.
PE'ñOLA, s. f. vide *PE'NOLA*.
PEñO'N, s. m. a great rock.
PEñO'SO, adj. rocky.

PEO

PEO'N, s. m. a foot-soldier; a day-labourer; a pawn at chess; a top, such as boys whip.
Peón de albañil, a day-labourer.
PEONA'DA, s. f. a job for a labourer, a day's work.
PEONA'GE, s. m. a company of men on foot.
PEONERI'A, s. f. as much ground as may be tilled in one day.
PEONE'RO, s. m. a pioneer in an army.
PEONI'A, s. f. a plant so called.
PEO'NZA, s. f. a top, such as boys whip; also a very short man.
PEO'R, comp. of. *malo*, worse.
Ir de mal en peór, to grow worse and worse.
PEORI'A, s. f. growing worse.

PEP

PEPIA'N, s. m. kid or lamb cut in small pieces and stewed.
PEPINA'R, s. m. the cucumber-ground.
PEPINA'ZO, s. m. a blow of a cucumber.
PEPI'NILLO, s. m. a little cucumber.
PEPI'NO, s. m. a cucumber.
Pepinos rellénos, stuffed cucumbers, or with a pudding in them.
PEPIO'N, s. m. an ancient gold coin.
PEPI'TA, s. f. the pip in a hen; a kernel or seed of an apple, orange, melon, cucumber, or the like.
No téner pepíta, to talk all that comes uppermost, to have no reserve, but tell all one knows.
PEPITO'RIA, s. f. the giblets of a goose or other fowl; also a mixing of any thing.
PEPO'N, s. m. a pompion.

PEQ

PEQUEñE'Z, s. f. smallness, littleness.
PEQUEñI'CO, *PEQUEñI'TO*, adj. very little.
PEQUE'ñO, adj. little, small.
PEQUEñUE'LO, adj. very little.

PER

PE'RA, s. f. a pear.
Péra ahegadéra, a choaking pear.
Péra bergamóta, a bergamot pear.
PERA'DA, s. f. conserve of pears.
PERA'ILE, s. m. vide *PELA'IRE*.
PERA'L, s. m. a pear-tree.
Perál sylvéstre, a wild pear-tree.
PERALE'DA, s. f. a grove or orchard of pear-trees.
PERANTO'N, s. m. a plant so called.
PERA'ZA, s. f. a great pear.
PERCA'NCES, s. m. pl. perquisites, vails, profits.

PERCEBIR, v. a. to perceive.
PERCEPCIO'N, f. f. perception.
PERCFPTIBLE, adj. perceptible, that can be perceived.
PE'RCHA, f. f. a pole, a perch, a rafter of a houfe, a prop of a vine.
Percha de la ála, among failors, a broom, a long pole to fpread out the clew of the ftudding fail.
Pérchas, fnares to catch partridges or other birds.
Officiáles de la pércha, traders or workmen belonging to the wool or woollen manufacture.
PERCHADO, f. m. a prop, a perch.
PERCIBI'R, v. a. to receive; alfo to preceive, to know.
PERCUDI'R, v. a. to fpoil, to difturb, to break.
PERCUSSIO'N, f. f. percuffion, ftroke.
PERCUSSO'R, f. m. he who ftrikes or wounds.
PERDE'R, v. a. to lofe, to mifs.
Perdérfe, v. r. to lofe one's felf.
Perdérfe el camíno, to lofe one's way.
PERDICIO'N, f. f. perdition, lofs, deftruction.
PE'RDIDA, f. f. lofs, damage.
Ir a pérdida y ganáncia, to go share with another at lofs or gain.
PERDIDAME'NTE, adv. defperately, villainoufly.
PERDIDI'LLO, f. m. a little wicked fellow.
PERDIDI'ZO, adj. apt to be loft, often loft.
PERDI'DO, f. m. a wicked perfon paft reclaiming.
PERDIDO'SO, adj. that lofes.
PERDIGA'DO, f. m. a perfon that has been punished by the Inquifition.
PERDIGA'R, v. a. to broil on the coals.
PERDIGO'N, f. m. a young partridge.
Perdigónes, pl. shot to kill birds with.
PERDIGUE'RO, f. m. a fetting-dog.
PERDIMIE'NTO, f. m. lofs, deftruction; alfo lewdnefs, bafenefs.

PERDI'Z, f. f. a partridge.
Perdiz chocha, a wood-cock.
Prov. *La perdiz es perdida, fi caliénte no es comida*, a pratridge is fpoiled if not eaten hot.
Prov. *Con la perdiz, la máno en la náriz*, the patridge is moft eatable when tainted.
PERDO'N, f. m. pardon, forgivenefs.
PERDONA'BLE, adj. pardonable.
PERDONADO'R, f. m. pardoner.
PERDONA'NZA, f. f. obf. vid. *PERDO'N*.
PERDONA'R, v. a. to pardon, to forgive.
PERDONAVI'DAS, f. m. a bully, a hector.
PERDULA'RIO, f. m. a lewd man.
PERDURA'BLE, adj. everlafting.
PERDURABLEME'NTE, adv. perpetually.
PERECE'AR, v. n. to be idle or lazy in doing any thing.
PERECEDE'RO, adj. perishable, that will perish.
PERECE'R, v. n. to perish.
PERECIMIE'NTO, f. m. perishing.
PEREGI'L, f. m. parfley.
Peregíl de mar, famphire.
Peregíl Macedónico, the herb alifander rs.
PEREGRINACIO'N, f. f. a peregrination, a pilgrimage.
PEREGRINA'GE, f. m. pilgrimage.
PEREGRINAME'NTE, adv. in a fine manner.
PEREGRINA'R, v. n. to travel, to go a pilgrimage.
PEREGRI'NO, f. m. a pilgrim a ftranger.
Peregrino, adj. rare, feldom feen, eminently fine or beautiful.
PEREMPTORIAME'NTE, adv. peremptorily.
PEREMPTO'RIO, adj. peremptory.
PERENDE'IA, f. f. a ftreet-walker.
PERENDE'NGUES, f. m. pl. v. *PELENDENGUES*.

PERENNA'L, adj. perpetual, continual.
Fuénte perennál, a running fpring that is never dry.
Lóco perennal, one that is continually mad, without any lucid intervals.
PERENNALME'NTE, adv. perpetually, continually.
PERE'NNE, adj. perpetual, continual.
Un lóco perénne, a madman without intervals.
PERENNEME'NTE, adv. inceffantly, without difcontinuity.
PERENNIDA'D, f. f. continuity, inceffant motion forwards, perpetuity.
PERENTO'RIO, adj. vide *PEREMPTO'RIO*.
PEREXI'L, f. m. vide *PEREGI'L*.
PERE'ZA, f. f. floth, lazinefs.
Prov. *Peréza llave de probéza* floth is the key to proverty; the way to grow poor.
PEREZOSAME'NTE, adv. flothfully, lazily.
PEREZO'SO, adj. flothful, lazy.
PERFECCIO'N, f. f. perfection
PERFECTAME'NTE, adv. perfectly.
PERFE'CTO, adj. perfect.
PERFICIONA'R, v. a. to finish, to bring to perfection.
PERFI'DIA, f. f. perfidioufnefs, falfehood, treachery.
PE'RFIDO, adj. perfidious, falfe, treacherous.
PERFI'L, f. m. the outline of a picture or draught; in architecture, the fide perfpective of a ftructure.
Róftro de médio perfil, a fide face in painting.
PERFILA'DO, f. m. a grave formal perfon.
PERFILADU'RA, f. f. the drawing the firft lines of a picture.
PERFILA'R, v. a. to draw the firft lines of a picture; alfo to make any work about the edges of a thing.
PERFUMADO'R, f. m. a perfumer.
PERFUMA'R, v. a. to perfume.

PERFU'ME, f. m. perfume, fweet fcent.

PERFUMERI'A, f. f. a perfumer's shop.

PERFUME'RO, f. m. a perfumer; a pan to burn perfumes in.

PERGAMI'NO, f. m. parchment.

PERI'CIA, f. f. skill.

PERI'CO, f. m. a fort of parrot little bigger than a thrush, and green.

PERICRA'NEO, *PERICRA'NIO*, f. m. the pericranium, a membrane that is about the skull.

PERIFO'LIO, f. m. an herb called chervil.

Perifólios, ribbands and other ornaments ufed by women in dreffing.

PERIGA'LLOS, f. m. the cock's gills; the thin flaps of skin that hang under the chin of very old or lean perfons.

PERI'LLA, f. f. a little pear.

PERILLA'N, f. m. a wandering idle fellow.

PERI'LLOS, f. m. a kind of fweet pafte.

PERINO'LA, f. f. a totum, a long piece of flick or ivory, which boys twirl about with their fingers, and make it fpin like a top.

PERIO'DICO, adj. periodick, periodical.

PERIO'DO, f. m. a period, a full ftop; alfo the end of duration.

PERIPATE'TICO, f. m. a peripatetick, one of Ariftotle's difciples.

PERIPHE'RIA, f. f. periphery, circumference.

PERIPHRASEA'R, v. a. to periphrafe, to exprefs one word by many.

PERI'PHRASIS, f. f. a periphrafis; a circumlocution, ufe of many words to exprefs the fenfe of one.

PERIQUI'LLOS, f. m. pl. a kind of fweetmeat.

PERI'TO, adj. skilful.

PERITO'NEO, f. m. the peritoneum; it is a thin and foft membrane which enclofes all the bowels, and lies immediately under the mufcles of the lower belly.

PERJUDICA'R, v. a. to prejudice, to damage, to hurt, to wrong.

PERJUDICIA'L, adj. prejudicial, hurtful.

PERJUI'CIO, f. m. prejudice, damage, wrong, hurt.

PERJURADO'R, f. m. a perjured perfon, one that will forfwear himfelf.

PERJURA'R, v. n. to forfwear, or fwear falfe.

PERJU'RIO, f. m. perjury.

PERJU'RO, f. m. a forfworn perfon, a perjured man.

PE'RLA, f. f. a pearl.

PERLA'DO, f. m. (corruptly for *preládo*) a prelate.

RERLA'TICO, adj. troubled with the palfy.

PERLESI'A, f. f. the palfy.

PERLI'CA, *PERLI'TA*, f. f. a little pearl.

PERLONGA'R, v. n. to fail along the coaft.

PERMANECE'R, v. n. to remain, to continue, to laft.

PERMANE'NCIA, f. f. ftay; durability, duration.

PERMANE'NTE, adj. permanent, lafting, durable.

PERMISSIO'N, f. f. permiffion, fufferance.

PERMISSI'VO, adj. permiffible, what may be permitted.

PERMI'SSO, f. m. leave, licence, allowance, grant.

Permiffo, p. p. of *permitir*.

PERMISSO'R, f. m. one who gives licence or permits.

PERMITI'DO, adj. lawful.

PERMITIDO'R, f. m. who permits.

PERMITI'R, v. a. to permit, to fuffer, to allow.

PERMIXTIO'N, f. f. permixtion; the act of mixing.

PERMU'TA, f. f. changing of ecclefiaftical benefices.

PERMUTACIO'N, f. f. change, alteration.

PERMUTA'R, v. a. to permute, to exchange.

PERNA'DA, f. f. a fling with the leg, a kick.

PERNEA'R, v. n. to kick, to shake the legs, as a man does that is hanged.

Perneár en la hórca, to be hanged.

PERNIABIE'RTO, adj. openlegged.

PERNICIOSAME'NTE, adv. pernicioufly.

PERNICIO'SO, adj. pernicious, deftructive.

PERNI'L, f. m. the leg, the gammon.

Pernil de tocino, a gammon of bacon, a ham.

PE'RNIOS, f. m. pl. hinges for doors or windows, or the like.

PERNIQUEBRA'R, v. a. to break the legs.

PE'RNOS, f. m. pl. iron pins or great nails, fuch as are ufed in shipping, or to faften timbers together.

PERNOCTA'R, v. n. to pafs the night in a place; to fet up all the night.

PERO, adv. but, yet.

PERO, f. m. a pear-tree, alfo a fort of apple like a pear.

PEROGRULLA'DA, f. f. an evident truth.

PERO'L, f. m. a copper pan, fuch as the confectioners ufe to make their fweetmeats in.

PERORACI'ON, f. f. peroration; the conclufion of an oration.

PERORA'R, v. n. to conclude an oration or fpeech; alfo to ask with importunity.

PERPENDICULA'R, adj. perpendicular, upright.

PERPENDICULARME'NTE, adv. perpendicularly.

PERPETRACIO'N, f. f. perpetration, fact.

PERPETRADO'R, f. m. he that perpetrates or commits.

PERPETRA'R, v. a. to perpetrate, to commit, to do.

PERPE'TUA, f. f. a flower fo called.

PERPETUAME'NTE, adv. perpetually.

PERPETUA'NA, f. f. a fort of ferge.

PERPETUA'R, v. a. to perpetuate, to continue.

PERPETUIDA'D, f. f. perpetuity continuance.

PERPE'TUO, adj. perpetual, continual, lasting.
PERPIAñOS, f. m. pl. the great ftones that reach quite trough a wall.
PERPLEXAME'NTE, adv. perplexly.
PERPLEXIDA'D, f. f. perplexity, trouble, anxiety.
PERPLE'XO, adj. perplexed, troubled.
PERPU'NTE, f. m. armour of filk quilted with fome chains or pieces of iron ftitched in it; a doublet.
PERQUE', f. m. a lampoon or fcandalous libel.
PERQUIRI'R, v. a. to fearch.
PE'RRA, f. f. a bitch.
Pérra falída, f. f. a proud bitch.
PERRA'DA, f. f. many dogs together.
PERRAME'NTE, adv. wickedly, in a very bad manner.
PERRA'ZO, f. m. a great dog
PERRE'NGUE, f. m. one that grows eafily angry.
PERRE'RA, f. f. a dog-kennel.
PE'RRERI'A, f. f. a place where they keep dogs.
Decir perrerías a algúno, to call one names.
PERRE'RO, f. m. a dog-keeper, one that whips the dogs out of great churches.
Perréro, adj. fit for the dogs.
Múla perréra, a poor jade of a mule that is fit for the dogs.
PERRE'ZNO, f. m. a puppy.
PERRI'CO, *PERRILLO*, f. m. a little dog.
Perríllo de falda, or *faldéro*; a little lap-dog.
Perríllo de múchas bódas, a John among the maids; on ethat thrufts himfelf into all feafts.
PERRITO, f. m. a little dog.
Perríto faldéro, f. m. a lap-dog.
PE'RRO, f. m. a dog.
Pérro de raftro, a blood-hound.
Pérro de muéftra, a fetting dog.
Pérro lanúdo, a shock-dog, a water-fpaniel.
Pérro de ayúda, a fierce dog that will keep the houfe and defend his mafter.
Pérro fabuéfo, a large hound.
Pérro con cencérro, a dog with a bell; a fervant that has a wife.
Dar pérro, to cheat, to deceive.
Ponerfe como un pérro, to fall in a paffion.
Prov. *A Pérro viéjo núnca tus, tus*; no catching of old birds with chaff.
Prov. *Pèrro ladradór núnca buen cazadór*, a barking dog never bites.
Prov. *A ótro pérro con éffe huéffo*, throw that bone to another dog, put that trick upon another, it will not take with me.
Prov. *Quién con pérros fe écha, con pulgas fe levánta*, he who lies down with dogs, rifes with fleas; lie with beggars and you will be loufy.
PERRO'CHIA, f. f. obf. vide *PARRO'CHIA*.
PERRU'NO, adj. doggish, of, or belonging to a dog.
PERSECUCI'ON f. f. perfecution.
PERSEGUI'DOR, f. m. perfecutor.
PERSEGUIMIE'NTO, f. m. perfecuting.
PERSEGUI'R, v. a. to perfecute.
PERSEVA'NTE, f. m. pourfuivant at arms.
PERSEVERA'NCIA, f. f. perfeverance.
Prov. *La perfeveráncia tóda cófa alcánza*, perfeverance obtains all things.
PERSEVERA'R, v. n. to perfevere.
PERSIA'NA, f. f. a kind of filk ftuff fo called.
PERSICA'RIA, f. f. the herb lake-weed.
PERSIGNA'RSE, v. r. to make the fign of the crofs upon onefelf with one's hand.
PE'RSIGO, f. m. a peach; alfo the fish called a pearch.
PERSISTE'NCIA, f. f. perfiftence, continuance.
PERSISTI'R, v. n. to perfift, to continue, to ftand in any thing.
PERSO'NA, f. f. a perfon.
Prov. *De perfóna callàda arriédra tu moráda*, remove your dwelling at a diftance from a filent perfon. They who talk leaft, generally obferve moft; and therefore take heed of them.
Prov. *Con mala perfóna el remédio, múcha tiérra en médio*, the remedy againft an ill perfon is much land between; that is, to keep at a great diftance from fuch people.
Prov. *De perfóna béoda no fies tu bólfa*, do not truft your purfe with a drunken perfon.
PERSONA'GE, f. m. a perfonage, a confiderable perfon, a man or woman of eminence.
PERSONA'L, adj. perfonal.
PERSONALIDA'D, f. f. perfonality.
PERSONALME'NTE, adv. perfonally, in perfon.
PERSONE'RO, f. m. obf. one that reprefents the perfon of another; an attorney
PERSPECTI'VA, *PERSPETI'VA*. f. f. perfpective, the art of drawing things fo that they appear to the fight at their proper diftances and in due proportions.
PERSPICA'CIA, f. f. sharpnefs of fight or underftand.
PERSPICA'Z, adj. sharp-fighted.
PERSPICUIDA'D, f. f. perfpicuity.
PERSPI'CUO, adj. plain, eafy to be difcerned or underftood.
PERSUADI'R, v. a. to perfuade.
Perfuadirfe, v. r. to perfuade onefelf.
PERSUASI'BLE, adj. that may be perfuaded.
PERSUASION, f. f. perfuafion.
PERSUASI'VO, adj. perfuafive.
PERTENECE'R, v. n. to belong, to appertain.
PERTENE'NCIA, f. f. what belongs or appertains to any one.
PE'RTICA, f. f. a perch, a pole to meafure with, a crofs beam or piece of timber.
PE'RTIGA, f. f. the pole of a cart that runs betwixt the two oxen or horfes that draw.
PERTIGUE'RO, f. m. a verger of a church.
Pertiguéro mayór, formerly chief ftand ard bearer: a chief juftice.
PERTINA'CIA, f. f. obftinacy ftubbornnefs, perverfenefs.
PERTINA'Z, adj. obftinate, ftubborn, pofitive, perverfe.

PERTINE'NTE, adj. proper, pertinent.
PERTINENTEME'NTE, adv. pertinently, to the purpose.
PERTRECHA'R, v. a. to furnish, to provide, to store; also to mend or repair.
PERTRE'CHOS, s. m. pl. furniture, stores necessaries.
PERTURBACIO'N, s. f. perturbation, trouble, vexation.
PERTURBADO'R, s. m. the person who disturbs or perplexes.
PERTURBA'R, v. a. to trouble, to disturb, to disquiet, to vex.
PERVERSAME'NTE, adv. perversely.
PERVERSIDA'D, s. f. perverseness.
PERVE'RSO, adj. perverse, incorrigible, untoward.
PERVERTIDO'R, s. m. a perverter.
PERVERTI'R, v. a. to pervert.
PERUE'TANO, s. m. a choak pear, a wild pear, or the tree that bears it.
PERULE'RO, s. m. a native of Peru; any person that comes rich from thence.
Rico cómo un Beruléro, as rich as a Peruvian.

P E S

PE'SA, s. f. a weight to weigh with.
PESA'DA, s. f. obs. vide *BESADILLA*.
PESADAME'NTE, adv. heavily, sorrowfully.
PESADE'Z, s. f. heaviness, fatness in person; pain, grief, trouble.
PESADI'LLA, s. f. the night-mare; also a heaviness or drowsiness.
PESA'DO, adj. weighty, heavy, troublesome, sorrowful.
PESADO'R, s. m. a weigher.
PESADU'MBRE, s. m. trouble, grief, sorrow.
PE'SAME, it grieves me.
Dar el pesame, to condole with.
PESA'R, v. a. to weigh.
Pesar, v. n. to have a value for.
Pesár, v. n. to be sorry for.
Pesár, s. m. grief, sorrow, trouble, depression of spirits.
PESARO'SO, adj. sorrowful, troubled, grieved.

PE'SCA, s. f. fishing or fishery; and all sorts of fish in general.
PESCA'DA, s. f. a large sort of fish, not unlike fresh cod.
Pescáda en róllo, salt cod.
PESCADERI'A, s. f. the fish-market.
PESCADE'RO, s. m. a fishmonger.
PESCADI'LLO, s. m. a little fish.
PESCA'DO, s. m. fish.
PESCA'DOR, s. m. a fisherman.

Prov. *Pescadór de caña mas cóme que gána*, an angler eats more than he gains; that is, angling cannot maintain a man.

Prov. *Pescadór de anzuélo, a su cása va con duélo*, an angler goes home with sorrow, because he cannot get enough to maintain his family.

PESCA'R, v. a. to fish.
PESCOZO'N, s. m. a blow on the neck.
PESCU'DA, s. f. a question, an enquiry.
PESCUDA'R, v. n. to ask to question, to enquire.
PESCUEZO, s. m. the neck.
PESE'BRE, s. m. a manger.
PESEBRE'RA, s. m. the manger-range.
PESEBRO'N, s. m. the coach-box.
PESE'TA, s. f. a silver coin about the value of a shilling.
PESGA, s. f. v. *PESA*, and *PESO*.
PE'SIA'TA'L! an interj. odds my life!
PE'SO, s. m. weight; also a pair of scales.
Péso, a silver coin worth about four shillings and six pence.
Contra péso, a counterpoise.
Hómbre de péso, a sober grave man.
Traér en péso, to support, to maintain; also to have power over.

Prov. *El péso y la medida sácan al hombre de porfia*, weight and measure ease a man from controversy.

PESO'LES, s. m. pl. obs. French beans.
PESPI'TA, s. f. / *PESPI'TALO*, s. m. } the bird called a wagtail.
PESPUNTA'R, v. a. to stitch, as they do fine caps, waistcoats, or the like.
PESPU'NTE, s. m. fine stitching, back-stich.
PESQUE'RA, s. f. a fishing-place, a wear in a river.
PESQUERI'A, s. f. a fishery.
PESQUERI'R, v. a. obs. v. *PERQUIRI'R*.
PESQUI'SA, s. f. search, enquiry examination.
PESQUISA'R, v. a. to search, to enquire, to examine.
PESQUISIDO'R, s. m. an examiner, one appointed to examine or enquire into any matter.
Juéz pesquisidor, a judge that has commission to enquire into some particular offences.
PESSIMAME'NTE, adv. in a very bad manner.
PE'SSIMO, adj. the worst, very bad.
PESTA'ñAS, s. f. pl. the eyelashes, the hair on the eyelids: also an edging or welt on a garment.
PESTAñEAR, v. a. to move the eyelids.
No pestañeár, to look so earnestly that the eyelids do not move; a metaphor, to stand quite still.
PE'STE, s. f. plague, pestilence.
PESTI'FERO, adj. pestiferous, pestilent, contagious, plaguy.
PESTILE'NCIA, s. f. pestilence, the plague.
PESTILENCIA'L, adj. pestilential, contagious.
PESTILE'NTE, adj. pestilent, plaguy.
PESTI'LLO, s. m. the bolt of a door; a pestle to a mortar.
Pestillo de gólpe, the bolt of a spring-loock.
PESTORE'JO, subs. m. a great brawny neck.
PESTOREJO'N, s. m. a blow on the neck.
PESU'ñA, s. f. a foot or claw of a beast; a so a disease in a horse called the fashions.

P E T

PETA'CA, s. f. a hamper, a great basket.
PETARDE'AR, v. a. to blow up gates or barriers with petards; also

to ask money lent with design of cheating.
PETARDE'RO, f. m. he that makes or applies a petard.
Petardéro, in cant, a knight of the industry, a borrower.
PETA'RDO, f. m. a military engine of mischief so called.
PETA'TE, f. m. a liar, a cheat.
PETICIO'N, f. f. petition, request.
PETI'LLO, f. m. a stomacher.
PETIME'TRE, f. m. a beau, a fop.
PETI'S, f. m. a name given to a little dog.
PE'TO, f. m. a breast-plate.
PETRA'L, f. m. a breast-plate for a horse.
PETRIFICACIO'N, f. f. a petrification.
PETRIFICA'R, v. a. to petrefy, to make hard as stone.
PETRI'L, f. m. a rail to lean the breast on.
PETRI'NA, f. f. a broad girdle worn under the breast.
PETROLE'O, f. m. a liquid bitumen, black, floating on the water of springs.
PETULA'NCIA, f. f. insolence, saucinefs, impudence.
PETULA'NTE, adj. petulant, saucy, impudent, perverse.

P E X

PE'XE, f. m. fish; also a sly cunning fellow.

P E Z

PEZ, f. f. or m. pitch; also a fish.
Pez espáda, the sword-fish.
Pez voladór, the flying-fish.
Prov. *Quién péces quiére, mojá se tiéne*, he that will catch fish, must wet himself; nothing to be got without trouble.
PEZO'N, f. m. a nipple.
PEZPI'TA, f. f. } v. *PESPI'TA*.
PEZPITALO, f. m. }

P H A

PHALANGE, f. f. te Macedonian phalanx, a body, of foot drawn up square.
PHA'LANGIO, f. m. an insect, and a plant so called.
PHA'LARIS, f. f. a kind of duck so called.
PHALE'UCO, f. m. a kind of Latin verse.
PHANTASE'AR, v. n. to fancy, to imagine.
PHANTASI'A, f. f. fancy, image, conception, thought; also pride, haughtinefs.
Phantasiá, caprice, humour, whim; also frolick, idle scheme.
PHANTASIO'SO, adj. fantastick, capricious, humourous.
PHANTA'SMA, f. f. a phantom, a false apparition or vision; a a proud person.
PHANTASMO'N, f. m. a proud strutting fellow.
PHANTASTICAME'NTE, adv. fantastically.
PHANTA'STICO, adv. fantastical; haughty, proud.
PHARISA'ICO, relating to Pharisees.
PHARISAI'SMO, f. m. the sect of the Pharisees.
PHARISE'O, f. m. a Pharisee; a wicked person.
PHARMACE'UTICO, adj. pharmaceutic, relating to pharmacy.
PHARMACI'A, f. f. pharmacy, the art or trade of making medicines.
PHA'RMACO, f. m. a medicine.
PHARMACOPE'A, f. f. a pharmacopœia, a dispensatory, a book with rules how to make medicines.
PHARMACO'POLA, f. m. a pharmacopolist, an apothecary.
PHA'SES, f. f. phasis, appearance exhibited by any body, as the changes of the moon.

P H E

PHEBE'O, adj. belonging to the sun.
PHEBO, f. m. a poetical name for the sun.
PHENICO'PTERO, f. m. a phenicopter, a kind of bird.
PHE'NION, f. m. anemone, the wind-flower.
PHE'NIX, f. m. the phenix that fabulous bird supposed to exist, single, and to rise again from its own ashes.
PHENO'MENO, f. m. a phenomenon a visible quality.

P H I

PHILA'NTHROPO, f. m. an herb so called.
PHILAU'CIA, f. f. self-love.
PHILOLOGI'A, f. f. philology, criticism.
PHILOLO'GICO, adj. philological.
PHILO'LOGO, f. m. a philologer.
PHILOME'NA, f. m. philomel, the nightingale.
PHILOSOPHAL, adj. philosophical.
Piedra philosophál, the philosopher's stone.
PHILOSOPHAR, v. n. to philosophize, to play the philosopher.
PHILOSOPHI'A, f. f. philosophy.
PHILOSOPHICAME'NTE, adv. philosophically.
PHILOSO'PHICO, adj. philosophical.
PHILOSOPHO, f. m. a philosopher.
PHI'LTRO, f. m. a philter, beverage given to cause love.

P H O

PHO'CA, f. f. a sea-calf.
PHO'SPHORO, f. m. phosphor, phosporus, the morning-star; also a chemical substance which exposed to the air takes fire.

P H R

PHRASE, f. f. phrase, idiom, a mode of speech.

P H Y

PHY'SICA, f. f. physick, the science that treats of nature.
PHYSICAME'NTE, adv. physically, naturally.
PHY'SICO, adj. physical, relating to natural philosophy; also existent.
PHYSONOMI'A, f. f. the face, the cast of the look; also the art of discovering the temper by the features of the face.
PHYSO'NOMO, f. m. a physiognomist.

PIA

PI'A, f. f. a pied nag.
PIA'DA, f. f. the chirp of a bird.
PIAD'OR, f. m. one that cries like chicken; in cant, a great drinker.
PIADOSAME'NTE, adv. pioufly, mercifully, compaffionately.
PIADO'SO adj. merciful, compaffionate.
PIAME'NTE, adv. pioufly.
PIANPIA'NO, adv. foftly, without hurry.
PIA'R v. n. to pip as chickens do; in cant, to drink.
No dexár piánte, ni mamánte, to leave no living creature, chick nor child.
PIA'RA, f. f. a herd of fwine.
PIARCO'N, f. m. in cant, a great drinker.

PIC

PICA, f. f. a foldier's pike; alfo the fish called a pike.
Pica féca, a pikeman that never ferves with a musket.
Paſsár por las picas, to pafs the pikes, to run through much danger; to be run through with pikes.
PICA'CHO, f. m. the sharp point of any thing.
PICA'DA, f. f. a prick with any sharp point; a ftrake of a bird's beak.
PICADE'RO, f. m. the place where they manage horfes.
PICADI'LLO, f. m. minced meat.
PICA'DO, adj. pricked, pinked like cloth, minced like meat; nettled provoked, offended.
PICADO'R, f. m. a jockey, one that breaks or manages horfes.
PICADU'RA, f. f. a prick.
PICAMU'LO, f. m. in cant, a carrier, carter, or mule driver.
PICAñO, f. f. a ragged fellow; alfo a knavish perfon; a patch on a shoe.
PICA'NTE, adj. biting, hot of pepper; sharp, biting, fatirical.
PICAPEDRE'RO, f. m. a ftonecutter.
PICAPLEI'TOS, f. m. a wrangler, a pettifogger, that fets folks at variance.
PICAPO'RTE, f. m. the latch of a door.
PICA'R, v. a. to prick; to peck as birds do; to bite at a bait as a fish; to fting as a bee or the like; to mince meat; in cant, to run away.
Picár la amárra, a fea-term, to flip the cable.
Picár un cabállo, to fpur; but generally, to manage a horfe.
Picárſe, v. r. to take offence, to be concerned, to be nettled.
Picárſe en el juégo, to play in anger, hoping to win back what he has loft.
Picárſe de valiénte, to value onefelf upon one's courage.
PICARAME'NTE, adv. in a roguish or bantering manne.
PICARA'ZO, f. m. augment. of *picaro*.
PICARA'DA, f. f. a gang of knaves, a knavish trick.
PICARDEA'R, v. n. to play the knave.
PICARDI'A, f. f. knavery, malice; a lewd action.
PICARE'SCA, f. f. the rafcality, the rabble; a parcel of fcoundrels.
PICARE'SCO, *PICARI'L*, } adj. roguish, knavish bantering.
PICARI'LLO, *PICARI'TO*, } f. m. a little rogue.
PI'CARO, f. m. a rogue, a bafe fellow, a malicious, mifchievous, cunning, or arch man.
Pícaro de cocina, a fcullion.
PI'CARO, adj. merry, gay.
PICA'RON, *PICARONA'ZO*, } f. m. a great rogue.
PICARO'TE, f. m. a rogue.
PICATO'STES, f. m. pl. flices of bread fried with rashers of bacon.
PICAVIE'NTO, f. m. a contrary wind that a ship is forced to take, and lie clofe to.
PICA'ZA, f. f. a magpie.
PICA'ZO, f. m. a blow with a pike.
PICA'ZON, f. m. itching; alfo anger.
PICE'A, f. f. a fort of baftard deal or firwood.
PICHE'L, f. m. a mug, a drinking-pot.
PICHELE'TE, f. m. a little mug, or drinking-pot.
PICHO'N, f. m. a pigeon.
PICHONCI'LLO, *PICHONCI'CO*, *PICHONCI'TO*, } f. m. a little pigeon.
PICO, f. m. a bird's bill or beak; a pick-axe; the fpout of an ewe, or fuch veffel to pour out liquor any thing refembling a bird's bill metaphorically, prattle, much talkativenefs.
Pico de cigueña, an herb called ftorks-bill.
Pico de grulla, the herb cransbill.
Pico de arroz, a meafure of rice.
Pico de jarro, the fpout of a pot for the liquor to be poured out.
Pico de óro, a fort of herb; alfo an eloquent perfon.

Prov. *Quién te hizo rico? quién te fuftentó el pico*, who made you rich? he that fed you; if it were not for the belly, the back might wear gold.
PICO'A, f. f. in cant, a pot.
PICO'L, adj. in cant, little.
PICON, f. m. a sharp biting jeft; properly a jeft put upon another by counterfeiting the contrary. It alfo fignifies a jockey; and in cant, a fpy upon thieves.
Picón, fmall-coal; in cant, a loufe.
PICOR, f. m. fmart, the fmarting that one feels.
PICO'SA, f. f. in cant, ftraw.
PICO'SO, adj. pitted with the fmall pox.
PICO'TA, f. f. a pillory; alfo a gallows built with ftone, or the top of a mountain or tower.
PICOTA'DA, f. f. *PICOTA'ZO*, f. m. } a wound made by a bird's bill.
PICO'TE f. m. a king of cloth fo called.
PICOTE'AR, v. a. to hurt with the bills as birds do; alfo to prate.
PICOTE'RA, f. f. a prating talking woman.
PI'CTIMA, f. f. vide *EPITHY'MA*.
PICTO'RICO, adj. relating to picture.
PICU'DO, that has a bill or beak; fubftant. ufed, a prating boy.

PID

PIDO, f. m. the act of begging.
PIDO'N, adj. that begs.

Pinillo oloróso, wild dill.
PI'NO, s. m. a pine tree.
Pino négro, the pitch-tree.
Pino alvár, the garden-pine.
PINO'LE, s. m. a kind of sweet powder brought from America mixed with the chocolate; it is also called *polvos de soconusco*.
PINO'SO, adj. full of pine-trees.
PI'NTA, s. f. a spot; also the spotted fever; among gamesters, a pip in a card or dye; also a streak or mark in a card.
PINTACI'LGO, } s. m. the bird
PINTADELLO, } so called.
PINTA'R, v. a. to paint; to describe.
Haré mi placér cómo el mas pintádo, I'll do my will as well as te best of them.
PINTARRAJAR, v. a. v. *PINTORREA'R*.
PINTARRO'JO, s. m. a bird so called.
PINTIPARA'DO, adj. exactly alike.
PINTIPARA'R, v. a. to compare a thing to another.
PINTO, adj. obs. painted, coloured.
PINTO'JO, adj. spotted.
PINTO'R, s. m. a painter.
PINTORE'SCO, adj. picturesque.
PINTORREA'R, v. a. to strain with various colours.
PI'NULAS, s. f. pl. the pinules, the sights of an astrolabe.
PI'NZAS, s. f. pl. pincers, nippers.
PINZO'N, s. m. a bird called a chaf finch.
PINZO'TE, s. m. the helm in a ship.

P I Ñ

PI'ÑA, s. f. a pine-apple; the fruit of the pine-tree.
PIÑA'RSE, v. r. in cant, to run away.
PIÑA'TA, s. f. an earthen pot.
PIÑO'N, s. m. the kernel of a pineapple.
Piñónes, s. m. pl. in falconry, the pinions of the wings of a bird.
PIÑONA'TA, s. f. preserved pine-apple kernels.
PIÑONA'TE, s. f. a paste made of the kernels of pine-apples and sugar.
PIÑUE'LA, s. f. a silk stuff so called.

P I O

PI'O, adj. pious, godly, merciful; this word they use to call the hens and chickens together.
Pia madre, ò mater, the pia mater, or the thin membrane wich lies under the dura mater, and covers immediately the substance of the brain.
PIOJE'RA, s. f. a place full of lice, or where they breed.
PIOJE'NTA, s. f. louse-bane, or staves-acre.
PIOJE'NTO, adj. lousy.
PIOJERI'A, s. f. lousiness; metaph. an inconsiderable matter.
PIO'JO, s. m. a louse.
Ser cómo pióјo, to be eaten up with lice, to be reduced to extreme misery.
PIOJO'SO, adj. lousy; metaph. avaricious.
PIOJUE'LO, s. m. dimin. of *piojo*.
PIO'LA, s. f. a small cable.
PIOLA'R, v. n. to cry as chickens do, or chirp like a sparrow.
PIO'RNO, adj. in cant, drunck.

P I P

PI'PA, s. f. a pipe, two hogsheads; also a tobacco-pipe.
PIPA'R, v. n. to smoke tobacco.
PIPI, s. m. a sort of bird in Africa.
PIPIA'N, s. m. a dish made after the American manner, a ragoo full of pepper.
PIPEA'R, v. n. to chirp as birds do.
PIPIRIPA'O, s. m. a splendid banquet.
PIPO, s. m. a kind of small bird who lives upon flies.
PIPO'TE, s. m. a small cask or vessel.
PIPOTI'LLO, s. m. a very little cask.

P I Q

PI'QUE; s. m. a term at the game at piquet; also a pickax, or such like pointed instrument.
Pique, an offence.
Echar a pique un navio, to sink a ship, to send her to the bottom.
Estár a pique, to be upon the point; or just ready to have something happen.
Irse a pique, to sink as a vessel does at sea, founder.
El sondo es a pique, a shore upright, and not shelving off, so that there is as much water near the bank as farther off.
PIQUE'RA, s. f. the little hole in the bee hives, the passage for bees.
PIQUERI'A, s. f. a body of pikemen.
PIQUE'RO, s. m. a pikeman.
PIQUE'TA, a kind of pick-ax.
PIQUE'TE, s. m. the game at piquet; also a pick-ax, or such like pointed instrument.
PIQUI'LLO, s. m. a little bill, or beak.

P I R

PIRA'GUA, s. f. a sort of large boat used in the West-indies.
PIRAMIDA'L, adj. made in the form of a pyramid.
PIRAMI'DE, s. f. a pyramid.
PIRA'TA, s. m. a pirate, a sea-robber.
PIRATEA'R, v. n. and a. to play the pirate.
PIRATERI'A, s. f. piracy, the trade of pirates.
PIRA'TICO, adj. piratical.
PISA, s. f. the act of treading.

P I S

PISACO'RTO, s. m. one that takes short steps.
PISA'DA, s. f. a foot-step.
PISADO'R, s. m. he who treads.
PISA'NTES, s. m. pl. in cant, the shoes, and the feet.

PISAR

PISA'R, v. a. to tread.

Pisár úvas en el lagár, to tread grapes in the vat where the wine is made.

Pisár en sol, to tread upon the sun, to slander a man wrongfully.

PISAVE'RDE, s. m. a nice fop that walks as if he was afraid to touch the ground.

PI'SCA, s. f. a bit, a little crumb.

PISCATO'R, s. m. a kind of almanack so called.

PISCATO'RIO, adj. piscatory.

PISCI'NA, s. f. a fish-pond, or other pond, or lake.

PISCIS, s. m. one of the twelve signs.

PISO'N, s. m. a rammer, such as paviours use to ram the earth, or the like.

PISOTEA'R, v. a. to tread repeatedly.

PISTA, s. f. the foot-step left by animals.

PISTA'R, v. a. to beat or pound in a mortar.

PI'S[illegible], s. m. the gravy, juice, or substance of a fowl pounded in a mortar, and squeezed out in a press, to give to sik persons, who cannot eat.

PISTO'LA, s. f. a pistol.

PISTOLETA'ZO, s. m. the shot of a pistol, or the wound it makes.

PISTOLE'TE, s. m. a pistol.

PISTRA'GE, } s. m. bad or in-
PISTRA'QUE, } sipid broth.

P I T

PI'TA, s. f. an herb in the Indies, of which they make fine thread, as we do of flax.

PITAFLO, s. m. in cant, a jug., a pitcher.

PITANCERI'A, s. f. the place where alms is given out.

PITANCE'RO, s. m. he that has the distributing of allowances, or of alms.

PITA'NZA, s. f. a pittance, an allowance of meat or drink; an alms.

PITA'ñA, s. f. v. *PITARRA.*

PITAñOSO, adv. v. *PITARROSO.*

PITA'R, v. n. to whistle; also to pay.

PITA'RRA, s. f. blear-eyedness.

PITARRO'SO, adj. blear-eyed, that has weak and gummy eyes.

PITIPIE', s. m. a little foot; so they call a short measure which carpenters and masons carry in their pockets.

PITO, s. m. a whistle; also the bird called a woodpecker; also the herb they say this bird makes use of to stop his nest.

PITON, s. m. the horn of any animal; also a bud of any tree.

Pitónes, s. m. pl. bones or stones chil-dren play with.

PITU'ITA, s. f. pituite, phlegm.

PITUITO'SO, adj. pituitous, full of phlegm.

P I Z

PIZA'RRA, s. f. a pebble stone also a slate to cover houses.

PIZARRAL, s. m. a place full of slates.

PIZARRE'RO, s. m. a slater; one who covers houses with slates.

PI'ZCA, s. f. a small particle of any thing.

PIZCA'R, v. a. to pinch.

PIZCO, s. m. a pinch.

PIZPERE'TO, adj. active, industrious, said of a woman.

PIZPIRIGA'ñA, s. f. at sort of play among children.

P L A

PLA'CA, s. f. an ancient piece of money about the value of a penny.

PLACABILIDA'D, s. f. placability, placableness.

PLACA'BLE, adj. placable.

PLACACI'ON, s. f. appeasing.

PLACA'RTE, s. m. placard, edict, proclamation, ordinance.

PLACEA'R, v. a. to publish, to proclaim.

PLA'CEME, s. m. congratulation, giving joy.

PLACE'NTA, s. f. in anatomy, the placenta.

PLACENTERAME'NTE, adv. joyfully.

PLACENTE'RO, adj. pleasant, pleasing, diverting.

PLACER, s. m. joy, pleasure.

Placér, v. imp. to please.

PLACE'RA, s. f. a common strumpet.

BLACERAME'NTE, adv. in a publick manner, openly, in the face of the world.

PLACE'RO, adj. common, publick, or relating to a market-place.

PLACE'TA, s. f. a little market-place.

PLACI'BLE, adj. gentle, quiet, kind.

PLA'CIDO, adj. placid, soft, mild.

PLAGA, s. f. obs. a wound, a sore.

PLAGA'R, v. a. to plague, to torment; both words little used.

PLAN, s. m. the plan of any thing.

Plan, the breadth of a ship in the bottom of the hold, or the breadth whereon she rests when aground, called floor, bilge, or bulge.

PLA'NA, s. f. a page of a book, or side of a sheet of paper; also a mason's or bricklayer's trowel.

PLA'NCHA, s. f. a plate of metal; also an iron to dress linen with.

PLANCHEA'R, v. n. to plate, or cover with plates.

PLANCHO'N, s. m. a great plank or board; a great plate of metal.

PLANCHUE'LA, s. f. dimin. of *plancha.*

PLANCO, s. m. v. *PLANGA.*

PLANE'TA, a planet.

PLANGO, s. m. a kind of eagle so called.

PLA'NO, s. m. plain, smooth, level.

Declarár de pláno, to declare plainly, without reserve.

Dar un gólpe de pláno, to strike with the flat side of a thing.

PLA'NTA, s. f. a plant.

Plánta, s. f. in architecture, the plan or ground plot of any structure.

Plánta del pié, the sole of the foot.

Plánta vergonzósa, the sensitive plant.

PLANTACIO'N, ſ. f. a plantation.

PLANTADO'R, ſ. m. a planter.

PLANTA'R, v. a. to plant.

PLANTEA'R, v. n. to mourn, to bewail.

PLANTE'L, ſ. m. a nurſery of young trees or plants.

PLANTI'CA, *PLANTI'LLA*, } ſ. f. a little plant.

PLANTI'O, ſ. m. planting; alſo a nurſery of young trees.

PLANTI'STA, ſ. m. a bully, an hector.

PLA'NTO, ſ. m. lamentation, mourning.

PLANTO'N, ſ. m. a ſtock to graft.

PLA'NTOSA, ſ. f. in cant, a cup to drink out of.

PLAñIDE'RAS, ſ. f. pl. the women paid anciently to mourn and lament in funerals.

PLAñI'DO, ſ. m. expreſſion of ſorrow, lamentation.

PLAñIR, v. n. to lament, to bewail.

PLA'SMA, ſ. f. a plaiſter; alſo a green ſtone not ſo fine as an emerald.

PLASMADO'R, ſ. m. creator, maker, former.

PBASMA'R, v. a. to make, to ſhape, to form; alſo to plaiſter.

PLA'STA, ſ. f. any ſort of ſoft paſte or plaiſter; as mortar, clay, or the like.

PLA'TA, ſ. f. ſilver.

Pláta, virgen, virgin ſilver, that is, fine, pure and without any alloy.

Pláta de márca ſtandard ſilver.

Pláta de martillo, ſolid plate.

PLATAFORMA, ſ. f. a platform in fortification, being a battery to place cannon on; alſo a draught or plan of a work.

PLA'TANO, ſ. m. the plaintain, a tree.

PLATA'ZO, ſ. m. a great diſh.

PLATEA'R, v. a. to ſilver, to cover or do over with ſilver.

PLATE'L, ſ. m. a platter or diſh.

PLATERI'A, ſ. f. the ſilverſmiths ſtreet.

PLATE'RO, ſ. m. a ſilverſmith.

PLA'TICA, ſ. f. a diſcourſe, a ſpeech; alſo practice.

PLATICA'BLE, adj. practicable, feaſible.

PLATICA'NTE, ſ. m. practitioner in phyſick or ſurgery.

PLATICA'R, v. a. to diſcourſe, to talk; alſo to practiſe.

PLA'TICO, adj. experienced.

PLATI'LLAS, ſ. f. pl. a ſort of linend ſo calle.

PLATI'LLO, ſ. m. a little diſh, plate, or ſaucer; alſo ſlander, or defamation.

PLATO, ſ. m. a diſh.

Hacér pláto, to boaſt.

Hacér pláto fránco, to keep open houſe; to make a ſhow; to diſcover ſecrets.

PLATO'N, ſ. m. a great diſh.

PLATONICAME'NTE, adv. in a platonick manner.

PLATO'NICO, adj. platonick, honeſt and chaſte, ſaid of love.

PLAUSIBILIDA'D, ſ. f. plauſibility.

PLAUSI'BLE, adj. plauſible, worthy of praiſe.

PLAUSIBLEME'NTE, adv. plauſibly.

PLAUSO, ſ. m. obſ. applauſe.

PLAUSTRO, ſ. m. a cart.

PLA'YA, ſ. f. the ſhore, the ſea-coaſt.

PLAYA'ZO, ſ. m. a great ſhore.

PLAYE'RO, ſ. m. a fiſherman that brings fiſh from the ſea-coaſt.

PLAYO'N, ſ. m. augmentative of *playa*.

PLA'ZA, ſ. f. a market; a fortified place; a ſquare.

Pláza, an employment, or office.

Sentar pláza, to enliſt for a ſoldier.

Paſſar pláza, to have a name.

Pláza de armas, a place of arms.

Pláza, pláza, make way; uſed by the guards when the king goes out of ſome place.

Hombre de plaza, a perſon inveſted with any dignity.

Sacar à pláza, to publiſh any thing kept ſecret.

PLA'ZO, ſ. m. a term or time allowed to do any thing, or to appear in a court of juſtice.

PLAZUE'LA, ſ. f. a little ſquare.

P L E

PLEBE, ſ. f. the common people.

PLEBE'YO, adj. vulgar, belonging to common people.

PLEBEZUE'LA, ſ. f. rabble, vile rabble.

PLECA, ſ. f. among printers a ſort of a daſh, many of which form a line of ſeparation.

PLEC'TRO, ſ. m. a quill uſed to play upon the ſtrings of a harp or ſuch inſtrument; figuratively, the inſtrument itſelf.

PLEGA'BLE, adj. that may be folded.

PLEGADAME'NTE, adv. intricately, confuſedly.

PLEGADE'RA, ſ. f. a folding-tool.

PLEGADO'R, ſ. m. the perſon who gathers or plaits.

PLEGADU'RA, ſ. f. the gathering of a garment, the plaiting.

PLEGA'R, v. a. to gather a garment, to plait.

Plegár, uſed for *llegár*, [illegible] to arrive.

PLEGA'RIA, ſ. f. a prayer, particularly a publick prayer, in time of calamity.

PLEITA, ſ. f. a mat of ruſhes.

PLEITEADO'R, ſ. m. a man actually litigating; a litigious perſon.

PLEITEAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. vide *PLEITO*.

PLEITEA'R, v. n. to contend in a court of juſtice.

PLEITESI'A, ſ. f. an agreement, a covenant.

PLEITI'STA, adj. belonging to a cauſe or law-ſuit.

PLE'ITO, ſ. m. a cauſe, a law-ſuit, a diſpute.

PLENAME'NTE, adv. fully.

PLENA'RIA., adj. fem. as, *Indulgencia plenaria*, a full indulgence.

PLENARIAMENTE, adv. in a plenary manner.

PLENILU'NIO, ſ. m. the full moon.

PLENIPOTENCIA'RIO, ſ. m. plenipotentiary, one that has full power and authority to tranſact buſineſs.

PLENITU'D, f. f. fulneſs.
PLEURESI'A, f. f. the diſtemper called the pleuriſy.

P L I

PLIE'GO, f. m. a ſheet of paper, a packet of letters, a fold in a garment.
PLIE'GUE, f. m. a plait, a fold in a garment.
PLI'NTO, f. m. the plinth in architecture, which is the firſt and loweſt member of te baſe.
Plínto, f. m. in heraldry, a billet.

P L O

PLOMA'DA, f. f. a plummet; a perpendicular line; a black lead pencil.
PLOMA'R, v. a. to lead or cover with lead; to put a leaden ſeal to any thing.
PLOMAZO'N, f. m. a kind of cuſhion, on which gilders cut the gold-leaves.
PLOMI'ZO, adj. leadish, like lead.
PLO'MO, f. m. lead; alſo a plummet.
Plómo de albañil, a bricklayer's plummet.
Plómos, the leads on the top of houſe.
PLOMO'SO, adj. leadish, like lead.

P L U

PLU'MA, f. f. a feather, a pen a quill. In cant, an oar.
Dar plúmas, to roll one in feathers after rubbing the body with tar, or ſuch like ſtinking matter.
PLUMA'DA, f. f. a ſtroke of the pen.
PLUMA'DO, adj. feathered that has feathers.
PLUMA'GE, f. m. a plume of feathers.
PLUMAGEA'R, v. a. to move as if it were a feather.
PLUMAGERI'A, f. f. feather-work; a quantity of feathers; a feather-shop.
PLUMAGE'RO, f. m. one that deals in feathers.
PLU'MBEO, adj. leaden.
PLU'MEO, adj. having feathers.
PLUME'RO, f. m. a feather-bed.
PLUMI'CA, PLUMI'LLA, PLUMI'TA, } f. f. a little feather.
PLUMQ'NES, f. m. pl. the down of birds; alſo a feather-bed.
PLUMO'SO, f. m. adj. feathery, full of feathers.
PLURA'L, adj. plural.
PLURALME'NTE, adv. plurally.
PLURALIDA'D, f. f. plurality.
PLU'VIA, f. f. v. LLU'VIA.
PLUVIAL, f. m. a cope, a cloak of rich ſilk down to the feet, worn by prieſts when they officiate at the altar upon great ſolemnities.
PLUVIO'SO, adj. rainy.

P N E

PNEUMATI'CO, adj. relating to wind, moved by wind, pneumatick.
Inſtrumentós pneumaticós, pneumatic inſtrument.

P O A

POA'S, f. f. pl. ropes uſed about the ſails.

P O B

POBE'DA, f. f. a place where poplars grow.
POBLA'CHO, f. m. the mob, the multitude; alſo a great village, or ſmall town.
POBLACIO'N, f. f. a town; populouſneſs.
POBLA'DO, adj. thick, full.
POBLADO'R, f. m. a peopler of a town or country.
POBLA'R, v. a. to people, to inhabit.
POBLA'ZO, f. m. the mob, the multitude.
POBLAZO'N, a town; alſo populouſneſs.
POBO, f. m. a poplar tree.
PO'BRE, adj. poor; or a poor man.
Prov. *Si te da el póbré, es pórque mas tóme*, if the poor man gives, it is to receive more.
POBRECI'LLO, POBRECI'TO, } adj. dimin. of *pobre*.
POBREDA'D, f. f. obſ. poverty.
POBREDURI'A, f. f. obſ. vide POBRERI'A.
POBREME'NTE, adv. poorly.
POBRERI'A, f. f. a gang of poor people.
POBRE'TA, f. f. a ſtrumpet or harlot.
POBRE'TE, f. m. a poor fellow.
POBRETO'N, f. m. a beggar.
POBRE'ZA, f. f. poverty.
POBRI'SMO, f. m. the aggregate of beggars.

P O C

PO'CAS VE'CES, adv. ſeldom.
POCE'RO, f. m. a well-digger.
POCI'LGA, f. f. a hog-ſtye.
PO'CIMA, f. f. a portion.
POCIO'N, f. f. a draught, or rather a phyſical draught.
PO'CO, adj. little.
Póco ántes, a little before, not long ſince.
Póco mas ò ménos, little more or leſs.
Póco a póco, by degrees, by little and little; alſo ſoftly.
Tenér a úno en póco, to have little eſteem for a man, to value him but little.
Dárſele póco de úna cóſa, to be little concerned, to care little for a thing.
PO'CULO, f. m. obſ. drink.

P O D

PO'DA, f. f. the pruning ſeaſon.
PODADE'RA, f. f. a pruning hook.
PODADO'R, f. m. a pruner.
PO'DAGRA, f. f. the gout in the feet.
PODA'R, v. a. to prune.
PODATA'RIO, f. m. one empowered by another, or commiſſioned.
PODAZO'N, f. f. pruning, the ſeaſon for pruning.
ODE'NCO, f. m. a ſetting-dog; alſo any ſpaniel.

PODE'R, f. m. power, ability, a commiffion to act.

Dárfe batálla de podér a podér, to come to a pitched battle.

PODE'R, v. n. to be able.

He podido, I have been able.

PODERI'O, f. m. power, authority.

PODE'RO, f. m. v. *PODADO'R*.

PODEROSAME'NTE, adv. powerfully.

PODERO'SO, adj. powerful.

PO'DON, f. m. any pruning knife.

PODRE, f. f. rottennefs, filth, corruption.

PODRECIE'NTE, adj. rotting, corrupted.

PODRECE'R, v. n. to rot.

PODRECIMIE'NTO, f. m. rotting.

PODREDU'MBRE, f. f. rottennefs.

PODRICIO'N, f. f. rotting.

PODRIMIE'NTO, f. m. } rotting; metaph. vexing fretting.
PODRIDU'RA, f. f. }

PODRI'R, v. n. to rot, to corrupt; metaph. to vex, to fret.

Podrírfe, v. r. to rot.

POE

POE'MA, f. m. a poem.

POE'SIA, f. f. poetry.

POE'TA, f. m. a poet.

POE'TICA, f. f. the art of poetry.

POETICAME'NTE, adv. poetically.

POE'TICO, adj. poetical.

POETI'SA, f. f. a woman that makes verfes, a poetefs.

POETIZA'R, v. n. to play the poet.

POETO'N, f. m. a burlefque, augmen. of *poeta*.

POI'NOS, f. m. pl. timbers that fupport casks.

POL

POLA'CA, f. f. the upper part of a shoe.

POLA'CA, } f. f. a fmall fort of veffel ufed in the Levant.
POLA'CRA, }

POLA'INAS, f. f. pl. hofe without feet which fall over the tops of the shoes.

POLAR, adj. polar, of the pole.

Eftrella polár, the north-ftar.

Circulo polár, the polar-circle.

POLE'A, f. f. a block or pulley, fuch as the ropes run through in ships, or are ufed a shore for hoifting of weights.

POLEA'DA, f. f. pap for children, hafty-pudding.

POLEADI'LLA, f. f. diminut. of *poleáda*.

POLE'MICA, f. f. the art of offending and defending a fortified place.

POLE'NTA, f. f. a pudding made of the meal of Turky-corn.

POLE'O, f. m. the herb penny-royal; alfo a sharper.

POLEVI', f. m. a kind of very high heels formerly ufed by women in their shoes.

POLI'TA, f. f. a duty or cuftom paid to the king of France by all the officers of juftice.

PO'LICE, f. m. the thumb.

POLI'CHE, f. m. in cant, a gaming houfe.

POLICI'A, f. f. politenefs, civil, courtly behaviour or carriage.

Conféjo de policía, a council, or number of people appointed to look to the decent government of a town.

POLIDE'Z, } f. f. neatnefs.
POLIDE'ZA, }

POLIDI'LLO, f. m. a little fpruce fellow.

POLI'DO, f. f. a neat perfon, or a nice one.

POLIDO'R, f. m. a polisher.

POLI'LLA, f. f. a moth.

POLI'NCHE, f. m. in cant, a receiver of ftolen goods.

POLI'R, v. a. to polish.

POLI'TICA, f. f. policy, or the art of government.

POLITICAME'NTE, adv. politically.

POLI'TICO, adj. politick; civil or courteous.

POLIZA, f. f. an order given to pay any fum of money.

Poliza de feguro, a policy of infurance.

PO'LLA, f. f. a pullet; alfo a pretty young girl.

POLLA'STRA, f. m. a great chicken.

POLLAZO'N, f. f. the hatching of chickens.

POLLE'RA, f. f. a large petticoat which women wear over their fardingal; alfo a coop for a fowl.

POLLERI'A, f. f. poultry; a poulterer's shop.

POLLE'RO, f. m. a poulterer.

POLLI'CO, } f. m. a little chicken.
POLLI'TO, }

POLLI'NO, f. m. an afs.

PO'LLO, f. m. a chicken.

POLLUE'LO, f. m. a little chicken.

PO'LO, f. m. a pole in the heavens, as the north or fouth. It is alfo a fort of white coral.

Pólo ártico, the north pole.

Pólo antártico, the fouth pole.

POLTRO'N, adj. lazy, idle.

Silla poltróna, an elbow chair.

POLTRONAZO, f. m. a great lazy fellow.

POLTRONERI'A, f. f. lazinefs.

POLTRONIZA'RSE, v. r. to grow idle, lazy.

POLVARE'DA, f. vide *POLVORE'DA*.

POLUCION, f. f. pollution, a defiling.

POLVI'LLOS, f. m. pl. a fweet powder for the hair.

POLVI'TO, f. m. fmall duft.

PO'LVO, f. m. duft; alfo a pinch of fnuff.

Hécho pólvo, powdered, reduced to powder.

Sacudir a úno el pólvo, to shake the duft off one, to thrash his coat; to rattle one with sharp words.

Prov. *Con éffos polvos fe hiciéron éffos lódos*, that duft made this dirt; that is, thofe caufes produce thefe effects; fuch are the ill confequences of fuch actions.

PO'LVORA, f. f. gunpowder.

Pólvora del dúque; a fort of comfits made with fugar, cinnamon and cloves.

POLVOREAMIE'NTO, f. m. a dufting, or ftrewing with duft.

POLVOREA'R, v. a. to duft.

Polvoreárse, v. r. to powder oneself.
POLVORIE'NTO, adj. dusty.
POLVORI'N, s. m. the primer for a musket.
POLVORI'STA, s. m. he that makes or sells powders; a maker of fireworks.
POLVORIZA'R, v. a. to powder, or reduce to powder.
POLVORO'SO, adj. dusty, full of powder.
POLYARCHI'A, s. f. the form of government that places the supreme power in many persons.
POLYA'RCHICO, relating to such government.
POLYGAMI'A, s. f. polygamy, plurality of wives.
POLY'GAMO, s. m. a polygamist, one that is married with more than one wife at a time.
POLYGLO'TA, s. f. the Bible translated in many languages.
POLY'GONO, s. m. a polygon, a figure of many angles.
POLYGRAPHI'A, s. f. polygraphy, the art of writing in several unusual manners or cyphers.
PO'LYPO, s. m. a polypus, any thing in general with many roots or feet; also an animal with many feet.
POLYPO'DIO, s. m. polypody, a plant.
POLYSY'LABO, adj. of many syllables.

P O M

PO'MA, s. f. a little small box full of holes to carry perfumes in to smell to; also a pomander; a little headland or point of land; also a sort of bellied bottle.
Póma de baluárte, a round platform on a bulwark to plant cannon on.
POMA'DA, s. f. pomatum.
POMA'R, s. m. an apple orchard.
PO'MEZ, adj. the pumice-stone.
POMI'FERO, adj. bearing apples.
PO'MO, s. m. the pommel of a sword; also a glass bottle, and a vessel they set over the fire with sweets, to perfume a room; also the globe the king holds in his hand at the coronation.
PO'MPA, s. f. pomp, state, grandeur.
POMPEA'R, v. n. to strut, to look big.
POMPOSAME'NTE, adv. pompously, stately.
POMPO'SO, adj. pompous, stately.

P O N

PONCELA, s. f. obs. a maid, a virgin, a girl.
PO'NCHE, s. m. punch, a liquor made by mixing brandy with water, sugar, and lemon juice.
PONCHO, adj. lazy, idle.
PONCI'L, s. m. a sort of lemon, which looks like a maiden's breast, whence it takes its name.
PONDERA'BLE, adj. ponderable; also important, worthy of regard.
PONDERACIO'N, s. f. consideration, weighing, also extolling, magnifying.
PONDERADO'R, s. m. one that ponders, weighs, considers, or that extols or magnifies.
PONDERA'R, v. a. to ponder, to weigh, to consider; also to extol, to magnify.
PONDERATI'VO, adj. exagerative.
PONDEROSAME'NTE, adv. with great care and caution.
PONDEROSIDA'D, s. f. obs. heaviness.
PONDERO'SO, adj. ponderous, heavy; cautious, circumspect, that Pproceeds, with prudence.
PONEDE'RO, adj. that lays eggs; applied to the hen.
PONEDO'R, s. m, the crier in a sale, or he that manages and sets the price.
PONE'R, v. a. to put, to set, to lay.
Ponér la mésa, to lay the cloth, to cover the table.
Ponér fin, to make an end.
Ponér la léngua en algúno, to talk ill of one, to give him ill language.
Ponér en depósito, to deposite.
Ponér deséo, to raise a desire in one.
Ponér árboles, to plant herbs or trees.
Ponér cuérnos, to cuckold.
Ponér huévos, to lay eggs.
Ponér en cóbro, to lay up safe.
Ponér piés en polvorósa, to venture out upon any undertaking also to; fly, to run away.
Ponér en condición, to put in danger.
Ponér précio, to set a price.
Ponér tiénda, to set up a shop.
Ponér cása, to set up house-keeping.
Quánto pónen de aquí al lugár, how far do they reckon it from hence to the town.
Ponér cámpo, to pitch the camp, to settle.
Ponérse en ostentación, to take state upon one.
Ponérse el sol, to set.
Ponérse en cóbro, to put one's self in safety.
PONIE'NTE, s. m. the west.
PONTA'GE, s. m. the duty or toll paid for passing a bridge.
PONTEZUE'LA, s. f. a small bridge.
PONTIFICA'DO, s. m. a pontificate, the reign of a pope or a bishop.
PONTIFICA'L, adj. pontifical, belonging to the pope or bishop.
PONTIFICALME'NTE, adv. pontifically.
PONTI'FICE, s. m. pontiff, the pope.
PONTIFI'CIO, adj. belonging to the pope.
PONTO'N, s. m. a ponton or floating bridge to pass over a river.
PONTONE'RO, s. m. one who guides the floating bridge.
PONZO'ñA, s. f. poison.
PONZOñAR, v. a. to poison.
PONZOñO'SO, adj. poisonous, venomous.

P O P

PO'PA, s. f. the poop or stern of a ship.
Andár con viénto en pópa, to sail before wind; to be successful in one's affairs.

Cámara de pópa, the great cabbin of a ship; in cant, the mouth

POPA'R, v. a to dally with, to slight, to make slight of.

Prov. *Quién a su enemigo pópa, a sus mános muére*, he that dallies with his enemy, dies by his hands. He that undervalues an enemy, will suffer by it.

POPULA'CHO, s. m. the low rabble.

POPULA'R, adj. popular,

POPULARME'NTE, adv. popularly.

POPULO'SO, adj. populous, full of people.

P O Q

POQUEDA'D, s. f. smallness, littleness, a small inconsiderable matter; meanness of spirit.

POQUI'LLO, adj. very little.

POQUI'SSIMO, adj. superl. the least that may be.

POQUI'TO, adj. very little.

P O R

POR, a prep. which governs the accusative. For, by, so.

Por tál, so that.

Por acá or *por allá*, here or there.

Por lo quál, for which reason.

Por ventúra, adv. peradventure.

PORCE'L, s. m. a small pig.

PORCELA'NA, s. f. fine earthen-ware, China-ware; also a porringer.

Porceláno, white colour mixed with azure colour.

PORCI'NO, s. m. a young pig.

PORCIO'N, s. f. a portion, a share.

PORCIONA'R, v. a. to divide out in portion.

PORCIONI'STA, s. m. he who has a right to one of the shares.

PORCO, s. m. obs. v. *PUERCO*.

PORCU'NO, adj. of, or belonging to swine.

PORDEMA'S, adv. in vain, to no purpose.

PORDI'CHA, adv. perchance, peraccident.

PORDIOSEA'R, v. a. to beg.

PORDIOSERI'A, s. f. beggary, begging.

PORDIOSE'RO, s. m. a beggar.

PORFI'A, s. f. contention, strife, obstinacy; also perseverance, constancy.

Prov. *Porfia mata la cáza*, perseverance kills the game; that is, it carries a man through all difficulties.

Prov. *En porfias bravas, desquicianse las palábras*, in hot disputes, words are put out of joint. When men grow eager and passionate, they know not what they say.

Prov. *Porfia máta venado, que no ballestero cansádo*, it is perseveranee kills the deer, and not the tired huntsman. Perseverance proves succesful

PORFIADAME'NTE, adv. positively, obstinately.

PORFIA'DO, adj. obstinate, positive.

PORFIADO'R, s. m. one that disputes, contends, or resists with great obstinacy.

PORFIA'R, v. a. to stand obstinately in a thing, to contend positively.

POROSIDA'D, s. f. porousness.

PO'RO, s. m. a pore of the body.

Póro, s. m. a white substance growing in the sea like white coral.

PORO'SO, adj. porous, full of pores.

PO'RPHYDO, s. m. porphyry-stone.

PORQUE', adv. because, why, wherefore.

PORQUE'RA, s. f. the place of resort in a mountain where wild boars meet.

PORQUERI'A, s. f. nastiness, swinishness, dirt.

PORQUERI'ZO, } s. m. swine-herd.
PORQUE'RO, }

PORQUERO'N, s. f. a catchpole, a sergeant that apprehends debtors or criminals.

PORQUEZUE'LO, s. m. a little swine.

PO'RRA, s. f. a club; also pride, vanity; also a dunce, a fool.

Pórra, in cant, the face.

Hacér pórra, to stop in the way.

PORRA'DA, s. f. a blow with a club.

Decir porrádas, to make bulls and blunders in talking, to talk foolishly.

PORRA'TE, s. m. a festival kept at certain churches without the walls of a city, where a brotherhood meet and dine, after divine service.

PORRAZO, s. m. a blow with a club; any blow or stroke with any instrument, or with the hand.

PORRERI'A, s. f. folly foolery, stupidity.

PORRE'TA, s. f. a young leek.

PORRI'LLA, s. f. a little club.

PORRI'NA, s. f. the state of corn-fields when still green.

PORRI'NO, s. m. a spot of ground sowed with leeks.

PO'RRO, s. m. a leek; a dunce, a blockhead,

PORTA, s. f. obs. vide *PUERTA*.

PORTACA'RTAS, s. f. a letter-case or a letter-carrier.

PORTA'DA, s. f. the door-frame and all the work about it, which is ornamental to the house.

Buéna portáda de persóna, a good presence of a man.

PORTADO'R, s. m. a bearer of a letter or the like.

PORTA'GE, s. m. the same as *portazgo*.

PORTA'L, s. m. a portal or porch of the house before the entrance.

PORTALA'ZO, s. m. a great portal or porch.

PORTALE'ÑA, s. f. a sort of board or plank sawed out on purpose for doors; a term used by sawyers and carpenters.

PORTALE'RO, s. m. an officer at the avenues of any town to receive the duties upon goods entered, or to take notice of them.

PORTALO', s. m. a sort of little door there is in some ships on the side, to take in goods; a hole in a fireship to go out at, when they have set fire to her.

PORTAMANTE'O, s. m. a portmanteau, a cloak-bag.

PORTANA'RIO, s. m. the gut that passes from the stomach to the belly.

PORTAÑO'LA, s. f. the port-hole or loop-hole,

PORTA'NTE, f. m. ambling.
Andár de portánte, to amble.
PORTAPA'Z, f. m. a corporal cafe, a fquare cafe made of ftiffened filk for the altar into which they put the linen cloth called the corporal.
PORTA'R, v. a. to carry.
Portárfe, v. r. to behave well.
PORTA'TIL, adj. that may be carried.
PORTA'ZGO, f. m. cuftom or toll paid at thofe they call *puértos fécos*, which are paffes on the mountains.
POTA'ZGUE'RO, f. m. a gatherer of a toll or duty.
PORTA'ZO, f. m. a blow given by the door.
PO'RTE, f. m. the poftage of a letter, the burden of a ship, the hire for carrying.
PORTEA'R, v. a. to carry for hire.
PORTE'NTO, f. m. a prodigy.
PORTENTOSAME'NTE, adv. prodigiously wonderfully.
PORTENTO'SO, adj. prodigious, ftrange, wonderful.
PORTERE'JO, f. m. dimin. of *portéro*.
PORTERI'A, f. f. the porter's lodge or office.
PORTERI'LLO, f. m. v. *PORTERE'JO*.
PORTE'RO, f. m. a porter, a door-keeper.
Portéro de cadéna, a porter at the king's or prince's gate, where there are chains acrofs to keep out coaches and horfes.
PORTEZUE'LA, f. f. a little door, a wicket.
PO'RTICO, f. m. a portico, a porch, a ftately walking-place, a place under cover fupported by pillars or arches.
PORTI'LLO, f. m. a breach in a wall; alfo a ftile or gap in a hedge.
PORTO, f. m. v. *PUERTO*.
PORTO'N, f. m. a gate.

POS

POS, adv. v. *EMPOS*.
PO'SA, f. f. a reft, a ftop, a ftay; alfo a buttock.
Pofas, f. f. pl. the peals rung for the dead.
POSA'DA, f. f. a lodging; alfo a public houfe.
POSADE'RAS, f. f. pl. the buttocks.
POSADE'RO, f. m. a refting place, a feat, or place to lean againft. A reft for a musket, or the like. An inn-keeper.
POSADO'R, f. m. vide *POSADE'RO*.
POSA'R, v. n. to lodge; alfo to reft, and to lay down one's burden.
Pofár fe a la tábla, obf. to fit down to dinner.
POSAVE'RGAS, f. f. pl. a fort of yards ufed anciently in ships.
POSDA'TA, f. f. the poftfcript of a letter, the paragraph added to the end of a letter.
POSICIO'N, f. f. a pofition, a thing propounded.
POSITIVAME'NTE, adv. pofitively.
POSITI'VO, adj. pofitive.
POSI'TO, f. m. a publick granary.
POSITU'RA, f. f. f. v. *POSTU'RA*.
PO'SO, f. m. reft.
Buén pofo aya, God reft his foul.
POSPE'LO, adv. againft the hair or grain.
POSPIE'RNA, f. f. the thigh of any animal.
POSPONE'R, v. a. to poftpone, to fet behind.
POSPUE'STO, p. p. of *pofponer*.
POSSEEDO'R, f. m. f. a poffeffor.
POSSE'ER, v. a. to poffefs.
POSSESSIO'N, f. f. poffeffion.
POSSESSIONA'L, adj. relating to, or including poffeffion.
POSSESSI'VO, adj. poffeffive.
POSSE'SSO, p. p. of *poffeér*.
POSSESSO'R, f. m. vide *POSSEEDOR*.
POSSESSO'RIO, adj. poffeffory.
POSSIBILIDA'D, f. f. pofibility; alfo the ftock of any perfon.
POSSI'BLE, adj. poffible; alfo the wealth of any perfon.
POSSIBLEME'NTE, adv. poffibly.
PO'STA, f. f. a poft that carries letters; a poft horfe; a poft for a centinel or for a corps-degard; a poft to be defended; at gaming, that which is fet or played for; alfo a flice of any thing.
Hacér una cofa a pofta, to do any thing on purpofe or défignedly.
Tener poffeffión de Iglefia a fu pofta, to have a church living for life.
POSTA'R, v. a. to poft any one; to expofe a perfon.
PO'STE, f. m. properly the jamb of a door: a poft or fmall pillar.
Oler el pófte, to fufpect any cheat or fraud.
POSTEA'R, v. n. to poft, to ride poft, to travel with fpeed.
POSTE'MA, f. f. vide *APOSTE'MA*.
POSTEME'RO, f. m. a furgeon's inftrument to open apofthumes.
POSTE'RGAR, v. a. to leave fomething behind.
POSTERIDA'D, f. f. pofterity.
POSTERIO'R, adj. pofterior.
Pofteriores, f. m. pl. the pofteriors, the backfide.
POSTERIORME'NTE, adv. pofteriourly.
PO'STHUMO, adj. pofthumous, born after the father's death.
POSTI'GO, f. m. a back door, a wicket in a gate.
POSTIGUI'LLO, f. m. a little backdoor or wicket.
POSTI'LLA, f. f. a comment or marginal note.
POSTILACIO'N, f. f. the art of making marginal notes.
POSTILA'R, v. a. to make marginal notes.
POSTI'LLA, f. f. a fcab.
POSTILLO'N, f. f. a poftillion; the guide that goes with one that rides poft.
POSTILLO'SO, adj. fcabby.
POSTI'ZO, adj. that is put on counterfeit, not natural.
Cabéllos poftizos, f. m. falfe hair.
Niño poftizo, f. m. a changeling child.
POSTLIMI'NIO, f. m. a law for reftoring what was unlawfully taken away; the return of one that was thought to be dead.

POSTRACIO'N, s. f. a prostration, a lying down; humiliation.

POSTRADO'R, s. m. he who prostrates another.

POSTRA'R, v. a. to prostrate, to throw down flat on the face, to overthrow, to destroy.

Postrárse, v. a. to prostrate, oneself.

PO'STRE, s. m. the desert at table after dinner, the last or latter part.

POSTRERAME'NTE, adv. finally, lastly.

POSTRE'RO, adj. last.

POTRIMERAME'NTE, adv. lastly.

POSTRIMERI'A, s. f. the end of a man, death, the last thing.

POSTRIME'RO, adj. vide *POSTRE'RO*.

POSTUIACIO'N, s. f. an enquiring.

POSTULA'NTE, s. m. one that asks any thing.

POSTULA'R, v. a. to ask, or require.

POSTU'RA, s. f. a posture; laying dow of a thing; a wager; the rate or price set upon a thing.

Postúras, s. f. pl. young trees transplanted.

POT

POTA'BLE, adj. that can be drunk; as *oro potáble*, potable gold.

POTA'GE, s. m. potage.

POTA'R, v. a. in cant, to drink.

PO'TE, s. m. a pot, generally taken for an apothecary's pot.

POTE'NCIA, s. f. power.

POTENCIA'L, adj. potential.

POTENCIA'LMENTE, adv. powerfully.

POTESTA'D, s. f. power.

POTI'SSIMO, adj. sup. principal, chief, special.

PO'TRA, s. f. a rupture.

POTRA'NCA, s. f. a young mare.

POTRE'RO, s. m. one that cures ruptures.

POTRI'CO, } s. m. a little
POTRILLO, } colt.

POTRI'LLA, s. f. a burlesque appellarion of an old man that will play the pretty fellow.

PO'TRO, s. m. a colt; also an engine to rack malefactors; also buboes.

Pótro cerril, a wild colt that was never backed.

Prov. *El pótro déxale domár a ótro*, let another break the colt; that is, let another man take the trouble and upon him that is fond of it.

Prov. *Ni cabálgues el pótro, ni tu mugér alábes á otro*, do you neither ride a colt, nor praise your wife to another.

Prov. *De pótro sarnóso, buén cabállo hermóso*, of a scabby colt, a good beautiful horse; foul in the cradle, fair in the saddle.

POTRO'SO, adj. bursten, broken, bellied.

POY

PO'YA, s. f. the quantity of dough due to the baker for baking of bread.

POYA'L, s. m. a cloth to lay on a bench or hollow in a wall, or the hollow itself.

POYA'TA, s. f. a cupboard, or a hollow in a wall, to set things on.

PO'YO, s. m. a hollow in a wall to sit down on, or to lay things out of the way. Among architects, it is also the first part of the wall above the foundation.

POZ

PO'ZA, s. f. a puddle of water.

POZA'L, s. m. a pail.

PO'ZO, s. m a well.

POZUE'LA, s. f. dimin. of *poza*; a small puddle.

PRA

PRA'CTICA, s. f. practice, use, dexterity, acquired by use; also method or art.

PRACTICA'BLE, adj. practicable, performable; feasible.

PRACTICAME'NTE, adv. practically.

PRACTICA'NTE, s. m. v. *PLATICA'NTE*.

PRATICA'R, v. a. to practise, to do habitually.

PRA'CTICO, adj. practice, experienced, sly, artful.

PRACTICO'N, s. m. one capable more by practice than study.

PRADA'L, }
PRADECI'CO, } s. m. v. *PRA-*
PRADECI'LLO, } *DEZUELO.*
PRADECI'TO, }

PRADE'RA, s. f. a. meadow.

PRADERI'A, s. f. meadow ground.

PRADEZUE'LO, } s. m. a. little
PRADI'LLO, } meadow.

PRADO, s. m. a. meadow, a lawn.

Prov. *Guárda prádo, y hartáras ganádo*, keep a meadow, and you will fill cattle.

Prov. *Ni duérmas en prádo, ni pásses vádo*, do not sleep in a meadow; nor pass a ford.

PRAGMATI'CA, s. f. a. royal edict or proclamation.

PRASIO, s. m. a. coarse sort of emerald.

PRAVEDA'D, s. f. pravity, wickedness, perverseness, untowardness.

PRA'VO, adj. wicked, corrupt, perverse, untoward.

PRE

PRE, s. m. a soldie'rs daily pay.

PREALEGA'DO, adj. before alledged.

PREA'MBULO, s. m. preamble, introduction preface.

PREBE'NDA, s. f. a prebend or canonry in a cathedral or collegiate church.

PREBENDA'DO, s. m. a. prebend or canon of a church.

PREBO'STE. s. m. vide *PREVO'STE*.

PRECA'RIO, adj. precarious, held, by courtesy, uncertain, depending on the will of another.

PRECAUCIO'N, s. f. precaution, preservative caution.

PRECAUTELA'R, v. a. to precaution, to warn before hand.
PRECAVE'R v. a. to prevent any danger.
PRECEDE'NCIA, f. f. precedence. *Latin.*
PRECEDE'NTE, adj. antecedent, going before.
PRECEDE'R, v. a. to precede.
PRECELE'NTE, adj. excellent.
PRECEPTI'STA, f. m. one who gives precepts.
PRECEPTI'VO, adj. preceptive, containing or giving precepts.
PRECE'PTO, f. m. precept, mandate.
PRECEPTO'R, f. m. tutor, preceptor.
PRE'CES, f. f. pl. prayers. A churchman's word.
PRECIADO'R, f. m. who prizes, values, or efteems.
PRECIA'R, v. a. to prize, to value, to efteem.
Preciárfe, v. r. to boaft, to brag of, to value one's felf upon.
PRE'CIO, f. m. price, value, worth.
Prov. *Engáñame en el précio, y no en lo que mérco*, cheat me in price, but not in the goods I buy.
PRECIOSAME'NTE, adv. precioufly.
PRECIO'SO, adj. precious alfo merry, feftivous, gay, witty.
PRECIPI'CIO, f. m. a precipice.
PRECIPITACIO'N, f. f. precipitation.
PRECIPITA'DO, adj. rash inconfiderate.
PRECIPITA'R, v. a. to caft down headlong.
Precipitárfe, v. r. to caft onefelf down headlong; to talk rashly, to let one's tongue run before one's wit.
PRECI'PITE, *PRECIPI'TOSO*, } adj. fteep, upright, headlong, ready to fall.
PRECIPUO, adj. chief, principal.
PRECISAME'NTE, adv. of neceffity.
PRECISA'R, v. a. to oblige, to force.
PRECISIO'N, f. f. exactnefs, certainty, precifenefs, neceffity.
PRECI'SO, adj. abfolutely, neceffary.
PRECI'TO, adj. predeftinated, always, underftood of the damned fouls.
PRECLA'RO, adj. famous.
PRECOCI'DAD, f. f. precocity, ripenefs before time.
PRECONIZACIO'N, f. f. commendation, praife.
PRECONIZA'R, v. a. to publish or proclaim any thing; alfo to praife, to commend.
PRECONOCEDO'R, f. m. f. one who knows before.
PRECONOCE'R, v. a. to forefee.
PRECO'Z, adj. ripe before time.
PRECURSO'R, f. m. one who runs before, a forerunner.
PREDECESSO'R, f. m. a predeceffor.
PREDECI'R, v. a. obf. to foretell.
PREDEFINI'R, v. a. to determine before hand.
PREDESTINACIO'N, f. f. predeftination.
PREDESTINA'R, v. a. to predeftinate.
PREDETERMINA'R, v. a. to predetermine, to determine before hand.
PREDIA'L, adj. belonging to a farm, to a country tenement.
PRE'DICA, f. f. a fermon.
PREDICA'BLE, adj. that may be difcourfed or preached upon.
PREDICACIO'N, f. f. preaching a fermon.
PREDICADO'R, f. m. a preacher.
PREDICAME'NTO, f. m. a predicament; in logick, what is affirmed of any thing.
Eftá én buen predicaménto, ò mal predicaménto, he is in good or bad reputation.
PREDICA'NTE, f. m. any preacher of a falfe doctrine.
PREDICA'R, v. a. to preach.
Predicár en defiérto, to preach in a defart; that is, to labour in vain.
Prov. *Bién predica quien bien vive*, he preaches well who lives well; a good example the beft fermon.
PREDICATO'RIO, f. m. a pulpit.
PREDICCIO'N, f. f. a prediction.
PREDILECCIO'N, f. f. predilection, preference, election of one thing rather than another.
PREDILECTO, adj. preferred.
PRE'DIO; f. m. a farm, a piece of ground in the fields.
PREDOMINA'NTE, p. act. predominant.
PREDOMINA'R, v. a. to predodominate, to have power over, to be above another.
PREDOMI'NIO, f. m. predominancy, power over.
PREEMINE'NCIA, f. f. preeminence, being above or before another.
PREEMINE'NTE, adj. pre-eminent, above or before another.
PREFA'CIO, f. m. the preface in the mafs, which is immediately before the canon to difpofe the affembly to attention and devotion.
PREFACIO'N, f. f. a preface.
PREFACIONCI'LLA, f. f. a pretty little preface.
PREFE'CTO, f. m. a prefect. This title fome religious orders give to their fuperiors, and in colleges there is a prefect of the ftudies, who looks to the fcholars to fee they mind their bufinefs.
PREFECTU'RA, f. f. the dignity of a fupérior.
PREFERE'NCIA, f. f. preference.
PREFER'IR, v. a. to prefer, to fet before.
PREFI'XO, adj. prefixed.
PREGO'N, f. m. proclamation made by a crier; the crier himfelf.
PREGONA'R, v. a. to proclaim by a crier.
PREGONE'RO, f. m. a crier.
PREGU'NTA, f. f. a queftion.
Prov. *Qual pregúnta harás, tal refpuefta habrás*, fuch a queftion as you ask, fuch an anfwer you will have.
Prov. *Quién pregúnta no yérra*, &

la pregúnta no és nécia, he that asks does not get, if the queſtion be a foolish one.

PREGUNTADO'R, ſ. m. one that asks many queſtions.

PREGUNTA'R, v. a. to ask a queſtion.

PREGUNTO'N, ſ. m. a teazing asker of queſtions.

PREJUDICIA'L, adv. in law foreſtalling of a judgment.

PRELACI'A, ſ. f. prelacy, the dignity of a prelate.

PRELACIO'N, ſ. f. preference before another.

PRELA'DO, ſ. m. a prelate.

PRELIMINA'R, adj. preliminary.

Preliminàres, pl. the preliminary or preparatory meaſures.

PRELU'DIO, ſ. m. a prelude.

PREMA'TICA, ſ. f. a royal proclamation, a particular law.

PREMEDITACIO'N, ſ. f. premeditation, forethought.

PREMEDITA'R, v. a. to premeditate.

PRE'MIA, ſ. f. force, compulſion.

PREMIADO'R, ſ. m. a rewarder.

PREMIA'R, v. a. to reward.

PREMIDE'RAS, ſ. f. that part of the weaver's loom which drives the web cloſe.

PRE'MIO, ſ. m. a reward.

PREMI'SSAS, ſ. f. pl. the premiſes, what went before.

PREMU'RA, ſ. f. the ſtate of being preſſed.

PRE'NDA, ſ. f. a pledge, a pawn; alſo a qualification or endowment.

Hòmbre de buénas préndas, a man of good parts, of worth.

Prov. *Prénda que cóme, ningúno la tóme*, let no man take a pawn that eats; that is, a horſe, or the like, becauſe it may eat itſelf out, or die.

Prov. *Mas vále prénda en el árca, que fiadór en la pláça*, a pawn in the cheſt is better than a ſecurity in the market place.

PRENDA'DO, adj. bribed; taken or gained by a man's good parts, or by his courteſy or obligation.

PRE'NDAR, v. a. to give or take a pawn; to oblige or win a man with good words, behaviour, or kindneſs.

PRENDEDE'RO, ſ. m. a little iron; with two or three hooks, which the country women in Spain uſed inſtead of pins to hold their coats when they tucked them up.

PRE'NDER, v. a. to take hold on, to impriſon, to take, to ſeize, to arreſt.

Prendér, to take root; ſaid of plants.

PRENDERI'A, ſ. f. the place where things pledged are expoſed to ſale.

PRENDIMIE'NTO, ſ. m. ſeizing, taking, arreſting, impriſoning; alſo pinning; te apprehending of our Saviour in the garden.

PREÑA'DA, ſ. f. a woman with child, or other creature big with young.

Palábras preñádas, words that import more than appears at firſt ſight.

Páred preñáda, a wall that bellies and threatens to fall.

PREÑADO, adj. big-bellied, with child, or with young.

PREÑE'Z, ſ. f. pregnancy.

PRE'NSA, ſ. f. any ſort of preſs.

PRENSADO'R, ſ. m. a preſſer.

PRENSA'R, v. a. to preſs.

PREOCUPA'R, v. a. to prepoſſeſs, to prevent.

PREPARACIO'N, ſ. f. preparation.

PREPARA'R, v. a. to prepare.

Preparárſe, v. r. to prepare oneſelf.

PREPARATIVO, adj. preparatory.

PREPONDERA'R, v. n. to outweigh, to preponderate.

PREPONE'R, v. n. to put, or ſet before.

PREPOSICIO'N, ſ. f. a prepoſition or ſetting before.

PREPO'SITO, ſ. m. an overſeer, one placed over others.

PREPU'CIO, ſ. m. the prepuce, foreskin.

PREPUE'STO, p. p. of *preponer*.

PREROGATI'VA, ſ. f. prerogative.

PRE'SA, ſ. f. prey, booty; a handle of a thing; a flood-gate.

Préſa de molino, a mill-dam.

Préſa de cáldo, the juice, gravy, or ſubſtance of fleſh preſſed out in broth for ſick folks.

Préſa y pinta, a trick taken at cards, and one reckoned for advantage.

Cárne ſalpréſa, powdered meat.

PRE'SAS, ſ. f. pl. the talons of a bird of prey.

PRESA'DO, adj. green like a leek.

Preſ'ado, adj. taken, made a prey of.

PRESA'GIO, ſ. m. a preſage.

PRESA'GO, ſ. m. a fortuneteller, a foreboder; adjectively uſed, ominous, foreboding.

PRESBI'TERO, ſ. m. a prieſt.

PRESCIENCIA, ſ. f. foreknowledge.

PRESCINDIR, v. r. to preſcind, to cut off.

PRESCRIBIR, v. a. to preſcribe, to command.

PRESCRIPCIO'N, ſ. f. preſcription, example, rule.

PRESCRI'PTO, adj. preſcribed, ordered.

PRESE'A, ſ. f. a jewel, a rich ornament.

PRESE'NCIA, ſ. f. preſence; alſo port, air, mien.

PRESENCIA'L, adj. relating to preſence.

PRESENCIALME'NTE, adv. in preſence, in one's own perſon.

PRESENTACION, ſ. f. preſenting or ſetting in ſight; a preſentation to a benefice; the feaſt of the preſentation of our Lady in the Temple.

PRESENTA'DO, ſ. m. a perſon preſented for preferment.

PRES'ENTA'R, v. a. to preſent; to tender, to produce in court.

Preſentárſe, v. r. to preſent oneſelf.

PRESENTE, adj. preſent, ſubſt. uſed; a gift, a preſent.

PRESENTEME'NTE, adv. immediately.

PRESENTE'RO, ſ. m. he who

presents to an ecclesiastical living, or the like.
PRESENTILLO, s. m. a small gift, a little present.
PRESENTIMIE'NTO, s. m. a fore-judging.
PRESENTI'R, v. a. to fore-judge.
PRESERVACIO'N, s. f. preservation.
PRESERVADO'R, s. m. preserver.
PRESERVA'R, v. a. to preserve, to keep, to secure.
PRESERVATIVO, s. m. a preservative.
PRESIDE'NCIA, s. f. presidentship, the honour of presiding.
PRESIDE'NTE, s. m. a president.
PRESIDIA'R, v. a. to garrison, to place soldiers in a town or castle.
PRESIDIA'RIO, s. m. one banished to any strong place in Africa.
PRESIDI'O, s. m. a garrison; safeguard.
PRESIDI'R, v. a. to preside, to be present as chief in the assembly.
PRE'SO, s. m. one apprehended, taken into custody, imprisoned, arrested; pinned, tacked to; a prisoner.
PRESO, p. p. of *prendér*.
PRE'SSA, s. f. capture, prize; pillage.
Préssa, a flood-gate; a bit of any food.
PRESILLA, s. f. a silk lace; also a sort of linen.
PRESSIO'N, s. f. pressure.
PRESSO, p. p. of the verb *prender*.
PRESSU'RA, s. f. oppression, vexation, trouble; also haste.
PRESSUROSAME'NTE, adv. diligently.
PRESSURO'SO, adj. diligent.
PRESTA, s. f. mint, an herb so called.
PRESTADI'ZO, adj. that may be lent, or is used to be lent.
PRESTA'DO, p. p. lent.
Tomar prestádo, to borrow.
PRESTADO'R, s. m. the lender.
PRESTAME'NTE, adv. readily, quickly.
PRESTAME'RO, s. m. one that has an ecclesiastical revenue in commendam.
PRE'STAMO; s. m. a loan; worth, value; an ecclesiastical revenue given to a person in commendam.
PRESTA'R, v. a. to lend; to be of use, to excel.
PRE'STE, s. m. a priest.
Préste, a sort of snake, whose bite causes any creature to swell till it bursts.
Préste Juán, Prester John, which some will have to be the emperor of Ethiopia; others, a great prince in Asia.
PRESTE'ZA, s. f. quickness, nimbleness.
PRE'STIDO, s. m. the thing lent.
PRESTI'TO, s. m. a term used in the spanish universities, when the beadle or messenger of the university notifies any order of the chancellor or other superior, which he that has the notification is to perform, *sub pœna præstiti juramenti*, under penalty of breaking his oath.
PRE'STO, adj. ready, quick.
Présto, adv. presently, quickly.
PRESUMIDAME'NTE, adv. presumptuously.
PRESUMI'DO, adj. proud, conceited.
PRESUMI'R, v. a. to presume, to suppose, to guess, to fancy; also to be proud or conceited.
PRESUNCIO'N, s. f. presumption, guess, an imagination; also pride, arrogance, conceitedness.
PRESUNTUOSAME'NTE, adv. presumptuously, haughtily, conceitedly.
PRESUNTUO'SO, adj. presumptuous, arrogant, saucy, proud.
PRESUPONE'R, v. a. to presuppose; to give a thing for granted.
PRESUPOSICIO'N, s. f. presupposition.
PRESUPUE'STO, p. p. presuppose, given for granted.
PRETA'L, s. m. a preast-plate for a horse.
PRETENCIO'N, s. f. pretence, pretension, the suing for an employment.
PRETENDE'R, v. a. to pretend a right, to sue for an employment.
PRETENDIE'NTE, s. m. he who pretends.
PRETENSO'R, s. m. a pretender, one that pretends a right, or sues for an employment.
PRETE'RITO, adj. past, preterite, gone.
PRETERMITIR, v. n. to pretermit, to pass by.
PRETERMISSIO'N, s. f. premission, passing by.
PRETE'XTA, s. f. the sort of garment anciently worn by the Roman youth from fourteen to eighteen years of age.
PRETEXTA'R, v. n. to find a pretext or excuse.
PRETE'XTO, s. m. a pretence.
PRETEXTUA'R, v. n. v. *PRETEXTA'R*.
PRETI'L, s. m. a rail to lean the breast on.
PRETI'NA, s. f. a girdle; also a waste belt.
PRETO'R, s. m. a magistrate among the Romans, like a judge.
PRETORIA'L, adj. of, or belonging to a pretor.
PRETORIO, s. m. a court of justice, where the pretor used to sit.
PRETU'RA, s. f. the dignity or office of a pretor.
PREVALE'CER, v. a to prevail.
PREVARICACIO'N, s. f. prevarication, collusion, false or double dealing.
PREVARICADO'R, s. m. a prevaricator, a false double dealer.
PREVARICAR, v. a. to prevaricate, to be worse than one's word, to betray one's trust, to quibble, not to speak fairly to the purpose.
PREVENCIO'N, s. f. prevention; also preparation, making ready.
PREVENI'R, v. a. to prevent;

also to prepare, to make ready.

PREVE'R, v. a. to foresee.

PREVERTI'R, v. a. to pervert.

PRE'VICO, s. m. obs. a sorcerer.

PREVILEGIA'R, v. a. vide *PRIVILEGIAR*.

PREVILE'GIO, s. m. vide *PRIVILEGIO*.

PREVI'STO, adj. foreseen.

PRE'VIO, adj. previous, antecedent, going before.

PREVISIÓ'N, s. f. prescience, fore-knowledge.

PREVO'STE, s. m. a provost, a provost-marshal, an officer in the army to secure and punish all offenders.

Prevóste, s. m. the head of a community of clergymen.

PRE'Z, s. m. price, value.

PRI

PRIAPI'SMO, s. m. priapism, a preternatural tension.

PRIE'GO, s. m. obs. a nail.

PRIE'SSA, s. f. haste, speed.

PRIE'TO, adj. black.

Priéto, s. m. formerly a coin so called.

PRI'MA, s. f. a she cousin; in musick, the smallest string of an instrument; in falconry, the female hawk of any kind; in the divine office the hour of prime, which follows lauds; in cant, a shirt.

Obra prima, curious work.

Zapatéro de óbra prima, a shoemaker that makes only neat shoes.

PRIMACIA, s. f. primacy, the first in rank.

PRIMA'DO, s. m. a primate, a metropolitan, a chief bishop; also the first or prime place.

PRI'MAL, s. m. a lamb that is one of the first yeaned in the year.

PRIMAME'NTE, adv. prettily.

PRIMARIAMENTE, adv. in the first place.

PRIMA'RIO, adj. first, principal, chief, primary.

PRIMAVE'RA, s. f. the spring; a sort of silk veil or fine web, that is full of flowers resembling the spring.

PRIMA'ZGO, s. m. cousinship, kindred.

PRIME'R, adj. (for *priméro*), the first, used only in the masculine, and when it is placed before the substantive; as *el primér hómbre*, the first man.

PRIME'RA, s. f. a game at cards.

Ponérse a priméra, to expose oneself to danger.

PRIMERAME'NTE, adv. in the first place.

PRIMERI'A, s. f. precedency, in the first place.

PRIMERI'ZA, s. f. a woman with child or delivered of her first child.

PRIMERI'LLA, s. f. vide *PRIME'RA*.

PRIMERI'ZO, adj. that which comes first.

PRIME'RO, adv. first, before.

Priméro, adj. the first, the foremost.

PRIME'VO, adj. original, primitive, of the first age.

PRIMICE'RIO, s. m. in the universities, the eldest in any faculty.

PRIMI'CIAS, s. f. pl. the first-fruits.

PRIMITIVO, adj. primitive, of of the first institution.

PRI'MO, s. m. a cousin; also the first, the best, the chiefest; also delicate, curious.

Primo hermáno, a cousin german.

PRIMOGE'NITO, adj. the first begotten, the eldest.

PRIMOGENITU'RA, s. f. primogeniture, the right of the first born.

PRIMO'R, s. m. excellence, delicacy, curiosity, neatness.

PRIMOROSAME'NTE, adv. excellently, delicately.

PRIMORO'SO, adj. nice, curious, delicate.

PRINCE'SA, s. f. a princess.

PRINCIPA'DO, s. m. principality, sovereignty.

PRINCIPA'L, adj. principal, chief.

PRINCIPALME'NTE, adv. principally, chiefly.

PRI'NCIPE, s. m. a prince.

PRINCIPIA'NTE, s. m. beginner.

PRINCIPIA'R, v. a. to begin.

PRINCI'PIO, s. m. a beginning.

Princípios, pl. principal rudiments; first rules of any art or science.

Prov. *Buén princípio la mitád es hécho*, a good beginning is half the work done.

PRINGA'DA, s. f. a slice of bread pressed upon fat bacon boiled soft, so that the bacon sticks to it; or a sop in the pan; or a slice of fat bacon to eat, moulding it with bread.

PRINGA'R, v. a. to baste meat that is roasting; also to eat fat bacon boiled soft, squeezing and moulding it with a piece of bread.

Pringár un esclávo, a punishment some masters have used to wicked slaves, dropping scalding fat on their bare skin, as if they were basted to be roasted.

PRI'NGUE, s. m. the dripping of fat bacon or the like.

PRI'OR, s. m. a prior: the head in some monasteries and in some collegiate churches.

PRIORA'TO, s. m. a priory or monastery governed by a prior; also the dignity of a prior.

PRIORA'ZGO, s. m. the dignity of a prior.

PRIORIDA'D, s. f. priority.

PRIO'STE, s. m. the steward of a brotherhood.

PRISCA'L, s. f. } vide *APRISCO*.
PRI'SCO, s. m. }

Prisco, a peach.

PRISIO'N, s. f. a prison; also imprisonment. In falconry, the hawk's seizing his prey.

Prisiónes, pl. irons, fetters, shackles.

PRISIONE'RO, s. m. a prisoner; properly, a prisoner of war, for other prisoners are generally called *presos*.

PRISTE, s. m. a small whale, a fish of the whale kind.

PRI'STINO, adj. former, first in antiquity.

PRIVACIO'N, s. f. privation, depriving or being void of any thing.

PRIVA'DA, f. f. privy, neceffary houfe.
PRIVADAME'NTE, adv. privily.
PRIVADE'RO, adj. that may be deprived.
PRIVADI'LLO, f. m. a little favourite.
PRIVA'DO, f. m. a favourite.
Privádo, adj. deprived.
PRIVA'NZA, f. f. favour, great intimacy.
PRIVA'R, v. a. to deprive; but generally, to be in favour, to be very intimate.
Privárfe, v. r. to deprive onefelf.
Privárfe de juicio, to turn mad.
Privárfe de razón to be drunk.
PRIVATI'VO, adj. that can be deprived.
PRIVILEGIA'R, v. a. to give liberty or privilege.
PRIVILE'GIO, f. m. privilege, liberty, immunity.

PRO

PRO, f. m. *Buén pro os hága*, much good may it do you.
Pro y cóntra, adv. pro and con, for and againft.
El pro; in cant, the breech.
PRO'A, f. f. the prow or head of a ship.
PROBABILIDA'D, f. f. probability.
PROBABILI'STA, f. m. a cafuift that follows the moft probable opinion.
PROBA'BLE, adj. probable, likely.
PROBABLEME'NTE, adv. probably.
PROBACIO'N, f. f. probation, trial.
PROBA'NZA, f. f. proof.
PROBA'R, v. a. to prove, to try, to tafte.
Mugér probáda, a woman that has been proved a whore.
PROBLE'MA, f. m. a problem, a propofition having an interrogation annexed.
PROBLEMA'TICO, adj. belonging to a problem.
PROCEDE'R, v. a. to proceed, to go on.
PROCEDIMIE'NTO, f. m. proceeding.
PROCELO'SO, adj. ftormy.
PRO'CER, *PROCE'RO*, f. m. a grandee, a great lord.
PROCERIDAD, f. f. eminence, elevation.
PROCESSA'L, adj. relating to a fuit in law.
PROCESSA'R, v. a. to judge a criminal or malefactor, to try him.
PROCESSIO'N f. f. a proceffion, the proceeding or going forward of many people in order, upon folemn occafions.
PROCESSIONALME'NTE, adv. in manner of a proceffion.
PROCESSIONA'RIO, f. m. a church book containing the ceremonies and mufick for proceffions.
PROCE'SSO, f. m. a procefs or trial at law.
PROCI'NTO, f. m. a jutting-out ftone or the like in the middle part of a wall or ftructure.
PROCLA'MA, *PROCLAMACI'ON*, f. f. a proclamation.
PROCLAMA'R, v. a. to proclaim, to publish.
PROCLI'VE, adj. tending to, inclined.
PROCO, f. m. he who follicits a woman.
PROCO'NSUL, f. m. a proconful.
PROCONSULA'DO, f. m. the proconfulship or dignity of a proconful.
PROCREACIO'N, f. f. procreation, engendering.
PROCREADO'R f. m. he that begets, procreates, or engenders.
PROCREA'R, v. a. to procreate, beget, or engender.
PROCU'RA, f. f. a letter of attorney.
PROCURACIO'N, f. f. follicitting, endeavouring, procuring; alfo procuratorship, the office of a procurator, fteward, or attorney.
PROCURADO'R, f. m. an attorney.
Procuradór fiscál, f. m. the king's attorney.
Procuradór de córtes, a reprefentative of fome town in the *córtes* or parliament.
PROCURA'R, v. a. to procure, to endeavour, to obtain, to look, to follicit.
PRODICION, f. f. treachery.
PRODIGALIDA'D, f. f. prodigality, waftefulnefs, extravagance.
PRODIGAME'NTE, adv. prodigally, waftefully, extravagantly.
PRODI'GIO, f. m. a prodigy, a wonderful thing.
PRODIGIOSAME'NTE, adv. prodigioufly, wonderfully.
PRODIGIO'SO, adj. prodigious, wonderful.
PRO'DIGO, adj. prodigal, extravagant, wafteful.
PRODUCCIO'N, f. f. production, producing, bringing forth.
PRODUCI'R, v. a. to produce, to bring forth.
PRODU'CTO, f. m. in arithmetick, the product.
PROEJA'R, v. n. to row againft the wind or ftream, to ftem the current, or bear up againft the wind.
PROE'L f. m. a cabbin-boy in a ship.
PROEMIA'L, adj. introductory.
PROE'MIO, f. m. introduction, preface.
PROE'SA, f. f. prowefs, valour.
PROFANACIO'N, f. f. profanation.
PROFANADO'R, f. m. a profaner.
PROFANAME'NTE, adv. profanely.
PROFANA'R, v. a. to profane, to pollute a holy thing.
PROFANIDA'D, f. f. profanenefs.
PROFA'NO, adj. profane, ungodly, wicked; that is not holy.
PROFAZADOR, f. m. obf. a reviler.
PROFAZAMIENTO, f. m. obf. the act of reviling.
PROFAZA'R, v. a. obf. to revile.
PROFAZO, f. m. v. *PROFAZAMIENTO.*
PROFECI'A, f. f. a prophecy.

PROFERIMIENTO, f. m. an utterance, a bringing forth.
PROFERI'R, v. a. to utter, to bring forth, to speak.
PROFESSA'R, v. a. to profess any art or science; also to profess in a religious order; that is, to take the vows of the order.
PROFESSIO'N, f. f. a profession, an acknowledgment; also a calling, and a professing in a religious order.
PROFE'SSO, f. m. one that has professed in a religious order.
PROFESSO'R, f. m. a professor.
PROFICIE'NTE, f. m. a proficient, one that advances in learning or any thing else.
PROFI'CUO, adj. profitable.
PROFUGO, that wanders like a fugitive.
PROFUNDAMEN'TE, adv. that foundly, deeply, lowly, humbly.
PROFUNDIDA'D, f. f. profundity, depth.
PROFU'NDO, adj. profound, deep.
PROFUSAME'NTE, adv. profusely.
PROFUSIO'N, f. m. profusion, waste.
PROGE'NIE, f. f. off-spring, race, generation.
PROGENITO'R, f. m. a progenitor, a forefather.
PROGENITU'RA, f. f. vide *PROGE'NIE*.
PROGRESSIO'N, f. f. progression, a proceeding or advancing.
PROGRESSI'VO, adj. progressive, going forward, advancing.
PROGRE'SSO, f. m. progress, proceeding, advancing.
PROHIBICIO'N, f. f. a prohibition, forbidding.
PROHIBI'R, v. a. to prohibit, to forbid.
PROHI'DIA, f. f. (a clownish word for *porfia*) a contentious insisting upon a point; positiveness.
PROHIDIA'R, v. n. (clownish, for *porfiar*) to contend, to be positive, to persist obstinately.
PROHIJAMIE'NTO, f. m. adoption.
PROHIJA'R, v. a. to adopt for a son.
PRO'LE, f. f. issue, off-spring, a child.
PROLI'FICO, adj. prolifick, that gets children.
PROLIXAME'NTE, adv. prolixly, tediously.
PROLIXIDA'D, f. f. prolixness, tediousness, length.
PROLI'XO, adj. prolix, tedious, long.
PRO'LOGO, f. m. prologue, preface, introduction.
PROLONGACIO'N, f. f. a prolonging, delaying, stretching out in length.
PROLONGA'R, v. a. to prolong, to delay, to stretch out at length, to protract.
PROLO'QUIO, f. m. a short and witty sentence.
PROMEDIA'R, v. a. to divide any thing into two equal parts; also to be an arbiter judge between two parties.
PRO'MEDIO, f. m. the place into which any thing is divided.
PROME'SSA, f. f. a promise.
PROMETEDO'R, f. m. one that promises.
PREMETE'R, v. a. to promise.
Prometerse, v. r. to hope, to flatter oneself.
PROMETIMIE'NTO, f. m. a promise.
PROMISCUAME'NTE, adv. with confused mixture, promiscuously, indiscriminately.
PROMI'SCUO, adj. promiscuous, mingled, confused.
PROMISSIO'N, f. f. promise; but seldom used, unless in speaking of the land of promise, called *tiérra de promissión*.
PROMISSO'RIO, adj. promissory.
PROMOCIO'N, f. f. promotion, preferment.
PROMO'NTORIO, f. m. a cape or promontory, a point of land running out into the sea.
PROMOTO'R, *PROMOVEDO'R*, f. m. a promoter; little used but in the *córtes*, where *promovedóres* are particular persons appointed to make promotions to the house.
PROMOVE'R, v. a. to promote, to prefer.
PROMULGACIO'N, f. f. a publication.
PROMULGADO'R, f. m. a crier, a publisher, a proclaimer.
PROMULGA'R, v. a. to promulge, to publish, to proclaim, to make publick.
PRONO, adj. prone, inclined.
PRONO'MBRE, f. m. a pronoun.
PRONOSTICACIO'N, f. f. prognostication, prediction.
PRONOSTICADO'R, f. m. a fortune-teller.
PRONOSTICA'R, v. a. to prognosticate, to foretel.
PRONO'STICO, f. m. a sign or token of a thing that is to come; a foretelling, or prognosticating; so they call the almanack, *almanáque y pronóstico nuévo*, because it pretends to foretel the weather.
PRONTAME'NTE, adv. promptly, readily.
PRONTEZA, *PRONTITU'D*, f. f. promptness, readiness.
PRO'NTO, adj. prompt, ready.
PRONTUA'RIO, f. m. a book so contrived and digested, that a man may readily find what he seeks in it.
PRO'NUBA, f. f. the woman that presides at a wedding.
PRONUNCIACIO'N, f. f. pronunciation, utterance.
PRONU'NCIA'R, v. a. to pronounce.
PROPAGACIO'N, f. f. propagation, increase.
PROPAGADOR, f. m. who propagates.
PROPAGA'R, v. a. to propagate.
PROPAGATI'VO, adj. that which propagates.
PROPALA'R, v. a. to publish.
PROPASSA'R, v. n. to pass farther than one ought.
PROPENSAME'NTE, adv. with tendency or propension.
PROPENSIO'N, propension, inclination.
PROPE'NSO, adj. inclined.
PROPHECI'A, f. f. prophecy.
PROPHETA, f. m. prophet.
PROPHETA'L, adj. applied to the books written by the prophets.
PROPHETA'R, v. a. obf. vide *PROPHETIZAR*.
PROPHETICAMENTE, adver. prophetically.
PROPHE'TICO, adj. prophetick.

PROPHETI'SSA, f. f. a prophetess.
PROPHETIZA'R, v. a. to prophecy, to foretel.
PROPICIACIO'N, f. f. propitiation.
PROPICIATO'RIO, f. m. that has the virtue of propitiation.
PROPI'CIO, adj. propitious, favourable.
PROPINA, f. f. a fee or due, which doctors, who take their degree, pay those who have taken it before them. It was formerly a collation or treat; but now they give it in money. Alfo wages or pay.
PROPI'NQUO, adj. near of kin, a kinfman.
PROPONEDOR, f. m. who propofes.
PROPONE'R, v. a to propofe.
PROPORCIO'N, f. f. proportion.
PROPORCIONA'BLE, *PROPORCIONA'L*, adj. proportionable.
PROPORCIONALME'NTE, adv. proportionably.
PROPORCIONA'R, v. a. to proportion.
PROPOSICIO'N, f. f. a propofition; alfo the fpeech the king makes at the opening of the *córtes* or parliament; fo called, becaufe in it he propofes the caufe that moved him to call them.
PROPO'SITO, f. m. purpofe, defign, intention, refolution.
Penér propófito de hacer una cofa, to defign, to do a thing.
Pacér propófito, to make a purpofe or refolution.
Ser fuera de propófito, to be nothing to the purpofe.
Pacér una cofa de propófito, to do a thing purpofely.
Penir à propófito, to be put to the purpofe.
Juégo de propófito, the fport of crofs purpofes.
PROPRIAME'NTE, adv. properly.
PROPRIEDA'D, f. f. property.
PROPRIETA'RIO, f. m. a proprietor.
PRO'PRIO, f. m. proper, peculiar, a man's own.
PROPUESTO, p. p. propofed; alfo purpofed, refolved
PRO'RA, f. f. v. *PRO'A*.
PRORATA, f. f. proportion.
PRO'ROGA, *PROROGACIO'N*, f. f. a prorogation or putting off; the proroguing of the *córtes* or parliament; adjournment.
PROROGA'R, v. a. to prorogue, to put off.
PRORUMPI'R, v. n. to out with violence, to burft out.
PRO'SA, f. f. profe, what is nor verfe.
PROSADO'R, f. m. one that writes in profe.
PROSA'ICO, adj. profaick.
PROSA'PIA, f. f. race, generation.
PROSCRIBI'R, v. a. to profcribe, to outlaw.
PROSCRIPCIO'N, f. f. profcription, outlawing.
PROSCRI'PTO, p. p. profcribed, outlawed.
PROSECUCI'ON, f. f. profecution.
PROSEGUIMIE'NTO, f. m. profecuting, following.
PROSEGUI'R, v. a. to profecute, to follow.
PROSELITO, f. m. a profelyte, a convert.
PROSI'STA, f. m. a writer in profe. A man that fpeaks too much.
PROSO'DIA, f. f. the art of true accenting of words and giving them their found with their proper lengts.
PROSOPOPE'IA, f. f. the feigning of any creature or thing to fpeak, reprefenting of perfons. A figure in retorick.
PROSPERAME'NTE, adv. profperoufly.
PROSPERA'R, v. a. to profper, to give good fuccefs.
PROSPERIDA'D, f. f. profperity.
PROSPERO, adj. profperous, fuccefsful.
Viénto próspéro, a fair wind.
PROSTITUCIO'N, f. f. proftitution, expofing to common ufe.
PROSTITUI'R, v. a. to proftitute, to expofe to common ufe.
PROTECCIO'N, f. f. protection.
PROTECTO'R, f. m. a protector.
PROTECTO'RA, *PROTECTRI'Z*, f. f. protectrefs.
PROTEGE'R, v. a. to protect.
PROTERVAMENTE, adv. haughtily, obftinately, perverfely.
PROTE'RVIA, f. f. untowardnefs, pervernefs pride, obftinacy.
PROTE'RVO, adj. perverfe, untoward, proud, obftinate, fullen.
PROTE'STA, f. f. proteft, a folemn declaration of opinion againft one thing.
PROTE'STACIO'N, f. f. a proteftation.
PROTESTA'NTE, f. m. a proteftant.
PROTESTA'R, v. a. to proteft, to affirm, to proteft a bill of exchange upon non-payement.
PROTESTO, f. m. a proteftation; alfo a proteft of a bill of exchange or the like.
PROTO, f. m. the firft in his line.
PROTOCO'LO, f. m. a regifter kept by a notary, or fuch officer of fales contracts, &c.
PROTOME'DICO, f. m. the firft phyfician.
PROTONOTA'RIO, f. m. a chief notary.
PROTOTY'PO, f. m. a prototype or model.
PROVE'CHO, f. f. profit, advantage, gain.
Puén provécho os hága, much good it may do you.
PROVECHOSAME'NTE, adv. profitably advantageoufly.
PROVECHO'SO, adj. profitable, advantageous.
PROVECHU'ELO, f. m. a little profit or advantage.
PROVEEDO'R, f. m. a commiffary of provifions in an army, a purveyor.
PROVEE'R, v. a. to provide, provide, to take heed, to forfee.
Proveérfe, v. r. to eafe one's body; to do that another cannot do for one.
PROVEI'DO, adj. that has got a place or preferment.
PREVEIMIE'NTO, f. m. providing, ftoring, forefeeing.

PROVE'NA, f. f. a young branch of a vine.
PROVENIR, v. a. to come to, to arrive at.
PROVERBIADO'R, f. m. one that speaks proverbs.
PROVERBIA'L, adj. proverbial, belonging to a proverb.
PROVERBIALME'NTE, adv. proverbially.
PROVE'RBIO, f. m. a proverb.
PROVIDAME'NTE, adv. providently.
PROVIDE'NCIA, f. f. providence, foresight.
PROVIDE'NTE, adj. provident
PRO'VIDO, adj. provident.
PROVI'NCIA, f. f. a province.
PROVINCIA'L, adj. provincial, of, or belonging to a province; that is, superior over a whole province, as among religious orders.
PROVISIO'N, f. f. provision. It is also a result or determination of the king and council, an order, a grant of a place or preferment to any person.
PROVISO'R, f. m. a provisor, one that provides for a community; also a bishop's vicar-general.
PROVISO'RIO, adj. belonging to the provisor or provisorship.
PROVISTO, p. p. of *provéer*.
PROVOCACION, f. f. provocation.
PROVOCADO'R, f. m. a provoker.
PROVOCA'R, v. a. to provoke.
PROVOCATI'VO, adj. provocative, exciting.
PROXIMAME'NTE, adv. nearly; also lately.
PROXIMIDA'D, f. f. proximity, nearness kindred.
PRO'XIMO, f. m. a neighbour in the Christian sense.
PROYECTA'R, v. a. to scheme, to form in the mind; to contrive.
PROYECTO, adj. extended, dilated.
Proyécto, f. m. a scheme, a project, a contrivance.

PRU

PRUDE'NCIA, f. f. prudence.
PRUDENCIA'L, adj. prudential.
PRUDENCIALME'NTE, adv. prudentially.
PRUDE'NTE, adj. prudent, discreet.
PRUDENTEME'NTE, adv. prudently, discreetly.
PRUE'BA, f. f. a proof, a trial, a taste.
PRUI'NA, f. f. the hoary-frost.
PRUNA, f. f. a prune, a plum.

PSA

PSALMEA'R, v. a. vide *PSALMODIAR*.
PSALMISTA, f. m. a writer of psalms, a psalmist.
Decir á uno el psalmo, to give one a lecture.
PSALMO'DIA, f. f. singing of psalms.
PSALMODIA'R, v. n. to sing psalms.
PSALTE'RIO, f. m. the psalter or book of psalms: also a musical instrument called a psaltery.
PSEUDO, adj. false.

PTI

PTINGE, f. m. the name of a kind of nocturnal hawk.
PTISA'NA, f. f. ptisan, a medical drink made of barley decocted with raisins and liquorice.
PTI'SICA, f. f. hectick, consumption, an hectick fever.
PTISI'CO, adj. hectick, hectical, in consumption.
PTI'SIS, f. f. v. *PTI'SICA*.

PUA

PU, f. f. the excrements of a child, *Pu*! used when it stinks.
PU'A, f. f. a point, a prick, the tooth of a comb, or any sharp point sticking out; also a stock to graft on; in fortifications *púas*, are what we call fraises; that is, palisadoes or stakes.
Puás de puérco espín, the quills or long pricks that grow on the back of a porcupine.

PUB

PUBERTA'D, f. f. puberty, the age of fourteen in youth, and of twelve in girls.
PUBLICACIO'N, f. f. publication, publishing.
PUBLICADO'R, f. m. a publisher.
PUBLICAME'NTE, adver. publickly.
PUBLICA'NO, f. m. a publican, often mentioned in the gospel; they were only farmers of the revenues paid to the Romans.
PUPLICA'R, v. a. to publish, to divulge, to make publick.
PUBLICIDA'D, f. f. publickness.
PUBLICO, adj. publick, known to all.
Escribáno público, a puplic notary.
Cása pública, a bawdy-house.

PUC

PUCELA'NA, f. f. a sort of very glutinous clay almost in the nature of a bitumen.
PUCHAS, f. f. pl. } a sort of pap,
PUCHES, f. m. pl. } made with grated bread, oil, water, and other ingredients.
PUCHERIA'S, f. f. trifles, things of no value; used also as *pucherícos*.
PUCHERI'CO, } f. m. a little
PUCHERI'LLO, } pipkin
PUCHERITO, }
Hacér pucherícos, to whimper, to begin to cry to make such faces as children do when they cry.
PUCHERO, f. m. a pipkin.
Puchéro, the mess or spoon-meat generally eaten first at dinner.
Tiene usted puchero? have you any dinner to give us? A question asked by travellers at the inns.
Hacér púcheros or *pucherícos*, to bubble, to cry as children do.
Comér su puchéro, to be satisfied with little.
PUCHES, f. m. pl. v. *PUCHAS*.

PUD

PUDICI'CIA, f. f. modesty, chastity.

PUDO'R, f. m. modefty, shamefacednefs.

PUDRICIO'N, f. f. } corruption, rottennefs.
PUDRIMIENTO, f. m. }

PUDRI'R, v. a. to rot.

Pudrirfe, v. r. to putrify, to become corrupted.

P U E

PUE'BLA, f. f. a town or village

PUEBLEZUE'LO, f. m. a little town; alfo the mean fort of people; the mob.

PUE'BLO, f. m. the populace, the people; alfo a town.

PUE'NTE, f. f. a bridge.

Puénte de crifnéjas y pája, a bridge of hurdles, and ftraw over them, bound with ropes crofs a river, ufed in the Weft-Indies.

Puénte levadíza, a draw-bridge.

Puénte de rabél, the bridge of a fiddle.

Ojo de puénte, the arch of a bridge; ironically, the podex.

PUENTECI'CA, } f. f. diminutives of *puente*.
PUENTECI'LLA,
PUENTECI'TA,
PUENTEZUE'LA, }

PUE'RCA, f. f. a fow. Alfo a hogloufe; alfo the nut of a fcrew.

Puérca de húsillo, the fpindle of a diftaff.

Puércas, f. f. pl. kernels growing in the throat or other parts of the body; alfo ridges in plowed land or gardens.

PUERCAME'NTE, adv. naftily, dirtily.

PU'ERCO, adj. nafty, dirty, filthy.

Puérco, f. m. hog, boar; alfo pork, or fwines flesh. Metaph. a nafty, dirty perfon.

Puérco cevádo, a fatted hog.

Puérco efpín, a porcupine.

Puérco montés, a wild boar.

PUERI'CIA, f. f. boyish years, betwixt children and youth.

PUERI'L, adj. boyish, childish.

PUERILIDA'D, f. f. boyishnefs.

PUERILME'NTE, adv. boyishly.

PUERQUECI'CO, } f. m. a little fow or hog;
PUERQUECI'LLO, }

PUERQUECI'TO, } alfo a little nut of a
PUERQUEZUE'LO, } fcrew; alfo a little nafty, or dirty perfon.

PUE'RRO, f. m. a leek.

PUE'RTA, f. f. a door, a gate, a port-hole.

Puérta principál, fore door, great gate.

Puérta traféra, puérta falfa, back door.

Eftár a la puérta, to be at the door; that is, to be ready at hand.

Abrír puérta, to facilitate, to make way.

A eftótra puérta, tell that ftory to another. A way of turning one away, as they do a beggar, bidding him go to the next door.

Echárlo a puértas, to fpoil, to deftroy it.

Andár de puérta en puérta, to beg from door to door.

Prov. *A puérta cerráda el diáblo fe buélve*, when the devil finds the door shut, he goes his way; that is, the devil does not prevail when a man fets his refolution againft him; when a houfe is well fecured, thieves are difappointed.

Prov. *Dónde úna puérta fe ciérra ótra fe abre*, where one door is shut, another is opened; that is, when one fails, another hits.

Ponér puértas ál cámpo, to put gates to the fields.

PUERTECI'CA, } f. f. a little door.
PUERTECI'LLA,
PUERTECI'TA,
PUERTEZUE'LA, }

PUE'RTO, f. m. a port, a harbour, a haven.

Puérto séco, a pafs on mountains; a frontier town, were goods pay a duty.

Puérto de arrebáta cápas, any place that is much expofed to winds, which are always fluttering about a man's cloak.

PUE'S, adv. then fince.

PUE'SQUE, adv. fince that.

PUESTA, f. f. a flice, a cut, a piece, a portion, an allowance.

PUE'STO, adj. put, placed, fet, ftanding.

Defpues del fol puéfto, after fun-fet.

Puéfto, f. m. a place, a poft, an employment; alfo a ftand in a market, or other place, where goods are fold, not in a shop.

Puefto que, adv. notwithftanding, although.

P U G

PUGA, f. f. obf. v. *PÚA*.

PU'GIL, f. m. a boxer.

PUGNA, f. f. a battle, oppofition.

PUGNA'R, v. n. to ftrive, to contend, to fight.

Pugnáz, adj. warlike.

P U J

PU'JA, f. f. bidding above another in a fale.

Sácar de la púja, to be worfe than another.

PUJAMIE'NTO, f. m. bidding in a fale or auction; alfo thrufting or pushing.

Pujamiénto de sángre, an overflowing of blood

PUJA'NTE, adj. ftrong, powerful, prevalent.

PUJA'NZA, f. f. puiffance, power, might.

PUJA'R, v. n. to bid one above another, as they do in an auction; alfo to push, to thruft.

PUJAVA'NTE, f. m. a farrier's buttrefs to pare horfes hoofs.

PU'JO, f. m. a diftemper in the fundament fometimes caufed by the flux; alfo a defire to go to ftool, but in vain.

P U L

PULCRITU'D, f. f. beauty, grace, handfomenefs.

PU'LCRO, adj. beau, fparkish, womanish.

PU'LGA, f. f a flea.

Mála púlga, a troublefome fellow that difturbs every body.

Prov. *Echárle la púlga detrás de la oréja*, to fend one away with a flea in his ear.

PULGA'DA, f. f. an inch, the breadth of a thumb.

PULGA'R, f. m. the thumb; alfo the great toe.

Meneár los pulgáres, to play at cards; to deal them out.

Hiládo por éstos pulgáres, the women that spin, and value themselves upon that housewifry, say this when they shew their work; that is, it was spun with these thumbs.

PULGARA'DA, s. f. a motion of the thumb; also a thumb's breadth, an inch.

PULGO'N, s. m. a worm that eats the vines.

PULGUE'RA, s. f. a place where there are many fleas; also an herb so called.

PULGUI'LLA, s. f. diminut. of *pulga*.

PULICI'A, s. f. neatness, civility, courtesy, good behaviour.

PULIDAME'NTE, adv. neatly, politely.

PULIDE'RO, s. m. a cloth women hold in their hands when they wind thread to make it smooth.

PULIDE'Z, *PULIDE'ZA*, s. f. politeness.

PULIDILLO, s. m. a little nice fellow.

PULI'DO, adj. neat, spruce, tight.

PULIDO'R, s. m. he who polishes; also any instrument to polish with.

PULIME'NTO, s. m. polishing, sprucing, making neat.

Dar pulimento, among statuaries, to finish, to give the last strokes to a figure.

PULI'R, v. a. to polish, to make fine or curious.

PU'LLA, s. f. joke, jest, banter.

PULMO'N s. m. the lungs.

Pulmón marino, bright froth in the sea that shines.

PULMONARIA, s. f. the herb lungwort or pulmonary.

PULMONI'A, s. f. an inflamation in the lungs.

PU'LPA, s. f. pulp, the flesh of any fruit or the like; also any soft mass.

Carn. de púlpa, flesh without bones.

PULPE'JO, s. m. the brawny flesh of arms, legs, and fingers.

PULPERI'A, s. f. in the West-Indies, the shops where they sell wine, brandy, and other spirits, and many other wares.

PULPE'RO, s. m. a retailer, one that keeps one of the shops called *pulperia*.

PU'LPITO, s. m. a pulpit.

PU'LPO, s. m. a fish called many-feet, or pourcontrel, which has no bones.

PULPO'SO, adj. pulpous, having flesh, without bones.

PUL'QUE, s. m. the juice of a tree called *maguey*, New-Spain, mixed with other ingredients

PULQUERI'A, s. f. the place where they sell the liquor called *púlque*.

PULSACIO'N, s. f. the feeling of te pulse.

PULSADA, s. f. the beating of the pulse.

PULSA'R, v. a. to touch; also to feel one's pulse; also to pulse to beat as the pulse.

PU'LSO, s. m. the pulse.

Tomár el pulso á un negócio, to sound a business

Quédar sin pulsos, to be so surprised, or astonished, that the blood stagnates and the pulse ceases to beat.

PULULA'R, v. n. to bud out.

P U N.

PUNDONO'R, s. m. point of honour, a nicety in honour.

PUNDONORO'SO, adj. nice in points of honour.

PUNGIMIE'NTO, s. m. a pricking.

PUNGI'R, v. a. to punch, to prick. Metaph. to vex, to nettle.

PUNICIO'N, s. f. punishment.

PUNI'R, v. a. to punish.

PU'NTA, s. f. the point of any sharp thing; a prick.

Púnta de agrio, a touch of sharpness or sowerness.

Tenér punta el vino, is for wine to be pricked.

Jugár á punta y cabéza, children's play at heads and points.

Doblár la punta, to double a point of land at sea; that is, to get about it.

Hacér punta, to oppose, to contradict.

Herir de punta, to thrust or wound with the point of a weapon.

Hacér punta el halcón, to fly off from his game; said of the hawk

Ofrecér algo por la punta de la espáda, to offer a thing by the point of a sword.

Armádo de púnta en blánco, armed cap-a-pee.

Tenér úno sus púntas y collár, to have point and collar; that is, to be haughty.

Prov. *Chica es la punta de la espina, mas á quien duele no la olvida*, the point of a fish-bone is small, but he who is hurt by it does not forget it; that is, a small hurt or wrong in the eyes of another is not forgot by him that feels it.

Púntas, pl. lace; so called because they were formerly pointed.

Púntas de tramóya. a particular sort of lace used formerly.

PUNTACIO'N, s. f. pointing in writing

PUNTA'DA, s. f. a stitch.

Dar una puntáda en un negócio, to put a word in, to move a point in a business.

PUNTA'L, s. m. a prop, a shore for a house or the like; among sailors the depth of a ship from the deck to the bottom of the hold.

PUNTAPIE, s. m. a kick, a spurn.

PUNTA'R, v. a. to point, to sharpen.

PUNTEA'R, v. a. to play upon any stringed instrument by pricking the springs; also to prick, to point, and to stitch.

PUNTE'RA, s. f. the herb houseleek.

PUNTERI'A, s. f. upon the level, shooting point blank at a mark; also a chisel to pare stones with.

PUNTE'RO, s. m. a fescue children use when they learn to read.

PUNTIAGUDO, adj. sharp-pointed.

Puntillas, s. f. pl. dim. of *puntas*. also the tips of the toes.

Andár de puntillas, to walk on tiptoe.

Afirmár úna cósa a piés puntillas, to affirm a thing positively, as if a man stood on tip-toe for eagerness.

PUNTILLA'ZO, s. m. a kick, a spurn.

PUNTI'LLO, f. m. a little point.
PUNTILLO'N, f. m. vide *PUNTILL'AZO*.
PU'NTO, f. m. a point, a moment, a stitch, the size of a shoe, the ace at cards or dice. Also a note in musick.
Pon un punto entre essas palábras, make a point, or a punctum between those words.
Vendré en un punto, I will come in a moment.
Zapáto de tantos puntos, a shoe of such a size.
Punto y rey, the ace and king at cards.
Punto de escopéta, the sight to take aim by in a gun.
Hómbre de punto, a man of honour.
Punto en bóca, silence.
Dar punto, to give over; also to give a hint.
Al punto, adv. immediately.
Estar en su punto, to be just as ought to be.
Ir al punto del negócio, to come to the point.
Llegár à punto, to come in the nick of time.
Sin discrepár un punto, without varying or differing a jot.
Puuto por létra, a term among musicians in short compositions, when there is but one note allowed to every syllable.
En buen punto or en mál punto, in a lucky or an unlucky minute.
A punto crudo; a day after the fair.
Curár de punto, to cure a wound, stitching it up.
Púntos, the plural of *púnto*.
Púntos de teología, points in divinity.
Dar termino por puntos, to give very short respites.
Gánar por puntos, to reckon more pips at cards.
Ponér los puntos en la vista, to take aim with a gun, bringing the sights of the piece to the eye.
PUNTO'SO, adj. having many points; also punctilious.
PUNTUACIO'N, f. f. pointing in writing.
PUNTUA'L, adj. punctual.
PUNTUALIDA'D, f. f. exactness.
PUNTUALME'NTE, adv. punctually.
PUNTUA'R, v. a. to point in writing.
PUNTU'RA, f. f. pointing, pricking.
PUNZA'DA, f. f. a punch, a thrust, a prick; also grief trouble.
PUNZADU'RA, f. f. idem.
PUNZA'R, v. a. to punch, to thrust, to prick; also to trouble.
PUNZO'N, f. m. a bodkin.
PUNZONCI'CO, f. m. a little bodkin.

PUñ

PUñA'DA, f. f. a blow with a fist; also a handful.

Prov. *A puñadas éntran las buenas badas*, good fuck comes in by cuffing; that is a man must struggle and take pains to be fortunate.

Prov. *Dar una puñada en el cielo*, to strike at heaven; to aim at impossibilities; to be very wicked and fly in the face of heaven; to contend with or offend those, that are so much above us that we cannot reach them.

PUñA'DO, f. m. a handful, a gripe, as much as a man can grasp in his fist.
PUñA'L, f. m. a dagger, a poniard.
PUñALA'DA, f. f. a stab with a dagger.
PUñA'R, v. a. vide *PUGNA'R*.
PUñE'TE, f. m. a blow with the fist.
Punétes, f. m. pl. ruffles, such as we wear at the wrists.
PU'ñO, f. m. a fist; the handle of a sword, dagger, or other such thing; sometimes a handful; among sailors, the clue, which is the lower corner of the sail that reaches down to the place where the tacks and sheets are made fast to the sail.
Púños, f. m. ruffles or cuffs. for the wrists; and, in sea-terms, the clues for the sails.

PUP

PU'PA, f. f. the pustule of a pimple.
PUPILA'GE, f. m. a house where they keep young scholars at bed and board, a boarding-school.
PUPILE'RO, f. m. he that keeps a boarding-school, or a house for young scholars to board in.
PUPI'LO, f. m. a pupil, a fatherless child, or one that is under the tuition of another; or that is at a boarding-school, or under a tutor.
PUPO'SO, adj. pimpled, scabby.

PUR

PURAME'NTE, adv. purely, sincerely.
PURE'ZA, f. f. purity.
PU'RGA, f. f. a purge.
PURGACIO'N, f. f. purging, cleansing, clearing women's courses.
PURGA'R, v. a. to purge, to cleanse, to clear.
PURGATI'VO, adj. purging.
PURGATO'RIO, f. m. purgatory, a place of cleansing.
PURIDA'D, f. f. purity. It was also used for secrecy.

Prov. *A quién alces tu puridád, a essé das tu libertád*, to him you tell your secret, to him you resign your liberty; that is, when you have trusted a man with a secret, he keeps you in awe.

Prov. *Puridád de dos, puridád de Dios; puridád de tres de tódos es*; a secret between two is God's secret, a secret between three is every body's; that is, two may keep a secret, but when three have it, every body has it.

Prov. *Quién guárda puridád, escúsa mucho mal*, he that keeps a secret, prevents much mischief. The revealing of secrets often does much harm.

PURIFICACIO'N, f. f. purification, cleansing.
La Purificación de nuestra Señóra, the feast of the Purification of our Lady; Candlemas-day.

PURIFICADO'R, f. m. one that cleanfes or purifies; alfo a little cloth with which the prieft wipes the chalice after receiving the facrament.

PURIFICA'R, v. a. to purify, to cleanfe.

PU'RO, adj. pure, clean, without mixture, untainted, unfpotted, undefiled.

PU'RPURA, f. f. purple.

PURPURA'R, v. a. to dye any thing of a purple colour, to colour with purple; alfo to drefs with purple.

PURPUREA'R, v. n. to be of a purple colour.

PURPU'REO, adj. of a purple colour.

PURRE'LA, f. f. a low kind of wine.

PURULE'NTO, adj. full of pus.

P U S

PU'S, f. m. pus, the matter of a well digefted fore.

PUSILA'NIME, adj. pufillanimous, fainthearted.

PUSILANIMIDA'D f. f. pufillanimity, faint-heartednefs.

PUSTULA, f. f. a puftule.

P U T

PUTA, f. f. a whore, a harlot.

Púta barbacanéra, a whore that plies among foldiers about the walls of a town, a camp whore.

Púta carcavéra, f. f. a whore; one that haunts church-yards.

Púta matréra, f. f. a cunning whore.

Prov. *Ayer putas oy comádres*, yefterday whores, and to day goffips; faid of mean fcolding women, who revile one another one hour, and are friends the next.

Prov. *Pútas, y dados, y comínos de odre, mátan al hómbre*, whores, dice, and wine, kill and deftroy a man.

Prov. *A la puta y al júglar, á la vejéz le viéne mal*, a whore and a buffoon fare ill in their old age.

Prov. *A la puta y a la trucha, do no catáres la búsca*, look for a whore and a trout where you leaft expect to find them. You may light of them in very unlikely places.

Prov. *Guárdate de puta, que dexa la bolfa enxúta*, take heed of a whore who leaves thy purfe empty.

Prov. *La puta y la cornéja, mas fe láva mas négra*, a whore and a daw, the more they wash, the blaker they look.

Prov. *Pútas y alcahuétas, tódas fon tretas*, whores and bawds are all made up of tricks.

PUTAI'SMO, f. m. v. *PUTANI'SMO.*

PUTAñEA'R, v. n. to follow whores.

PUTAñE'RO, f. m. a whore-mafter.

PUTANI'SMO, f. m. the tribe or race of whores.

PUTATI'VO, adj. reputed, fuppofed to be.

PUTEA'L, f. m. a pitcher.

PUTEA'R, v. n. to play the whore; to follow whores.

PUTERI'A, f. f. a bawdy-houfe; alfo whoredom.

Prov. *Puteria, ni húrto, núnca fe encúbre múcho*, whoredom and theft are never long concealed.

PUTESCAME'NTE, adv. whorishly.

PUTE'SCO, adj. whorish.

PUTICO, } f. m. a bardash.
PUTO, }

PUTREFACIO'N, f. f. putrefaction, corruption, rottennefs.

PU'TRIDO, adj. rotten, corrupted by putrefaction.

PUZO'L, f. m. a kind of fand fo called.

P Y G

PYGA'RGO, f. m. a kind of wild goat; alfo a kind of eagle or hawk.

P Y R

PY'RA, f. f. a pile to burn dead bodies.

PYRAMIDA'L, adj. pyramidal, having the form of a pyramid.

PYRAMIDALME'NTE, adv. pyramidically, in form of a pyramid.

PYRA'MIDE, f. f. pyramid, in geometry, is a folid figure, whofe bafe is a polygon, and whofe fides are plain triangles, their feveral points meeting in one.

Pyramides, pl. in cant, the legs.

PYROMANCI'A, f. f. pyromancy, divination by fire.

PYROMA'NTICO, f. m. one fuppofed to divine by fire.

PYRO'PO, f. m. a carbuncle, a jewel fo called.

PYXI'DE, ó *PIXYDE*, f. f. a little box; alfo the pit or box in which the Roman priefts keep the holy hoft.

Q.

Q, there is always an *u* after this letter.

QUA

QUADE'RNA, f. f. the garnet; a tackle, wherewith they hoife casks and goods into ships.
QUADERNA'RIO, adj. made of four parts.
QUADERNI'LLO, f. m. a fmall pocket book: alfo five sheets of paper.
QUADE'RNO, f. m. a sheet of paper folded in four. Among printers, as much as goes under one letter in a fignature.
Quadérno, a little book, made of fome sheets of paper; alfo a fuit of cards to play with.
QUADRA, f. f. a room, or chamber in a houfe; alfo the fquare plot the houfe ftands on; that part of the ship called the quarter; in architecture, that fquare that contains an infcription; in horfemanship, the cheft of a horfe.
Cabállo áncho de quádra, a full-chefted horfe.
QUADRA'DA, f. f. in cant, a purfe.
QUADRA'DO, f. m. the guffet in a shirt, the fquare piece under the arm; and the clock in a ftocking.
QUADRAGENARI'O, adj. forty years old.
QUADRAGESI'MA, f. f. lent.
QUADRAGESIMA'L, adj. belonging to lent.
QUADRAGE'SIMO, adj. the fortieth.
QUADRANGULA'R, adj. quadrangular, fquare.
QUADRA'NGULO, f. m. quadrangle, a fquare.
QUADRA'NTE, f. m. a quadrant, a mathematical inftrument fo called.
QUADRA'R, v. a. to fquare; metaph. to fuit with one's humour or inclination; alfo to agree, to pleafe.
QUADRATU'RA, f. f. a fquaring or fitting.
QUADRE'TE, f. m. a little fquare banner.
QUADRIENNA'L, adj. of four years.
QUADRIENNIO, f. m. the fpace of four years.
QUADRI'GA, f. f. a coach or cart with four horfes.
QUADRI'L, f. m. the hip.
QUADRILA'TERO, adj. quadrilateral, having four fides.
QUADRI'LLA, f. f. a troop or company of men; a gang.
QUADRILLE'RO, f. m. an officer or trooper of what they call the holy brotherhood, an inftitution for the apprehending and punishing of robbers on the high-way.
QUADRI'LLO, f. m. a little fquare court, or fquare bed in a garden.
QUADRIME'STRE, adj. the fpace of four months.
QUADRI'N, f. m. a fmall coin like a farthing.
QUADRI'PLE, adj. quadruple, made with four.
QUADRISYLA'BO, adj. quadrifyllable.
QUADRI'VIO, f. m. a place having four ways meeting in a point.
QUADRIVI'STA, f. m. one who ufes four meafures in an affair.
QUA'DRO, f. m. a fquare; alfo a picture.
Quádro, a fquare bed in a garden.
Quádro, any frame, alfo a dagger, in cant.
Quádros, pl. in cant, dice.
QUADRU'PEDE, f. m. a fourfooted beaft.
QUADRU'PLA, f. f. quadruple, proportion in mufic.
QUADRUPLA'R, v. a. to quadruple.
QUADRUPLICACIO'N, f. f. a quadruplication.
QUADRUPLICA'R, v. a. to quadruplicate, to double twice.
QUADRU'PLO, adj. fourfold.
QUAJA'DA, f. f. milk hardened with rennet.
QUAJADI'LLA, f. f. diminutive of *quajáda*.
QUAJALE'CHE, f. f. the herb cheefewort; fo called, becaufe it turns milk.
QUAJAMIE'NTO, f. m. curding, congealing.
QUAJA'R, v. a. to curd, to congeal, to thicken.
Quajár, f. m. the paunch, or entrails of any creature.
QUAJARE'JO, f. m. a little paunch or entrails.
QUA'JO, f. m. rennet to make cheefe.
QUA'L, pron. which.
Qual y qual, here and there one, a very few.
QUALESQUI'ER ò QUALESQUI'ERA, pron. whichfoever.
QUALIDA'D, f. f. vide *CALIDA'D*.
QUALQUI'ER, *QUALQUI'ERA*, } pron. any.
QUAMA'ÑO? how big?
QUA'NDO, adv. when.
Cáda y quándo, whenfoever, at any time.
Quándo quiéra, whenfoever, at any time.
QUANTIDA'D, f. f. quantity, abundance.
QUANTIO'SO, adj. in great quantity, abundance; alfo rich.
Caballéro quantióso, a gentleman obliged to keep horfe and arms; a wealthy gentleman; one of a confiderable eftate.
QUA'NTO? adj. how much?
Quantos? how many?
Quanto mas? how much more?
Quanto media legua, about half a league.
Quanto quiéra, as much foever.
QUARA'NGO, f. m. the tree that produces the Jefuit's bark.
QUARE'NTA, adj. forty.
QUARENTE'NA, f. f. a quarentain; the forty days of Lent; alfo the forty days perfons, coming from places fuppofed to be infected with the plague, are obliged to ftay in the peft houfe.
QUARENTE'SMO, adj. belonging to forty.
QUARE'SMA, f. f. Lent.
QUARESMA'L, adj. of or belonging to the time of Lent.
QUA'RTA, f. f. a quarter of a yard, a quarter of an ounce.

QUARTA'GO, f. m. a nag, a fmall horfe.
QUARTA'L, f. m. a quarter, a fourth part of any meafure.
QUARTA'NA, f. f. the quartan ague.
Prov. *Por quartána, núnca se taño campána*, a bell was never rung for a quartan ague; that is, people do not die of it.
QUARTANA'RIO, f. m. one that has a quartan ague.
QUARTAR, v. a. to turn the land with a plough for the fourth time.
QUARTEA'R, v. a. to quarter, to divide into quarters.
QUARTE'L, f. m. quarters for foldiers; a fourth part of a galley: alfo a grafs plot or fquare bed in a garden; alfo the word quarter, ufed among foldiers when they ask their life on en emy.
QUARTELA'DO, adj. in blafonry, divided into four parts, as a coat of arms.
QUARTERO'N, f. m. a quartern, a quarter of any thing, of any weight or meafure.
Quarterón, f. m. the fon of a black man and a Spanifh woman.
QUARTE'TES, f. m. a fort of poetry, each ftanza confifting of four verfes.
QUARTI'LLA, f. f. a little quartern; alfo the patterns of a horfe or other beaft.
QUARTI'LLO, f. m. the fourth part of the liquid meafure, called an *azúmbre*; a fourth part of any other thing; a fmall copper coin fo called.
QUA'RTO, f. m. a fmall brafs coin; a quarter of mutton, or other meat; alfo an apartment in a houfe.
Quárto del álva, the third watch; that is, break of day-watch.
Quárto de modórra, the drowfy watch, being that next the morning when people are found afleep.
QUARTO'N, f. m. a quarter, or the fourth part of a large piece of timber fawed into four lenght-aways.
QUA'SI, adv. vide *CA'SI*.
QUATRA'LBO, adj. that has four white feet.
Quatrálbo, f. m. a commodore of four galleys.
QUATRE'RO, f. m. a horfe-ftealer.
QUATRIDIA'NO, adj. of four days ftanding.
QUATRI'N, f. m. vide *QUADRI'N*.
QUA'TRO, f. m. four.
Quátro ciéntos, four hundred.
Quátro dobládo, four-fold.
Quátro mil, four thoufand.
Quátro tánto, four times as much.
Quátro témporas, the four Ember weeks.
Quátro de ménor, in cant, an afs.
QUATROPE'A, f. f. in cant, a four footed beaft.

Q U E

QUE, pron. what; alfo that, to the end that.
Para que haces effo? to what purpofe, or why do you do that?
Para que venga bien, that, or to the end that it may fit
Dice que vayas, he fays that you go, or he bids you go.
No hay pára que, thare is no occafion.
Que horas es? what hour is it?
Que dice ufted? what do you fay?
QUEBRA'DA, f. f. break; unevennefs, breach; in falconry, a fault.
Coger de quebráda, it is faid when a hawk brings down a partridge at the fecond flight.
Ondas quebrádas, broken billows at fea.
QUEBRADE'RO de cabéza; a piece of impertinence, or any tedious troublefome thing that troubles one's head.
QUEBRADI'ZO, adj. that is apt to break.
QUEBRA'DO, f. m. in poetry, a short verfe inferted in every ftanza of verfes of a longer fort
Quebrábos, fractions in arithmetick, broken numbers,
QUEBRADO'R, f. m. one that breaks.
QUEBRADU'RA, f. f. a breaking, a rupture.
QUEBRAMIE'NTO, fubft. m. a bankruptcy; ufed only in this fenfe.
QUEBRANTA'BLE, adj. frangible.
QUEBRANTADO'R, fubft. m. a breaker, a bruifer.
QUEBRANTAHUE'SSOS, f. m. a fort of eagle.
QUEBRANTAMIE'NTO, f. m. breaking; alfo tiring and wearinefs; forenefs, a bruifing.
QUEBRANTA'R, v. a. to break, to bruife, to weaken, to tire.
QUEBRA'R, v. a. to break.
Quebrár el ójo al diáblo, to make merry.
Quebrár comó mercadér, to break as tradefmen do.
Quebrárfe, v. r. to get a rupture, or broken belly,
QUE'DA, f. f. the nine-o'clock bell, when all should be at home, and after which the watch fecures fufpicious perfons, or fuch as are found with unlawful weapons.
QUEDA'DA, f. f. a ftaying.
QUEDA'R, v. n. to ftay, to remain.
Quedárfe en el fermón, to be out or at a ftand in a fermon.
QUEDI'TO, adv. foftly, gently.
QUE'DO, adj. quiet, ftill; adv. ufed, foftly, gently.
QUE'JA, f. f. a complaint.
Dar quéja, to make a complaint, to bring an action into court for a wrong received.
Baxár de fu quéja, to let fall a fuit commenced.
QUEJA'RSE, v. r. to complain.
QUEJICO'SO, adj. one who is always complaining.
QUEJI'DO, f. m, complaint, lament,
QUEJO'ZO, adj. one who complains of another.
QUE'LDRA, f. f. a cellar or vault under ground; a word only ufed by foldiers.
QUE'MA, } f. f. a burning or
QUEMA'DA, } blafting.
QUEMADE'RO, f. m. the place where malefactors are burnt.
QUEMADO'R, fubft. m. he who burns.
QUEMADU'RA, f. f. a burn or burning, alfo a blaft or blafting
QUE'MAR, v. a to burn alfo to blaft.

Quemár la haciénda, to destroy, to waste an estate.
Quemárse, v. r. to burn one's self.
QUEMAZO'N, s. f. heart-burning, vexation.
QUENTA, s. f. vide *CUENTA*.
QUERE'LLA, s. f. a complaint; a quarrel.
QUERELLADO'R, s. m. one who complains; one who quarrels.
QUERELLA'R, v. n. to complain; to quarrel.
QUERELLO'SO, adj. complaining; quarrelsome.
QUERE'NCIA, s. f. love, liking; also the place any beast generally resorts to, as a hare to her form, a fox to her kennel, &c.
QUERE'R, v. a. to will, to have a will, to desire, to love.
Prov. *Quién tódo lo quiére*, *tódo lo piérde*, all cover, all lose.
Queréx, s. m. love, will, inclination.
QUERIDI'LLO, s. m. a little favourite.
QUERI'DO, s. m. one beloved.
Mi querido, my dear.
QUESA'DA, s. f. a cheese-cake.
QUESADI'LLA, s. f. a little cheese-cake.
QUESE'RA, s. f. a woman that makes or sells cheese.
QUESERI'A, s. f. a cheesemonger's shop or a dairy where cheese is made.
QUESE'RO, s. f. a cheesemonger.
QUESI'LLO, s. m. a small cheese.
QUE'SO, s. m. cheese.
Támo quéso cómo pan, make the bread and cheese even.
Armár con quéso, to bait a trap with cheese; that is, to endeavour to ensnare, a man with some trifle.
QUE'STA, s. f. a lawful, begging, a begging by brief.
QüESTION, s. f. a question; a controversy, a debate, a quarrel.
Qüestión de torménto, an examination of an offender upon te rack.
QüESTIONA'R, v. a. to question, to examine.
QüESTIONCI'LLA, s. f. a little controversy, contest, or quarrel.
QüESTO'R, s. m. a questor, a great magistrate in Rome, who had charge of the publick treasure.
Qüestór de órden religiósa, a friar that begs for his order.
QUEXIGA'L, s. m. a grove of wild ashtrees.
QUEXI'GO, s. m. a wild ash-tree.

QUI

QUICIAL, s. m. the place on which the hinges of the door are made fast.
QUI'CIO, s. m. a hinge.
Sacár de su quício, to unhinge, to force a thing from its netural place; metaph. to fret a man out of his wits.
QUIE'BRA, s. f. a breach a tradesman breaking; heart-breaking, sorrow.
Quiébra de peñas, a cleft in a rock, a broken precipice.
Quiébras, pl. in music, those we call breaks.
QUIE'N, prom. who.
Quién es? the question when one knocks at the door, who is it? who is there?
QUIENQUIE'R, *QUIENQUIE'RA*, pron. whosoever.
QUIETAME'NTE, adv. quietly, peaceably.
QUIETA'R, v. a. to quiet, to still, to hush, to appease, to pacify; also to be quiet, to rest.
QUIE'TE, s. m. the hours religious persons are obliged to be hushed and quiet.
QUIE'TO, s. m. quiet still.
QUIETU'D, s. f. quietness, stillness, rest, ease.
QUILATADO'R, s. m. a refiner of gold and silver.
QUILATA'R, v. a. to try as gold, to refine, to perfection.
QUILA'TE, s. m. a carat of gold; the fineness or touch of gold; the perfection of any thing.
De báxos quiláies, of base allay, worth little.
De múchos quiláies, of great value.
QUI'LLA, s. f. the keel of a ship, which is the first timber laid, and the basis to which all the rest are fastened.
QUILLO'TRO, s. m. disturbance, trouble.
QUI'LMA, s. f. a bag, a pouch.
QUINA, *QUINAQUINA*, s. f. the Jesuit's bark.
QUINA'O, among students, the running down of one; that is, when at arguing one has so confuted the other, that he has noting to answer.
QUI'NAS, s. f. pl. the arms of Portugal; so called, because they are five escutcheons, and each of them five bezants.
Quinas, on the dice, two fives; in cant, money.
QUI'NCE, s. m. fifteen.
QUINCE'NO, adj. fifteenth.
QUINCURIO'N, s. m. the chief, or leader of five soldiers.
QUINDE'NNIO, s. m. the space of fifteen years.
QUINIE'NTOS, adj. five hundred.
QUINIE'TOS, s. m. a sort of woollen stuff so called.
QUIñO'N, s. m. a part, a portion, a share; also the fifth part of a ploughed land.
QUIñONE'RO, s. m. one that divides lands, or that has a share in the land.
QUI'NOLAS, s. f. pl. a game at cards.
QUINQUAGE'SIMO, adj. fiftieth.
QUINQUILLERI'AS, s. f. pl. all sorts of small iron-ware
QUI'NTA, s. f. a country-house, a farm-house, a farm.
Quinta, s. f. in music, the fifth, or a diapente.
Ponérse en quíntas, to oppose one another.
QUINTA'L, s. m. an hundred weight.
QUINTICUYDA'DOS, s. m. a pleasant person that diverts sorrow.
QUINTA'R, v. a. to take the fifth.
Tércio quintádo, a regiment made up by taking every fifth man out of some other numbers.
QUINTERI'A, s. f. a farm that pays the fifth of its product to the landlord.
QUINTE'RNO, s. mas. the number of leaves the signature runs through in printing.
QUINTE'RO, s. m. a farmer.
QUINTI'LLAS, s. f. pl. a sort of poetry that has five verses in every stanza.

QUI'NTO, adj. the fifth.
QUINTUPLO, adj. five-fold.
QUIQUIRI'QUI, f. m. the children's play at hide and feek.
QUIRI'TE, f. m. a Roman gentleman of old.
QUISICO'SA, f. f. a riddle.
QUISTIO'N, f. f. v. *QüESTION*.
QUI'STO, p. p. of *quérer*.
Bién quísto, well beloved; *mal quísto*, ill beloved.
QUITACIO'N, f. f. fervants wages.
QUITACUYDA'DOS, f. m. a merry fellow that drives away forrow.
QUITADO'R, f. m. who takes away or removes.
QUITAMIE'NTO, f. m. the taking away, removing; alfo quitting.
Quitamiénto de casádos, a divorce.
QUITA'NZA, f. f. an acquittance a difcharge, receipt in full.
QUITAPELI'LLOS, f. m. a flatterer, a pick-thank.
QUITAPESA'RES, f. m. a pleafant man that diverts forrow.
QUITA'R, v. a. to take away, to remove, to quit.
Quitárse los casádos, to be divorced.
Vender al quitár, to fell, referving a right of redemption.
QUITASO'L, f. m. an umbrella ufed to keep off the fun.
QUITATE de al, ftand away, get out of the way, remove thence.
QUI'TE, quit; a word moft ufed among gamefters.
QUIXA'DA, f. f. a jaw.
QUIXA'L, } f. m. the grinder or
QUIXA'R, } hinder-tooth; alfo the jawbone
QUIXE'RO, f. m. the fide of an artificial canal.
QUI'XO, f. m. the ore of any filver or golden mine.
QUIXO'NES, f. m. pl. baftard parfley.
QUIXOTA'DA, f. f. any ridiculous action committed ferioufly.
QUIXOTES, f. m. pl. armour for the thighs; alfo any foolish ferious perfons.
QUIZA', } adv. perhaps.
QUIZ'AS, }

Q U O

QUOCIE'NTE, f. m. the quotient in arithmetic.
QUO'TA, f. f. an aliquot part; alfo a quota, or one perfon's share or part; a quotation or a marginal note.
QUOTIDIANAME'NTE, adv. daily.
QUOTIDIA'NO, adj. daily, that happens every day.
QUOTI'DIE, adv. vide *QUOTIDIANAME'NTE*.

R.

R.

R, Is pronounced as in English.

RAB

RABADA'N, f. m. a chief among the shepherds.
RABADILLA, f. f. the rump of a bird.
RABADO'QUIN, f. m. a fort o long gun.
RABANA'L, fubft. m. a fpot of ground where radishes grow.
RABANE'RO, adj. short, faic of a garment.
RABANI'LLO, f. m. a little radish; alfo the tafte of wine that begins to be pricked.
RABANI'ZA, f. f. the feed of radishes.
RA'BANO, f. m. a radish.
RABEA'R, v. n. to wag the tail.
RABE'L, f. m. a rebeck, a little fort, of a fiddle with only three ftrings, ufed by shepherds.
RABELE'JO, } f. m. a little re-
RABELI'LLO, } beck or fiddle.
RABERA, f. f. the hind part of any thing.
RA'BIA, f. f. fury, rage, madnefs.
RABIA'R, v. n. to rage, to be furious or mad; to run mad.
RABICA'NO, f. m. a horfe or other creature with a grey tail.
RABICO'RTO, adj. short tailed; or that wears short cloaths or a short tail.
RABIE'TA, f. f. fretting.
RABI'LLO, f. m. a little tail.
RABINI'SMO, f. m. the doctrine of the rabbies or mafters among the Jews.
RABI'NO, a rabbi, a mafter among the Jews.
RABIOSAME'NTE, adv. outrageoufly, furioufly, madly, like a mad dog.
RABIO'SO, adj. outrageous, furious, mad, a mad dog.
RABIRU'BIO, f. m. a bird with a red tail; there is alfo a fish of this name.
RABISE'CO, adject. dry-tailed; poor, lean, ftarveling; that anfwers short and fnappish.
RABI'ZA, f. f. the tip of a fishing-rod; in cant, a drab, a trull, a whore.
RA'BO, f. m. the tail, the fundament.
Rabo de veftidúra, the tail of a garment.
Rabo de mula, the herb horfe-tail.
Rabo de junco, the herb called a wag-tail.
Rabo de puerco, the herb called maiden-weed.
Ir con el rabo entre piernas, to go away with his tail betwixt his legs
Aun eftá el rabo por defollár, the tail is not yet flead; there is ftill fome difficulty.
Prov. *De rabo de puerco, nunca buen viróte*, you can never make a good shaft of a pig's tail. There is no making a filk purfe of a fow's ear.
RABO'N, f. m. any thing that has a short tail.
RABOSEA'R, v. a. to befpatter, to ftain lightly.
RABO'SO, adj. that has many tails; alfo daggled, that has a daggled tail.
RABU'DO, that has a tail.

RAC

RACAME'NTO, f. m. the parel which goes about the maft in a ship, and holds the yard to the maft.
RACIMI'LLO, f. m. a little bunch of grapes.
RACI'MO, f. m. a bunch, a clufter.
RACIOCINACIO'N, f. f. } reafo-
RACIOCI'NIO, f. m. } ning.
RACIOCINA'R, v. n. to reafon.
RACIO'N, f. f. a ration, a portion or allowance; alfo board-wages.
RACIONA'L, adj. rational.
RACIONALIDA'D, f. f. rationality, the power of reafoning.
RACIONA'LMENTE, adv. rationally, reafonably, according to reafon.
RACIONERO, f. m. a petty canon of a church.

RAD

RA'DA, f. f. a bay, a harbour, a road.
RADIA'NTE, adj. radiant, bright, effulgent.
RADICACIO'N, f. f. radication.
RADICA'L, adj. radical. *Humor radicál*, radical moifture.
RADICALME'NTE, adv. radically.
RADICAR, v. n. to caft roots.
RA'DIO, f. m. fometimes taken for the needle in a fea-compafs, the radius of an arch.
RADIO'SO, adj. fplendid, glittering, shining.

RAE

RAEDE'RA, f. f. a fcraper; a fcraping tool.
RAEDU'RA, f. f. the act of fcraping or the thing fcraped or rafped off; alfo razing of writing.
RAE'R, v. a. to fcrape, to rafp, to raze.
Raér con ráftro, to rake.
RAE'Z, adj. obf. eafy, eafily done.

RAF

RA'FA, f. f. a buttrefs or fmall piece of brick like, a pillar, fet at diftances in mud walls to ftrengthen them.
RA'FAGA, f. f. a guft of wind.
RAFE'Z, } adj. obf. low, mean.
RAHE'Z, }
RAHEZA'RSE, v. r. obf. to demean onefelf.

RAI

RAI'BLE, adj. that may be razed.
RAICI'LLA, f. f. a fmall root.
RAIGA'L, adj. relating to a root.
RAIGA'MBRE, f. f. all the roots of a plant or tree.
RAIGA'R, v. n. vide *ARRAIGA'RSE*.
RAIGO'N, f. m. a very large old root.
RAI'Z, f. f. a root; alfo the bot-

tom or lower part any thing.

Ráiz, the original, the first cause.

R A J.

RA'JA, s. f. a chip, a lath; also cloth rash.

Hacérse rajás, to take much pains, to toil much; also to beat, or hack one another to pieces.

RAJADI'LLO, s. m. a kind of sweet-meat.

RAJA'R, v. a. to hew, to cleave, to split; metaph. to tell many boasting lies; to crack.

RAJE'TA, s. f. a kind of cloth so called.

RAJUE'LA, s. f. a little chip.

R A L.

RALE'A, s. f. a race, stock, kind, or breed.

RALEA'R, v. a. to make thin, to grow thin.

RALE'ZA, s. f. thinness.

RALLADU'RA, s. f. grating.

RALLA'R, v. a. to grate.

RA'LLO, s. m. a grater.

RA'LO, adj. thin.

R A M.

RA'MA, s. f. a twig, a small bough of a tree.

Asírse a las rámas, to lay hold of the twigs, to catch at straws.

RAMA'DA, s. f. an arbour, a hut made of bough.

RAMADA'N, s. m. a fast kept by the Mahometans.

RAMA'L, s. m. the end of a cord untwisted.

RAMALA'ZO, s. m. a blow with the *ramal*.

RA'MBLA, s. f. a gravelly or sandy place.

RAME'RA, s. f. a harlot, a common whore.

RAMERI'A, s. f. a bawdy-house.

RAME'RO, s. m. in falconry, a young hawk taken out of a nest, that can hop from bough to bough, called in English a brancher.

RAMERUE'LA, s. f. a poor distressed whore.

RAMIFICACIO'N, s. f. a shooting out of branches, as trees do.

RAMIFICAR, v. n. to shoot out branches as trees do.

RAMILLE'TE, s. m. a nosegay.

RAMILLETE'RO, s. m. one who makes nosegays.

RAMILLO, } s. m. a little bough, twig, or branch.
RAMITO,

RA'MO, s. m. a bough, a branch.

Rámo de tabérna, a tavern bush.

Domingo de rámos, Palm-sunday.

RAMO'N, a s. m. a small bough or twig, such as shepherds break from trees in winter to give their sheep.

RAMONEA'R, v. n. to gather or cut small twigs for sheep.

RAMO'SO, adj. full of boughs.

RAMPA, s. f. the cramp.

RAMPA'NTE, adj. rampant, a term in heraldry.

RAMPLO'N, s. m. a ramping fellow; also a caulkin for a horse-shoe.

Herrár de ramplón, to shoe a horse with caulkins.

RAMPLONCI'LLO, s. m. a little caulk for a horse-shoe.

RAMPO'JOS, s.m. calthrops, crows feet; also the thorns or prickles of briars.

R A N.

RA'NA, s. f. a frog.

Rána zarzal, s. f. a land frog.

Prov. *Cánta la rána, y no tiéne pelo ni lana*, the frog sings, and yet she has neither hair nor wool; content may abide with poverty.

RANACUA'JO, s. m. a little frog.

RANCHERI'A, s. f. a row of huts or tents, quarters, lodging.

RA'NCHO, s. m. a quarter among soldiers, their quarters; also a mess on board a ship.

Ráncho de sán a bárbara, the gun-room in a ship.

RA'NCIO, adj. rusty, rank, stale.

RANCIO'SO, adj. rusty, rank, stale.

RANCO'R, s. m. rancour, malice.

RANDA, s. f. laca.

RANI'LLA, s. m. little a frog; also pastern of a horse.

Ranillas, plur. the scratches in a horse's heels.

RANU'NCULO, s. m. a flower so called.

R A P.

RAPACE'JO, s. m. a little boy; also shagged end of a cloth or of any thing.

RAPACERI'A, s. f. a boyish trick; also a gang of boys.

RAPACIDA'D, s. f. rapaciousness, ravenousness, avarice, greediness.

RAPACI'LLA, s. f. a pretty young girl.

RAPADU'RA, s. f. the act of scraping or shaving, or the state of being scraped or shaved

RAPAGO'N, s. m. a great, lusty lad, neither boy nor man.

RAPA'R, v. a. to shave, to trim, to clip, to pare, to peel. In an obsolete sense, to take away by force.

RAPA'Z, s. a boy.

Rapáz, adj. rapacious, given to snatching, stealing, or taking away by force.

Prov. *Cuida bien de lo que haces no te fies de rapáces*, take heed what you do, and do not trust boys.

RAPAZA'DA, s. f. a boy's trick.

RAPIDAMENTE, adv. swiftly, with rapidity.

RAPIDE'Z, s. f. rapidity.

RA'PIDO, adj. rapid, swift, that carries all before it like a river.

RAPIÑA, s. f. rapine, taking by violence.

Ave de rapiña, a bird, of prey.

RAPIÑA'R, v. a. to commit rapine, to plunder.

RAPI'STA, s. m. barber; a burlesque word.

RAPO'SA, s. f. a fox.

Prov. *Quién la rapósa ha de engañar cúmple madrugár*, he that will cheat the fox, must rise betimes.

Prov. *Rapósa que mucho tárda, esta aguárda*, the fox that stays long, waits for game.

RAPOSERI'A, s. f. a fox's kennel.

Raposería, s. f. craftiness.

RAPO'SO, s. m. a he-fox.

RAPOSU'NO, adj. foxish, subtle crafty.

RA'PTO, adj. taken, or fnatched away, fubftantively ufed, a rape.
RAPTO'R, f. m. a ravisher, a plunderer, a robber.

RAQ

RAQUE'TA, f. f. a racket to play at tennis.

RAR

RARAME'NTE, adv. rarely, fel dom.
RAREFACCIO'N, f. f. rarefaction.
RAREFACE'RSE, v. r. to rarefy, to become thin.
RAREFA'CTO, p. p. rarefied.
RARE'ZA, *RARIDA'D*, } f. f. rarity.
RA'RO, adj. rare.

RAS

RAS CON RAS, adv. level, touching one another.
RASADURA, f. f. the act of fmoothing the corn-meafure.
RASAMENTE, adv. clearly, openly, publickly, without concealment.
RASA'R, v. a. to ftrike the corn-meafure and make it fmooth; alfo to rub one body with another lightly.
RASADO'R, f. m. who ftrikes the meafure of corn to make it even.
RASCACABA'LLOS, f. m. a groom, an oftler; thence any mean fellow.
RASCADO'R, f. m. a fcratcher.
RASCADU'RA, f. f. a fcratching, a fcratch.
RASCA'R, v. a. to fcratch, to fcrape, to curry.
RASCO, f. m. v. *RASCADURA*.
RASCUñA'R, v. a. to fcratch.
RASCU'ñO, f. m. a fcratch; alfo a sketch or rough draught in drawing.
RASE'LES, f. m. pl. the narrow parts of the ship towards head and ftern, diftant about half way from the wideft in the hold, and sharpening away, that the water may run the fafter to the rudder.
RASE'RO, f. m. a pole to ftrike corn or the like in meafuring.
RASGADU'RA, f. f. a rending, tearing.
RASGA'R, v. a. to tear, to rend.
Ojos rafgádos, large eyes, full eyes.
RA'SGO, f. m. a dash of a pen, a ftroke, a fcratch, a rough draught, a glimpfe of a thing.
RASGO'N, f. m. a rent in a garment.
RASGUñA'R, v. a. to tear, to fcratch.
RASGU'ñO, f. m. a rent; alfo a fcratch.
RASIO'N, f. f. erafion.
RA'SO, f. m. the filk called fattin
Ráfo, adj. plain fmooth.
Tiémpo rájo, fair weather.
RA'SPA, f. f. a rafp; the beard, an awn of an ear of corn; a shoe maker's cutting knife; a fpark of fire; in cant, a cheat at cards.
RASPADO'R, f. m. the perfon who fcrapes.
RASPADU'RA, f. f. a fcraping.
RASPA'R, v. a. to fcrape; alfo to be tough or hard to the tafte or feeling.
Víno rafpádo, a fmall liquor made by putting water to the grapes after the wine is preffed out, and preffing them over again, otherwife called *aguapié*.
RASTI'LLA, f. f. v. *RASTI'LLO*.
RASTILLA'R, v. a. to rake; alfo to comb, or card flax, wool, &c.
RASTILLE'RO, f. m. a shop-lifter; one that fnatches hats and fwords, and runs away with them.
RASTI'LLO, f. m. a rake; alfo a card or comb for wool, flax, or the like; alfo the portcullis of a gate.
RA'STRA, f. f. a drag-net; alfo a flead.
RASTRA'R, v. a. vide *ARRASTRA'R*.
RASTREA'R, v. a. to track, to trace, to follow by the footfteps.
RASTRE'RO, f. m. one that tracks, or traces, or follows the track.
RASTRILLADO'R, f. m. the perfon who harrows or rakes.
RASTRILLA'R, v. a. to harrow, to rake, to card.
RASTRI'LLO, f. m. a harrow, a rake, a card, a portcullis of a gate.
RA'STRO, f. m. the track any thing leaves behind it, a market of cattle, or the place where they flaughter the cattle, a harrow, a rake.
Caér en el ráftro, to find the track, to hit upon the fcent.
Alcálde del ráftro, the fame as *alcálde del crímen*, a judge in criminal cafes.
RASTRO'JO, f. m. ftubble of corn.
RASU'RAS, f. f. pl. parings, shavings, drofs, dregs, lees of wine, tartar.

RAT

RA'TA, f. f. a share, part, portion, every man's share, or quota, a proportion.
Rá a por cantidád, quantity for quantity, or in proportion to the quantity.
Ráta, f. f. a rat.
RATAFI'A, f. f. ratafia, a liquor prepared from the kernels of apricots and fpirits.
RATEA'R, v. a. to diminish in proportions.
RATE'O, f. m. proportional diftribution.
RATERI'A, f. f. petty larceny.
RATE'RO, adj. mean, vile, bafe, a mean-fpirited fellow; in cant, a pick-pocket.
RATERUE'LO, f. m. a little pitiful fellow, a little pick-pocket.
RATIFICACIO'N, f. f. ratification.
RATIFICA'R, v. a. to ratify, to confirm.
RATI'CO, *RATI'LLO*, } f. m. a little while.
RATI'NA, f. f. a kind of cloth fo called.
RA'TO, f. m. a while.
A rátos, fometimes, by fits.
RA'TO, adj. ratified, firm.
RATO'N, f. m. a moufe, a rat.

Ratónes, f. m. pl. sharp stones, or rocks in the sea, which wear the cable of anchors.
RATONA'R, v. a. to mouse-eat, to gnaw, to nibble.
RATONI'CO, *RATONCI'LLO*, *RATONCI'TO*, f. m. a little mouse.
RATONE'RA, f. f. a mouse-trap; also a mouse-hole.

R A U

RAUDA'L, f. m. a swift stream of water; the channel of the river.
RA'UDO, adj. violent, impetuous, fierce, rapid.
RAUTA, f. f. road.

R A Y

RA'YA, f. f. a line, a streak; the grain of wood; the borders of a country; the fish called a thornback.
Estár a ráya, to keep within bounds.
Passár la ráya, to exceed.
RAYA'R, v. a. to rule, to line, to streak, to mark out.
RA'YO, f. m. a flash of lightning, that kills or does harm; a thunderbolt; a beam of the sun; the spoke of the wheel; the radius or line drawn from the center to the extremity of an arch.
RAYUELA, f. f. dimin. of *raya*.

R A Z

RA'ZA, f. f. a race, breed.
RA'ZAGO, f. m. a coarse sort of linen.
RAZO'N, f. f. reason.
Tener razón, to be in the right.
Hómbre de buénas razónes, a whell-spoken man.
Razón de pie de bánco, non sense, an answer nothing to the purpose.
Razón de estádo, politicks, reason of state.
Hacér razón, to pledge in drinking.
Tomár la razón, to take account.
En razón désto, on this account, for this reason.
Razón de cárta róta, nonsense.
Prov *Obras son amóres que no buénas razónes*, actions are love, and not fair words; that is, love is shewn by kind actions, and not by fair speeches.
RAZONA'BLE, adj. reasonable.
RAZONABLEME'NTE, adv. reasonably.
RAZONAMIE'NTO, f. m. a discourse.
RAZONA'R, v. n. to discourse, to reason, to talk.

R E

RE, a particle in composition, which signifies repetition.
RE, f. f. the second note in musick.

R E A

REACCIO'N, f. f. reaction.
REA'CIO, adj. obstinate, positive, difficult.
REA'L, f. m. a royal, a piece of money worth six pence.
Reál de vellón, a royal brass, not worth above a groat.
Alzárse con el reál y truéco, to sweep all clear away; to run away with all.
REA'L, adj. royal, kingly; real.
Reál, f. m. a camp.
Assentár el reál, to encamp; metaph. to set up house-keeping.
REAL'CE, f. m. increase, addition of value, beauty, or the like.
REALE'JO, f. m. a small organ to be carried about.
REALE'NGO, adj. belonging to the king.
REALE'ZA, f. f. royal magnificence, great liberality, great pomp.
REALIDA'D, f. f. reality, the truth of the matter.
REALME'NTE, adv. really.
REALZA'R, v. a. to raise, to extol any thing more than it was before; also to dignify, to elevate.
REASSUMI'R, v. a. to reassume, to take again.
REASSUNCIO'N, f. f. the action of taking again.
REA'TA, f. f. the fore mule that draws in a cart, which goes single before two that go double, but sometimes they are two, and both called *reátas*.
Mula de reáta, a carrier's mule.
REATADU'RA, f. f. binding or tying again.
REATA'R, v. a. to bind or tie again.
REA'TO, f. m. guilt.

R E B

REBA'LSA, f. f. a puddle.
REBALSA'R, v. n. to settle in a puddle.
REBANA'DA, f. f. a slice.
REBANA'R, v. a. to slice.
REBAñA'R, v. a. to gather into a flock; to rake or scrape together; to whipe a dish with bread or with one's finger, as nasty eaters do after eating the meat.
REBAñE'GO, adj. of, or belonging to to the flock.
REBA'ñO, f. m. a flock of sheep.
REBATA'R, v. a. obs. to snatch, to seize.
REBA'TE, *REBA'TO*, f. m. an alarm, a surprize.
REBATI'ñA, f. f. a snatching or scrambling.
REBATI'R, v. a. to abate in price or in accounts; to beat back, to repulse.
REBA'TO, f. m. an alarm, a sudden surprize.
Tocár a rebáto, to beat the alarm.
Cogér de rebáto, to surprise.
REBA'XA, f. f. abatement.
REBAXA'R, v. a. to abate of the price; to lower any thing.
REBAXO, f. m. a groove in stone or wood.
REBELA'RSE, v. r. to rebel.
REBE'LDE, f. m. a rebel.
REBELDI'A, f. f. rebellion.
REBELLIO'N, f. f. rebellion.
REBELLI'N, f. m. a ravelin in fortification, consisting of two faces, which make an angle salient.
REBELO'N, adj. testy; applied to the horse or mule.
REBENCA'ZO, f. m. a stroke with a bull's pizzle, or the lash the boat-swain of the galleys strikes

flaves with, or any thing like it.
REBE'NQUE, f. m. a bull's pizzle; any lash, or that the boatfwain of galleys beats the flaves with.
REBIE'N, adv. extraordinary well.
REBLE, f. m. in cant, the backfide, the pofteriors.
REBOCIñO, f. m. a cloak worn by women.
REBOLLIDU'RA, f. f. a defect in the infide of a cannon got in the cafting of it.
REBOñA'R, v. a. to ftop the mill.
REBOSADURA, f. f. running over, overflow.
REBOSA'R, v. n. to run over, to overflow.
REBOTA'DO, adj. dull.
Vino rebotádo, dead wine.
REBOTADU'RA, f. f. dullnefs, bluntnefs, a repulfe, putting back.
REBOTA'R, v. a. to dull, to make blunt, to take of the edge; to repulfe, to putting back; alfo to rebound like a ball.
REBOTIJA, f. f. a back shop.
REBOTI'N, f. m. raw filk, fleaf filk.
REBOZA'R, v. a. to difguife, to muffle up, to hide the face, as women do, pulling their hoods over their faces, or men when they throw their cloaks over their face.
Rebozárse, v. r. to difguife onefelf.
REBO'ZO, f. m. a difguife, a muffler, a veil or hood over the face, to avoid being known.
REBRAMA'R, v. n. to roar again like a lion.
REBUDIA'R, v. n. to grunt as the wild boar.
REBUE'NO, adj. extraordinary good.
REBUJA'R, v. a. to put on the mantle.
REBULLI'R, v. n. to ftir, to move.
REBULTA'DO, adj. bulky.
REBURUJAR, v. a. to cover, to wrap up.
REBURUJO'N, f. m. a bundle carelefsly or haftily made,
REBU'SCA, f. f. the gleaning of corn or of the vineyards.
REBUSCA'R, v. a. to glean, to feek again.
REBU'SCO, f. m. gleaning of corn or of the vineyards.
REBUSNADO'R, f. m. who brays like an afs.
REBUSNA'R, v. n. to bray like an afs.
REBU'ZNO, f. m. the braying of an afs.

R E C

RECABA'R, v. a. to obtain, to perform, to recover, to compafs.
RECADE'RO, f. m. a meffenger that carries a letter, a meffage, or the like.
RECA'DO, f. m. a meffage; fafety; fecurity; a warant; a letter of attorney; an anfwer in court; a fubpœna; it is alfo neceffaries, ingredients, or materials, to do any thing with.
Tódo eftá a buén recádo, all is fafe.
Recádo pára efcribír, neceffaries for writing; that is, pen, ink, and paper.
RECAE'R, v. n. to relapse, to fall again.
RECAI'DA, f. f. a relapse.
RECALA'R, v. a. to ftrain through.
RECALCADAME'NTE, adv. fully as if crammed or trod down.
RECALCA'R, v. a. to ftuff, cram, or ram down, to drive, thruft, or tread down.
RECALCITRA'R, v. a. to kick, to fpurn.
RECAMA'R, v. a. to embroider.
RECA'MARA, f. f. a withdrawing-room, a clofet; alfo a wardrobe; a gentleman's equipage.
RECAMBIA'R, v. a. to change again.
RECA'MBIO, f. m. changing again, in cant, a tavern.
RECA'MO, f. m. embroidery.
RECANCANI'LLA, f. f. the play among boys, when they jump upon one leg only; alfo tergiverfation, fubterfuge, evafion.
RECANTACIO'N, f. f. recantation, retractation.
RECAPACITA'R, v. a. recapacitate.
RECAPITULACIO'N, f. f. fumming up the heads or chief points of a book, oration, or the like; recapitulation.
RECAPITULA'R, v. a. to fum up the heads, or repeat in a few words all that has been faid at large; to recapitulate, to repeat again.
RECA'RGA, f. f. charging again.
RECARGA'R, v. a. to change again, to recharge, to accufe again.
RECA'RGO, f. m. recharging, impeaching, again.
RECA'TA, f. f. the act of looking again.
RECATADAME'NTE, adv. cautioufly, warily, modeftly, prudently.
RECATAMIE'NTO, f. m. vide *RECA'TO*.
RECATA'RSE, v. r. to be cautious, wary, circumfpect.
RECATEA'R, v. a. vide *REGATEA'R*.
RECA'TO, f. m. cautioufnefs, warinefs, circumfpection, refervednefs, modefty, prudence.
Mugér recatáda, a modeft woman.
RECATO'N, f. m. the but-end of a ftaff or fpear.
RECATONA'ZO, f. m. a blow with the end of a fpear.
RECAUDACIO'N, f. f. recovesing, receiving.
RECAUDADO'R, f. m. a procurer, a recoverer, a receiver of rents.
RECAUDAMIE'NTO, f. m. a procurement, recovery, receipt.
RECA'UDAR, v. a. to procure, to obtain, to get, to fpeed, to recover, to receive.
RECA'UDO, f. m. recovering, receiving.
RECAVA'R, v. a to dig again.
RECENTADU'RA, f. f the portion of leaven left for the next time.
RECENTA'R, v. a. to put the leaven in the dough.
RECEPCIO'N, f. f. reception.
RECEPTA'CULO, f. m. a receptacle, a place of reception.

RECEPTADO'R, f. m. an abetter of a criminal; he who conceals.
RECEPTA'R, v. a. to abet a criminal; to cover or hide a crime.
Receptárse, v. r. to run to a place of refuge.
RECE'PTO, f. m. a place of refuge.
RECEPTO'R, f. m. a receiver.
RECEPTO'RIA, f. f. a receipt, or a bill to receive money.
RECE'TA, f. f. a recipe in phyfick.
RECETA'R, v. a. to prefcribe, to write a recipe in phyfick.
RECHAZA'R. v. a. to repulfe, to drive back.
RECHA'ZO, f. m. repulfing.
RECHINA'R, v. n. to gnash the teeth; to creek as the hinges of a door do for want of oil, to make any fuch noife, as te whiftling of a bullet through the air, the whiftling of wind or the like.
RECHI'NO, f. m. the noife caufed by gnashing.
RECIAME'NTE, adv. ftrongly, vehemently, in a loud manner.
RECIBIDO'R, f. m. a receiver.
RECIBIMIE'NTO, f. m. receiving, reception, an antichamber to receive company; alfo a great bafon for wather to run into.
RECI'BIR, v. a. to receive, to admit, to a low.
RECI'BO, f. m. a receipt or acquittance.
RECIEDU'MBRE, f. f. ftrength, force.
RECIE'N, adv. vide *RECIENTEME'NTE*.
RECIE'NTE, adj. new, fresh.
RECIENTEME'NTE, adv. newly, lately.
RECI'NTO, f. m. the compafs of the walls of any place, the inclofure; alfo the foundation of the wall, and the outftanding part of brick or ftone in a wall, called by our builders the watertable.
RE'CIO, adj. ftrong.
RE'CIPE, f. m. a recipe, a medical prefcription; alfo pain, or trouble.
RECIPIE'NTE, f. m. a recipient, or receiver.
RECIPROCAME'NTE, adv. reciprocally.
RECIPROCA'R, v. a. to reciprocate, to alternate.
RECI'PROCO, adj. reciprocal.
RECISIO'N, f. f. refcinding, making void.
RECITACIO'N, f. f. a reciting.
RECITA'R, v. a. to recite.
RECITATI'VO, adj. recitative.
RECIU'RA, f. f. *REZURA*.
RECLAMACIO'N, f. f. reclaiming, calling back, gainfaying, oppofing.
RECLAMAR, v. a. to reclaim, to call back; to gainfay, to oppofe, to contradict.
RECLA'MO, f. m. a bird-call.
Venir al reclámo, to anfwer a call as birds do; to come where one thinks to find any advantage.
RECLE, f. m abfence from the choir by leave previoufly obtained.
RECLINA'R, v. n. to reft, lie, or lean againft a thing.
RECLUI'R, v. a. to shut up.
RECLUSIO'N, f. f. reclufion, shutting up.
RECLU'SO, adj. reclufe, shut up.
RECLU'TA, f. f. recruit for an army or regiment.
RECLUTA'R, v. a. to recruit, to raife new foldiers.
RECOBRA'BLE, adj. recoverable, that may be recovered.
RECOBRA'R, v. a. to recover.
RECO'BRO, f. m. recovery.
RECOCE'R, v. a. to boil over again.
RECO'CHO, p. p. of *recocér*.
RECO'DO, f. m. an angle or a corner.
RECOGEDE'RO, f. m. the place where in things collected are put.
RECOGEDO'R, f. m. he that collects.
RECOGE'R, v. a. to gather; to retire; to withdraw; to take up.
Recogérse a buénas hóras, to go home early at night; to go to bed in good time.
RECOGIMIE'NTO, f. m. a gathering, retiring, drawing together, retired living, and a houfe for women to live in retirement.
RECOLECCIO'N, f. f. recollection.
RECOLEGI'R, v. a. to recollect.
RECOLE'TOS, f. m. pl. a kind of friars fo called.
RECOMENDA'BLE, adj. recommendable.
RECOMENDACIO'N, f. f. recommendation.
RECOMENDA'R, v. a. to recommend.
RECOMPE'NSA, f. f. recompenfe, reward.
RECOMPENSACIO'N, f. f. compenfation; rewarding.
RECOMPENSAR, v. a. to recompenfe, to reward, to make amends,
RECONCENTRA'R, v. a. to reconcenter, to join or put together again, as in its center.
RECONCILIACIO'N, f. f. reconciliation
RECONCILIA'DO, f. m. one that has been penanced in the inquifition; and thus reconciled to the church.
RECONCILIADO'R, f. m. the perfon who reconciles.
RECONCILIA'R, v. a. to reconcile; in the inquifition, it is to receive thofe again into the church who had fallen from it.
Reconciliár u témplo, to purify, to cleanfe a church that has been polluted.
Reconciliárse, v. r. after a man has been at confeffion, if he has forgotten any thing, to return to the prieft and confefs it; or to confefs as priefts do, who, doing it often and living pioufly, have but fmall matters to confefs.
RECONCOME'RSE, v. r. to fcratch one's felf.
RECONCO'MIO, f. m. the motion made with the arms and shoulders, in order to fcratch one's felf; alfo fufpicion and inclination.
RECO'NDI'TO, adj. hidden, concealed.
RECONOCEDO'R, f. m. an acknowledger.
RECONOCE'R, v. a. to acknow-

ledge, to own; alſo to view,

RECONOCIMIE'NTO, ſ. m. acknowledgement, owning; alſo viewing.

RECONTA'R; v. a. to recount, to tell, to relate.

RECONVALECE'R, v. n. to recover health again.

RECONVENCIO'N, ſ. f. retorting, recriminating; when the defendant or party accuſed, accuſes the proſecutor.

RECONVENI'R, v. a. to retort, to recriminate for the criminal or defendant, to accuſe the proſecutor.

RECOPILACIO'N, ſ. f. compiling, collecting, or gathering out of books.

RECOPILA'R, v. a. to compile, collect, or gather.

RECOQUI'N, ſ. m. a ſhort fat fellow.

RECORDACIO'N, ſ. f. } remembrance, calling to mind.
RECORDAMIENTO, ſ. m. }

RECORDA'R, v. a. to remember, to call to mind; to put in mind; to awake.

RECORRE'R, v. a. to run back, to look back, to have recourſe to.

Recorrér la memória, to call to mind.

RECORTA'R, v. a. to ſhorten by cutting.

RECOSE'R, v. a. to ſow again.

RECOSTA'R, v. n. to lie down, or to lean.

RECO'VA, ſ. f. the buying about in villages what one intends to ſell again. Alſo a pack of hounds.

RECOVE'RO, ſ. m. the man who buys here and there in order to ſell again.

RECREACIO'N, ſ. f. recreation.

RECREA'R, v. a. to recreate, to refreſh, to divert.

RECRE'CER, v. n. to increaſe, to grow again.

RECRECIMIE'NTO, ſ. m. increaſe, growing again.

RECRE'O, ſ. m. recreation, diverſion.

RECTAME'NTE, adv. uprightly.

RECTA'NGULO, adject. rectangular, right-angled.

Rectángulo, ſ. m. a rectangle.

RECTIFICACIO'N, ſ. f. rectification; the act of ſetting right what is wrong.

RECTIFICA'R, v. a. to rectify, to make right.

RECTILI'NEO, adj. rectilinear, rectilineous, conſiſting of right lines.

RECTITU'D, ſ. f. righteouſneſs, uprightneſs, juſtice.

RE'CTO, adj. right, juſt, true, equitable.

RECTO'R, ſ. m. a rector.

RECTORA'DO, ſ. m. a rectorſhip.

RECTORA'L, adj. belonging to a rector.

RECTORA'R. v. n. to be elected a rector.

RECTORI'A, ſ. f. vide *RECTORA'DO*.

RE'CUA, ſ. f. a drove or gang of carrier's horſes or mules.

RECUA'GE, ſ. m. carrying or carriage of goods by the carriers; the coſt for carrying; alſo a great number of carriers mules or horſes.

RECUDI'DA, ſ. f. the rebound of a thing; alſo the product or profit it yields.

RECUDIMIE'NTO, ſ. m. a rebound, the profit a thing yields, rent of land; alſo an order to receive rent.

RECUDI'R, v. a. to rebound; to yield profit or benefit.

RECUENTO, ſ. m. an inventory.

RECU'ERDO, ſ. f. the act of putting in mind.

RECUE'RO, ſ. m. a carrier that drives pack-horſes or mules.

Prov. *Los recuéros de nueſtro lugár, óy enalbárdan, mañána ſe van*, the carriers of our town put on the pack-ſaddles to day, and go away to-morrow. Said of loiterers and procraſtinators.

RECUE'STO, ſ. m. a riſing ground.

RECULA'R, v. n. to fall back, to give ground backward.

RECU'LO, adj. without a tail, applied to poultry.

RECUPERA'BLE, adj. recoverable.

RECUPERACIO'N, ſ. f. recovery.

RECUPERADO'R, ſ. m. the perſon who recovers.

RECUPERAR, v. a. to recover.

RECU'RA, ſ. f. a tool uſed in making combs.

RECURRI'R, v. a. to have recourſe.

RECU'RSO, ſ. m. recourſe, relief, redreſs.

RECUSACIO'N, ſ. f. refuſal.

RECUSA'R, v. a. to refuſe, to except againſt.

Recuſár un juéz, to except againſt a judge.

R E D

RE'D, ſ. m. a net; a grate or lattice; a place where they ſell or deliver out any thing through a grate, to keep off the crowd; the ſpeaking-room of a monaſtery of nuns; fine net-work women make for curtains and other ſuch uſes.

Red barredéra, a drag-net, that ſweeps all the fiſh before it.

Red de payo, in cant, a coarſe cloth, a great coat.

Red de telaréjo, the woof in weaving; or thread in the ſhuttle.

Réd tumbadéra, a toil or ſnare to catch wild beaſts.

Red en que nace la criatura, a caul in which ſome children are born.

Echár ſus redes, to caſt one's net; metaph. to uſe all one's endeavours.

Caér en la red, to be enſnared.

REDA'DA, ſ. f. a net-full, a draught of a net.

REDA'ñO, ſ. m. the caul in which the bowels lie; ſo called, becauſe it is like a net.

REDA'R, v. n. to caſt the net.

REDARGUCIO'N, ſ. f. reproof; alſo diſproving.

REDARGUI'R, v. a. to reprove; alſo to diſprove.

REDECI'LLA, ſ. f. a ſmal net.

REDECI'R, v. a. to repeat, to ſay again.

REDEDO'R, adv. round about.

REDEJO'N, s. m. a net on a hoop open at the top and ending in a point at bottom; in cant, a night-cap.

REDE'LES, s. m. pl. vide *RASL'LES.*

REDEMI'R, v. a. to redeem, to ransom.

REDENCIO'N, s. f. redemption, ransoming.

REDENTO'R, s. m. a redeemer, a ransomer.

Redentóres, pl. so they call the religious men that go over among infidels to redeem captives.

REDE'RO, s. m. a net-maker.

REDICIO'N, s. f. repetition of what has been said.

REDIE'ZMO, s. m. a re-tithing, or taking a tithe over again, or the tithe of the tithe.

REDI'L, s. m. hurdles to fold sheep in.

REDI'LLA, s. f. a dimin. of *red.*

REDIMIDO'R, s. m. a redeemer.

REDIMI'R, v. a. to redeem, to ransom.

RE'DITO, s. m. revenue.

REDOBLA'DO, adj. thick and short; said of a man.

REDOBLADU'RA, s. f. a redoubling.

REDOBLA'R, v. a. to redouble. In music, to repeat the same notes striking the same string.

REDO'BLE, adj. twice, double.

REDOBLO'N, s. m. a fold or crease made in cards to know them by.

REDO'MA, s. f. a glass vial.

Redóma, among the peasants, the gift every man bestows upon a new-married couple on the wedding-day.

REDOMA'DO, adj. subtle, crafty, sly.

REDOMA'ZO, s. m. a blow over the face with a vial. A practice formerly used by villains in spite or revenge, which is to throw a very thin vial full of ink into a man's face, which breaking, cuts, and the ink flies all about, which cuts are very hard to be cured, so as not to leave a scar.

REDOMI'LLA, s. f. a little vial.

REDO'NDA, s. f. in cant, a petty-coat.

A la redónda, adv. round about.

REDONDAME'NTE, adv. roundly.

REDONDEA'R, v. a. to round, to make round.

REDONDE'TE, s. m. a little round thing, a little plump child, a squat fat man.

REDONDE'Z, s. f. roundness.

REDONDI'LLAS, s. f. pl. roundelays, a sort of poetical composition.

REDO'NDO, adj. round.

REDO'R, s. m. a round mat, such as we lay under tables, or the like.

A RE'DRO, adv. behind.

A rédro vayas enemígo málo, go behind me satan; from the Latin *retro.*

REDRO'JO, s. m. a small bunch of grapes, such as are left behind; because not seen by those that gather in the vintage; metaph. a little sneaking boy that does not thrive.

REDROPE'LO, adj. against the hair or grain.

REDRU'ñA, s. f. the left side. A hunting term.

REDUCCIO'N, s. f. reduction.

REDUCI'BLE, adj. reducible.

REDUCIMIE'NTO, s. m. reducing, convincing, reclaiming, bringing back.

REDUCIR, v. a. to reduce, to convince, to reclaim, to bring back.

REDUNDA'NCIA, s. f. redundance, superabundance.

REDU'NDA'R, v. a. to redound

REDUTO, s. m. a redoubt, a small fort.

R E E

REEDIFICACIO'N, s. f. rebuilding.

REEDIFICADO'R, s. m. the person who rebuilds.

REEDIFICA'R, v. a. to rebuild.

REEMBARCA'R, v. a. to reimbark, to ship again.

REENCAXA'R, v. a. to set again a bone that was dislocated.

REENCAXADU'RA, s. f. a setting again a bone that was dislocated.

REENGENDRA'R, v. n. to regenerate.

R E F

REFACIO'N, s. f. refection, a repast.

REFALSA'DO, adj. cunning, malicious.

REFECCIO'N, s. f. refection, a repast.

REFERENDA'R, v. a. *REFRENDA'R.*

REFERIMIE'NTO, s. m. a repetition, a rehearsal.

REFERI'R, v. a. to repeat, to refer, to relate, to declare, to tell.

REFETO'RIO, s. m. vide *REFITO'RIO.*

REFINADO'R, s. m. a refiner.

REFINA'R, v. a. to refine.

REFI'NO, s. m. a refining; also any thing that is very fine.

REFITOLE'RO, s. m. he that has the care of a refectory, or dining-room in a monastery, where the religious dine and sup.

REFLEXIO'N, s. f. reflection.

REFLEXIONA'R, v. a. to reflect, to consider attentively.

REFLEXIVAME'NTE, adv. with reflection.

REFLEXI'VO, adj. reflective.

REFLE'XO, s. m. reflection.

Refléxo, adj. reflected.

REFLORECE'R, v. n. to flourish again.

REFLU'XO, s. m. the ebb of the tide.

REFOCILA'R, v. a. to cherish, to comfort.

Refocilárse, v. r. to regale one's self.

REFOCI'LO, s. m. cherishing, comfort.

REFO'RMA, *REFORMACIO'N*, } s. f. reformation.

REFORMADO'R, s. m. a reformer.

REFORMA'R, v. a. to reform.

REFORZA'R, v. a. to strengthen, to reinforce.

REFOSSE'TO, s. m. the curvette

vette in fortification, a deeper trench cut along the middle of a dry ditch, and generally carried down till there be water to fill it.

REFRACCIO'N, f. f. refraction.

REFRACTA'RIO, adj. refractory, that will not stand to is bargain.

REFRA'N, f. m. a proverb.

REFRANCI'LLO, f. m. a little proverb.

REFREGAMIE'NTO, f. m. the act of rubbing.

REFREGA'R, v. a. to rub.

Refregárse con las mugéres, to be familiar with women.

REFREGO'N, f. m. a rub against any thing.

REFRENAMIE'NTO, f. m. the act of checking or stopping with the bridle.

REFRENA'R, v. a. to curb, bridle, or hold in.

REFREND'AR, v. a. countersign, to sign as the secretary does in the king's orders.

REFRENDA'RIO, f. m. an officer iu the state so called.

REFRENDA'TA, f. f. the manual sign of the *refrendario* affixed to a petition or other thing.

REFRESCADO'R, f. m. who refreshes.

REFRESCADU'RA, f. f. refreshing, cooling.

REFRESCA'R, v. a. to cool, to refresh.

REFRE'SCO, f. m. refreshment, repast.

REFRIE'GA, f. f. a fray, a skirmish.

REFRIGERA'R; v. a. to refresh.

REFRIGERATI'VO, adj. refreshing.

REFRIGERATO'RIO, adj. that has the power or quality of refreshing.

REFRIGE'RIO, f. m. refreshment.

REFUGIA'DO, f. m. a refugee.

REFUGIA'R, v. a. to refuge, to shelter, to protect.

Refugiárse, v. r. to fly to shelter or protection.

REFU'GIO, f. m. refuge.

REFULGE'NCIA, f. f. brinefs, refulgence.

REFULGE'NTE, adj. bright, shining.

REFUNDI'R, v. a. to cast over again.

REFUNFUñADU'RA, f. f. muttering, grumbling.

REFUNFUñA'R, v. n. to grumble, to mutter.

REFUNFU'ñO, f. m. vide *REFUNFUñADU'RA*.

REFUTACIO'N, f. f. refutation.

REFUTA'R, v. a. to refute.

REG

REGADE'RA, f. f. a watering-pot.

REGADI'O, f. m. watering; a place that is watered.

REGADIZO, adj. that may be watered.

REGADO'R, f. m. a waterer.

REGADU'RA, f. f. watering.

REGAJA'L, f. m. a watry, flabby, dirty place; any place that is full of litter and dirty.

REGA'JO, f. m. a puddle.

REGALADAME'NTE, adv. daintily.

REGALA'DO, adj. dainty or nice.

REGALADO'R, f. m. one that loves to make much of others.

REGALAMIE'NTO, f. m. making much of others.

REGALA'R, v. a. to make much of, to treat daintily; also to melt.

REGALI'A, f. f. the prerogative of a king.

REGALI'CIA, f. f. the root liquorice.

REGALI'LLO, } f. m. a muff; also a little present.
REGA'LITO, }

REGALI'ZA, f. f. liquorice.

REGA'LO, f. m. a dainty, or choice bit; blind entertainment; a muff; a present.

REGALO'N, f. m. a wanton, a dainty person that loves to feed nicely.

REGALO'NA, f. f. a nice, dainty woman.

REGAñA'R, v. n. to snarl, to growl as a dog does, to grumble, to mutter.

Regañár los diéntes, to gnash the teeth.

REGA'ñO, f. m. grumbling, muttering, snarling, growling.

REGAñO'N, f. m. f. a snarling growling dog; a grumbling fellow; also the north-east wind.

Péra regañóna, a harsh pear that grates against the knife as it cuts.

REGA'R, v. a. to water.

REGATA, f. f. a small trench to convey the water to a garden.

REGA'TE, f. m. quick and irregular motion.

REGATEA'R, v. n. to haggle in buying, to beat down the price to bargain hard.

REGATO'N, f. m. a huckster, a retailer, a retailer of small wares; also one that haggles hard; also the but-end of a spear, staff, &c.

REGATONEA'R, v. n. to play the huckster; also to haggle in buying.

REGATONERI'A, } f. f. huckstering; also haggling in buying.
REGATONI'A, }

REGAZA'R, v. a. vide *ARREGAZA'R*.

REGA'ZO, f. m. the lap of a woman; also the tucking up of her cloaths.

REGE'NCIA, f. f. regency, the office or dignity of a regent.

REGENERACIO'N, f. f. regeneration.

REGENERA'R, v. n. to regenerate.

REGENTA'R, v. n. to rule as a regent.

REGE'NTE, f. m. a regent; a president of a council; in an university, a triennial professor.

REGIAME'NTE, adv. royally, magnificently.

REGIBA'DO, adj. crook-backed.

REGICI'DA, f. m. a regicide, a kingkiller.

REGICI'DIO, f. m. the act. of a regicide.

REGIDO'R, f. m. a ruler, a governor, an alderman of a city.

RE'GIMEN, f. m. rule, government.

REGIMIE'NTO, f. m. government; alfo a regiment of foldiers.
RE'GIO, adj. regal, kingly.
REGIO'N, f. f. a region, a country. In architecture, the profpect a houfe has on all fides.
REGI'R, v. a. to rule, to govern; to fteer a ship.
REGISTRADO'R, f. m. one that regifters or enters in a book, a keeper of rolls.
REGISTRA'R, v. a. to regifter, to enter upon a book; alfo to fearch, to look into, to examine; to fearch goods at the cuftom-houfe.
REGI'STRO, f. m. a regifter; the entry of goods at the cuftom-houfe the entry-book of the cuftom-houfe; the cocket given there for goods that are paffed; alfo the regifter put into books, being feveral ftrings faftened to a roll, which ferve for marks in a book; a man that is prying into every body's bufinefs.
Regiftros, pl. the ftops in the organ.
RE'GLA, f. f. a rule.
Régla de la mugér, a woman's courfes.
Régla de enférmo, the rule prefcribed a fick perfon by the phyfician.
REGLADAME'NTE, adv. orderly, according to rule.
REGLA'DO, adj. orderly, regular.
REGLAMIE'NTO, f. m. a ruling, or ordering.
REGLA'R, v. a to rule, to govern, to order.
REGNI'COLA, adj. belonging to a kingdom.
REGOCIJADAME'NTE, adv. joyfully, merrily.
REGOCIJA'R, v. n. to rejoice, to make merry.
Regocijárfe, v. r. to be glad, to rejoice at.
REGOCI'JO, f. m. joy, mirth.
REGODEA'R, v. n. to be merry, to fport, to wanton.
REGODE'O, f. m. merry making, fporting, playing the wanton, bantering.
REGO'JO, f. m. a bit of broken bread, a fcrap; a little fmall fellow.
REGOLDA'R, v. n. to belch.
REGOLFA'R, v. n. to turn round like a whirl pool.
REGO'LFO, f. f. a whirl-pool.
REGORDI'DO, adj. full, fat, puffed up with fat.
REGRE'SSO, f. m. a going back.
REGUARDA'R, v. a. obf. to look to, to mind.
REGUE'LDO, f. m. a belch.
REGUE'RA, f. f. a path betwixt two beds in a garden.
REGULACIO'N, f. f. regulation.
REGULA'R, v. a. to regulate; to make the fcrutiny, and fee how many votes each candidate has.
REGULA'R, adj. regular, orderly.
Regulár, f. m. a religious man of fome order.
REGULARIDA'D, f. f. regularity.
REGULARME'NTE, adv. regularly.
RE'GULO, f. m. any petty fovereign; alfo a bafilisk.
Régulo, regulus, the finer and moft weighty part of metals.
REGURGITA'R, v. n. to regurgitate, to run over.

R E H

REHABILITACIO'N f. f. a re-enabling.
REHABILITA'R, v. a. to re-enable.
REHACE'R, v. a. to do again, to make anew, to renew.
Rehacérfe, v. r. to recover ftrength; alfo to rally after diforder; faid of troops.
REHACIMIE'NTO, f. m. a doing again; recovery; rallying of broken troops.
REHA'CIO, f. m. vide *REA'CIO*.
REHE'CHO, adj. done again, made anew; rallied; ftrong, wellfet.
REHE'N, f. m. an hoftage, a pledge.
REHENCHIR, v. a. to fill or to ftuff again.
Rehenchír la filla, to ftuff a faddle anew.
REHILA'R, v. a. a fea-term, to ftrain the cables, to make them work.
REHILE'TE, f. m. a fhuttle-cock.
REHOLLA'R, v. a. to trample under foot again.
REHUI'R, v. n. to fly; to run away again, or back.
REHUNDI'R, v. a. to fink or drown again.
REHUSA'R, v. a. to refufe.

R E I

REI'BLE, adj. rifible.
REI'NA, f. f. the queen.
REINA'DO, f. m. the reign of a king, the time he governs.
REINAMI'ENTO, f. m. obf. idem.
REINA'R, v. n. to reign; alfo to prevail, to be predominant.
REINCIDE'NCIA, f. f. falling in again.
REINCIDI'R, n. v. to fall in again.
RE'INO, f. m. any kingdom, any dominions having a king.
REINTEGRACIO'N, f. f. renewing, making whole again.
REINTEGRA'R, v. a. to renew, to make whole again.
REI'R, v. n. to. laugh; alfo to be pleafant.
Reírfe, v. r. to mock, to ridicule, to laugh at.
REITERACIO'N, f. f. reiteration. repetition.
REITERA'R, v. a. to reiterate, to repeat.

R E J

RE'JA, f. f. the plow-share, the coulter of a plow; an iron grate; the iron grates of a window.
REJA'DO, f. m. a grated window, a grated gate.
REJALGA'R, f. m. arfenick.
RE'JO, f. m. any iron point, as the prick of a goad, or the like; the clownish people ufe it for *récio*, ftrong, lufty, ftiff, hard.
Réjo de hévilla, the tongue of a buckle.
Réjo, is alfo an iron plate, round, with a hole in the middle, they play at coits with inftead of a horfe-shoe.
REJO'N, f. m. an iron bar ending in a sharp point; alfo a fort of fpear, ufed in the bull-feafts to wound the bulls.
Re ón, a dagger, a poniard.
REJONA'ZO, f. m. a blow given with a *rejon*.
REJONEA'R, v. a. to wound the bulls with the fpear called *rejon*.

REJUE'LA, f. f. a little bar, or grate of a window; alfo a little fire-pan.

REJUVENECE'R, v. n. to grow young again.

REL

RELACIO'N, f. f. a relation, an account of any thing.

RELACIONA'R, v. a to relate.

RELACIONE'RO, f. m. one who fells fongs and feveral accounts in the ftreets.

RELAME'R, v. a. to lick over again.

Relamérfe, v. r. to lick one's chops favourily after eating fome thing that is pleafant; to deck or drefs one's felf up curioufly.

RELAMI'DO, f. m. an hypocrite, a precife formal fellow.

RELA'MPAGO, f. m. a flash of lightning.

RELAMPAGUEA'R, v. n. to lighten, to give flashes like lightning.

RELAMPAGUZA'R, v. n. obf. to glitter, to give a glittering light, like the fudden flashes of lightning.

Ojos relampaguzántes, glittering eyes like a cat in the dark, or as drunken men's eyes twinkle. Often ufed in this fignification.

RELA'NCE, f. m. chance, accident.

RELA'PSO, adj. relapfed, fallen again.

RELATA'R, v. a. to relate, to make a declaration.

RELATI'VO, adj. that bears a relation to.

RELATO'R, f. m. a relater, a reporter, he that relates or gives an account; an officer in courts who acquaints the court with what has been told of the cafe or caufe to be tried.

RELAVA'R, v. a. to wash over again.

RELAXACIO'N, f. f. relaxation, releafing, fetting loofe at liberty; relaxation of manners; alfo a loofenefs in the body.

RELAXA'DO, f. m. a loofe liver.

RELAXAMIENTO, f. m. a relaxation, releafing, fetting loofe; loofenefs of any kind.

RELAXA'R, v. a. to releafe, to fet loofe, to take to a loofe life, to be loofe in the body.

RELE'NTE, f. m. the foftnefs caufed by the dew that has fallen on a thing.

RELENTECE'R, v. n. to grow weak, to relent, to yield, to become fupple.

RELEVACIO'N, f. f. a raifing, a lifting up.

RELEVA'R, v. a. to raife, to lift up, to eafe, to relieve.

RELE'XES, f. m. pl. knobs or bunches in a table or other fmooth thing; alfo ruts of coach or cart wheels: among architects, *reléx* or *reléxes*, is that part of the wall which fticks out; alfo the landing-place of a pair of ftairs.

RELICA'RIO, f. m. a cafe, a place to keep relicks in.

RELIE'VES, f. m. pl. fragments, fcraps, broken meat; emboffing in filver or gold; raifed work in embroidery; emboffed figures on walls in architecture.

RELIG'AR, v. a. to bind again.

RELIGI'ON, f. f. religion.

RELIGIONARIO, } f. m. Calvinift or Reformed. as they call themfelves.
RELIGIONI'STA,

RELIGIOSAME'NTE, adv. religioufly.

RELIGIOSIDA'D, f. f. piety.

RELIGIO'SO adj. religious.

RELINCHA'R, v. n. to neigh as a horfe does.

RELINCHI'DO, } f. m. the neighing of a horfe.
RELI'NCHO,

RELI'QUIAS, f. f. pl. relicks, the remains of holy things.

REILANA'R, v. a. to plain, to fmooth again.

Rellanárfe, v. r. to fit ftretched out in a chair, leaning back with the legs out at full eafe.

RELLENA'R, v. a. to fill, to ftuff, to cram; commonly to fill a fowl, hare, or the like, with forced meat, or with a pudding in the belly.

RELLE'NO, adj. filled, ftuffed, crammed; fubftantively ufed, a fowl, &c. ftuffed with forced meat, or with a pudding in the belly.

RELO'X, f. m. a clock, a watch.

Relóx de fol, a fun-dial.

Relóx de aréna, a fand hour-glafs.

Relóx de água, a water hour-glafs.

El relóx dá, the clock ftrikes.

Relox de faltriguéra, a watch.

RELOXE'RO, f. m. a clock-maker or watch-maker.

RELUCHA'R, v. n. to contend one thing againft another.

RELUCIE'NTE, adj. bright, shining, glittering.

RELUCI'R, v. n. to shine, to glitter.

RELUMBRA'DO, adj. that has a braffy tafte.

RELUMBRA'NTE, adj. bright, glittering, shining.

RELUMBRA'R, v. n. to shine to glitter.

RELUMBRO'N, f. m. the fudden blow of the light in one's eyes.

REM

REMACHA'R, v. a. to rivet, to clench a nail, to beat flat or fmooth, to make faft an end of a thread, or the like.

REMADO'R, f. m. a rower.

REMADURA, f. f. a rower.

REMANECE'R, v. n. to appear where not expected, to break out like the dawning of the day.

REMANE'NTE, f. m. the remainder.

REMANGA'R, v. a. vide *ARREMANGAR*.

REMA'NSO, f. m. the calm or ftill water of a river, which after it has run with a fwift current comes into a plain, and runs flow and gently.

REMA'R, v. n. to row.

REMATADAME'NTE, adv. abfolutely, paft redrefs, defperately.

REMATA'DO, adj. quite loft, ruined, defperate.

Loco rematádo, one that is quite mad, paft retrieving.

REMATA'R, v. a. to clench, a nail, to rivet, to clofe or finish an account, to ftrike up a bargain, to knock at a fale, to faften the thread in fewing, or the like.

REMATE, f. m. the end, the

conclusion, the sum of an account; either end of a stick, rope, or other thing; the conclusion of a bargain; the fastening of the end in sewing, clinching of an nail, riveting.

Perdido a remáte; lost to all intents and purposes, utterly ruined; also excessive lewd.

REMECE'R, v. a. to stir again.

REMEDAMIE'NTO, s. m. mocking, imitating.

REMEDA'R, v. a. to mock, to imitate.

REMEDIADO'R, s. m. one that remedies.

REMEDIA'R, v. a. to remedy, to cure.

REME'DIO, s. m. remedy, cure, help.

REME'DO, s. m. mock, imitation.

REMEMBRA'NZA, s. f. obs. a remembrance.

REMEMBRA'R, v. a. obs. to remember.

REMENDA'R, v. a. to mend, to patch.

Cabállo remendádo, a piebald horse.

REMENDO'N, s. m. a botcher, a cobler.

REME'RO, s. m. a rower, one that rows.

REME'SSA, s. f. a remittance of money.

Reméssa, s. f. a coach-house.

REMESSA'R, v. a. to pull by the hair, to tear the hair.

REMESSO'N, s. m. a pull by the hair; the hair that is torn off the head; a short stop in riding, when the rider stops his horse short in the middle of the carrier.

REMETE'R, v. a. to put in again.

REMIE'NDO, s. m. a patch, a botch.

REMILGA'RSE, v. r. to make pretty faces, as affected ladies do.

REMINICE'NCIA, s. f. a remembrance.

REMIRA'R, v. a. to look again, to view well, to see thoroughly into a thing or consider maturely.

REMISSAME'NTE, adv. slowly, with weakness, without vigour or briskeness.

REMISSI'BLE, adj. pardonable, that may be remitted.

REMISSIO'N, s. f. remission, pardon, forgiveness.

REMI'SSO, adj. remiss, slack, loose, negligent, lewd.

REMITI'R, v. a. to remit, to forgive, to pardon; also to refer.

Pleito remitido, a suit or trial at law returned to the same court from whence it was removed by appeal.

REMO, s. m. an oar.

Echár al rémo, to send to the galleys.

REMOJA'R, v. a. to soak, to steep, to water.

REMO'JO, s. m. soaking, steeping, watering.

REMOLA'CHA, s. f. beet-root.

REMOLA'DO, adj. battered, rugged, craggy.

REMOLA'R, v. a. in cant, to load a die.

REMOLCAR, v. a. to tow along with a boat; also to shove back with the oars.

REMOLINA'RSE, v. r. to turn about like a whirl pool or spiral line.

REMOLI'NO, s. m. a whirl-pool, a whirl wind, an eddy wind or water; the turn of the hair on the top of the head; a spiral line.

REMOLLA'R, v. a. in cant, to line.

REMOLLERO'N, s. m. in cant, a head-piece; the head itself.

REMO'LQUE, s. m. towing.

Llevár al remólque, to tow along.

REMONDA'R, v. a. to clean, to peel again.

REMONTA, s. f. the act of giving new horses to soldiers.

REMONTA'R, v. a. amongst sportsmen, to frighten animals; to drive them away with noise; also to give new horses to soldiers.

Remontár, v. a. to remount, to be high and lofty, to use lofty expressions.

REMOQUE'TE, s. m. a check, a frump, a sharp word; also a bang, a stroke, a flirt.

RE'MORA, s. f. a small fish, which they say, sticking to a ship's side, will stop her when sailing. Metaph. any stop, stay, or delay.

REMORDER, v. n. to have a remorse, to have a touch of conscience.

REMORDIMIE'NTO, s. m. a remorse, a touch of conscience.

REMOSTA'R, v. n. to put must or new wine into old, in order to quicken it.

REMOSTECE'RSE, v. r. to work and grow sweet again like new wine.

REMO'TO, adj. remote, distant.

REMOVE'R, v. a. to remove, to stir.

REMOVIMIE'NTO, s. m. removing, stirring.

Removimiénto de estómago, rising in the stomach, nauseousness, inclination to vomit.

REMOZA'R, v. n. to grow young; to endeavour to appear young.

REMPUJA'R, v. a. to push, to thrust, to jostle.

REMPUJO'N, s. m. a push, a thrust, a jostle.

REMUDA'R, v. a. to change.

REMUGA'R, v. n. v. *RUMIA'R*.

REMUNERACIO'N, s. f. reward, recompense.

REMUNERADO'R, s. m. a rewarder, a recompenser.

REMUNERA'R, v. a. to reward, to recompense.

RÈMUSGA'R, v. a. to suspect.

R E N

REN, s. m. the kidney, the reins of the back.

RENACE'R, v. n. to be born again, to spring or to bud out again.

RENACIMIE'NTO, s. m. being born again, sprouting, springing, or budding again.

RENACUA'JO, s. m. the spawn of frogs, a small frog.

RENCI'LLA, f. f. quarrel, dispute.
RENCILLO'SO, adj. quarrelfome, contending.
RE'NCO, f. m. one that is loofe, or lame in the ships.
RENCO'R, f. m. rancour, hatred, malice.
RENDA'JO, f. m. a jay.
RENDICIO'N, f. f. rendition, giving up.
RENDIDAME'NTE, adv. humbly.
RENDIMIE'NTO; f. m. yielding, furrendering, fubmiffion, and furrender
RENDI'R, v. a. to yield, to fubmit, to furrender, to overcome, to fubdue.
RE'NDON, a word of no fignification by itfelf, but it is ufed adverbially for abruptly or rudely.
Entrárfe de réndon, to intrude, to thruft into a place, without faying by your leave, in a rude manner.
RENEGA'DO, f. m. a renegade, an apoftate, one that has renounced his faith.
RENEGA'R, v. a. to renounce one's faith.
RENGLE'RA, f. f. a row or rank.
RENGLO'N, f. m. a line in writing.
RENGO, adj. that has got a hurt in the loins or the back.
RENIE'GO, f. m. a blafphemous renouncing of God or of holy things.
RENITE'NCIA, f. f. reluctance, repugnancy.
RENITENTE, adj. reluctant, repugnant.
RENOMBRA'DO, adj. renowned, famous.
RENO'MBRE, f. m. renown.
RENOVACIO'N, f. f. a renewing.
RENOVA'DOR, f. m. a renewer.
RENOVA'R, v. a. to renew.
RENOVE'RO, f. m. an ufurer.
Renovéro de arból, a young fhoot of a tree.
RENQUEA'R, v. n. to go lame in the hips; that is, wringing one's body from fide to fide.
RE'NTA, f. f. revenue, rent, yearly income.
Prov. *El que lléva la rénta que adóbe la vénta*, let him that receives the rent repair the inn; he that has the profit should be at the expence.
RENTA'R, v. n. to yield rent or revenue.
RENTE'RO, f. f. a farmer.
RENTI'LLA, f. f. a fmall rent or revenue; alfo a game at cards fo called.
RENUE'VO, f. m. renewing; alfo increafe, ufury, a young fhoot or fprout of a tree, or the like.
RENU'NCIA, f. f. vide *RENUNCIACIO'N*.
RENUNCIA'BLE, adj. that may be renounced, given up.
RENUNCIACIO'N, f. f. renunciation, quitting one's right or claim, refignation.
RENUNCIA'R, v. a. to renounce, refign, or quit claim.

R E Ñ

REÑI'R, v. n. to chide, to rebuke, to reprimand, to quarrel, to fight.
Guerra reñida, bloody war.

R E O

RE'O, f. m. a criminal, a guilty perfon, one accufed of a crime. Alfo a fort of fifh fo called.

R E P

REPA'JO, f. m. v. *REPA'XO*.
REPANTIGA'RSE, v. r. to fit leaning back and ftretched out at one's full eafe.
REPAPILA'DO, f. m. a curious feeder or epicure, one that is cucurioufly fed or filled up to the throat.
REPAPILA'RSE, v. r. to epicucurize, to feed daintily, to feed till one is full to the throat.
REPARA'BLE, adj. that can be repaired; remarkable, obfervable.
REPARACIO'N, f. f. reparation.
REPARADO'R, f. m. a repairer.
REPARAMIE'NTO, f. m. vide *REPARO*.
REPARA'R, v. a. to repair; alfo to parry in fencing, to ward off a blow; to ftop, to make a ftand; to obferve, to take notice.
REPARO, f. m. repair, reparation; in fortification, a defence, any part of the works that flanks another; any work or intrenchment.
Repáro, f. m. regard, notice, obfervation.
REPARTICIO'N, f. f. divifion, partition, sharing.
REPARTIDO'R, f. m. a divider, a diftributer.
Repartidór, de pleitos, y negócios, f. m. an officer in fome courts of Spain. who appoints every man his bufinefs, and calls on the feveral caufes in their courfe.
REPARTIMIE'NTO, f. m. divifion, diftribution.
REPARTI'R, v. a. to divide, to diftribute.
REPASSADE'RA, f. f. a tool ufed by carpenters, a kind of a plane.
REPASSA'R, v. a. to look over again; as,
Repaffár un libro, to read a book over again.
Repaffár liciónes a niños, to hear children read their leffons.
REPASTA'R, v. n. to feed.
REPA'STO, f. m. food, pafture.
REPATRIA'R, v. n. to return to one's own country.
REPA'XO, f. m. a thicket of young trees; a place for cattle to graze.
REPECHO, f. m. a breaft work; a rail to lean the breaft againft; alfo the fide of a hill.
REPELA'R, v. a. to pull off the hair, to pull by the hair; in a military fenfe, to charge often in parties or in the rear.
REPELE'R, v. a. to drive off, to beat back.
REPE'LO, f. m. pulling by the hair; alfo the skin that grows over the nails; metaph. any thing that is not to the purpofe.
REPELO'N, f. m. a tug by the hair.
REPELO'SO, adj. a touchy quarrelfome man.
Madéra repelófa, wood that has an ill grain, and works rough every way.

REPENSA'R, v. a. to think over again, to confider ferioufly.
REPE'NTE, adv. fuddenly, unexpectedly.
REPENTINAME'NTE, adv. fuddenly.
REPENTI'NO, adj. fudden.
REPENTO'N, f. m. a fudden event, a fudden motion, a great and unforefeen accident.
REPERCUSSIO'N, f. f. repercuffion, ftriking back.
REPERCUSSI'VO, adj. that may be ftruck back.
REPERCUTI'R, v. a. to beat back, to drive back.
REPERTO'RIO, f. m. a repertory.
REPESA'R, v. a. to verify the weight of any thing, to weigh again.
REPE'SO, f. m. weighing again; alfo the place where an officer in Spain ftands in the market to verify the weight of bread, meat, &c.
REPETICIO'N, f. f. repetition.
REPETIDAME'NTE, adv. repeatedly.
REPETI'DOR, f. m. a repeater.
REPETI'R, v. a. to repeat.
REPICA'DO, f. m. a curious nice beau.
REPICAPU'NTO, adv. *De repicapúnto*, nicely, precifely.
REPICA'R, v. a. to ring the bells out.
Prov. *En sálvo está el que repica* he his fafe that rings the bell; becaufe, when it is an alarm bell, he is in the fteeple out of harm's way.
REPI'QUE, f. m. a ringing of bells; alfo a repique at the game of piquet at cards.
REPIQUE'TE, f. m. a little noife or clattering of bells, or any fuch noify thing; thence applied to fignify a clattering of tongues.
REPI'SO, adj. penitent.
REPIZCA'R, v. a. to pinch.
REPI'ZCO, f. m. a pinch, the act of pinching with the fingers.
REPLECIO'N, f. f. repletion, fullnefs.
REPLE'TO, adj. full, crammed full. In architecture, it is the motar and fmall ftone, rubbish, or the like, with which mafons fill up the middle of thick walls.
RE'PLICA, f. f. an anfwer, a reply.
REPLICACIO'N, f. f. idem.
REPLICA'R, v. a. to anfwer, to reply.
REPLICO'N, f. m. he that will give an anfwer though he had better hold his tongue.
REPO'LLO, f. m. a hard cabbage.
REPOLLU'DO, adj. round thick trufs, like a hard cabbage, a short fquat man.
REPONE'R, v. a. to replace.
REPORTA'DO, adj. deliberate, ftayed, grave.
REPORTA'RSE, v. r. to be pacified, to curb one's paffion, to fettle, to be appeafed.
REPORTO'RIO, adj. an almanack, a calendar, a memorial, a fummary, a brief account of things.
REPOSADAME'NTE, adv. quietly, calmly and gravely.
REPOSA'DO, adj. fedate, of a quiet temper.
REPOSA'R, v. a. to reft, to fettle, to be ftill.
REPO'SO, f. m. reft, quiet, eafe.
REPOSTERI'A, f. f. a buttery.
REPOSTE'RO, f. m. a butler, a fumpture cloth; alfo a carpet or a piece of tapeftry hangings.
REPREGU'NTA, f. f. queftion Rupon queftion.
REPREGUNTA'R, v. a. to queftion over and over again.
REPREHENDE'R, v. a. to reprehend, to reprimand, to rebuke, to chide.
REPREHENSI'BLE, adj. blameworthy, blameable.
REPREHENSION, f. f. reproof.
REPREHENSO'R, f. m. a reprover, a chider.
REPERSENTA'CION, f. f. reprefentation, a play, a comedy.
REPRESENTA'DOR, f. m. a reprefenter, a player, an actor.
REPRESENTA'NTE, f. m. idem
REPRESENTA'R, v. a. to reprefent, to act a play.
REPRESSA, f. f. a mill-dam, a flood-gate.
REPRESSA'R, v. a. to hold up by water by means of a dam or flood-gate.
REPRIME'NDA, f. f. a reprimand.
REPRIMI'R, v. a. to reprefs, to crush, to keep under.
REPROBACIO'N, f. f. reproving.
REPROBA'R, v. a. to reprove.
RE'PROBO, f. m. he who is to be be damned.
REPROCHA'R, v. a. to reproach, to tell one of his faults, to upbraid.
REPRO'CHE, f. m. reproach, upbraiding.
REPRODUCCI'ON, f. f. reproduction, the act of producing anew.
REPRODUCI'R, v. a. to reproduce, to produce again.
REPTA'R, v. a. to challenge, to defy.
REPU'BLICA, f. f. a republick, a commonveakh.
REPUBLICA'NO, f. m. a republican.
REPU'BLICO, f. m. a republican.
REPUDIACIO'N, f. f. repudiation, divorce, rejection.
REPUDIA'R, v. a. to divorce, to put away, to reject.
REPU'DIO, f. m. divorce.
REPUE'STO, p. p. of *reponér*.
Repuésto, f. m. a repofitory, a ftorehoufe.
REPUGNA'NCIA, f. f. repugnancy, reluctancy.
REPUGNA'NTE, adj. oppofite.
REPUGNA'R, v. a. to oppofe, to have a reluctancy.
REPULGA'R, v. a. to hem.
REPU'LGO, f. m. a hem in a garment.
El repúlgo de la empanáda, the edge of a pie.
REPU'LLO, f. m. a violent shake or jump.
REPU'LSA, f. f. a repulfe.
REPULSA'R v. a. to repel, to give a repulfe.
REPU'NTA, f. f. a reply, a breaking out, the appearing of any thing.
REPUNTA'R, v. a. to reply; alfo to break out, to appear.

REPURGA'R, v. a. to purge or clean over again.
REPUTACIO'N, f. f. reputation.
REPUTA'R, v. a to repute.

R E Q

REQUEBRADO'R, f. m. one that courts, woos, makes love to, or uses fine amorous expressions.
REQUEBRA'R, v. a. to court, to woo, to make love, to use fine amorous expressions.
REQUEMA'DO, adj. adust, cholerick.
REQUEMA'R, v. a. to burn again.
REQUERIMIE'NTO, f. m. intimation, and requiring notification.
REQUERI'R, v. a. to require, to make intimation, to notify; also to seek after, to court, to search.
Requerir de amóres, to court, to make love.
REQUESO'N, f. m. curds.
REQUESTA, f. f. a request.
REQUESTA'R, v. a. to request.
REQUIE'BRO, f. m. an amorous expression or any pretty soft alluring word.
REQUISI'TO, adj. requisite.
Requisito, f. m. a circumstance, a part that is requisite.
REQUISITO'RIA, f. f. a warrant from a judge requiring obedience.

R E S

RES, f. f. a head of cattle, sometimes a flock or herd.
RESABE'R, v. n. to be loquacious.
RESABIA'R, v. a. to use, to practise any ill customs or habits; also to have an ill taste or favour
RESABI'DO, f. m. a crafty subtle knave; also talkative, troublesome fellow that pretends to know much.
RESA'BIO, f. m. an ill habit or custom; a jadish trick in a horse; an ill taste or favour.
RESA'CA, f. f. the breaking of the billows on the shore, the eddy.
RESALI'R, v. n. to go out, to appear out.
RESALTA'R, v. n. to stand, to stick, or to jut out in a building or in a picture.
RESA'LTE, f. m. the jutting out part in a building, and that which represents it in painting.
RESA'LTO, f. m. the repercussion of a body or rebound.
RESALUDA'R, v. a. to resalute, to return the salutation of one.
RESALUTACIO'N, f. m. resaluting, returning the greeting to one.
RESARCI'R, v. a. to make amends for, to make good, to repair.
RESBALADE'RO, f. m. v. *RESVALADE'RO*.
RESBALALADI'ZO, adj. v. *RESVALADI'ZO*.
RESBALA'R, v. n. vide *RESVALAR*.
RESCALDA'R, v. a. to heat again.
RESCATA'R, v. a. to ransom.
RESCA'TE, f. m. ransom.
RESCO'LDO, f. m. hot embers or a fire of smallcoal.
RESCRIBI'R, v. a. to write back.
RESCRI'PTO, f. m. a rescript, an answer of a prince to any petition.
RESCUE'NTRO, f. m. a compensation.
RESELLA'R, v. a. to seal again.
RESE'LLO, f. m. sealing again.
RESEMBRA'R, v. a. to sow again.
RESE'ñA, f. m. a muster or review.
RESENTIMIENTO, f. m. resentment, the act of resenting.
RESENTI'R, v. a. to resent.
RESE'RVA, f. f. a reserve.
RESERVACIO'N, f. f. a reservation.
RESERVA'R, v. a. to reserve.
RE'SES, f. f. pl. of *res*.
RESFRIA'DO, adj. that has taken or got a cold.
RESFRIAME'NTO, f. m. a cold that one gets.
RESFRIA'R, v. a. to cool.
Resfriárse, v. r. to get a cold.
RESGUADA'R, v. a. to preserve, to defend.
Resguardárse, v. r. to be cautious, to take care of oneself.
RESGUA'RDO, f. m. security taken for what a man does; a counter security, when a man is bound for another; also a reserve.
RESIDE'NCIA, f. f. residence, residing in a place.
Pedir residéncia, to call to an account.
Residéncia, the trial a governor or magistrate is to undergo when he resigns his employment, a judge being appointed to hear all complaint against him.
Tomár residéncia, take to an account.
RESIDENCIA'R, v. a. to make the trial of a person in publick offices, to hear all complaints against him.
RESIDE'NTE, f. m. resident, a minister of a prince inferior to an envoy.
RESIDI'R, v. a. to reside, to remain in a place.
RESI'DUO, adj. what remains.
Residuo, f. m. the remainder.
RESIGNA, } f. f. resignation.
RESIGNACIO'N, }
RESIGNA'R, v. a. to resign.
RESI'NA, f. f. a resin, a fat oily liquor distilling from a tree.
RESINO'SO, adj. full of resin.
RESISTE'NCIA, f. f. resistance, opposition.
RESISTE'RO, } f. m. reflection or violent heat of the sun, the heat of the day from noon till two or three, when the sun seems to scorch.
RESISTIDE'RO, }
RESISTI'R, v. a. to resist, to oppose, to withstand.
RE'SMA, f. f. a ream of paper.
RE'SOL, f. m. the reverberation of the sun.
RESOLA'NO, f. m. a warm sunny place, where the wind does not blow.
RESOLLA'R, v. n. to breathe.
RESOLUCIO'N, f. f. resolution; also spirit, courage.
RESOLVE'R, v. n. to resolve.
RESOLUTAME'NTE, adv. resolutely.
RESOLUTO, adj. resolute, or resolved.

RESONA'NCIA. f. f. a found or refounding.
RESONA'NTE, adj. refounding, or that refounds.
RESONA'R, v. a. to refound.
RESOPLA'R, v. a. to blow again.
RESOPLI'DO, } f. m. a blowing again.
RESO'PLO,
RESPALDA'R, } f. m. vide *ESPALDA'R*.
RESPA'DO,
RESPECTIVAME'NTE, adv. refpectively, relatively.
RESPECTI'VO, adj. refpective, relative.
RESPE'CTO, f. m. confideration, motive.
Refpécto de, adv. becaufe.
RESPETA'BLE, adj. that deferves refpect.
RESPETA'R, v. a. to refpect.
RESPE'TO, f. m. refpect; in cant, the fword.
De refpéto, prepared.
Eftár de refpéto, to be in ceremony.
RESPETOSAME'NTE, adv. refpectfully.
RESPETO'SO, adj. refpectful.
RESPETUOSAME'NTE, adv. refpectfully.
RESPETUO'SO, adj. refpectful.
RESPIGADE'RA, f. f. a gleaner
RESPIGADOR, f. m. a gleaner.
RESPIGAR, v. n. to glean, to gather after the gatherers.
RESPIGO'N, f. m. the skin that grows over the nails, or rather thofe little skins that break and fly up about the nails, and are very fore. It is alfo a fty upon the eye.
RESPINGA'R, v. n. to kick out of wantonnefs, to rebel by being pampered, alfo to skip, to leap, and to give short and peevish anfwers.
RESPI'NGO, f. m. a skip, a leap, a kick of wantonnefs; a pert peevish anfwer.
RESPIRACIO'N, f. f. the breath of the body.
RESPIRADE'RO, f. m. a breathing place, a hole to let in the air.
RESPIRA'R, v. a. to breathe, to take breath, to take comfort, to be eafed, to reft.
RESPLANDECE'NCIA, f. f. effulgence, fplendor.
RESPLANDECE'R, v. n. to shine, to glitter.
RESPLANDECIE'NTE, p. p. bright, shining.
RESPLANDO'R, f. m. brightnefs.
Cintas de refplandór, ribbons wrought with filver.
RESPONDE'R, v. n. to anfwer.
RESPONDIE'NTE, f. m. who anfwer.
RESPONDO'N, f. m. f. a grubling perfon, one that has always an anfwers.
RESPONSABLE, adj. refponfible.
RESPO'NSO, f. m. an anfwer; but generally taken for the finging of pfalms for the dead, two choirs alternatively anfwering one another.
RESPONSO'RIO, f. m. a refponfory after reading the leffons in the mattins.
RESPUE'STA, f. f. an anfwer; alfo the report of a gun.
RESPUE'STO, p. p. of *refpondér*.
RESQUEBRADU'RA, v. *RESQUEBRAJO*.
RESQUEBRAJADU'RA, f. f. a crack, a chop, a flit, a cleft; alfo a nibbling or breaking about the edges.
RESQUEBRAJA'R, v. a. to crack; to chop, to flit, to cleave; alfo to nibble or break about the edges.
RESQUEBRAJO, f. m. v. *RESQUEBRAJADU'RA*.
RESQUI'CIO, f. m. a chink, a cleft, a cranny.
RE'STA, f. f. the reft, the remainder.
RESTABLEÇE'R, v. a. to reeftablih.
Reftablecérfe, v. a. to recover one's health.
RESTABLECIMIE'NTO, f. m. a reheablishment.
RESTALLA'R, v. n. to fly, to flaw, to flake as ftones do with the fire, or the like.
RESTAÑA'R, v. n. to ftand, to ftop, particularly the blood.
RESTAÑO, f. m. a filver or gold ftuff; alfo a pool, a pond.
RESTA'NTE, f. m. what remains.
RESTA'R v. a. to reft, to remain, to fubftract in arithmetick.
RESTAURACIO'N, f. f. reftoration, reftoring, repairing.
RESTAURADO'R, f. m. who reftores.
RESTAURA'R, v. a. to reftore, to repair.
RE'STO, f. m. the reft, the remainder, the refidue; alfo a ftake at play. In arithmetick, fubftraction.
Jugár a réfto abiérto, to play, or throw againft all that is fet.
Echár el réfto, to fet one's laft ftake.
RESTRICCIO'N, f. f. reftriction, confinement.
RESTRI'CTO, adj. reftrained, kept within certain bounds.
RESTRINGI'R, v. a. to reftrain; alfo bound in the body.
RESTRIÑI'R, v. a. to reftrain, to bind in the body.
RESVALADE'RO, f. m. a flippery place, or a thing that is apt to flip.
RESVALADI'ZO, adj. flippery.
RESVALA'R, v. n. to flip, to flide.
RESVALO'ZO, adj. flippery.
RESUCITADO'R, f. m. one that revives.
RESUCITA'R, v. n. to revive.
RESUDA'R, v. n. to fweat; to perfpire.
RESUE'LLO, f. m. the breath of the body.
RESUE'LTO, p. p. refolute, or refolved.
RESU'LTA, f. f. the refult of any bufinefs.
RESULTA'R, v. n. to refult, to rebound.
RESU'MEN, f. m. refult, conclufion.
RESUMI'R, v. a. to re-affume, to commence again; alfo to reduce.
RESURGI'R, v. n. obf. to rife from the dead.
RESURRECCIO'N, f. f. refurrection.
RESURTI'R, v. n. to rebound.

RET

RETA'BLO, f. m. a puppet-shew in the nature of the raree-shew carried about the ftreets.
Retáblo, an altar-piece.
RETACA'R, v. n. to ftrike the ball twice at billiards.
RETACO, f. m. a fmall gun.
RETADOR, f. m. a challenger, a defier.
RETAGUA'RDA, *RETAGUA'RDIA*, f. f. the rear of an army or of any body of men.
RETAHI'LA, f. f. the aggregate of many things fet in due order.
RETAJA'R, v. a. to chop, to cut short, to circumcife.
RETA'L, f. m. a remnant.
RETALLA'R, v. n. to fprout again.
RETA'LLO, f. m. a new fprout.
RETA'MA, f. f. furz, whins, heath, gofs.
RETAMA'L, f. m. a ground that bears furz, whins, heath, or gofs.
RETA'R, v. a. to defy, to challenge, to charge a man vith treafon or other heinous crime, and undertake to make it good in combat.
RETARDACIO'N, f. f. a delay.
RETARDA'R, v. n. to retard, to delay.
RETEJA'R, v. a. to tile again, to new tile, to repair the tiling of a houfe; metaph. to mend cloaths.
RETE'N, f. m. in cant, the keeping back a card to cheat with.
RETENCIO'N, f. f. retaining, detaining.
RETENEDO'R, f. m. who ftops, or retains.
RETENE'R, v. a. to retain, to detain, to with hold.
RETENIMIE'NTO, f. m. the act of detaining.
RETEñI'R, v. a. to dye again.
RETENTA'R, v. a. to try, to tempt, to attempt again.
RETENTI'VO, adj. retentive.
RETESAMIE'NTO, f. m. ftaleneſs, growing ftale, cramming oneſelf fo full of meat.

RETESA'R, v. n. to grow ftale to eat till a man belches.
RETICE'NCIA, f. f. reticence, a rhethorical figure fo called.
RETICULA'DO, adj. made in the form of a net.
RETIñE'R, v. a to dye over again; alfo to tinckle, to found like a bell.
RETI'NTE, f. m. dying over again; alfo a tinckling noife.
RETINTI'DO, f. m. a tinckling noife, a jangling of fmall bells, the noife of a shrill loud voice.
RETINTI'N, f. m. the noife of a shrill loud voice.
RETIRA'DA, f. f. a retreat; alfo a retrenchment within another work to retire to when beaten out of the firft.
RETIRADAME'NTE, adv. in retirement.
RETIRA'R, v. n. to retire, to with-draw.
Tocár a retirár, to found a retreat.
Retirár al enemigo, to make the enemy retire.
Retirárſe, v. r. to retire, to retreat.
RETI'RO, f. m. retirement.
RE'TO, f. m. challenge, defiance, charging a man with treafon or any other crime, and offering to make it good in combat.
RETOCA'R, v. a. to touch again, to finish, to complete, to correct, to revife.
RETOñA'R, v. n. to fprout out again, like a plant that has been cut.
RETOñECE'R, v. a. v. *RETOñA'R*.
RETOñO, f. m. a young shoot or fprout of a tree or plant.
RETO'QUE, f. m. correcting, finishing.
RETORCE'R, v. a. to twift, to wreath.
RETORCEDU'RA, f. f. twifting, wreathing.
RETORCIJO'N, f. m. a twift.
Retorcijón de tripas, a fit of the gripes, the twifting of the guts.
RETORCIMIE'NTO, f. m. a twifting, wreathing.
RETO'RICA, f. f. rhetorick, the art of fpeaking.

RETORICAME'NTE, adv. rhetorically.
RETO'RICO, adv. rhetorical.
Retórico, f. m. rhetorician.
RETORNA'R, v. a. to return.
RETO'RNO, fubft. m. a return of kindneſs.
Múlas, ò cabállos de retórno, mules or horfes that have been a journey, and return home empty or unloaded.
RETORTE'RO, adv. *Andár al retortéro*, to twirl about like the little dish the women put upon their fpindle, when it is light, to give it weight, which they call *tortera*. Metaph. to be toffed and tumbled about, to be turmoiled.
RETORTIJA'R, v. a. to twift, to wreath.
RETORTIJO'N, f. m. twifting, wreathing.
Retortijon de tripas, twifting of the guts, gripes.
RETOZADO'R, f. m. one who plays the wanton.
RETOZA'R, v. n. to play the wanton, to rejoice, to dally, to exchange careffes, to fondle.
Retozár con el vérde, to fport, to play, to frolick.
Retozár la rísa, to burft with laughing.
RETO'ZO, f. m. wantonneſs, dallying, careffing lafcivioufly.
RETOZO'N, adj. lewd, impudent, lafcivious.
RETRABA'R, v. a. to fet people by the ears.
RETRACCIO'N, f. f. retraction.
RETRACTACIO'N, f. f. recanting, drawing back.
RETRAHE'R, v. a. to withdraw, to draw back, to retire.
RETRAHIMIENTO, f. m. retirement, drawing back, withdrawing.
RETRANCA, f. f. a crupper for a beaft of burden.
RETRATADO'R, f. m. a painter that draws by the life.
RETRATA'R, v. a. to draw by the life.
RETRATARSE, v. r. to recant, to unfay what one had faid.
RETRA'TO, f. m. a picture drawn by the life.

RETRE'TA, s. f. the tattoo which gives the signal to the soldiers to retire to their quarters at night.
RETRETI'LLO, s. m. a little closet.
RETRE'TE, s. m. a closet, a private room.
RETRIBUCIO'N, s. f. retribution.
RETRIBUI'R, v. a. to return, or make a return.
RETROCEDE'R, v. n. to go back to give way.
RETROCESSIO'N, s. f. going back, giving back.
RETROGRADACION, s. f. drawing or going back.
RETROGRADA'R, v. n. to go back.
RETROGRA'DO, adj. retrograde, going back.
RETRONA'R, v. n. to thunder again, to sound again like thunder.
RETRUCA'R, v. n. to strike one ball against the other at billiards.
RETRUE'CANO, s. m. a rechange or changing again what was changed before.
RETUE'RTO, adj. very crooked
RETULA'R, v. a. to write an inscription or title on a thing.
RE'TULO, s. m. an inscription.
RETUMBA'R, v. n. to resound, to make a hollow or rumbling noise.
RETU'MBO, s. m. a rumbling, a hollow noise.
RETUNDI'R, v. a. to beat back.
RETUSA'R, v. a. to shave, to clip or cut again.

R E V

REVALIDACIO'N, s. f. revalidating, making valid again.
REVALIDA'R, v. a. to revalidate, to make valid again.
REVELACIO'N, s. f. a revelation, the revealing of a secret.
REVELA'R, v. a. to reveal.
REVENDEDO'R, s. m. a retailer, a huckster.
REVENDE'R, v. a. to retail, to sell again.
REVENI'R, v. n. to return, to come again.
Revenirse, v. r. to decay, to grow stale, to take damp, as sweetmeats, or such things do that are ill kept.
REVE'NTA, s. f. retailing.
REVENTADE'RO, s. m. a painful work; also any bad place in a road.
REVENTA'R, v. n. to burst; also to work hard.
REVENTA'R, to plague, to molest also to spring.
Reventár, to long for any time.
REVENTO'N, s. m. bursting; also a great difficulty, or any hard work.
REVE'R, v. a. to review, to revise.
REVERBERACIO'N, s. f. reverberation, repercussion, beating back, reflection.
REVERBERA'R, v. a. to reverberate, to reflect, to beat back.
REVERDECE'R, v. n. to grow green again.
Reverdecér, to break out again.
REVERE'NCIA, s. f. reverence, respect; the title given to priests and religious persons.
REVERENCIADO'R, s. m. he who pays reverence.
REVERENCIA'L, adj. reverential, respectful.
REVERENCIA'R, v. a. to reverence, to respect, to honour.
REVERE'NDAS, s. f. pl. letters from one prelate to another recommending a person to be ordained, or the like.
REVERE'NDO, adj. reverend.
REVERENTE, adj. reverent.
REVERSIO'N, s. f. reversion.
REVE'RSO, adj. the reverse or backside of a medal or coin.
REVER'TER, v. a. to revert, to turn again.
REVE'S, s. m. the wrong side of any thing; a backstroke; also any misfortune.
Al revés, adv. the wrong way, the wrong side outwards.
REVE'SA, s. f. in cant, the act of one that betrays his trust.
REVESADO, adj. difficult, hard, stubborn, peevish.
Párto revesádo, a woman's hard delivery.
REVESA'R, v. a. to vomit.
REVESTI'R, v. a. to cloath; to put one garment over another.
Revestirse el sacerdóte, for the priest to vest himself to officiate at the altar.
REVEZA'R, v. a. to take turns;
REVIE'SO, adv. aukward, untoward.
REVISIO'N, s. f. a revising, or looking over an account.
REVISO'R, s. m. the person who revises or looks over.
REVI'STA, s. f. a review.
Revísta de pleito, the rehearsing of a cause.
REVISTA'R, v. a. in law, to revise a cause.
REVI'STO, p. p. of *rever*.
REVIVI'R, v. n. to revive, to live again.
REVOCA'BLE, adj. revocable.
REVOCACIO'N, s. f. revocation, repeal, recalling, or revoking.
REVOCA'R, v. a. to revoke, to recall, to repeal.
REVO'CO, s. m. the polish given to a wall.
REVOLA'R, v. n. to fly again; in cant, to make his escape through a window or the top of the house.
REVOLCADE'RO, s. m. the place where dogs or other animals roll or wallow.
Revolcárse, v. r. to tumble, to roll, to wallow.
Revolcárse en su sángre, to wallow in one's blood.
REVOLEA'R, v. n. to bound, to fly back.
REVOLETE'O, s. m. a quick motion of birds in flying.
REVOLOTEA'R, v. n. v. *REVOLEA'R*.
REVOLTI'LLO, s. m. a heap of several things put togeter.
REVOLTO'N, s. m. a sort of worm feeding upon leaves.
REVOLTOSO, adj. turbulent, seditious.
REVOLUCIO'N, s. f. a revolution.
REVOLVEDO'R, s. m. one who sets at variance.
REVOLVE'R, v. a. to wrap, to roll up, to turn round, to stir about, to set at variance.
REVO'QUE, s. m. v. *REVO'CO*.

REVUE'LTO, p. p. of *revolver*.
REVUE'LO, f. m. flying back; alfo confufion.
De revuélo, adv. quickly.
REVULSI'VO, } adj. that cau-
REVULSO'RIO, } fes or can caufe a revulfion.

R E U

REU'MA, f. f. a rheum, a defluxion.
REUNION, f. f to re-union.
REUNI'R, v. a. to re-unite.
REUPO'NTICO, the herb centaury.

R E Y

RE'Y, f. m. a king.
R. y católico, the catolick king, the king of Spain.
Rey de armas, a king at arms.
El rey don Alonso, the name of a Spanish dance.
Aquí del rey, a cry, demanding affiftance in the king's name.

Prov. *Viva el rey y dáca la capa*, God fave the king, and give me your cloak. Applied to thofe, who under colour of ferving the king or executing juftice, rob the people.

Prov. *Nuevo rey, nueva ley*; new kings new laws.
Réyes, kings in the plural number is often ufed to fignify the king ad queen.
Fiésta di reyes, the Epiphany or Twelfthday.
Dia de réyes, idem.
REYE'RTA, f. f. a quarrel, a fray, wrangling, ftrife.
REYECI'LLO, f. m. a petty king; alfo a fort of venemous ferpent, fo called, becaufe it has fomething like a crown on the head.
REYEZUE'LO, f. m. a wren, a bird fo called.

R E Z

REZA'GA, f. f. rear guard.
Rezagárse, v. r. to fall behind, to lag behind.

REZA'GO, f. m. the ftate of remaining behind, what remains behind, the refiduum of any thing.
REZA'R, v. a. to pray, to recite, to fay without finging.
REZELADO'R, f. m. the horfe that ferves to make the mares hot before they receive ftallion.
REZELA'R, v. a. to fear, to fufpect, to miftruft.
REZE'LO, f. m. fear, miftruft, fufpicion.
REZELO'ZO, adj. fearful, fufpicious, miftruftful.
RE'ZNO, f. m. a tick, fuch as torment dogs, sheep, &c.
RE'ZO, f. m. a prayer.
REZONGA'R, } v. n. to mut-
REZONGEA'R, } ter, to grumble.
REZONGO'N, f. m. a grumbling muttering fellow.
REZUMA'RSE, v. r. to tranfpire.
REZU'RA, f. f. v. *RECIU'RA*.

R H A

RHACHI'TICO, adj. difeafed, by the rickets.
RHACHI'TIS, f. f. the rickets, a difeafe in children fo called.

R H E

RHETO'RICA, f. f. rhetorick.
Rhetóricas, pl. excufes, pretexts.
RHETO'RICO, adj. rhetorical.
RHEU'MA, f. f. rheum.
RHEUMATICO, adj. rheumatick.
RHEUMATI'SMO, f. m. rheumatifm.

R H I

RHINOCERO'NTE, f. m. a beaft called rhinoceros with a horn in his front.

R H O

RHO'MBO, f. m. a rhomb, a parallelogram.
RHOMBOI'DES, f. m. a rhomboid.

R I A

RI'A, f. f. the mouth of a great river, a great inlet of the fea like the mouth of a river, fit for ships to anchor in.
RIACHUE'LO, f. m. a little river, a brook.
RIACHUELO, } f. m. a brook, a
RIATI'LLO } rivulet.

R I B

RI'BA, f. f. the fea shore.
RIBA'ZO, f. m. the ridge of a hill; alfo a high bank.
RIBE'RA, f. f. the shore, the fide of a river or of the fea, the banks.
Hómbre de mónte y ribéra, a man good at any thing, that can turn his hand to any thing.
RIBEREñO, adj. belonging to a river.
RIBE'TE, f. m. a fillet about any thing, the hem of a garment, or any fmall lace or ornament about it.
RIBETEA'R, v. a. to edge, to border, to fillet.

R I C

RICA'CHO, f. m. vide *RICAZO*.
RICAME'NTE, adv. richly.
RICA'ZO, f. m. a wealthy rich man.
RICIA'L, adj. that produces a fecond time after the cutting down of corn. Said of a field.
RI'CO, f. m. rich. Formerly it fignified noble as well as rich.
Ricos hómes, the nobility, the barons of the realm.

Prov. *O rico ó pinjádo*, either rich or hanged; neck or nothing.

Prov. *El rico cóme quándo quiére, y el póbre quándo tiéne*, the rich man eats when he pleafes, and the poor man when he has it.

Prov. *Ni a rico débas, ni a póbre prométas*, do not run in debt with a rich man, nor promife any thing to a poor one.

R I D

RIDICULAME'NTE, adv. ridiculoufly.
RIDICULE'Z, f. f. a ridiculoufnefs.
RIDI'CULO, *RIDICULO'SO*, adj. ridiculous.

R I E

RIE'GO, f. m. watering.
RIE'L, f. m. gold or filver that has been melted, and being fplit, is run into a broad flat plate; alfo an ingot, or a mould to caft ingots in.
RIE'NDA, f. f. the rein of a bridle.
A riénda fuélta, a round gallop.
A média riénda, a half fpeed.
A toda riénda, full fpeed.
Bolver las riéndas, to come about.
Poner riénda en la léngua, to curb one's tongue.
RIE'SGO, f. m. danger, peril, hazard.

R I F

RI'FA, f. f. ftrife, contention, a quarrel; alfo raffle or lottery.
RIFA'R, v. a. to ftrive, to contend, to quarrel; alfo to raffle at play.
RIFIRA'FE, f. m. a flight quarrel.

R I G

RIGIDE'Z, f. f. harshnefs, feverity.
RI'GIDO, adj. rigid, auftere, ftern, fevere.
RIGO'R, f. m. rigour, harshnefs, feverity.
Llevár una cofa por todo rigor, to ufe the utmoft extremities.
RIGURIDA'D, f. f. obf. v. *RIGOR*.
RIGUROSAME'NTE, adv. rigorouſly, rigidly.
RIGUROSIDA'D, f. f. rigorouſnefs, rigidnefs.
RIGURO'SO, adj. rigorous, rigid.

R I J.

RI'JA, f. f. a running fore in the corner of the eye, a *fiftula lachrymalis*.

R I M

RI'MA, f. f. a rhime in poetry; alfo a heap, a ftack, a pile.
RIMA'R, v. n. to rhime.
RIMBOMBA'R, v. n. to refound, to echo.
RIMBO'MBO, f. m. refound, echoing.
RIME'RO, f. m. a heap, a pile, a ftack.

R I N

RINCO'N, f. m. a corner.
El rincón de las fiéte femanas, a very retired place.
Al rincón con el almohadilla, into the corner with the cushion. This they fay to young maids, bidding them retire into a corner with their work.
RINCONA'DA, f. f. the corner formed by two houfes, ftreets, or roads.
RINCONCI'LLO, f. m. a little corner.
RINGLA, *RINGLE'RA*, f. f. a row of houfes.
RINGORA'NGO, f. m. a flourishing ftroke of the pen made in writing.

R I Ñ.

RIÑA, f. f. a quarrel.
RIÑO'N, f. m. a kidney.
Riñónes, pl. the reins of the back.
RIÑONA'DA, f. f. the fat about the kidneys.

R I O

RI'O, f. m. a river.

Prov. *A rio rebuelto ganancia de pefcaderos*, good fishing in troubled waters.

Prov. *Do va mas hondo el rio hace menos ruido*, the deepeft waters make leaft noife.

Prov. *El rio paffádo, el fánto olvidádo*, when the river is paft, the faint is forgotten.

Prov. *En el rio do no hai peces, por démas es echar redes*, it is in vain to caft nets into a river where there is no fish.

Prov. *En rio quedo no metas tu dedo*, do not put your finger into a ftill river; that is, do not have any thing to do with demure ftill people.

Prov. *Lo que el rio alléga, el rio lo lleva*, what the river gathers, the river carries away. What is got over the devil's back is fpent under his belly.

Prov. *Quando el rio no hace ruido, ò no lleva agua, ò va mui crecido*, when the river makes no noife, either it has no water, or is very full.

RIO'STRA. f. f. a prop or shore to prop up a wall till it can be otherwife repaired.

R I P.

RI'PIA, f. f. a shingle, fuch as they ufe to cover houfes with, a chip, a lath.
RIPIA'R, v. a. to cover a houfe with shingle; alfo to lath.
RI'PIO, f. m. the fmall bits of ftone that fly in the working of ftones by the mafons; other fmall ftones and rubbish.
Meter mucho ripio, to talk much, and little to the purpofe.
Dar ripio a la mano, to furnish matter.

R I Q

RIQUE'ZA, f. f. wealth, riches.
RIQUISSI'MO, adj. fuperl. moft wealthy, or rich.

R I S.

RI'SA, f. f. laughter.
RISA'DA, f. f. a fit of laughter.
RI'SCO, f. m. a rock, a cleft, a crag; rifque, danger, hazard.

RISIBILIDA'D, f. f. rifibility, the power of laughing.
RISI'BLE, adj. that can laugh.
RI'STRA, f. f. a rope of onions, garlicks, or the like.
RI'STRE, f. m. the reft, an iron to reft the but-end of the lance.
Lanza en riftre, the lance in the reft; that is, againft the breaft; in order to run againft the adverfary.
RISUE'ñO, adj. pleafing, fmiling, pleafant.

R I T

RI'THMO, f. m. rhime, metre.
RI'TO, f. m. rite, cuftom, manner.
RITUAL, f. m. the book that contains the rites and ceremonies of the church.

R I V

RIVA'L, f. m. a rival.
RIVE'RA, f. f. a rivulet, a brook.

R I X

RI'XA, f. f. a quarel, a difpute.
RIXADO'R, adj. quarelfome.
RIXO, f. m. inclination to fenfuality.
RIXO'SO, adj. troublefome, quarrelfome; alfo fenfual, inclined to fenfuality.

R I Z

RI'ZA, f. f. the root of the green barley given to horfes; alfo havock, deftruction, a great flaughter.
RIZA'R, v. a. to curl the hairs; alfo to plait linen nicely.
RI'ZO, f. m. curl, plait.
Terciopelo rizo, unshorn velvet.

R O A

ROA'NO, adj. roan, faid of a certain colour in a horfe.

R O B

ROB, f. m. v. *ARROPE*.
ROBAR, v. a. to rob, to fteal.
Cáfa robáda, f. f. a diforderly, unfurnished houfe.
Robár corazónes, to fteal hearts, to win people's affections, to make onefelf beloved.
ROBADO'R, f. m. a robber, a thief.
ROBAMIE'NTO, f. m. theft.
ROBERI'A, f. f. theft, robbery.
ROBI'N, f. m. ruft in metals.
ROBLA'R, v. a. to caulk horfes shoes; alfo to rivet.
RO'BLE, f. m. an oak-tree.
ROBLEDA'L, f. m. a wood or grove of a oak-trees.
ROBLI'ZO, adj. ftrong, ftout.
RO'BO, f. m. theft, robbery.
ROBORA'R, v. a. to ftrenghten.
ROBORATI'VO, adj. ftrenghtening.
ROBRA, f. f. an inftrument in writing upon a bargain, a bill of fale, or articles of fale.
ROBRA'R, v. a. to draw an inftrument in writing; alfo to clench a nail.
ROBUSTAME'NTE, adv. vigoroufly.
ROBUSTE'Z, f. f. vigour, ftrength.
ROBU'STO, adj. robuft, ftrong, hardy, fturdy.
ROBUSTOSIDA'D, f. f. vide *ROBUSTEZ*.

R O C

RO'CA, f. f. a rock.
Rócas, pl. a ridge of rocks about twelve degrees of north latitude.
ROCADE'RO, f. m. the part of the diftaff or fpinning-wheel, about which they faften the flax; alfo a piece of paper rolled up wide at top and pointed at bottom, to wrap fweetmeats or the like in.
ROCALLA, f. f. an aggregate of fmall ftones and pebbles artfully placed.
ROCIA'DA, f. f. a fprinkling; alfo a volley of shot.
ROCIADE'RO, f. m. a fprinkler.
ROCIADO'R, f. m. a fprinkler.
ROCIA'R, v. a. to fprinkle; to bedew.
ROCI'N, f. m. a nag, a horfe.
ROCI'O, f. m. the dew.
ROCLO', f. m. a cloak fo called.

R O D

RO'DA, f. f. the rake of a ship.
RODABA'LLO, f. m. a turbot.
RODA'DA, f. f. the wheel-rut on the road.
RODADE'RO, adj. eafily wheeling.
RODA'DO, adj. dappled; faid of a horfe.
RODADO'R, f. m. any thing that tumbles or rolls like a bowl.
RODADU'RA, f. f. a tumbling or rolling like a bowl.
RODA'JA, f. f. the rowel of a fpur, or any thing that turns round in that nature; a pulley, or the like.
RODA'NCHO, f. m. a round buckler.
Ser rodáncho, in cant, to be bold or daring.
RODAPE'LO, f. m. vide *RODOPELO*.
RODAPIE'S, f. m. pl. the bafes round the bottom of a bed.
RODA'R, v. n. to tumble, to roll; metaph. to be toffed about unregarded, to be made no account of.
RODEA'R, v. a. to encompafs.
Mas vále rodéar, que no ahogár, it is better to go about than drown.
RODE'LA, f. f. a round target.
RODELE'RO, f. m. the foldier that wears a *rodéla*.
RODE'O, f. m. a compafs, the fartheft way about; in cant, a company of rogues and whores.
Rodéo pára la cabeza, a cloth rolled in a ring to put on the head to carry a burthen.
RODE'RO, adj. belonging to the wheels.
RODE'TE, f. m. a roll, fuch as women ufed to wear on their heads; alfo a little border for a coat, or the like.
RODE'ZNO, f. m. the piece of wood or timber which draws the upper millftone about when it grinds; metaph. any short thick thing.
RODI'LLA, f. f. a knee; alfo a dish-clout.
RODILLA'ZO, f. m. a thump with the knee.

RODI'LLO, f. m. a roller, a long round piece of wood they lay on the ground, to lay a ftone or timber of great weight on, and roll it along.
RODILLU'DO, adj. that has great knees.
RODRIGAR, v. a. to prop, to shore up.
RODRIGO'N, f. m. a pole or prop for a vine.
RODRIGONCI'LLO, f. m. a little pole or prop for a vine.

R O E

ROEDO'R, f. m. a gnawer; metaph. a carper, a railer.
ROEDU'RA, f. f. a gnawing; metaph. carping, railing.
ROE'L, f. m. a flat round, or plate, all forts of flat rounds ufed in heraldry.
ROE'R, v. a. to gnaw; metaph. to cenfure, to talk ill of the abfent.
Roér los çancájos, to carp, to find out faults.
Róete éffe huéffo, there's a bone for you to pick.
ROE'TE, f. m. the juice of the pome-granate made into wine.

R O F

ROFIAN, f. m. v. *RUFIA'N.*
ROFIANERI'A, f. f. v. *RUFIANERI'A.*
ROFIANEA'R, v. n. v. *RUFIANEA'R.*

R O G

ROGACIONE'S, f. f. pl. the Rogation week.
ROGADO'R, f. m. an intreater, one that prays or requefts.
ROGA'R, v. a. to intreat, to pray, to requeft.
ROGATI'VAS, f. f. pl. publick prayers in the church in fome time of need.

R O L

ROL, f. m. a lift, a catalogue containing names, a regifter.
ROLDA'NAS, f. f. pl. trucks, thofe little wooden wheels, without any fpokes, on which the carriages of guns do run on ship-board.
RO'LDE, f. m. a circle of perfons, or any other thing.
ROLLI'ZO, adj. thick and round, brawny, fat.
RO'LLO, f. m. any long round thing, a roll, a fcroll of writing; alfo a fweet cake made like a roll or wreath, It is alfo a gallows.
Tenér fu piédra en el róllo, to have a ftone at the gallows; to be ref-pected; to be proud and conceited.
Róllo de mantéca, a roll of butter.
Peftáda en róllo, barrelled cod.
ROLLO'NA, adj. f. ftout, ftrong. Said of a woman.

R O M

ROMADIZA'DO, adj. that has got a cold.
ROMADIZA'RSE, v. r. to get cold.
ROMADI'ZO; f. m. a cold, a defluxion.
ROMA'NA, f. f. the balance, called the fteelyard.
ROMA'NCE, f. m. the Spanish tongue; alfo a fort of poem.
ROMANCEA'R, v. a. to tranflate into Spanish.
ROMANCE'RO, f. m. one that compofes that fort of verfes, called romances; or a book of that fort of verfes; or one that writes or tranflates into Spanish.
ROMANCI'STA, f. m. who compofes romances.
ROMANEA'R, v. a. to weigh with a fteelyard.
ROMA'NO, adj. black and white; faid of the colour of a cat.
ROMA'NZAR, v. a. to turn or to put into Spanish.
ROMA'ZA, f. f. the four dock.
RO'MBO, f. m. v. *RU'MBO.*
ROMER'A, f. f. a woman pilgrim.
Prov. *Ir roméra, y volvér raméra*, to go out a pilgrim, and return home a whore; that is, to pretend fanctity and follow lewdnefs.
ROME'RAL, f. m. a plat of ground planted with rofemary, or where it grows wild.
ROMERI'A, f. f. a pilgrimage.
De táles romerías fe sácan táles venéras, fuch pilgrimages afford fuch fcallopshells; faid when a man is poxed, and breaks out in fcabs and blotches.
Prov. *Romería de cérca múcho vino y póca céra*, a short pilgrimage is a great expence of wine and little wax. Thofe little pilgrimages near home have more of mirth than devotion; and therefore much wine is fpent, and little wax offered.
ROME'RO, f. m. the herb rofemary; alfo a pilgrim.
Prov. *Roméro ahíto, sáco rotíco*, a pilgrim, though he be overbeaten, will get a piece of bread of you. That is they are importunate, though they want it not, and their importunity extorts it.
Prov. *Gran obréro, gran roméro*, a great workman is a great pilgrim; becaufe he is fent for from all parts.
Roméro, f. m. a little fish that fticks to the sharks fo clofe, that they cannot shake it off, and feeds on what flips by the sharks.
RO'MO, adj. flat-nofed; alfo the male mule, got by a horfe on a she-afs.
ROMPEDO'R, f. m. a breaker.
ROMPENE'CIOS, f. m. one that makes his ufe of fools till he ruins them.
ROMPEPO'YOS, f. m. a vagabond, an idle fellow, one that is fitting about in ftreets.
ROMPE'R, v. a. to break; metaph. to fall to open enmity.
Rompér por la génte, to break through the people.
Rompérfe úna perfóna, v. r. to break loofe into wickednefs; to break out into the world to learn expe-rience.

ROMPESQUI'NAS, f. m. a fierce bully, a noisy fellow.

ROMPIMIE'NTO, f. m. the act of breaking.

RON

RO'NCA, f. f. a bravade.

RONCAME'NTE, adv. hoarsely.

RONCA'R, v. n. to snore.

RONCEA'R, v. n. to be idle or lazy; to slug about; also to flatter.

RONCERI'A, f. f. laziness, idleness; also flattery.

RONCE'RO, f. m. a lazy idle fellow, a flatterer, a little fawning child.

RO'NCHA, f. f. a wheal raised by the sting of a nettle, the bite of an insect, a blow or the like.

RONCHA'R, v. a. v. *RONZA'R*.

RONCHO'N, f. m. augment. of *roncha*.

RO'NCO, adj. hoarse.

RO'NDA, f. f. the round that goes at night, the watch; also the space between the walls of a town and the houses; also the way of the rounds, being a space between the rampart and the low parapet under it.

RONDADO'R, f. m. one that goes the rounds: one that keeps bad hours.

RONDA'R, v. n. to go the rounds; to keep bad hours; to haunt a place much.

RONDI'Z, f. m. the lower or broader part in a precious stone.

RONDO'N; as, *Entrárse de rondón*, to intrude abruptly, without asking leave.

RONQUEA'R, v. n. to be hoarse.

RONQUEDA'D, } f. f. hoarseness.
RONQUE'RA, }

RONQUIDO, f. m. snoring, snort.

RONQUI'TO, adj. hoarsish.

RONZAL, f. m. the halter of a horse or mule.

RONZAR, v. a. to chew or crack hard things.

ROñ

RO'ñA, f. f. the scab in sheep, scabbiness; it is also taken for dirt or nastiness grimed into any thing.

ROñO'SO, adj. scabby; also grimed with dirt.

ROP

RO'PA, f. f. all furniture of a house, in linen, silk, and woolen; all that belongs to a man's cloathing; the clothes a man has on, or any loose garment he wears over the rest.

Rópa de levantár, a morning or a night gown.

Rópa de mésa, table-linen.

Rópa blánca, linen.

Rópa afuéra, a term used in the galleys to bid the slaves strip to row.

Rópa a la mar, (sea-term) to throw goods over-board in a storm, or when a ship is a-ground.

Hacér a tóda rópa, to plunder all one finds.

Prov. *Quién quiére vivir sáno, la rópa de invierno traiga en veráno*, he that will be healthy, must wear the same clothes in summer and in winter.

ROPA'GE, f. m. drapery, the parts composing a garment.

ROPAVEJERO, f. m. a broker that sells old clothes.

ROPERI'A f. f. a street where all sorts of garments are sold; in monasteries they give this name to a room, where they keep all their clothes or habits; also a wardrobe.

ROPE'RO, f. m. a broker that sells clothes.

ROPE'TA, f. f. a little coat or garment.

ROPI'LLA, f. f. a sort of waistcoat with six skirts, and hanging sleeves, and a narrow welt about two fingers broad on the shoulders.

ROPI'TA, f. f. v. *ROPE'TA*.

ROPO'N, f. m. a gown.

ROQ

ROQUE, f. m. a rook at chess.

ROQUE'RO, adj. rocky.

Castillo roquéro, a castle seated on a rock.

ROQUE'TE, f. m. a short surplice.

ROR

RORRO, f. m. a hum made to set children to sleep.

ROS

RO'SA, f. f. a rose.

Rósa castellána, a Provence rose.

Rósa de alexandría, or *rósa montés*, the piony, hill-rose, or king's bloom.

Rósa sylvéstre, sweet brier.

ROSA'DO, adj. of the colour of roses, or made of roses.

Azeite rosádo, oil of roses.

Electuário rosádo, an electuary of roses.

Azucar rosádo, sugar of roses.

Agua rosáda, rose-water.

ROSA'L, f. m. a rose-tree, a rose-bush.

ROSA'RIO, f. m. the rosary, the beads.

RO'SCA, f. f. a sweet cake made with a hole in the middle.

ROSCO'N, f. m. augment. of *rosca*.

ROSEO, adj. rosy, of a rose colour.

ROSE'TA, subst. f. a little rose, such as is made upon curious works in silver or the like, to cover a rivet, or for such use; also the rowel of a spur.

ROSICLE'R, f. m. brightness, a shining beauty, such as of a clear sky, the dawning of the day, a bright sword, or the like.

ROSMA'RO, f. m. a sea animal so called.

RO'SO, adj. ruddy, as some fruits when ripe, as apples, peaches, or the like.

No dexár róso, ni vellóso, to sweep away all, good and bad; from the similitude of some sorts of fruit, as peaches, which when green are rough and downy, and when ripe turn ruddy.

ROSO'LI, f. m a kind of dram so called.

ROSQUILLA, f. f. a little sweet round cake made in a ring.

ROSTITUE'RTO, adj. wrylooked, out of humour.

RO'STRO, ſ. m. the face.
Hacér roſtro, to face an enemy, to ſtand to one's adverſary.
Hulr el roſtro, to turn one's back, to avoid meeting a man, to avoid contention.
Dar en roſtro, to upbraid.
Roſtro à roſtro, face to face.
Hacérſe el roſtro to break one's face.

R O T

RO'TA, ſ. f. a rout, a defeat of an army.
ROTACIO'N, ſ. f. rotation.
ROTAME NTE, adv. raggedly.
RO'TO, adj. broken, torn, ragged; a ragged or a lewd fellow.
ROTULA'R, v. a. to put on an inſcription.
RO'TULO, ſ. m. a roller a trundle to roll great weights on; an inſcription upon any thing.
ROTUNDIDA'D, ſ. f. roundneſs.
ROTUNDO, adj. round.
ROTURA, ſ. f. a rent in a garment, a breach.

R O X

ROXEA'R, v. n. to be ruddy, to bluſh.
RO'XO, adj. red.

R O Y

ROYA, ſ. m. the dampneſs of corn.

R O Z

ROZA. ſ. f. rubbing.
ROZAGA'NTE, adject. ample, ſumptuous, showing; ſaid of dreſs. Metaph. arrogant, proud; alſo gay, brilliant.
ROZA'R, v. a. to till the ground in order to ſow; alſo to rub; and, in cant, to eat.
Roҫárſe, v. r. to reſemble.
ROZAVILLON, ſ. m. in cant, one who comes to eat and drink in a private houſe without being deſired.
ROZNA'R, v. n. to bray like an aſs, to mutter, to make a noiſe; alſo to gnaw, to champ, to chew.
ROZNIDO, ſ. m. braying, muttering.
RO'ZNO, ſ. m. in cant, an aſs.
ROZO, ſ. m. the chips made in cutting wood; in cant, vituals.

R U A

RU'A, ſ. f. a ſtreet.
Cabállo, de rúa, a fine horſe to prance about the ſtreets.
RUA'N, ſ. m. linen cloth ſo called.
RUA'NO, adj. roan; ſaid of a horſe.
RUA'R, v. n. to walk or ride about the ſtreets to gallant the ladies.

R U B

RUBE'TA, ſ. f. a kind of venemous frog.
RUBI', ſ. m. the precious ſtone called a ruby.
RUBI'A, ſ. f. the herb madder, uſed in dying.
RUBIAL, ſ. m. the field where madders grow.
RUBICA'N, adj. white and red; ſaid of the horſe's colour.
RUBICU'NDO, adj. ruddy. Latin *rubicundus*.
RU'BIO, adj. ruddy; fair-haired.
RU'BIO, } ſ. m. the fiſh called a
RUBIO'N } gurnet.
Rubión, red wheat.
RUBO'R, ſ. m. ſhame bluſh.
RU'BRICA, ſ. f. a mark or flouriſh either under the name, or at the end of it, to prevent counterfeiting; in books of accounts, to every leaf inſtead of the name, to ſhew it has paſſed ſuch an office, and been examined by ſuch an officer alſo the titles of the laws. It is alſo the rubrick or red letters uſed in prayer books.
RUBRICA'R, v. a. to mark.
RUBRO, adj. red, of a red colour.

R U C

RUC, ſ. m. a fabulous bird of an immenſe ſize.
RUCIA'DA, ſ. f. v. *ROCIADA*.
RUCIA'R, v. a. vide *ROCIA'R*.
RU'CIO, adj. grey; only uſed in ſpeaking of beaſts.
Rúcio de la mâncha, an aſs.
Rúcio rodádo, a dapple grey.

R U D

RU'DA, ſ. f. the herb rue.
RUDAME'NTE, adv. ignorantly, dully.
RUDE'RA, ſ. f. rubbiſh.
RUDE'ZA, ſ. f. dullneſs, ignorance.
RUDIME'NTO, ſ. m. rudiment.
RU'DO, adj. dull, coarſe groſs.

R U E

RUE'CA, ſ. f. a diſtaff.
RUE'DA, ſ. f. a wheel.
Ruéda de peſcádo, a ſlice of a round fiſh.
Ruéda de arcabúҫ, the wheel of a wheellock musket.
Calҫár la ruéda, to faſten a wheel in order to ſtop it from running too faſt down hill; or to put a ſtone to it to ſtop it quite.
RUEDECICA, }
RUEDECI'LLA, } ſubſt. f. a little
RUEDECI'TA } wheel.
RUEDO, ſ. m. the compaſſ or width of a garment; alſo a border ſet about women's petticoats.
A tódo ruédo, for all manner of ſervice.
RUE'GO, ſ. m. intreaty, requeſt, prayer.

Prov. *Ruégos porqué cánte, y ruégos porqué calle*, intreaties to ſing, intreaties to give over. Some people muſt be courted to ſing, and when they begin, will never give over.

Prov. *Ruégo de grânde, fuérҫa es que te hâce*, the intreaty of a great man is putting a force upon you; becauſe when great men requeſt, little ones dare not deny.

Prov. *Ruégo y derécho bâcen hécho*, intreaty and right do the deed. Right alone is not enough, but ſometimes fair words and intreaties have more force.

RUE'LLO, ſ. m. a kind of roller uſed in agriculture.

RUF

RUF

RUFI'ZNO, f. m. a little pimp.
RUFIA'N, f. m. a ruffian, a bully, a pimp.
Prov. *Almuérza con rufian, cóme con carpintéro, y céna con arriéro*, breakfast with a bully, dine with a carpenter, and fup with a carrier; becaufe thofe are their beft meals.
RUFIANA'R, v. n. to play the ruffian, bully, or pimp.
RUFIANCI'LLO, f. m. a little ruffian, bully, or pimp.
RUFIANERI'A, f. f. bullying, pimping, playing the ruffian.
RUFIANE'SCO, adj. of, or belonging to ruffians, bullies, and pimps.
RU'FO, f. m. the cant word for a ruffian, bully, or pimp.
RUFO'N, f. m. in cant, the fteel ufed to ftrike fire out of the flint.

RUG

RU'GA, f. f. v. *ARRU'GA*.
RUGA'R, v. n. v. *ARRUGA'R*.
RUGI'DO, f. m. a roaring like a lion.
RUGINO'SO, adj. rufty.
RUGI'R, v. n. to roar like a lion.
Rugirfe úna cófa, to be muttered about and not openly difcourfed.
RUGOSIDA'D, fubft. f. rugofity, wrinkles.
RUGO'SO, adj. rumpled, full of wrinkles.

RUI

RUIBA'RBO, f. m. rhubarb.
RUI'DO, f. m. noife; found.
Ruido, fray, quarrel; in cant, a pimp.
RUIDOSAME'NTE, adv. with great noife.
RUIDO'SO, adj. noify.
RUI'N, adj. mean, vile, bafe; defpifcable, covetous.
RUI'NA, f. f. ruin, deftruction.
Ruina de un edificio, the ruins of an edifice.
RUINA'R, v. a. v. *ARRUINAR*.
RUINO'SO, adj. ruinous, threatening ruin.
RUINDA'D, f. f. a bafe action; alfo covetoufnefs, mifery.
RUINME'NTE, adv. meanly, vilely.
RUIPO'NCE, f. m. a root fo called.
RUIPONTI'CO, f. m. the herb centaury.
RUISEÑOR, f. m. the nightingale.
RULA'R, v. a. v. *RODA'R*.
RULO, f. m. a great bowl.

RUM

RUMBA'DA, f. f. the place at the head of the galley where the men go to eafe themfelves.
RU'MBO, f. m. a courfe, a way, a method; the rhumb a ship fteers at fea.
Echár de rúmbo, to boaft.
RUMBOSAME'NTE, adv. with pomp and oftentation.
RUMBO'SO, adject. magnificent, fplendid, pompous.
RU'MIA, f. f. the act of chewing or ruminating, as kine do.
RUMIADO'R, f. m. a chewer of the cud; one that confiders maturely.
RUMIA'R, v. n. to chew the cud, to confider maturely.
RUMO'R, f. m. rumour, report, noife.
RUMORCI'LLO, f. m. a little rumour, report, or noife.

RUN

RU'NFLA, f. f. in cant, a great number, quantity, or parcel.
RUNRU'N, fubft. m. a noife, an uproar.

RUÑ

RUÑA'R, v. a. to cut or work as the cooper does.

RUP

RUPICA'PRA, f. f. a wild-goat.
RUPTURA, f. f. v. *ROTURA*.

RUQ

RUQUE'TA, f. f. the plant rocket.

RUR

RURA'L, adj. rural, belonging to the country.

RUS

RUSCO, f. m. a plant fo called.
RUSTICAME'NTE, adv. rufticaliy, clownishly.
RUSTICIDA'D, f. f. clownishnefs.
RUSTICA, adj. clownish; fubftantively ufed, a clown.
RUSTIQUE'Z, *RUSTIQUE'ZA*, fubft. f. clownishnefs.

RUT

RUTA, f. f. a road confidered as divided into ftages.
RUTILA'NTE, adj. bright, shining, glittering.
RU'TILO, adj. bright, shining, glittering.

RUX

RUXA'DA, f. f. a fudden shower.
RUXA'R, v. a. to irrigate, to water.

S.

S, A letter moftly pronounced as in English.

S A B

SA'BADO, fubft. m. Saturday, the Sabbath.

SA'BALO, f. m. a fish called an olave or a shad.

SA'BANA, f. f. a sheet for a bed.

SABANDI'JA, f. f. any worm or fuch fmall creature; alfo a short ugly perfon.

SABANI'LLA, f. f. a fmall sheet.

SABAñO'N, f. f. a chilblain.

Comér cómo un fabañon, to eat like a chilblain; to be always eating.

SABA'TICO, adj. relating to the Sabbath.

SABATINA, f. f. the office of Saturday in the church.

SABATI'NO, adj. belonging to the Sabbath.

SABATI'SMO, f. m. fabbatifm, reft, obfervance of the Sabbath, fuperftitioufly rigid.

SABATO'RIOS, f. m. pl. a name given to the Jews.

SABE'O, adj. relating to the country called Sabas, Sabean.

SAB'ER, f. m. learning, fcience.

Sabér, v. a. to know, to be learned; alfo to tafte of.

No sábe quántos fon cinco, he cannot count five, he is a mere idiot.

Prov. *Mas vále fabér que habér*, better be wife than rich.

Prov. *Quién póco fábe préfto lo réza*, he that knows, little, foon repeats it. A fool's bolt is foon shot; a short horfe is foon curried.

Prov. *Quién no sábe remendár, no sábe parir ni criar*, she that knows not how to mend, knows not how to bring forth or breed up; that is, poor women who have children, muft work and know how to mend their cloaths.

Hacér fabér, to make known.

SABIAME'NTE, adv. wifely.

SABIDO'R, f. m. one that knows or underftands.

SABIDO'RA, f. f. a woman that knows or underftands.

SABIDORAMENTE, adv. obf. vide *SABIAMENTE*.

SABIDURI'A, fubft. f. wifdom, knowledge.

A fabiéndas, adv. knowingly, purpofely, defignedly.

SABIE'ZA, f. f. obf. for *SABIDURI'A*.

SABI'NA, f. f. the herb favine.

SA'BIO, adj. wife, f. m. a wife man.

SABIONDE'Z, f. f. much knowledge joined to much malice and cunning.

SABIO'NDO, adj. that has knowledge joined to malice and cunning.

SA'BLE, f. m. fabre, cimetar, short fword with a convex edge.

SABO GA, f. f. the fish called a shad.

SABO'R, f. m. tafte, favour, relish. In old Spanish, defire.

SABOREA'R, v. a. to give a tafte, to give a relish.

Saboreárfe, v. r. to fmack one's chops or relish a thing one likes.

SABOYA'NA, f. f. a woman's petticoat fo called.

SABROSAME'NTE, adv. favourily.

SABRO'SO, adj. favoury, relishing.

SABUE'SSO, f. m. a blood-hound.

SA'BULO, f. m. gravel, hard fand.

SABULO'SO, adj. full or mixed with gravel or hard fand.

S A C

SA'CA, f. f. a great fack; alfo a drawing or taking out, and a duty upon goods exported.

Sáca, f. f. exportation.

Rénta de sácas, a duty upon exportation.

Alcálde de sácas, a chief officer over thofe that receive the duty on goods exported.

Sáca de bachillérés, a fort of hood worn by graduate bachelors in the univerfities.

SACABA'LA, f. f. an inftrument ufed by furgeons to take out the balls of a wound; alfo the inftrument made ufe of by gunners to extract a shot out of a cannon.

SACABOCADO, f. m. a punch to punch shoes, or any fuch inftrument that cuts out a piece.

SACABU'CHE, fubft. m. a mufical inftrument called a fackbut.

SACADINE'RO, f. m. a wheedle to get one's money.

SACADU'RA, f. f. a particular cut made by tailors in cloaths, to make them fit eafy.

SACALIñA, f. f. a wheedle or other art to obtain one's ends; a tax or impofition; a bearded dart, which, if ftruck into a piece of wood, will draw out a fplinter.

SACAMA'NCHAS, f. m. one that takes out fpots; one that publishes other men's faults.

Tiérra facámanchas, fullers-earth.

SACAMIE'NTO, f. m. a taking or drawing out.

SACAMUE'LAS, f. f. a furgeon's inftrument to draw out teeth or a tooth-drawer.

SACAPELO'TAS, f. m. a worm to draw a gun.

SACA'R, v. a. to take out, to draw out.

Sacár fuérzas de flaquéza, to make one's utmoft, to make a virtue of neceffity.

Sacár póllos las áves, to hatch.

Sacár úna muéftra, to take out a pattern.

Sacár a luz, to produce.

Sacár en limpio, to clear.

Sacár por el ráftro, to difcover by the track.

SACATRA'POS, f. m. a rag-gatherer, alfo a fcrew, a cork-fcrew.

SACERDO'CIO, f. m. a priefthood.

SACERDOTA'L, adj. facerdotal, belonging to a prieft.

SACERDO'TE, f. m. a prieft.

SACERDOTI'SSA, f. f. a prieftefs.

SACHADU'RA, f. f. raking, harrowing, or weeding.

SACHA'R, v. a. to rake, to harrow, to weed.

SA'CHO, f. m. a rake, a harrow, or weeding-hook.

SACIA'BLE, adj. fatiable.

SACIA'R, v. a. to fatiate, to fill, to fatisfy.

SACIEDA'D, f. f. fatiety.

SA'CO, f. m. a fack; facking, plundering; a coarfe fort of garment worn by peafants and mountaineers; fackcloth, fuch as is worn for a penitential habit; the habit of the Francifcan friars.

Ponér un lugár à sáco, to plunder a town.

Prov. *Unà en el sáco y ótra en el pápo*, one in the fack and another in the maw; that is, to eat and carry away.

Prov. *No le fiaré un sáco de alacránes*, I will not truft him wit a bag of fcorpions; that is, I will not truft him with the leaft thing.

SACO'CHA, f. f. in cant, a pocket.

SACOMA'NO, f. m. a facking, or plundering; one that facks or plunders.

SACO'YME, f. m. in cant, a mafter of a houfe.

SACRAMENTA'L, adj. belonging to a facrament.

SACRAMENTALME'NTE, adv. facramentally.

SACRAMENTA'R, v. a. to give the facraments.

Sacramentárfe, v. r. to tranfubftantiate onefelf.

SACRAMENTA'RIO, adj. denying the reality of the holy facrament of the eucharift.

SACRAME'NTE, vide *SAGRADAMENTE*.

SACRAME'NTO, f. m. a facrament; an oath.

SA'CRE, f. m. the hawk called a faker; a fmall cannon carrying a ball of about fix pounds; a cunning thief.

SACRIFICADE'RO, f. m. the place where the facrifices were made.

SACRIFICADO'R, f. m. a facrificer.

SACRIFICA'R, v. a. to facrifice.

SACRIFI'CIO, f. m. a facrifice.

SACRILEGAME'NTE, adv. facrilegioufly.

SACRILE'GIO, f. m. facrilege.

SACRI'LEGO, f. m. adj. facrilegious.

SACRISMO'CHO, f. m. a perfon dreffed in black, but all in tatters.

SACRI'STA, *SACRISTA'N*, f. m. the facriftan or fexton who looks to the veftry and church.

SACRISTANI'A, f. f. the veftry of a church.

SACRISTI'A, f. f. the facrifty or veftry.

SA'CRO, adj. holy, facred.

SACROSANTO, adj. moft facred.

SACUDI'DA, f. f. a fhake; a fnappish word.

SACUDIDO'R, f. m. the perfon who fhakes.

SACUDIMIE'NTO, f. m. a fhaking or fnapping.

SACUDI'R, v. a. to fhake, to fnap.

Sacudir, to beat, to chaftife.

Sacudir el polvo a uno, to cudgel one.

Sacudirfe, v. r. to be fnappish, to fpeak peevishly.

SAE

SAE'TA, f. f. arrow, dart, fhaft,

SAETA'DA, f. f. *SAETA'ZO*, f. m. a wound or the fhot of an arrow.

SAETEA'R, v. a. vide *ASSAETEA'R*.

SAETE'RA, f. f. a loop-hole in a wall to fhoot through.

SAETE'RO, f. m. a fletcher, he that makes arrows or darts, or a bowman that fhoots arrows.

SAETI'A, f. f. a fettee, a fmall fort of veffel.

SAETI'LLA, f. f. a little dart.

SAETI'N, f. m. the water that falls upon a mill's wheel.

SAETO'N, f. m. a great arrow or dart.

SAG

SAGA, f. f. a witch, a falfe prophetefs.

SAGACIDA'D, f. f. fagacity, cunning, fharpnefs of wit.

SAGAPE'NO, f. m. a liquor that diftils from a certain plant fo called.

SAGA'Z, adj. fagacious, fubtle, cunning.

SAGAZME'NTE, adv. fagacioufly, fubtlely, cunningly.

SA'GE, f. m. obf. a fage, a diviner.

SAGI'TA, f. f. in architecture, is a line drawn from the middle point of the chord or line extended from the extremities of the arch, and forming two angles.

SAGITA'L, adj. belonging to a dart or arrow.

SAGITA'RIO, f. m. the conftellation called *fagittarius*; an archer.

SAGMA, f. f. in architecture, the moulding.

SAGO, f. m. vide *SAYO*.

SAGRADAME'NTE, adv. facredly, religioufly.

SAGRA'DO, adj. facred, holy.

SAGRA'R, v. a. to confecrate, to make holy.

SAGRA'RIO, f. m. a fanctuary, a holy place, the tabernacle on the altar, in which the bleffed facrament is kept.

SAGRATIVAME'NTE, adv. obf. mifticaIly, morally.

SA'GULAS, f. f. pl. the fhrouds in a galley.

SAH

SAHORNA'RSE, v. r. to get any part of one's body excoriated by over-rubbing.

SAHO'RNO, f. m. excoriation, proceeding from too much rubbing againft.

SAHUCA'L, f. m. a grove of elder-trees.

SAHU'CO, f. m. an elder-tree.

SAHUMADO'R, f. m. a perfuming pan or a thing to lay cloaths on over a fire to perfume; a perfumer.

SAHUMADU'RA, f. f. a perfuming.

SAHUMA'R, v. a. to perfume.

Volver una cofa fahumáda, to reftore a thing borrowed in a better condition than it was received.

SAHUME'RIO, f. m. a perfuming with the fmoke of fweets burnt in the fire. The fame is alfo ufed for burning of feathers or other ftinking things for women in fits, or the like.

SAI

SAIN, s. m. suet, grease, dripping.
SAINA'R, v. a. to fatten.
SAINE'TE, s. m. any daintiness; also any thing pleasing.
Sainète, a sauce, a relish, a flavour; something added to food to improve its taste.
Sainète, s. f. a farce.
SAINETI'LLO, s. m. dimin. of *sainète*.
SA'INO, s. m. a sort of hog in the West-Indies.

SAJ

SAJA, s. f. scarifying.
SAJAR, v. a. to scarify.

SAL

SAL, s. f. salt. metaph. wit, ingenuity.

Prov. *Sál vertìda, núnca bien cogìda*, salt spilt is never well taken up. Wit lavished to an ill use can never be recalled.

Prov. *Ponér sal en la mollèra*, to put salt on the mould of the head; to teach one wit.

SA'LA, s. f. a hall, a large room
SALADA'R, s. m. a ground made barren by sea water that has gotten over it.
SALA'DO, s. f. salt-meat.
SALADO'R, s. m. in cant, one who when he wins at play, adds to the sum he had really set, and stands it out by bullying and swearing.
SALADU'RA, s. f. a salting.
SALAMA'NDRA, s. f. the salamander, a creature like the lizard, said to live in the fire.
SALAMANQUE'SA, s. f. the salamander, or rather the venemous little creature called an eft as appears by the following proverb.

Prov. *Al que muerde la salamanquésa, al tercér dìa le hacen la huéssa*, he that is bit by the eft, has his grave made for him the third day after.

SALA'R, v. a. to salt.
SALARIA'R, v. a. to pay salary, or wages.
SALA'RIO, s. m. salary, wages.
SA'LCE, s. m. a willow.
SALCE'DA, s. f. the place where willows grow.
SALCHI'CHA, s. f. a sausage.
SALCHICHO'N, s. m. a great sausage.
SALEDI'ZO, s. m. the jutting out of a wall.
SALE'RO, s. m. a saltseller for the table.
SALE'TA, s. f. a little hall.
SALGA'DA, s. f. the plant called sea-potherb.
SALGA'R, v. a. obs. to salt.
SALI'DA, s. f. a walk abroad, or going out; a sally from a place besieged; also a walking place near a town.
Dar salida a un negocio, to bring off a business, to find means to make it succeed.
SALIDI'ZO, adj. vide *SALEDI'ZO*.
SALI'NA, s. f. a salt-pit.
SALINE'RO, s. m. the person who makes the salt.
SALINO, adj. *saline*.
SALI'R, v. n. to go out.
Salir en blancó, not to succeed, to take no effect.
Salir de madre, to overflow the banks.
Salir de rebuélta, to get out of a fray, out of a troublesome affair.
Salir al campo, to go out to meet an adversary in the field.
Salir a la caúsa, to stand trial, to vindicate a cause.
Salir de séso, to run mad.
Salir de çascarón, to creep out of the egg, shell, to get into the world.
Salir con lo que se emprénde, to compass what one undertakes.
Salirse, to run out.
Salirse de religión, to quit a religious order.
SALITRA'DO, adj. impregnated or made up with saltpetre.
SALITRA'L, s. m. a place where saltpetre is dug.
SALI'TRE, s. m. saltpetre.
SALITRE'RO, s. m. the person who makes the saltpetre.
SALITRO'SO, adj. of, or belonging to the saltpetre.
SALI'VA, s. f. spittle.
SALIVACIO'N, s. f. a salivation.
SALIVA'R, v. n. to spit.
SALIVO'SO, adj. full of spittle.
SA'LMA, subst. f. a great large sack.
SALMI'STA, s. m. a psalmist, a composer of psalms.
SA'LMO, s. m. a psalm.
Sálmo, s. m. a salmon.
SALMONA'DO, adj. looking like salmon; said of some fishes.
SALMONCI'LLO, s. m. a little salmon.
SALMORE'JO, s. m. a pickle or brine for olives or the like; also a sauce for a rabbit, made with salt pepper, vinegar, and other ingredients. Metaph. a sharp reproof or chiding bout.
SALMUE'RA, s. f. brine.
SALOBRA'L, adj. v. *SALOBRE'ÑO*.
SALO'BRE, adj. brackish.
SALOBRE'ÑO, adj. an appellation given to the earth that is saltish or brackish.
SALO'N, s. m. a great hall. In cant, a cudgel.
SA'LPA, s. f. stock-fish.
SALPICADU'RA, s. f. a speck of dirt or drop of any thing dashed.
SALPICA'R, v. a. to bespatter, to dash with dirt, or water, or the like; metaph. to pick here and there.
SALPICO'N, s. m. cold beef cut in slices, and eaten with oil and vinegar, onion, and pepper.
SALPIMENTA'R, v. a. to season with salt and pepper.
SALPI'NGA, s. f. an African serpent so called.
SALPRESA'R, v. a. to powder meat.
SALPRE'SO, adj. powdered, corned, salted.
SALPU'GA, s. f. a kind of venemous ant so called.
SA'LSA, s. f. a sauce.
SALSAFRA'S, s. f. sassafras, a wood growing in America, much used in physick.
SALSE'RA, s. f. a saucer.

SAISERE'TA, } s. f. a little sau-
SALSERI'LLA, } cer.
Salserilla de colór, s. f. a little dish with red paint, which women use for their faces.
SALSE'RO, s. m. a saucer; also the herd thyme.
SALSIFRA'X, s. m. } v. *SALSA-*
SALSIFRA'GIA, s. f. } *FRA'S.*
SALTACA'BRAS, s. m. a serpent so called.
SALTABARDA'LES, s. m. a ramp.
SALTACIO'N, s. f. the act of jumping; also the art or practice of dancing.
SALTADE'RO, s. m. a high place fit to jump down from.
SALTADO'R, s. m. a leaper.
Sálta en bánco, a mountebank, a quack.
SALTAMBA'REA, s. f. a sort of loose coat.
SALTAPARE'DES, s. m. a nimble fellow, that will leap over a wall.
SALTA'R, v. n. to leap, to skip. Also to blow up with gunpowder.
Ojos saltádos, great eyes sticking out.
SALTARE'N, s. m. a tune on the guittar formerly in use; also a kind of grass-hopper.
SALTARI'N, s. m. a dancer.
SALTARI'Z, s. f. a she dancer.
SALTEADO'R, s. m. a highwayman.
SALTEAMIE'NTO, s. m. a sudden assault, a robbery.
SALTEA'R, v. a. to assault by surprize, to rob on the highway.
SALTE'O, s. m. the act of attacking passengers on the road to rob them.
SALTE'RIO, s. m. a psalter or psalm book; also the musical instrument called a psaltery.
SALTE'RO, s. m. a forester, a woodman.
SALTI'LLO, s. m. a little jump.
SA'LTO, s. m. a leap; also an assault a robbery; and poetically, a forest.

Prov. *A grán sálto, gran quebránto*, a great leap gives a great shake. Great undertakings cost great pains.

SATO'R, s. m. a kind of grasshopper.
SA'LVA, s. f. a salute with great guns or otherwise; also an assay or tasting meat or drink before a great man; a salver to serve glasses or the like on.
Señór de sálva, a great man that has his meat and drink tasted.
Hácer la sálva, to taste meat and drink before a great man.
SALVAGUA'RDIA, s. f. a safeguard, a convoy; also a body of reserve to second another.
SALVACIO'N, s. f. salvation.
SALVADE'RA, s. f. a sand box to sand writing.
SALVA'DO, s. m. bran of meal.
SALVADO'R, s. m. a saviour.
SALVA'DOS, s. m. pl. sand, such as we use for writing.
SALVA'GE, adj. savage, wild.
SALVAGI'NA, s. f. game.
SALVAME'NTE, adv. safely.
SALVAME'NTO, s. m. safety.
Llegár a salvaménto, to arrive safe.
SALVA'NTES, adv. obs. excepting, saving.
SALVA'R, v. a. to save. Among scriveners and notaries, to set down under any instrument or writing an account of what is blotted out or interlined in the writing.
Salvárse, v. r. to be saved, to escape danger.
SALVARO'BA, s. f. a wardrobe.
SALU'BRE, adj. salutary, wholesome, healthful.
SALUBRIDA'D, s. f. wholesomeness.
SALU'D, s. f. health.

Prov. *Salúd y alegría, belléza cría*, health and mirth make beauty.
SALUDA'BLE, adj. wholesome.
SALUDABLEME'NTE, adv. wholesomely.
SALUDACIO'N, } s. f. saluta-
SALUTACIO'N, } tion.
SALUDADO'R, s. m. the name given to idle fellows, that go up and down Spain, pretending to a natural gift of curing distempers, killing mad dogs, handling red hot iron, and the like.
SALUDA'R, v. a. to salute. Also to pretend to cure with the breath or spittle, as those they call *saludadores* do.
SA'LVE! hail! God save you! Latin *salve*,
SA'LVIA, s. f. the herb sage.
SALVI'LLA, s. f. a salver to serve glasses, sweetmeats, or the like on.
SA'LVO, adj. safe, sound; also a saving, or excepting.
Sálvo condúto, a safe conduct, a pass to carry a man through.
SALUTACIO'N, s. f. a salutation.
SALUTI'FERO, adj. wholesome.

S A M

SAMBENI'TO, s. m. a sort of garment put by the inquisitors on those that come out of prison, reconciled to the church.
SAMBU'CA, s. f. a musical instrument so called.
SAMBLAGE, s. m. vide *ENSAMBLADU'RA.*
SAMPSUCHI'NO, s. m. an unguent so called.
SAMPIU'GO, s. m. vide *ALMORADUX.*
SAMU'GA, s. f. vide *XAMU'GA.*

S A N

SAN, s. m. it stands for *sánto*, (a saint) before a proper name, as *San Pédro*, St. Peter, *San Juan*, St. John, &c.
SANA'BLE, adj. that may be healed.
SANALOTODOS, s. m. a plaster put upon sores, so called.
SANAME'NTE, adv. soundly, healthfully; metaph. fairly, honestly, simply.
SANA'R, v. a. to heal, to cure.
SANCIO'N, s. f. a sanction, a law established.
SANCOCHA'R, v. a. to boil or roast any meat without seasoning it.
SANDA'LIAS, s. f. pl. sandals t wear on the feet instead of shoes.
SA'NDALO, s. m. pl. the herb white-beer.

Sándalo, a tree so called.
SANDARA'CA, s. f. a kind of arsenick.
SANDE'Z, s. f. folly.
SANDI'A, s. f. a water melon.
SANDI'O, s. m. a fool, or a madman.
SANEAMIE'NTO, s. m. making good, answering for.
SANEA'R, v. a. to make good, to answer for.
SANGRA'DA, s. f. the act of letting blood; a trench or channel to convey water.
SANGRADE'RA, s. f. a dish to let blood in; also a trench to convey water; a lancet.
SANGRADO'R, s. m. one who lets blood.
SANGRADU'RA, s. f. a letting of blood.
SANGRA'R, v. a. to bleed, or let blood; to cut trenches to carry off water; to make a hole in a sack, for corn or the like to run out at.
SANGRA'ZA, s. f. watery blood.
SA'NGRE, s. f. blood. Sometimes it is taken for kindred or consanguinity.
Sángre de dragón, dragon's blood.
Senténcia de sángre, a sentence of death, or loss of limb.
Restañár la sángre, to stanch, or stop the blood.
Escribír con sángre, to threaten death.
Helarse la sángre, to be so astonished, that the blood stagnates.
Prov. *Escupir sángre en bacía de óro*, to spit blood in a gold bason. To have much wealth, and little enjoyment of it.
SANGRELLU'VIA, s. f. a bloody rain, water and blood mixed.
SANGRI'A, s. f. bleeding, letting blood.
SANGRIENTAME'NTE, adv. bloodily.
SANGRIE'NTO, adj. bloody.
SANGUA'L, s. m. a kind of eagle.
SANGUI'FERO, adj. breeding blood.
SANGUIJUE'LA, s. f. a leech, a blood-sucker.
SANGUI'NA, s. f. a stone that serves to burnish silver.
SANGUINA'RIA, s. f. an herb that stops bleeding.
SANGUINA'RIO, adj. bloody, cruel, inhuman, sanguinary,
SANGUI'NEO, adj. bloody, also of a sanguine complexion.
SANGUI'NO, adj. sanguine, bloody.
SANGUINOLE'NTO, adj. bloody, or bloody-minded.
SANGUINO'SO, adj. vide *SANGRIENTO*.
SANGUISUE'LA, vide *SANGUIJUE'LA*.
SANIDA'D, s. f. healthy.
SA'NO, adj. sound, health.
Hombre sáno, metaph. an honest, well-meaning man.
Sáno de castilla, in cant, a dissembling thief.
SA'NTA, s. f. a female saint.
SANTAME'NTE, adv. holily.
SANTE'LMO, s. m. at sea they give this name to certain lights which sometimes appear about the masts in storms, and which the sailors look upon as a good omen. The ancients called them Castor and Pollux.
SANTERI'A, s. f. hypocrisy.
SANTE'RO, s. m. an hermit; one that lives with the hermit and goes about questing for his chapel; a man that begs for the church; an hypocrite.
SANTIA'GO, s. m. an order of knights, next in dignity to the Golden Fleece.
Santiágo y cierra España, 'tis the war cry used by the Spaniards when going to attack the enemy.
SANTIAME'N, s. m. the twinkling of an eye, the least moment; as *Venir en un santiamén*, to come in the twinkling of an eye.
SANTI'CO, s. m. a little saint.
SANTIDA'D, s. f. holiness, sanctity.
SANTIFICACIO'N, s. f. sanctificationg, sanctifying, makin holy.
SANTIFICADO'R, s. m. a sanctifier, one that makes holy.
SANTIFICA'R, v. a. to sanctify, to make holy.
SANTIGUA'DA, s. f. a blessing.
Por mi santiguada, my blessing with it.
SANTIGUADE'RO, s. m. a knavish fellow, who pretends to cure by blessing.
SANTIGUADO'R, s. m. a man that pretends to cure by blessing.
SANTIGUA'R, v. a. to bless, properly as priest, a bishop a father, and making a sign of the cross; but there are also cheating old women, and knavish fellows, who pretend to have particular blessings to cure sick people, and impose upon the ignorant.
Santiguár a úno las orejas, to rattle one's ears, or to box one.
Santiguárse, v. r. to bless oneself, to make the sign of the cross.
SANTIGUO, s. m. the sign of the cross.
SANTIMO'NIA, s. f. vide *SANTIDA'D*.
SANTI'NA, s. f. the sink in a ship; also the pump.
SA'NTO, adj. holy.
Sánto, s. m. a saint.
SANTOCHA'DO, adj. foolish; hypocritical.
SANTO'N, s. m. a great saint, also a hypocrite.
SANTUA'RIO, s. m. a sanctuary, a holy place.
SANTURRO'N, s. m. the same as *santón*.

S A Ñ

SA'ÑA, s. f. wrath, fury, rage, madness.
Prov. *Amánse su sáña, quién por si mismo se engáña*, he that cheats himself, must curb his passion.
SAÑO'SO, adj. vide *SAÑU'DO*.
SAÑUDAMENTE, adv. angrily, with choler.
SAÑU'DO, adj. angry, wrathful, ill-tempered, peevish.

S A P

SAPHI'GO, s. m. a sapphire-stone.
SAPIE'NCIA, s. f. wisdom.
SAPIE'NTE, adj. learned.
SAPILLO, s. m. a little toad.
Sapillos, s. m. pl. the disease called the lampass in a horse's mouth.
Prov. *Compón un sapillo parecerá bonituillo*, dress up a little toad and

it will look pretty; to express how great an addition ornaments are.

SA'PO, f. m. toad.

SAPONA'RIA, f. f. the herb sopewort.

SAPORI'FERO, adj. savoury, that has a good relish.

S A Q

SAQUE, f. m. a term used in the playing at ball.

SAQUEA'R, v. a. to sack, to plunder, to pillage.

SAQUE'O, f. m. a pillage.

SAQUE'RO, adj. serving to sew sacks or bales of goods.

Agúja saquéra, a needle used to sew sacks, bales of goods and the like.

SAQUILA'DA, f. f. the quantity of wheat that is sent to be ground when the sack is not full.

SAQUI'LLO, } f. m. a little sack or
SAQUI'TO, } bag.

S A R

SARAGUE'TE, f. m. dimin. of *saráo*.

SARAMPIO'N, f. f. the meazles.

SARA'O, f. m. a ball, or meeting for dancing.

SA'RCIA, f. f. a load, a pack.

SARCI'LLO, f. m. vide *ZARCI'LLO*.

SA'RCO, f. m. a hurdle.

SARCO'PHAGO, f. m. a grave; rarely used but by poets.

SARCO'TICO, adj. sarcotick.

SA'RDA, f. f. a kind of fish.

SARDE'SCO, f. m. little ass of the Sardinian breed.

SARDI'NA, f. f. a pilchard.

Sardina arencáda debáxo del sobáco se ássa, a pilchard; that is, one dried like a red herring may be roasted under one's arm. Only heating it through is enough.

SARDINE'RO, f. m. a man who sells pilchards.

SARDI'O, } f. m. a kind of stone.
SA'RDO, }

SARDIO'QUE, f. m. in cant, salt.

SARDO'NIA, subst. f. an herb so called.

SARDONI'CO, adj. sardonick; said of forced laugther, of hypocritical laughing.

SARDO'NIX, f. f. a stone or gem so called.

SA'RGA, f. f. serge.

SARGE'NTA, f. f. a lay nun of St. Jago's order.

SARGENTEA'R, v. n. to do the duty of a serjeant.

SARGE'NTO, f. m. a serjeant.

SARGENTO'N, f. m. a stout woman, a sturdy big-boned wench.

SARGO, f. m. a sea-bream.

SARMENTA'R, v. a. to gather up the twigs or branches of the vines after pruning.

SARMENTE'RA, f. f. a place to lay up the prunings of vines, or any brushwood to burn.

SARMIE'NTO, f. m. a twig or branch of a vine cut off.

SA'RNA, f. f. the itch or mange.

Prov. *No le fálta mas que sárna que rascár*, he wants nothing but the itch to scratch. Said of one that has plenty of all things.

SARNO'SO, adj. itchy, mangey.

SARPILLE'R, f. f. a coarse packing cloth to pack up goods.

SARPULLI'DO, adj. freckly; full of little spots.

SARRACI'NA, f. f. a battle, a conflict.

SA'RRIA, f. f. a sort of net made of *esparto* used to carry chopt straw for beasts.

SA'RRIO, f. m. a kind of wild-goat.

SA'RRO, f. m. the fur that gathers on a man's tongue in a hot fever: the fur about a chamber-pot, or any like it.

SA'RTA, f. f. a string of beads, or any such thing that may be strung.

SARTA'L, f. m. idem.

SARTE'N, f. m. a frying-pan.

Frúta de sartén, pancakes, fritters, or any thing that is made in a frying-pan.

Prov. *Dixo la sartén a la caldéra quitáos alla negra*, the frying-pan said to the kettle, stand away thou black thing.

Prov. *Saltár de la sártén, y dar en las brásas*, to leap out of the frying-pan into the fire.

SARTENA'DA, f. f. a fryng-pan full.

SARTENA'ZO, subst. m. a blow with the frying-pan.

S A S

SASSAFRAS, f. m. sassafras, a tree so called.

SASSIFRA'GIA, f. f. the herb saxifrage.

SA'STRA, f. f. a woman taylor.

SA'STRE, f. m. a taylor.

Prov. *Ser cómo el sástre de la encrucixáda, que cosía de válde, y ponía el hílo de su cása*, to be like the taylor of the cross way, who sewed for nothing, and found thread himself. To give one's labour, and be at charges besides, to serve others.

Prov. *Al sástre póbre, la agúja que se dóble*, a poor taylor, must have a needle that will bow; that is, you must be humble when you are poor.

Prov. *Cién sástres, y cién mollnéros, y cién téxedores, son treciéntos ladrónes*, an hundred taylors, an hundred millers, and an hundred weavers, are three hundred thieves. We say, take a taylor, a miller, and a weaver, and put them into a sack, and the first that comes out will be a knave.

SASTRECI'LLO, f. m. a puny little taylor, a botcher.

S A T

SATANA'S, subst. m. Satan, the devil.

Prov. *Abrenúncio Satanás! Mála cápa llevarás*: I renounce thee, Satan! Thou shalt have a bad cloak. A proverb in two parts; one says he renounces the devil, and the other answers, if he does so, he will have but an ill cloak, or be ill clad; that is, if a man will not cheat and go to the devil as others do for wealth, he will always be poor.

SATE'LITE, f. m. poetical, or familiar, for an officer of justice.

Los satélites de Jupiter, the satellites of Jupiter.
SATISFACCIO'N, f. f. satisfaction.
SATISFACE'R, v. a. to satisfy, to content.
SATISFACTO'RIO, adj. satisfactory.
SATISFE'CHO, p. p. of *satisfacer*.
SATI'VO, adj. that is cultivated.
SA'TO, f. m. a sort of cask.
SA'TRAPA, f. m. a governor of a province, used sometimes by poets and historians; ironically, a busy body.
SATURACIO'N, f. f. saturation.
SATURA'R, v. a. to saturate.
SATURNA'LES, f. m. pl. the feasts of Saturn.
SATURNI'NO, adj. saturnine, melancholy.
SATU'RNO, f. m. Saturn, a planet.
SATYRA, f. f. a satire.
SATYRICO, adj. satirick, satirical.
SATYRIO'N, f. m. the herb ragwort.
SATYRIZA'R, v. a. to satirize, to lampoon.
SATYRO, f. m. a satyre.

S A U

SAU'CE, f. m. a willow-tree.
SAUCEDA'L, subst. m. the place where willows grow.
SAU'CO, f. m. the elder-tree.
SAUTO'R, f. m. in heraldry, is te escutcheon divided into four quaters or escutcheons.
SAU'Z, *SAUZE*, } f. f. a willow-tree.

S A X

SAXA'TIL, adject. taken among rocks, living among rocks; said of certain fishes.
SAXIFRA'GA, *SAXIFRA'GIA*, } f. f. v. *SASSIFRA'GIA*.

S A Y

SA'YA, f. f. a woman's petticoat, generally taken for an upper one.
SAYA'L, f. m. coarse sackcloth.
SAYALE'RO, f. m. a maker or weaver of sackcloth.
SAYE'TE, f. m. a little coat or jerkin.
Sayéte de ármas, a coat of armour.
SA'YO, f. m. a loose upper coat.
Sáyo Dominguéro, a Sunday garment.
Prov. *Quién no tiéne mas de un sáyo, no puéde prestállo*, he who has but one coat, cannot lend it.
SAYO'N, f. m. a hangman or executioner; also a great loose coat.
SAYUE'LO, f. m. a little upper coat or jerkin.

S A Z

SAZ, f. m. a willow-tree.
SAZO'N, f. f. season, due time; also the seasoning of things eatable; metaph. humour, temper.
SAZONA'R, v. a. to season; also to ripen.

S C A

SCA'NDICE, f. f. a plant so called.

S C E

SCELE'STO, adj. impious, wicked.
SCENOGRAPHI'A, f. f. scenography, the draught of a building, shewing the ground plat, front, and one of the sides of it.

S C I

SCIE'NA, f. f. a fish so called.
SCIE'NCIA, f. f. science, knowledge.
Sabér de cierta sciencia, to know for certain.
Prov. *Póca sciencia y buena consciéncia*, little knowledge and a good conscience is best.
SCIENTI'FICO, adj. knowing.
SCI'SMA, f. f. a schism.
SCISMA'TICO, adj. a schismatick.

S C O

SCOLOPE'NDRA, f. f. vide *ESCOLOPENDRA*.
SCO'RDIO, f. m. the herb water-germander.

S C R

SCROPHULA'RIA, f. f. the herb called lesser celidony or figwort.

S C Y

SCYTA'L, f. m. a serpent so called.

S E

SE, the sign of the passive, and signifying him, or them, or oneself.
Se dice, it is said.
Se áma a si, he loves himself.
Se ándan holgazánes, they go about idling.
Hacér se mal, to hurt oneself.

S E B

SEBESTE'N, f. m. a fruit-tree so called.
SEBI'LLO, f. m. a sort of paste for the hands.
SE'BO, f. m. tallow.
Mostrár el sébo, a sea-term, to run swiftly with a side wind, turning up the side of a ship, which shews where she is tallowed.
SEBO'SO, adj. tallowy, greasy, fat.

S E C

SE'CA, f. f. drought, driness; also a kernel in the flesh.
SECADA'L, f. m. a dry sandy place.
SECAME'NTE, adv. drily.
SECA'NO, f. m. a dry season.
Tiérra de secáno. A dry land.
SECA'R, v. a. to dry.
Secárse, v. r. to wither, to pine away; also to be extremely thristy; metaph. to say nothing in company.
A'sécas, drily, barely.
Pan a sécas, dry bread.
SECARA'L, f. m. vide *SECADA'L*.

SECCION,

SECCIO'N, f. f. a fection.
SECE'NO, adj. belonging to the number fix.
SECLU'SO, adj. fecluded.
SE'CO, adj. dry.
Hómbre séco, a lean man; metaph. an auftere man, one of no converfation.
SECRECIO'N, f. f. fecretion, feparation.
SECRESTACIO'N, f. f. fequeftration.
SECRE'STAR, v. a. to fequefter, to put a thing into third hands.
SECRE'STO, f. f. fequeftration, putting a thing into third hands.
SECRE'TA, f. f. a privy, a neceffary-houfe.
SECRETAME'NTE, adv. fecretly, privately.
SECRETARI'A, f. f. a fecretary's office.
SECRETA'RIO, f. m. a fecretary.
SECRETI'LLO, f. m. diminutive of *fecreto*.
SECRE'TO, f. m a fecret.
SE'CTA, f. f. a fect, a faction, or party of people.
SECTA'RIO, f. m. a fectary, one that holds with a fect.
SECTO'R, f m. fector.
SECUESTRACION, f. f. vide *SEQUESTRACION*.
SECUESTRA'R, v. a. vide *SEQUESTRA'R*.
SECUESTRO, f, m. v. *SEQUESTRO*.
SECULA'R, adj. of an age.
SECULARIZA'R, v. a. to fecularize.
SECUNDARIAME'NTE, adv. in the fecond degree, in the fecond order.
SECUNDA'RIO, adj fecundary, belonging to the fecond place.
SECUNDI'NA, f. f. the fecundine, the membrane in which the embryo is wrapped, the afterbirth.
SECU'RA, f. f. drought.

S E D

SED, f. f. thirft; metaph. covetoufnefs.
SE'DA, f. f. filk.
Séda flóxa, fleaf filk.
Séda crúda, *Séda de ajuél*, } raw. filk.

Séda de puérco, a hog's briftle.
SEDADE'RA, f. f. an inftrument for dreffing of filk.
SEDA'L, f. m. a fishing-line.
SE'DE, f. f. a fee.
Santa fede, the holy fee.
SEDE'ñA, f. f. the hurds of the filk.
SEDE'ñO, adj. filky, of filk.
SEDENTA'RIO, adj. fedentary, given much to fitting.
SEDERI'A, f. f. any goods made of filk; alfo a filk fhop.
SEDE'RO, f. m. a filk-man.
SEDICIO'N, f. f. a fedition, tumult, or mutiny.
SEDICIOSAME'NTE, adv. feditioufly, mutinoufly.
SEDICIO'SO, adj. feditious, mutinous.
SEDIE'NTO, adj. thirfty.
SEDUCCIO'N, f. f. feducement, leading aftray.
SEDUCI'R, v. a. to feduce.
SEDUCTO'R, f. m. a feducer.

S E G

SEGA'DA, f. f. the harveft, the reaping time, the act of reaping or mowing.
SEGADO'R, f. m. a mower, a reaper, a harveft-man.
SEGA'R, v. a. to mow, to reap.
SEGAZO'N, fubft. m. the harveft, mowing, or reaping-time; the act of mowing or reaping.
SEGLA'R, adj. fecular, lay, of the laity, a layman.
SEGREGACIO'N, f. f. a feparation.
SEGREGA'R, v. a. to feparate.
SEGUI'DA, f. f. a following, a train.
Mugéres de feguida, common whores that run after men.
SEGUIDI'LLA, f. f. a fort of couplets; alfo a dance.
SEGUIDO'R, f. m. a follower.
Prov. *Buéna de mejóres, por méngua de feguidóres*, good among the beft, for want of followers. Said of a woman who boafts of her virtue and honefty, and is fo deformed, that no body will touch her.
SEGUIMIE'NTO, fubft. m. following, purfuing.

SEGUI'R, v. a. to follow, to purfue.
Seguír, in fea language, to fpoon, as our failors call it; that is, to put a ship right afore the wind and the fea without any fail, as is done in defperate ftorms.
Seguír a úno hásta la máta, to purfue a man to the thicket; that is, as far as can be.
SEGU'N, adv. according as.
SEGUNDA'R, v. a. to fecond.
SEGUNDARIAME'NTE, adv. fecondarily.
SEGUNDARIO, adj. fecondary.
SEGU'NDO, adj. the fecond.
SEGU'R, f. m. an axe, a battle-axe, a hatchet.
SEGURAME'NTE, adv. fecurely fafely.
SEGURAMIE'NTO, f. m. obf. vide *SEGURIDA'D*.
SEGURA'NZA, f. f. affurance, fafety.
SEGURA'R, v. a. to fecure, to make fafe.
SEGURE'JA, f. f. a hatchet or fmall axe.
SEGURIDA'D, f. f. fecurity, fafety.
SEGU'RO, adj. fafe, fecure, fure.
Segúro, f. m. a pafs, a fafe conduct, an infurance.
A buén fegúro, fure enough.

S E I

SEI'S, f. m. fix.
Séfes, pl. the fices on the dice.
SEISCIE'NTOS, adj. fix hundred.

S E L

SELECCIO'N, f. f. felection, choife.
SELE'CTO, adj. elected, chofen.
SELENI'TES, f f. a fort of white, tranfparent ftone.
SELLADO'R, f. m. a fealer.
SELLADU'RA, f. f. a fealing.
SELLA'R, v. a. to feal.
SE'LLO, f. m. a feal.
Echár el fello en un negocio, to conclude an affair.
SE'LVA, f. f. a wood.
SELVA'TICO, adj. of the woods, wild, untamed.

SELVATIQUE'Z, f. f. wildnefs.
SELVO'SO, adj. woody.

S. E M.

SEMA'NA, f. f. a week, a fevennight.
SEMANERI'A, f. f. the bufinefs or duty of a week; a weekly turn.
SEMANE'RO, f. m. one that ferves by the week, or takes his turn by the week, or is in his week's waiting.
SEMBLA'NTE, f. m. the countenance, the afpect, by which a man fhews the inward motions of joy, fear, anger, &c.
SEMBLA'R, v. n. obf. to be like.
SEMBRADI'O, adj. that may be fowed or fet.
SEMBRADI'ZO, adj. idem.
SEMBRADO'R, f. m. a fewer or fetter.
SEMBRADU'RA, f. f. fowing or fetting.
SEMBRA'R, v. a. to fow, to fet feed or grain.
Sembrár monéda, to fcatter money.
Sembrár nuévas, to fpread news.
Sembrár zizáña, to fow difcord.
SEME'JA, f. f. likenefs.
SEMEJA'BLE, adj. like.
SEMEJA'NTE, adj. like refembling.
SEMEJANTEME'NTE, adv. likely, refembling; alfo moreover.
SEMEJA'NZA, f. f. refemblance, likenefs.
SEMEJA'R, v. n. to refemble, to be like.
SEMENCE'RA, f. f. v. *SEMENTE'RA*.
SEMENTA'L, adj. fowable, fit to be fowed.
SEMENTA'R, v. a. to fow.
SEMENTE'RA, f. f. the time of fowing any grain.
SEME'STRE, adj. of fix months.
SEMIDIA'METRO, f. m. the femidiameter of a circle, or half the line that paffes through the center, and touches both fides of the circle.
SEMIDIDIAPE'NTE, f. f. half a fifth in mufick.
SEMI'LLA, f. f. feed.
SEMINA'RIO, f. m. a feminary or place for the education of youth.
SEMINARI'STA, f. m. the inhabitant of a feminary.
SE'MOLA, f. f. the coarfe part of the wheat not ground into a fine flower.
SEMOVIE'NTE, adj. removing, putting afide.
SEMPITE'RNA, f. f. a ftuff fo called.
SEMPITERNAME'NTE, adv. everlaftingly, eternally.
SEMPITERNIDA'D, f. f. perpetuity, eternity.
SEMPITERNI'LLA, f. f. a ftuff fo called.
SEMPITE'RNO, adj. eternal, everlafting, perpetual.

S. E N.

SE'NA, f. f. a purging plant fo called.
SENA'DO, f. m. a fenate, a council, a grave affembly. In Spain the players give this title to the audience.
SENADO'R, f. m. a fenator.
SE'NAS, f. f. pl. two fices at dice.
SENATO'RIO, adj. of the fenator's rank.
SENCILLAME'NTE, adv. ingenuoufly, fincerely.
SENCILLE'Z, f. f. ingenuity, fincerity.
SENCI'LLO, adj. genuine, natural; alfo ingenuous, fincere.
SE'NDA, f. f. a path.
SENDERA'R, } v. n. to go, or *SENDEREA'R*, } walk through paths.
SENDE'RO, f. m. a path.
Prov. *En cáda fendéro hay fu atolladéro*, in every path there is a fticking or a dirty place. No conveniénce without fome inconvenience.
SENDI'LLA, f. f. a little path.
SENDOS, adj. pl. each of them.
SENE, f. m. an old man.
SENECTU'D, f. f. old age.
SENESCA'L, f. m. a fenefchal.
SENI'L, adj. old, belonging to old age, or old people.
SE'NO, f. m. a bay in the fea; the bofom of a man or woman; a fold in a garment.
Prov. *Hinchafe mi séno, fiquiéra de héno*, let my bofom be full, though it be but of hay; that is, let me have a bellyfull, of whatever it be; or, fo I be getting, no matter how little.
SENOGI'L, f. m. a garter.
SENSACIO'N, f. f. fenfation.
SENSIBILIDA'D, f. f. fenfibility.
SENSI'BLE, adj. that may be felt, or that has feeling.
SENSIBLEME'NTE, adv. fenfibly.
SENSITI'VO, adj. fenfitive.
SENSUA'L, adj. fenfual.
SENSUALIDA'D, f. f. fenfuality.
SENSUALME'NTE, adv. fenfually.
SENTA'DA, f. f. a fitting.
SENTA'R, v. a. to fit, to fit down, to place.
Sentár partídas, to enter accounts.
Sentár con ámo, to go into place, to live with a mafter.
Sentár pláza de foldádo, to lift one's felf a foldier.
Sentárfe á la méfa, to fit down to table.
Sentárfe én cuclíllas, to fit on one's legs with the body hanging, as people do to eafe themfelves in the field, or, as children call it, to mould cockledy bread.
SENTE'NCIA, f. f. a fentence, an opinion, a judgement.
SENTENCIA'R, v. a. to pafs fentence, to pronounce judgement.
SENTENCIO'SO, adj. fententious, full of fentences.
SENTI'DO, f. m. fenfe, feeling.
SENTI'DOS, f. m. pl. the five fenfes.
SENTIMIE'NTO, f. m. feeling, fenfe; alfo grief trouble, concern, or opinion.
SENTI'NA, f. f. a fink, the well in a ship, where all the water gathers.
Sentína de pecádos, a fink of fin.
SENTI'R, v. a. to feel, to perceive, to judge, to be of opinion; alfo to grieve, to be troubled or concerned.
SENTI'R, f. m. an opinion.

SEñ

SEñA, f. f. a sign, a token; a standard.

Hablar por señas, to talk by signs or gestures.

Hacer señas, to make signs to another.

SEñA'L, f. m. a sign, a mark, a token, earnest given in buying; also a bound, a limit.

Señál de herida, the scar or mark left by a wound.

Tocár en la señál, to hit the mark.

SEñALADAME'NTE, adv. remarkably, notably.

SEñALA'R, v. a. to remark, to note, to point, to fix; also to put a mark to any thing, or to make signals.

Suéldo señaládo, a fixed salary.

Señalár y no executár, in fencing, to make a feint or false pass.

Señalárse, v. r. to signalize one's self.

SEñALE'JA, f. f. a little mark, note, token, or sign.

SEñALE'ZA, f. f. obs. a sign.

SEñERAME'NTE, adv. singularly, peculiarly; also wildly, untamedly, outrageously.

SEñE'RO, adj. singular, peculiar; also wild, untamed, outrageous.

SEñO'R, f. m. a lord, a master.

Señór de titulo, a nobleman that has a title, as an earl, duke, marquis, &c.

Señór de bien y mal tratár, an absolute lord who has power over his vassals to treat them as he pleases.

SEñO'RA, f. f. a lady, a mistress.

Nuéstra Señóra, our Lady, the blessed Virgin Mary.

SEñOREA'R, v. a. to rule, to govern, to lord it, to subject, to bring under.

SEñORI'A, f. f. lordship, a title of honour; as, *vuéstra señoría*, your lordship. It is also a sovereignty or seignory.

La señoria de Venécia, the seignory or republic of Venice.

SEñORI'CO, } f. m. diminutive
SEñORI'TO, } of *señór*.

SEñORI'L, adj. lord-like, belonging to a lord.

SEñORI'O, f. m. lordship, power, dominion.

SEñORIZA'R, v. a. vide **SEñOREA'R**.

SEñUE'LO, f. m. a lure to call hawks; a stale to catch birds; also any allurement or enticement.

SEO

SEO'R, f. m. (for *señór*) master, in cant.

SEP

SEPARA'BLE, adj. separable, that may be separated.

SEPARACIO'N, f. f. separation.

SEPARADAME'NTE, adv. separately, apart, singly.

SEPARADO'R, f. m. he that separates, severs, or sets apart.

SEPARA'R, v. a. to separate, to sever, to part.

SEPEDO'N, f. m. a sort of serpent, whose bite causes a wonderful swelling and makes the flesh rot.

SEPELI'R, v. a. to bury.

SE'PIA, f. f. vide **XI'BIA**.

SEPTENA'RIO, f. m. the space of seven days.

SEPTENTRIO'N, f. m. the north.

SEPTENTRIONA'L, adj. northern.

SEPTIE'MBRE, f. m. September, the ninth month of the year.

SE'PTIMO, adj. the seventh.

SEPTUAGENA'RIO, adj. seventy years of age.

SEPTUAGE'SIMA, f. f. the Sunday fortnight before Shrove-sunday.

SEPULCHRA'L, adj. belonging to a sepulchre.

SEPULCHRO, f. m. a sepulchre, a tomb.

SEPULTA'R, v. a. to bury.

SEPULTU'RA, f. f. a grave.

SEPULTURE'RO, f. m. a grave-maker.

SEQ

SEQUA'Z, f. m. a follower.

SEQUEDA'D, f. f. drought, dryness.

SEQUEDA'L, f. m. a dry land.

SEQUE'LA, f. f. the sequel, the consequence.

SEQUE'RO, adj. naturally dry.

SEQüESTRACIO'N, f. f. sequestration.

SEQüESTRA'R, v. a. to sequester.

SEQüE'STRO, f. m. the sequestration made.

SEQUE'TE, f. m. a dry piece of bread.

SEQUI'A, f. f. v. **SEQUEDA'D**.

SEQUI'LLO, f. m. a kind of rusk.

SE'QUI'TO, f. m. a retinue.

SER

SE'R, f. m. the being, essence, or existence of any thing.

Sér, v. auxiliar. to be.

Sér de algúno, to be a friend to one.

SE'RA, f. f. a basket.

SERA'PHICO, adj. seraphick.

SERAPHI'N, f. m. a seraphim.

SERAPHI'NA, f. f. a sort of woollen cloth so called.

SERAPI'NO, f. m. a gum or resin flowing from the pine-tree.

SE'RBA, f. f. a sort of wild pear.

SERBA'L, f. m. the tree of such pear.

SERENA'R, v. n. to clear up, to grow fair; also to put out all night in the dew.

SERENA'TA, f. f. a serenade, musick in the night.

SERENE'RO, f. m. the cover of the head worn at night to defend from the dew.

SERENIDA'D, f. f. serenity, clearness, fair weather; easiness in a man's looks; the title serenity; in cant impudence.

SERE'NO, adj. fair, clear, serene.

Seréno, f. m. the evening dew.

SERIAME'NTE, adv. seriously, gravely.

SE'RIE, f. f. a series, a continuation.

SERIEDA'D, f. f. gravity, seriousness.

SERI'JO, } f. m. a little bas-
SERI'LLO, } ket.

SE'RIO, adj. serious.

SERMO'N, f. m. a sermon.

SERMONA'RIO, f. m. a book of fermons.
SERMONCI'CO, f. m. a little fermon.
SERMONEA'R, v. n. to preach, to make a fermon.
SERO'JAS, f. f. pl. the withered leaves that fall from trees.
SERO'N, f. m. a basket made of rushes like a mat.
SEROSIDA'D, f. f. ferofity, the thin or watery part of the blood.
SERO'SO, adj. ferous, thin, watery.
SE'RPA, f. f. the herb wild-thyme.
SERPEA'R, v. n. to move like a ferpent, to move by undulation.
SERPENTA'RIA, f. f. the herb dragon-wort.
SERPENTICI'DA, f. m. a killer of ferpents.
SERPENTI'N, f. m. a kind of marble; a piece of ordnance fo called.
SERPENTINAME'NTE, adv. in a ferpent-like manner.
SERPENTI'NO, adj. like, of, or belonging to a ferpent.
SERPIE'NTE, f. m. a ferpent.
SERPI'GO, f. m. a difeafe or tumour fo called.
SE'RPO, { f. m. wild running
SERPO'L, { thyme, mother of thyme.
SERRA'LLO, f. m. the Grand Signior's palace.
SERRA'NA, f. f. a woman mountaineer.
SERRANI'A, f. f. a mountainous country.
SERRA'NO, f. m. a mountaineer.
SERRA'R, v. a. to faw, to cut with a faw.
SERREZUE'LA, f. f. a little mountain.
SERRO'N, f. m. a great faw ufed between two men.
SERTA, f. f. in cant, a shirt.
SERVADO'R, f. m. preferver.
SERVI'BLE, adj. ferviceable, ufeful.
SERVICIA'L, adj. ferviceable.
Servicial, f. m. a clyfter.
SERVICIALME'NTE, adv. ferviceably.
SERVI'CIO, f. m. a fervice; at table it is taken for a plate, napkin, knife and fork; a clofe-ftool.
Servicio, a fupply granted to the king by the *cortes* or parliament.
Prov. *A buén fervicio mal galardón*, good fervice ill rewarded.
SERVIDO'R, f. m. a fervant; a clofeftool-pan.
SERVIDU'MBRE, f. f. fervitude, bond-age, flavery; alfo a neceffary houfe; the right one neighbour has of going through another's houfe or ground, or the like.
SERVI'L, adj. fervile, flavish.
SERVI'LLAS, f. f. a fort of light shoes fervant-maids wear.
SERVILLE'TA, f. f. a table-napkin.
SERVILME'NTE, adv. fervilely, flavishly.
SERVI'R, v. a. to ferve.
Servir de pelillo, to do fome curious fervice, but of little value.
No fervir una cafa, to be of no ufe.
Prov. *Ni firvas a quien firvió, ni pidas a quien pidió*, do not ferve one that has been a fervant, nor beg of one that has begged.
SERVITU'D, f. f. fervitude, flavery, bondage.

S E S

SESE'NTA, adj. fixty.
SE'SGO, adj. aflope, athwart, biaffing, awry; alfo demure, grave.
SE'SMA, f. f. the fixth part of a yard.
SE'SO, f. m. the brain; metaph. fenfe, judgement; it is alfo ufed for an iron to fet a pot on over the fire.
Hablár en fefo, to talk ferioufly.
Fálto de fefo, that wants brains, mad, foolish.
Tenér el fefo en los calcañáres, to have one's brains in one's heels, to be foolish, or prepofterous.
Prov. *Quien con tofco ha de entendér, mucho fefo ha meneftér*, he that is to deal with a fenfelefs man, has need of much fenfe or wit.
SESQUIA'LTERA, f. f. in mufick, a note and a half.
SESQUITE'RCIA, f. f. one and a third, either in mufick or other meafure.
SESE'RA, f. f. the part of the fcull that contains the brain.
SESSIO'N, f. f. a feffion, as of a council or parliament.
SESTEADE'RO, f. m. a fummerhoufe, a place to pafs the heat of the fummer in, or to fleep after dinner in fummer.
SECTEA'R, v. n. to fleep after dinner in fummer.
SESTE'RCIO, f. m. the Roman coin called a fefterce.
SESUDAME'NTE, adj. prudently, wifely.
SESU'DO, adj. ferious, grave, judicious.

S E T

SE'TA, f. f. a fect.
Séta, a mushroom.
SETECIE'NTOS, adj. feven hundred.
SETE'NA, f. f. the feventh part.
Seténas, f. f. pl. feven-fold.
Pagár con las feténas, to pay a thing feven times the value.
SETE'NO, adj. the feventh.
SETE'NTA, adj. feventy.
SETENTO'N, adj. feventy years old.
SE'TO, f. m. a hedge.

S E V

SEVERAME'NTE, adv. feverely.
SEVERIDA'D, f. f. feverity.
SEVE'RO, adj. fevere.
SEVI'ZIA, f. f. cruelty.

S E X

SEXAGENA'RIO, adj. fixty years old.
SE'XO, f. m. the fex, male or female.
SEXTA'RIO, f. m. an old Roman meafure.
SEXTI'L, adj. of, or belonging to fix, fixth.
SE'XTO, adj. the fixth.

S I

SI, pron. himſelf.
Fuéra de ſi, beſides himſelf, out of his wits.
De por ſi, by himſelf.
Pára ſi, for himſelf.
Si, conjunct. if.
Si, adv. yes, or yea.

S I B

SIBI'L, ſ. m. a little ſubterraneous room to keep things cool in ſummer.
SIBI'LA, ſ. f. a ſybil.
SIBILA'NTE, adj. wiſing, hiſſing.

S I C

SI'CLO, ſ. f. a ſhekel, a ſort of ſilver coin among the Jews.

S I D

SIDE'REO, adj. of the ſtars, ſtar-like, bright, ſhining, like the ſtars.
SI'DRA, ſ. f. cyder.

S I E

SIE'GA, ſ. f. harveſt-time, mowing or reaping-time.
SIE'MBRA, ſ. m. the ſowing ſeaſon.
SIE'MPRE, adv. always.
SIEMPREVI'VA, ſ. f. the herb houſe-leek.
SIE'N, ſ. f. the temple of the head.
SIE'NA, ſ. f. in cant, a place.
SIE'RPE, ſ. m. a ſerpent; alſo an ugly woman, and any thing that moves by undulation.
Siérpe, a paſſionate perſon; in cant, a falſe key.
SIERPECI'LLA, ſ. f. a little ſerpent.
SIE'RRA, ſ. f. a ſaw; alſo a mountain.
SIE'RVA, ſ. f. a maid-ſervant, or a woman-ſlave.
SIE'RVO, ſ. m. a man-ſervant, or ſlave.
SIE'STA, ſ. f. the heat of the day from noon forwards.
SIE'TE, adj. ſeven.
Máta ſiéte, a bully.

Prov. *Siéte es combíte, y nuéve es confuſion*, ſeven is a feaſt, and nine is confuſion. That is, as far as ſeven makes good company, but all above produces diſorder.

SIETEMESI'NO, adj. born the ſeventh or ſeven months old.
SIETENA'L, adj. ſeven years old.

S I G

SIGILACION, ſ. f. ſealing.
SIGILA'R, v. n. to keep a ſecret.
SIGI'LO, ſ. m. a ſeal. Seldom uſed but in talking of confeſſion, or the ſecrecy due to confeſſion.
SIGILLOSAME'NTE, adv. ſecretly.
SIGILO'SO, adj. ſecret.
SI'GLO, ſ. m. an age.
Buén ſiglo áya, God reſt his ſoul. Said of the dead.
Siglo de oro, the golden age.
Siglo de plata, the ſilver age.
Siglo de hierro, the iron age.
SIGNAR, v. a. to ſign, to ſeal.
SIGNATU'RA, ſ. f. ſigning, ſealing, ſignature.
SIGNIFICACIO'N, ſ. f. ſignification.
SIGNIFICA'NZA, ſ. f. obſ. for *ſignificación*.
SIGNIFICA'R, v. a. to ſignify.
SIGNIFICATI'VO, adj. that ſignifies.
SI'GNO, ſ. m. ſign, token, ſeal; one of the twelve celeſtial ſigns of the zodiack.
SIGUIE'NTE, adj. following, next in courſe.

S I L

SILBA'R, v. n. to whiſtle; alſo to mock, to deſpiſe.
SILBA'TO, ſ. m. a whiſtle.
SILBI'DO, } ſ. m. whiſtling.
SILBO, }
SILENCIA'RIO, adj. ſilent, ſtill.
SILE'NCIO, ſ. m. ſilence.
SILENCIOSAME'NTE, adv. without ſpeaking, without making a noiſe, ſecretly, ſilently.
SILENCIO'SO, adj. of, or belonging to ſilence.
SILGUERI'LLO, ſ. m. diminutive of *ſilguéro*.
SILGUE'RO, ſ. m. a goldfinch.
SI'LLA, ſ. f. a chair; alſo a ſaddle.
Silla réal, a throne.
Silla de coſtíllas, a chair with a back made of laths like ribs.
Silla de máno, a ſedan or chair to carry people in.
Silla raſa, a plain pad-ſaddle.
Silla de borrénes, the great ſaddle.
Hombre de dos sillas, a man that can either ride long or ſhort, either the great or the pad-ſaddle.
Ser de ſilla y albarda, to be for the ſaddle or pannel; to ſerve for all uſes.
SILLA'R, ſ. m. a ſtone cut out ſquare for building.
Sillár del cabállo, that part of the horſe's back on which the ſaddle is ſet.
SILLE'RA, ſ. f. the part of the horſe's back that bears the ſaddle.
SILLERI'A, ſ. f. a place where they make or ſell chairs or ſaddles; alſo maſons work, or the building of a wall with ſquare ſtone.
SILLE'RO, ſ. m. a ſaddler, or one that makes or ſells chairs.
SILLE'TA, ſ. f. a litte chair.
SILLETE'RO, ſ. m. a chairman.
Silletéro, he that makes, ſells, or mends chairs.
SILLI'CA, or *SILLI'TA*, ſ. f. a little chair.
SILLO'N, ſ. m. a ſide-ſaddle for a woman.
SI'LO, ſ. m. a granary to lay up corn in, generally under ground.
SILVADO'R, ſ. m. a whiſtler; alſo one that hiſſes.
SILVA'R, v. n. to whiſtle; alſo to hiſs.
SILVA'TO, ſ. m. a whiſtle.
SILVO, ſ. m. a whiſtle, whiſtling or hiſſing.
SILU'RO, ſ. m. a fiſh ſo called.

SIM

SI'MA, f. f. a deep pit, a dungeon, an abyfs.
Sima de vicios, an abyfs of vice.
SIMA'DO, adj. deep.
SI'MIA, f. f. a monkey, an ape.
SIMIE'NTE, f. f. feed.
SI'MIL, f. m. a fimile in difcourfe, or writing.
SIMILITU'D, f. f. fimilitude, likenefs.
SI'MIO, f. m. an ape.
SIMONI'A, f. f. fimony, buying, or felling of fpiritual things.
SIMONI'ACO, adj. guilty of fimony.
SIMPA'R, adj. without equal.
SI'MPLE, adj. fimple, pure, unmixt, fincere, innocent, without deceit.
SIMPLEME'NTE, adv. fimply, honeftly, candidly.
SIMPLE'ZA, f. f. fimplicity.
SIMPLICIDA'D, f. f. idem.
SIMPLICI'STA, f. m. one that has skill in fimples, or cures with them.
SIMPLO'N, f. m. a filly fellow.
SIMULACIO'N, f. f. diffimulation, counterfeiting, feigning.
SIMULA'CRO, f. m. an image, a refemblance.
SIMULADAME'NTE, adv. feignedly, diffemblingly.
SIMULA'R, v. a. to feign, to diffemble, to counterfeit.

SIN

SIN, prepofition, without.
SINAGO'GA, f. f. the Jewish fynagogue.
SINALE'FA, f. f. a figure ufed in poetry, which cuts off the laft vowel off a word when it ends with a vowel and the next begins with one.
SINCEL, f. m. vide *CINCEL*.
SINCELA'R, v. a. vide *CINCELA'R*.
SINCERAME'NTE, adv. fincerely.
SINCERA'R, v. n. to clear one's felf, of a charge or crime.
SINCERIDA'D, f. f. fincerity.
SI'NCERO, adj. fincere, faithful.
SINCOPA, f. f. a figure by which a fyllable in a word is cut off; alfo a fainting or fwooning fit.
SINCOPA'R, v. a. to abbreviate, to cut off; alfo to faint, to fwoon.
SINDICA'DO, adj. judged, tried; fubft. ufed, the office of a judge or fteward.
SI'NDICO, f. m. a fyndick, a fteward, an advocate or follicitor for a body politick.
SINGULA'R, adj. fingular.
SINGULARIDA'D, f. f. fingularity.
SINGULARIZA'RSE, v. r. to make one's felf fingular; to fignalize one's felf.
SINGULARME'NTE, adv. fingularly.
SINGU'LTO, f. m. a fob, a hiccup.
SINIE'STRA, f. f. the left hand.
SINIESTRAME'NTE, adv. unluckily, aukwardly, untowardly.
SINIE'STRO, adj. of the left, left-handed; alfo untoward, unlucky.
SINIGUA'L, adj. peerlefs, that has not its match, matchlefs.
SINJUSTI'CIA, f. f. wrong, injuftice.
SINO', adv. if not, unlefs.
SINO'CA, f. f. a fever that lafts a day.
SINOCA'L, adj. that lafts a day; faid of a fever.
SINRAZO'N, f. f. a wrong, an injury, a thing contrary to reafon.
SINSABO'R, f. m. a diftafte, a difguft.
SINUO'SO, adj. that is not ftraight, finuous, crooked.
SI'O, *SIO'N*, } f. m. a plant fo called.

SIQ

SIQUIE'RA, adv. at leaft.

SIR

SIRE'NA, f. f. a fyren, a mermaid.
SI'RGA, f. f. a rope, to tow a veffel along, or that draws the net to the shore.
Ir a la sirga, to be towed along.
SI'RGAR, v. a. to tow a ship.
SIRGO, f. m. a filk twift.
SIRGUE'RO, f. m. the bird called a goldfinch; alfo one that tows or draws a boat along.
SIRO'CO, *SIROQUE*, } f. m. the fouth-eaft wind.
SIRVIE'NTE, f. m. a fervant.

SIS

SI'SA, f. f. an excife or tax upon meat or drink.
Sifa, borax for foldering, or fize for gilding.
Sifa, the leffening of any thing by fubtracting fome fmall part, or cutting meafures lefs; alfo the floping or shaping of a garment.
SISADO'R, f. m. a receiver of excife; in cant, a pilferer.
SISA'R, v. a. to diminish, to take away fomething, to nim, to leffen; alfo to flope in cutting.
SISO'N, f. m. a tailor that cuts cabbage too often, or in too large a quantity.
SISTRO, f. m. a mufical inftrument fo called.

SIT

SITIADOR, f. m. befieger.
SITIAL, f. m. a ftool without a back.
SITIA'R, v. a. to befiege.
SITIBUNDO, adj. thirfty.
SI'TIO, f. m. fituation; alfo a fiege.
SITUACIO'N, f. f. fituation.
SITUA'DO, f. m. an affignment upon a branch of the revenue.
SITUA'R, v. a. to fituate.

SO

SO, adv. under.
So pena, under pain.
So pena de la pena pronunciada, under the pain of the fentence paffed againft you.

SOA

SOASSA'R, v. a. to half roaſt.

SOB

SO'BA, ſ. f. in cant, a beating or cudgelling.
SOBA'CO, ſ. m. the arm-pit.
SOBAJA'R, v. a. to miſuſe, to handle a thing roughly, to mould like dough, to knead bread, to grope.
SOBAQUI'DO, ſ. m. in cant, what a thief runs away with under his arm.
SOBAQUI'NA, ſ. f. the ill ſcent of arm-pits.
SOBA'R, v. a. to knead, to work any thing with the fiſts and in a vigorous manner.
SOBARBA'DA, ſ. f. a check given the horſe with the bridle; a check to one that takes too much liberty in talking; alſo a chuck under the chin.
SOBARCA'R, v. a. vide *SOBACAR*.
SOBEJANI'A, ſ. f. obſ. ſuperfluity.
SOBEJA'NO, adj. obſ. ſuperfluous, uſeleſs; an old word.
SOBERANAME'NTE, adv. ſovereignly.
SOBERANI'A, ſ. f. ſovereignty.
SOBERANO, adj. ſovereign.
SOBE'RBIA, ſ. f. pride.
SOBERBIAME'NTE, adv. proudly, haughtily.
SOBE'RBIO, adj. proud, haughty; ſometimes taken for lofty, great, and noble.
Palácio ſobérbio, a ſtately palace.
SOBO'N, ſ. m. a cunning fellow that knows how to avoid work.
SOBONA'ZO, ſ. m. augment. of *ſobón*.
SOBORNADO'R, ſ. m. a ſuborner.
SOBORNA'L, ſ. m. the overplus in meaſure; alſo what is laid on a beaſt over and above its due burden.
SOBORNA'R, v. a. to ſuborn, to bribe, to corrupt with bribes.
SOBO'RNO, ſ. m. ſubornation, bribe.
SO'BRA, ſ. f. overplus, what is over and above, the exceſs.
SOBRA'DO, adj. ſuperfluous, over and above; metaph. idle, unmannerly.
SOBRA'R, v. n. to be over and above, to be ſuperfluous, to be over meaſure; metaph. to be idle, and of no uſe.
SOBRASA'R, v. a. to put burning coals under a pot or the like.
SOBRAZA'R, v. a. to put or to fold ſomething under the arm.
SO'BRE, adv. upon.
SOBREABUNDA'NTE, p. act. ſuperabundant.
SOBREABUNDA'R, v. a. to ſuperabound.
SOBREAÑADI'R, v. a. to add with exceſs.
SOBREASSA'R, v. a. to over-roaſt.
SOBRECEBADE'RA, ſ. f. the ſprit-ſail, top-ſail, of a ſhip.
SOBREVIVI'R, v. n. to ſurvive.
SOBRECA'MA, ſ. f. a counterpain for a bed, or a covering put over it to keep it from the duſt.
SOBRECAMARE'RO, ſ. m. a chief chamberlain, a head-ſervant.
SOBRECA'ÑA, ſ. f. a vicious excreſcence on the ſhin-bone of a horſe, called a knot, a knob, or a ring-worm.
SOBRECA'RGA, ſ. f. a ſurcharge, an overcharge, what is laid on a beaſt more than its due burden.
Prov. *La ſobrecárga máta*, the over-loading kills the horſe.
SOBRECARGA'R, v. a. to ſurcharge, to overload,
SOBRECA'RTA, ſ. f. a ſecond letter, or order to the ſame effect as the firſt.
SOBRECE'DULA, ſ. f. a writ or warrant granted upon another.
SOBRECE'JA, ſ. f. an eye-brow.
Sobrecéja de acemila, plates or pieces of leather-hanging over a mule's eyes, to make her look down to the ground.
SOBRECE'JO, ſ. m. an eye-brow.
SOBRECIE'LO, ſ. m. an awning or covering over a court of a houſe, or other open place, of canvas or the like to keep off the ſun.
SOBRECOGE'R, v. a. to ſurpriſe, to take unawares.
SOBRECO'RVA, ſ. f. the curb, a diſtemper in a horſe's hinder-legs.
SOBRECO'Z, ſ. m. obſ. a maſter cook.
SOBREDIE'NTE, ſ. m. a tooth that grows upon another.
SOBREDORADO'R, ſ. m. a gilder.
SOBREDORADU'RA, ſ. f. the gilding.
SOBREDORA'R, v. a. to gild over.
Sobrédorar, v. a. to gild, to cover with gold.
SOBREHAZ, ſ. f. the ſuperficies, the part that appears to ſight.
SOBREHUESSO, ſ. m. a ſplint in a horſe; metaph. one that ſticks cloſe to another and becomes very troubleſome; any uneaſineſs that attends a man.
SOBRELINTE'L, ſ. m. the work, timber, or ſtone over the lintel, or piece that lies over the jambs of doors or windows.
SOBRELLEVA'R, v. a. to bear with, to endure.
SOBRELUCI'R, v. n. to ſhine much, or above another.
SOBREMANE'RA, adv. exceſſively.
SOBREMA'NO, ſ. m. a ſwelling about the paſtern joint of a horſe's fore-foot, cauſed by being too hard ridden when young.
SOBREMEDI'DA, ſ. f. over-meaſure.
SOBREME'SA, ſ. f. a carpet for a table; it means alſo after dinner.
Diſcurrir ſóbre méſa, to chat after dinner.
SOBREMONTA'R, v. a. to ſurmount.
SOBRENADA'R, v. n. to ſwim above, or on the top.
SOBRENATURA'L, adj. ſupernatural.
SOBRENO'MBRE, ſ. m. a ſurname.
SOBREO'JO, ſ. m. a lowring, or a prying look.

Llevár sobreójo, to have a watchful eye upon.

SOBREPA'RTO, s. m. a woman's lying-in after being delivered.

SOBREPASSA'R, v. a. to surpass.

SOBREPELLI'Z, s. f. a surplice.

SOBREPENDIE'NTE, adj. hanging over.

SORBEPENSA'R, v. a. to consider seriously.

SOBREPIE, s. m. a swelling about the pastern joint of a horse's hinder-leg, caused by being too hard ridden when young.

SOBREPONE'R, v. a. to set upon, or put upon.

SOBREPUJA'R, v. a. to surpass, to excel.

SOBRERO'PA, s. f. an upper garment.

SOBRESALI'DO, adj. impatient, hasty, rash, head-strong.

SOBRESALIE'NTE, adj. standing above or beyond another.

Puésto sobresaliénte, an advantageous, or an advanced post.

Soldádos sobresaliéntes, men advanced before the rest of the body.

SOBRESALI'R, v. a. to jut out, to appear, to make a shew, to stand out above, or beyond another, to excel.

SOBRESALTA'R, v. a. to surprise.

SOBRESA'LTO, s. m. a surprize.

SOBRESANA'R, v. a. to heal superficially.

SOBRESA'NO, adj. healed superficially.

SOBRE'SCER, v. n. to supersede, to cease, to desist.

SOBRESCRIBI'R, v. a. to write upon any thing; to direct a letter.

SOBRESCRI'TO, s. m. a superscription, or superscribed.

SOBRESCRIVI'R, v. a. to superscribe.

SOBRESEMBRA'R, v. a. to sow over.

SOBRESE'YDO, adj. superseded, ceased, desisted.

SOBRESEYMIE'NTO, s. m. superseding, ceasing, desisting.

SOBRSEOLA'R, v. a. to mend shoes, putting one sole upon another.

SOBRESTA'NTE, s. m. an overseer, a supervisor.

SOBRESTE'RA, s. f. an upper mat to lay upon another, or other thing to lay on a mat.

SOBREVA'RDA, s. f. a welt or guard on a garment.

SOBREVAI'NA, s. f. a false scabbard to put over another for riding.

SOBREVENI'R, v. n. to come upon, to come in the nick of time.

SOBREVESTA, s. f. a large coat.

SOBREVESTI'R, v. a. to put one garment over another.

SOBREVI'STA, s. f. the beaver of a helmet.

SOBREVIVI'R, v. n. to survive.

SOBREU'SA, s. f. a dish consisting of poor Jack fried in oil after being boiled, and then put into a liquor of water, pepper, scalded oil, honey or sugar, cinnamon, and a little vinegar.

SOBRIAME'NTE, adv. soberly.

SOBRIEDA'D, s. f. sobriety.

SOBRI'NA, s. f. a niece.

SOBRI'NO, s. m. a nephew.

SO'BRIO, adj. sober. Latin *sobrius*.

S O C

SOCA'PA, s. f. under pretence, under the cloak; also privately.

SOCA'RRA, s. f. the scorching lightly any thing over a fire.

SOCARRA'R, v. a. to hold a thing so to the fire, that it be neither raw nor roasted, but scorched in one place, and raw in another.

SOCA'RREN, s. m. the eaves of a house.

SOCARRO'N, s. m. a crafty subtle fellow, an arch wag.

SOCARRONAME'NTE, adverb. archly, like a wag.

SOCARRONERI'A, s. f. waggery.

SOCAVA'R, v. a. to dig under, to undermine.

SOCAVO'N, s. m. a cave dug under a hill.

SOCHA'NTRE, s. m. the under chaunter of a church.

SOCIA'BLE, adj. sociable.

SOCIEDA'D, s. f. society.

SO'CIO, s. m. a companion.

SOCOLO'R, under colour, or pretence.

SOCO'NO, subst. m. in cant, any thing robbed, or a present made by a whore to her pimp.

SOCORREDO'R, s. m. one who helps succours, aids, or assists.

SOCORRE'R, v. a. to succour, to relieve.

SOCO'RRO, s. m. succour, relief, aid.

SOCRO'SIO, s. m. a medicine, a plaster.

Socrósio mithridático, mithridate.

S O D

SO'DA, s. f. the herb glasswort.

SODOMI'A, s. f. the sin of sodomy.

SODOMI'TA, s. m. f. a sodomite.

SODOMI'TICO, s. m. a sodomite.

SO'DOMO, s. m. vide *SODOMI'TA*.

S O E

SOE'Z, adj. filthy.

S O F

SOFALDA'R, v. n. to tuck up the coats.

SOFLA'MA, s. f. a little flame; a great heat, captious and deceiving words.

SOFLAMA'R, v. a. to shame one; also to deceive one with fair language.

SOFLAME'RO, s. m. one who deceives with fair words.

SOFOCA'R, v. a. v. *SUFOCA'R*.

SOFRE'IR, v. a. to fry lightly.

SOFRENA'DA, s. f. a check given with the bridle; a check, a reproof, and sometimes a blow on the face.

SOFRENA'R, v. a. to check with the bridle.

S O G

SO'GA, s. f. a rope, but properly, that which is made of *esparto*.

Dar sóga, to give out rope; to let a man go on without check.

Llevár la sóga arrastrándo, to drag the rope; that is, to be in danger.

Tenér la sóga a la gargánta, to have a halter about one's neck: to be in great danger.

Tenér sóga de ahorcádo, to have the rope a man was hanged with; that is, to be fortunate in all things.

Prov. *Echár la sóga tras el caldéró*, to throw the rope after the bucket; to throw, the helve after the hatchet.

SOGUEA'R, v. a. to measure with a rope.

SOGUE'RO, f. m. a rope-maker.

SOGUI'LLA, *SOGUI'TA*, } f. f. a little rope.

S O H

SOHE'Z, adj. mean, base, vile.

S O J

SOJUSGADO'R, a conqueror, a subduer.

SOJUSGA'R, v. a. to subdue, to conquer, to bring under.

S O L

SOL, f. m. the sun.

El sol sále, the sun rises.

El sol se póne, the sun sets.

El sol pica, the sun scorches.

De sol à sol, from sun rising to sun setting.

Detenér el sol, to stop the sun; to aim at impossibilities; to labour in vain.

Prov. *Con el buén sol, estiendése el caracól*, the warm sun makes the snail stretch himself out. The meanest creature with encouragement thrives; or, base people encouraged, grow saucy.

SOLACEA'R, v. a. vide *SOLAZA'R*.

SOLA'DO, f. m. a boarded or paved floor.

SOLAME'NTE, adv. only.

SOLA'NA, f. f. a sunny place, a loft in a house. Also the rent paid for a house.

SOLANAZO, f. m. augment of *soláno*.

SOLA'NO, f. m. the east wind.

SOLA'PA, f. f. a lapping over in a garment; metaph. an underhand practice, a concealed affair.

SOLAPADAME'NTE, adv. with dissimulation, deceitfully.

SOLAPA'R, v. a. to lap over like a garment; also to conceal, or cover, as under a garment.

SOLA'PO, f. m. a lapping over in a garment; metaphor, an underhand practice, a concealed affair.

SOLA'R, f. m. the ground a house stands on; the ancient mansion house of a family.

Hidálgo de solár conocido, a gentleman of an ancient known family.

Solár, adj. solar, of the sun.

Solár, v. a. to lay a floor, to plank, to pave.

Solár ҫapátos, to sole shoes.

SOLARIE'GO, adj. of, or belonging to the stock, family, or mansion-house.

SOLA'Z, f. f. comfort, gaity, pleasure, delight.

SOLAZA'R, v. a. to solace, to comfort, to delight.

SOLA'ZO, f. m. augment. of *sol*; a burning sun.

SOLDA'DA, f. f. soldiers pay, servants wages; also soldering of metals.

SOLDADE'SCA, f. f. soldiery.

SOLDADI'ҪO, *SOLDADI'LLO*, } f. m. dimin. of *soldado*.

SOLDA'DO, f. m. a soldier.

Soldádo aventajádo, a soldier that has more than the common pay.

Prov. *De soldádo que no tiéne cápa, guárda tu váca*, keep your cow from a soldier that has no cloak. Take care of all you see a poor soldier.

SOLDADO'R, f. m. a solderer.

SOLDADU'RA, f. f. a soldering, or the place where a thing is soldered.

SOLDA'N, f. m. a soldan or sultan.

SOLDA'R, v. a. to solder metal.

SOLECI'SMO, f. m. solecism, a false concord.

SOLECI'TO, f. m. dimin. of *sol*; a pleasing sun that does not overheat us.

SOLEDA'D, f. f. solitude, solitariness, lonesomeness, a solitary lonesome place, a desert.

SOLE'MNE, adj. solemn, expensive, famous; also merry, gay.

SOLEMNEME'NTE, adv. solemnly.

SOLEMNIDA'D, f. f. solemnity, religious ceremony.

SOLEMNIZADO'R, f. m. solemnizer.

SOLEMNIZA'R, v. a. to solemnize, to celebrate.

SO'LEO, f. m. one of the muscles, so called by anatomists.

SOLE'R, v. n. to be wont, to accustom, to habituate oneself.

Solér, f. m. the floor at the bottom of the hold in a ship.

SOLE'RCIA, f. f. cunning, craft

SOLE'TA, f. f. the sole part of a stocking, a new sole put to it.

SOLETA'R, *SOLETRE'AR*, } v. a. to put new soles to old stockings.

SOLETERO, f. m. one whose business is to sole stockings.

SOLEVACIO'N, vide *SUBLEVACIO'N*.

SOLEVANTA'R, v. a to rise up; also to persuade servants, to change places.

SOLEVA'R, v. a. idem.

SOLEVAMIE'NTO, f. m. the art of raising or lifting up.

SOL FA, f. f. the name of two notes in musick, used to signify musick in general.

Estár en solfa, to be finished.

Ponér en solfa, to finish any thing, to make it perfect.

SOLFEA'R, v. n. to sing by notes.

SOLICITATIO'N, f. f solicitation.

SOLICITADO'R, f. m. a solicitor, one that tries, attempts, courts or allures.

SOLICITAME'NTE, adv. solicitously, diligently, carefully.

SOLICITA'R, v. a. to solicit, to make haste.

Solicitár úna mugér, to make love to a woman, to endeavour to debauch her.

SOLI'CITO, adj. solicitous careful.

SOLICITU'D, f. f. solicitude, carefulness, diligence.

SOLIDAME'NTE, adv. solidly, firmly.

SOLIDA'R, v. a. to make solid.

SOLIDE'Z, f. f. solidity.

SO'LIDO, adj. solid.

SOLIDE'O, f. m. a fort of cap ufed by priefts.
SOLILOQUIA'R, v. n. to fpeak with onefelf.
SOLILO'QUI'O, f. m. a foliloquy, a meditation, a difcourfe by onefelf.
SOLIMA'N, f. m. mercury fublimate.
SO'LIO, f. m. a throne.
Celebración de sólio, the king's fitting on his throne when in the *cortes*, either at the opening of them, or to pafs afts.
SOLITARIAME'NTE, adv. folitarily.
SOLITA'RIO, adj. folitary, lonefome.
SO'LITO, adj. wont, ufual, accuftomed.
Sollto, adj. dimin. of *folo*; all alone.
SOLITU'D, f. f. obf. folitude.
SOLIVIADU'RA, f. f. relieving, eafing.
SOLIVIA'R, v. a. to relieve, to eafe to lift underneath; fometimes to fteal.
SOLI'VIO, f. m. relieving, or eafing, lifting underneath; fometimes theft.
SOLLA, fubft. f. a foal, a fish fo called.
SOLLAMA'R, v. a. to fcorch in the flame.
SOLLA'R, v. n. to draw one's breath hard, to blow, to pant.
SOLLA'STRE, f. m. a fcullion in a kitcken.
SOLLASTRI'A, fubft. f. fcullery-work.
SOLLO, f. m. a fturgeon.
SOLLOZA'R, v. n. to figh to fob.
SOLLO'ZO, f. m. a figh, a fob.
SO'LO, adj. alone, only.
A folas, adv. alone.
SOLOMI'LLO, f. m. dimin. of *folómo*.
SOLO'MO, f. m. the under part of the loin, which is the tendereft.
Solómo de puérco, an under loin of pork.
SOLSTICIA'L, adj. of the folftice.
SOLSTI'CIO, f. m. the folftice, when the fun enters the figns of Cançer and Capricorn.
SOLTADI'ZO, adj. loofed, untyed, free.
SOLTADO'R, f. m. a loofer, a releafer, an expounder of difficulties.
SOLTA'R, v. a. to let go, to let loofe, to releafe; alfo to expound difficulties.
Soltár la príſa, to let go the booty; alfo to open a fluice.
Soltár la cápa, to let go one's cloak, either running away, or when one can defend it no longer againft thieves.
Soltár de la carcél, to dimifs out of prifon.
Soltár atadúras, to loofe bands.
Soltár queftiónes, to folve or explain obfcure queftions.
Soltár los niños de la éfcuéla, to fend the children from the fchool.
Soltár déudas, to remit debts.
SOLTE'RA, f. f. a fingle woman; generally taken in no good fenfe.
SOLTERI'A, f. f. a fingle life.
SOLTERO, f. m. a batchelor, a fingleman.
SOLTU'RA, f. f. loofing, delivering, releafing, untying; metaph. impudence, lewdnefs.
Decir el fuéño y la foltúra, to tell all one thinks without referve.
SOLU'BLE, adj. that can be refolved or explained.
SOLUCIO'N, f. f. a folution, the folving of a queftion.
SOLVE'R, v. a. to untie, to folve.
SOLUTI'VO, adj. that can folve or untie.

S O M.

SO'MA, f. f. bren; in cant, a hen.
SOMBRA, fubft. f. a fhadow, the fhade.
Ponér a úno a la sómbra, to put a man into the fhade; that is, to caft him into prifon.
Andár a sómbra de texádo, to go under the fhade of the tiles; that is, to abfcond, to keep clofe.
SOMBRA'JO, f. m. a fhady place; a thing that makes a fhade.
SOMBRA'R, v. a. vide *ASSOMBRAR*.
SOMBREA'R, v. a. to fhade a picture.
SOMBRERA'DA, f. f. a falutation, by pulling off the hat; alfo a blow with the hat.
SOMBRERAZO, f. m. a very large hat, and a blow given with a hat.
SOMBRERE'RA, f. f. a hat-cafe; alfo the herb butterbur.
SOMBRERE'RO, f. m. a hatter.
SOMBRE'RO, f. m. a hat.
Sombréro albanéz, a high-crowned hat.
SO'MBRIO, *SOMBRO'SO*, } adj. fhady.
SOMERAME'NTE, adv. fuperficially.
SOME'RO, adj. fuperficial, that is almoft at top.
SOMETE'R, v. a. to fubmit, to put under to fubdue.
SOMNOLE'NCIA, f. f. difpofition to fleep, fleepinefs.
SO'MO, adv. as.
En sómo el colládo, on the top of the hill.
SOMO'NTE, f. m. what is rough, uncouth, unpolished.
SOMORGUJADO'R, f. m. a diver.
SOMORGUJAR, v. n. to dive under water.
SOMORGU'JO, f. m. a plunge under water; a bird fo called.
SOMPESA'R, v. a. to lift any thing as it were to feel how much it weighs.

S O N.

SON, f. m. a found, a noife.
SONA'BLE, adj. that may found, or be founded.
SONA'DA, f. f. a tune; alfo a famous action or exploit much fpoken of, and a rumour, a report.
SONADE'RO, f. m. a handkerchief.
SONADO'R, f. m. that founds.
SONA'JAS, f. f. pl. a kind of inftrument the country people dance to.
SONAJE'RA, f. f. a woman that plays on the *fonájas*.
SONA'JERO, f. m. a rattle, a fmall bell; any thing that makes a noife.
SONA'R, v. a. to found.
Sonárfe, v. r. to be reported or bruited abroad.
Sonárfe las narices, to blow one's nofe.
PROV. *El bién fuéna y el mal vuéla*,

good news is rumoured, but bad news flies.

SO'NCO, f. m. a fort of herb fo called.

SO'NDA, f. f. a plummet to found the depth of waters with a founding lead.

SONDALE'SA, f. f. a founding plummet, fuch as they ufe at fea.

SONDA'R, *SONDEA'R*, } v. a. to found the depth of waters.

SONECI'LLO, f. m. a light found.

SONETA'ZO, f. m. a very good fonnet; a very bad fonnet too.

SONETI'CO, f. m. a poor defpicable fonnet, a little pretty fonnet.

SONE'TO, f. m. a fonnet. The Spanish confifts of fourteen verfes.

SONI'DO, f. m. a found.

SONORAME'NTE, adv. fonoroufly.

SONO'RO, adj. founding, that makes a great founding or a pleafant found.

SONORO'SO, adj. idem.

SONREI'RSE, v. n. to fmile.

SONRI'SA, f. f. a fmile, or fmiling.

SONRODA'DO, adj. that is ftuck in mire.

SONRODA'R, v. n. to ftick in the mire; faid of the wheels.

SONROJA'R, v. a. to ashame.

SONRO'JO, f. m. fhame, blush.

SONROSA'R, v. a to dye in a rofe colour.

SONROSEA'RSE, v. r. to blush.

SONROSI'O, f. m. blushing.

SONSA'CA, f. f. feducing, cheating.

SONSACADO'R, f. m. one who wheedles or feduces.

SONSACA'R, v. a. to wheedle, to worm out, to draw aftray, to feduce.

SONSONE'TE, f. m. a little found caufed by hitting foftly on any thing.

S O Ñ

SOÑADO'R, f. m. a dreamer.

SOÑA'R, v. n. to dream.

SOÑARRE'RA, fubft. f. the act of dreaming much, and a heavy fleep.

SOÑOLIE'NTO, adject. fleepy, drowfy.

S O P

SO'PA, f. f. a fop.

Sópa doráda, a fort of foap fo called.

Ir a la sópa, to repair for alms to the monafteries where they give to all the poor a mefs.

Eftár hécho una sópa, to be wet through; metaph. to be drunk.

Una fopa de añadido a foop that has more liquor put to it, and fpoilt by that addition.

SOPA'IPA, f. f. a kind of fritter.

SOPALA'NDA, f. f. a particular kind of drefs worn by vagabonds, generally torn and dirty.

SOPA'PO, f. m. dewlap, the part next under the chin or gorge; a double chin; alfo a blow under the chin.

SOPA'R, v. a to fop.

SOPEA'R, v. a to ufe a man ill, to tread him under feet.

SOPE'NA, adv. upon pain of.

SOPETE'AR, v. a. to ufe ill, to treat ill; alfo to dip bread in broth and eat it.

SOPETO'N, f. m. a large fop; alfo a fudden blow given with the hand.

SO'PHI, f. m. the fophy or monarch of Perfia.

SOPHI'SMA, f. m. a fophifm, a fallacious argument.

SOPHI'STA, f. m. a fophift.

SOPHISTERI'A, f. f. fophiftry.

SOPHISTICAME'NTE, adv. fophiftically.

SOPHISTICA'R v. a. to fophifticate.

SOPHI'STICO, adj. fophiftical.

SOPI'LLA, *SOPI'TA*, } f. f. dimin. of *fopa*.

SOPLADO'R, f. m. a blower.

SOPLAMO'CO, f. m. a blow given on the face with the hand.

SOPLA'R, v. n. to blow. Metaph. to whifper, to inform, to carry tales.

Soplár una pieza en el juego, to huff a man at draughts.

Soplár á la oréja, to whifper in the ear.

Sópla, vivo te le doy, a fort of fport among boys.

Prov. *Soplár, y forbér no puéde júnto fer*, to blow and fip at once cannot be done. Two contraries cannot be performed at once.

SOPLI'LLO, f. m. a thin filk, of which they make women's veils.

SO'PLO, f. m. a breath of wind, a puff, a blaft; alfo a whifper or information, a tale carried.

SOPLO'N, f. m. a great puff or blaft; generally taken for an informer, a tale carrier, a fpy.

SOPO'N, f. m. a fellow that goes to convents to fetch a foup given there regularly by way of alms.

SOPO'R, f. m. heavinefs, fleepinefs.

SOPORI'FERO, adj. that caufes fleep.

SOPORTA'BLE, adj. fupportable, tolerable.

SOPORTA'L, f. m. a walking-place under a portico or arch.

SOPORTA'R, v. a. to fupport, to uphold, to maintain, to bear with.

S O R

SOR, f. f. a fifter; alfo an abbreviation of *féñor*.

SO'RBA, f. f. the fruit called a fervice.

SORBEDO'R, f. m. a fipper.

SORBE'R, v. a. to fip.

Prov. *Sortér y foplár, no fe puéde hacer a la pár*, one cannot fip and blow at the fame time. Two contrary actions cannot be done together.

SORBE'TE, f. f. the jelly of any fruit mixed with vater to drink.

SORBETO'N, f. m. a fip.

SORBI'CO, *SORBI'LLO*, *SORBI'TO*, } f. m. a little fip.

SO'RBO, f. m. a fip; alfo a fervice-tree.

SORCE, f. m a moufe.

SORDAME'NTE, adv. deafly.

SORDEDA'D, *SORDE'RA*, *SORDE'Z*, } f. f. deafnefs.

SORDIDE'Z, f. f. fordidnefs.

SO'RDIDO, adj. fordid, bafe.

SORDI'NA, f. f. a mute.

SO'RDO, adj. deaf; alfo that does not found.

Piédra sórda, fo architects call a folid

ſort of ſtone that makes little noiſe when ſtruck.

Prov. *No hay péor sórdo que el que no quiére oir*, none ſo deaf as he that will not hear.

SO'RNA, ſ. f. heavineſs, ſlowneſs; in cant, the night.

SORNA'R, v. n. in cant, to ſleep.

SORPREENDE'R, v. a. to ſurpriſe.

SO'RRA, ſ. f. the ballaſt of a ſhip.

SORRE'RO, adj. ſluggiſh becauſe ill ballaſted; ſaid of ſhips.

SORTEADO'R, ſ. m. he that caſts the lots; he that attacks the bull at the bull-feaſts.

SORTEA'R, v. a. to caſt lots.

SORTE'O, ſ. m. the act of caſting lots.

SORTE'RO, ſ. m. a fortune-teller; one that caſts lots.

SORTI'JA, ſ. f. a ring.

Corrér de ſortíja, to ride at the ring.

SORTIJO'N, ſ. m. a great ring.

SORTIJUE'LA, ſ. f. a little ring.

SORTILE'GIO, ſ. m. fortune-telling by lots.

SORTU, ſ. m. a great coat.

S O S

SOSA, ſ. f. the herb glaſſwort.

SOSLA'YO, adj. aſlope, ſloping, athwart.

SO'SO, unſavoury, inſipid.

SOSPE'CHA, ſ. f. ſuſpicion.

SOSPECHA'R, v. a. to ſuſpect.

SOSPECHOSAME'NTE, ad. ſuſpiciouſly.

SOSPECHO'SO, adj. ſuſpicious.

SOSQUI'N, ſ. m. a blow cunningly or treacherouſly given.

SOSSEGADAME'NTE, adverb. quietly, calmly.

SOSSEGA'R, v. a. to quiet, to ſtill, to calm.

SOSSIE'GO, ſubſt. m. quietneſs, calmneſs, ſtillneſs.

SOSTEN, ſ. m. a prop, a ſupport; or the act of ſupporting and keeping up.

SOSTENEDO'R, ſ. m. a ſupporter.

SOSTENE'R, v. a. to ſuſtain, to ſupport, to uphold, to maintain.

SOSTENIMIE'NTO, ſ. m. ſuſtaining, ſupporting upholding maintaining.

SOSTITUI'R, v. a. to ſubſtitute, to appoint one under another; to make a deputy.

SOSTITU'TO, adj. ſubſtituted; put under another; ſubſtantively uſed, a ſubſtitute, one placed under another.

S O T

SOTA, ſ. f. the knave at cards.

Sóta de navío, that part of the hold of a ſhip where the ballaſt lies.

SOTABA'NCO, ſ. m. among builders, a place jutting out towards the top of a wall over the frieze or cornice, and betwixt it and the roof, for any thing to reſt or ſtand upon.

SOTACABALLERI'ZO, ſ. m. an officer ſubject immediately to the maſter of the horſe.

SOTACOCHE'RO, ſ. m. an under coachman.

SOTACO'LA, ſ. f. a crupper, a ſtrap put under the horſe's tail and fixed to the ſaddle.

SOTALCA'IDE, ſ. m. a deputy governor.

SOTAMONTE'RO, ſ. m. an under huntſman.

SOTA'NA, ſ. f. a caſſock.

SOTANI'LLA, ſ. f. a little caſſock.

SOTA'NO, ſ. m. a cellar.

SOTAVENTA'DO, ſ. m. adj. drove to the leeward.

SOTAVE'NTO, ſ. m. the lee ſide, the ſide on which the wind blows.

SOTERRA'NEO, ſ. m. a vault, a place under ground.

Soterráneo, adj. that is under ground.

SOTERRA'R, v. a. to bury, to put under ground.

SOTI'CO, ſ. m. a little wood, thicket, or hedge; alſo a ſort of herb that has leaves like trefoil.

SOTI'L, adj. v. *SUTI'L*.

SOTILE'ZA, ſ. f. v. *SUTILE'ZA*.

SOTI'LLO, ſ. m. a little wood or thicket.

SOTILME'NTE, adv. v. *SUTILME'NTE*.

SO'TO, ſ. m. a wood, a thicket, a hedge, a fied hedged in.

Prov. *Por ſóto no váyas tras ótro*, do not follow another in a wood or a thicket; becauſe the boughs fly back from him that went before.

SOTOMINISTRO, ſ. m. an under miniſter or coadjutor in a religious order.

SOTRO'ZO, ſ. m. an iron put in the wheels of ordnance pieces, to keep them firm.

S P A

SPARGA'NEO, ſ. f. an herb ſo called.

S P E

SPERMA, ſ. f. v. *ESPERMA*.

S P O

SPO'DIO, ſ. m. the aſhes of the elephant's tusks.

S T A

STA'CTE, ſ. m. ſtacte, an aromatick, the gum that diſtils from the tree which produces myrrh.

S T E

STEBA, ſ. f. an herb ſo called.

STENTO'RIO, adj. very ſtrong, applied to the voice.

STEREOGRAPHI'A, ſ. f. ſtereography; the art of drawing the form of ſolids upon a plane.

STEREOGRA'PHICO, adj. relating to ſtereography.

STEREOMETRI'A, ſ. f. ſtereometry; the art of meaſuring all ſorts of ſolid bodies.

STERNO'N, ſ. m. the ſternum, the breaſt bone.

S T O

STOMA'TICHO, } *STOMA'TICO*, } adj. ſtomachick, good for the ſtomach.

S T R

STRATIOTE, ſ. m. a plant ſo called.

S U

SU', pron. yours, his.
Su cabállo, his horse.
Su pádre de v. m. your father.

S U A

SUADI'R, v. a. to persuade.
SUASI'BLE, adj. that may be persuaded.
SUASIO'N, f. f. persuasion.
SUASI'VO, adj. persuasive.
SUA'VE, adject. sweet, pleasant, smooth, soft.
SUAVEME'NTE, adv. sweetly, pleasantly, soft.
SUAVIDA'D, f. f. sweetness, pleasantness, smoothness, softness.
SUAVIZA'R, v. a. to make sweet and pleasant to the mind or senses.

S U B

SUBALTERNA'R, v. a. to subject, to place under another's command.
SUBALTE'RNO, adj. subaltern.
SUBBRIGA'DIER, f. m. an officer of horse, next in order to a brigadier.
SUBDELEGACIO'N, f. f. subdelegation, substitution.
SUBDELEGA'R, v. a. to subdelegate, to substitute, to appoint one to serve for another.
SUBDIACONA'DO, } f. m. the
SUBDIACONATO, } office or dignity of a subdeacon.
SUBDIA'CONO, f. m. a subdeacon, the next in order to a deacon.
SU'BDITO, f. m. a subject.
SUBDIVIDI'R, v. a. to subdivide.
SUBDIVISIO'N, f. f. subdivision.
SU'BDUPLO, adj. subduple, containing one part of two.
SUBI'DA, f. f. an ascent or going up.
Prov. *De gran subída, gran caída*, a great rise will have a great fall.
SUBIDE'TO, adj. that is ascended, that one must ascend.
SUBI'DO, adj. lofty, high; metaph. proud, haughty.
Subído de quilátes, very fine or pure as gold or silver that is much refined; metaph. applied to any thing that is of great value.
Subído de cólor, high coloured.
Subído de talones, grown haughty or proud.
SUBIDO'R, f. m. one that rises or goes up; or one that enhances, or raises the price, or extols any thing.
SUBI'R, v. n. to go up, to rise.
Subír el precio, to raise the price.
Subírse de punto, to take state upon one.
Subirse en el canto, to sing out of tune by overstraining the voice.
Subírse de talónes, to grow proud.
SUBITAME'NTE, adv. suddenly.
SUBITANEAME'NTE, adverb. idem.
SUBITA'NEO, adj. sudden, unexpected.
SU'BITO, adj. sudden, unexpected.
SUBJUGA'R, v. a. to subdue.
SUBJUNTI'VO, f. m. a subjunctive in grammar.
SUBLEVACIO'N, f. f. rising up, a sedition.
SUBLEVACIO'N, f. f. } a
SUBLEVAMIE'NTO, f. m. } rising; the act of rising or lifting up.
SUBLEVAR, v. a. to move a sedition or insurrection.
SUBLIMACIO'N, f. f. sublimation, lifting up, extolling.
SUBLIMA'R, v. a. to lift up, to raise, to extol.
SUBLI'ME, adj. lofty, high.
SUBLIMIDA'D, f. f. loftiness.
SUBLUNA'R, adj. sublunar, sublunary, under the moon.
SUBORDINACIO'N, f. f. subordination.
SUBORDINADAME'NTE, adv. subordinately.
SUBORDINA'R, v. a. to make subordinate.
SUBPOLA'R, adj. lying under the pole.
SUBREPCIO'N, f. f. subreption, the act of obtaining by surprize or unfair representation.
SUBREPTICIAME'NTE, adv. clandestinely, thief-like.
SUBREPTI'CIO, adj. surreptitious, done by stealth.
SUBROGACIO'N, f. f. a putting in the place of another.
SUBROGA'R, v. a. to subrogate, to put in the place of another.
SUBSCRIPCIO'N, f. f. a subscription.
SUBSCRI'TO, p. p. subscribed.
SUBSCRIBI'R, v. a. to subscribe.
SUBSEQüE'NTE, adj. subsequent.
SUBSI'DIO, f. m. subsidy, aid, relief.
SUBSISTE'NCIA, f. f. subsistence.
SUBSISTI'R, v. a. to subsist.
SUBSTA'NCIA, f. f. substance, food, or nourishment.
Substáncia, wealth, means of life.
SUBSTANCIA'L, adj. substantial, real.
SUBSTANCIA'R, v. a. to make an abridgment or summary; also to enquire about any thing.
SUBSTANCIO'SO, adj. belonging to substance.
SUBSTANTIVAME'NTE, adv. substantively.
SUBSTANTI'VO, f. m. substantive.
SUBSTITUCIO'N, f. f. substitution.
SUBSTITUIDO'R, f. m. one who puts another in his place.
SUBSTITUI'R, v. a. to substitute.
SUBSTRAHE'R, v. a. to subtract.
SUBTENDE'R, v. a. to subtend, to be extended under.
SUBTERRA'NEO, adj. subterraneal, subterraneous.
SUBURBA'NO, } f. m. a suburb,
SUBURBIO, } outpart of a city.
SUBVERSIO'N, f. f. subversion, ruin, destruction.
SUBVERTI'R, v. a. to subvert, to overturn, to ruin, to destroy.

S U C

SUCARI'LLO, f. m. in cant, page or servant.

SUCA'RRO, f. m. in cant, a footman, a laquey, a fervant.
SUCCI'NO, f. m. yellow amber, fuch as they make necklaces of.
SUCCIO'N, f. f. fuction, the act of fucking.
SUCEDE'R, v. n. to fucceed, as by defcent; to happen, to fall out.
SUCESSIO'N, f. f. fucceffion, defcent.
SUCESSIVAME'NTE, adv. fucceffively, by defcent.
SUCESSIVO, adj. fucceffive, by defcent, or in courfe.
SUCE'SSO, f. m. fuccefs, event, accident, chance.
SUCESSO'R, f. m. a fucceffor.
SUCIAME'NTE, adv. naftily, filthily.
SUCIE'DAD, f. f. naftinefs, filth.
SUCINTAME'NTE, adv. fuccinctly, briefly.
SUCI'NTO, adj. fuccinct, brief.
SU'CIO, adj. nafty, dirty, filthy.
SU'CO, f. m. the fap of a tree.
SUÇO'SO, adj. juicy.

SUD

SU'D, f. m. the fouth-weft wind.
SUDADE'RO, f. m. a fweating-place.
Sudadéro de la tiérra, a moift ground where the water oufes out.
SU'DAR, v. n. to fweat.
Más vàle fudàr que toffér, it is better to fweat than to cough.
SUDA'RIO, f. m. a handkerchief.
SUDO'R, f. m. fweat.
SUDORI'FICO, *SUDORI'FERO*, adj. fudorifick.
SUDUE'STE, f. m. fouth-weft.

SUE

SUE'GRA, f. f. a mother-in-law by marriage, the wife's, or the husband's mother.

Prov. *No fe acuérda la fuégra que fué nuéra*, the mother-in-law does not remember she was a daughter-in-law.

SUE'GRO, f. m. a father-in-law by marriage, the wife's or the husband's father.

SUE'LA, fubft. f. the fole of the shoe.
Suéla, among carpenters, a piece of timber laid on the ground as a foundation to build a lath and plaifter wall upon; or a plank laid under a shore or prop.

Prov. *Suélas y vino ándan camíno*, foles and wine to go the journey; that is good foles to fave the feet, and wine to chear the heart, make a man travel eafily.

SUE'LDO, f. m. pay, wages.
SUE'LO, f. m. the ground, the floor, the bottom.
Dar con la cofa en el fuelo, to let a thing fall upon the ground.
Echár la cafa por el fuelo, to level a houfe with the ground.
Levantar la cafa el fuelo, to build a houfe from the ground.

Prov. *Quién no póne y fiémpre fáca, fuélo hálla*, a man who always fpends and never gets, muft fee an end of what he has.

SUELTA, f. f. the act of untying.
Suéltas, f. f. pl. fetters for horfes feet.
SUELTAME'NTE, adv. loofely, lightly, nimbly, freely.
SUE'LTO, adj. loofe, free, at liberty; nimbly, active, quick.
Suélto de léngua, talkative.
SUE'NO, f. m. obf. a found.
SUE'ñO, f. m. a fleep, a dream.
Dormir a fueño fuelto, to fleep found, without any difturbance.
Decir el fueño y la foltúra, to tell a man his dream and the expofition of it; metaph. to tell a man all one's mind with freedom.

Prov. *Tornófele el fueño del pérro*, it was like a dog's dream to him. Applied to thofe who fancy they can compafs great matters, and come off with lofs.

Prov. *De los fueños no créas málos ni buénos*, of dreams believe neither the good nor the bad. Do not be fuperftitious and give credit to dreams.

Prov. *Sueño foffegádo no téme nubládo*, quiet fleep fears no foul weather; that is, he who fleeps found, has no apprehenfions, fears, or cares upon him.

SUE'RO, f. m. whey; the ferum in a man's blood.
SUE'RTE, f. m. a lot, a chance. Alfo a fort, a kind, or a manner.
Echár fuértes, to caft lots.
Efto me cúpo en fuérte, this fell to my lot.
No le quiéro de éfta fuérte, I will not have it of this fort, after this manner.

Prov. *A mála fuérte embidár fuérte*, he that has ill luck muft push boldly.

SUE'STE, f. f. m. fouth-eaft.

SUF

SUFICIE'NCIA, f. f. fufficiency, enough.
SUFICIE'NTE, adj. fufficient.
SUFICIENTEME'NTE, adv. fufficiently.
SUFOCACIO'N, f. f. fuffocation.
SUFOCA'R, v. a. to fuffocate, to ftifle.
SUFRAGA'NEO, f. m. fuffragan, fubordinate to an archbifhop.
SUFRAGA'R, v. a. to help, to favour.
SUFRA'GIO, f. m. a vote; alfo favour, affiftance; commonly ufed for the prayers of the church.
SU'FRE, f. m. brimftone.
SUFRE'NCIA, f. f. obf. fufferance, patience.
SUFRI'BLE, adj. tolerable, that may be endured.
SUFRI'DA, f. f. in cant, a bed.
SUFRIDE'RO, adj. that may be endured.
SUFRI'DO, adj. patient, that will fuffer much; in cant, one that endured the rack without confeffing.
SUFRIDO'R, f. m. one who fuffers or endures.
SUFRIMIE'NTO, f. m. patience.
SUFRI'R, v. a. to fuffer, to endure.

Prov. *Sufre por fabér, y trabája por téner*, endure inconveniencies to acquire knowledge, and take pains to gain wealth.

SUFUMIGACIO'N, f. f. fuffumigation.

SUG

SUGESTION, f. f. fuggeftion.
SUGE'TO, adj. fubject.
Sugéto, f m. a fubject.
Fulàno es un fugéto de importáncia, fuch a one is a perfon of note.
SU'GO, f. m. juice.
SUGO'SO, adj. juicy, full of juice

SUJ

SUJECIO'N, f. f. fubjection.
SUJETA'R, v. a. to fubject, to fubmit.
SUJE'TO, adj. expofed, liable to.

SUL

SULCA'R, v. a. to make furrows, to plough.
SU'LCO, f. m. a furrow.
SULFONE'TE, f. m. a match to light fire with.
SULPHU'REO, adj. fulphureous.
SULQUI'LLO, f. f. a little furrow.
SULTA'N, f. m. a fultan.

SUM

SU'MA, f. f. a fum.
SUMAME'NTE, adv. in fine, in fhort; alfo highly, loftily.
SUMA'R, v. a. to fum, to caft up, to add together.
SUMARIAME'NTE, adv. briefly.
SUMARI'O, f. m. a fummary, fhort contents, the fum or fubftance.
SUMERGI'R, v. a. to fink, to drown.
SUMERSIO'N, f. f. fubmerfion, drowning.
SUMIDA'D, f. f. height, the top.
SUMIDE'RO, f. m. a fink, a place that fwallows all up.
SUMILLE'R, de *cortina*, f. m. a chaplain of honour to the king.
Sumillèr de corps, king's exquire of the body.
SUMILLERI'A, f. f. the buttery.
SUMINISTRACIO'N, f. f. affording, fupplying.
SUMINISTRADO'R, f. m. one who fupplies or affords.
SUMINISTRA'R, v. a to fupply, to afford.
SUMI'R, v. a. obf. to fink, to fwallow, up, to overwhelm.
Sumirfe, v. r. to fink into the ground.
SUMISSION, f. f. fubmiffion.
SUMISSO, p. p. of the verb *fométer*; adjectively ufed, it means humble, fubmiffive.
SUMI'STA, f. m. one that makes a collection or an abridgment of many things.
SU'MO, adj. the higheft, the moft excellent.
El fumo pontifice, the pope.
SUMPTUA'RIO, adj. fumptuary, relating to expence.
SUMPTUOSAME'NTE, adv. fumptuoufly, pompoufly, magnificently.
SUMPTUOSIDA'D, f. f. fumptuoufnefs, pompoufnefs, magnificence.
SUMPTUO'SO, adj. fumptuous, pompous, magnificent.
SU'MULA, f. m. a fum, a collection, an abridgment.
SUMULI'STA, f. m. v. *SUMI'STA*.

SUN

SUNCHO, f. m. an iron that faftens the pump on board a ship.

SUP

SUPEDITA'R, v. a. to fupply, to furnish, to provide; alfo to have enough.
SUPERA'BLE, adj. that may be conquered, overcome, fubdued.
SUPERABUNDA'NCIA, f. f. fuperabundance.
SUPERABUNDA'NTE, adj. fuperabounding.
SUPERABUNDA'R, v. a. to fuperabound.
SUPERA'R, v. a. to overcome.
SUPE'RBO, adj. vide *SOBERBIO*.
SUPERCHERI'A, f. f. overbearing, fraud, deceit, fallacy; alfo incivillity.
SUPERCHE'RO, adj. one that overbears, that oppreffes.
SUPERFICIA'L, adj. fuperficial.
SUPERFICIALME'NTE, adv. fuperficially.
SUPERFI'CIE, f. f. the fuperficies, the outward face of a thing.
SUPERFLUAME'NTE, adv. fuperfluoufly.
SUPERFLUIDA'D, f. f. fuperfluity.
SUPE'RFLUO, adj. fuperfluous.
SUPERINTENDE'NCIA, f. f. fuperintendency, overfeeing.
SUPERINTENDE'NTE, f. m. a fuperintendant, an overfeer.
SUPERIO'R, adj. fuperior, that is above or over another, uppermoft.
Superiór, f. m. a fuperior.
SUPERIORIDA'D, f. f. fuperiority.
SUPERIORME'NTE, adv. fuperiorly.
SUPERLATIVAME'NTE, adv. fuperlatively.
SUPERLATI'VO, adj. fuperlative, of the fuperlative degree.
SUPE'RNO, adj. fupreme, the higheft.
SUPERNUMERA'RIO, adj. fupernumerary, above the number allowed.
SUPERSTICIO'N, f. f. fuperftition.
SUPERSTICIOSAME'NTE, adv. fuperftitioufly.
SUPERSTICIO'SO, adj. fuperftitious.
SUPI'NO, f. m.
Supinos de rapófa, the herb fatyrion, or ftander grafs.
SUPITAME'NTE, adv. obf. fuddenly.
SUPITA'ÑO, adj. obf. v. *SUBITA'NEO*.
SU'PITO, adj. obf. fudden.
SUPLEME'NTO, f. m. a fupplement.
SU'PLICA, f. f. a petition, a requeft, an intreaty.
SUPLICACIO'N, f. f. intreaty, fupplication, an humble requeft; alfo a fweet wafer rolled up, fuch as the confectioners fell.
SUPLICACIONE'RO, f. m. one that makes or fells fweet wafers.
SUPLICA'NTE, f. m. a fuppliant, he that befeeches or intreats.

SUPLICA'R, v. a. to intreat, to beseech.
SUPLI CIO, f. m. punishment.
SUPLIMIE'NTO, f. m. a supplement, making up what is wanting.
SUPLI'R, v. a. to make up what is deficient or wanting.
SUPONEDO'R, f. m. the person who supposes.
SUPONE'R, v. a. to suppose.
SUPOSICIO'N, f. f. a supposition; also a story, a lie.
SUPREMAME'NTE, adv. to the last end, lastly.
SUPRE'MO, adj. supreme, chief.
SUPRESSIO'N, f. f. suppression.
SUPRIMI'R, v. a. to suppress, to abolish.
SUPUE'STO, p. p. of *supon&r.*
SUPURACIO'N, f. f. supuration, the ripening of a wound.
SUPURA'R, v. a. to suppurate, to come to matter, as a wound does.
SUPURATI'VO, adj. the medicine that suppurates or brings a wound to matter.
SUPUTACIO'N, f. f. computation, calculation.
SUPUTA'R, v. a. to compute, to calculate.

S U R

SUR, f. m. the south.
SURA, f. f. one of the bones in the leg, anatomically so called.
SURCA'R, v. a. to furrow, to plough up; to cut through the water as a ship does.
SURCI'R, v. a. v. *ZURZI'R.*
SURCO, f. m. a furrow in a field or garden.
SURGIDE'RO, f. m. a road at sea, an anchoring place.
SURGI'R, v. n. to arrive, to come to an anchor.
SURRI'O, f. m. a buzzing noise.
Surrío de tripas, a noise of wind in the belly.
SURTI'DA, f. f. a small gate in a fortress for the garrison to sally at on occasion of a siege.
SURTIDO'R, f. m. one that provides, a caterer.
SURTI'R, v. a. to rebound, to fly high; also to supply with goods.
Surtir effecto, to have an effect.
SU'RTO, adj. come to an anchor or riding at anchor; p. p. of the verb *surgir.*

S U S

SUS, pron. their; as *sus mános*, their hands.
Sus, an interj. go to; as *sus, vámos*, come, let us go.
SUSCITA'R, v. a. to rouse up, to raise.
SU'SO, adv. above.
De súso, from above.
SUSODI'CHO, adj. above said, above mentioned.
SUSPE'CTO, adj. suspected.
SUSPENDEDO'R, f. m. who suspends, or keeps in suspense.
SUSPENDE'R, v. a. to suspend.
SUSPENSIO'N, f. f. suspense, suspension, temporary cessation.
SUSPENSI'VO, adj. what has the faculty, or power of suspending.
SUSPE'NSO, p. p. of *suspender.*
SUSPENSO'RIO, adject. what is made use of in suspending any thing.
SUSPIRA'R, v. n. to sigh.
SUSPI'RO, f. m. a sigh.
SUSTE'N, f. m. v. *SOSTE'N.*
SUSTENE'R, v. a. vide *SOSTENE'R.*
SUSTENTACIO'N, f. f. the act of supporting.
SUSTENTADO'R, f. m. who sustains, maintains, or supports.
SUSTENTAMIE'NTO, f. m. maintenance, food, sustenance.
SUSTENTA'R, v. a. to sustain, to maintain, to support, to uphold, to defend.
Sustentár mucha casa, to be keep a great family.
Sustentár mucho peso, to bear a great weight.
Sustentár conclusiónes, to defend conclusions in the schools.
SUSTE'NTO, f. m. sustenance, maintenance.
SUSTI'LLO, f. m. diminutive of *susto.*
SUSTITUCIO'N, f. f. the substituting of another in one's place.
SUSTITU'TO, f. m. a substitute, one that is appointed in the place of another.
SUSTITUI'R, v. a. to substitute, to put in the place of another.
SUSTO, f. m. trouble, cause of trouble, of suspense, or fear, of fright, and the like.
SUSURRADO'R, f. m. one that makes a humming noise; also a whisperer, a mumbler.
SUSURRA'R, v. n. to make a humming noise, to whisper.
SUSU'RRO, f. m. a humming like bees, a whispering, a muttering.

S U T

SUTI'L, adj. subtle, crafty; also thin, slender, curious, fine.
SUTILE'ZA, } f. f. subtlety, craft; also
SUTILIDA'D, } thinness, slenderness.
SUTILIZA'R, v. a. to subtilize, to make thin, fine, or slender; to talk finely, to spin out an argument.
SUTILME'NTE, adv. subtly, craftily, thinly, slenderly, delicately, curiously.
SUTI'RO, f. m. that noise which one hears in the ear by pressing it with the palm of one's hand.
SUTU'RA, f. f. suture.

S U Y

SU'YO, pron. his, or her's.

S Y B

SYBILA, f. f. a sybil, a prophetess.
SYBILI'NO, adj. written or foretold by the sybils.
SYBILI'SMO, f. m. the doctrine of the sybils.
SYBILI'STA, f. m. who professes that doctrine.

S Y C

SYCOMO'RO, f. m. a sycomore, a tree so called.
SYCOPHA'NTA, f. m. a sycophant.

S Y L

SYLA'BA, f. f. a fyllable.
SYLABA'RIO, f. m. a book containing an explanation of fyllables.
SYLOGI'SMO, f. m. a fyllogifm.
SYLOGI'STICO, adj. fyllogiftical.
SYLOGIZA'R, v. n. to fyllogize, to reafon by fyllogifm.
SYLVA, f. f. v. *SE'LVA*.
SYLVA'NOS, f. m. pl. the fylvan gods.
SYLVE'STRE, adj. ruftick; alfo unpolite.

S Y M

SYMBO'LICO, adj. fymbolical.
SYMBOLIZA'CION, f. f. fymbolization, refemblance.
SYMBOLIZA'R, v. n. to fymbolize, to refemble.
SY'MBOLO, f. m. a fymbol, a type.
SYMETRI'A, f. f. fymmetry, a proportion, harmony.
SYME'TRICO, adj. fymetrical, proportionate.
SYMPATHI'A, f. f. fympathy, mutual fenfibility.
SYMPATHICAME'NTE, adv. fympathetically, with fympathy.
SYMPA'THICO, adj. fympathetical.
SYMPHONI'A, f. f. fymphony, concert of inftruments.
SYMPTO'MA, f. m. a fymptom, a fign, a token among phyficians.
SYMPTOMA'TICO, adj. fymptomatical.

S Y N

SYNABA'PHA, f. f. any ftuff of its natural colour.
SYNAGO'GA, f. f. a fynagogue.
SYNALEPHA, f. f. a figure in grammar fo called.
SY'NCOPA, f. f. a fyncope.
SYNCOPA'R, v. a. to shorten, to abbreviate, to cut off.
SYNDE'RESIS, f. m. confcioufnefs of what is good and bad without being taught.
SYNDICA'R, v. a. to accufe a perfon before a judge, to fyndicate.
SY'NDICO, f. m. a fort of judge.
SYNODA'L, *SYNO'DICO*, } adj. fynodal.
SY'NODO, f. m. a fynod, an affembly of the clergy.
SYNO'NIMIA, f. f. fynonymy.
SYNONI'MO, adj. fynonymous.
SYNTA'XIS, f. f. fyntax, fyntaxis.
SYNTHE'SIS, f. f. fynthefis, the act of joining.

S Y R

SY'RIO, f. m. the dog-ftar.
SYRTES, f. f. a quick-fand, a bog, alfo any danger.

S Y S

SYSTE'MA, f. f. a fyftem.
SY'STOLE, f. f. the contraction of the heart; alfo the shortening of a long fyllable.

S Y Z

SYZY'GIA, f. f. an aftronomical term, denoting a certain phenomenon of the moon.

T.

T, Pronounced as in English.

T A.

TA', interj. softly ; take care.

T A B

TA'BA, f. f. the joint bone of any animal between the two long bones.

Juégo de tába, a play with such bones among children.

Meneár la tabás, to make haste.

TABA'CO, f. m. the herb tobacco.

TABALA'DA, f. f. a box in the ear.

TABALA'RIO, f. m. the backside.

TABALEA'R, v. n. to make a noise with the fingers upon a table.

TABANA'ZO, f. m. a cuff in the ear.

TABA'NCO, f. m. a stall in the streets, where they sell any thing to eat.

TA'BANO, f. m. a hornet or horsefly.

TABAO'LA, f. f. a great and confused noise, an uproar, a scuffle, a fray.

TABA'QUE, f. m. a little basket, such as ladies use to keep their work in.

TABAQUE'RA, f. m. a snuff-box.

TABAQUERI'A, f. f. the place or shop where snuff is sold.

TABAQUE'RO, f. m. the seller of snuff.

TABAQUI'LLO, f. m. a little basket.

TABAQUISTA, f. m. a connoisseur in snuff, and a great taker of snuff.

TABARDE'TE, *TABARDI'LLO*, } f. m. the spotted fever.

TABA'RDO, f. m. a coat worn by country people, by rusticks.

TABA'RRO, f. m. a hornet.

TABELLO'N, f. m. a writer, a kind of notary.

TABE'RNA, f. f. a tavern.

TABERNA'CULO, f. m. a tabernacle, a tent.

TABERNE'RO, f. m. a vintner, a tavern-keeper.

TABI, f. m. tabby, a silk-stuff so called.

TABICA'R, v. n. to make an enclosure, a partition, or a wall of lath and plaister, or the like.

TA'BIDO, adj. rotten, corrupted, in a state of decay.

TABI'QUE, f. m. a thin wall or partition of lath and plaister.

TA'BLA, f. f. a board; a plank; a table, a picture, a banker's counter.

Tábla de rio, that part where the river runs smoothest.

Tábla de mesón, a board which is the sign of a lodging-house, or inn.

Tábla de múslo, the thick brawny part of the thigh.

Tábla pará contár, an arithmetical table.

Segúnda tábla despúes del naufrágio, a second plank after shipwreck.

Táblas del pescuézo del cabállo, the sides of a horse's neck.

Juégo de táblas, the game of tables.

TABLACHI'NA, f. f. a square buckler.

TABLA'CHO, f. m. a dam to detain water.

TABLADI'LLO, f. m. a little scaffold, floor, or boarded place.

TABLA'DO, f. m. a scaffold, the floor of a room, a boarded place.

Tabládo, f. m. a mark to shoot arrows at.

Tabládo, adj. covered with boards or planks.

TABLA'GE, f. m. boarding, planking.

TABLAGERI'A, f. f. a gaming-house where they play at tables, &c.

TABLAGE'RO, f. m. one that keeps a gaming house, one that haunts gaming-houses. In old Spanish, a gentleman who exercised himself, darting at a mark, called *tabládo*.

TABLA'NTES, f. m. pl. in cant a blanket.

TABLA'R, f. m. one of the compartments in a kitchen-garden.

TABLAZO', f. m. a blow given with a table.

TABLAZO'N, f. m. planks, boards, planking, boarding.

TABLEA'R, v. a. to divide a kitchen-garden into compartments.

TABLE'RO, f. m. tables to play on, a chess or draught-board; also a shop board, a dresser in a kitchen; also a square stone for an inscription.

Tabléro del capitél, the square stone on the top of a column.

Tabléro, a mark to shoot arrows at.

Ponér la vida al tabléro, to put one's life in danger.

Perdér en los tabléros, to lose at tables.

TABLE'TA, f. f. a little board or plank, a little table, a tablet to write on; also a sweet lozenge.

TABLETEA'DO, f. m. the noise that is made by pressing the boards that form a floor.

TABLETEA'R, v. n. to make the board floor crack by treading upon it.

TABLI'TA, f. f. a little board.

TABLI'LLA, f. f. idem; also a child's horn-book, a teblet to write on, and the sign hung out to shew a house lets lodgings.

TABLO'N, f. m. a plank, a large board.

TABLO'ZA, f. f. a painter's pallet.

TABU'CO, f. m. a closet; cupboard in a wall.

TABURE'TE, f. m. a chair with a back, but no arms to it.

TABURETI'LLO, f. m. dimin. of *taburete*.

T A C.

TACAMA'CA, f. f. a gum distilling from a tree called by the same name.

TACAÑEA'R, v. n. to play the knave.

TACAÑERI'A, f. f. knavery.

TACA'ñO, s. m. a knave, a sly deceitful fellow.
TACA'R, v. a. to leave a mark, a stain, or other thing that hurts the thing marked or stained.
TACE'TA, s. f. a vessel used in the oil presses.
TA'CHA, s. f. a blemish, a fault, a defect.
TACHA'R, v. a. to find fault with.
TACHO'N, s. m. a stud, a nail with a great flat head.
TACHONA'R, v. a. to stud, to adorn with studs.
TACANA'RIO, s. m. the bum, the backside.
TACHUE'LA, s. f. a small nail called a tack.
TACITAME'NTE, adv. tacitly, silently, privately.
TA'CITO, adj. still, quiet, hush, silent.
TACITURNIDA'D, s. f. taciturnity, silence.
TACITU'RNO, adj. silent, not talkative.
TA'CO, s. m. the stopper for the bung of a barrel, the rammer of a gun, a tack to play at billiards, the tompion that stops the mouth of cannons when they are not used.
TACO'N, s. m. the heel-piece of a shoe.
TACONEA'R, v. n. to make a noise with the heels in walking.
TA'CTICA, s. f. tacticks, the art of ranging men in the field of battle.
TA'CTO, s. m. the sense of feeling.

T A F

TAFANA'RIO, s. m. the bum, the backside.
TAFETA'N, s. m. taffety.
TAFILE'TE, s. m. a kind of thin leather so called.
TAFILETEA'R, v. a. to adorn with thin leather.
TAFU'REA, s. f. a flat-bottom boat to carry horses in.

T A G

TAGARI'NO, s. m. an ancient Morisco or one descended from the Moors such as before the expulsion lived among the ancient Christians in several towns, and were become such perfect Spaniards, that they could not be distinguished by any other way, than by being obliged to live apart from the rest in quarters of those towns allotted for them; in Barbary, the Moors give this name to the Moors that where expelled out of Spain.
TAGARNI'NA, s. f. a sort of sweet thistle good to eat.
TAGARO'TE s. m. the worst sort of falcon; metaph. a poor gentleman, who lays hold of a dinner where he can get it.

T A H

TAHALI', s. m. a shoulder-belt, a bandelier-belt.
TAHE'ñO, adj. a reddish brown colour.
Tahéño de bárba, that has a red beard.
TAHO'NA, s. f. a horse-mill; also bridewell.
TAHONE'RO, s. m. the man that keeps the *atahona*.
TAHU'LLA, s. f. a measure or portion of land so called.
TAHU'R, s. m. a gamester, a sharper, one that makes gaming his business.
TAHURA'ZO, s. m. a great gamester or sharper.
TAHURERI'A, s. f. a gaming-house.

T A I

TAIBI'QUE, s. m. vide *TABIQUE*.
TAIMA'DO, adj. sly, cautious, crafty.
TAIMONI'A, s. f. craftiness.
TAITA, s. f. the word children use for dad or daddy.

T A J

TAJA, s. f. a score, a tally.
TAJA'DA, s. f. a score, a tally.
Tajáda, a cut, a flash, a slice, a piece cut off,
Tajáda de cárne, a slice of meat.
TAJADE'RA, s. f. a dam that keeps water from running to a particular part.
TAJADE'RO, s. m. a chopping board.
TAJADO'R, s. m. a cutter, a flasher; a slicer; also a carver, and a chopping block or board.
TAJAMA'R, s. m. the cutwater the sharp part of the ship before, that cuts and divides the water before it comes to the bow.
TAJA'R, v. a. to cut, flash, to slice, to carve.
TA'JO, s. m. a cut with any instrument; also a chopping block.
TAJO'N, s. m. a great chopping-block, or board.
TAJONCI'LLO, s. m. m. a little chopping-block or board.
TAJUE'LA, s. m. a four-legged stool.

T A L

TAL, such.
Tal qual, such as it is.
Sóys un tal por qual, a sly way of calling one a knave, or a whore.
Táles y táles palábras, such and such words.
TA'LA, s. f. ravage, spoil, havock, wasting of a country.
TALABA'RTE, s. m. a belt for a sword.
TALADO'R, s. m. a ravager, a waster, a spoiler.
TALADRA'R, v. a. to bore, to pierce.
TALA'DRO, s. m. a wimble a piercer, an instrument to bore with, a tarrier to make a tap hole in a barrel.
TALAME'RA, s. f. the tree where the lures are laid to catch wild pigeons.
TALANQUE'RA, s. f. the scaffolds erected to see the bull-feasts, or any such scaffold or place erected to see shows.
TALA'NTE, s. m. obs. desire, will, pleasure.
TALANTO'SO, adj. obs. desirous, wilful.
TALA'R, v. a. to ravage, to spoil, to waste, to cut down.

TALAVE'RA, f. f. earthen-ware.

TA'LCO, f. m. talc, infinglafs, fuch as is ufed inftead of glafs in windows, or before fmall pictures.

TALE'GA, f. f. a bag, a pouch.

TALEGA'ZO, f. m. a blow with a bag.

TALE'GO, f. m. a bag or fack.

TALEGO'N, f. m. a great bag or pouch, a money-bag.

TALEGUI'LLA, f. f. } a little bag.
TALEGUI'TO, f. m. }

TALE'NTO, f. m. a talent, an ancient fum of money in Greece and other eaftern countries; the natural talent, ability, or capacity.

TALIO'N, f. m. the punishment of equal damage for wrong done, as tooth for tooth, eye for eye, &c.

TALIONA'R, v. a. to chaftize with the punishment of the talion.

TALISMA'N, f. m. talifman, a magical character.

TA'LLA, f. f. carving, graving, carved work; alfo a tax; alfo the gravings or bits that fly out in graving or carving.

Média tálla, half relief, when an image is but half raifed in carving or fculpture.

TALLADU'RA, f. f. carving. Better *entalladura*.

TALLA'R, v. a. to carve, to cut out, to shape, to fashion.

TALLA'ZO, f. m. augmen. of *talle*.

TA'LLE, f. m. the mien, proportion, shape, fashion, prefence.

TALLECE'R, v. n. to grow to a ftalk, to fprout out, to grow fticky, as plants do when they run to feed.

TALLECI'CO, } f. m. a little
TALLECI'LLO, } mien, pre-
TALLECI'TO, } fence, fi-
TALLEZUE'LO, } gure, or proportion; the diminut. of *tálle*; alfo a fmall ftalk or ftem of any thing that grows, and dimin. of *tallo*.

TALLE'R, f. m. a place where carvers work; alfo an academy or the like, where fciences are taught publickly.

Tallénes, f. m. pl. an ancient coin in Spain.

TALLI'STA, f. m. a carver.

TA'LLO, f. m. the ftalk, of ftem of an herb, a young fprig of a tree. There was once a tax or duty called by this name.

TALLU'DO, adj. ftalky, grown to ftalks.

TALMU'D, f. m. the Jewish Talmuld.

TALO'N, f. m. the heel; alfo the heel of a shoe or ftocking; in cant, an inn.

Apretár las talónes, to run away.

Ir a talón, to go on foot.

Tenér el juicio en los talónes, to have the judgement in the heels; to be imprudent or inconfiderate.

TALONEA'R, v. n. to go with great fpeed.

TALONE'RO, f. m. in cant, the fame as *mefonero* and *ventéro*, an inn-keeper.

TALONE'SCO, adj. belonging to the heels.

TALPA'RIA, f. f. a tumour or abcefs in the pericranium.

TA'LQUE, f. f. clay to make crucibles.

TALVI'NA, f. f. a hafty-pudding, water and flour boiled together.

T A M

TAMA'NDOA, f. m. a ftrange creature in Brafil as big as a dog.

TAMAÑAME'NTE, adv. as big as another.

TAMA'ÑO, f. m. the magnitude, the bignefs, bulk, ftature, or proportion.

TA'MARA, f. f. the date on the bough or branch; alfo a faggot of brushwood.

TAMARI'NDO, f. m. the tamarind, the fruit of a beautiful tree fo called.

TAMARISCO, } f. m. the shrub
TAMARI'Z, } called a tamarisk, fometimes growing up to a great tree.

TAMBA, f. f. in cant, a blanket.

TAMBALEA'R, v. n. } to move to
TAMBALEA'RSE, v. r. } and fro.

TAMBALE'O, f. m. the movement to and fro.

TAMBARI'LLO, f. m. a fmall trunk with the top round, like the oldfashioned trunks.

TAMBESCO, f. m. a fwing ufed by children to fwing themfelves.

TAMBIE'N, adv. as well, alfo.

TA'MBO, f. m. the Indian name in Peru; for the great inns built by the incas on the roads for lodging travellers; and ftill called by the fame name by the Spaniards.

TAMBO'R, f. m. a drum.

TAMBORE'TE, f. m. a round piece of timber ufed on board a ship fo called.

TAMBORI'L, f. m. a drum, a tabor.

TAMBORILE'RO, f. m. one that plays on a tabor or drum.

TAMBORI'N, f. m. a tabor.

TAMBORITE'RO, f. m. a drummer.

TAMI'Z, f. m. a fieve.

TA'MO, f. m. chaff; alfo the hurds of hemp beaten, or ftraw worn to duft or chaff.

TAMPO'CO, adv. as little, neither.

TAMU'JO, f. m. a fort of gofs or furzbush, with which they heat ovens.

T A N

TAN, adv. as, fo.

Tan bién, as well, alfo.

Tan buéno, as good.

Tan málo, as bad.

TANACE'TO, f. m. an Indian herb fo called.

TA'NDA, f. f. a task, a turn of any thing that goes about among many.

TANGIBLE, adj. that may be touched.

TANPO'CO, adv. as little, neither.

TAN SOLAME'NTE, adv. only.

TA'NTAS VE'CES, adv. fo many times, fo often.

TANTEADO'R, f. m. the perfon who deliberates or confiders.

TANTEA'R, v. a. to weigh, to confider, to caft up, to deliberate, to effay, to calculate, to try; alfo to rate, to tax.

TANTE'O, f. m. an effay, a trial,

a calculation, a consideration, a valuation; also a rating or taxing.

TANTI'CO, a very little, or thus little.

TA'NTO, so much, or as much.

Tánto mas, so much more.

Tánto ménos, so much less.

TA'NTO, s. m. a counter to play or cast accounts with.

T A Ñ

TAÑEDO'R, s. m. a musician.

TAÑE'R, v. a. to play upon some musical instrument; from the Latin *tangere*.

TAÑI'DO, s. m. a tune.

TAÑIMIE'NTO, s. m. obs. the sense of feeling.

T A O

TA'O, s. m. a badge like the letter T, worn by those of the order of St. Anthony.

T A P

TA'PA, s. f. a cover for any thing, a lid of a box, &c. also the heel-pieces of a shoe.

TAPABO'CA, s. f. a stroke on the mouth with the hand.

TAPADE'RA, s. f. a cover for any thing.

TAPADE'RO, s. m. a stopple.

TAPADI'LLO, s. m. the act of covering oneself with the mantle worn over the head.

TAPADI'ZO, s. m. any thing that serves to cover another.

TAPADO'R, s. m. a stopper or stopple.

TAPA'R, v. a. to stop a hole, to cover any thing.

TAPETA'DO, s. m. the inside of leather turned outward in any thing that is worn and blacked; thence taken for a dirty black, or a very dark colour; a face like a mulatto almost black.

TAPE'TE, s. m. a carpet, a piece of tapestry.

TA'PIA, s. f. a mud wall.

TAPIADO'R, s. m. one that makes mud walls.

TAPIA'L, s. m. the case of boards or wattles, which served to fill up to make mud walls to keep the stuff together; also a rammer to beat earth.

TAPIA'R, v. a. to make a mud wall, to wall up a place.

Tapiár el médio cuérpo, to stick a man half way into the earth, and so let him die.

TAPICERI'A, s. f. tapestry, hangings.

TAPICE'RO, s. m. a tapestry weaver.

TAPI'CES, s. m. pl. tapestry hangings.

Tapíces de tiérra, carpets to lay on the ground.

TAPI'Z, s. f. a piece of tapestry, a Turky-work carpet.

TAPIZA'R, v. a. to hang with tapestry.

TAPLO, s. m. in cant, a plate.

TAPO'N, s. m. a stopple, a bung of a barrel, a tompion for the mouth of a gun.

Al primér tapón zurrápas, dregs at the first stopping so they say, when things fall out ill at first.

TAPONCI'TO, s. m. a little stopple.

TAPUCA'RSE, v. r. to cover one's face that one may not be known.

TAPU'CO, s. m. the act covering or hiding one's face.

T A Q

TA'QUE, s. m. a sound like knocking at a door.

TAQUI'N, s. m. in cant, a pickpocket.

T A R

TA'RA, s. f. tare, the cast, or the like, that must be allowed for in weight.

TARACE'A, s. f. inlaid work in wood.

TARACEA'R, v. a. to inlay.

TARAFA'DA, s. f. in cant, a cheat.

TARAFA'NA, s. f. in cant, the custom-house.

TARA'FES, s. f. pl. in cant the dice.

TARAGONCI'A, s. f. the herb taragon.

TARAGO'ZA, s. f. in cant, people.

TARAGOZAGI'DA, s. f. in cant, a town.

TARANGA'NA, s. f. a kind of sausage so called.

TARA'NDO, s. m. a kind of stag so called.

TARA'NTULA, s. f. a venomous spider in the kingdom of Naples, which biting a man, makes him die mopish, unless he be cured by musick.

Paréce que la ha mordído la tarántula, he cannot be queet, be still in one place.

TARA'RIRA, s. f. a merry feast.

TARA'SCA, s. f. a great serpent or a giant, carried about towns to make sport on great festivals; thence used for an hobgoblin, or any that is frightful.

TARASCA'DA, s. f. the bite of a dog also ill language.

TARASCA'R, v. a. to bite as dogs and other animals do.

TARASCO'N, s. m. the same as *tarásca*.

TARAVI'LLA, s. f. the clacker of a mill: metaph. a tongue that is never still.

TARA'Y, s. m. the tamarisk shrub.

TARAZA'NA, s. f. } a dock where they build or lay up ships.
TARAZANA'L, s. m. }

TARAZA'R, v. a. to tear off as the civet cats do their testicles when hunted, that part being the principal end for which they are hunted.

TARAZO'N, s. m. a piece, a slice, a good cut of any thing.

TARBE'A, s. f. a square trencher.

TARDADO'R, s. m. one that stays or delays.

TARDA'NO, adj. v. *TARDIO*.

TARDA'NZA, s. f. delay.

TARDA'R, v. n. to stay long, to delay, to be long a coming, to stop.

TARDE, s. f. the evening.

Tárde, adv. late; also the evening.

TEMBLA'R, v. n. to tremble, to quake, to shake.

TEMBLE'QUE, f. m. an aigrette, an ornament worn by women on the head.

TEMBLEQUE'AR, } v. n. to quake, to be tremulous.
TEMBLETE'AR, }

TEMBLO'R, f. m. a trembling, quaking, or shivering.

Temblór de tiérra, an earthquake.

TEMEDE'RO, adject. to be feared.

TEME'R, v. a. and r. to fear.

TEMERARIAME'NTE, adv. rashly.

TEMERA'RIO, adj. rash.

TEMERIDA'D, f. f. rashnefs.

TEMERO'N, fubft. m. a bully, a braggadocio, a puffing fellow.

TEMEROSAME'NTE, adv. fearfully.

TEMERO'SO, adj. timorous, fearful.

TEMOR, f. m. fear, dread.

Prov. *Por temór no pierdas honór*, do not lofe honour for fear.

TEMO'SO, adj. obftinate, pofitive, one that will not be moved when he fets upon a thing.

TE'MPANO, f. m. vide *TIMPANO*.

TEMPERAME'NTO, f. m. temperament.

TEMPERA'R, v. a. to temperate.

TEMPERA'NCIA, } fubft. f. vide *TEMPLANZA*.
TEMPERA'NZA, }

TEMPE'RO, f. m. temper, difpofition of a ground to receive the feeds.

TEMPESTA'D, f. f. a tempeft, a ftorm.

TEMPESTIVIDA'D, f. f. feafonablenefs.

TEMPESTI'VO, adject. feafonable.

TEMPESTUO'SO, adj. tempeftuous, ftormy.

TEMPLA, f. f. a kind of paint ufed by painters.

TEMPLADAME'NTE, adv. temperately, moderately.

TEMPLADI'CO, adj. a little tempered.

TEMPLADO'R, f. m. a temperer, moderator. In mufick, a tuner.

TEMPLAMIE'NTO, } f. m. obf.
TEMPLA'NZA, } temperance, fobriety, moderation.

TEMPLA'R, verb. a. to temper, to moderate, to tune an inftrument.

TEMPLA'RIO, f. m. a Knight-Templar.

TE'MPLE, f. m. temper, temperature.

TEMPLECI'LLO, f. m. a little church or temple.

TE'MPLO, f. m. a temple, a church.

TEMPORA'DA, f. f. a time, fpace, or tract of time.

TEMPORA'L, adject. temporal, worldly.

Temporál, f. m. bad weather, a fudden heavy fhower.

TEMPORALME'NTE, adv. temporally.

TEMPORALIDA'D, f. f. temporality; a living that belongs not to the church.

TE'MPORAS, f. f. pl. the four Emberweeks at the four quarters of the year.

TEMPORIZA'R, v. a. to temporize, to play the time-ferver.

TEMPRANA'L, adj. that fructifies early; faid of a foil.

TEMPRANAME'NTE, adv. early betimes.

TEMPRA'NO, adv. early.

Tempráno, adj. foon ripe.

Frúta temprána, early fruit.

TEMULE'NTO, adj. drunk.

T E N

TENACEA'R, v. a. to pinch with pincers.

Tenaceár, to enlift, to be obftinate, to be tenacious in one's opinion.

TENACI'CAS, f. f. pl. little pincers or tongs.

TENACIDA'D, f. f. tenacioufnefs, holding faft, pofitivenefs.

TENA'Z, adj. tenacious, that holds faft, griping, pofitive, covetous.

TENAZA, f. f. a pair of pincers.

TENAZME'NTE, adv. tenacioufly.

TENAZUE'LA, f. [illegible] *tenaza*.

TE'NCA, f. f. the fish called a tench.

TENSION, f. f. tenfion.

TE'NDAL, f. m. the awning that covers the ftern of a ship or boat to keep off the fun.

Tendál de ballésta, the part on which the bullet or fhaft is placed in a crofs bow.

TENDALE'TE, f. m. the awning of a ship or boat to keep off the fun.

TENDEDE'RO, f. m. a place to hang or lay clothes out to dry.

TENDEJO'N, f. m. a tent, a foldier's barrack.

TENDE'NCIA, f. f. tendency, bent, inclination.

TENDE'R, v. a. to fpread abroad, to ftretch out, to hang out linen.

TENDE'RO, f. m. a shopkeeper; alfo a tent-maker.

TENDI'DO, p. p. fpread abroad, ftretched out, linen hung out.

Bandéras tendídas, coulours flying.

TENDI'LLA, f. f. a little shop; alfo a little tent.

TENDO'N, f. m. a tendon, a finew, a ligature by which the joints are moved.

TENEBRA'RIO, f. m. a fort of candleftick.

TENEBROSIDA'D, f. f. darknefs, great obfcurity.

TENEBRO'SO, adj. dark.

TENEDO'R, f. m. a fork to eat meat with; alfo one that holds.

Tenedór de baftiméntos, a fteward of a ship, that has charge over the provifions.

TENE'NCIA, f. f. the holding of a place, the government of a fort or caftle; alfo a lieutenancy.

TENE'R, v. a. to hold, to have, apprehend, to keep; metaph. to know, underftand, to remember.

Tenér las novénas, to perform fome devotion for nine days together.

Tenér en poco, to undervalue.

Tenér de ir, to be obliged to go.

Tenér por bien, to be pleafed, to vouchfafe, to approve.

Tenerfe por dicho, to be fully perfuaded, to ftand to what is faid.

Téngafe al rey, ftand in the king's name.

Prov.

Prov. La mas cáuta, es tedlna por mas cásta, the moft cautious woman is counted the moft chafte.

TENERI'A f. f. a tanner's houfe, or the tan-pits.

TE'NIA, f. f. a part of the Dorick architrave,

TENIE'NTE, f. m. a lieutenant, a deputy.

TENO'R, f. m. the tenour, the contents, the matter, the fubftance; alfo the tenor in mufick.

Guardar a úno los tenóres, to humour a man.

TENTACIO'N, f. f. temptation.

TENTADO'R, f. m. a tempter, the devil.

TENTA'R, v. a. to tempt, to try; alfo to feel.

TENTATI'VA, f. f. an attempt, a trial, an experiment.

TENTEMO'ZO, f. m. a prop, a fupport.

TENUAME'NTE, adj. flenderly.

TE'NUE, adj. flender, flight, weak.

TENUIDA'D, f. f. flendernefs.

TENU'TA, f. f. a tract of land.

T E ñ

TEñI'R, v. a. to dye.

T E O

TEO'SO, adj. that is full of refin and apt to burn.

T E P

TE'PE, f. m. turf.

T E R

TERCE'R, f. m. v. *TERCERO*.

TERCE'RA, f. f. a devout woman who is not a nun, but wears the habit of the third order of St. Francis; a mediatrix, a bawd; alfo a third perfon.

TERCERAME'NTE, adv. thirdly.

TERCERI'A, f. f. mediation; depofiting goods in a third hand; metaph. pimping, bawding.

TERCE'RO, f. m. a third man, a devout man of the third order of St. Francis; a mediator; a gatherer of thirds; alfo a pimp; a third man.

Tercero, adj. third in order.

TERCERO'L, f. m. the aftermoft of the flaves that row in a galley.

TERCE'TOS, Spanish poetry, in which each ftanza has but three verfes.

TE'RCIA, the third part of a yard; alfo tierce, or the third hour in the divine office.

Térclas, f. f. pl. the thirds of church revenues granted by popes to the kings of Spain to carry on the wars againft the infidels.

TERCIA'DO, f. m. short broad fword.

TERCIA'NA, f. f. a tertian ague.

TERCIA'R, v. a. to mediate; to plough a third time; to throw the cloak over the shoulders; to pafs between two about bufinefs; alfo to pimp, to bawd.

Terciar la tierra, to plough up land a third time.

Terciár la capa, to throw the ends of the cloak over the shoulders.

Terciár la pica, to tofs a pike, to brandish it, and to charge the pike againft an enemy.

TE'RCIO, f. m. a regiment, a third part; alfo mediation or interpofition of a third perfon.

Tercio poftrére de la vida, the laft third part of a man's life; that is, old age.

Tercio poftréro de la efpáda, the laft third part of the fword; that is, next the hilt.

Pagár el tércio de cáfa, to pay the third part of a year's rent.

Hacér buen tércio, to mediate, to intercede for another.

Jugár en tércio, to play three hands.

TERCIOPELA'DO, f. m. wrought velvet.

TERCIOPELE'RO, f. m. a velvet maker or feller.

TERCIOPE'LO, f. m. velvet.

Terciopélo llzo, plain velvet.

Terciopélo rizo, velvet not shorn.

Terciopélo de tripa, a fort of ftuff made in imitation of velvet.

TE'RCO, adj. obftinate, pofitive, hard, tenacious.

TEREBI'NTO, f. m. the turpentine tree.

TERGIVERSACI'ON, f. f. tergiverfation.

TERGIVERSA'R, v. n. to go back, to hold back, to be unwilling, to erofs.

TERI'CIA, f. f. v. *TIRI'CIA*.

TERLI'Z, f. f. ticking for beds.

TERMINACIO'N, f. f. the termination, the latter part of a word.

TERMINA'R, v. a. to terminate, bound.

TE'RMINO, f. m. a boundary.

Término, manner, behaviour.

Término, diftrict, territory.

Término perentório, a peremptory term that cannot be prolonged.

Llegár a' términos de perdérfe, to be at the brink of perdition.

Términos, pl. terms of art.

TERMINO'TE, f. m. an affected word not in ufe.

TE'RNA, f. f. three perfons, propofed for one employment.

TERNA'RIO, adj. ternary, confifting of three.

TERNECI'CO, adj. very tender.

TERNEJO'N, f. m. vide *TERNERO'N*.

TERNE'RA, f. f. a cow-calf; alfo veal.

TERNE'RO, f. m. a bull-calf.

Ternerón, f. m. a name given to any perfon eafily moved.

TERNE'ZA, f. f. tendernefs.

TERNEZUE'LO, adj. dimin. of *tierno*.

TERNI'LLA, f. f. griftle.

TERNILLO'SO, adj. griftly.

TE'RNO, f. m. apparel, drefs.

El térno rico, the beft or coftly apparel.

TERNU'RA, f. f. tendernefs.

TERQUEDA'D, f. f. obftinacy, pofitivenefs.

TERQUERIA, } f. f. vide *TERQUEDAD*.
TERQUE'ZA, }

TERRA'DO, f. m. a flat covering of a houfe on, which they may valk; a terrace walk.

TERRA'L, f. m. a land breeze.

TERRAPLE'N, f. m. vide *TERRAPLENO*.

TERRAPLENA'R, v. a. to fill with earth.

TERRAPLE'NO, f. m. a rampart

of earth; any place filled with earth.

TERRA'QUEO, adj. terraqueous, composed of land and water.

TERRA'ZA, s. f. a sort of earthen vessel with two handles; such as we often see in the pictures of the visitation, with lilies in it.

TERRA'ZGO, s. m. any piece of ground; also the rent paid for a field by the tenant.

TERRA'ZO, s. m. a clod of clay.

Terrázo, s. m. an earthen pan, a pitcher, any vessel of earthen ware.

TERRAZUE'LA, s. f. a little earthen crock, pan, or pitcher.

TERREA'R, v. n. to show itself; said of the earth in a sown field.

TERREGO'SO, adj. earthy, cloddy.

TEREMO'TO, s. m. an earthquake.

TERRENA'L, adj. earthly, terrestrial.

TERRENIDA'D, s. f. earthly quality.

TERRE'NO, adj. idem.

Terréno, s. m. a space of ground.

TE'RREO, adj. earthly.

TERRE'RA, s. f. a piece of ground among rocks; also a kind of bird of the same colour as the earth.

TERRERI'A, s. f. obs. v. *TERRO'R*.

TERRE'RO, s. m. a parade, a walking-place, a place of rendevous, a place of exercise, a but to shoot at.

TERRE'STRE, adj. terrestrial, earthly.

TERRESTRIDA'D, s. f. earthly quality.

TERREZUE'LA, s. f. a little land, country, or spot of ground.

TERRIBILIDA'D, s. f. dreadfulness, terribleness.

TERRI'BLE, adj. terrible, dreadful.

TERRIBLEME'NTE, adv. terribly, dreadfully.

TERRIBLE'ZA, s. f. v. *TERRIBILIDAD*.

TERRI'COLA, s. m. a citizen of the world.

TERRI'FICO, adj. dreadful, causing terror.

TERRIGE'NO, adj. generated in the earth.

TERRI'N, s. m. a clown, a rustick.

TERRI'NO, adj. that consists or is made of earth.

TERRITO'RIO, s. m. a territory district, or jurisdiction.

TERROMONTE'RO, s. m. an hill only composed of earth.

TERRO'N, s. m. a clod of earth.

Destripa terrones, a clod-beater, a clown.

TERRONCI'LLO, s. m. a little clod of earth.

TERRO'R, s. m. terror, dread, fear.

TERROSIDA'D, s. f. earthly quality.

TERRO'SO, adj. mixed with earth, that has a mixture of earth.

TERRUñO, s. m. a layer of earth, a rank, a row.

TE'RSO, adj. clean, pure, neat, clear, undefiled.

TERSU'RA, s. f. neatness, niceness.

TERTI'L, s. m. a duty paid upon silk.

TERTU'LIA, s. f. a club or meeting of persons.

TERTULIA'NO, adj. one belonging to a club.

TERUVELA, s. f. v. *POLI'LLA*.

T E S

TESBI'QUE, s. m. obs. v. *TABIQUE*.

TE'SO, adj. obs. v. *TIE'SSO*.

TESO'N, s. m. obstinacy, positiveness, wilfulness, contention.

TESORERI'A, s. f. a treasury.

TE'SSERA, s. f. a square bone used by the Romans in a play.

TE'STA, s. f. the fore part of the head; the noddle.

Tésta de ferro, one whose name appears as a sham in an agreement made between two persons, representing one of them.

TESTADO'R, s. m. a testator; he that makes a will.

TESTAMENTA'RIO, s. m. an executor to a will.

TESTAME'NTO, s. m. a last will, a testament.

Prov. *Si no vále por testaménto, válga por codicillo*, if it cannot pass for a will, let it pass for a codicil, that is, if it be not of as much value as was expected, let it pass for what it can.

Prov. *Hacér el testaménto en la úña*, to make a will on one's nail. To have nothing to bequeath by will.

TESTA'R, v. a. to make will or testament.

TESTARU'DO, adj. headstrong, obstinate.

TESTE'RA, s. f. armour for a horse's head, the front of any thing.

TESTERA'DA, s. f. a blow with the head; also obstinacy.

TESTE'RO, s. m. any thing to cover or defend the head; the front of a place.

TESTI'CULO, s. m. the testicle.

TESTIFICACIO'N, s. f. testifying, witnessing.

TESTIFICA'R, v. a. to testify, to witness.

TESTI'GO, s. m. a witness.

TESTIGUA'R, v. a. to witness.

TESTIMONIA'L, adj. belonging to a testimony.

TESTIMONIA'R, v. a. obs. to bear witness, to depose.

TESTIMO'NIO, s. m. testimony, witness, deposition; mostly taken in the worst sense.

Levantóme un testimónio, he accused me falsely.

TESTO'N, s. m. an Italian coin in the pope's dominions worth about eighteen pence sterling.

TESTU'Z, s. f. } the head of
TESTU'ZO, s. m. } a hog.

T E T

TE'TA, s. f. a teat, a pap, a dug, a breast.

TETA'R, v. a. v. *ATETAR*.

TETI'LLA, s. f. a little breast, teat, or dug.

TETO, s. m. v. *TETA*.

TETO'NA, s. f. a woman that has great breasts.

TETRACO'RDIO, f. m. an inftrument of four ftrings ; alfo a tetrachord or a fourth in mufick.
TETRA'GONA, f. m. a tetragon, a fquare figure.
TETRAGRAMMATON, fubft. m. the facred name of God, compofed of four letters, which the Jews do not utter where they find it written, but inftead of it read *adonai*, that is, Lord.
TETRA'RCA, f. m. a tetrarch, the lord of the fourth part of a province.
TETRARCHI'A, f. f. a tetrarchy, the fourth part of a province under a lord.
TE'TRI'CO, adject. unpleafant, harsh, rude, rough.
TETLO, adj. black, ftained.
TETU'DA, f. f. a woman that has great breafts.

T E U

TEU'CRIO, f. m. an herb fo called.

T E X

TEXEDO'R, f. m. a weaver.
TEXEDU'RA, f. f. weaving.
TEXE'R, v. a. to weave.
TEXI'DO, f. m. cloth, linen.
TEXIMIE'NTO, f. m. obf. the fame as *texido*.
TEXI'LLO, f. m. a little yew-tree, a little fort of girdle wove.
TE'XO, a yew-tree.
TE'XON, f. m. the beaft called a badger, a grey, or a brock.
TE'XTO, f. m. a text.
TEXTUALI'STA, f. m. he who fticks to the text without minding the commentators.
TEXTU'RA, f. f. texture.

T E Z

TE'Z, f. f. the colour or grain of the skin of the face.
TEZA'DO, adj. black.

T H A

THA'LAMO, f. m. an eminent place in a room where the married couple fits and receives the ufual compliments. Poetical, for a nuptial bed.
THALASOME'LI, f. m. a fort of phifick confifting of honey, rain-water, and fea-water.
THALIE'STRO, f. m. a plant fo called.
THA'PSIA, f. f. an herb like ferula or fennel-giant.
THAUMATU'RGO, f. m. an admirable and wonderful perfon; a miracle-maker.

T H E

THE', f. m. the Chinefe herb called tea.
THEA'ME, f. m. a ftone brought from the mountains of Ethiopia, oppofite to the load-ftone, as having a natural antipathy to iron.
THEATRA'L, adj. theatrical.
THEA'TRO, f. m. a theatre.
THE'MA, f. m. theme, a fubject on which one writes or fpeaks; alfo obftinacy.
THEMO'SO, adj. obftinate.
THEOLOGA'L, adj. relating to theology.
THEOLOGI'A, f. f. theology, divinity.
THEOLOGICAME'NTE, adv. theologically.
THEOLO'GICO, adj. theological.
THEOLOGIZA'R, v. n. to fpeak upon theological matters.
THEO'LOGO, f. m. a divine.
THEOREMA, f. m. a theorem.
THEO'RICA, } f. f. theory, fpe-
THEO'RIA, } culation.
THERAPE'UTICA, f. f. practical phyfick
THERIA'CA, f. f. treacle.
THERIACA'L, adj. relating to the treacle.
THE'RMA, f. f. hot-bath.
THERMO'METRO, f. m. thermometer.
THESAURIZA'R, v. a. to treafure, to hoard, to lay up.
THESAU'RO, f. m. vocabulary.
THE'SIS, f. f. a thefis or pofition.
THESORA'R, v. a. v. *ATHESORA'R*.
THESORERI'A, f. f. a treafury.
THESORE'RO, f. m. a treafurer.
THESO'RO, f. m. a treafure.
THETE'RA, f. f. a tea-pot.

T H O

THO'LO, f. m. in architecture, the tholus, an half round covering of a ftructure like a copula; it is alfo taken for the knitting of all the ftones or timber of fuch a work.

T H R

THRE'NOS, f. m. pl. a lamentation.
THRIA'CA, f. f. v. *THERIACA*.
THRO'NO, f. m. throne, a royal feat.

T H U

THURI'BULO, f. m. a thurible, a cenfer.
THURIFERA'RIO, f. m. he that carries the cenfer or thurible in folemnities of the church.

T I

TI, pron. thee.
Pára ti, for thee.

T I A

TI'A, f. f. an aunt.
TIA'RA, f. f. the pope's crown.

T I B

TI'BIA, f. f. a flute.
TIBIAME'NTE, adv. lukewarmly, negligently.
TIBIE'ZA, adj. lukewarmnefs.
TI'BIO, adj. lukewarm.
TIBO'R, f. m. a china jar.
TIBURO'N, f. m. a great fea fish called a shark.

T I E

TIE'MPO, f. m. time.
Quanto tiempo ha ? how long is it fince ?

Mal tiempo, foul weather.
Llegar à tiempo, to come in the nick of time.
Andar con el tiempo, to suit oneself to the times.
Dar tiempo al tiempo, to wait for better times.
Prov. *Quàl el tiémpo, tal el tiénto*, as the time is, so must the deliberation be; we must act as times offer.
Prov. *Tiémpo ni hóra no se ata con sóga*, time and hours are not to be tied with a rope; time and tide stay for no man.
TIE'NDA, s. f. a tent; also a shop; also the awning or covering on the poop of a galley.
Prov. *Quién tiéne tiénda, que atiénda*, he that keeps a shop, must look to it; if a man does not keep his shop, his shop will not keep him.
TIE'NTA, s. f. a surgeon's probe to search a wound.
TIE'NTO, s. m. caution, care, premeditation; also guess; also the wand painters use to rest their hand on, and a flourish in musick before playing.
Tiento de ciego, the stick of a blind man.
Le dieron dos tientos, they beat him.
Respondér a tiento, to answer at random.
Procedér con tiénto, to proceed cautiously.
Dar un tiénto, to try a man, to found him.
TIERNAME'NTE, adverb. tenderly.
TIERNECI'TO, adj. tender, pretty tender.
TIE'RNO, adj. tender.
TIE'RRA, s. f. the earth. It is also a man's country.
En mi tiérra, in my country.
Buéna tierra, a good country.
Toda la tierra, all the world.
Tierra-tierra, coast-wise, along shore; and metaphorically, with caution, with circumspection.
Tierra sigilata, a sort of medicinal earth.
Ponér tierra en medio, to fly from a place.
Echár tierra a un negocio, to lay aside a business, to bury it, to think no more of it.
Echár por tierra, to destroy, to level with the ground.
Pecho por tierra, in an humble manner, prostrate on the ground.
Besar la tierra que otro pisa, to kiss the ground a man treads on, to pay him the greatest respect.
Ser tierra, to be earth, to be mortal.
De tierra en tierra, from one country to another.
No sentirlo la tierra, no body living to know it.
TIESSAME'NTE, adv. stiffly, gravely, austerely.
Tiessamente enamorado, deply in love.
TIE'SSO, adj. stiff, tough.
TIE'STO, s. m. a pot to set flowers, or small trees in.

T I G

TI'GRE, s. m. the beast called a tiger.

T I L

TILDA'R, v. a. to make a title or dash, as the Spaniarde do on the letter *ñ*.
TI'LDE, s. m. a tittle, a little dash; the dash set over the *ñ*.
TILDO'N, s. m. augmen. of *tilde*.
TI'LLA, s. f. the hatches of a ship.
TI'LO, s. m. the lime-tree.

T I M

TIMBRE, s. m. the crest of a helmet; the top of any other thing.
TIMIDAME'NTE, adv. fearfully.
TIMIDE'Z, s. f. fearfulness.
TI'MIDO, adj. timorous, fearful.
TIMO'N, s. m. the rudder of a ship; also the pole of a coach or waggon between the two horses.
TIMONEA'R, v. n. to steer at sea, to manage the rudder.
TIMONE'RA, s. f. the steerage in a ship where the steerman stands.
TIMONE'RO, s. m. the steersman, he that steers the ship.
TIMORA'TO, adj. fearful of offending God.

T I N

TIN TIN, the sound that earthen ware makes when shook together
TINA, s. f. a dyer's copper, or cauldron. Also any great tub, trough, or other vessel.
TINA'DA, s. f. a pile or stack of wood.
TINA'DA, s. f. an earthen jar, or such great earthen vessel.
TINAJO'N, s. m. a great earthen jar, or such like vessel.
TI'NEA, s. f. a wood-worm.
TINE'L, } s. m. a publick hall,
TINE'LO, } a dining-room.
Tenér tinél y casa a todo homo, an old phrase, signifying to keep open house.
TINIE'BLAS, s. f. pl. darkness. They give this name to the evening-service on Wednesday, Thursday, and Friday in the holy week, because the candles are all put out and the church remains dark.
TI'NO, s. m. judgement, guess, conjecture, sense.
TINTA, s. f. ink.
Tinta de zapatéro, blacking for shoes.
TINTA'R, v. a. to dye a dyers do.
TI'NTE, s. m. any sort of dice.
TINTERO, s. m. an inkhorn.
TINTI'LLO, s. m. reddish, of a pale colour.
TI'NTO, adj. dyed.
Vino tinto, red wine.
TINTO'R, s. m. v. *TINTORE'RO*.
TINTORERI'A, s. f. a dyer's house, the dyer's street; also the dyer's trade.
TINTORE'RO, s. m. a dyer.
TINTU'RA, s. f. dye.
TINTURA'R, v. a. vide *TINTA'R*.

T I Ñ

TI'ñA, s. f. the scab, a scald head.
Tiña de árbol, the plant missletoe.
TIÑO'SO, adj. scurvy, scald.

T I O

TI'O, s. m. an uncle.
TIO'RBA, s. f. the the theorbo, a musical instrument so called.

TIP

TIPLE, s. f. the treble in musick.

TIQ

TIQUISMIQUIS, s. m. affected words, affected expressions in speaking.

TIR

TIRA, s. f. a long slip of any thing; also a guard or welt of cloth or the like.

Tira braguéro, a truss for a broken belly.

TIRABUZO'N, s. m. a cork-screw.

TIRACO'L, *TIRACUE'LLO*, s. m. a belt, such as those used by soldiers.

TIRA'DA, s. f. the large distance from one place to the other.

Tiráda, s. f. the act of throwing.

TIRA'DO, adj. cast, thrown, shot.

Oro tirádo, gold wire, or gold thread, or any of that sort which is drawn.

TIRADE'RA, s. f. in cant, a chain.

TIRADO'R, s. m. one that draws, throws, or shoots; also a drawer in a cabinet or the like; and a place where they stretch cloth on the tenters.

TIRAMI'RA, s. f. a long narrow ridge rising in the middle of a plain field; metaphor. any thing that resembles it.

TIRAMOLLA'R, v. a. to pull and let go.

TIRA'NTES, s. m. pl. the traces horses draw by in a coach or cart.

TIRANTEZ, s. f. the breath measured in a direct line.

TIRAPIE, s. m. the shoemaker's strap.

TIRAR, v. a. to draw, to pull, to pluck; also to shoot, to cast, to throw.

Tirár la bárra, to throw the bar; metaph. to do one's best.

Tirár de camaráda, to fire a volley.

Tirár la piédra y escondér la máno, to throw the stone and hide the hand; to do a mischief, and appear friendly.

TIRASO'L, s. m. vide *QUITASO'L*.

TIRAVI'RA, as, *Hacér tiravira*, a sea phrase, to throw a ship flat on her side.

TIRE'LA, s. f. a kind of striped stuff so called.

TIRI'CA, s. f. a little narrow slip of any thing.

TIRI'CIA, s. f. the disease, called a jaundice.

TIRICIA'DO, adj. that has got the jaundice.

TIRI'LLA, s. f. a little slip of any thing; a woman's tucker.

TIRI'LLO, s. f. a little gun or piece of cannon.

TIRITA'ñA, s. f. a sort of very slight silk or taffety.

TIRITA'R, v. n. to quake, to tremble.

TIRITO'NA, s. f. the act of shivering for cold, especially when done out of affectation.

TI'RO, s. m. a shot, a cast, a throw, a gun, a cast at dice, a joke, a reflection, an odd prank, a notable feat, a cheat, trick.

Tirós de espáda, a belt for a sword, or the hangers of the belt.

TIRO'N, s. m. a pull, a pluck.

TIRRIA, s. f. aversion, antipathy.

TI'RTEAFUERA, an interj stand away, draw off, be gone.

TIS

TISA'NA, s. f. ptisan, cooling drink.

TI'SICA, s. f. the phthisick.

TI'SICO, adj. phthisical, troubled with the phthisick.

TIT

TI'TERE, s. m. a puppet.

TITERE'RO, *TITERI'STA*, s. m. one that goes about with a puppet show or raree show.

TITI, s. m. a kind of very little monkey with a black spot on the head resembling a cap.

TITILACIO'N, s. f. titillation, a sensation, arising from tickling.

TITI'MALO, subst. m. any milky plant.

TITIRITA'INA, s. f. any merry feast.

TITIRITE'RO, s. m. vide *TITE'RERO*.

TITO, s. m. a seed of a grape or the like, a little kernel of any fruit; also a chamber pot.

TITUBEA'R, v. a. to stagger, to waver, to faulter.

TITULA'DO, s. m. a lord of title, as duke, marquiss, &c. one that has a title of honour.

TITULAR, adj. titular.

Titulár, v. a. to affix a title.

Titulár, v. n. to obtain a title from the king.

TI'TULO, s. m. the title of a book, a title of honour, the title a man has to any goods; also a monument.

Titulo coloráde, a colourable title.

Señór de título, a lord that has a title of honour, as duke, marquiss, earl, &c.

TIX

TIXE'RA, s. f. a pair of scissars.

Tixéra, the first feather in the wing of an hawk.

Tixéra, a cut made in a field to drain it.

TIXERA'DA, *TIXERETA'DA*, s. f. a cut with the scissars.

TIXERE'TAS, s. f. pl. dimin. of *tixéra*.

TIXERETEA'R, v. a. to give repeated cuts with a pair of scissars.

TIZ

TIZNA, s. f. the matter kept ready to smut or besmear another.

TIZNA'R, v. a. to smut, to soot to blak, to smear, to sully.

TI'ZNE, s. m. the black of a pot or the like.

TI'ZO, s. m. a firebrand; a coal in charcoal that is not well burnt.

TIZO'N, s. m. a firebrand.

TIZO'NA, s. f. a sword.

TIZONA'ZO, s. m. a stroke with a firebrand.

TIZONE'RA, f. f. the furnace in which coal is made, or wood reduced to coals.

T O

TO, a word ufed in Spanish, to call a dog.

T O A

TOA'JA, *TOA'LIA*, } f. f. a towel, a napkin.
TOALLETA, f. f. a napkin.

T O B

TOBA, f. f. a kind of fpongious and like ftone.
Toba, fcurf on the teeth.
Toba, in cant, a boot.
TOBA'JA, *TOBALLA*, } f. f. a towel, a napkin.
TOBALLE'TA, *TOBELLE'TA*, } f. f. diminutive of *toballa*.
TOBI'LLO, f. m. the ancle-bone.

T O C

TO'CA, f. f. a woman's coif, handkerchief, or white veil for her head; any drefs for the head.
Toca de camino, a fort of muffler ufed by men and women in travelling to keep the duft from their faces.
Toca de red, a net-cawl to hold women's hair.
Torménto de toca, a way of racking people with water.
Prov. *Poco dura la toca en cabeza loca*, headcloaths ftay but little on a mad head.
Prov. *Tocas de beata, y uñas de gata*, a devotee's head-dreffed, and a cat's claws. To fignify an hypocrite.
TOCADI'LLO, f. m. a little head-drefs; alfo a game at tables fo called.
TOCA'DO, f. m. a women's drefs; a fmall tuft of feathers or copple crown on a bird's head.
TOCA'DO, adj. dreffed.
Gran tocádo y chico recádo, great cry and little wool.
TOCADO'R, f. m. a night-cap; a lady's dreffing-room.
TOCAMIE'NTO, f. m. a touch.
TO'CA'NTE, adj. touching, relating, or appertaining to.
TOCA'R, v. a. to touch, to drefs, to belong to, to found a trumpet, to wind a horn, to play on any inftrument in mufick, to beat a drum.
Tocar a leva, a phrafe ufed aboard galleys, when they found a trumpet for all that are ashore to come on board.
Tocar arma, to found, to beat an alarm.
Tocar alerta, to beat to arms.
Tocar la cabéza, to drefs the head.
Tocar tompéta, to found a trumpet.
Tocar un inftrumento, to play upon fome mufical inftrument.
No me tóca, it does not belong to me, it does not regard me.
TOCA'YO, f. m. a namefake.
TOCHEDA'D, f. f. clownishnefs, roughnefs; alfo folly.
TOCHEA'R, v. a. to bar the door with a round pole.
TO'CHO, f. m. a round pole, a bar, to faften the door with.
Tócho, adj. coarfe, unpolished, rough, clownish.
TOCHU'RA, f. f. the faying or the action of a wag, of a buffoon.
TOCINE'RO, f. m. the perfon that fells bacon.
TOCI'NO, f. m. bacon.
Tocinós, pl. in cant, blows.
TOCO'N, f. m. that part of a tree remaining with the roots after cutting down the reft; alfo the ftump of a man's limb.

T O D

TO'DAVIA, adv. neverthelefs, alfo.
TO'DO, adj. all, the whole.
Tódo poderófo, almighty.
Del tódo, quite, altogether.
Tódos, all of them.

T O E

TOE'SA, v. a. v. *HE'XAPEDA*; fix feet in length, a fathom.

T O G

TO'GA, f. f. a gown.
TOGA'DO, adj. that wears a gown.

T O L

TOLA'NOS, f. m. pl. the difeafe in horfes, and other beafts, called the lampas, being a fwelling in the gums that hinders their eating.
TOLDADU'RA, fubft. f. an awning, a cloth hung and fpread to keep off the fun.
TOLDA'R, v. a. to hang over with an awning or tilt.
Toldár, in cant, to cover, to adorn, to fet off a thing to advantage.
TOLDE'RO, f. m. he that fells falt by retail.
TOLDI'CO, *TOLDI'LLO*, } f. m. a little canopy, awning, or covering; alfo fometimes ufed for a fedan.
TO'LDO, f. m. a canopy, an awning, a pavilion. any covering that hangs over the head; metaph. ftate, grandeur, pride.
Hablár con tóldo, to talk haughtily.
TOLERA'BLE, adj. tolerable, that can be fuffered.
TOLERACIO'N, f. f. toleration, fufferance.
TOLERA'NCIA, f. f. fufferance.
TOLERA'R, v. a. to tolerate, to fuffer.
TOLLE'R, v. a. obf. to take away.
TO'LLO, f. m. a fish called a fea-cat.
TOLO'N, f. m. only ufed in the plural, *tolonés*; the fames as *tolanós*; the lampas.
TOLO'NDRO, *TOLONDRO'N*, } f. m. a fwelling bunch made blow; metaph. a blunder, a blundering fellow; alfo a knock or blow.
TO'LVA, f. f. the bin of a mill, out of which the corn runs by a tunnel to the ftones and is ground.
TOLVANE'RA, f. f. a wirlwind of duft, a column of duft raifed by a wirlwind.

TOM

TOMA, f. f. the act of taking what is given.
Toma, the taking by force of arms a fortress or the like.
Toma the taking as much as is taken at one time with the fingers or with the hand; as *una toma de tabaco*, a pinch of snuff.
Toma, an aperture made to take water out of a river for the use of mill or the like.
TOMA'DA, f. f. the same as *toma*.
TOMADE'RO, f. m. the part at which any thing is taken.
Tomadéro, the aperture made to take water out of a river.
TOMA'DO, f. m. an ornament formerly used in dress.
TOMADO'R, f. m. he who takes.
TOMADU'RA, f. f. a taking.
TOMAJO'N, f. m. one that takes every thing.
TOMAMIE'NTO, f. m. a taking.
TOMA'R, v. a. to take; also to rust.
Tomár por tal parte, to strike up such a way.
Tomár el nombre, to take the word, as among soldiers.
Tomar prestado, to borrow.
Tomar la sángre, to stanch bleeding.
Tomar de coro, to learn by heart.
Tomar el sol, o altura, to take the sun's altitude.
Tomar la voz, to take part with one.
Tomar el ciélo con las mános, to rave, to aim at impossibilities, like reaching at heaven.
No sabéis con quién os tomáis, you do not know who you have to deal with.
Cósa de dar y tomár, a troublesome affair, a business of debate.
Tómar las de villa diego, to run away.
Tomárse de orin, to grow musty, to grow rusty.
Tómarse del vino, to grow drunk.
Tómate essa! take this! a phrase used on griving a blow to another.
Prov. *Mas vale un toma que dos te daré*, once taken, is better than twice I'll give you; a bird in the hand is worth two in the bush.
Prov. *Tómame acuestas, sabrás lo que péso*, take me upon your back, and you'll know what I weigh. Said when one seems to make sligh of another.
TOMA'TE, f. m. a red fruit so called.
TOMILLA'R, f. m. a ground where thyme grows.
TOMI'LLO, f. m. the herb thyme.
Olér la mugér a tomillo, is to be a clean sweet woman.
TOMI'N, f. m. a weight of twelve grains.
TOMINE'JO, f. m. a very small bird in the West-Indies.
TOMI'ZA, f. f. a small cord made of *esparto*.
TO'MO, f. m. a tome or volume; also weight, bulk, substance; also value, importance.

TON

TO'N, f. m. a tune.
Sin ton, ni son, without any reason, out of all order or due measure, without any just motive.
A qué tón o són viene esto? which is the reason of that?
TO'NA, f. f. the surface of any liquor.
TONA'DA, f. f. a tune.
TONADI'CA, } f. f. a song
TONADILLA, } mostly sung to the guittar, very brisk and chearful.
TONA'NTE, adj. thundering; the epithet given to Jupiter.
TONA'R, v. n. to thunder.
TONDI'NO, f. m. in architecture, a moulding so called.
TONE'L, f. m. a cask.
TONELA'DA, f. f. a tun; that is, two pipes, or four hogsheads.
TONELE'JO, f. m. a little vessel.
TONELE'RO, f. m. a cooper.
TONELE'TE, f. m. a sort of cap the men at arms formerly wore, when their helmet hung at the saddle.
TONI'NA, f. f. a fresh tunny fish.
TO'NO, f. m. a tune. Also a tone in musick.
Salir de tóno, to be out of tune.
Tóno entéro, a whole note, or tone or an integer, or the distance that is betwixt any two notes, except *mi* and *fa*, betwixt which there is but the less half note. Vide Morley, p. 2.
TONSU'RA, f. f. the tonsure or shaving on the head, which denotes a church-man.
TONSURADO'R, f. m. one who shaves.
TONSURA'R, v. a. to shave.
TONTA'DA, f. f. a silly saying, or action.
TONTAME'NTE, adv. sillily, foolishly.
A tóntas y a locas, foolishly, madly.
TONTA'ZO, f. m. a great silly fellow.
TONTEA'R, v. n. to play the fool.
TONTECE'R, v. n. to grow foolish, to be stupified.
TONTEDA'D, f. f. folly, simplicity; also a heaviness or dulness in the head.
TONTERI'A, f. f. silliness, folly.
TONTI'LLO, f. m. a little fool; also a hoop, such as are yet used at court by ladies.
TONTO, f. m. a fool, an idiot, a silly fellow.
TONTO, adj. foolish, silly; also heavy, dull.

TOP

TO'PA, f. f. a pulley.
TOPA'CIO, f. m. the precious stone called a topaz.
TOPA'R, v. a. to find, to meet, to run against.
Topar hago, is cant, to cheat at cards.
TO'PE, f. m. a jostle, running against a thing; also the top of a mast, or the like.
Hasta el tope, up to the top, as far as it will go.
TOPETAR, v. n. to butt with the head as bulls do; to stumble, to fall in the dark, to reel, to stagger, to blunder.
TOPETO'N, f. m. a jostle, a stumble, a blunder.
TO'PO, f. m. a mole, a kind of rat.

TOPOGRAPHI'A, f. f. topography, the defcription of a place.
TOPOGRA'PHICO, relating to topography.
TOPO'GRAPHO, f. m. a topographer.

TOQ

TO'QUE, f. m. a touch.
Tóque del óro, a touchftone to try gold, or the touching gold on it.
Tóque de atambór, the beat of drum.
Dar a uno un tóque, to give a man a hint of a thing.
TOQUE'RO, f. m. a weaver of a fine fort of head-dreffes women wear in Spain.
TOQUI'LLA, f. f. a hatband, a little woman's head-drefs, or a fine fort of filk, like gaufe.

TOR

TORA, f. f. a Jew family; alfo the tribute that a Jew family paid.
TORA'DA, f. f. a number of bulls.
TORA'L, adj. ftrong, that has moft ftrength.
Torál, virgin, natural yellowifh; faid of wax.
TORBELLI'NO, f. m. a whirlwind; alfo a very quick perfon.
TORCECUE'LLO, f. m. a bird called a wryneck; in falconry, the taffel-hawk, or the male.
TORCEDI'ZO, adj. twifted, or that may be twifted.
TORCEDO'R, f. m. a twifter, an inftrument to twift with, or the perfon that twifts; metaph. he that fcrews, or forces any thing out of another by indirect means.
TORCEDU'RA, f. f. twifting; alfo a liquor made of grapes after the wine is fqueezed out, by pouring in water and preffing them over again.
TORCE'R, verb. a. to twift, to wrench, to wreft, to wind.
TO'RCHE, f. m. a fort of headftay women ufed.
TORCI'DA, f. f. a wick for a lamp.
TORCIDAME'NTE, adv. twiftedly, crookedly.
TORCIMIE'NTO, f. m. a twifting, wrenching, or wrefting.
TORDI'LLO, f. m. a flea bitten horfe.
TORDO, f. m. the bird called a thrush.
Tordo, adj. painted white and black like a thrush; faid of the coulour of fome horfes.
TOREADO'R, f. m. one that rides at bulls in the bull feafts.
TOREA'R, v. n. to ride at a bull in the bull feafts.
TORE'O, f. m. the practice or the art of fighting bulls.
TORE'RO, f. m. one that deals in bulls.
TORE'TE, f. m. a lively young bull.
TORI'L, f. m. an ox-ftall; the place where they shut up the bulls for the bull feafts.
TORI'LLO, f. m. a little bull.
TORIO'NDA, f. f. a cow that is in luft.
TORLORO'TO, f. m. a fort of mufical inftruments among shepherds.
TORME'NTA, f. f. a ftorm, a tempeft.
TORMENTADO'R, f. m. a tormentor.
TORMENTA'R, v. a. to torment.
TORME'NTO, f. m. torment, great pain, a rack.
Torménto de cuérda, a way of racking a man.
TORMENTO'SO, adj. ftormy.
TO'RMO, f. m. a rock that ftands by itfelf feparate from all others.
TORNA, f. f. reftitution.
TORNABO'DA, f. f. the fecond day's feaft at a wedding.
TORNA'DA, f. f. a return; alfo a turn about.
TORNADI'ZO, adj. that has turned or may be turned, a turncoat, a runagate.
TORNADU'RA, f. f. a meafure of about ten feet.
TORNA'R, v. a. to turn, to return, to reftore.
Tornár la comida, to caft up what one has eaten, to vomit.
Tornár a un negócio de nuevo, to begin afresh, to go upon a bufinefs.
Tornár en fi, to come to onefelf, after being in a fwoon, or the like.
TORNASO'L, f. m. the plant called turnfol. It is alfo any changeable colour.
TORNASOLA'DO, adj. of a changeable colour.
TORNA'TIL, adj. that turns eafily.
TORNEA'DOR, f. m. one that exercifes himfelf in tournaments, or tilting.
TORNEAME'NTO, f. m. a tournament; alfo a turning.
TORNEA'R, v. a. to turn as turners do; alfo to tilt to run at tilt.
TORNE'O, f. f. a tournament or tilting.
TORNE'RA, f. f. a nun that has a particular office in the monaftery.
TORNE'RO, f. m. a turner.
TORNILLE'RO, f. m. a deferter, a foldier that quits his regiment without leave.
TORNI'LLO, f. m. a fcrew, a vice, a little turn.
Soldádo de tornillo, a foldier that runs from the army to return home.
TO'RNISCO'N, f. m. a blow with the back of the hand.
TO'RNO, f. m. a turn, a turner's lath, a fcrew.
Tórno de hilár, a fpinning-wheel.
Tórno de mónjas, the nuns wheel, a round box ftanding on one end upon an iron pin to turn round, by which they receive and deliver out what is neceffary without being feen.
TO'RO, f. m. a bull.
Tóro, f. m. in architecture, the torus, the third member of the bafe.
Ciértos fon los tóros, without doubt.
Avérfe vifto en los cuernos del toro, to have been on the bull's horns; that is, to have been in imminent danger.
Echár la capa al toro, to throw one's cloak to the bull; to quit all a man has to fave himfelf.
TOROND O'N, f. m. vide *TOLONDRON*.
Toróndon, a fore caufed by a blow.
TORO'NJA, f. f. a citron.

TORONGIL,

TORONGI'L, s. m. the herb baum.
Torongil de limónes, lemon-baum.
TORO'NJO, s. m. a citron-tree.
TORO'SO, adj. strong, robust.
TOROZO'N, s. m. the twisting of the guts, the griping of the guts.
TO'RPE, adj. base, vile, filthy, dirty; also dul, slow.
TORPEDA'D, s. f. baseness, vileness, dulness, slowness, filth, dirt.
TORPEDO, s. m. a fish so called.
TORPEME'NTE, adv. basely, vilely, dirtily; also dully, slowly
TORPE'ZA, s. f. baseness, vileness, filth, dirt; also dullness, slowness.
Torpéza de léngua, slowness of speech, bad utterance.
TORRA'R, v. a. to toast, to burn the superficies of.
TO'RRE, s. f. a tower.
Tórré de homonágo, the highest, or the strongest tower in a fort.
Tórre mócha, a plain tower without any battlements about it.
Tórres de viento, castles in the air.
TORREA'R, v. a to erect towers about a wall.
TORREJO'N, s. m. a small tower.
TORRE'NTE, s. m. a torrent, a violent stream.
TORREO'N, s. m. a large tower on a wall, or standing, by itself.
TORREONCI'LLO, s. m. a little tower.
TORRECI'LLA, s. f. a turret, or small tower.
TORREZNADA, s. f. a large omelet with small slices of bacon in it.
TORREZNE'RO, s. m. a lazy fellow that sits always over the fire, as if he vas roasting rashers of bacon.
TORRE'ZNO, s. m. a rasher of bacon.
Prov. *A torrezno de tocino buen golpe de vino*, a rasher of bacon requires a good draught of wine.
TORREZUE'LA, s. f. a turret, a little tower.
TO'RRIDO, adj. torrid, burnt, scorched, parched.
TORRI'JAS, s. f. pl. slices of bread soaked in eggs, then fried in oil or butter, and white wine, honey, and cinnamon put over them.

TORRONTE'S, s. f. a kind of grape so called.
TO'RTA, s. f. a cake.
TORTA'DA, s. f. a sort of pancake.
TORTEDA'D, s. f. crookedness, wryness.
TORTERA, s. f. a pasty-pan; also a little wooden dish.
TORTI'LLA, s. f. a little cake.
Tortilla de huevos, an omelet of eggs.
TORTOLI'CO, *TORTOLI'LLO*, } s. m. dimin. of *tórtola*.
TO'RTOLA, s. f. a turtle dove.
TORTOLI'LLA, s. f. a little turtle-dove.
TO'RTOLO, s. m. the male of the turtle dove. Seldom used.
TORTOZO'N, s. m. a kind of grape so called.
TORTUGA, s. f. f. a tortoise.
TORTUOSIDA'D, s. f. crookedness, winding.
TORTUO'SO, adj. crooked, winding.
TORTU'RA, s. f. crookedness.
TORVI'SCO, s. m. the herb spurge.
TORVO, adj. fierce, frightful frowning.
TORZA'L, s. m. any thread twisted.
TORZO'N, s. m. the twisting of the guts properly, but used for the gripes; from *torcér*, to twist.
TORZONA'DO, adj. griped.

T O S

TOS, s. f. a cough.
TOSCAME'NTE, adv. coarsely, grosly.
TO'SCO, adj. rude, rough, unpolished, clownish.
TO'SIGO, s. m. v. *TO'SSIGO*.
TOSQUEDA'D, s. f. rudeness, roughness, unpoliteness, clownishness.
TOSSECI'LLA, s. f. on affected cough.
TOSSE'R, v. n. to cough.
TO'SSIGO, s. m. poison, intoxication. Also pain, grief anguish.
TOSTA'DA, s. f. a toast.
TOSTADO'R, s. m. a toasting iron.

TO'STAR, v. a. to toast, to parch.
TOSTO'N, s. m. an old name for half a piece of eight; but in Portugal, a *tóston* is an hundred *reis*, worth eight-pence.
Pan tóston, puff-paste, cake, or crust.
TOSTO'NES, s. m. pl. the pease they call *garvanzos* when toasted.

T O T

TOTA'L, adj. total, entire.
TOTALIDA'D, s. f. totality, whole quantity.
TOTALME'NTE, adv. totally, entirely.
TOTILIMU'NDI, s. m. a raree-shew, a shew carried in a box.
TOTOVI'A, s. m. a small bird so called.

T O U

TOUCA'N, s. m. a bird in B[illegible], about the bigness of a magpye.

T O X

TOXICA'DA, adj. poisoned.
TO'XICO, s. m. poison.
TO'XO, s. m. a kind of broom.

T O Z

TOZA, s. f. v. *TOCA'N*.
TOZA'L, s. m. an high and eminent place.
TOZUE'LO, s. m. the neck of any animal.

T R A

TRABA, s. f. a linking, knitting, or joining together; also an impediment or hindrance.
TRABACUE'NTA, s. f. an error, a mistake in any account; also a quarrel a dispute.
TRABADE'RO, s. m. the thinner part of a beast's foot.
TRABADU'RA, s. f. joining together.

TRABA'DO, adj. linked, knit, or joined together.

TRABAJA'DO, adj. troubled, pained, grieved.

TRABAJA'DOR, f. m. a labourer.

TRABAJA'R, v. a. to labour, to work.

TRABAJI'LLO, f. m. dimin. of *trabájo*.

TRABA'JO, f. m. work, labour, pains, trouble, grief.

Sacár a uno de trabájos, to bring a man out of trouble.

TRABAJOSAME'NTE, adv. difficultly, laboriously, troublesomely.

TRABAJO'SO, adj. difficult, troublesome.

TRABA'L, adj. large; said of those nails that serve to nail boards, planks, or beams together.

TRABA'R, v. a. to link, to knit, to join together; also to contend for, to dispute.

Trabárse de palábras, to quarrel with one.

Trabárse, to fight.

Trabárse de léngua, is to have any impediment in the tongue, such as one cannot speak.

Trabár la vista, to squint.

TRABAZO'N, f. m. joining, knitting together; also connexion, relation to something.

TRABE, f. m. a beam.

TRABI'LLA, f. f. dimin. of *traba*

TRABO'N, f. m. an iron ring that they use to put to the feet of horses to subject them.

TRABU'CA, f. f. a kind of cracker.

TRABUCACIO'N, f. f. a mistake.

TRABUCA'R, v. a. to overthrow, to overturn, to turn topsy-turvy, to cast down.

TRABUCA'ZO, subst. m. a blunderbuss's shot; also a great and sudden fright.

TRABU'CO, f. m. a battering-ram, an engine to cast great stones and darts; or any other engine of that nature; a blunderbuss.

TRACAMU'NDA'NA, f. f. a ridiculous exchange of any thing of no value.

TRACHE'A, f. f. the artery called *trachéa*, the weasand or windpipe.

TRA'CHE, *ARTE'RIA*, f. f. idem.

TRA'CIAS, f. m. the name of a wind. Not used.

TRACI'STA, f. m. a contriver, one that draws the model of a work, an architect; also a sharper, a cheat.

TRA'CTO, f. m. a space of time that passes or is passed.

TRADICIO'N, f. f. a tradition.

TRADUCCIO'N, f. f. a translation.

TRADUCI'R, v. a. to translate; also to change.

TRADUCTO'R, f. m. a translator.

TRAFAGA'R, v. n. to remove things from one place to another; also to traffick.

TRA'FAGO, f. m. removing of goods from one place to another, traffick, bustling, motion.

TRAFAGO'N, f. m. a trading man also a busy body.

TRAFALME'JO, adj. bold, courageous.

TRAFICA'R, v. a. to traffick.

TRA'FIGO, f. m. traffick.

TRAGACA'NTHA, f. f. a root so called; also a gum so called.

TRAGACE'TE, f. m. a missile weapon so called.

TRAGADE'RO, f. m. the throat, the gullet.

TRAGADO'R, f. m. a swallower, a devourer, a glutton.

TRAGAFE'ES, f. m. a traitor.

TRAGALDA'BAS, f. m. a glutton.

TRAGALE'GUAS, f. m. a great runner, speaking of horses or men.

TRAGALU'Z, f. f. a window made on the top of a house.

TRAGAMA'LLAS, f. m. a devouring fellow, a glutton, a cormorant; also a blustering bully.

TRAGANTA'DA, f. f. a very large draught.

TRAGANTO'N, f. m. a glutton, a devourer, a nasty feeder.

TRAGA'R, v. a. to swallow, to devour.

TRAGAZO'N, f. m. devouring, gluttony, gormandizing.

TRA'GE, f. m. apparel, garb.

Prov. *Con buén tráge se encúbre ruin lináge*, good garb hides a base pedigree.

TRAGEA'R, v. a. to dress a person.

TRAGE'DIA, f. f. a tragedy; also any mournful event.

TRAGE'DICO, adj. tragical.

TRAGE'LAPHO, f. m. an animal of the stag kind so called.

TRAGICAME'NTE, adv. tragically.

TRA'GICO, adj. tragical.

TRAGITOME'DIA, f. f. a tragicomedy.

TRAGI'N, f. m. carriage or convenience for carriage.

TRAGINA'R, v. a. to transport or carry goods from one place to another.

TRAGINE'RO, f. m. a carrier, a person that removes goods from place to place.

TRAGI'NO, f. m. vide *TRAGIN*.

TRA'GIO, f. m. a plant so called.

TRA'GO, f. m. a draught of any liquor, a gulp.

Trágo de amargúra, a bitter draught, a grievous accident.

TRAGO'N, f. m. a glutton.

TRAGONCI'LLO, f. m. a little glutton.

TRAGONI'A, f. f. gluttony.

TRAGOPA'NA, / *TRAGOPA'NADE*, } f. f. a large bird so called.

TRAGUI'LLO, / *TRAGUI'TO*, } f. m. a little draught, a gulp.

TRAHEDO'R, f. m. he that brings or carries.

TRAHE'R, v. a. to fetch, to bring, to wear; also to draw.

Trahér, to persuade, to engage.

Traherse bien, to be nicely dressed.

Traher al ojo, to observe attentively.

Traher a mal traher, to abuse one.

Traher en leaguas, to censure, to speak ill of one.

Traher las piernas, to rub the legs.

TRAHI'DA, f. f. bringing, fetching.

TRAHIE'NTE, adject. one who brings.
TRAHI'LLA, f. f. the leash for a dog; also a sort of cart made use of to carry earth.
TRAHILLA'R, v. a. to level the ground.
TRAICIO'N, f. f. treason.
TRAIDO'R, f. m. a traitor.
Traidór, adj. treacherous.
TRAIDORAME'NTE, adv. treacherously.
TRAIDORCI'CO, f. m. dim. of *traidór*.
TRAINE'L, f. m. a pimp's servant.
TRAI'TE, f. m. dressing of cloth.
TRA'MA, f. f. the owse in weaving of cloth; metaph. a plot, a cunning contrivance.
TRAMADO'R, f. m. the person who plots or contrives.
TRAMA'R, v. a. to plot, to contrive; also to warp, to weave.
TRA'MITE, f. m. a path.
TRA'MO, f. m. a piece of any thing; particularly a piece of land.
Trámo de cordél, a piece of rope.
TRAMO'JO, adj. the lowest or hardest part of the reed of any grain.
Buén tramójo tiéne que roér, he has a good weed to gnaw. We say, he has a hard bone to pick.
TRAMONTA'NA, f. f. the north-wind.
TRAMONTA'NO, adj ultramontane, that lives beyond the mountains.
TRAMONTA'R, v. n. to go down or set as the sun does.
Al tramontár del sol, at sun-set.
TRAMO'YA, f. f. a machine such as they have in the play-houses for show, to bring down angels in clouds, or the like; metaph. a cheat, a fraud, a deceitful contrivance.
Púntas de tramóya, a sort of lace.
TRAMOYI'STA, f. m. an enginemaker; also a cheat, a deceiver.
TRA'MPA, f. f. a trap-door, a pitfall to catch wild beasts, a trap, a snare; metaph. a cheat, a deceit, a fraud.
TRAMPA'LES, f. m. pl. sloughs, dirty miry places, where beasts are stuck fast.
TRAMPANTO'JO, f. m. a trick or cheat put upon a man before his face.
TRAMPEA'R, v. a. to trick, to cheat, to cosen, to defraud, to play the knave.
TRAMPI'LLA, f. f. a little trap-door, trap, or cheat.
TRAMPI'STA, f. m. a tricking cheating fellow.
TRAMPOSI'LLO, f. m. a little knavish cheating fellow.
TRAMPO'SO, adj. tricking, deceitful, a tricking cheathing fellow.
TRA'NCA, f. f. a door or window-bar, or the like.
TRANCA'DA, f. f. a fillet, a hair-lace.
TRANCAHI'LO, f. m. any thing that is bound with thread or cord.
TRANCA'R, v. a. v. *ATRANCA'R*.
TRANCA'ZO, f. m. a blow with a bar or pole.
TRA'NCE, f. m. a ticklish or dangerous point. In buying and selling, the transferring of goods from the seller to the buyer.
Trance rigoroso, a dreadful circumstance.
Trance de armas, a battle.
TRANCELI'N, f. m. v. *TRENCELLI'N*.
TRANCHE'TE, f. m. a shoemaker's knife.
TRA'NCO, f. m. a large stride.
TRANQUE'RA, f. f. a palisade.
TRANQUILAME'NTE, adv. peaceably, quietly, calmly.
TRANQUILA'R, v. a. to quiet, to appease.
TRANQUILIDA'D, f. f. tranquility, quietness, calmness.
TRANQUILIZA'R, v. a. to quiet, to calm, to appease.
TRANQUI'LO, adj. calm, still, quiet.
TRANQUI'LLA, f. f. a little bar for a door or window.
TRANSACCIO'N, f. f. transaction.
TRANSCENDE'NTE, adj. transcending, surpassing.
TRANSCENDE'R, v. a. to transcend, to surpass.
TRANSCRIBI'R, v. a. to transcribe, to copy.
TRANSCU'RSO, f. m. process of time.
TRANSFERI'R, v. a. to transfer.
TRANSFIGURACIO'N, f. f. the feast of our Saviour's Transfiguration; a changing of shape or figure.
TRANSFIGURA'R, v. a. to transfigure to change the shape or figure.
TRANSFI'XO, adj. transfixed, pierced.
TRANSFORMACIO'N, f. f metamorphosis, transformation, changing of form.
TRANSFORMADO'R, f. m. a transformer, or changer of forms.
TRANSFORMAMIE'NTO, f. m. vide *TRANSFORMACI'ON*.
TRANSFORMA'R, v. a. to transform, to change forms.
Transformárse, v. r. to transform one's self.
TRANSFORMATI'VO, adj. having the quality or power of transforming.
TRANSFU'GA, f. m. a run-away.
TRANSFUNDI'R, v. a. to transfuge.
TRANSFUSIO'N, f. f. a pouring liquor from one vessel into another.
TRANSGREDI'R, v. a. to transgress.
TRANSGRESSIO'N, f. f. transgression, offence.
TRANGRESSO'R, f. m. a transgressor.
TRANSICIO'N, f. f. a transition, passing from one thing to another.
TRANSI'DO, adj. starved with hunger, thirst, or cold.
TRANSIGI'R, v. a. to pass an agreement.
TRANSITA'R, v. n. to pass.
TRA'NSITO, f. m. a passage, the passing from one place to another.
TRANSITO RIO, adj. transitory, that passes away.
TRANSLACIO'N, f. f. translation.
TRANSMARI'NO, adj. beyond the sea, ultramarine.
TRANSMIGRACIO'N, f. f. a transmigration.

TRANSMIGRA'R, v. n. to remove from one country to another.
TRANSMISSI'BLE, adject. that which may be transmitted.
TRANSMITI'R, v. a. to transmit.
TRANSMUTA'BLE, adj. changeable from one thing. to another.
TRANSMUTACIO'N, subst. f. a changing from one thing to another.
TRANSMUTA'R, v a. to change from one thing to another.
TRANSPARE'NCIA, s. f. transparency.
TRANSPARENTAR'SE, v. r. to be transparent.
TRANSPARE'NTE, adj. transparent.
TRANSPIRACIO'N, s. f. transpiration, perspiration.
TRANSPIRA'R, v. n. to transpire, to perspire.
TRANSPORTACIO'N, subst. f. transportation.
TRANSPORTA'R, v. a. to transport.
TRANSPORTI'N, s. m. an upper mattrass upon a bed.
TRANSPOSICIO'N, s. f. transposition.
TRANSPUE'STO, adj. transposed.
TRANSUBSTANCIACIO'N, s. f. transsubstanciation.
TRANSUBSTANCIA'R, v. a. to change one substance into another.
TRANSVERSA'L, adj. overthwart, across.
TRANZADE'RA, s. f. a knot.
TRANZA'R, v. a. vide *TRENZAR*
TRAPACE'RO, s. m. a cheating fellow, an extortioner.
TRAPACE'TE, s. m. a broker's or a banker's book.
TRAPACI'STA, s. f. a cheat in buying or selling, an extortioner in lending of money; a broke, a banker.
TRAPA'JO, s. m. a clout, a rag.
TRAPA'LA, subst. f. a confused noise of clattering with the feet, or stamping of horses; metaph. the noise of babbling.
TRAPA'ZA s. f. a cheat, a fraud.
TRAPA'ZO, s. m. a knavish trick; also a waggish saying or action.
TRAPERI'A, s. f. a place full of rags, or where they buy and sell rags.
TRAPE'RO, s. m. a rag-merchant
TRAPI'CHE, s. m. a sugar mill.
TRAPI'LLO, s. m. a little clout or rag.
Un mal trapillo, a pitiful scoundrel.
La fiésta del trapillo, the feast of Saint Mark; so called at Madrid, because on that day all the rabble and ragged crew go abroad into the fields to be merry.
TRA'PO, s. m. a clout, a rag.
Al atár de los trapós, at the binding up of the rags. We say, at the winding up of the bottom.
Prov. *Al descalabrádo, núnca le fálta un trápo que róto que sáno*, he that has his head broke, never wants a rag whole or torn. When a man has a misfortune, somebody or other pities and relieves him, though it be but poorly.
Trapos, pl. the foul linen when the laundress has is to wash.
TRAQUE, s. m. the noise of a cracker when bursting.
TRAQUEADO'RA, s. f. a turbulent, troublesome woman.
TRAQUEA'R, v. n. to cry like a stork, to clatter like a drum.
TRAQUI'DO, s. m. the report of a gun, the noise of a drum, or the like.
TRAQUI'N, s. m. in cant, a pickpocket.
TRAS, adv. after, behind.
Ir tras el ladrón, to pursue a thief.
Tras el véngo yo, I come in pursuit of him; or, I am next in order to him.
Tras tras, s. m. a noise.
TRANSANE'JO, adj. three years old.
TRASCA, s. m. a thick strap.
TRASCANTO'N, s. m. a by-corner; also a wound or blow given at the turning the corner of a street, as ruffians do who lie in wait.
TRASCORDA'DO, adj. forgotten.
Trascordádo, s. m. a forgetful man.
Sois un trascordádo, you forget every thing, you never mind your business.
TRASCORDA'RSE, v. r. to forget one's self, or to fall asleep.
TRASCORRA'L, s. m. a back-yard.
TRASEGADO'R, s. m. one that racks, pours, or conveys from one vessel to another.
TRASEGA'R, v. a. to rack, to pour, to convey from one vessel into another.
TRASE'RO, adj. that come behind, hindermost, backward.
Trasséro, s. m. the breech.
TRASFIGURACIO'N, s. f. vide *TRANSFIGURACIO'N*.
TRASFIGURA'R, verb. a. vide *TRANSFIGURAR*.
TRASFORMACIO'N, s. f. vide *TRANSFORMACIO'N*.
TRASFORMA'R, verb. a. vide *TRANSFORMA'R*.
TRA'SGO, s. m. an hobgoblin, an apparition, a ghost, a fairy.
TRASGUEA'R, v. n. to play the hobgoblin.
TRASHOGUE'RO, s. m. an iron-back to a chimney; a great log of vood to lay behind the fire.
TRASHOJA'R, v. a. to turn over the leaves of a book.
TRASHUMA'R, v. a. to pass from the pastures to the mountains, or the contrary. Said of the flocks.
TRASIE'GO, s. m. the passing a thing from one place to another.
TRASLACIO'N, s. m. a translation.
TRASLADADOR, s. m. a translator.
TRASLADA'R, v. a. to translate.
TRASLA'DO, s. m. a copy of writing.
TRASLAPA'R, v. a. vide *SOLAPA'R*.
TRASLUCIE'NTE, adj. transparent.
TRASLUCI'R, v. a. to shine throug; to be transparent; to perceive, to conceive, to see into, to understand.
Trasluciʳse una cósa, to have some knowledge or insight into a thing; also to be transparent.
TRASMA'LLO, s. m. a close net behind another open one.
TRASMAÑA'NA, s. f. the next day after to-morrow.

TRASMA'NO, adv. behind-hand.
TRASMONTA'NOS, ſ. m. pl. the people beyond the mountains.
TRASMONTA'R, v. n. v. *TRAMONTA'R*.
TRASNOCHA'DA, ſ. f. the paſſing of a whole night without going to bed.
TRASNOCHA'R, v. n. to watch all night.
TRASPALA'R, v. a. to turn, or to shovel corn, or the like from one place to another.
TRASPARE'NTE, adject. vide *TRANSPARE'NTE*.
TRASPASSAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. a transferring or paſſing away to another; running through with a weapon.
TRASPASSA'T, v. a to transfer, to paſs over to another, to run through with a weapon, to pierce with hunger or cold; alſo to exceed, to tranſgreſs.
Traſpaſſárſe de hambre, to be pierced or ſtarving with hunger.
TRASPA'SSO, ſ. m. the transferring, or making over of a thing, alſo a trance, an agony.
Ayunar el traſpáſſo, to faſt from Maundy Thurſday till Holy Saturday at noon, in honour of our Saviour's agony.
TRASPEINA'R, v. a. to comb again lightly what was already combed.
TRASPIE', ſ. m. a trip in wreſtling.
Dar traſpiés, to reel, to ſtagger.
TRASPILLA'RSE, v. r. to grow lean.
TRASPLANTA'R, verb. a. vide *TRANSPLANTA'R*.
TRASPONE'R, v. a. to transfer, to remove, to tranſplant, to vaniſh away, to get out of ſight.
Traſponérſe, v. r. to fall into a ſwoon; alſo to vaniſh.
TRASPORTA'R, verb. a. vide *TRANSPORTA'R*.
TRASPUE'STA, ſ. f. a ſudden diſappearing or getting out of ſight.
TRASPUE'STO, adj. diſappeared, vaniſhed, got out of ſight; alſo tranſplanted.
TRASQUA'RTO, ſ. m. a back-room.
TRASQUILADO'R, ſ. m. a shearer, a clipper.
TRASQUILADU'RA, ſ. f. a sheating or clipping.
TRASQUILA'T, v. a. to clip, to shear, to cut off the hair or wool.
TRASQUILIMO'CHO, adj. shorn cloſe.
TRASQUILO'NES, ſ. m. pl. notches in hair that is ill cut.
TRASSOñA'T, v. n. to doat, to be beſide one's ſelf, as one that is half aſleep; to be as it were in a dream.
TRA'STE, ſ. m. the freet of an inſtrument.
Dar al tráſte, to ſink down, to founder at ſea.
TRASTEA'T, v. a. to tumble the lumber of a houſe, to turn it over, to look about among goods.
TRASTEJADO'T, ſ. m. a tiler; alſo a mender.
TRASTEJADU'TA, ſ. f. tiling; alſo mending and altering.
TRASTEJA'T, v. a. to mend the tiles of a houſe; thence to mend other things, alſo to alter, to contrive, to order; in cant, to break in at the top of a houſe.
TRASTE'JO, ſ. m. the tiling of a roof.
TRASTIE'NDA, ſ. f. a back shop.
TRA'STO, ſ. m. a piece of lumber.
Tráſtos, plur. the lumber of a houſe, houſhold-goods; generally taken for things not in uſe, or of no uſe.
TRASTORNA'DO, ſ. m. a madman or a drunken man.
TRASTORNADO'R, ſ. m. an overthrower, one that turns things topſyturvy.
TRASTORNADU'RA, ſubſt. f. overthrowing, turning things topſy-turvy.
TRASTORNA'R, v. a. to overthrow, to turn topſy-turvy.
Traſtornár a uno, to make a man change his mind or opinion.
Traſtornárſe, v. r. to be drunk or mad.
TRASTRAVA'DO, adj. croſſed, laid athwart.
TRASTRI'GO, ſ. m. better than wheat.
Buſcár pan de traſtrigo to look for better bread than wheat can make, to be fooliſhly nice.
TRASTROCADU'RA, ſ. f. chopping and changing.
TRASTROCA'R, v. a. to chop and change.
Traſtrocárſe el las palábras, to miſtake in ſpeaking, to ſpeak one word inſtead of another.
TRASTRUE'CO, *TRASTRUE'QUE*, } ſ. m. a chopping and changing.
TRASTUMBA'R, v. n. to fall over and over.
TRASUDA'R, v. n. to ſweat with fear, fright, or through weakneſs, to be in a cold ſweat.
TRASU'NTO, ſ. m. a copy, a figure, a reſemblance, a portraiture.
TRASVENI'R, v. a. to differ, to vary, to diſagree.
TRASVINA'RSE, v. r. to ooſe out of a wine-veſſel. Said of wine.
TRATA'BLE, adj. tractable, that can be managed.
TRATA'DO, ſ. m. a treaty, a treatiſe. It is alſo uſed for a ſtrong man that is all bones and ſinews.
TRATADO'RES, ſ. m. pl. perſons appointed to diſcuſs ſuch matters as are propoſed; managers.
TRATAMIENTO, ſ. m. an handling or dealing.
TRATA'NTE, ſ. m. a dealer.
TRATA'NZA, ſubſt. f. obſ. vide *TRA'TO* and *TRATAMIE'NTO*.
TRATA'R, v. a. to handle, to deal, to trade, to treat.
Tratár a uno, to have to do with a man, to converſe with him.
TRATI'LLO, ſ. m. a little trade.
TRA'TO, ſ. m. trade traffick, management, handling, dealing. In the univerſity of Alcala, it ſignifies the cuſtom they have of vexing new-comers, by playing upon them.
Trato, manner, behaviour, way of proceeding in life, and the like.
Tráto de cuerda, a way of racking by ſtretching the joints with ropes.
Tráto dóbl., double dealing.
Mugér de mal trato a bad woman.

TRAVE'RSAS, f. f. pl. certain ropes in a ship, fo called.
TRAVE'S, f. m. the inclination or bent of any thing to one of the fides when it ought to go ftraightways.
Través, misfortune, mishap.
Través, in fortification, a flank.
Través, adv. (*al través*) athwart, abrofs.
Dar al través, to be caft away at fea.
Salir al través, to come athwart a man.
Ir al través, a fea-term, our failors call it hulling; that is, when a ship at fea takes in all her fails in a calm, to fave them from beating againft the mafts; or elfe in a ftorm, when it is fo fierce they can bear no fail.
TRAVESA'ÑO, adj. that lies, or is to lie acrofs or athwart another.
TRAVESA'R, v. a. vide *ATRAVESA'R*.
TRAVESEA'R, v. n. to act it an unquiet manner, to move or proceed irregularly.
Travefeár, v. n. to think or fpeak in a witty or lively manner.
Travefeár, v. n. to live in a loofe and immoral manner.
TRAVESE'RO, adj. that is placed acrofs.
Flauta travefera, a German flute.
TRAVESI'A, f. f. a crofs-way, a path acrofs.
Travesia, thwarting, croffing.
Viento traveffia, a contrary wind.
TRAVESSU'RA, f. f. unluckinefs, waggishnefs, wantonnefs, archnefs, diforderlinefs rakishnefs.
TRAVIE'SA, f. f. v. *TRAVESIA*.
A traviéffas, adv. athwart.
TRAVIE'SO, adject. unlucky, naughty; waggish, rakish, wanton.
Traviefo, not docile, ftubborn, apt to rebel.
TRAVO, f. m. in cant, a fencing-mafter.
TRAYE'LLA, f. f. vide *TRAHILLA*
TRA'ZA, f. f. a fcheme, a plan.
TRAZADO'R, f. m. a fchemer, a contriver.
TRAZA'R, v. a. to fcheme, to contrive.
TRAZO, f. m. the delineation of a plan.
Los traços, pl. in painting, the folds of the drapery.
TRZUMA'TSE, v. r. to tranfpire.

TRE

TRE'BEDES, f. f. a trevet.
TREBEJA'R, v. a. to toy, to play, to jeft, to dandle, to play with a child.
TREBE'JO, fubft. m. a chefs or draughtman; alfo a rattle, or other child's toy.
TRE'BOL, f. m. the fweet trefoil.
Trébol reál, the large fweet trefoil.
TRE'CE adj. thirteen.
Eftarfe en fu trece, to be pofitive or obftinate.
TRECE'NO, adj. the thirteenth.
TRECEMESI'NO, adject. thirteen months old.
TRECE'SIMO, adj. the thirtieth.
TRECHE'L, f. m. a coarfe fort of wheat.
TRE'CHO, f. m. a fpace or diftance.
A trechos, adv. at diftances.
TRECIE'NTOS, adj. three hundred.
TRE'FE, adj. light, weak, that eafily bends and gives way; alfo troubled with the phthifick.
TREFEDA'D, f. f. lightnefs, weaknefs, aptnefs to bow, or give way; alfo the phthifick.
TRE'GUA, f. f. truce; reft.
TRE'INTA, adj. thirty.
TREMBLO'T, f. m. vide *TEMBLOT*.
TREMEDA'L, f. m. a quaking bog, a quagmire.
TREME'NDO, adj. dreadful.
TREMENTI'NA, f. f. turpentine.
TREMENTINO'SO, adj. full of turpentine.
TREME'R, v. n. to tremble.
TREMESI'NO, adj. three months old.
Trigo tremefino, corn that comes up and is ripe in three months.
TREMIE'LGA, f. f. the crampfish that benumbs the hands of thofe who meddle with it.
TREMIE'LGO, f. m. a numbnefs, a heavinefs, a dulnefs.
TREMOLA'NTE, adj. flying, wavering in the air,
TREMOLA'R, v. n. to fly, to waver, or play in the air like the colours or flags of a ship.
TREMOLI'NA, f. f. commotion in the air or of the air.
Tremolina, a tumult, an uproar.
TREMO'R, f. m. dread, fear, quaking for fear,
TREMULA'NTE, adj. vide *TREMOLA'NTE*,
TREMULA'R, v. n. vide *TREMOLA'R*,
TREN, f. m. the train of artillery.
TRENA, f. f. a belt, a band worn acrofs.
Trena, in cant, a jail, a prifon.
TRENA'DO, adj. reticulated.
TRENCAS, f. f. pl. certain bits of reed put in bee hives for certain purpofes.
Meterfe hafta las trencas, to enter into a bog and get bemired. Metaphorically, to enter deep into an affair.
TRENCELLI'N, f. m. } a little trefs of hair.
TRENCI'LLA, f. f. }
TRENCI'LLO, f. m. }
Trencillo, the loop worn on the hat.
TRENO, f. m. a fort of cart without wheels, a fledge.
Treno, in cant, a prifoner.
Trenos, f. m. pl. the Lamentations of the prophet Jeremiah.
TRE'NZA, f. f. a twift, treffes.
TRENZADE'RA, f. f. a frame to weave hair.
TRENZA'DO, f. m. the hair twifted into treffes.
TRENZA'T, v. a. to twift into treffes.
TRE'O, f. m. a very fmall fquare fail they hoift out in galleys in a ftorm.
TRE'PA, f. f. a skip, a jump, a tumble; alfo the border of a garment; a beating.
Darle una buena trepa, to give a good beating.
TREPADE'RA, f. f. the herb bind-weed.
TREPADO'R, f. m. a vaulter, a tumbler, a skipper, a jumper.
TREPADU'RA, f. f. a vaulting or tumbling.

TREPANA'R, v. a. to trepan the scull, as surgeons do.
TREPA'NO, s. m. the tool with which surgeons trepan the scull.
TREPA'R, v. n. to vault, to tumble, to skip, to jump; also to stumble.
TREPI'CHE, s. m. vide *TRAPI'CHE*.
TREPIDACIO'N, s. f. fear, trembling.
TRE'PIDO, adj. timorous, fearful.
TRES, adj. three.
TRESAñE'JO, adj. three years old.
TRESDOBLA'R, v. a. to triplicate.
TRESNA, s. f. obs. vide *RASTRO*.
TRESQUILA'R, v. a. vide *TRASQUILA'R*.
TRETA, s. f. a trick, a slight, a stratagem, a feint.
TREZA, s. f. in cant, a beast.

TRI

TRIA'CA, s. f. treacle.
TRIANGULA'R, adj. triangular.
TRIA'NGULO, s. m. a triangle, a figure that has three sides and angles.
TRIAQUE'RO, s. m. one that makes treacle.
TRI'BU, s. f. a tribe.
TRIBULACIO'N, s. f. tribulation, affliction.
TRIBULA'R, v. a. to afflict, to trouble.
TRI'BULOS, s. m. pl. briars, brambles.
TRIBU'NA, s. f. a tribune or gallery in a church, high above the people, either for the musick, for a prince, or for a person of quality.
TRIBUNA'L, s. m. a tribunal, a judgment-seat.
TRIBU'NO, s. m. a tribune.
TRIBUTACIO'N, s. f. vide *TRIBUTO*.
TRIBUTA'R, v. a. to pay tribute.
Tributár obséquio, to be very obsequious, to pay great respect to.
TRIBUTA'RIO, adj. tributary.
TRIBU'TO, s. m. tribute, tax, duty, imposition.
Tribúto, a constant duty, an unintermiting duty.
Tribúto, in cant, a woman kept for pleasure.
TRICE'SIMO, adj. vide *TRIGE'SIMO*.
TRICLI'NIO, s. m. a dining-room.
TRICO'RNE, adj. that has three horns.
TRIDE'NTE, s. m. a trident, a fork with three teeth.
TRIE'NNAL, adj. triennial, of three years.
TRIE'NNIO, s. m. the space of three years.
TRIFA'UCE, s. m. that has three jaws, as poets feign Cerberus to have.
TRI'FIDO, adj. divided in three.
TRIFO'LIO, s. m. vide *TREBOL*.
TRIFO'RME, adj. having three forms or figures.
TRIGA'ZA, s. f. } the wheat-
TRIGA'ZO, s. m. } straw when short and chopped.
TRIGE'SIMO, adject. the thirtieth.
TRIGLIFO, s. f. the triglyph, in architecture, an ornament of the Dorick frize, consisting of triangular furrows or gutters.
TRI'GO, s. m. corn, wheat.
Trigo candeál, fine white wheat.
Trigo tremesino, wheat that is ripe in three months.
Trigo rubión, red wheat.
Trigo albár, the wheat that soonest ripens.

Prov. *Harto trigo tiene mi padre en un cántaro*, my father has corn enough in a pitcher; applied to those who boast of very inconsiderable matters.

Prov. *De trigo ó de avéna, mi casa llena*, my house full of wheat, or oats; if we cannot have the best, we may be satisfied with plenty of the worst.

Prov. *Siembra trigo en barriál, y pon viña en cascajál*, sow corn in clay, and plant vines in gravel.

Prov. *Todo es náda, sino trigo y cebáda*, all is nothing, except wheat and barley; that is, all stores without bread are worth little.
TRIGONOMETRI'A, s. f. trigonometry.
TRIGONOME'TRICO, adj. belonging to trigonometry.
TRIGUE'ñO, adj. of a wheat colour.
TRIGUE'RA, s. f. an herb so called.
TRIGUE'RO, adj. that grows in wheat-lands or corn-fields, as a certain kind of asparagus; that frequents them, as a certain kind of sparrow; or that deals and traffiks in wheat, as a cornfactor.
TRILI'NGUE, adj. of three tongues.
TRI'LLA, s. f. the fish called a mullet.
Trilla, threshing or treading out the corn.
TRILLADE'RA, s. f. v. *TRILLO*.
TRILLA'DO, s. m. a beaten road.
TRILLADO'R, s. m. a thresher.
TRILLA'R, v. a. to thresh, to tread out corn.
Trillár, to frequent, to haunt with frequency.
Trillár, to beat; to reprimand.
TRILLAZO'N, s. f. } a flail; a
TRI'LLO, s. m. } flat made of three planks stuck with sharp flints, which they draw and turn over the corn spread on the floor, and it bruises the ear and thrusts out the grain, which serves instead of threshing or treading with oxen, as was anciently used, and is more expeditious than either.
TRIME'STRE, s. m. the space of three months.
TRI'NA, s. f. a term in heraldry; as, *escúlo en trina*, the escutcheon divided into three equal parts, to contain three coats.
Trina en pal, the escutcheon divided into two equal parts, and the left subdivided, which makes three.
TRINCA, s. f. three things of the same kind, quality, class, or nature.
TRINCA'FIA, s. m. a certain manœuvre so called on board a ship.

TRINCAPIṅONES, ſ. m. an idle loitering fellow.

TRINCA'R, v. n. to lie cloſe to the wind.

Trincár, to cut or break into pieces.

Trincár, to go jumping, to jump, to hop.

TRINCHA'NTE, ſ. m. a carver of meat.

Trinchánte, the knife uſed in carving.

TRINCHA'R, v. a. to carve meat.

TRINCHE'A, *TRINCHE'RA*, ſ. f. a trench.

TRINCHERA'R, v. a. to make trenches.

TRINCHE'RO, or *TRINCHE'O*, ſ. m. a ſmall diſh to cut meat upon, or to help about the carved meat.

TRINCHERO'N, ſ. m. augment. of *trinchéa* and *trinchéra*.

TRINCHE'TE, ſ. m. v. *TRANCHETE*.

TRINE'O, ſ. m. v. *TRENO*.

TRINIDA'D, ſ. f. the Bleſſed Trinity.

TRINITA'RIA, ſ. f. a flower ſo called.

TRINITA'RIO, ſ. m. the religious belonging to the order of the Trinitarians.

TRI'NO, adj. three-fold.

Trino, adj. contains three things.

TRINQUETA'DA, ſ. f. a manner of ſailing with only the fore-ſail in a ſtorm.

TRINQUE'TE, ſ. m. a tennis-court.

Trinquéte, ſ. m. the fore-maſt, and the fore-ſail in a ſhip.

TRIO'NES, ſ. m. a conſtellation ſo called.

TRI'PA, ſ. f. a gut, a tripe, the paunch.

Tripa ciéga, the great gut, called the inch-pin.

Tripas, pl. the guts.

Echár las tripas, to vomit up one's bowels.

Prov. *Las tripas eſtén llenas que ellas llevan las piernas*, let the guts be full, for it is they that carry the legs.

Prov. *Tripa llena, ni bien huye, ni bien peléa*, full guts neither run away nor fight well; when a man is too full, he is unfit for any thing.

Prov. *Hacér de tripas corazón*, to make the guts heart; that is, to bully and ſhew much boldneſs when heartily afraid.

TRIPARTI'R, v. a to divide into three parts.

TRIPA'STOS, a pulley formed with three wheels.

TRIPE, ſ. m. a kind of woollen ſtuff ſo called.

TRIPE'RA, ſ. f. a tripe-woman.

TRIPERI'A, ſ. f. the tripe-market.

Tripería, a heap of tripes, the aggregate of the guts or inteſtines.

TRIPE'RO, ſ. m. a tripe-man.

TRIPHTO'NGO, ſ. m. the union of three vowels pronounced like one.

TRIPICALLE'RO, ſ. m. a tripe-ſeller.

TRIPI'LLA, ſ. f. a little gut, tripe, or paunch.

TRIPITRA'PE, ſ. m. a maſs of trifles or ridiculous things heaped together; a confuſion of ideas.

TRIPITROPA, ſ. f. a violent revolution in the guts or inteſtines.

TRI'PLA, ſ. f. called by our muſicians triple proportion.

TRI'PLE, adj. triple, treble, three-fold.

TRIPLICA'R, v. a. to treble.

TRIPLI'CE, adj. that includes three things.

TRIPLICIDA'D, ſ. f. triplicity, a term in aſtrology.

TRIPLO, adj. v. *TRI'PLICE*.

TRIPO'DA, *TRIPO'DE*, ſ. f. a veſſel or a ſtool that has three legs.

TRIPO'LIO, ſ. m a. plant ſo called.

TRIPO'N, ſ. m. a great gut, tripe, or paunch; a great-bellied man.

TRIPUDIA'R, v. n. to dance merrily and immoderately.

TRIPU'DIO, ſ. m. a merry dancing.

TRIPU'DO, ſ. m. a great-gutted fellow, all guts.

TRIPULACION (*de náos*) ſ. f. the manning of ſhips.

TRIPULA'R, v. a. to man a ſhip, to furniſh it for navigation.

Tripulár, to mix, to intermix.

TRIQUE'TE, a word only uſed in the adverb *a cada triquete*, at every ſtep.

TRIQUITRA'QUE, ſ. m. a clattering noiſe, the chopping of meat, or the like; taken alſo in a lewd ſenſe.

Que triquitráque, tiene! what a clack ſhe has.

TRIRRE'ME, ſ. f. a kind of galley uſed by the ancient Romans.

TRIS, ſ. m. an inſtant.

Venir en un tris, to come in a trice.

Tris tras, a clattering noiſe.

TRISA, ſ. f. a fiſh, called likewiſe *sábalo*.

TRISA'GIO, ſ. m. the thrice repeated ſong of the Seraphims; and any feſtivity that laſts three days.

TRI'SCA, ſ. f the noiſe of treading on any brittle thing, as glaſs, nut ſhells, or the like; uſed alſo for any other noiſe.

TRISCA'R, v. n. to make ſuch a noiſe as that of treading of glaſs, nut-ſhells, or the like; to crackle.

Triſcár, to diſturb others by noiſe and noiſy jokes.

TRISECA'R, v. a. to cut into three equal parts.

TRISECCIO'N, ſ. f. the act of cutting or dividing into three equal parts.

TRI'STE, adj. ſad, melancholy, doleful.

TRISTEME'NTE, adv. ſadly.

TRISTE'ZA, ſ. f. ſadneſs, melancholy, ſorrow.

Triſtéza, in cant, the ſentence of dearth.

TRISTI'GA, ſ. f. a ſewer, a ſubterranean duct to carry off filth.

TRISTO'R, ſ. m. *TRISTU'RA*, ſ. f. obſ. vide *TRISTEZA*.

Triſtúra, in cant, the jail, the dungeon.

TRISY'LABO, adj. that contains three ſyllables.

TRITO'NES, ſ. m. pl. tritons, ſea-deities.

TRITURACIO'N, ſ. f. trituration.

TRITURA'R, v. a. to triturate, to grind.
TRIUMPHADO'R, f. m. one that triumphs.
TRIUMPHA'L, adj. triumphal.
TRIUMPHA'NTE, adj. triumphant, great; splendid, glorious.
TRIUMPHANTEME'NTE, adv. triumphantly, greatly, splendidly.
TRIUMPHA'R, v. a. to triumph; metaph. to live great or extravagantly; to ruff in playing at cards.
TRIU'MPHO, f. m. a triumph; a stately procession after victory; also a trump at cards.
TRIVIA'L, adj. trivial, common, vulgar, known to all.
TRIVIALIDA'D, f. f. any thing that is trivial, vulgar, or common.
TRIVIALME'NTE, adv. trivially, commonly, frequently.
TRI'VIO, f. m. the division of a place into three roads.
TRIZA, f. f. a mite, a fragment, a small part of a thing.

T R O

TRO'BA, f. f. vide *TROVA*.
TROBADO'R, f. m. vide *TROVADOR*.
TROBA'R, v. a. vide *TROVAR*.
TROCA'BLE, adj. permutable.
TROCADO'R, f. m. that exchanges or permutes.
TROCAMIE'NTO, f. m. vide *TRUEQUE*.
TROCA'R, v. a. to change, to batter; also to vomit.
TROCATI'NTE, f. m. a ridiculous exchange.
TRO'CHA, f. f. a track or footstep.
TROCHEMO'CHE, adv. at random, disorderly, without regard.
Hacér las cósas a trochemóche, to do things at random, or hand over head.
TROCI'SCO, f. m. a trochisk; a word used in physick.
TRO'CO, f. m. a woman's head-wire.
TROGLODI'TA, f. m. a cruel man, a savage.
TRO'MPA, f. f. a straight instrument or trumpet of brass, not winding like a trumpet.
Trómpa, an elephants trunk, or the trunk of any creature, as flies and gnats; a child's trumpet; also a top for boys to whip.
Trompa de paris, a Jew's harp.
A trompa y taléga, adv. confusedly, without any order.
TROMPA'DA, f. f. a blow given with the tusk, or with a trumpet.
Trompáda, the blow that two men give each other by suddenly meeting face to face.
TROMPA'ZO, f. m. a great blow.
TROMPETA, f. f. a trumpet.
TROMPETEA'T, v. n. to sound a trumpet.
TROMPETERO, f. m. a trumpeter.
TROMPICAR, v. n. to stumble often, or violently.
TROMPI'CO, f. m. a child's top or gig.
TROMPICO'N, f. m. a violent stumble.
TROMPILLA'R, v. n. to jumble together, to stumble, to fall.
TRO'MPO, *TROMPO'N*, f. m. a top to play with.
TRONADO'R, f. m. a thunderer.
TRONA'R, v. n. to thunder.
TRONCA'L, adj. belonging to a stock or trunk.
TRONCA'R, v. a. to cut off short.
TRONCHA'R, v. a. to break, to snap off boughs of a tree, or the like.
TRO'NCHO, f. m. the stalk of a cabbage or any other plant of that sort.
TRO'NCO, f. m. a stock or trunk of a tree; metaph. a body without a head; also a truncheon; a dull senseless fellow; in architecture, the body of a column.
TRONCO'N, f. m. a great trunk or stock of a tree, or the like.
TRONE'RA, f. f. a loop-hole to fire through in a wall, the port-hole in the side of a ship; the embrazures in batteries out of which the cannon fire.
Tronéra de la llâve, a key-hole.
TRONI'DO, f. m. the noise of thunder, or any thing like thunder.
TRO'NO, f. m. a throne, one of the nine choirs of angels.
TRONQUI'LLO, f. m. a little trunk of a tree, or the like.
TRONZONA'R, v. a. to cut in pieces.
TRONZUE'LO, f. m. a little trunk or stock of a tree, or the like.
TRO'PA, f. f. a troop.
TROPE'L, f. m. a croud, a multitude of people, or the noise of many people; also confusion, disorder.
TROPELI'A, f. f. an insult, a wrong, an injury.
TROPELI'STA, f. m. an insulting person, one that does wrong to others.
TROPELLA'R, v. a. vide *ATROPELLA'R*.
TROPEZADE'RO, f. m. a stumbling-place.
TROPEZA'R, v. n. to stumble.
TROPE'ZON, f. m. a stumble.
TROPEZO'SO, adj. apt to stumble.
TROPHE'O, f. m. a trophy.
TRO'PICO, f. m. a tropick, of which there are two, that of Cancer, and that of Capricorn.
TROPIE'ZO, f. m. a stumble; a stumbling-block.
TROPOLOGI'A, f. f. an allegorical discourse, or a discourse full of tropes and figures, or for correcting the manners of others.
TROPOLO'GICO, adj. allegorical.
TROQUE'O, f. m. a sort of foot in the measure of verses, consisting of the first sillable long, and the second short.
TROTACONVE'NTOS, f. m. a galloper from monastery to monastery, a gadding woman.
TROTADO'R, f. m. a trotting horse.
TROTADU'RA, f. f. a trotting.

TROTA'R, v. n. to trot as a horse does.

Agua trotáda, water disturbed by beasts going into it.

TRO'TE, s. m. a horse's trot.

TROTO'N, adj. trotting.

TROTONERI'A, s. f. continual trotting.

TROVA, s. f. obs. verse.

Trova, a metrical composition.

TROVADO'R, s. m. a poet, a bard.

Trovadór, a verse-maker, one who composes metrically.

TROVA'R, v. a. obs. to meet by chance.

Trovár, v. a. obs. to make verses.

Trovár, v. a. to imitate a metrical composition.

Trovár, to invert the sense of words.

TROVI'STA, s. m. a poet, or bard, a verse-maker.

TROX, *TOR'XE*, s. m. a granary to keep corn in.

TRO'ZO, s. m. truncheon, a piece of wood, or of any other thing.

TRU

TRU'CHA, s. f. a trout.

Trucha salmonéra, a salmon-trout.

Prov. *No se tóman trúchas a brágas enxútas*, there is no taking of trouts with dry breeches; nothing is to be done without trouble and labour.

TRUCHAMA'N, s. m. an interpreter.

TRUCHUE'LA, s. f. the fish called poor Jack, but commonly taken for the smaller sort of it; also a little trout.

TRU'CO, s. m. a truck-table to play on, the play of billiards.

TRUCULE'NTO, adj. cruel, bloody, savage.

TRUE, s. m. a kind of linen so called.

TRUECO, s. m. exchange, barter, permutation.

TRUENO, s. m. the noise of the thunder, or of any fire-arm.

TRUE'QUE, s. m. exchange.

TRU'FA, s. f. a scoff, a joke, a banter.

TRUHA'N, s. m. a buffoon, a jester.

TRUHA'NA, s. f. a she buffoon, a jester.

TRUHANEA'R, v. n. to play the buffoon or jester.

TRUHANERI'A, s. f. buffoonry, or playing the jester.

TRUHANI'LLO, s. m. dimin. of *truhan*.

TRUJAMA'N, s. m. an interpreter; also one who a divises another in consequence of his superior skill or practice; also a broker.

TRUJAMANEA'R, v. a. to interpret, to translate; also to play the broker.

TRUJAMANI'A, s. f. the profession or practice of interpreting; also the art of playing the broker.

TRU'LLA, s. f. a rout of people.

TU

TU, pron. thou.

Tu por tu, coarse, or ill language

Venir a tu por tu, to come to abuse one another.

TUB

TU'BO, s. m. a tube, a pipe.

TUD

TUDE'L, s. m. the little pipe that is put into a sackbut to play, or the reed of a hautboy or the like.

TUDE'SCO, s. m. a sort of great coat so called.

TUE

TUERA, s. f. a kind of gourd which is very bitter.

Amargo como unas tueras, extremely bitter.

TUE'RO, s. m. a fire-brand.

TUE'RTO, adj. crooked, awry, wrong done; also squint-eyed, or one-eyed.

Prov. *Mas vále tuerto que ciego*, better be one-eyed than blind.

Tuértos, s. m. pl. the twisting of the guts.

TUE'TANO, s. m. marrow.

Hasta los tuétanos, with all the possible vigour.

TUF

TUFARADA, s. f. the strong scent that a thing emits.

TUFO, s. m. the steam or exhalation from the earth caused either by natural or by artificial fire.

Tufo, the strong scent of burning charcoal, or of any thing else.

Tufo, pl. the side-locks of hair that hang along the temples.

Tufos, pl. pride, arrogance, haughty contempt of.

TUG

TUGU'RIO, s. m. a hut, a small and poor habitation.

TUI

TUICIO'N, s. f. tuition, defence, protection.

TUITI'VO, adj. that defends, that protects.

TUL

TULI'PA, s. f. a small tulip.

TULI'PAN, s. m. a tulip.

TULLI'DO, s. m. one that is lame of the limbs, disabled, maimed, crippled.

TULLIDU'RA, s. f. among falconers, the dung or mewtings of a hawk.

TULLIMIE'NTO, s. m. maiming, or cripping.

TULLI'R, v. a. to maim, to cripple, to take away the use of the limbs.

Tullir, in falconry, to dung; our falconers call it mewting in the long-winged hawks; and slicing in the short-winged.

TUM

TU'MBA, f. f. tomb, coffin, the arched covering over a grave.
Baúl de tumba, a trunk that has the top round or arched.
Tumba, a tumble, a fall.
TUMBADI'LLO, f. m. a sea-term of which I know not the meaning.
TUMBA'DO, adj. rounded on the top like the old-fashioned trunks or coffins.
TUMBA'GA, f. f. a metal so called; and also any ring made of that metal.
TUMBAGO'N, f. m. a large ring or bracelet made of *tumbaga*.
TUMBA'R, v. a. to tumble, to make fall.
Tumbár, to tumble as tumblers do.
Tumbár, to play one tricks or teaze him with mockery.
Tumbár, to blunt the taste, to deprive of its strong taste.
Tumbárse, v. r. to lay down, especially, to sleep.
TU'MBO, f. m. a tumble.
Tumbo, single chance.
Tumbo de olla, the residue in the pot when the meat has been taken out.
TUMBO'N, f. m. a kind of coach, and a kind of trunk so called.
TU'MIDO, adj. swollen.
TUMO'R, f. m. a swelling, or any rising.
TU'MULO, f. m. a tomb, a sepulchre, a heap of stones, a hillock.
TUMU'LTO, f. m. } a tumult,
TUMULTUACIO'N, f. f. } a mutiny, a sedition, an uproar, a broil, a fray, an insurrection.
TUMULTUA'R, v. n. to make a tumult or mutiny, to raise an uproar or insurrection, to make a fray.
TUMULTUARIAME'NTE, adv. the same as *tumultuosamente*.
TUMULTUA'RIO, adj. the same as *tumultuoso*.
TUMULTUOSAME'NTE, adv. tumultuously.
TUMULTUO'SO, adject. tumultuous.

TUN

TU'NA, f. f. a kind of American fig, and the tree that produces it.
Tuna, the idle life that rogues, beggars, and vagabonds live.
TUNA'L, f. m. the same as *tuna* when it means a tree.
TUNANTE, f. m a mumper, a beggar, a rogue, a vagabond.
TUNA'R, v. n. to mump, to beg.
TU'NDA, f. f. a beating.
Tunda, the shearing of cloth.
TUNDICIO'N, f. f. the act of shearing cloth.
TUNDIDO'R, f. m. a cloth-worker, a shearer of cloth.
TUNDIDU'RA, f. f. a shearing of cloth.
TUNDI'R, v. a. to shear cloth.
TUNDI'ZNO, f. m. the hair of the cloth when sheared.
TU'NICA, f. f. a tunick, tunicle, part of the Roman dress, part of a religious man's dress, covering, integument.
TUNICE'LA, f. f. a little shirt, vest, or garment: also the thin film that is over a nut, or the like.

TUP

TUPA, f. f. the eating to satiety.
TUPE', f. m. a toupet; the hair of the forehead put over the wig.
TUPI'R, v. a. to thicken or mill cloth.
Tupírse, v. r. to fill the belly.

TUR

TU'RA, f. f. obf. lasting, durance, continuance.
TURA'R, v. n. obf. to last.
TU'RBA, f. f. a rout, a rabble, a multitude; also turf or peet to burn.
TURBACIO'N, f. f. disorder, confusion, trouble, surprize.
TURBADAME'NTE, adv. disorderly, confusedly, surprisedly.
TURBA'DO, adj. disordered, in a confusion, surprised, astonished, out of countenace.
TURBADO'R, f. m. one that causes any kind of disturbance.
TURBAMU'LTA, f. f. a croud, a great concourse of people.
TURBA'NTE, f. m. a turbant, the covering for the head worn by Mahometans.
TURBA'R, v. a. to trouble, to alter or change the usual order or disposition of things.
Turbárse, v. r. to be surprised or amazed, to be out of countenance.
TURBATI'VO, adj. that disturbs, confounds, puts in disorder.
TURBIA'R, v. a. obf. vide *TURBAR*.
TU'RBIDO, adj. vide *TU'RBIO*.
TURBI'NO, f. m. a powder so called.
TU'RBIO, adj. thick, troubled, puddly, disturbed.
TURBIO'N, f. m. a sudden short storm, a strong gust of wind.
TURBIO'SO, adj. obf. vide *TU'RBIO*.
TU'RBIT, f. m. a root so called.
TURBULE'NCIA, f. f. turbulency, unquietness, restlessness.
TURBULENTAME'NTE, adv. turbulently.
TURBULE'NTO, adj. turbulent, troublesome, quarrelsome.
TURCO, f. m. in cant, wine.
TURDI'GA, f. f. a certain part of an ox's hide.
TURGE'NCIA, f. f. swelling; a medical term.
TURGE'NTE, adj. swelling; said of the bodily humours; a medical word.
TURLERI'N, f. m. in cant, a thief.
TURMA, f. m. the testicle of any creature.
Túrma de tierra, v. *CRIADI'LLA*.
TURNA'R, verbe n. to any thing among many, each in his turn.
TU'RNIO, f. m. a turn.
Túrnio, adject. goggle-eyed; also stern.
TU'RNO, f. m. vide *TU'RNIO*.
TURO'N, f. m. a field-mouse.
TURQUE'SA, f. f. a Turky stone also a mould to cast bullets in.

TURQUESA'DO, adj. blue, of the colour of a Turky stone.
TURQUI', adj. blue, very dark.
TURQUI'A, s. f. in cant, a pistol.
TURRA'R, v. a. to toast, to scorch.
TURRO'N, s. m. a sweetmeat made of almonds with honey.
Turrón, in cant, a stone.
TURRONA'DA, s. f. in cant, a stroke of a stone.
TURRONI'RO, s. m. one that makes or sells the sweetmeat called *turrón*.
TURUMBO'N, s. m. a rub or rising in any thing; a knob on a place or thing that should be smooth.

T U S

TUS, pron. poss. thy; as, *tus amigos*, thy friends.
TUSA'T, v. a. obs. to cut, to shear, to poll the hair.
TUSO'N, s. m. a fleece.
Caballèro de la órden del tusón, a knight of the golden fleece.
TUSCI'NA, s. f. a strumpet, a prostitute.
TUSSILA'GO, s. f. an herb so called.

T U T

TUTANO, s. m. v. *TUE'TANO*.
TUTEA'T, v. a. to speak familiar with one's superiors.
TUTE'IA, s. f. tutorship, guardianship.
TUTELA'R, adj. tutelar.
TUTHI'A, s. f. vide *ATUTHI'A*.
TUTO'R, s. m. a tutor guardian.
TUTORI'A, s. f. tutorship, guardianship.
TUTRI'Z, s. f. a female guardian, a protectress.

T U Y

TU'YO, pron. thine.
Soi tuyo, I am yours.
El mio y el tuyo, meum et tuum.
Los tuyos, thine, those of thy party; thy kindred.

T Y M

TY'MBAL, s. m. a kettle-drum.
TYMBALE'RO, s. m. a kettle-drummer.
TYMBRE, s. m. the crest of a helmet, or of coat of arms.
Tymbre, any glorious deed.
TYMPANI'LLO, s. m. dimin. of *tympano*.
TYMPANO', s. m. a kettle-drum. In anatomy, the drum of the ear.

T Y P

TY'PHON, s. m. a whirlwind.
TY'PO, s. m. a type, an emblem.
TYPOGRAPHI'A, s. f. typography; the art of printing.
TYPO'GRAPHO, s. m. a printer.

T Y R

TYRANAME'NTE, adv. tyrannically.
TYRANI'A, s. f. tyranny.
TYRANICAME'NTE, adv. tyrannically.
TYRA'NICO, adj. belonging to tyranny.
TYRANI'LLO, s. m. a little tyrant.
TYRANIZA'R, v. a. to tyrannize, to play the tyrant.
TYRA'NO, s. m. a tyrant.
Tyrano, adj. tyrannical, tyrant-like.
TYROCINI'O, s. m. the novitiate in any religious house.
TYRO'N, subst. m. a beginner, a learner.

V.

V, is pronounced as in English.

V A C

VA'CA, f. f. a cow; alſo all beef, though it be ox-beef.
Vaca, a kind of ſong or ruſtick piece of poetry.
Vaca, the ſtock that two gameſters or two players have in common.
Vaca de Sant' Anton, an inſect ſo called.
Prov. *Mas vale vaca en paz, que póllos con agráz*, beef in peace and quietneſs is better than chicken with ſour ſauce.
VACACIO'N, f. f. vacation, leiſure, idle or ſpare time; the vacation or time that ſchools are ſhut at the univerſities, that courts do not ſit.
VACA'DA, f. f. a herd of cows.
VACA'NCIA, f. f. vacancy, emptineſs; alſo vacation-time or leiſure-time.
VACANTE, adj. vacant, void.
VACA'R, v. n. to be at leiſure; alſo to be void.
VACIADE'RO, f. m. a ſink, a place to empty our foul water, or the like.
VACIADU'RAS, f. f. pl. what is emptied out of any place.
VACAMIE'NTO, f. m. emptying, evacuating.
VACI'AR, v. a. to empty; alſo to caſt in a mould.
Vaciar la bolſa, to ſpend all one's money.
Vaciar el vientre, to eaſe one's ſelf.
Vaciar metales, to caſt metals.
Vaciar figuras, to caſt figures.
VACIEDA'D, f. f. emptineſs.
Decir vaciedades, to talk nonſenſe.
VACILACIO'N, f. f. unſteadineſs.
VACILA'NTE, adj. wavering, unſteady fickle.
VACILA'R, v. n. to waver, to be fickle or unſteady.
VACI'O, adj. empty; metaph. vain or fooliſh.
Henchir el vacio de otro, to ſucceed in the place of another.
Ser vacio, to be fooliſh or conceited.
De vácio, adv. emptily.
Eſtár de vacio, to have nothing to do, to be empty-handed.
VA'CO, adj. void, vacant.
VACUIDA'D, f. f. vacuity, emptineſs.
VACU'NO, adject. belonging to cows.
VA'CUO, adj. empty, vacant.

V A D

VADE, f. m. the leather-caſe in which ſtudents keep their looſe papers.
VADEA'BLE, adj. fordable.
Vadeable, that may be conquered, overcome, got, or obtained.
VADEA'R, v. n. to ford.
VADEME'CUM, f. m. a letter-caſe or pocket-book.
VADE'RA, f. f. } a ford in a river.
VA'DO, f. m. }
Tentár el vado, to try the ford; metaph. to try cautiouſly whether an affair may be done with ſafety.
Dar vado, to give way to that which cannot be obſtructed; alſo to furniſh means to go through with any buſineſs.
No hallár vado, to find no ford; metaph. not to know how to compaſs a buſineſs.
No eſtar al vado, ni a la puente, to be neither at the ford, nor at the bridge; to be at a loſs without knowing how to proceed.
VADO'SO, adj. that has many fords.

V A F

VAFE, f. m. a bold ſtroke.

V A G

VAGABU'NDO, f. m. vide *VAGAMU'NDO*.
VAGAME'NTE, adv. without any ſcope or determination.
VAGAMUNDEA'R, v. n. to play the vagabond, to ſtroll about.
VAGAMU'NDO, f. m. a vagabond.
VAGA'R, v. n. to wander, to ſtray, to idle about.
Eſtár de vagár, or *andár de vagár*, to have nothing to do, to be idle.
No me vága, I am not at leiſure.
VAGARO'SO, adj. obſ. ſlow, leiſurely; alſo ſpacious.
VAGA'RO, f. m. the grape when it has been preſſed; the olives when preſſed.
VAGI'DO, f. m. the cry of a child.
VA'GO, adj. wandering, wavering.
Dar en vágo, to give a blow againſt the air; that is, to be fruſtrated and diſappointed of our hopes
VAGUEACIO'N, f. f. inconſtancy or wavering of the mind.
VAGUEA'R, v. n. to wander, to ſtroll about.
VAGUEDA'D, f. f. vide *VAGUEACIO'N*.
VA'GUIDO, f. m. giddineſs in the head, a ſwimming in the head.
Váguido, danger of ruin or loſs.
Váguido, adj. troubled with a dizzineſs in the head.

V A H

VAHA'R, v. n. vide *VAHEA'R*.
VAHARE'RA, f. f. a diſtemper in children ſo called.
VAHEA'R, v. n. to reek, to exhale, to ſteam, to fume.
VAHO, f. m. ſteam, light vapour.

V A I

VA'IDO, f. m. vide *VA'GUIDO*.
VA'INA, f. f. a ſheath, a ſcabbard.
VAINI'LLA, f. f. vainille, an Indian pod uſed in chocolate.
VAIVE'N, f. m. fluctuation, uncertainty, indetermination; alſo a danger or peril.

V A L

VAL, f. m. a dale, a valley.
Val, a ſink, a drain, a common ſewer.
VALA'R, adj. belonging to an encloſing wall.
VA'LE, adv. farewel; ſubſtantively uſed, a promiſſory note.
El poſtrêro o ultimo vale, the laſt farewel, the pangs of death.

ALEDE'RO, adj. that will be available.
VALEDO'R, s. m. intercessor, mediator, favourer, supporter.
VALENTA'CHO, s. m. a valiant fellow.
VALENTI'A, s. f. valour, courage; also a courageous action.
Valentia, boasting language.
Hámbre y valentia, an arrogant, poor, a proud beggar.
Pisár de valentia, to walk in an arrogant manner.
VALENTO'N, s. m. a bully.
VALENTONA'DA, s. f. a boast, a brag, a proud expression.
VALENTONA'ZO, s. m. a braggart, a braggadocio.
VALE'O, s. m. a sort of brush-wood to make brooms.
VALE'R, v. n. to be worth, metaph. to be in favour, to be powerful.
Valér, to be useful; also to defend.
Valér a úno, to protect one; also to be in great authority.
Valérse, v. r. to make use of.
Valérse de úno, to enjoy the favour of one.
No podérse valér, not to be able to help one's self.
No podérse valér con úno, to be unable to persuade one.
Prov. *Mas vále un tóma que dos te dáre*, one gift is better than two promises; a bird in the hand is worth two in the bush.
Prov. *Mas vále tárde que nunca*, better late than never.
Prov. *Mas vále bién de léxos que mal de cérca*, good at a distance is better than evil near hand.
Prov. *Mas válo sólo que mal acompañádo*, better to be alone than in bad company.
VALERIA'NA, s. f. the herb valerian.
VALEROSAME'NTE, adv. bravely, valorously.
VALERO'SO, adj. brave, valorous.
VALETUDINA'RIO, adj. poor in health.
VALI'A, s. f. value, worth; also favour; also faction or party in a state.
A las valias, at the stated price, at the common price that it shall go in its due season.
VALIDACIO'N, s. f. validity, confirmation, strength of an act, contract, and the like.
VALIDAME'NTE, adv. firmly, strongly, with validity.
VA'LIDO, valid, available.
Valído, p. p. assisted, supported.
Valído, s. m. a favourite.
VALIE'NTE, adj. brave, valiant.
VALIENTEME'NTE, adv. bravely, valiantly.
VALIMIE'NTO, s. m. value, worth; also favour or protection.
VALIO'SO, obs. adj. worthy, rich.
VALI'ZA, s. f. a mark at the entrance of an harbour to direct ships.
VALLA, s. f. a rail fixed round, an enclosure.
Rompér la valla, to enter at once and first in a business.
VALLADA'R, s. m. a ditch, a trench, an intrenchment.
VALLADEA'R, v. a. vide *VALLA'R*.
VALLA'DO, s. m. a parapet, an intrenchment made to surround.
VALLADO'R, s. m. a ditcher.
VALLA'R, v. a. to surround with a rail, intrenchment, or other like thing.
VA'LLE, s. m. a valley.
VALLE'JO, s. m. a little valley.
VALO'NA, s. f. a band, a ruff.
VALO'NES, s. m. pl. great Walloonbreeches.
VALO'R, s. m. valour, worth, value, courage.
VALORA'R, *VALOREA'R*, } v. a. to set the price to a thing.
VALORI'A, s. f. price, value, estimation.
VALUACIO'N, s. f. a valuation.
VALUA'R, v. a. to value, to prize, to estimate, to set a price to, or a value upon.

V A N

VANAGLO'RIA, s. f. vanity, vainglory.
VANAGLORIA'RSE, v. r. to be vain or vainglorious, to boast.
VANAGLORIOSAME'NTE, adv. vaingloriously.
VANAGLORIO'SO, adj. vainglorious.
VANAME'NTE, ad. vainly.
VANEA'R, v. n. to talk idly.
VANECE'RSE, v. r. to be vain, to be proud.
VANGUA'RDIA, s. f. the van or vanguard or an army.
VANIDA'D, s. f. vanity, pride, presumption.
VANIDO'SO, adj. vainglorious, vain.
VANO, adj. wanting substance, wanting reality, vain.
Vano, hollow, empty wanting solidity.
Vano, (speaking of certain fruits) wanting the internal and eatable parts as dry or rotten.
Vano, ineffectual, vain, fruitless.
Vano, arrogant, haughty, presumptuous, vain.
Vano, wanting durability, wanting stability, vain.
Vano, wanting a reason, a foundation, a proof, vain.
En vano, adv. in vain, ineffectually, uselessly, without reason or justice, needlessly.
Salir en vano, to fail of success.

V A P

VAPO'R, s. m. vapour, exhalation, steam.
VAPORACIO'N, s. f. exhalation, evaporation.
VAPORA'R, *VAPOREA'R*, *VAPORIZA'R*, } v. n. to steam, to exhale, to evaporate.
VAPORO'SO, adj. full of vapour or steam.
VAPULACIO'N, s. f. *VAPULAMIENTO*, s. m. } vapulation, beating.
VAPULAR, v. a. to whip.

V A Q

VAQUEA'R, v. n. to leap the cows, said of the bull.
VAQUERI'A, s. f. v. *VACA'DA*.
VAQUERI'LLO, s. m. a young herdsman, a boy that tends the cows.
VAQUERI'ZO, adj. belonging to the cows.

VAQUE'RO, f. m. a cow-herd, a herdfman; alfo a loofe coat with long skirts as the herdfmen wear.
Vaquéro, adj. belonging to herdfmen.
VAQUE'TA, f. f. a heifer; alfo calf's leater.
Vaqueta de Mofcovia, Ruffia leather.
Cara de vaquéta, an impudent fellow.
VAQUI'LLA, f. f. a little cow, a hefter.
Prov. *Quando te diéren la vaquilla acude con la foguilla*, when they give you a heifer, make hafte with the rope; that is, lofe not the opportunity, but lead her away.
VAQUI'TA, f. f. a little cow, a heifer.
Prov. *Vaquita tenéis? acá me quédo*, have you beef? I'will ftay here. Applied to thofe who lay hold of any opportunity to dine at other people's tables.

V A R

VA'RA, f. f. a rod, a wand, a twig, a ftick; alfo a yard, and a hawk's pearch.
Vara de liga, a lime twig.
Vara de pefcár, a fishing-rod.
Vara reál, a fcepter.
Vara de jufticia, a rod of juftice.
Vara de paño, a yard of cloth.
Vara de jefe, a garden-plant fo called.
Ponér una vara, among rufticks, to hit the bull skilfully in a bull-feaft.
VARADE'ROS, f. m. pl. certain timbers fo called on board ships.
VARA'L, f. m. any long pole; metaph. a tall fellow.
VARAPA'LO, f. m. a long pole.
Varapalo, an affliction, a trouble, a caufe or grief.
VARA'R, v. a. to lay a ship aground.
Varár, to launch a ship, to push it from the dock or the shore on the water.
Varár, v. n. to be ftopt, detained, retarded; faid of any affair or bufinefs.
VARA'ZO, f. m. a ftroke with a rod, a pole, or a yard.
VARCHI'LLA, f. f. a certain meafure of corn.
VARDA'SCA, f. f. a thin rod.
VARDASCA'ZO, f. m. a blow given with a thin rod.
VAREADO'R, f. m. he that beats with a rod.
VAREA'R, v. a. to meafure out by yards; alfo to thresh or beat with a pole or wand.
Vareár, to ftrike the bull with a fpear in a bull-feaft.
Vareárfe, v. r. to grow weak or feeble.
VAREJO'N, f. m. augment. of *vara*.
VARE'NGA, f. f. fomething on board a ship that I know not what it is; called alfo *Percha* and *Cerréta*.
VARE'TA, f. f. a fmall wand or twig; a twig that has bird-lime on to catch birds.
Varétas, pl. the ftripes on any ftuff.
VARETEA'R, v. a. to ftripe, or draw ftripes or lines.
VARIA'BLE, adj. variable, changeable, inconftant, mutable.
VARIACIO'N, f. f. variation, difference.
VARIAME'NTE, adv. varioufly, diverfly, differently.
VARIA'R, v. a. to vary, to alter.
VARI'CE, f. f. varix, a morbid dilatation of a vein.
VARICO'SO, adj. varicous, difeafed, with dilation; fpeaking of a vein.
VARIEDA'D, f. f. variety, diverfity.
VARI'LLA, f. f. a little wand, rod or ftick.
Varilla de cuello, the throat.
VA'RIO, adj. various, changeable, mutable.
VARI'Z, f. f. a varix, a vein fwelling with corrupt blood.
VARNI'Z, f. f. varnish.
VARNIZA'R, v. a. to varnish.
VARO'N, f. m. a man; a man of importance; alfo a baron.
Varon, is ufed as an adjective when we fay *un hijo varón*, a fon.
VARONI'A, f. m. the male line.
Varonia, when it means a barony or territory giving title to a baron, it is better written *baronia*.
VARONI'L, adj. manly.
VARONILME'NTE, adv. manlily.

V A S

VASALLAGE, f. m. vaffallage, the duty, fubjection, or dependance of the vaffal on his lord; and extenfively, duty, fubjection, and dependence in general.
VASA'LLO, f. m. a vaffal, a fubject.
Vafallo, any one who acknowledges another as his fuperior.
Mal vafallo, a good for nothing fellow.
VASA'R, f. m. a shelf to fet things on.
VA'SCA, f. f. a qualm, a loathing in the ftomach.
VASCONGA'DO, adj. of Bifcay, fpoken by the people of that country, and it is faid of their language.
VASCOSIDA'D, f. f. filth, naftinefs, loathfomenefs.
VASCO'SO, adj. filthy, nafty.
VASCUENCE, f. m. the language of Bifcay.
VASE'RA, f. f. a cupboard.
Vafera de orinál, the cafe in which an urinal is kept.
VASI'JA, f. f. a veffel.
VASI'JILLA, f. f. dimin. of *vafija*.
VASI'LLO, f. m. a fmall veffel.
VA'SO, f. m. a veffel, a cup; alfo a ship, a boat, the body of the hive, or any thing fit to countain another.
No tenér vafo, to have no veffel; that is, to have no capacity.
VASSALLA'GE, f. m. vaffallage, duty of a fubject to his prince or lord.
VASSA'LLO, f. m. a fubject, a vaffal.
VA'STAGO, f. m. a ftock or ftem of a vine or other tree.
VASTEDA'D, f. f. vaftity, great amplitude.
VASTO, adj. vaft, greatly ample.

VAT

VATE, f. m. a bard, a poet, a poetical prophet.
VATICA'NO, f. m. one of the feven mountains in Rome, where is the palace of the Vatican.
VATICINADO'R, f. m. who foretels or divines.
VATICINA'R, v. a. to foretel, to divine.
VATICI'NIO, f. m. foothfaying, foretelling, divining, a prediction.

VAX

VAXE'L, f. m. a veffel, a ship, a boat.
VAXI'LLA, f. f. the plate that is ufed for the fervice of the table.

VAY

VA'YA, f. f. fcoff, jeft, mockery.

VEC

VECE'RO, f. m. he that comes to perform any thing in his turn.
VECINAME'NTE, adv. nearly.
VECINDA'D, f. f. neighbourhood, vicinity, nearnefs.
VECINDA'RIO, f. m. the number of inhabitants in a town; alfo a lift of them.
VECI'NO, adj. neighbour; alfo all inhabitant, a houfe-keeper.
Vecino, adv. near, not far.

VED

VEDA, f. f. prohibition by law.
VEDAMIE'NTO, f. m. a forbidding.
VEDA'R, v. a. to forbid.
VEDEGAMBRE, f. m. white hellebore.
VEDI'JA, f. f. a lock of hair, or of wool; alfo the groin.
VEDIJILLA, f. f. dim. of *vedija*.
VEDIJO'SO, *VEDIJU'DO*, adj. full of locks of hair, or tufts of wool.
VEDRIA'DO, adj. glazed.
VEDUñO, f. m. the ground a vine-yard ftands on.

VEE

VEEDO'R, f. m. an overfeer, an infpector, a comptroller.
Veedór general, f. m. an infpector-general.
VEEDURI'A, f. f. the office of an infpector.

VEG

VE'GA, f. m. a plain pafture ground by a river fide.
VEGA'DA, f. f. a turn, taking of one's turn.
VEGETA'BLE, *VEGETAL*, adj. vegetable.
VEGETA'RSE, v. r. to vegetate.
VEGETATI'VO, adj. vegetative, that has a vegetable life.

VEH

VEHEME'NCIA, f. f. vehemence, earneftnefs.
VEHEME'NTE, adj. vehement, hot, furious, raging, earneft.
VEHEMENTEME'NTE, adv. vehemently, earneftly.
VEHI'CULO, f. m. vehicle.

VEJ

VEJANCO'N, adj. old, heavy, peevish, and impertinent. Ufed alfo fubftantively.
VEJEDA'D, f. f. obf. v. *VEJEZ*.
VEJESTO'RIO. f. m. any thing contemptible as being old.
VEJE'TE, f. m. a little old man.
VEJE'Z, f. f. old age.
VEJEZUE'LO, f. m. a little old man.
VE'JIBLE, adj. obf. v. *VIEJO*.
VEJO'TE, f. m. augment. of *viejo*, a very old man.

VEI

VEI'NTE, f. m. twenty.
VEINTEDOSE'NO, adj. the two and twentieth, the twenty-fecond.
VEINTE'NA, f. f. the twentieth part.
VEINTENA'R, f. m. the twentieth part.
VEINTE'NO, adj. the twentieth.

VEL

VE'LA, f. f. a fail; alfo a candle, and a watch or watchman.
Vela burda, or *borda*, a main-fail.
Vela de gabia, a top-fail.
Vela redonda, though in exprefs terms it feems to be a round fail, yet it fignifies a fquare fail.
Vela maéftra, or *mayór*, the main-fail.
Vela de artimon, *Vela de mezána*, the mizzen-fail.
Vela de trinquéte, the fore-fail.
Vela latina, a triangular fail, vulgarly called a shoulder-of-mutton-fail.
Vela del juanete, the top gallant-fail.
Vela de eftaies, the ftay-fails.
Hacérfe a la vela, to fet fail.
Recogér las velas, to furl the fails.
Tendér velas, to fpread the fails.
Navegár con velas tendidas, to fail with full fails.
Ir a vela y a remo, to fail and row; metaph. to make all poffible fpeed.
VELA'CHO, f. m. the top-fail.
VELACIO'N, f. f. marriage, moft properly a private wedding, a betrothing.
VELA'DA, f. f. a watching.
VELA'DO, f. m. a new married man.
Prov. *Seafe veládo, y feafe un pálo*, let it be a husband, though it be but a ftick; faid to exprefs a woman's earneftnefs to be married.
VELADO'R, f. m. one that watches much; alfo a large lamp or candleftick to work by at night.
VELA'GE, f. m. the aggregate of the fails belonging to a ship.

VELA'MBRE, f. f. an espousal or betrothing.
VELAME'N, f. m. the whole set of sails belonging to a ship.
VELAR, v. n. to watch; also to betroth, to espouse.
Velar las armas, to watch the arms; a ceremony formerly performed by those that were to be knighted.
VELA'RTE, f. m. a sort of fine cloth.
VELEIDA'D, f. f. velleity, whim vain and inefficacious will or desire.
VELEJA'R, v. a. to sail, to croud sail.
VELERI'A, f. f. a tallow-chandler's shop.
VELE'RO, f. m. a chandler, he that makes or sells candles.
Veléro, adj. that is a good sailer.
VELE'SA, f. f. the herb toothwort, charvil or chervil.
VELE'TA, f. f. a weather-cock, a vane to show which way the wind blows; also the top of a fishing-rod.
VELE'TE, f. m. a thin veil.
VELICATIO'N, f. f. twitching, stimulation, vellication.
VELICA'R, v. a. to vellicate, to twitch, to stimulate.
VELI'LLA, f. f. a little candle; also a small sail.
VELI'LLO, f. m. a little veil; also a thin sort of web like gauze.
VE'LITES, f. m. pl. soldiers among the Romans in light armour.
VELLACA'DA, f. f. a gang or pack of knaves; or a roguery.
VELLACAME'NTE, adv. knavishly, archly.
VELLACA'R, v. n. to play the knave, to be arch.
VELLACA'ZO, f. m. a great knave.
VELLA'CO, f. m. a knave.
VELLACO'N, f. m. a great knave.
VELLAQUEA'R, v. n. to play the knave, to be arch.
VELLAQUERI'A, f. f. knavery, archness, waggishness.
VELLAQUI'LLO, f. m. a little knave a little wag.
VELLECI'LLO, f. m. soft down, small down and soft.

VELLE'RA, f. f. the woman that trims and adorns other women by her trade.
VELLERI'FES, f. m. pl. in cant, the petty officers of justice.
VELLI'DO, adj. downy, full of down or soft hair.
VE'LLO, f. m. down or soft hair on a man's body, or on the face before the beard grows, or on a woman's face; also the nap on cloth.
VELLOCI'NO, f. m. a fleece.
VELLO'N, f. m. a fleece of wool.
Monéda de vellón, small change, brass money.
VELLORI', f. m. a cloth made of the natural colour of the wool without dying.
Caballo vellorí, a horse of a colour betwixt black and sorrel.
VELLORI'TA, f. f. the herb and flower paigles or cowslips.
VELLOSI'LLA, f. f. an herb so called.
VELLO'SO, adj. downy, full of down or soft hair.
VELLOTA, f. f. v. *BELLOTA*.
VELLOTA'DO, adject. like an acorn, of an acorn's colour.
VELLOTE'RO, f. m. one that gathers or sells acorns.
VELLU'DO, adj. downy, full of down; subst. used, velvet.
VELLUTE'RO, f. m. a man whose trade is to weave silk, especially that kind called *felpa*.
VE'LO, f. m. a veil, a covering; metaph. an excuse, a pretence.
VELOCIDA'D, f. f. swiftness.
VELO'N, f. m. an oil-lamp.
VELONE'RA, f. f. the stand on which the oil-lamp is usually placed.
VELO'Z, adj. swift.
VELOZME'NTE, adv. swiftly.
VELU'DO, f. m. velvet.

V E N

VE'NA, f. f. a vein; metaph. a vein or disposition, as a vein of madness, and a vein of metal.
Vena cefalica, f. f. the cephalick vein.
Vena basilica, f. f. the great vein that passes through the liver.
Vena mediana, f. f. the middle vein.
Vena sagitália, f. f. the biggest vein in the middle finger.
Vena poética, f. f. a poetick vein.
Vena de locúra, f. f. a vein of madness.
VENABLO, f. m. a javelin, a huntsman's spear.
VENADE'RO, f. f. the place where animals of the stag-king or wild boars are wonted to resort.
VENA'DO, f. m. a deer; venison.
VENADO R, f. m. a hunter.
VENA'GE, f. m. a number or mass of veins; all the veins of the body.
VENA'L, adj. to be sold.
VENALIDA'D, f. f. venality.
VENA'TICO, adj. that has a little of the madman.
VENATO'RIO, adj. belonging to hunting.
VENCEDO'R, f. m. a conqueror.
VENCE'JO, f. m. the bird called a martlet. In falconry, a hawk's jesses; also a gin.
Prov. *Dar el concéjo y el vincéjo*, to give the advice and the gin; that is, not only to advise a man how to do his business, but to furnish him with the means.
VENCE'R, v. a. to overcome, to conquer.
VENCI'BLE, adj. conquerable, that may be overcome.
VENCI'DA, f. f. a conquest, overcoming.
A tres va la vencida, the third effort makes the conquest.
VENCIMIE'NTO, f. m. overcoming, conquest.
VE'NDA, f. f. a fillet for the head, for bleeding, or the like.
VENDA'JE, f. m. commission paid to one for his having sold our goods.
VENDA'R, v. a. to bind with fillets.
Vendár los ojos, to bind the eyes, to blindfold.
VENDAVA'L, f. m. the wind that brings home ships from the West-Indies.

VENDEDE'RA, f. f. feminine of *vendedor*.
VENDEDO'R, f. m. a feller
VENDE'JA, f. f. a publick fale.
VENDE'R, v. a. to fell.
Vendér palábras, to ufe many deceitful words.
Eftár vendido en la converfación, to be in company where all play upon a man.
VENDI'BLE, adj. faleable, that be fold.
VENDICIO'N, *VE'NDIDA*, f. f. a fale.
VENDI'MIA, f. f. the vintage.
Prov. *Defpues de vendimias cuévanos*, after the vintage to bring baskets; after meat muftard.
VENDIMIADE'RA, f. f. a woman that works at the vintage to gather grapes.
VENDIMIADO'R, f. m. a vintage man that gather the grapes.
VENDIMIA'R, v. a. to make the vintage, to gather the grapes.
VENEFICIA'R, v. a. to bewitch, to hurt with witchcraft.
VENEFI'CIO, f. m. witchcraft' forcery.
VENENA'R, v. a. to poifon.
VENENA'RIO, f. m. an apothecary.
VENE'NO, f. m. poifon.
VENENOSIDAD, f. f. poifoning quality.
VENENO'SO, adj. poifonous, venomous.
VENE'RA, f. f. a fcollop-shell, the token of a military order.
VENERABLE, adj. venerable, worshipful, worthy to be honoured.
VENERACIO'N, f. f. veneration, worship refpect.
VENERADO'R, f. m. he who highly refpects another, or a holy thing; a worshipper.
VENERA'NDO, adj. venerable, to be refpected or worshipped.
VENERA'R, v. a. to venerate, to refpect, to honour.
VENE'RO, adj. venereal, luftful.
VENE'RO, f. m. a place where there are veins or metal.
VENERUE'LA, f. f. a fmall shell.
VENGADO'R, f. m. a revenger.
VENGA'LA, f. f. a cane or ftaff denoting command.
Vengala, a thin fort of filk ftuff.
VENGA'NZA, f. f. revenge.
VENGA'R, v. a. to revenge.
VENGATI'VO, adj. revengeful.
VE'NIA, f. f. leave, licence.
VENIA'L, adj. venial, pardonable, that may be pardoned.
VENIALIDA'D, f. f. venialnefs, ftate of bein excufeable.
VENIALME'NTE, adv. venially, not mortally.
VENIDA, f. f. a coming or arrival.
VENIDE'RO, adj. future that is to come or shall come.
VENI'LIA, f. f. a fmall vein.
VENI'NO, f. m. pimple, bile or wheal full of matter, which foon breaks and is cured.
Veninos preñados y paridos, fore pimples, or biles full of matter, that is, *preñádos*; and others broken, and the matter out, which are *parídos*, that is, delivered of the corruption.
VENI'R, v. n. to come; alfo to fit as apparel.
Venir a menos, to decline, to fall to a worfe eftate.
Prov. *Priméro vi.ne, primero tiene*, firft come, firft ferved.
Prov. *Con bien vengas mal, fi vienes folo*, welcome mifchief, if thou comeft alone; misfortunes feldom come fingle.
VENO'SO, adj. veiny, full of veins.
VE'NTA, f. f. a fale; alfo an inn
Prov. *Vénta deshäce rénta*, the fale takes off the farm, or the revenue. It feems that in Spain, if a man fells his eftate, the farmers leafes are all void.
Andár de vénta en vénta, to go from inn to inn, to wander about begging like counterfeit pilgrims.
VENTA'JA, f. f. advantage; alfo extraordinary pay allowed to fome particular foldiers.
VENTAJOSAME'NTE, adv. advantageoufly, profitably.
VENTAJO'SO, adj. advantageous, profitable.
VENTA'LLE, f. m. a fan.
VENTA'NA, f. f. a window.
Ventána enrejáda, a window that has iron bars before it.
Hacer ventána, to come to the windows in the afternoon to fee the gentlemen ride about the ftreets.
Ventanas de las naric.s, the noftrils.
VENTANA'GE, f. m. all the windows of the houfe or a number of windows.
VENTANA'ZO, f. m. the blow an noife made in shutting a window with force.
VENTANE'RA, f. f. a woman that is always gazing at the window.
VENEANE'RO, f. m. the man whofe trade is to make frames for windows.
VENTANI'LLA, f. f. a little window.
VENTA'R, *VENTEA'R*, v. n. to blow.
VENTERI'L, adj. of, or belonging to an inn.
VENTE'RO, f. m. an inn-keeper.
VENTILACIO'N, f. f. ventilation.
VENTILA'R, v. a. to winnow; alfo to debate, to bandy, to argue.
VENTI'SCA, f. f. a blaft of wind, a ftrong guft.
VENTISCAR, v. n. to blow hard, faid of the wind when it raifes the fnow.
VENTISQUE'RO, f. m. the place where the wind has blown the fnow in heaps.
VENTOLE'RA, f. f. a ftrong but not lafting wind.
Ventoléra, vanity, pride, haughtinefs, oftentation.
VENTO'R, f. m. a blood-hound.
VENTO'SA, f. f. a cupping glafs.
VENTOSEA'R, v. a. to apply cupping glaffes.
VENTOSIDA'D, f. f. windinefs.
VENTO'SO, adj. windy.
VENTRADA, f. f. litter; as *Eftacochina ha traido feis lechón.s de una ventráda*, the fow had fix pigs at a litter.
VENTRA'L, adj. belonging to the venter or belly.
VENTREGA'DA, f. m. the coming or falling out of many things together.
VENTRE'RA, f. f. a band worn tied round the belly.

VENTRI'CULO, f. m. the ventricle, where the meat conveyed from the ftomach is digefted.

VENTRU'DO, adj. great-bellied.

VENTU'RA, f. f. luck; good luck.

A diós y a ventúra, at a venture, happy be lucky.

Prov. *Ven ventúra, ven y dúra*, come good luck, come and be lafting.

Prov. *Ventúra te de Diós hijo, que el fabér póco te báfta*, God give you good luck, chil l; a little learning will ferve your turn; fortune raifes men more than merit.

Prov. *Unas han ventúra, y ótras ventráda*, fome maids have luck, and others a belly-full; that is, fome have the good fortune to be well married and others are got with child without being married.

Prov. *Quándo la mála ventúra fe duérme nádie la defpiérte*, when ill luck falls afleep let no body awake her.

VENTURE'RO, adj. accidental, that comes by chance; ufed fubft. a foldier of fortune one that goes to feek his fortune.

VENTURI'LLA, f. f. fome good luck.

VENTURI'NA, f. f. a ftone fo called, a kind of gem.

VENTU'RO, adj. future, that is to come.

VENTUROSAME'NTE, adv. luckily, fortunately.

VENTURO'SO, adj. lucky, fortune.

VE'NUS, f. f. the goddefs of beauty; alfo a planet fo called.

VENUSTIDA'D, f. f. beauty, gracefulnefs.

VENU'STO, adj. beautiful, graceful.

V E R

VER, v. a. to fee; to confider, to underftand.

A mi ver, in my opinion.

Ver y créer, to fee and believe; feeing is believing.

Prov. *Ojos que ven no envejécen*, eyes that fee do not grow old. The plea of curious people that love to fee every thing.

Prov. *Ojos que no ven corázon que no llora*, what the eyes do not fee, the heart does not feel.

VERA, f. f the fea-fhore.

VERACIDA'D, f. f. veracity, obfervance of truth.

VERANA'DA, f. f. the fummer for beafts.

VERANE'RO, f. m. the place where beafts paff the fummer.

VERANA'R, *VERANEA'R*, v. n. to pafs the fummer.

VERANIE'GO, adj. of, or belonging to fummer; faid alfo of one that during the hot fummer cannot eat.

VERA'NO, f. m. fummer.

VE'RAS, f. f. pl. truth.

De véras, in good earneft.

Con muchas veras, very earneftly verily.

VERA'Z, adj. veracious, obfervant of truth.

VERBA'L, adj. verbal, by word of mouth.

VERBALME'NTE, adv. verbally.

VERBA'SCO, f. m. the herb wolfolade or the great lungworr.

VERBE'NA, f. f. the herb vervain.

VERBERACIO'N, f. f. the act of whipping or beating.

VERBERA'R, v. a. to whip, to beat.

VERBIGRA'CIA, adv. for example.

VE'RBO, f. m. a verb.

VERBOSIDA'D, f. f. abundance of words.

VERBOSO, adj. verbofe, prolix, exuberant in words.

VERBA'CHO, f. m. a kind of mineral green earth.

VERDA'D, f. f. truth.

Prov. *La verdád adelgáza mas no quiebra*, truth may be drawn thin, but will not break.

Prov. *Quién verdád no me dice, verdád no me crée*, he that does not fpeak truth to me, does not believe me when I fpeak truth.

Prov. *La verdád eftá en el vino*, in wine is truth.

VERDADERAME'NTE, adv. truly, really, fincerely.

VERDADE'RO, adj. true, real fincere.

VERDA'L, adj. greenish; applied to a kind of plums.

VERDA'SCA, fubft. f. a green wigt.

VE'RDE, adj. green, youthful, fresh.

Verde, f. m. grafs.

Eftárfe úno vérde, to continue youthful.

No dexár vérde, ni féco, to leave neither green, nor dry; to fweep all away.

Dárfe un vérde, to make a merry bout.

VERDE'A, f. f. green wine of Florence.

VERDEA'R, v. n. to look green, to be greenish.

VERDECE'R, v. n to grow green.

VERDECIE'NTE, adj. growing green, thriving, looking fresh.

VERDECI'LLO, adj. greenish, fomewhat green.

Verdecillo, f. m. a little bird fo called.

VERDE'GAY, f. m. a light green.

VERDEGAMBRE, f. m. white hellebore.

VERDEGUEA'R, v. a. to look green, to grow green.

VERDEMA'R, f. m. a ftone of the colour of fea water ufed by painters.

VERDEMONTA'ÑA, f. m. a mineral, in colour green.

VERDERO'L, f. m. a fort of fish fo called.

VERDERO'N, f. m. a green bird.

VERDESCU'RO, adj. dark green.

VERDE'RE, f. m. a colour ufed by painters.

VERDINE'GRO, f. m. a deep green, that has a caft of black.

VERDI'NO, adj. very green.

VERDOLA'GA; f. f. the herb purflain.

VERDO'N, f. m. a green-bird.

VERDO'R, f. m. greennefs; metaph. youthfulnefs.

VERDO'SO, adj. greenish; in cant, a fig.

VERDUGA'DO, f. m. a petticoat.

VERDU'GO, f. m. an executioner, a hangman; alfo a wheal raifed with a lash or a blow; alfo the

shoot or sprout of a tree.

Verdúgo, the mark left by a blow given with a whip.

VERDUGO'N, s. m. augment. of *verdúgo*.

VERDULE'RA, s. f. an herb-woman.

VERDU'RA, s. f. greenness, freshness.

Verdúras, s. f. pl. all sorts of pot-herbs.

VERE'DA, s. f. a path.

Verédas, s. f. pl. they call the divisions officers make among themselves of the country or a province, for collecting of taxes or the like.

VEREDA'RIO, adj. an epithet applied to postillions, post-horses, and hackney horses.

VEREDE'RO, s. m. a messenger that carries to small districts.

VEREDI'LLA, s. f. dimin. of *veréda*.

VERENGE'NA, s. f. v. *BERENGENA*.

VE'RGA, s. f. a rod, a wand, a yard, a man's member; also the yard of a ship.

Verga mayór, or *Verga grande*, the mainyard of a ship.

Verga de gata, the cross-jack, a yard at the upper end of the mizzen-mast under the top, slung there, and having no halliards.

VERGA'JO, s. m. a bull's pizzle.

VERGA'NTE, s. m. a scoundrel, a base fellow.

VERGE'L, s. m. a garden, a bower.

VERGE'TA, s. f. v. *VERGUE'TA*.

VERGONZA'NTE, s. m. a poor person ashamed to beg.

VERGONZOSAME'NTE, adv. bashfully, modestly, shamefully.

VERGONZO'SO, adj. bashful, modest, shameful.

Partes vergonzas, the privy-parts.

VERGOñA, obs. } s. f. shame, bashfulness, modesty.
VERGüE'NZA, s. f. }

Vergüenza, the privy parts.

Vergüénza, the pillory.

Sacár a úno a la vergüénza, to expose a man by way of punishment to some publick shame, as standing on the pillory, or at the whipping-post, or leading him about with a crier proclaiming his crime.

Prov. *Quien verguénza no tiene la villa es suya*, he who has no shame has the town for his own; that is, impudence carries all before it.

VERGOñOSO, adj. obs. v. *VERGONZOSO*.

VERGUEA'R, v. a. to beat any thing with rods, or with a rod.

VERGUE'R } s. m. an officer called a verger.
VERGUE'RO, }

VERGUE'TA, s. m. an officer that apprehends offenders.

Verguéta, dimin. of *verga*, a twig, a small rod.

VE'RJA, s. f. an iron or wooden grate.

VERIDICAME'NTE, adv. truly, sincerely.

VERI'DICO, adj. one that speaks truth.

VERIFICACIO'N, s. f. verification.

VERIFICA'R, v. a. to verify, to make good.

VERI'L, s. m. v. *BE'RIL*.

VERISI'MIL, adj. likely.

VERISIMILITU'D, s. f. likeliness.

VERME'JO, adject. v. *BERME'JO*.

VERMELLO'N, s. m. vermillion, a curious red found in the quicksilver mines.

VERMICULA'R, } adj. vermicular, breeding of worms, having worms.
VERMINO'SO, }

VERNA'L, adj. belonging to the spring, vernal.

VERNI'Z, s. f. v. *BRENI'Z*.

VERO, adj. true.

VERO'NICA, s. f. the herb fluellin.

VE'ROS, s. m. pl. *vairy* in heraldry; in garments it is a wavy or scalloped ornament.

VEROSI'MIL, adject. v. *VERIMI'L*.

VEROSIMILITU'D, s. f. v. *VERISIMILITU'D*.

VERRA'CO, s. m. a hog.

VERRAQUEA'R, v. n. to grumble as a hog does.

VERRIO'NDEZ, s. f. the lust of hogs.

VERHIO'NDO, adj. in lust, speaking of a hog.

VERROCA'L, s. m. v. *BERROCAL*.

VERRUCARIA, adj. fem. an epithet given to the sun-flower.

VERRUE'CO, s. m. v. *BERRUECO*.

VERRUGA, s f. a wart.

VERRUGO'SO, } adj. full of warts.
VERRUGUIE'NTO, }

VERRUGUI'LLA, s. f. a little wart.

VERSA'DO, adj. versed, used, acquainted.

VERSA'R, v. n. to turn round.

Versárse, v. r. to use one's self, to acquire use and practice, to make oneself skilful.

VERSA'TIL, adject. that will turn.

VERSI'CULA, s. f. the place where the choir-books are laid up.

VERSIFICA'R, v. n. to versify, to make verses.

VERSI'LLO, s. m. a short line or verse.

VERSIO'N, s. f. a version, a translation.

VERSISTA, s. m. a maker of blank verse.

VE'RSO, s. m. a verse. Also a small piece of iron cannon.

VERTE'BRAS, s. f. pl. the back-bones.

VERTEDE'RO, s. m. a sink.

VERTE'R v. a. to spill, to shed.

VERTICA'L, adj. vertical.

VERTI'CE, s. m. vertex, the point over head; also the superior point of any figure.

VERTICIDA'D, s. f. verticity, the power of turning.

VERTIE'NTE, s. m. the running down of any water, or the place where water falls.

Vertiénte del mónte, the steep of the hill.

Vertiénte del río, the steep or descent of a river.

VERTIGINO'SO, adj. vertiginous, giddy.

VERTI'GO, s. m. vertigo, giddiness.

VES

VESPERO, f. m. the vefper, the evening ftar.
VESPERTILLO, fubft. m. vide *MURCIELAGO*.
VESPERTINO, adj. of the evening.
VESQUIR, v. nobf. to live.
VESTA'L, f. f. a chafte woman. Moftly ufed in an ironical fenfe.
VE'STE, f. f. v. *VESTIDURA*.
VESTI'BULO, f. m. porch, an entry or paffage into a houfe.
VESTI'DO, f. m. a fuit of cloaths, a garment.
VESTIDU'RA, f. f. a garment.
VESTI'GIO, f. m. a footftep, a track, the print of a man's foot.
VESTI'GLO, f. m. an horrible monfter, a phantom.
VESTIME'NTO, f. m. vid. *VESTI'DO*.
VESTI'R, v. a. to clothe, to apparel, to put on cloaths.
Prov. *Al revés me la vestí, ándese affi*, I put it on the wrong way, fo let it go; applied to thofe who are in the wrong, and will not be fet right.
VESTUA'RIA, f. m. an attiring-room.

VET

VE'TA, f. f. the great vein or body of the filver or other metal, running in the earth.
Defcubrir la veta, to difcover the intention of a perfon.
VETA'DO, adj. full of veins of metal; faid alfo of fine ftone or marble, that has curious veins.
VETERA'NO, f. m. a veteran foldier.
VETI'LLA, f. f. dimin. of *veta*.

VEX

VEXACIO'N, fubft. f. vexation, trouble.
VEXA'MEN, f. m. a trial, an examination; alfo vexation, trouble.
VEXA'R, v. a. to vex, to trouble.
VEXI'GA, f. f. a bladder; alfo a blifter.
Vexiga de pétro, the plant alkakeng, or winter cherries.
VEXIGA'ZO, f. m. a blow with a bladfull of wind.
Dar un vexigázo, to play a trick to deceive one.
VEXIGU'ELA, } f. f. diminutive of *vexiga*.
VEXIGUI'LLA, }

VEY

VEYE'CE, f. f. obf. v. *VEJE'Z*.
VEYE'NTE, f. m. obf. a beholder.

VEZ

VEZ, f. f. a time, and turn.
Una véz, once; *dos véces*, twice; *tres véces*, thrice, *cien véces*, a hundred times, &c.
A veces, fometimes, by turns.
Por ésta véz, for this time.
En véz de honrárme me deshónra, inftead of honouring me, he difgraces me.
Una véz de vino, a glafs or draught of wine.
Tal vez, adv. perhaps.
Tal vez ó tal qual vez, fometimes.
Una vez que; todas las veces que; fuppofing that.
Llegaráfe mi vez, my turn will come.
VEZA'R, v. a. v. *AVEZAR*.
VEZO, f. m. cuftom, ufe, habit.

VIA

VI'A, f. f. a way, or means.
Vía, the bowel, the excrements pafs through; alfo the method or plan of life, conduct, or action.
Vía lactea, the milky way, the galaxy.
Prov. *De luengas vías, luengas mentiras*, from long ways, long lies; that is, travellers have a privilege of lying.
Prov. *Una vía y dos mandádos*, to do two errands under one; to kill two birds with one ftone.
VIADE'RA, f. f. a piece of wood in a weaver's loom or frame.
VIADO'R, f. m. a traveller.
VIA'GE, f. m. a voyage, a journey.
Buén viáge, a good voyage, or a good journey.
VIAJA'DOR, f. m. a traveller.
VIAJA'R, v. n. to voyage, to travel.
VIAJA'NTE, f. m. one who travels.
VIA'L, adj. belonging to the road and to travelling.
VIA'NDA, f. f. meat, victuals.
VIANDA'NTE, f. m. a traveller, a wayfaring man, a paffenger.
VIARA'ZA, f. f. a fudden freak that a man takes to do a thing immediately, and does it the worft way through precipitation.
VIA'TICO, f. m. provifion for a journey. It is generally taken for the facrament given to fick perfons.

VIB

VI'BORA, f. f. a viper, a ferpent of that fpecies which brings its young alive.
VIBORI'LLO, f. m. the young newborn viper.
VIBORRE'ZNO, f. m. idem.
VIBRACION, f. f. vibration.
VIBRA'R, v. n. to bradish, to shake, to caft violently.

VIC

VICARI'A, f. f. a vicarage.
VICARIA'L, adj. belonging to the vicar.
VICARIA'TO, f. m. the dignity or office of he vicar.
VICA'RIO, f. m. a vicar.
VICEALMIRA'NTA, f. f. the fecond galley in a fquadron.
VICEALMIRA'NTE, f. m. vice-admiral, the fecond commander of a fleet.
VICECANCI'LLER, f. m. vice-chancellor.
VICEDIO'S, f. m. the pope.
VICE'SIMO, adj. v. *VIGE'SIMO*.
VICE VERSA, adv. on the contrary.
VICIA'R, v. a. to vitiate, to adulterate, to corrupt.
VI'CIO, f. m. vice; alfo rank-

nefs, viciousnefs in land, or the like.

VICIOSAME'NTE, adv. viciousfly.

VICIO'SO, adj. vicious; alfo rank, overfruitful.

Los pánes se échan de púro viciósos, the corn is fo rank, or fo overfull, that it lodges.

VICISSITU'D, f. f. a change, viciffitude.

VI'CTIMA, f. f. a victim, a facrifice, an oblation.

VICTO'R, f. m. a victor, a conqueror. This word is ufed by way of applaufe, when any perfon does a thing well.

VICTOREA'R, v. a. to applaud, to praife in general.

VICTO'RIA, f. f. victory, conqueft, triumph.

VICTORIOSAMENTE, adv. victorioufly.

VICTORIO'SO, adj. victorious, conquering.

VICTUALLA, f. f. v. *VITUA'LLA*.

VICUñA, f. m. the name of an animal, in Peru, a kind of wild-goat.

VID

VID, f. f. a vine. It is alfo that part of a woman which comes out with the after birth, fo called becaufe it is knotty.

Vid parráda, a vine that grows up againft a wall or over an arbour.

Vid pasmáda, a vine that is blafted.

Vid con brázos, a vine that fpreads in many branches.

Vid tendida, a vine that lies flat.

Vides abrazádas, vines that run up trees.

Vid mócha, a vine trunk without branches.

VI'DA, f. f. life.

Hómbre de buéna, ò de mála vida, a good or an ill liver.

Dárse buéna vida, to live at one's eafe.

VIDRIAR, v. a. to glaze earthen ware.

VIDRIE'RA, f. f. a glafs window.

Licenciado vidriéra, a fcoffing name for a very delicate perfon.

VIDRIERIA, f. f. the place where glafs is worked or fold.

VIDRIE'RO, f. m. a glazier.

VI'DRIO, f. m. glafs.

VIDRIO'SO, adj. glaffy.

Hómbre vidrióso, a man that is like glafs; that is, who is touchy and muft be gently handled.

VI'DRO, f. m. v. *VI'DRIO*.

VIDUA'L, adj. belonging to a widow.

VIDUE'ñO, or *VIDUñO*, f. m. a vine.

VIE

VIE'JA, f. f. an old woman.

Prov. *Póco a póco hila la viéja el cópo*, little by little the old woman fpins her diftaff full; that is, patience and application carry one through any work though ever fo tedious.

VIEJA'ZO, f. m. augment. of *viejo*.

VIEJECI'TO, adj. oldish.

VIE'JO, adj. old.

Viéjo, f. m. an old man.

Soldado viejo, an old foldier, a veteran foldier.

Tenér alguna cosa de viejo, to have fome old habitude left.

Prov. *Si quiéres vivir, sano hazte viejo tempráno*, if you would be healthy, be old betimes; that is, take care of yourfelf as old men do.

VIE'LDO, f. m. } a fan to fan
VIENDRO, obf. } corn.

VIENTECI'LLO, f. m. a foft breeze.

VIE'NTO, f. m. the wind.

Viento, any thing very light.

Viento, a bone fo called, that dogs have in the head.

Buñuelos de viento, a kind of fritters fo called.

Irse con el viento que corre, to follow the party that prevails.

Viento en popa, a fair wind.

Cosa de viento, an idle ftory, a thing of no moment.

Viento remolinádo, a whirlwind.

Viento travésla, a contrary wind.

Prov. *Viento y ventúra poco dura*, wind and good luck are feldom lafting.

VIENTRA'ZO, f. m. a great belly or paunch.

VIE'NTRE, f. m. the belly, the paunch.

Viéntre, any internal cavity when large and capacious.

Viéntre de carnéro, a fheep's paunch.

Vientre de colúna, in architecture, the middle part of the column.

O vejas de viéntre, fuitful ewes.

De viéntre y lómo, by father and mother.

Sacár el vientre de mal año, to eat one's belly full at another man's table.

Prov. *El viéntre ayúno no óye a ningúno*, an empty belly hears no body; that is, a man when hungry is not fit to be advifed to about bufinefs.

Sacár el viéntre de mal áño, to deliver the belly from an evil year; that is, to make ufe of one's time, and feed heartily when it is to be had.

Prov. *Ciénto de un viéntre, y cáda úno de su miénte* an hundred of one belly, and every one of his particular, mind; fo many men, fo many minds though they be all brothers.

VIENTRECI'LLO, f. m. dimin. of *vientre*.

VIE'RNES, f. m. Friday.

Viernes, any meagre day.

Cara de viernes, a lean bony face.

Lo haré la semana que no tenga viernes, I will never do it.

VIG

VI'GA, f. f. a beam.

Viga de lagár, the great beam over the wine-prefs, which preffes the grapes to fqueeze the wine out.

Andár de vign en viga, to ftep from beam to beam; to skip idly, to faunter about; to be toffed about from poft to pillar.

VIGE'SIMO, adj. the twentieth.

VIGILA'NCIA, f. f. vigilance, watchfulnefs.

VIGILA'NTE, adj. vigilant, diligent, watchful.

VIGI'LIA, f. f. the eve of a holiday; any fasting day.

Viglia, watching, the ftate of being awake; want of fleep.

Viglia, nightly lucubration, produce of literary labour.

Viglia, in cant, the hangman's trumpet.

VIGOLE'RO, f. m. the hangman's helper.

VIGO'R, f. m. vigour, force, life, ftrength, fprightlinefs.

VIGORA'R, v. a. to envigour, to give vigour.

VIGO'RNIA, f. f. v. *BIGO'RNIA*.

VIGOROSAME'NTE, adv. vigoroufly.

VIGOROSIDA'D, f. f. v. *VIGOR*.

VIGORO'SO, adj. vigorous.

VIGO'TE, f. m. v. *BIGO'TE*.

VIGüE'LA, f. f. a fort of lute.

VIGüELI'STA, f. m. one who plays upon the *viguela*.

VIGUERI'A, f. f. a parcel of beans.

VIGUE'TA, f. f. a little bean.

V I L.

VIL, adj. vile, bafe.

VILECE'R, v. n. to grow vile or bafe.

VILE'ZA, f. f. bafenefs, vilenefs.

VILHO'RRO, f. m. in cant, the rogue that shuns a danger by flight.

VILIPENDIA'R, v. a. to abufe, to defpife, to contemn, to fet very low.

VILIPE'NDIO, f. m. contempt, abufe.

VI'LLA, f. f. a town.

VI'LLAGE, f. m. a village, a fmall collection of houfes in the country.

VILLANAGE, f. m. the peafants, the country people.

VILLANAME'NTE, adv. bafely, vilely, clownishly, meanly.

VILLANCHON, f. m. a clown.

VILLANCI'CO, f. m. a fort of paftoral poem or fong.

VILLANCIQUE'RO, f. m. one who compofes *villancicos*.

VILLANERI'A, f. f. the fame as *villania* and *villanâge*.

VILLANE'SCO, adj. belonging to the country and the peafantry.

VILLANIA, f. f. lownefs of birth, condition or ftate.

Villania, bafenefs, bafe action, villany.

VILLANI'A, f. f. villanage, meannefs, bafenefs.

VILLA'NO, adj. ruftick, of the country, not of the town.

Villano, f. m. a clown, a countryman, a peafant.

Villáno, harto de âjos, a clown ftuffed with garlick, a bafe ftinking fellow; a clod-pate, an obftinate block-head.

VILLANOTE, f. m. vide *VILLANCHON*.

VILLA'R, f. m. a great village a borough.

VILLE'TA, f. f. a little town.

VILLE'TE, f. m. a billet, a bill, a note, a letter.

VILLEVI'NA, f. f. a kind of linen fo called.

VILLO'RIA, f. f. a country feat.

VILLORI'N, f. m. a kind of coarfe cloth.

VILLO'RIO, f. m. a contemptuous word for a village, a fmall paltry village.

VILME'NTE, adv. vilely, bafely.

VILO, only ufed in the adverb *en vilo*, in the air, without any firmenefs or ftability.

VILO'RDO, adject. heavy, lazy, dull.

VILO'RTA, f. f. a ring made of willow or of fome fuch pliable branch.

Juégo de villórta, a fort of fport fo called.

V I M

VIMBRE, f. f. a twig.

V I N

VINAGE'RA, f. f. a mafs cruet

VINA'GRE, f. m. vinegar.

Vinagre, a rough, auftere, crabbed fellow.

Vinagre, the juice of fruits before they are ripe.

VINAGRE'RA, f. f. a vinegar bottle or cruet.

VINAGRILLO, f. m. a fort of paint or wash formely ufed by women, chiefly made with vinegar.

Vinagrillo, a fort of rofy vinegar ufed in fnuff to quicken its relish.

VINAGRO'SO, adj. rough, auftere.

VINARIE'GO, adj. skilful in the cultivation and management of vines.

VINATE'RO, f. m. a countriman that, fells wine.

VI'NCULA, f. m. band, bond, obligation, entail.

VINCULA'R, v. a. to entail an eftate, to bind fure, to make faft.

VINDICATIVO, adj revengeful.

VINDI'CTA, f. f. revenge.

VI'NO, f. m. wine.

Vino de manzánas, cyder.

Vino de rancion, ordinary wine for fervants.

Vino tinto, red wine.

Vino claréte, a pale red wine.

Vino brózno, a harsh unpalatable wine.

Vino buélto, wine that is pricked.

Vino defvanecido or *rebotádo*, decayed wine.

Vino de majuélo, wine of a young vine.

VINOLE'NCIA, f. f. excefs in drinking.

VINOLE'NTO, f. m. a drunkard, one given to wine.

VINOSIDA'D, f. f. vinofity.

VINO'SO, adj. that has qualities refembling thofe of wine.

V I Ñ

VI'ÑA, f. f. a vineyard.

Entróse cómo por viña vendimiáda; he intruded into a vineyard that had been gathered; he went in with great freedom.

Viñas y juán danzante, in cant, fignifies, fcamper, get away, fave yourfelf.

VIÑADE'RO, f. m. one that farms a vineyard or that looks to a vineyard.

VIÑE'DO, f. m. a diftrift that is all vineyárds.

V I O

VIO'LA, f. f. a viol, a ftringed inftrument of mufick ; alfo a flower called violet.

VIOLA'CEO, adj. of a violet colour.

VIOLA'BLE, adj. that may be violated.

VIOLACIO'N, f. f. violation.

VIOLA'DO, adj. of a violet colour; chiefly made of violets ; as.

Lamedor violádo, fyrup of violets.

VIOLADO'R, f. m. violater, a defiler, an infringer.

VIOLA'R, v. a. to violate, to defile, to infringe.

Violár, f. m. the fpot that produces violets.

VIOLE'NCIA, f. f. violence.

VIOLENTAME'NTE, adv. violently.

VIOLENTAR, v. a. to force, to ufe violence.

VIOLE'NTO, adj. violent.

VIOLETA, f. f. a violet.

VIOLI'N, f. f. the mufical inftrument called a violin.

VIOLINI'STA, f. m. a player upon the violin.

VIOLO'N, f. m. a bafe viol.

V I P

VIPERI'NO, adj. belonging to vipers.

V I Q

VIQUITRO'QUES, f. m. pl. timbers in a ship fo called.

V I R

VI'RA, f. f. a shaft or arrow to shoot out of a crofs-bow ; any wooden pin ; the lining of the shoe, or the narrow flip of leather on the infide, that runs along the feam to ftrengthen it.

Ir mas derécho que una vira, to walk as ftraight as an arrow.

VIRATO'N, f. m. a large dart or arrow.

VIRA'R, v. a. to turn.

VI'RGEN, f. f. a virgin.

Virgen, adj. f. untouched, unpolluted. *Azeite virgen*, the firft oil that runs from the olives without preffing.

VIRGINA'L, adj. of, or belonging to a virgin.

VIRGI'NEO, adj. idem.

VIRGINIDAD, f. f. virginity.

VI'RGO, f. m. a maidenhead.

Virgo, the fixth fign in the zodiack.

VI'RGULA, f. f. a comma.

VIRI'L, adj. manly.

Viril, f. m. a fine glafs to fet before any thing, that it may be feen, and not handled, or to preferve it from duft.

VIRILIDA'D, f. f. manhood.

VIRILME'NTE, adv. manly.

VIRIPOTE'NTE, adj. marriageable; faid of a girl.

VIROLE'NTO, adj. he who has the fmall-pox, or is marked by it.

VIROTA'ZO, fubft. m. a blow, wound, or ftroke of a shaft, bolt, or arrow.

VIRO'TE, f. m. a bolt, a shaft, an arrow to shoot out of a crofsbow; a long piece of iron faftened in a ring put about the neck of runaway flaves.

Virote joftrádo, a shaft with a little plate full of sharp points at the end, that it may knock down the game.

Tráya viróte, a fellow that walks as ftiff as if he had fwallowed a ftake.

Mirár por el viróte, to mind one's bufinefs, as he who is to shoot looks narrowly to his shaft.

Echár un viróte tras ótro, to fend one shaft after another. When one fervant is fent to fetch another, and both ftay ; or when a man throws away good money after bad.

VIRRE'INA, f. m. the viceroy's wife.

VIRREINA'TO, f. m. the dignity or office of the viceroy, and the time that his gouvernment lafts.

VIRRE'Y, f. m. a viceroy.

VIRRE'INO, f. m. vide *VIRREINATO*.

VIRTUA'L, adj. virtual.

VIRTUALMENTE, adv. virtually.

VIRTU'D, f. f. virtue.

Perdér fu virtud, to wither, faid of trees.

Hacér de neceffidád virtúd, to make a virtue of neceffity.

Prov. *Virtúdes véncen feñalés*, virtue overcomes ill tokens; that is, though a man feem to be ill inclined he may overcome all bad tokens and inclinations, and be virtuous.

VIRTUOSAME'NTE, adv. virtuoufly.

VIRTUO'SO, adj. virtuous.

VIRUE'LAS, f. f. pl. the fmallpox.

VIRULE'NCIA, f. f. virulence.

VIRULE'NTO, adj. virulent.

VIRU'TA, f. f. a thin bit of lath or chip.

V I S

VISA'GE, f. f. the face, the vifage.

Hacer vifáges, to make faces.

VISA'GRA, f. f. a hinge.

VISA'NTES, f. m. pl. in cant, the eyes.

VI'SCERAS, f. f. the bowels, the inteftines.

VISCO'NDE. a vifcount.

VISCOSIDA'D, f. f. viciousnefs, clamminefs.

VISCO'SO, adj. vifcous, clammy, fticking like birdlime.

VISE'RA, f. f. the vizor of a helmet.

Calár la viséra, to pull down the vizor or beaver of a helmet in order to engage an enemy.

VISIBILIDAD, f. f. vifibility, the ftate of being vifible.

VISI'BLE, adj. that may be feen.

VISIBLEMENTE, adv. vifibly.

VISIO'N, f. f. vifion, apparition.

Ver vifiones, to be run away with one's own imaginations.

Ver vifiones, to fee fpeftres; faid to ridicule ugly people that are approaching or coming to us.

VISIONA'RIO, adj. vifionary, belonging to a vifion.

VISI'R, f. m. a vifiter among the Turks.

VISI'TA, f. f. a vifit, a vifitation,

sion, a search, an enquiry; also a visitant, one who goes to see another.
Visita de nàos, the searching of ships by the king's officers to clear them.
Visita de juéz ò preládo, a judge's going a circuit to try causes, or a prelate's going his visitation.
Visita de cárcel, a gaol delivery.
VISITACIO'N, f. f. visitation, search, enquiry.
VISITADO'R, f. m. visiter, searcher.
VISITA'R, v. a. to visit, to search, to try, to enquire into.
Visitár lugáres santos, to go pilgrimages, to frequent places of devotion.
Visitár como juéz ó preládo, to go a visitation as a bishop, or a circuit as a judge.
Visitár compádres, to go gossiping from one house to another.
Visitárse, v. r. to visit, to keep up the intercourse of ceremonial salutations at the houses of each other.
VISI'VO, adj. visible, obvious, to the eye.
VISLUMBRAR, v. a. to dazzle.
VISLU'MBRE, f. f. a dazzling ligth; also a glimmering.
VI'SO, subst. m. a glimmering, a glance, a sight.
Hacér visos, to glimmer as a glass does in the sun.
VISO'JO, adj. squint-eyed.
VISOñO, f. m. v. *BISOñO*.
VISO'RIO, adj. belonging to the sight.
VISORRE'Y, f. m. a viceroy.
VI'SPERA, subst. f. the eve of a feast, or any other day.
Vísperas, pl. the vespers, the evening service.
En vispéras, very near.
Vispéras Siciliánas, the Sicilian vespers.
VI'STA, f. f. the sight, the sense of seeing; also aspect, appearance.
Vista, the eye or eyes, also a vision or apparition.
Vista, notice, knowledge.
A vista de, before, or with the.
Vista de aduána, one who visits the goods and seals them.

Vistas, pl. the windows and doors of any edifice; also a prospect.
A la vista, facing, near, just by.
A la vista, directly, without dilatation.
Comér ó tragár con la vista, to look at one very angry.
Estár a la vista, to be observing.
VISTI'LLAS, f. f. pl. an high place to discover the country or the sea.
VISTOSAME'NTE, adv. beautifully.
VISTO'SO, adject. sightly, gay, beautiful; in cant, the coat.
Vistósos, pl. in cant, the eyes.
VISUA'L, adj. visual.

VIT

VITA'L, adj. vital, belonging to the life.
VITALI'CIO, adj. during the life of one.
VITALIDA'D, subst. f. vitality, power of subsisting in life.
VITE'LA, f. f. a young heifer, also the leather made of a cow's skin.
VITELINA, adj. fem. of a dark colour, speaking of the bile or choler.
VI'TO, f. m. food, sustenance, provision.
VI'TOR, f. m. v. *VI'CTOR*.
VITO'RIA, f. f. victory.
VITORIOSAMENTE, adv. victoriously.
VITORIO'SO, adj. victorious.
VI'TREO, adj. vitreous, glassy.
VITRIFICACIO'N, f. f. vitrification, production of glass.
VITRIFICA'R, v. a. to vitrify, to change into glass.
VITRIO'LO, f. m. vitriol, copperas.
VITUA'LLA, f. f. victuals, provisions.
VITUPERA'BLE, adject. blameworthy.
VITUPERACIO'N, f. f. blame censure.
VITUPERADO'R, f. m. a blamer, a censurer.
VITUPERA'R, v. a. to blame, to censure.

VITUPE'RIO, f. m. blame, censure.
VITUPERIOSAMENTE, adj. injuriously; shamefully, ignominiously.
VITUPERO'SO, adject. ignominious, shameful, shameless.

VIV

VIVA! an interjection; let him live.
Viva el réy! may the king live! used in acclamations.
Viva quién vence, let the conqueror live. Applied to those who are always for the strongest party.
VIVA'C, f. m. an extraordinary night horse-guard for the security of a camp.
VIVACIDA'D, f. f. liveliness, sprightliness.
VIVAME'NTE, adv. sprightly, lively.
VIVANDE'RO, f. m. a vivandier, a sutler to an army.
VIVA'QUE, f. m. a small quarter for soldiers.
VIVA'R, f. m. a coney-warren.
VIVARA'CHO, adj. brisk, gay, lively.
VIVA'Z, adj. strong, full of vigour; also gay, active, lively.
VIVE'RO, f. m. a park or a Warren; also a pool a marshy place.
VI'VERES, f. m. pl. provisions for a place, army, or ship.
VIVEZA, f. f. liveliness, sprightliness.
VIVIDO'R, f. m. one that knows how to live well.
VIVIE'NDA, f. f. a dwelling.
VIVIE'NTE, f. m. a living creature.
VIVIFICACIO'N, f. f. vivification.
VIVIFICADO'R, f. m. vivifier.
VIVIFICA'R, v. a. to give life, to enliven.
VIVI'PARO, adject. viviparous, bringing the young alive.
VIVI'R, v. a. to live.
Vivir, to live, to dwell.
Viva v. m. mil años, I thank you.
Vivir a cuenta ù voluntád de otro, to be maintained by another.
Vivir en una casa, to live in a house.

Como se vive, se muere, such life, such death.

Prov. *Quien quisiére vivir sano cóma póco y cene tempráno*, he that would be healthy, must eat temperately, and sup betimes.

VI'VO, adj. alive.

Estár en carnes vivas, to be naked.

Vivo, ingenious, crafty; also inconsiderate.

Vivo, active, diligent.

Al vivo, very like.

Guerra viva, actual war.

Ojos vivos, very gay and lively eyes.

Vivos, s. m. pl. in architecture, is all that juts out beyond the perpendicular of the structure.

V I U

VIU'DA, s. f. a widow.

VIUDEDA'D, VIU'DEZ, } s. f. widowhood.

VIU'DO, s. m. a widower.

V I Z

VIZCA'CHA, s. f. a kind of hare in America.

VIZCONDA'DO, s. m. the state, or title of a viscount.

VIZCO'NDE, s. m. a viscount.

VIZCONDE'SA, s. f. a viscountess.

V O A

VOACE', VOARCE', } used by ruffians and bullies; and sometimes by country fellows for *ustéd*, or *vuéstra mercéd*, your worship; you, sir.

V O C

VOCA'BLO, s. m. a word.

VOCABULA'RIO, s. m. VOCABULARI'STA, obs. } a vocabulary.

VOCACIO'N, s. f. a calling; a vocation.

VOCAL, adj. vocal, of the voice.

Una vocal, a vowel.

VOCALMENTE, ad. vocally, orally, by word of mouth.

VOCATIVO, s. m. the vocative case.

VOCEADO'R, s. m. one who makes outcries.

VOCEA'R, v. n. to cry out, to scream, to clamour, to declare, to call aloud.

VOCERI'A, s. f. a confusion of voices.

VOCE'RO, s. m. obs. an advocate, a lawyer.

VOCIFERACIO'N, s. f. vociferation.

VOCIFERADO'R, s. m. a boaster.

VOCIFERAR, v. n. to cry out aloud.

VOCINGLERI'A, s. f. the noise of many voices; also talkativeness.

VOCINGLERO, adj. who speaks very loud.

V O L

VOLADE'RO, adj. that does, or can fly.

VOLADO'R, s. m. a flier.

En volándas, adj. flying through the air; speaking of a witch.

VOLANDE'RO, adj. flying, hanging in the air.

VOLA'NTE, s. m. a sort of thin veil, any loose thing that flutters in the air.

VOLANTO'N, s. m. the bird that is ready to fly.

VOLA'R, v. n. to fly.

Volár con pólvora, to blow up with gunpowder.

Volár una grulla, to fly a hawk at a crane.

Esso sera cómo volár un buey, that is, as likely as that the ox will fly.

VOLATERI'A, s. f. all sorts of fowl.

VOLATI'L, adj. that flies or can fly.

VOLATILIDA'D, s. f. volatility.

VOLATI'N, s. m. a rope-dancer.

VOLCA'N, s. m. a burning mountain.

VOLCA'R, v. a. to overturn.

El cóche se ha volcádo, the coach has been overturned.

VOLEA'R, v. a. to make fly in the air by impulsion.

VOLEO, s. m. the action of making fly any thing.

De un voléo, in a minute.

VOLICIO'N, s. f. volition, the act of the will.

VOLQUEA'RSE, v. r. vide REVOLCA'RSE.

VOLTARIEDA'D, s. f. inconstancy.

VOLTA'RIO, adj. inconstant.

VOLTEADO'R, s. m. a tumbler, a vaulter.

VOLTEA'R, v. a. to rool, to tumble, to vault.

VOLUBILIDA'D, s. f. volubility, inconstancy, mutability.

VOLU'BLE, adj. voluble, inconstant, changeable.

VOLU'MEN, s. m. a volume, a bulk; size, bigness.

VOLUMINO'SO, adj. voluminous.

VOLUNTA'D, s. f. the will or affection.

VOLU'NTARIAME'NTE, adv. voluntarily, willingly.

VOLUNTA'RIO, adj. voluntary, done with a good will.

VOLUPTA'D, s. f. voluptuousness.

VOLUPTUOSAME'NTE, adv. voluptuously.

VOLUPTUO'SO, adj. voluptuous.

VOLU'TA, s. f. the volute, a member of a column.

VOLVE'R, v. a. to turn; also to return.

Volvér a cantár, to sing again.

Volvér a decir, to say again, to repeat.

Volvér por, to protect, to defend.

Volvér, to change one thing into another.

Volvér por si, to defend oneself.

Volvér sobre si, to reflect upon oneself.

Volvérse, contra algúno, to turn against one, to be his enemy.

VOLVI'BLE, adj. that may be turned.

VOLVIMIE'NTO, s. m. turning.

VOLO, VO'LVULO, } s. m. a disease in the bowels so called.

V O M

VO'MICO, adj. that which causes vomit.

Nuéz vómica, the vomick nut from the East-Indies.

VOMITADO'R, adj. that vomits or throws out of itself.

VOMITA'R, v. a. to vomit.
VOMITI'VO, adj. vomitive, that provokes vomit.
VO'MITO, f. m. vomit, fpue.
Volvér al vómito, to return to the vomit, to full again into any vice a man had forfaken.
VOMITO'RIO, adj. that caufe vomiting.

VOR

VORACIDA'D, f. f. voracity.
VORA'GINE, f. m. a gulph, a gap in the earth, a place that fwal lows up.
VORA'Z, adj. voracious, greedy, gluttonous, devouring.
VO'RTICE, f. m. a vortex.
VORTIGINO'SO, adj. vertical, having a whirling motion.

VOS

VOS, pron. ye or you, never ufe but to inferiors, or where there is great familiarity.
VOSASTE, f. m. clownish, for *vueſtra mercéd*.
VO'SCO, with you, or you; a clownish word.
VOSEA'RSE, v. r. to talk to one another by thee and thou.
VOSO'TROS, ye, or you, in the plural number.

VOT

VOTADO'R, f. m. a fwearer.
VOTA'R, v. n. to vote, to vow, to fwear.
VOTI'VO, adj. that has been vowed.
VOTO, f. m. a vow, a vote, an oath.
Tenér voto en concéjo, to have a vote in council.
Voto a tal, an expreffion to avoid fwearing.
Dar fu vóto, to give on's vote.
Decir fu vóto, to deliver one's opinion.

VOZ

VOZ, f. f. a voice, the noife any creature makes, the found of an inftrument, a report.
Dar una voz, to call aloud to.
Tener voz en capitulo, to have a vote in an affembly.
Pública voz, common fame.
Corrér voz, a report to be fpread abroad.
A una voz, unanimoufly, by common confent.
A voz de pregonéro, proclaimed by a crier.
Dar voces, to cry out, to hollow.
VOZNA'R, v. n. to cry like a fwan or other aquatick bird.

VUE

VUECELE'NCIA, an abbreviation of *vueſtra excellencia*, your excellency.
VUE'LCO, f. m. overturn.
VUE'LO, f. m. flight; elevation of the mind.
Vuélos, pl. ruffles.
VUE'LTA, f. f. a turning about, a way about.
Venir de vuelta, to come back.
Dar una vuelta en el aire, to turn round without touching the ground.
Dar una vuélta de azótes, to give one a whipping.
Ir la vuélta de una parte, to go toward fuch a place.
Otra vuelta, another time.
A vuelta de viage, returning home from a voyage.
Andár a vueltas, to quarrel.
Dar una vuelta; to take a short turn
Ponér de vuelta y media, to affront to abufe one.
Tener vueltas, to be inconftant.
VUE'LTO; p. p. of *volver*; turned
VUE'SSO, *VUE'STRO*, } pron. yours.
Vueſtra mercéd, you, fir; you, madam.

VUL

VULGA'CHO, f. m. the mob.
VULGA'R, adj. vulgar, common.
VULGARIDA'D, f. f. vulgarity; belonging to, or ufual with the mob.
VULGARIZA'R, v. n. to become common or vulgar.
VULGARMENTE, adv. vulgarly.
VU'LGO, f. m. the rabble, the mob, the multitude, the populace.
Prov. *No perdóna el vúlgo, tácha de ninguno*, the mob fpares no body.
VULNERA'BLE, adj. vulnerable, that can be wounded.
VULNERACION, f. f. the act of wounding.
VULNERA'R, v. a. to wound.
VULNERA'RIO, adj. that heals wounds.
VULPE'JA, f. f. a fox.
VULTO, f. m. face, vifage.
VULTU'RNO, f. m. the name of a wind.
VU'LVA, f. f. the womb.

VUS

VU'SCO, a ruftick word, the fame as *con vos otros*, with you.
VUSTE'D, f. m. the fame as *uſted* or *vueſtra mercéd*, your worship; you, fir, you, madam.

U.

UBE'RIMO, adj. fupesl. extraordinary fruitful.

U B I

UBICACIO'N, f. f. ubication, local relation.
UBICARSE, v. r. to be in a certain place.
U'BIO, f. m. obf. v. *YU'GO*.
UBIQUIDA'D, f. f. ubiquity, omnipresence.

U B R

U'BRE, f. f. the udder of any creature.
UBRE'RA, f. f. a fort of fore in a child's mouth.

U C E

UCE, a rustick word; the fame as *vuéftra mercéd*, your worship.
UCE'NCIA, f. f. the fame as *vuéftra excelléncia*, your excellency.

U F A

UFANAMEN'TE, adv. briskly, contentedly, mettlefomely; alfo conceitedly.
UFANA'RSE, v. r. to be conceited, to boaft; alfo to be merry or brisk.
UFANE'RO, f. m. obf. a boafter.
UFANE'ZA, *UFANI'A*, *UFANIDA'D*, f. f. brisknefs, contentednefs, mettle; alfo conceitednefs.
UFA'NO, adj. brisk, mettlefome, contented, full of fatisfaction; alfo conceited.

U L C

U'LCER, *U'LCERA*, f. f. an ulcer.
ULCERACIO'N, f. f. ulceration.
ULCERA'R, v. n. to ulcerate.
ULCERO'SO, adj. full of ulcers.

U L T

ULTERIO'R, adj. farther, on the farther fide.
ULTERIORME'NTE, adv. farther, beyond.
ULTIMADAME'NTE, *ULTIMAME'NTE*, adv. laftly.
ULTIMA'R, v. a. to finish, to put an end to.
ULTIMIDA'D, f. f. ultimity, the laft ftage.
U'LTIMO, adj. laft.
ULTRA, adv. befides moreover.
ULTRAJAMIENTO, f. m. vide *ULTRAJE*.
ULTRAJA'R, v. a. to commit outrage, to wrong, to abufe, to affront, to reproach.
ULTRA'JE, f. m. an outrage, an abufe, an affront, a reproach.
ULTRAJOSAME'NTE, adv. abufively, reproachfully.
ULTRAJO'SO, adj. abufive, reproachful, affronting.
ULTRAMARI'NO, adj. foreign, that is or comes from beyond the fea.
ULTRAMONTAMO, adj on the farther fide, or beyond the mountain.
ULTRI'Z, adject. fem. that revenges.
ULTRO'NEO, adject. that offers itfelf without requiring any fearch or inquiry.

U L U

U'LULA, f. f. a bird fo called.
ULULA'TO, f. m. the act of howling.

U M B

UMBILICA'L, adj. belonging to the navel.
UMBRA'L, f. m. the threshold of the door.
UMBRALA'R, v. a. to put a beam acrofs upon the opening left in building for a window or a door.
UMBRA'TICO, adj. relating to shadow.
UMBRI'A, f. f. any shady place.
UMBRIOSO, *UMBRO'ZO*, adj. shady, full of shade.

U N

UN, adj. m. one.
Un hómbre, one man; *un cavállo*, one horfe: ever ufed when before a fubftantive; for in other cafes it is *uno*, as if one ask how many, the anfwer is *uno*, or *una*; but *un* is only of the mafculine gender.

U N A

UNA, adj. fem. one; *una mugér*, one woman.
La una, one of the clock.
A una, together, at once.
UNA'NIME, adj. unanimous.
UNANIMEME'NTE, adv. unanimoufly.
UNANIMIDA'D, f. f. unanimity.

U N C

U'NCIA, f. f. an ancient coin, whofe value is not known.
UNCIO'N, f. f. unction, anointing.
Extréma unción, the facrament of extreme unction given only to people in a dying condition.
UNCIO'NES, pl. falivation.
Por pedir pedirá la unción, rather than not beg, he will beg the extreme unction.
UNCI'R, v. a. to yoke oxen.

U N D

UNDECA'GONO, f. m. a figure of eleven angles or fides.
UNDE'CIMO, adj. eleventh.
UNDI'SONO, adj. making a found like water falling.
UNDO'SO, adj. wavy, full of waves; ufed only by poets; *mar undóso*, the wavy fea.

U N G

UNGARI'NA, f. f. a man's coat made in the Hungarian fashion.
UNGIMIENTO, f. m. v. *UNCIO'N*.
UNGI'R, v. a. to anoint.

UNGUENTA'RIO, f. m. a maker or feller of ointments.
UNGUENTA, *UNGUE'NTO*, } f. m. ointment.

U Ñ I

UNICAME'NTE, adv. fingularly.
UNICA'ULE, adj. that has but one ftalk.
U'NICO, adj. fingular, the only one.
UNICO'RNIO, f. m. an unicorn.
UNIDA'D, f. f. unity.
UNIDAME'NTE, adv. jointly.
UNIFICA'R, v. a. to make one of many by union or mixture.
UNIFORMA'R, v. a. to make uniform.
UNIFO'RME, adj. uniform.
UNIFORMEME'NTE, adv. uniformly.
UNIFORMIDA'D, f. f. uniformity.
UNIGE'NITO, adj. the only begotten.
UNIO'N, f. f. union.
UNI'R, v. a. to unite.
UNI'SONO, adj. unifon.
UNITI'VO, adj. unitive, that joins, that unites.
UNITO'SO, *UNITUO'SO*, } adj. v. *UNITIVO*.
UNIVERSA'L, adj. univerfal.
UNIVERSALIDA'D, f. f. univerfality.
UNIVERSALME'NTE, adv. univerfally.
UNIVERSIDA'D, f. f. univerfity.
UNIVE'RSO, f. m. the univerfe, the world.
UNIVOCO, adj. that has one fignification.

U N O

UNO, adj. one.
Uno por uno, one by one.

U N T

UNTADO'R, f. m. an anointer, a dauber.
UNTADURA, f. f. an anointing, a daubing.
UNTAMIE'NTO, f. m. idem.
UNTA'R, v. a. to anoint, to daub.
Untár la máno, to greafe the fift; to bribe.
UNTA'ZA, f. f. a coarfe ointment.
UN'TO, f. m. ointment, fat, greafe.
UNTO'SO, *UNTUO'SO*, } adj., fat, greafy, daubing.
UNTUOSIDA'D, f. f. greafinefs.
UNTU'RA, f. f. anointing, daubing.
UNTURI'LLA, f. f. a little anointing.

U ñ A

UñA, f. f. the nail of a man's finger or toe, the hoof of a beaft, the talon or claw of a bird. It is alfo a hardnefs or fcab, growing upon beafts where they are galled.
Uña de cabállo, the herb colts foot.
Uña de áfno, the herb foal-foot.
Uña de áncla, the flunke of an anchor.
Uña de váca, cow-heal.
Sol con úñas, the fun when it shines out now and then from amidft the watery clouds.
Hacér el teftaménto en al úña, to make a man's will on his nail; to have nothing to leave.
Sacár por la úña la grandéza del léon, to guefs at the bignefs of a lion by his claw.
Ponérfe en veinte úñas, to ftand upon twenty nails; that is, upon all four.
Tener úñas, to be hard to be underftood.
Prov. *Uñas de gáto*, *y hábito de beáto*, a cat's claws, and a religious man's habit. A wolf in sheep's cloathing.
UñA'DA, f. f. a mark made with the nail, the impreffion left by the nail.
UñARA'DA, f. f. a fcratch with a nail.

U ñ E

UñE'RO, f. m. the little skin that flies up about the nails; fometimes taken for a whitlow.
UñETA, f. f. a play among children.

U ñ I

UñIDU'RA, f. f. a coupling, a yoking.
UñI'R, v. a. to couple, to yoke.

U ñ U

UñUE'LA, f. f. a little nail, claw, talon, or hoof.

U P

UPA'R, v. a. to ftruggle in order to get up or to rife high.

U R A

URACHO, f. m. in anatomy, the aperture at which the urine iffues.

U R B

URBANAME'NTE, adv. courteoufly, civilly.
URBANIDA'D, f. f. civility.
URBA'NO, adj. civil, courteous, well beloved.

U R C

URCA, f. f. a veffel called a hulk; alfo a fort of whale.
URCE, f. [illegible] an herb fo called.

U R D

URDIDE'RA, f. f. an eng[illegible] ufed by weavers; and fem. [illegible] *didor*.
URDIDO'R, f. m. who [illegible] warps in a loom; alfo who [illegible] begins.
URDIDU'RA, f. [illegible] warping in a loom; a com[illegible]ence, a beginning.
URDIE'M[illegible], *URDIM*[illegible], } f. m. the warp in a loom.
URDI[illegible] v. a. to warp in a loom; al[illegible] contrive, to begin.

U R E

URE'TERA, ſ. f. the urethra.

U R G

URGE'NCIA, ſ. f. urgency.
URGE'NTE, adj. urgent, preſſing.
URGI'R, v. n. to urge.

U R I

URI'NA, ſ. f. urine.
URINA'RIO, adj. urinary.

U R N

URNA, ſ. f. an urn, ſuch as anciently they preſerved the aſhes of the dead in.
URNI'CA, ſ. f. dimin. of *urna*.

U R O

U'RO, ſ. m. a wild bull.

U R S

URSA, ſ. f. v. *OSSA*.

U S A

USACIO'N, ſ. f. v. *USO*.
USADAME'NTE, adv. cuſtomarily.
USA'GE, ſ. m. v. *USO*.
USA'GRE, ſ. m. a tetter, a ring-worm.
USA'NZA, ſ. f. uſage, uſe, faſhion, cuſtom.
USA'R, v. a. to uſe, to accuſtom, to be in faſhion.
Prov. *Lo que ſe úſa no ſe eſcúſa*, at is faſhionable cannot be avoi-

U S I

USIE'R, ſ. m. door-keeper, a meſſenger, a gr[illegible] of the great chamber.
USITA'DO, adj. uſual, [illegible] equent.

U S O

USO, ſ. m. uſe, cuſtom, faſhion. Alſo the uſance of exchange.
Uſo hace maéſtro, uſe makes a maſter, or makes a perfect man.

U S T

USTA'GA, ſ. f. a ſea-term; I think it means a pulley, but am not ſure.
USTE'D, (an abbreviation of *vueſtra merced*) you, ſir; you, madam.
USTIO'N, ſ. f. the actual burning of any thing.

U S U

USUA'L, adj. cuſtomary, uſual.
USUFRU'CTO, ſ. m. the growing profits or advantage reaped by land, houſes, employments, &c.
USUFRUCTUA'RIO, ſ. m. he that receives the profit or advantage made of a thing, but is not the proprietor.
USU'RA, ſ. f. uſury.
USURA'R, } v. n. uſure, to
USUREA'R, } practiſe uſury.
USURA'RIO, adj. uſurious.
USURE'RO, ſ. m. an uſurer.
USURPACIO'N, ſ. f. uſurpation, taking another man's right.
USURPADO'R, ſ. m. an uſurper.
USURPA'R, v. a. to uſurp, to poſſeſs wrongfully.

U T E

UTENSI'LIOS, ſ. m. pl. utenſils, neceſſaries in a houſe.
UTE'RO, ſ. m. the womb.

U T I

U'TIL, adj. uſeful, profitable, beneficial.
UTILIDA'D, ſ. f. uſefulneſs, profitableneſs.
UTILME'NTE, adv. uſefully, profitably.
UTILIZA'R, v. a. to be profitable.
Utilizárſe, v. r. to get ſome benefit from any thing.

U T R

UTRE'RA, ſ. f. a young heifer.
UTRE'RO, ſ. m. a ſteer, a young bullock.

U V A

UVA, ſ. f. a grape.
Uva albilla, a ſort of ſweet grape.
Uva créſpa, or *eſpina*, a gooſeberry.
Uva de pérro, the wild bay-tree.
Uva páſſa, a raiſin.
Uva lupina, the herb wolf-bane.
Uvas javiés, a ſort of ſmall but excellent grapes.
Uvas de Almuñécar, the grapes of Almuñecar, which are long.
Uvas ligeruélas, the grapes that are firſt ripe.
Uva canilla, the plant called ordinary yellow prick-madam, or ſtonecrop.
Hacérſe uva, to be drunk.
Ponér a uno de uva caſca, to leave a man like the husk of a grape, after the wine is preſſed out; to ſtrip him of all he has.
UVA'DA, ſ. f. plenty of grapes.
UVAGUEMAE'STRO, ſ. m. an officer in the army, under whoſe care is the baggage.
UVATE, ſ. m. a ſort of conſerve.
UVASPI'N, ſ. m. a gooſeberry.
UVASPINE'RO, ſ. m. a gooſeberry-bush.

U V E

U'VEA, adj. fem. the appellative of one of the tunicks of the eye.
UVE'RO, ſ. m. one who ſells grapes.

U V I

UVI'LLA, ſ. f. a ſmall ſort of grapes.

U X

UXIE'R, ſ. m. an inferior officer at court, a porter.

X

X, in Spaniſh is ſometimes pronounced in the throat, and has the ſame ſound with the J conſonant, or *jota*.

X A B

XABALO'N, ſ. m. one of the ſmall beams that form the roof of a houſe.

XABALONA'R, v. a. to place the ſmall beams in forming the roof of a houſe.

XABLACO'N, ſ. m. the ſame as *xabalon*.

XABALCONA'R, v. a. the ſame as *xabalonar*.

XABE'BA, ſ. f. a ſort of Mooriſh pipe to play on.

Xabeba, a large net ſo called.

XABE'CA, ſ. f. a large net ſo called.

XABE'GA, ſ. f. the ſame muſical inſtrument as *xabeba*; as alſo the ſame net as *xabeba* and *xabeca*.

XABEGUE'RO, adj. that fiſhes with the *xabega*, or belonging to the net called *xabega*.

XABE'QUE, ſ. m. a kind of veſſel called a ſhebeck; it is a ſort of large galley driven with oars.

XABO'N, ſ. m. ſoap.

XABONA'R, v. a. to ſoap, to waſh with ſoap.

Xabonár a úno, to reprove a man ſharply.

XABONCI'LLO, ſ. m. waſhing balls perfumed, uſed to ſhave.

XABONE'RA, ſ. f. the herb ſoapwort.

XABONERI'A, ſ. f. the place where the ſoap-boilers live.

XABONE'RO, ſ. m. a ſoap-boiler.

XABONE'TE, ſ. m. a waſh ball.

X A C

XA'CARA, ſ. f. a ſong ſo called; alſo a ſort of dance.

Xácara, a gang of young people ſinging at night through the ſtreets; alſo a lie, a ſtory.

XACARANDA'NA, } ſ. f. in
XACARANI'NA, } cant, the gibberiſh, or language of rogues and goal-birds; a company or gang of them; a cant, or a canting crew.

XACAREA'R, v. n. to ſing a ſong called *xácara*; alſo to plague and vex one.

XACARE'RO, ſ. m. one who likes to ſing *xácaras*.

XA'CARO, ſ. m. a bully, a boaſter, a bravo.

XA'CO, ſ. m. a kind of ſhort ſack wore anciently by ſoldiers.

Xáco, ſ. m. v. *XAQUE*.

X A D

XADA, ſ. f. obſ. v. *AZA'DA*.

XADIA'R, v. a. to dig with a ſpade.

X A E

XAE'Z, v. *JAE'Z*.

X A G

XA'GA, ſ. f. obſ. v. *LLA'GA*.

XAGUADE'RO, ſ. m. obſ. vide *DESAGUADERO*.

X A H

XAHARRA'R, v. a. v. *JAHARRA'R*, to plaſter wall with fine lime.

XAHA'RRO, ſ. m. fine plaſter for plaſtering of walls.

XAHERI'Z, ſ. f. obſ. an oil-mill.

X A L

XALA'PA, the purging root called jalap.

XALEA'R, v. a. to call the dogs in hunting.

XALES, ſ. m. obſ. canvaſs to cover waggons.

XALES, ſ. m. a kind of very coarſe linen cloth.

XALLU'LLO, ſ. m. a bit of dough made a cake and baked on charcoal.

XALMA, ſ. f. v. *ENXA'LMA*.

XALO'QUE, ſ. m. the ſouth-weſt wind.

XALVEGA'R, v. a. to white-waſh.

La caſa eſtá bién xalvegáda, the houſe was well white-waſhed.

X A M

XAMACU'CO, ſ. m. v. *ZAMACU'CO*.

XAMA'R, v. a. v. *LLAMA'R*.

XAMBORLIE'R, ſ. m. an officer about the king's perſon ſo called.

XAMBRA'R, v. a. v. *ENXAMBRA'R*.

XAME'TE, ſ. m. a ſort of ſattinet, half ſilk half worſted.

XAMU'GA, ſ. f. a particular ſort of ſaddle made for women to ride on.

XAMUSCA'R, v. a. v. *CHAMUSCA'R*.

X A N

XA'NDALO, adj. affected in ſpeaking or in walking.

XANO, adj. obſ. v. *LLANO*.

X A P

XAPO'IPA, ſ. f. a ſort of pancake.

X A Q

XA'QUE, ſ. m. a check at cheſs; in cant, a ruffian, a bully.

Xaque y mate, checkmate.

Xáque de aquí, go out.

XAQUE'CA, ſ. f. v. *AXAQ*[illegible] *CA*.

XA'QUETA, ſ. f. a ſor[illegible] looſe upper garment.

XAQUI'MA, ſ. f. [illegible]alter for a beaſt.

XAQUIMA'ZO, [illegible] m. a blow given with a [illegible]er.

Xaquimázo, [illegible]sfortune, hurt, cauſe of ſorr[illegible]

X A R

XARA, ſ. f. a plant ſo called.
Xara, a kind of dart or arrow.
XARA'BE, ſ. m. ſirup, a ſweet draught made by apothecaries for ſick people.
XARABEA'RSE, v. r. to make uſe of ſyrups.
XARAI'Z, ſ. m. v. *LAGA'R*.
XARA'L, ſ. m. a heath, a place full of shrubs or bushes.
XARAMA'GO, ſ. m. wild rape.
XA'RCIAS, ſ. f. pl. the riggings of a ship; all ſorts of fishing-tackle.
XARE'TAS, ſ. f. pl. the nettings in a ship; nets made of ſmall ropes, uſed to cover men in cloſe fight; alſo the grating made like lattice-windows for the light and air to paſs through.
XARI'FE, ſ. m. v. *XERIFE*.
XARI'FO, adj. curious, beautiful, lovely, delicate.
XAROPA'R, v. a. to drench, to purge.
XARO'PE, ſ. m. a potion, a drench, a purge.
XAROPEA'R, v. a. v. *XAROPA'R*.
XARAGI'N, ſ. m. a garden of pleaſure.
XARRO, ſ. m. a vociferous man a ſcolding woman.

X A U

XAURA'DA, adj. afflicted, ſorrowful, comfortleſs.
XA'URIA, ſ. f. a pack of hounds.
XAUTO, adj. inſipid, wanting ſalt.

X E A

[illegible]*A*, ſ. f. obſ. the name of a [illegible] paid upon goods by the Mo[illegible]

[illegible] E F

XE'FE, ſ. m. a [illegible]ief, a commander of a party.

X E L

XELFE, ſ. m. in cant, a ſlave.

X E M

XEMA'L, adj. belonging to the meaſure of a ſpan called *xeme*.
XE'ME, ſ. m. half a foot, or as much as a man can ſpan with his thumb and fore-finger.
Xeme, the female face.

X E N

XENA'BE, } ſ. m. muſtard.
XENA'BLE, }
XENO, adj. obſ. v. *LLENO*.

X E P

XEPE, ſ. m. v. *ALUMBRE*.

X E Q

XE'QUE, ſ. m. a lord, a commander, a governor.

X E R

XERA, ſ. f. as much land as a pair of oxen can plough in a day.
XE'RGA, ſ. f. a coarſe ſort of ſtuff like ſack-cloth.
Eſtár una coſa en xerga, to be begun, and not finished; coarſe and unpoliſhed.
XE'RGON, ſ. m. a ſtraw bed.
XERI'FE, ſ. m. a title of dignity among the Moors.
XERI'NGA, ſ. f. a ſyringe; alſo trouble, vexation.
XERINGA'R, v. a. to ſyringe; alſo to moleſt, to plague.
XERINGA'ZO, ſ. m. ſyringing.
XERQUERI'A, ſ. f. a ſlaughter-houſe where they kill sheep.

X E T

XE'TA, ſ. f. a mushroom; metaph. they give this name to a black's mouth, or a hog's ſnout.
Xéta de peſcádo, a fish-pond.

X I A

XI'A, ſ. f. v. *CHI'A*.

X I B

XI'BIA, ſ. f. the cuttle-fish.
XIBIO'N, ſ. m. the cuttle-bone or fish.

X I C

XI'CARA, ſ. f. a dish uſed to drink chocolate out of.

X I F

XIFA, ſ. f. the bad part of the meat that they throw away when they kill beaſts.
XIFERI'A, ſ. f. the action of killing sheep or oxen, as butchers do.
XIFE'RO, adj. clownish, dirty.
Xiféro, ſ. m. a butcher; alſo a butcher's knife.
XIFERA'DA, ſ. f. a blow with ſuch a knife.

X I L

XILGUE'RO, ſ. m. a bird called a gold-finsh.
XILOBA'LSAMO, ſubſt. m. the balmtree.
Xilobálſamo, ſ. m. a balſam made by boiling and ſqueezing the leaves of the balſam-trees.

X I M

XIMELGA, ſ. f. ſailors call it a fish, being a piece of timber or plank, made faſt either to maſt or yard to ſtrengthen it when in danger of breaking.
XI'MIA, ſ. f. a she-ape.
XI'MIO, ſ. m. a he-ape; metaph. one that is always making ugly faces.

X I R

XI'RIDE, ſ. f. a plant ſo called.

X I S

XISCA, s. f. a kind of wild reed so called.

X I T

XITA'R, v. a. to drive out, to drive away.

X I X

XIXALLO, s. m. a shrub so called.

XIXALLA'R, s. m. the mountain where the *xixallo* grows in abundance.

X O

XO, a word used to stop horses or other beasts.

X O R

XORGOLI'N, s. m. in cant, the subordinate companion of a rogue.

X U A

XUAGA'RZO, s. m. a thorny bush that grows in mountainous places so called.

X U B

XUBE'TE, s. m. an armour formerly in use.

X U C

XUCLA, s. f. one of the seven signs that the Arabs place on their consonants to denote some vowel.

X U G

XU'GO, s. m. the juice of any herb or fruit.

XUGOSIDA'D, juiciness, juice.

XUGO'SO, adj. full of juice.

XU'GUE, s. m. filthiness, foulness.

X U L

XULO, the leader of the flock; the same as *manso*.

X U R

XURE'L, s. m. a sort of fish so called.

X U T

XUTA, subst. fem. an American bird so called, easily domesticated.

Y.

Y, Is properly a Greeck vowel, but often used in Spanish.
Y, a conjunction copulative; and.
Y, an interjection, denoting anger or contempt.

Y A

YA, adv. already.
Ya ala, obs. supposing, granting.
Ya se fué, he is gone.

Y A C

YACE'R, v. n. to lie in a place. Commonly used on tombstones; as, *acqui yáze*, here lies such a one.
YACI'JA, s. f. a bed or the like where one lies.
Ser de mala yacija, to be full of pains; also to be a mean, base, wandering fellow.
YACTU'RA, s. f. loss.

Y A M

YAMBO, s. m. an iambick; a Latin foot so called that has the first syllable short, the second long.
YA'MBICO, adject. consisting of iambicks.

Y A N

YA'NTAR, s. m. food, meat.
Yantár, v. a. to eat, to breakfast.
Yantár, s. m. a tax that was formerly so called.

Y A R

YA'RO, s. m. the herb cuckoopit or calves-foot.

Y E G

YE'GUA, s. f. a mare.
Prov. *El que desalába la yegua, esse la lleva*, he who dispraises the mare, has her.
YEGUA'DA, s. f. a herd of mares.
YEGUECI'TA, s. f. a little mare.
YEGUE'RO, s. m. a keeper of mares.
YEGUEZUE'LA, s. f. a little or young mare.

Y E L

YE'LMO, s. m. a helmet, a head-piece.

Y E R

YERMA'R, v. a. to make waste, to depopulate.
YE'RMO, adj. desert, not inhabited.
Yérmo, subst. m. a desert, a solitude.
Un padre del yermo, one of the holy anchorets of old.
YE'RRO, s. m. an error, a mistake.
YE'RTO, adj. stiff, stretched out, extended, like a dead body.
YE'RVO, s. m. a plant so called, which produces little pods like pea pods.

Y E S

YE'SCA, s. f. tinder.
Yesca, whatever is quite dry, and disposed of course to kindle and be burnt.
Yesca, incentive of any passion.
YESCO, s. m. the herb danewort, or dwarf-elder.

Y E Z

YEZGO, s. m. a kind of willow.

Y O

YO, pronoun, I. Latin *ego*.
Yo, often used as an interjection of contempt.

Y O G

YOGA'R, v. a. obs. to rejoice, to make merry; also to join in carnal copulation; also to be, to stay, to remain, to abide.
YOGUI'R, v. a. obs. the same as *yogar*.

Y U

YUCCA, s. f. a root in America, of which the natives make a kind of bread.

Y U G

YUCA'DA, s. f. an acre of ground, or as much as a yoke of oxen can plough up in a day.
YUGE, s. m. obs. a judge.
YUGO, s. m. a yoke.
Yugo, matrimony.
Yugo, law, superior authority.
Yugo, any heavy or oppressive thing.
Yugo de navio, a strong timber that strengthens the stern of a ship.
Sacudir el yugo, to throw off all kind of obedience or subordination.
Sujetárse al yugo, to submit to the dominion or order of.
YUGUE'RO, subst. m. a ploughman.
YUGULA'R, adj. jugular; said of the veins in the throat.

Y U N

YU'NQUE, s. m. an anvil.
Prov. *Quándo fuéres yúnque, súfre cómo yúnque; quándo fuéres martíllo, hiére cómo martíllo*, when you are an anvil, bear like an anvil; when you are a hammer, strike like a hammer. That is, suit yourself always to your conditions.
YU'NTA, s. f. a yoke of oxen.
YUNTERI'A, s. f. the place where they keep oxen.
YUNTE'RO, s. m. one who guides oxen when they plough.
YUNTO, adj. (rustick for *junto*) joined, united.

Y U S

YUSE'RA, s. f. an horizontal stone used in oil mills.
YU'SO, adv. obs. beneath, under.
De Dios un yúso, under God.
YUSSIO'N, s. f. an order, or the thing ordered.

Y U Y

YU'YUBA, s. f. v. *AZUFA'IFAS*.

Z

Z, The last letter of the Spanish alphabet.

Z A

ZA, a word used in some parts to frighten dogs.

Z A B

ZA'BIDA, } s. f. a kind of house
ZA'BILA, } leek, or rather of aloes.
ZABO'RDA, s. f. the running of a ship aground.
ZABORDA'R, v. n. to run a ship aground.
ZABO'RDO, s. m. the running a ship aground.
ZA'BRA, s. f. a sort of vessel or ship.
ZABUCA'R, v. a. to overturn, to mingle, to mix; also to push.
ZABULLI'DA, s. f. vide *ZAMBULLI'DA*.
ZABULLIDU'RA, s. f. plunging, sinking suddenly into water.
ZABULLI'R, v. a to plunge, to put suddenly under water.
Zabullirse, v. r. to plunge, to sink suddenly into water; also to disappear, to hide one's self.

Z A Ç

ZACAPE'LLA, s. f. any noisy quarrel, dispute, contest.
ZACA'TIN, s. m. a market, a rag fair.
ZACEA'R, v. a to frighten dogs.

Z A F

ZA'FA, s. f. v. *ALBO'RNIA*.
ZAFA'DA, s. f. clearing out a ship.
Zafada, flight, hastening away, runnnig away.
ZAFA'R, v. a. to adorn to beautify; also to clear a ship.
Zafarse, v. r. to run away, to fly; to excuse one's self from doing a thing.
ZAFARE'CHE, s. m. v. *ESTA'NQUE*.
ZAFARI', adj. (*granada zafarí*) a kind of pomegranate.
ZAFARI'CHE, s. m. a board to put earthen pots upon.
ZAFERI'A, s. f. a farm, a village.
ZAFIEDA'D, s. f. rusticity either in language or conduct.
ZA'FIO, adj. rude, rustical, unpolished, unskilled, ignorant, gross.
ZA'FO, adj. free, without hindrance; also safe, free from danger or hurt; free in his behaviour, alert.

Z A G

ZA'GA, adv. obs. behind.
Zaga, s. f. the extremity behind.
Zaga, the load put in the back part of a cart.
Zaga, s. m. he who is the last player, the left hand.
No ir en zaga, no quedarse en zaga, not to be behind or inferior to others in any thing.
ZAGA'L, s. m. a stout youth, a shepherd.
ZAGA'LA, fem. of *zagál*.
ZAGALE'JA, fem. of *zagalejo*.
ZAGALE'JO, s. m. a young country lad also a sort of women's petticoat.
ZAGALI'TO, s. m. dimin. of *zagal*.
ZAGUA'N, s. m. a porch or entry to a house.
ZAGUANE'TE, s. m. dimin. of *zaguan*.
ZAGUE'RO, adj. the last, the hindmost, that remains behind.

Z A H

ZAHARE'ñO, adj. (*páxaro zahareño*) a wild bird.
Zahareño, disdainful, wild.
ZAHARRO'N, s. m. v. *MOHARRA'CHE*.
ZAHE'N, adj. the appellative of gold coin, formerly called *dobla zahén*.
ZAHERI'DOR, s. m. reproacher censurer.
ZAHERIMIE'NTO, subst. m. reproach; censure.
ZAHERI'R, v. a. to blame, to reproach.
ZAHI'NAS, s. f. pl. a kind of pap that is eaten, so called.
ZAHO'N, s. m. great and wide breeches.
ZAHONA'DO, adject. of a dusky colour.
ZAHONDA'R, v. a. to sink in the earth.
ZAHORI', s. m. an imposter who pretends to into the bowels of the earth, through stone walls, or into a man's body.
ZAHO'RRA, s. f. the ballast of a ship.
ZAHUMA'R, v. a. v. *SAUMA'R*.
ZAHUMERI'O, s. m. vide *SAUMERI'O*.
ZAHU'RDA, s. f. a hog-sty; also any dark or filthy place.

Z A I

ZAI'DA, s. f. a kind of bird so called.
ZAI'NA, s. f. in cant, the purse.
ZAI'NO, adj. dark chesnut without mixture of any other colour.
Zaino, adj. treacherous, false.
Mirar de zaino, à lo zaino, to look as dissembling deceitful people do.

Z A L

ZALA, s. f. the Moorish prayers, devotion, or worship.
Hacer la zalá à uno, to court one.
ZALAGA'RDA, s. f. any confused noise made by low people; also a quarrel among bullies on purpose to be parted.
Zalagárda, s. f. a false alarm given to an enemy to harass him.
Zalagárda, a sudden sally out of an ambush with shouts; also a snare or a malicious and deceitful castiness.
ZALA'MA, } s. f. flattery,
ZALAME'RIA, } adulation.
ZALAME'RO. s. m. f. a flatterer.
ZALE'A, s. f. a sheep's skin dried, but not dressed or tanned.

ZALE'AR, v. a. to shake any thing or drag it with easiness.

ZALE'AR, to part dogs by crying *za*, *za*.

ZALE'MA, f. f. an humble inclination bow, or curtesy.

ZALE'O, f. m. the skin of a sheep or cow pulled to pieces by the wolf, and carried by the shepherd to his master.

Zaléo, f. m. the act of shaking any thing as one does the leather of an animal.

ZALO'MA, f. f. the cry used by sailors working on board a ship.

ZALOMA'R, v. n. to cry as sailors do wen they work on board.

ZALO'NA, f. f. a large earthen pot.

Z A M

ZAMACU'CO, f. m. a dunce, a silly fellow; also drunkenness.

ZAMA'NZA, f. f. a cudgelling, a sound beating.

ZAMA'RRA, f. f. a garment of sheep skings with the wool on, worn by shepherds.

Zamarreár, v. a. to drag and tear, as the wolf does a sheep.

Zamarreár, to press close in argument.

Zamarreár, to beat, to thrash, to cudgel.

ZAMARRI'CO, f. m. dimin. of *zamarro*.

ZAMA'RRO, f. m. a garment made or lined with sheep skins; also a dirty, clownish, lumpish fellow.

Barbas de zamárro, a thick dirty beard.

ZAMARRO'N, f. m. augmentative of *zamarra* and *zamarro*.

ZAMBA'RCO, f. m. the large strap that is tied round the mules drawing a coach, that the ropes may not hurt their breast.

ZA'MBO, f. m. a wild beast in America so called.

ZA'MBO, } adj. splay-legged,
ZAMBI'GO, } having the legs turned inwards.

ZAMBO'A, f. f. a sort of quince.

ZAMBO'MBA, f. f. a pastoral instrument so called.

Zambómbo, f. m. a rustick, a clown, a rude witless fellow.

ZAMBORO'NDON, adj. gross, rude, clownish.

ZAMBOROTU'DO, adj. idem.

ZA'MBRA, f. f. a feast or dance; any noisy feast; a fray or quarrel.

ZAMBUCA'R, v. t. } to throw
ZAMBUCA'RSE, v. a. } oneself suddenly among any thing in order to be hidden.

ZAMBU'CO, f. m. hiding oneself suddenly.

ZAMBULLI'DA, f. f. sinking into the water suddenly.

Zambullida, a particular trick so called in fencing.

ZAMBULLI'RSE, v. r. v. *ZABULLI'RSE*.

ZAMPALIMO'SNAS, subst. m. a poor beggar.

ZAMPAPA'LO, f. m. a glutton, a great eater.

ZAMPA'R, v. a. to put one thing in another suddenly; also to eat voraciously and very quick.

Zampárse, v. r. to rush into a place, to thrust, to clap in suddenly.

ZAMPATO'RTAS, f. m. a glutton; also a dunce, a dolt.

ZAMPOñA, f. f. an instrument consisting of several flutes; in Madrid the boys call by that name a poor of the hospital.

Zampoña, an unwitty saying.

ZAMPUZA'R, v. a. to put any thing into the water; also to hide in any place.

ZAMPU'ZO, f. m. the act of hiding, concealing, or of finding under water.

Z A N

ZANAHO'RIA, f. f. a carrot; also a vain and false compliment.

ZA'NCA, f. f. a small leg, a spindle shank; that part of the bird's leg which has not flesh on it.

Ir en zancas de araña, to proceed artfully.

ZANCA'DA, f. f. large step.

ZANCADI'LLA, f. f. a trip; also a skip or hop, a snare, a fraud.

ZANCAJEA'R, v. n. to tread aukwardly kicking up the heel.

ZANCAJE'RA, f. f. the step of a coach or chaise.

ZANCAJIE'NTO, adj. vide *ZANCAJO'SO*.

ZANCA'JO, f. m. the heel of the foot, stockings, or shoes.

Zancájo, a dull fellow.

ZANCAJO'SO, adj. having the feet turned outward.

Zancajóso, dull, blundering.

ZANCARRO'N, f. m. the foot's bone, dry and without flesh; also any such bone.

Zancarrón, an old, lean, ugly, nasty person.

Zancarrón, an ignorant professor of any art or science.

ZANCO, f. m. stilts; also a stalker.

Poner a uno en zancos, to raise one, to make one's fortune.

Subirse en zancos, to grow proud and haughty.

ZANCU'DO, adj. long-legged.

ZANDA'LIA, f. f. v. *SANDA'LIA*.

ZANDA'LO, v. *SA'NDALO*.

ZANDI'A, f. f. v. *SANDI'A*.

ZANE'FA, f. f. v. *CENE'FA*.

ZA'NGA, f. f. a play at cards in four.

ZANGA'LA, f. f. a sort of linen full of gum and well polished.

ZANGAMA'NGA, f. f. deceit, fraud.

ZANGANDO'NGO, } f. m. an
ZANGANDU'LLO, } idle fellow, a silly fellow.

ZANGANEA'R, v. n. to be very idle.

ZA'NGANO, f. m. a drone, a lazy fellow.

ZANGARI'LLA, f. f. a kind of temporary mill.

ZANGARILLE'JA, f. f. a young dirty girl.

ZANGARREA'R, v. a. to scratch the guittar, to play upon it without art.

ZANGARRIA'NA, f. f. a distemper in the head among sheep; also melancholy.

ZANGARULLO'N, f. m. a tall idle lad.

ZANGOLOTEA'R, v. n. to move indecently.

ZANGOLOTE'O, f. m. indecent motion of one's body.

ZANGUA'NGA, f. f. a feigned infirmity to avoid work.

Hacér la zanguánga, to feign an infirmity in order to avoid, work and be idle.
ZANGUA'JO, f. m. a tall and lean man; an idle fellow; a simpleton; one who feigns simplicity.
ZA'NJA, f. f. a trench dug to lay the foundation of a houfe; alfo any foundation.
Abrir las zánjas, to dig, to begin an edifice.
ZANJA'R, v. a. to make a trench.
ZANJO'N, f. m. a great trench.
ZANJONCI'LLO, f. m. dimin. of *zanja*.
ZANQUEADO'R, f. m. a ftalking perfon; alfo a great walker.
ZANQUEA'R, v. n. to ftalk; alfo to ramble.
ZANQUILA'RGO, adj. long-legged.
ZANQUI'LLA, f. f. a long and thinlegged perfon.
ZANQUITUE'RTO, adj. having the legs crooked.
ZANQUIVA'NO, adj. having long legs.

Z A P.

ZAPA, f. f. the fpade ufed by the pioneer in war.
Zápa, a hoe for a garden.
Zápa, f. f. shagreen; alfo a work refembling shagreen.
ZAPADO'R, f. m. one who faps; an underminer.
Caminár a la zápa, to undermine.
ZAPA'R, v. a. to hoe in a garden; in a martial fenfe, to fap; that is, to fink a deep trench, defcending by fteps to get into the enemies works.
ZAPARRA'DA, f. f. v. *ZAPARRA'ZO*.
ZAPARRASTRA'R, v. a. to drag one's garment along the ground, fo that they gather up the dirt.
ZAPARRASTRO'SO, adj. that drags his garment loofe along the ground, fo that it gathers the dirt.
Zaparraftrofo, ill done, clumfily made or done.
ZAPARRA'ZO, f. m. a great blow given by falling from an high; alfo fudden infirmity and fudden misfortune in profperity.
ZAPA'TA, f. f. a piece of leather put under fomething that it may not be fpoiled by rubbing.
Zapata, a piece of timber put under a beam that leans on a pillar.
Zopata, a kind of half boat.
ZAPATA'ZO, f. m. a great blow with a shoe.
ZAPATEADO'R, f. m. who makes a noife with the shoes as in fencing.
ZAPATERI'A, f. f. shoemaker's shop or bufinefs.
ZAPATE'RO, f. m. a shoemaker.
ZAPATI'CO, f. m. a fmall shoe.
ZAPA'TO, f. m. a shoe.
Zapáto fobre pillar, a piece laid on a pillar for a beam to reft on.
Metérfe en un zapáto, to creep into a shoe for fear.
Andar con zapátos de fiéltro, to move fecretly, privately.
ZA'PE, the word ufed to a cat, to bid her be gone.
ZAPEA'R, v. a. to drive away the cat by crying *zape*.
ZAPHYR, adj. a delicate azure blue.
ZAPHY'RO, f. m. a precious ftone called a faphire.
ZAPI'TO, f. m. a wooden veffel into which cows are milked.
ZAPO'TE, f. m. an American tree fo called, which now grows in Spain.
ZAPUZA'R, v. n. v. *ZAMPUZAR*.

Z A Q.

ZAQUE, a leather bag for wine; alfo a drunkard.
ZAQUEA'R, v. a. to put the wine from a leather bag into another.
ZAQUIZA'MI, f. m. the fpace or place between the plaftering and the roof tiling, or covering of a houfe; alfo the ceiling or wainfcoting; alfo a cockloft.

Z A R.

ZAR, f. m. the czar of Mufcovy.
ZA'RA, f. f. Indian corn.
ZARABA'NDA, f. f. faraband, a dance; alfo any noife.
ZARABUTE'RO, adj. lying, intriguing.
ZARADIO'N, f. m. a medicine formerly ufed to cure dogs.
ZARADI'QUE, f. m. idem.
ZARAGATO'NA, f. f. the herb flea-wort or flea-bane.
ZARAGOCI', adj. (*ciruéla zaragocí*) a fort of plum fo called.
ZARAGUE'LLES, f. m. large breeches.
ZARAMA'GO, f. m. a plant or herb fo called.
ZARAMAGULLO'N, f. m. an aquatick bird fo called.
ZARAMBE'QUE, f. m. a dance very gay and merry.
ZARA'NDA, f. f. a fieve with large holes for the corn to fall through and the ftraw to remain behind.
ZARA'NDADO'R, f. m. he who winnows corn.
ZARANDA'JAS, f. f. pl. fmall trifles of little value.
ZARANDADERO, f. m. vide *ZARANDADOR*.
ZARANDA'R, } v. a. to fift
ZARANDEA'R, } the corn.
ZARANDI'LLO, f. m. a little fieve.
Zarandillo, a little and brisk fellow.
Andar como zarandillo, to move briskly about.
ZARAPALLO'N, f. m. a dull, dirty, faged fellow.
ZARAPETO, f. m. a brisk fellow.
ZARAPI'TO, f. m. a kind of fea-gull.
ZARATA'N, f. m. a cancer in the breafts of women.
ZARA'ZAS, f. f. pl. a mefsmade to kill dogs, rats, &c. alfo, printed china cotton.
ZARCEA'R, v. a. to clean the water-pipes with long ftaves or perches.
ZARCE'RO, adj. the appellative of a particular fporting dog.
ZARCE'TA, f. f. a bird fo called.
ZARCI'LLO, f. m. an ear-ring.
ZAR'CO, adj. light blue.
ZARE'VITZ, f. m. the eldeft fon of the czar of Mufcovy.
ZARIA'NO, adj. belonging to the czar of Mufcovy.

ZARITZA, s. f. the empress of Muscovy.
ZARCA, s. f. an engine to wind up silk.
ZARPA, s. f. the dirt that sticks to dragging garments.
Zarpa, the paw of a quadruped.
ZARPA'R, v. a to weigh anchor.
ZARPA'ZO, s. m. the noise made by something falling down.
ZARRACA'TIN, s. m. a miser; one that haggles much for all he sells or buys.
ZARZA, s. f. a briar, a bramble, a thorn, a bush.
ZARZA'GAN, *ZARZANE'TE*, *ZARZAGAVILLO*, s. m. a cold wind.
ZARZAHA'N, s. m. a sort of thin striped silk.
ZARZAIDE'A, s. f. (the same as *frambuesco*) a raspberry.
ZARZA'L, s. m. a place full of thorns, brambles or bushes.
ZA'RZAMORA, s. f. a black-berry.
ZARZAPARI'LLA, s. f. the plant called *sarsa* or *sarsapirella*, growing in New Spain.
ZARZAPARILLA'R, s. m. the place where the sarsaparilla grows.
ZARZAPERRU'NA, s. f. dog-briar, eglantine.
ZARZARO'SA, s. f. the wild rose.
ZA'RZO, s. m. an hurdle or crate.
Meneár el zárzo, to beat, to chastise.
ZA'RZOSO, adj. full of briars.
ZARZUE'LA, s. f. a comedy or farce in two acts.

Z A S

ZA'S, a word to express a cut or a blow.
ZASCANDI'L, s. m. a blow suddenly given, or an act suddenly done.
Zascandil, a deceitful or teasing man; or a meddling fellow that offers and promises what he cannot give.

Z A T

ZA'TA, *ZA'TARA*, s. f. a float of timber sent down a river.
ZATI'CO, *ZATI'LLO*, s. m. a small bit of bread.
ZATO, s. m. a bit of bread.

Z A Z

ZAZO'SO, adj. lisping.

Z E A

ZE'A, s. f. v. *CE'A*.

Z E B

ZE'BRA, s. f. v. *CE'BRA*.

Z E D

ZE'DA, s. f. the name of the letter *z*.
ZEDI'LLO, s. f. dimin. of *zeda*.
ZEDOA'RIA, subst. f. a plant so called.

Z E L

ZELA'DO, adj. jealously or carefully looked after.
ZELADO'R, s. m. a zealous, or a jealous person.
ZELA'R, v. a to be zealous or jealous.
ZELE'RA, s. f. jealousy.
ZE'LO, s. m. zeal.
Zelo, the rut in animals, their desire of copulation.
Zelos, s. m. jealousy.
Dar zelos, to make jealous, to occasion jealousy.
Pedir zelos, to shew jealousy, to charge with infidelity in love.
ZELO'SO, adj. jealous.
ZELOTYPIA, s. f. jealousy.

Z E N

ZENI'TH, s. m. the zenit, the point in the heavens directly over every man's head, the vertical point.
ZENZALINO, adj. belonging to gnats.
ZENZA'LO, s. m. a sort of gnat.

Z E P

ZE'PHIRO, s. m. the west wind, a zephir, a soft breeze or wind.

Z E Q

ZE'QUI, s. m. a golden coin so called.
ZEQUI'A, s. f. v. *AZEQUI'A*.

Z E T

ZI'TA, s. f. v. *ZE'DA*.

Z E U

ZEU'GMA, s. f. a figure in grammar so called.

Z I L

ZILO'RGANO, s. m. a kind of organ.

Z I P

ZIPIZA'PE, s. m. a noisy quarrel with blows.

Z I R

ZIRIGAñA, flattery, adulation; also a trifle.

Z I S

ZISZAZ, words that express a blow, or the noise of a blow.

Z I T

ZITA'RA, s. f. v. *AZITA'RA*.

Z I Z

ZIZA'ñA, s. f. v. *VALLI'CO*.
Zizaña, dissension; also infection.
ZIZAñE'RO, adj. who raises dissension or quarrels.

Z O C

ZO'CALO, a dye on which a pedestal stands.
ZOCA'TO, adj. pale with ripeness.
ZO'CLO, s. m. buskin.
ZOCO, s. m. v. *ZUECO*.
Andár de zocos en colodros, to get out of a danger or of a difficult business, and get into another.
ZO'COBA, s. f. the name of a plant and of a tree.

Z O D

ZODI'ACO, s. m. the zodiack, or circle in the heavens on which the twelve signs are, and the sun makes it yearly course.

Z O F

ZO'FRA, s. f. a sort of carpet.

Z O I

ZOI'LO, s. m. an envious carping railing person.

Z O L

ZOLLIPA'R, v. a. to sigh.
ZOLLI'PO, a sigh with a hiccough.

ZOLO'CHO, adj. filly, foolish, lacking wit.

Z O M

ZO'MA, f. f. v. *SO'MA*.
ZO'MAS, f. f. pl. uneven ridges in the fields.
ZO'MPO, adj. v. *ZO'PO*.

Z O N

ZO'NA, f. f. a zone, or circle in the heavens.
ZONCERI'A, fubft. f. infipidity, foolery, foolifhnefs.
ZO'NZO, adj. infipid, unfavoury, taftelefs; alfo infipid, nafeous, filly, witlefs.
Ave zónza, an infipid man, a filly witlefs perfon.
ZONZORRIO'N, fubft. m. a filly perfon.

Z O P

ZOPAS, f. f. pl. lifping.
ZOPI'SSA, f. f. the refin mixed with wax.
ZOPO, adj. lame; fubft. ufed, an unhandy perfon, an aukward fellow.

Z O Q

ZOQUE'TE, f. m. a short and thick piece of wood; alfo a large piece of bread.
Zoquéte, f. m. a short and fat perfon; alfo an ignorant fellow.
ZOQUETE'RO, adj. beggarly.
ZOQUETU'DO, adj. grofs, rude, ill-made.

Z O R

ZORI'TA, adj. (*palómia zorita*) a wild fort of pigeon.
ZO'RRA, f. f. a fox.
Eftár una zorra, to be drunk.
Cazár una zorra, to make onefelf drunk.

Prov. *Afsi dixo la zorra a las uvas no pudiendolas alcanzár que no eftában maduras*, the fox faid the grapes were not ripe, when fhe could not reach them.

Prov. *Quando la zorra anda al grillo, no hai para ella, ni para fus hijos*, when the fox goes a cricket-hunting, there is not enough for herfelf, nor her young.

Prov. *Mucho fabe la zorra, péro mas el que la toma*, the fox is very cunning, but he is more cunning that catches her.

ZORRE'RA, f. f. the hole of a fox; alfo a fmoky place or houfe; fo called, becaufe they fmoke foxes out of their holes.
ZORRERI'A, f. f. the trick of a fox; alfo any cunning fly trick.
ZORRE'RO, adj. heavy, lumpifh.
Perro zorrero, a fox-dog, a kind of fmall dog fo called.
ZORRI'LLA, f. f. a little fox.

Prov. *Zorrilla tagarnilléra, hacéfe muérta por affir la préfa*, the tricking fox lies as if he were dead to catch her prey.

Prov. *Zorrilla que mucho tarda cazaguárda*, the fox that waits long wait for a prey.

ZO'RRO, f. m. a he-fox; in cant, a cheating beggar; an idle fellow.

Prov. *Zorro en zorréra el humo lo echa fuera*, when a fox is in his hole, the fmoke fetches him out.

Navio zórro, a ship very heavy.
Zórros, f. m. pl. the fox's tail; ufed to take off duft and powder; alfo the fox's skin dreffed.
Eftár hecho un zorro, to be very fleepy.
ZORROCLO'CO, f. m. a kind of pafte made into wafers to eat.
Zorroclóco, a fellow that looks idle and lumpifh, but cunning enough to know his advantage.
Zorroclóco, the act of coaxing, careffing, wheedling, flattering.
ZORRONGLO'N, adj. that does what is ordered him in an awkward manner through fpight or unwillingnefs.
ZORRU'NO, adj. relating to a fox.
ZORRU'LLO, f. m. v. *ZURU'LLO*.
ZORZA'L, f. m. the bird feldfare.
ZORZALE'NA, adj. fem. (*azeituna zorzaléna*,) a very fmall round fort of olives.

Z O S

ZOSTER, f. m. a diftemper fo called.

Z O T

ZO'TE, f. m. a dolt, numbskul, a heavy dull fellow.

Z O Z

ZOZO'BRA, fubft. f. a contrary wind, a hard gale; alfo trouble, grief.
ZOZOBRAR, v. n. to be in danger of foundering at fea; alfo to be in great trouble and affliction.

Z U

ZU'A, } f. f. v. *AZU'DA*.
ZU'DA, }

Z U B

ZU'BIA, f. f. a place where many waters meet.

Z U C

ZUCIEDA'D, fubft. f. v. *SUCIEDA'D*.
ZUCIO, adj. v. *SUCI'O*.

Z U E

ZUE'CO, f. m. a woden shoe, alfo a fort of shoes with wooden foles.
Zucco, adject. plain, applied to ftyle.

Z U F

ZU'FRE, f. m. v. *AZU'FRE*.
ZUFRI'A. v. n. v. *SUFRIR*.

Z U I

ZUI'ZA, f. f. a fort of fport, like a mufter of foldiers.
Zuiza, f. f. quarrel, difpute, conteft.
ZUIZON, f. m. v. *CHUZO'N*.

Z U L

ZULA'QUE, f. m. a kind of cement or mattick made of lime, oil, and other ingredients.
ZU'LLA, f. f. an herb given to cattle.
Zullárfe, v. r. to eafe onefelf.
ZULLEN'CO, adj. faid of a feeble old perfon.
ZULLO'N, f. m. a wind expelled without noife.

Z U M

ZUMACA'L, } f. m. a place full of fumach-herb.
ZUMACA'R, }
Zumacár, v. a. to tan skins with fumach.

ZUMACAYA, subst. fem. v. *ZUMAYA*.
ZUMA'QUE, s. m. the sumach-herb whose flowers are used in dying, and the bark in tanning.
Zumáque, in cant, wine.
Ser afinado al zumaque, to be drunk.
ZUMA'YA, s. f. a bird of the owl kind.
ZU'MBA, s. f. a large bell hanging on the neck of cattle; also mocking, joking upon one.
ZU'MBA'R, v. n. to hum, to buz like a bee; also to mock, to play upon one.
Zumbárse, v. r. to jest.
ZUMBEL, subst. m. frown, angry aspect.
ZUMBI'DO, s. m. a humming or buzzing noise.
ZUMBO, s. m. the same as *zumbido*, but less used.
ZUMBO'N, adj. jesting, mocking.
Palómo zumbón, a kind of pigeon so called.
ZUMIE'NTO, adj. full of juice, juicy.
ZUMI'LLO, s. m. the herb called dragon.
ZU'MO, s. m. juice, sap, moisture.
Zumo de cepas ò parras, wine.
ZUMO'SO, adject. juicy, full of juice.

Z U P

ZU'PIA, s. f. foul, bad wine; also any bad liquor; the dregs of any thing.

Z U R

ZURA'NA, s. f. v. *ZORI'TA*.
ZURCIDE'RA, s. f. a woman that darns.
ZURCIDO'R, s. m. who mends cloths; also a pimp.
ZURCIDU'RA, s. f. mending of cloths.
ZURCI'R, v. a. to lie, to tell stories.
ZU'RDO, adj. left-handed.
A zurdas, adv. with the left hand, badly.
Zurdo, left; said of the hand, and of any thing that is on the left side.
No ser zurdo, to be expert, not to be a fool.
ZURI'TA, s. f. v. *ZORI'TA*.
ZURI'ZA, s. f. v. *ZUI'ZA*.
ZURO, adj. v. *ZORITA*.
ZURRA, s. f. obs. v. *ZORRA*.
Zurra, the maceration that skin must undergo to be turned into leather.
Zurra, continued labour, incessant study.
Zurra, a handful of blows given to one.
Zurra, a reprimand, a rebuke.
Zurra, an interjection expressing that we are teazed and will be so no more.
Zurra al cañamo, beat him, chastise him.
Zurra, s. f. obs. a fox.
Zurra, currying of skins or any other thing.
Zurra, a whipping or beating; also dispute, contest.
Zurra, blame, reproach.
ZURRADO'R, s. m. a currier; also one who chastises or beats.
ZURRA'PAS, s. f. the lees or dregs sinking in the bottom of a vessel.
Con zúrrápas, in a nasty manner.
ZURRAPO'SO, adj. full of lees.
ZURRAPI'LLAS, s. f. a few dregs.
ZURRIA'GA, s. f. a strap of leather to cast his dart with, a lash for a top or any such whip.
Zurriaga, a bird so called, a kind of lark.
ZURRIAGA'R, v. n. to make a buzzing or humming noise.
Zurriár, to speak with a bad tone of voice.
ZURRIBA'NDA, s. f. quarrel, fray, battle, fight.
ZURRIBU'RRI, s. m. a herd of mean people; also a mean person.
ZURRI'DO, s. m. humming, buzzing.
ZURRI'O, s. m. a humming or buzzing noise.
ZURRI'R, v. n. to emit a bad or rough sound.
ZURRO'N, s. m. a leather budget or bag.
Zurron, the first pellicle of some fruits.
Zurron, the top of the stalk of corn where the grains are wrapped up.
Zurron, that kind of skin in which some children are wrapt up when coming in this world.
Zurron, a kind of little bag found in animals, that is full of worms, or on trees that is full of caterpillars or the like.
ZURRO'NA, s. f. a bad woman, a cheating wench.
ZURRU'SCO, s. m. a toast burnt.
ZURUJA'NO, s. m. obs. v. *CIRUJA'NO*.
ZURU'LLO, s. m. a long and round piece of any thing.

Z U T

ZUTANI'LLO, *ZUTANI'CO*, *ZUTANI'TO*, } s. m. of dimin. of *zutáno*.
ZUTANO, s. m. f. such a one.

Z U Z

ZUZA'R, v. a. v. *AZUZA'R*.
ZUZO, a word to call dogs or incite them.

F I N.

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